

# Direct Higgs-top CP-measurement at LHC

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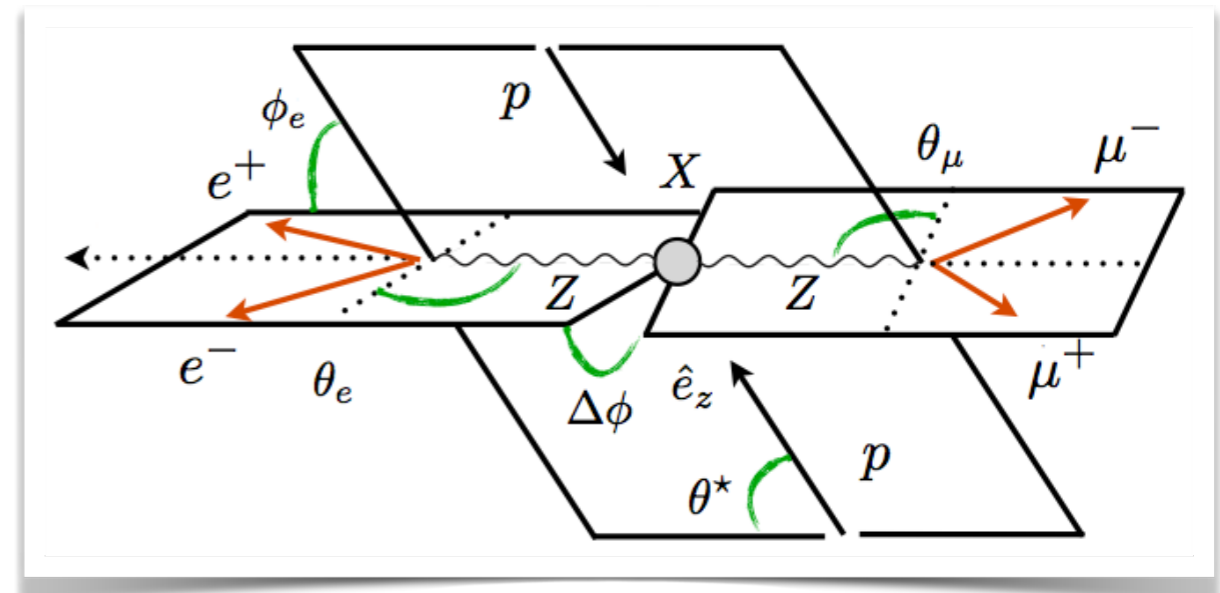
BSM2021 - 02.04.2021



# CP-violation

- Matter-antimatter unbalance requires new sources of CPV
- At LHC CPV HVV interaction is already extensively tested (clean target  $H \rightarrow 4\text{leptons}$ )
  - 4l: Gritsan, Melnikov, Schulze, et al '12
  - WBF: Englert, DG, Mawatari, Plehn '12

$$\mathcal{L}_0 = g_1^{(0)} HV_\mu V^\mu - \frac{g_2^{(0)}}{4} H V_{\mu\nu} V^{\mu\nu} - \frac{g_3^{(0)}}{4} A V_{\mu\nu} \tilde{V}^{\mu\nu}$$



- While CP-odd HVV is loop suppressed, CP-odd Hff can manifest at tree-level:

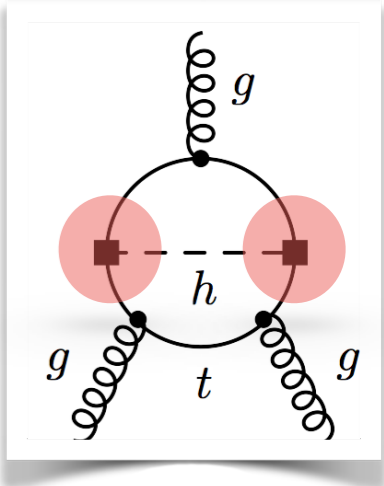
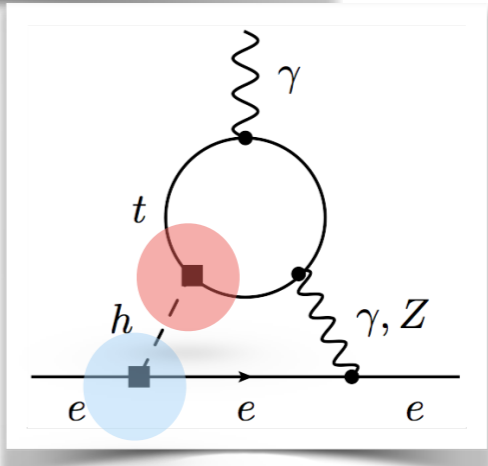
- ➔ Mixture possible in some models, e.g., 2HDM  
see R. Santos talk @BSM2021
- ➔ Not excluded from Higgs measurements
- ➔ Top quark is an obvious candidate

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{m_f}{v} K h \bar{f} (\cos \alpha + i\gamma_5 \sin \alpha) f$$

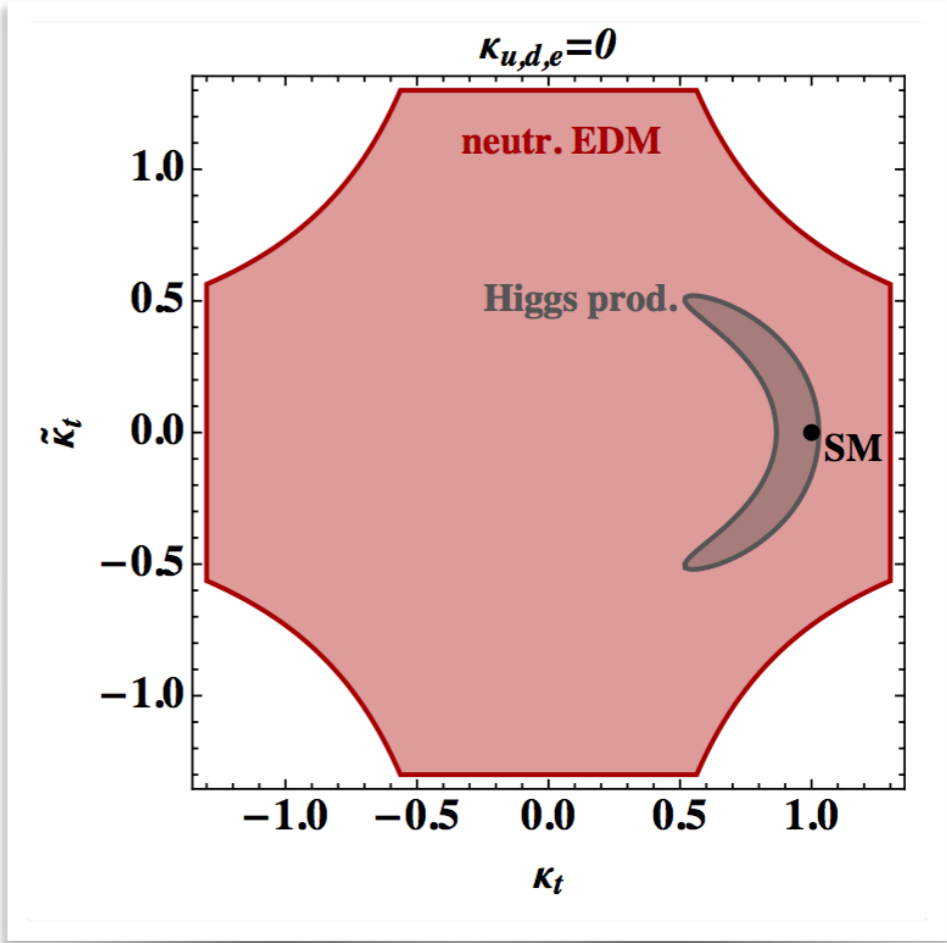
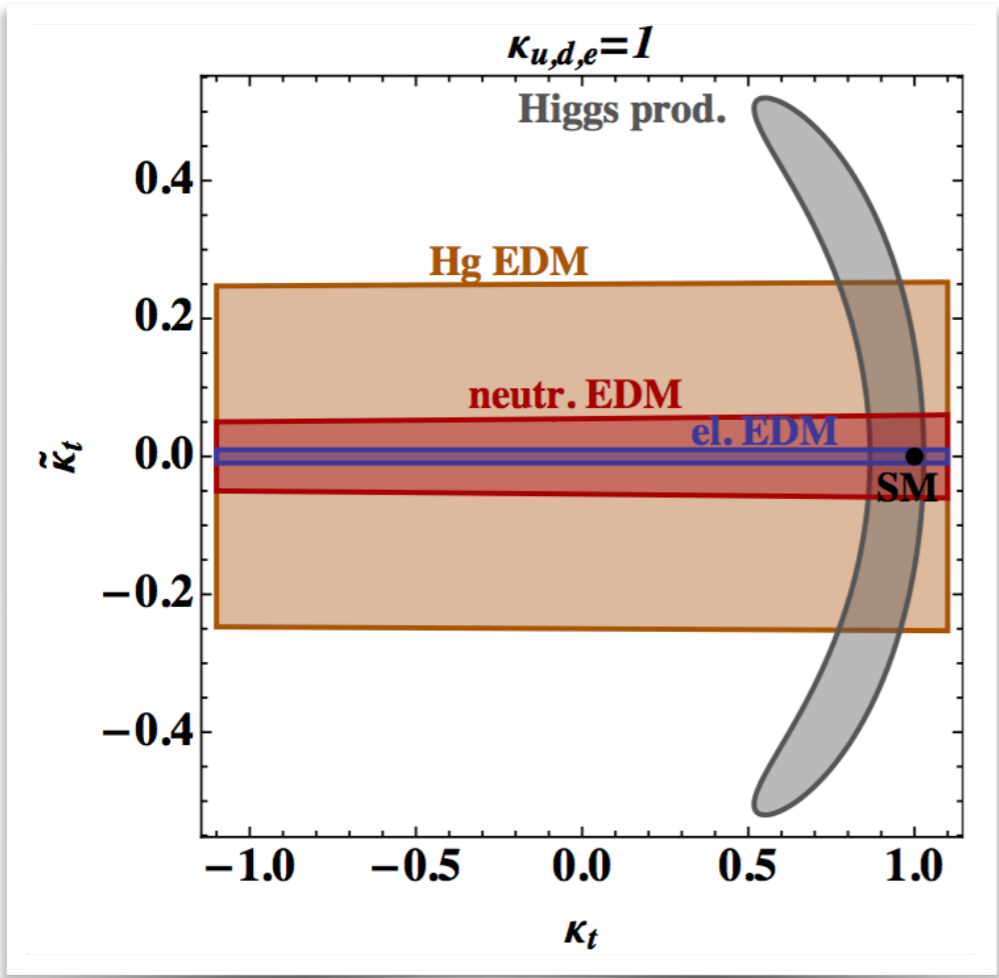
# Indirect EDM constraints

Indirect constraints from eEDM very strong

$$\mathcal{L} \supset -\frac{y_f}{\sqrt{2}} (\kappa_f \bar{f}f + i\tilde{\kappa}_f \bar{f}\gamma_5 f) h$$



$$\frac{d_e}{e} = \frac{16}{3} \frac{\alpha}{(4\pi)^3} \sqrt{2} G_F m_e [\kappa_e \tilde{\kappa}_t f_1(x_{t/h}) + \tilde{\kappa}_e \kappa_t f_2(x_{t/h})]$$

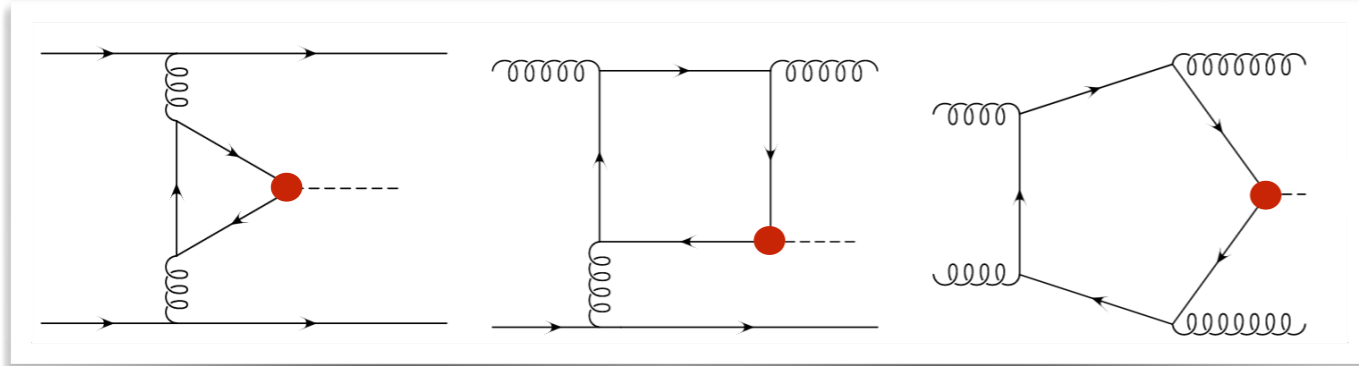


Brod, Haisch, Zupan (2013); Engel, Ramsey-Musolf, Kolck (2013); Cirigliano, Dekens, Vries, Mereghetti (2016)

# Indirect collider constraints

Complementary top-Higgs CP measurement at LHC:

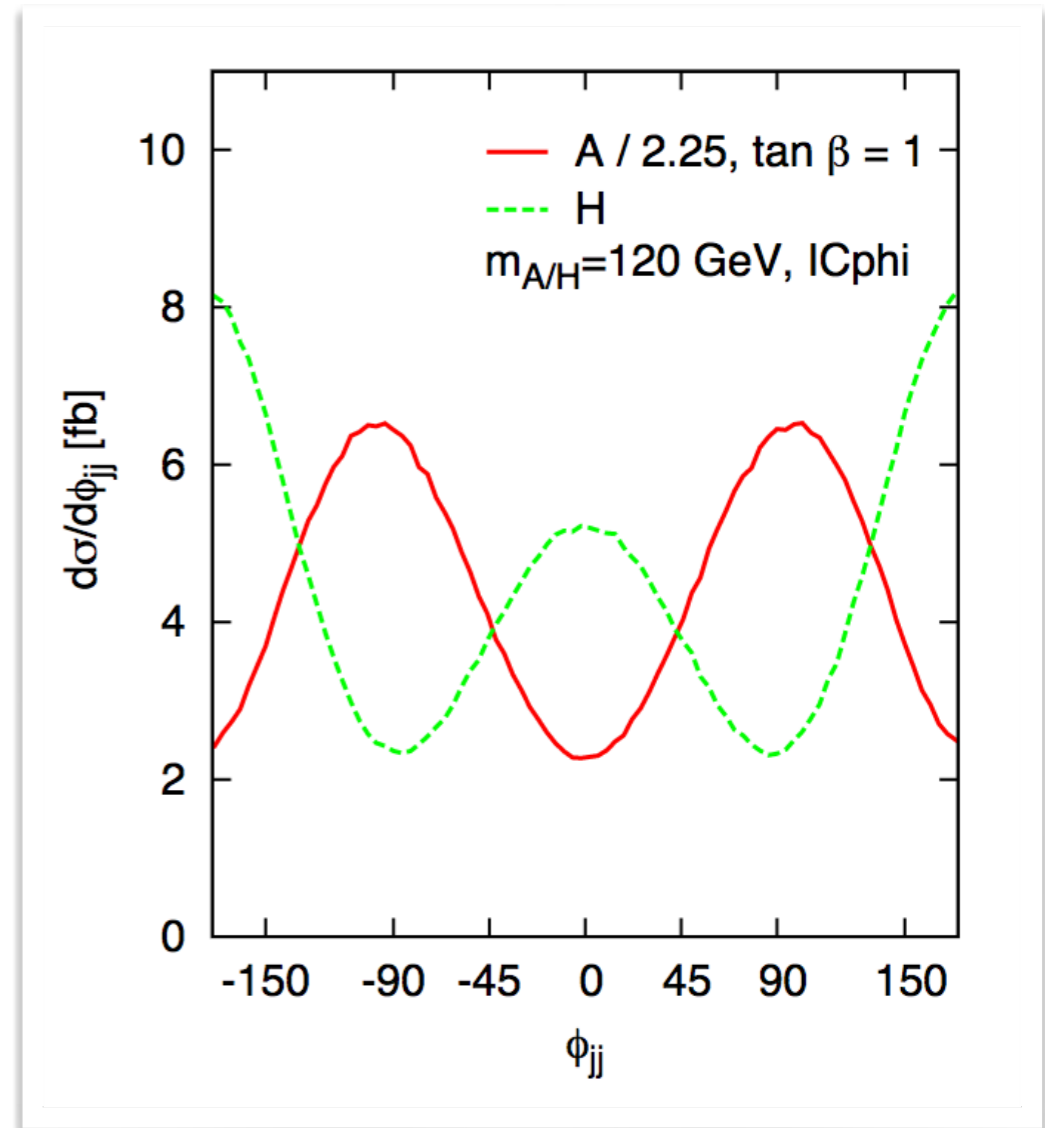
$$\mathcal{L} \supseteq -\frac{m_t}{v} K \bar{t} (\cos \alpha + i \gamma_5 \sin \alpha) t H$$



Loop-induced: indirect constraints

Bottom line:

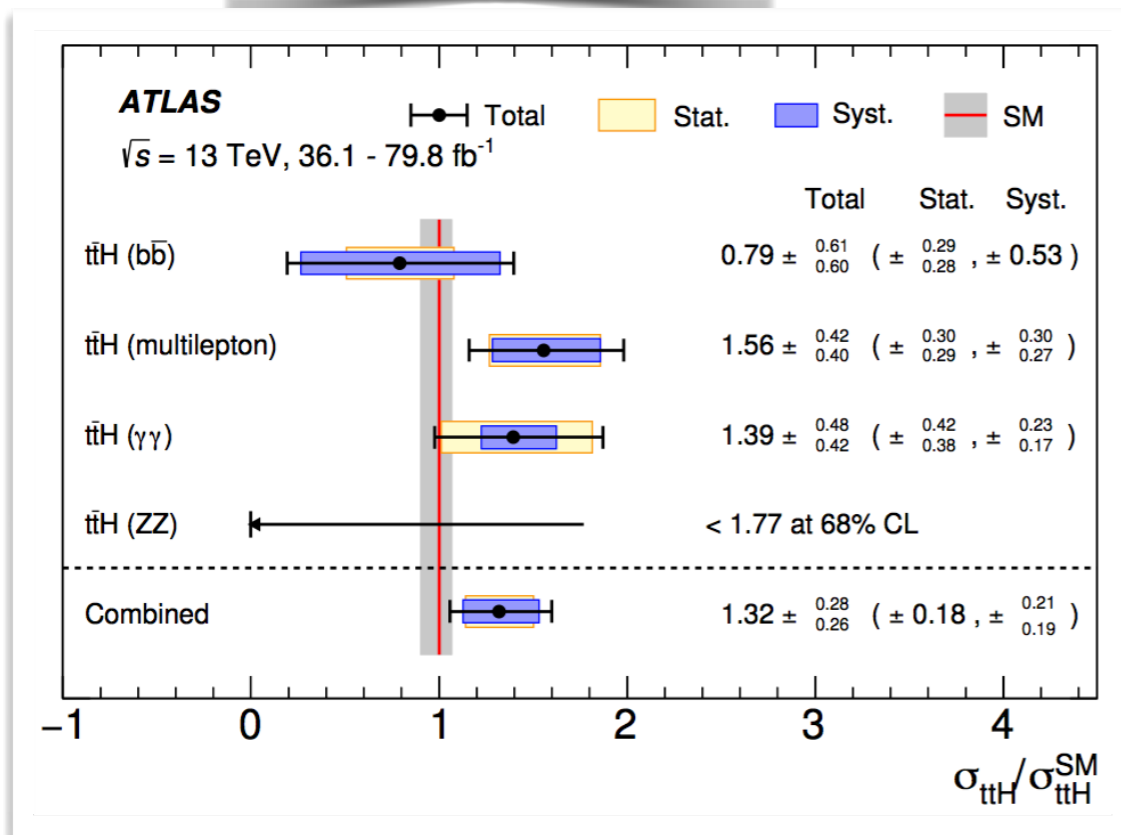
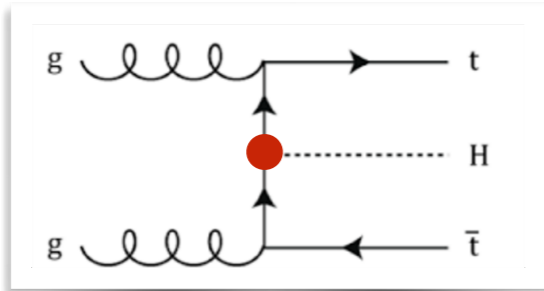
Analogously to *direct*  $yt$  signal strength measurement, the direct Higgs-top CP structure has in the  $ttH$  channel its most natural path



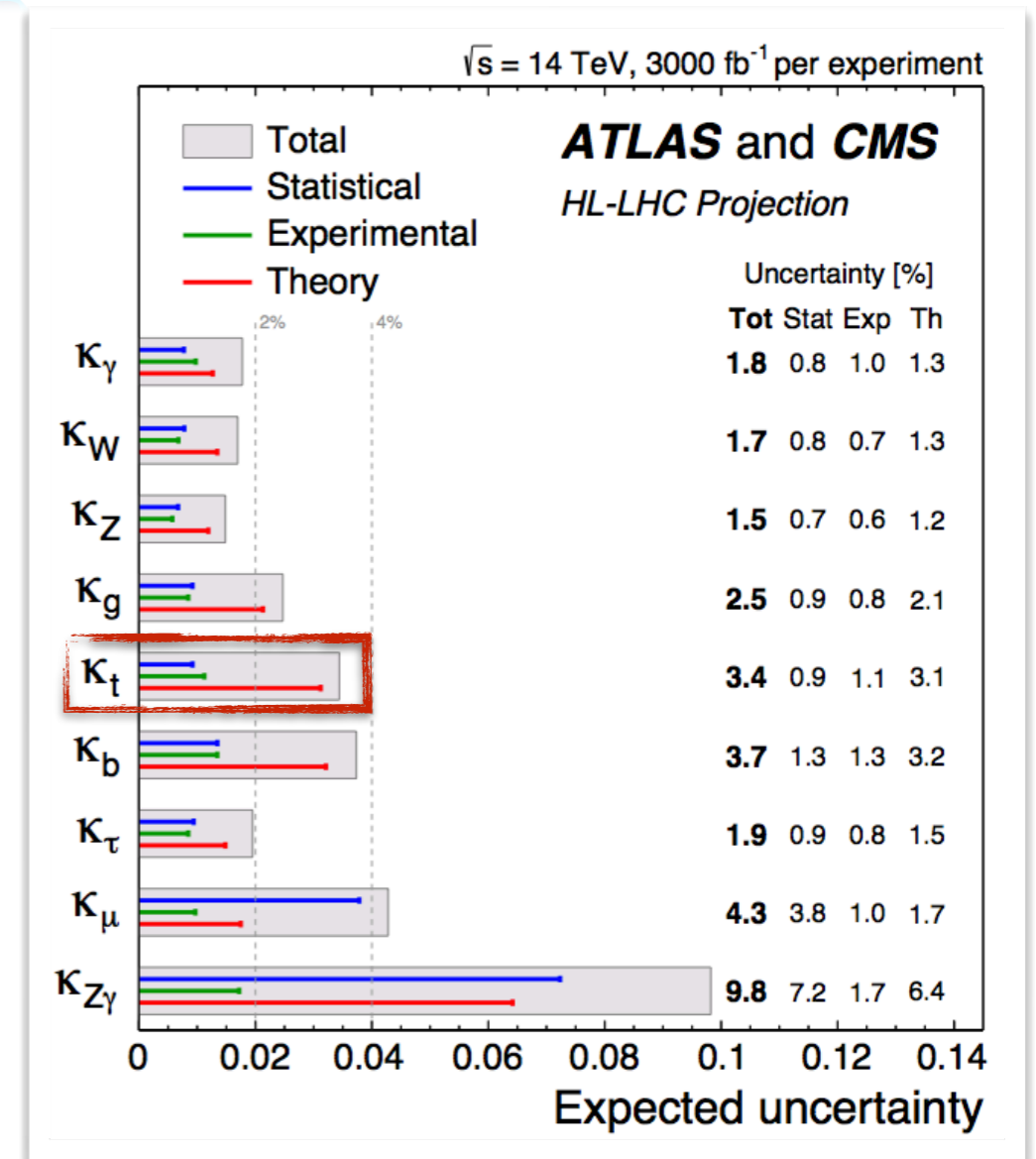
Plehn, Rainwater, Zeppenfeld (2001)  
 Zeppenfeld, Kubocz, Campanario (2010)  
 Englert, **DG**, Mawatari, Plehn (2012)  
 Dolan, Harris, Jankowiak, Spannowsky (2014)

# Direct CP measurement of Higgs-top coupling

ttH channel observation (2018):



Expected HL-LHC precisions:

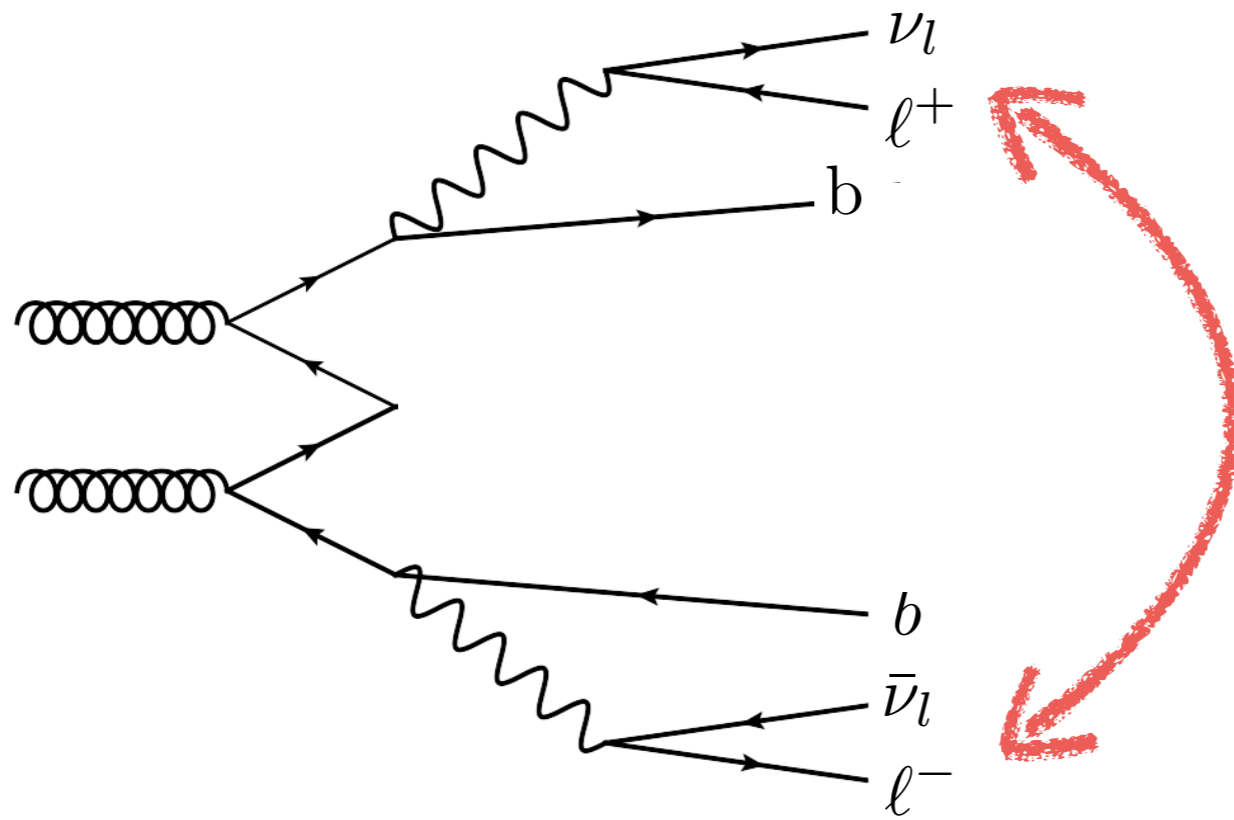


Opportunity: direct measure Higgs-top CP structure at the LHC

$$\mathcal{L} \supseteq -\frac{m_t}{v} K \bar{t} (\cos \alpha + i \gamma_5 \sin \alpha) t H$$

# Direct CP measurement of Higgs-top coupling

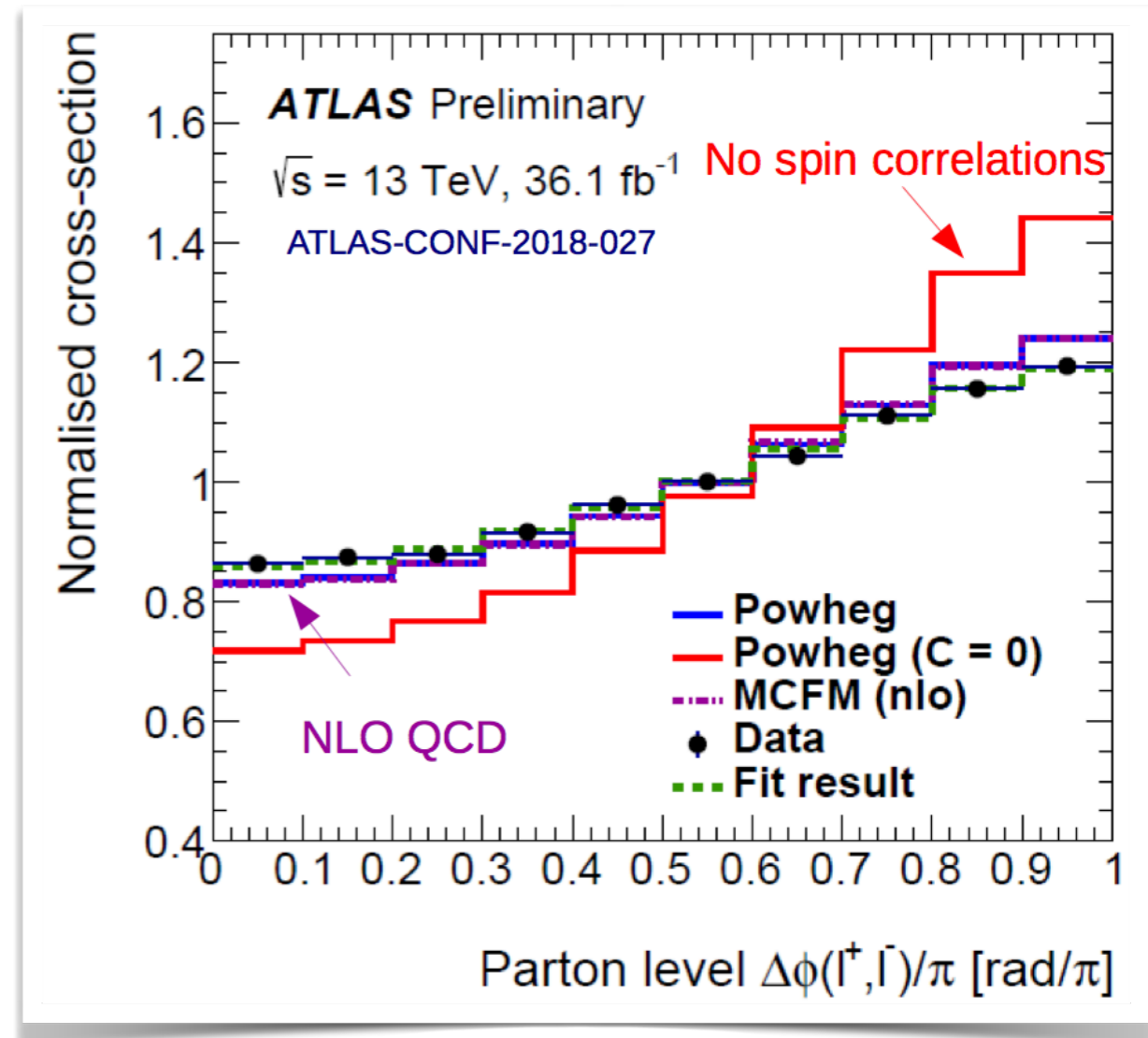
$\Delta\phi_{tt}$  distribution directly reflects on  $\Delta\phi_{ll}$   
 Parke, Mahlon '10



$$\frac{1}{\Gamma_f} \frac{d\Gamma_f}{d\cos\theta_f} = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \omega_f P_t \cos\theta_f)$$

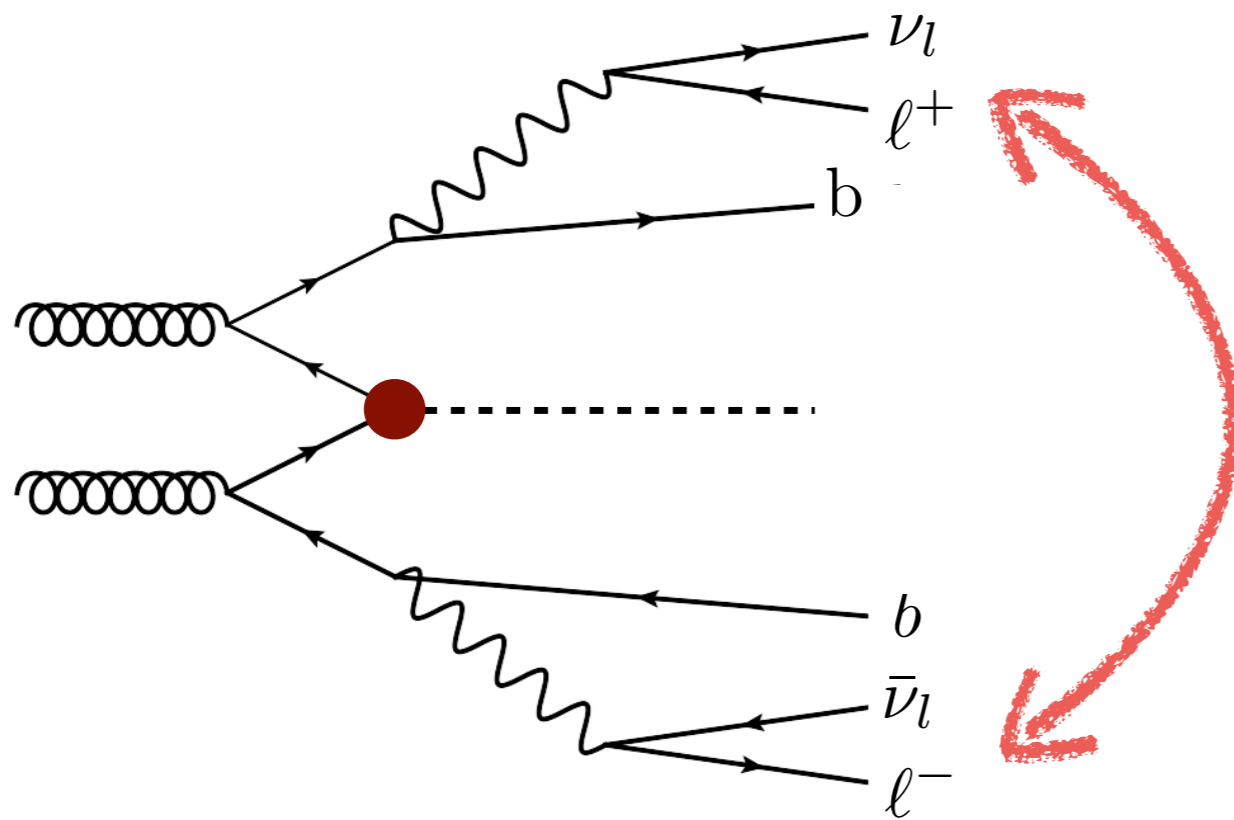
	$l^+, d$	$b$	$\nu, u$
$\omega_f$	1	-0.4	-0.3

Spin analysing power: maximum for charged leptons



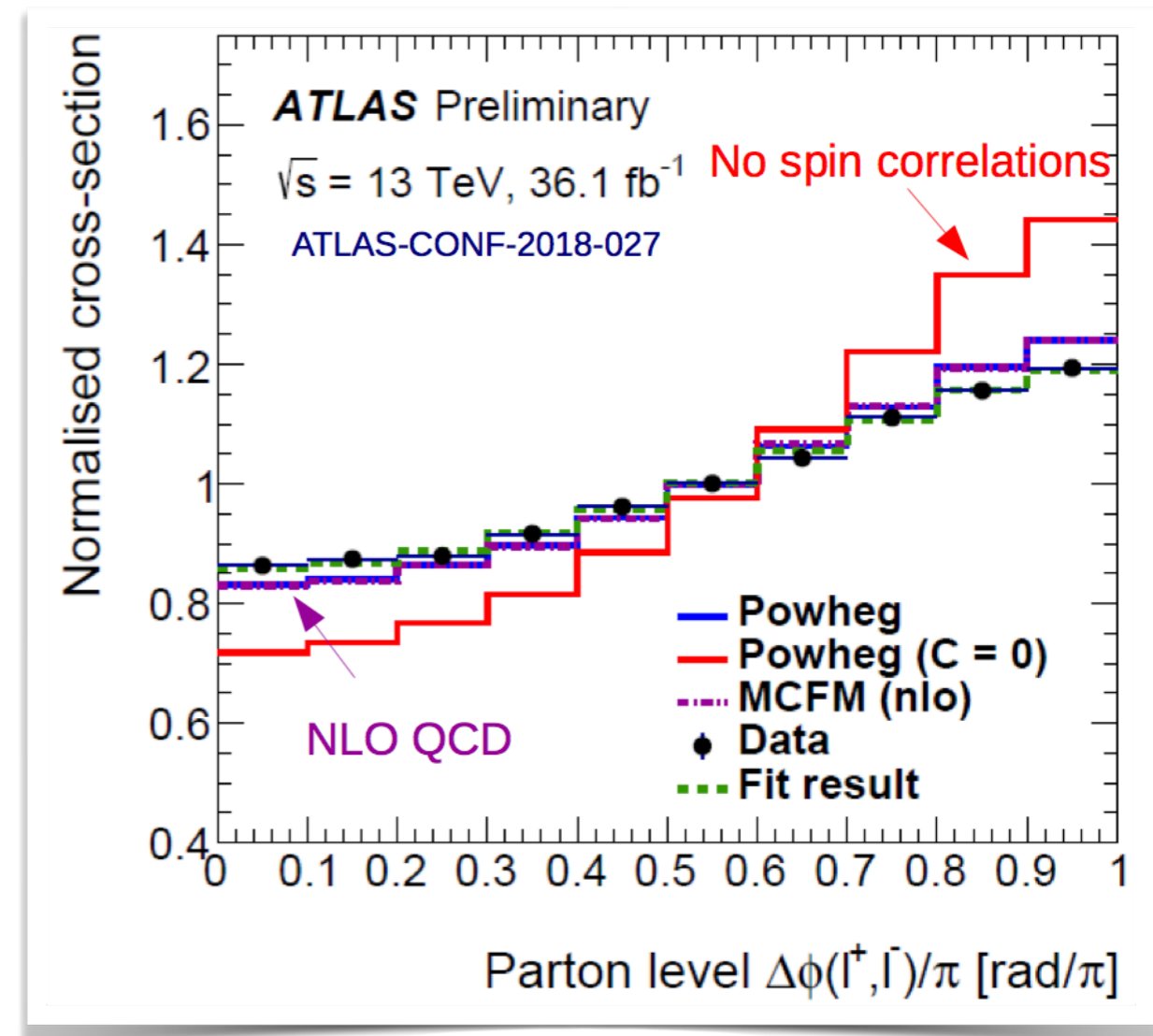
# Direct CP measurement of Higgs-top coupling

- $\Delta\phi_{tt}$  distribution directly reflects on  $\Delta\phi_{ll}$
- Spin correlations of top and anti-top affected by nature of interaction



$$\mathcal{L} \supseteq -\frac{m_t}{v} K \bar{t} (\cos \alpha + i \gamma_5 \sin \alpha) t H$$

Buckley, DG (PRL '15)



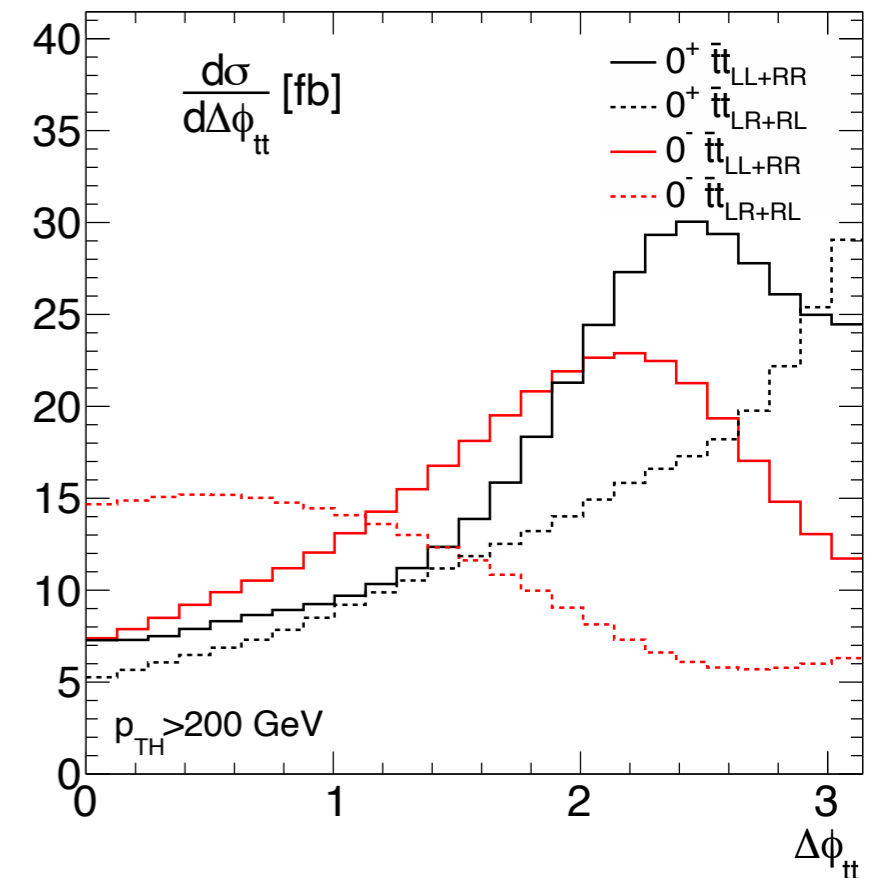
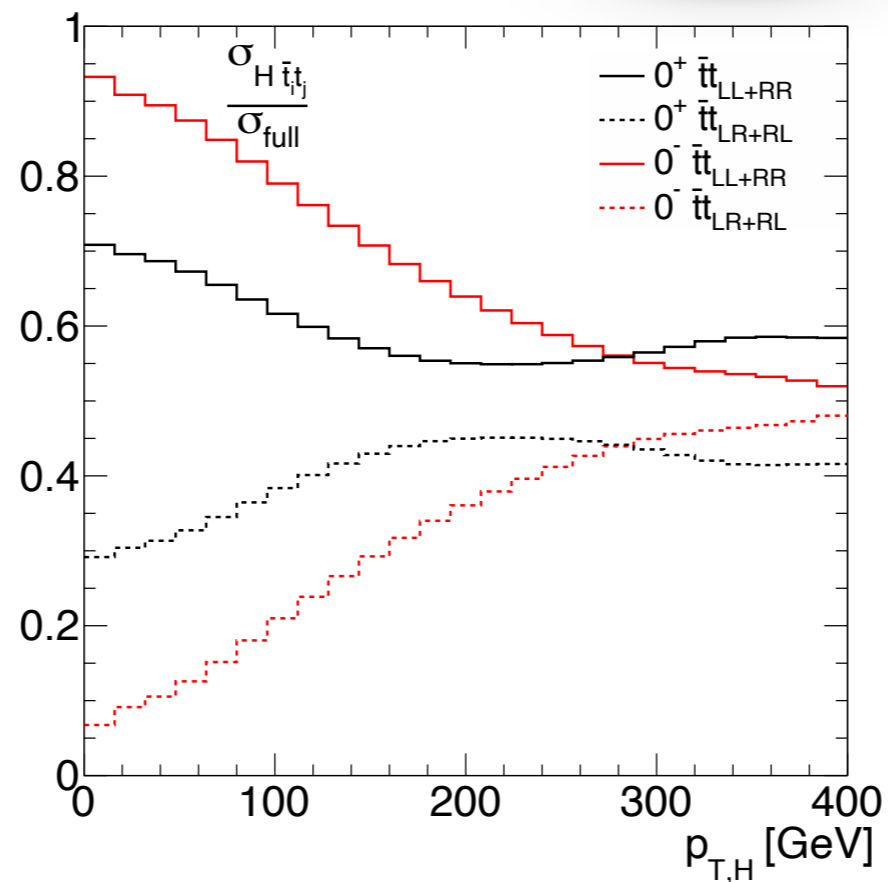
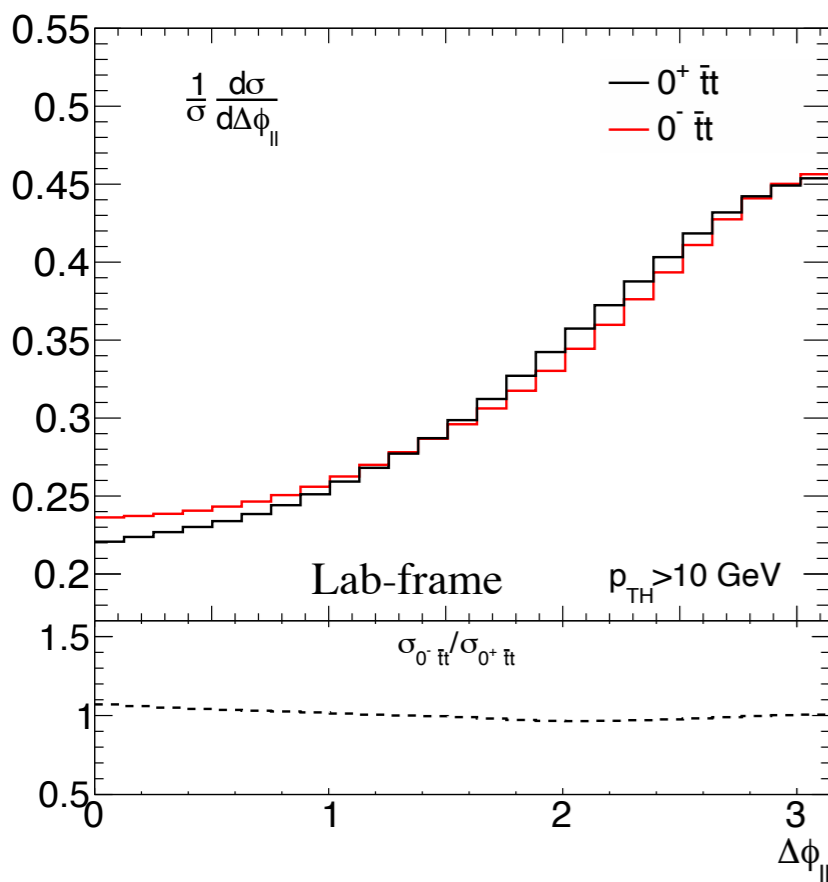
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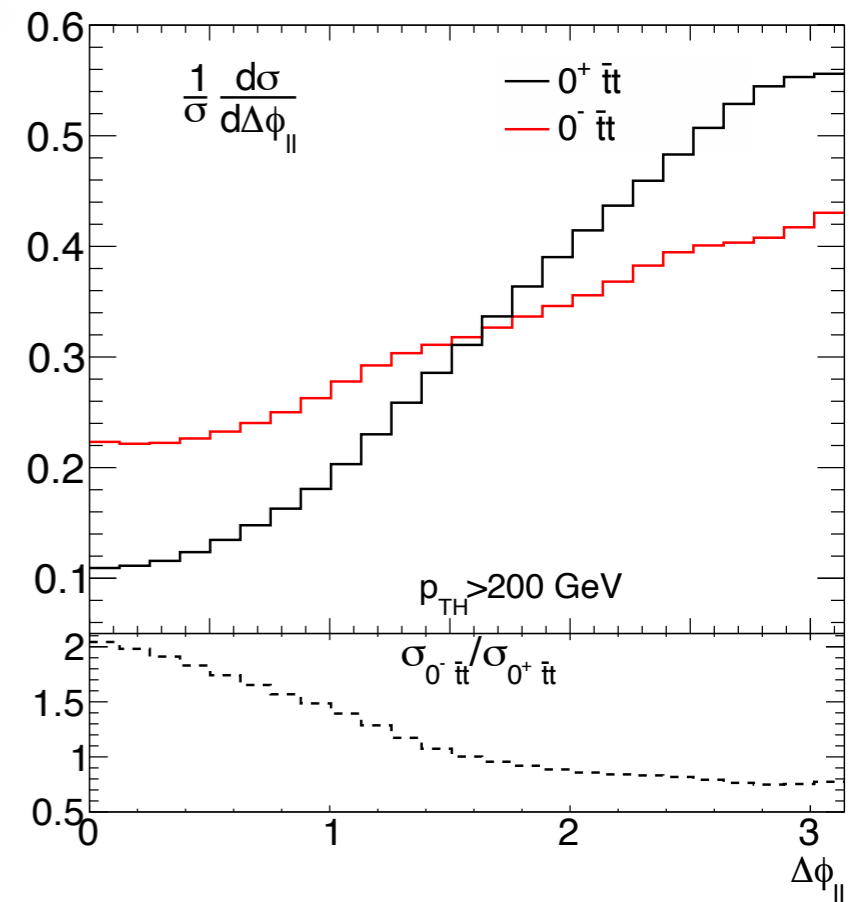
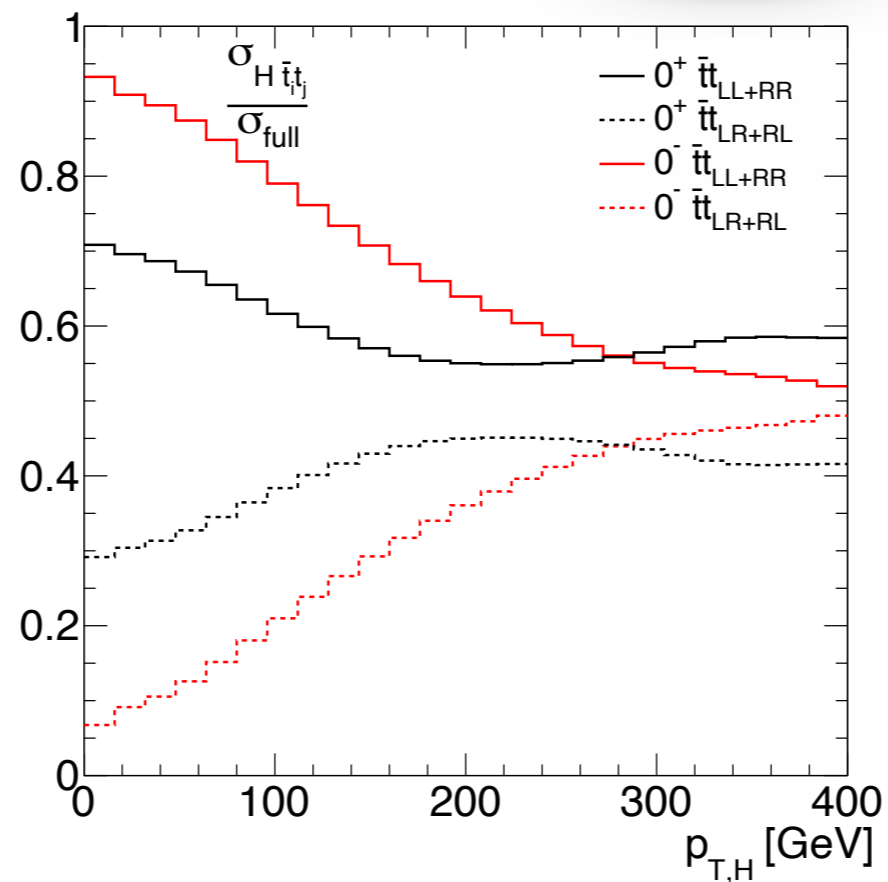
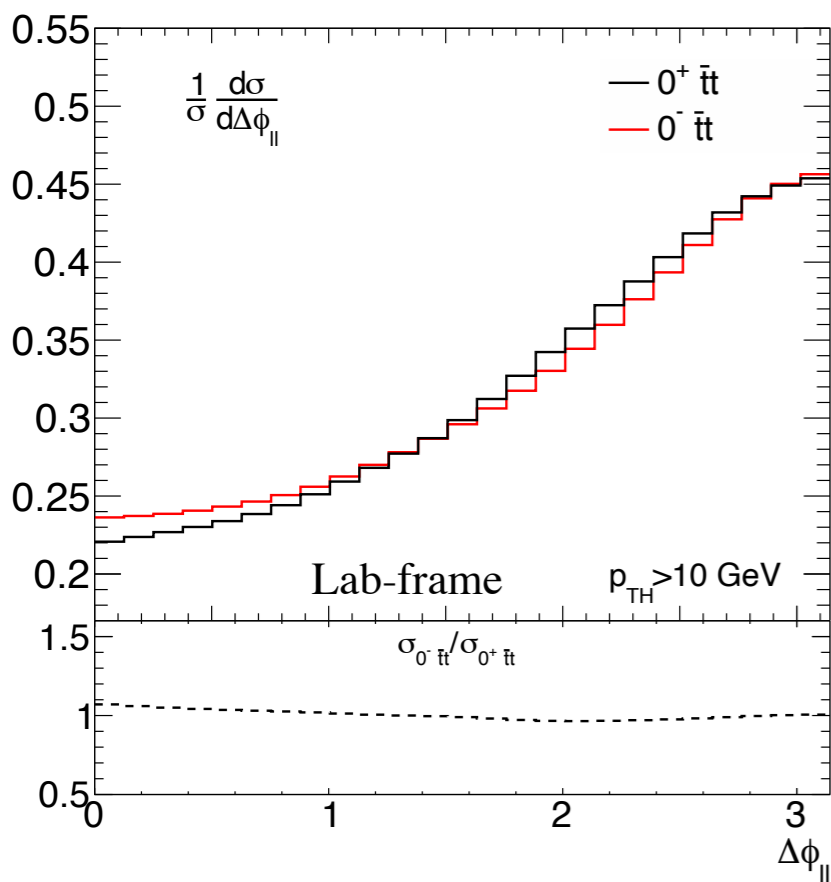
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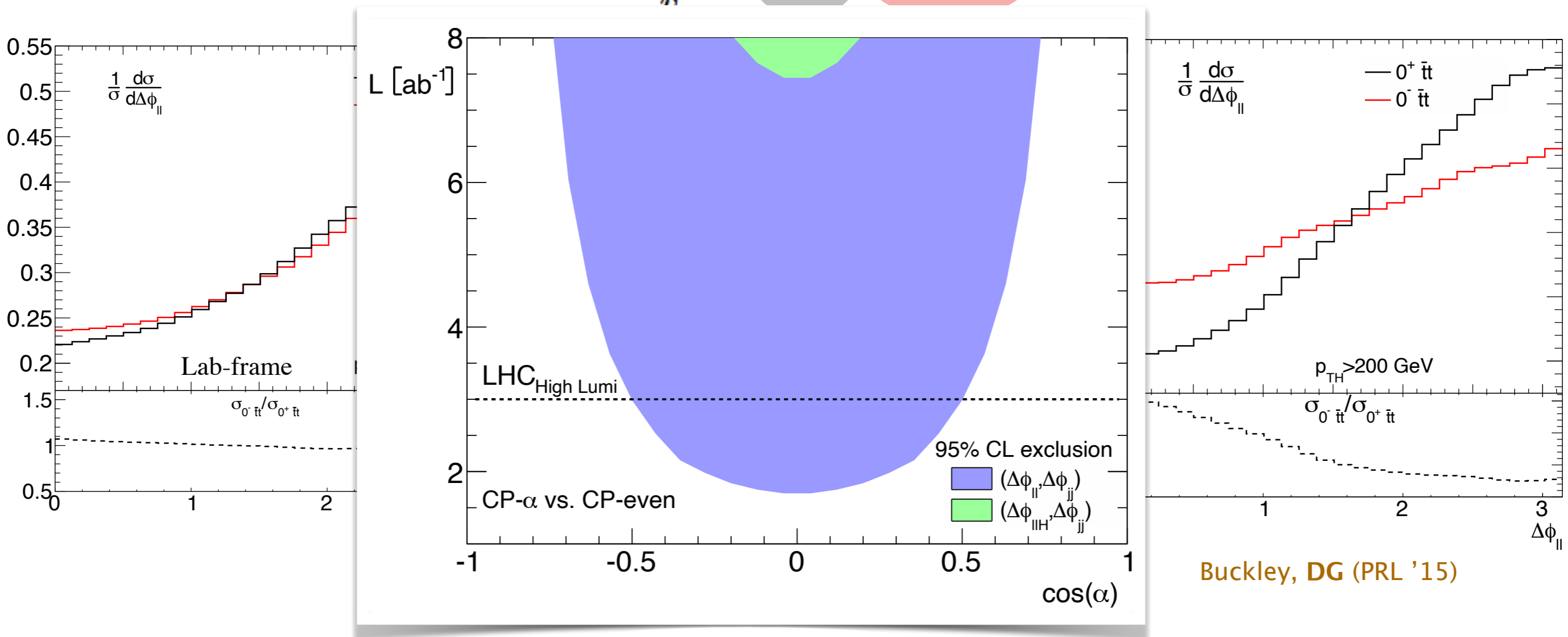


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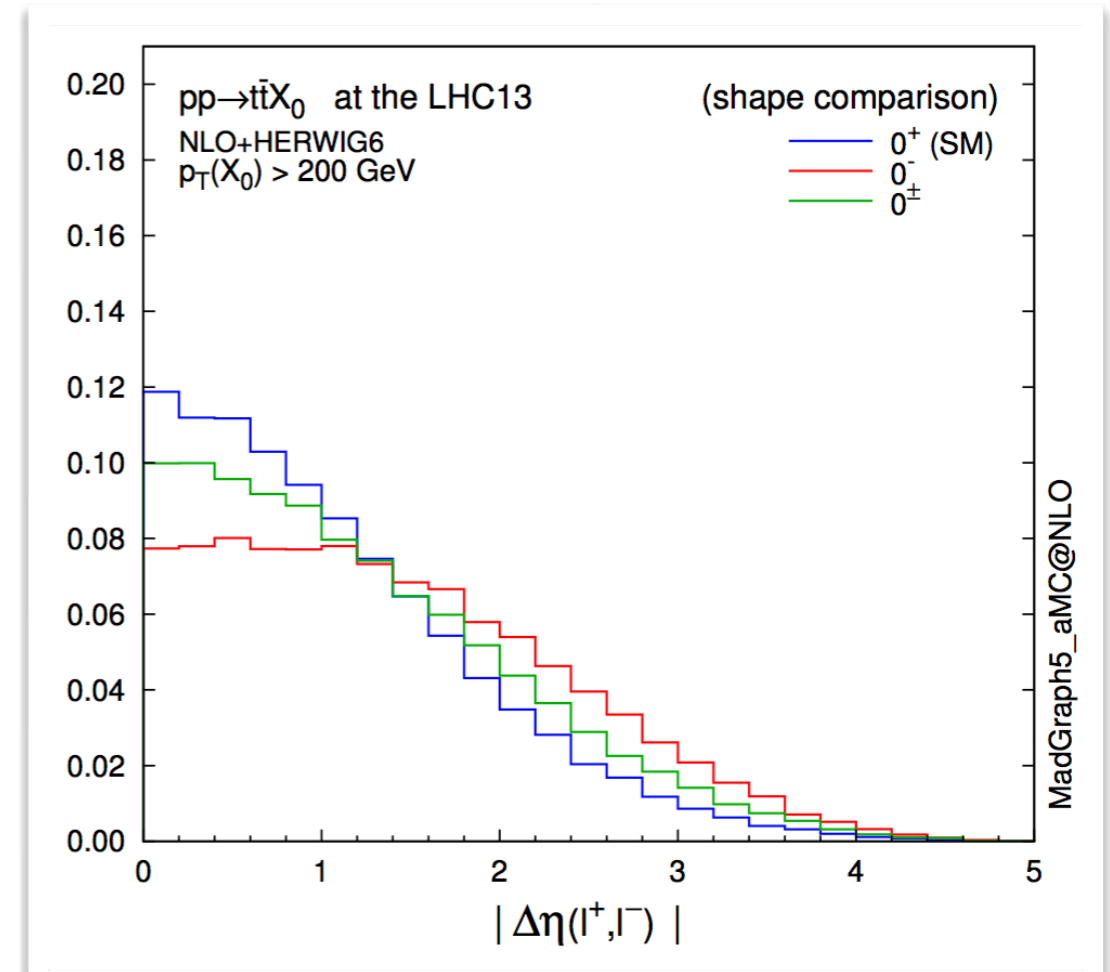
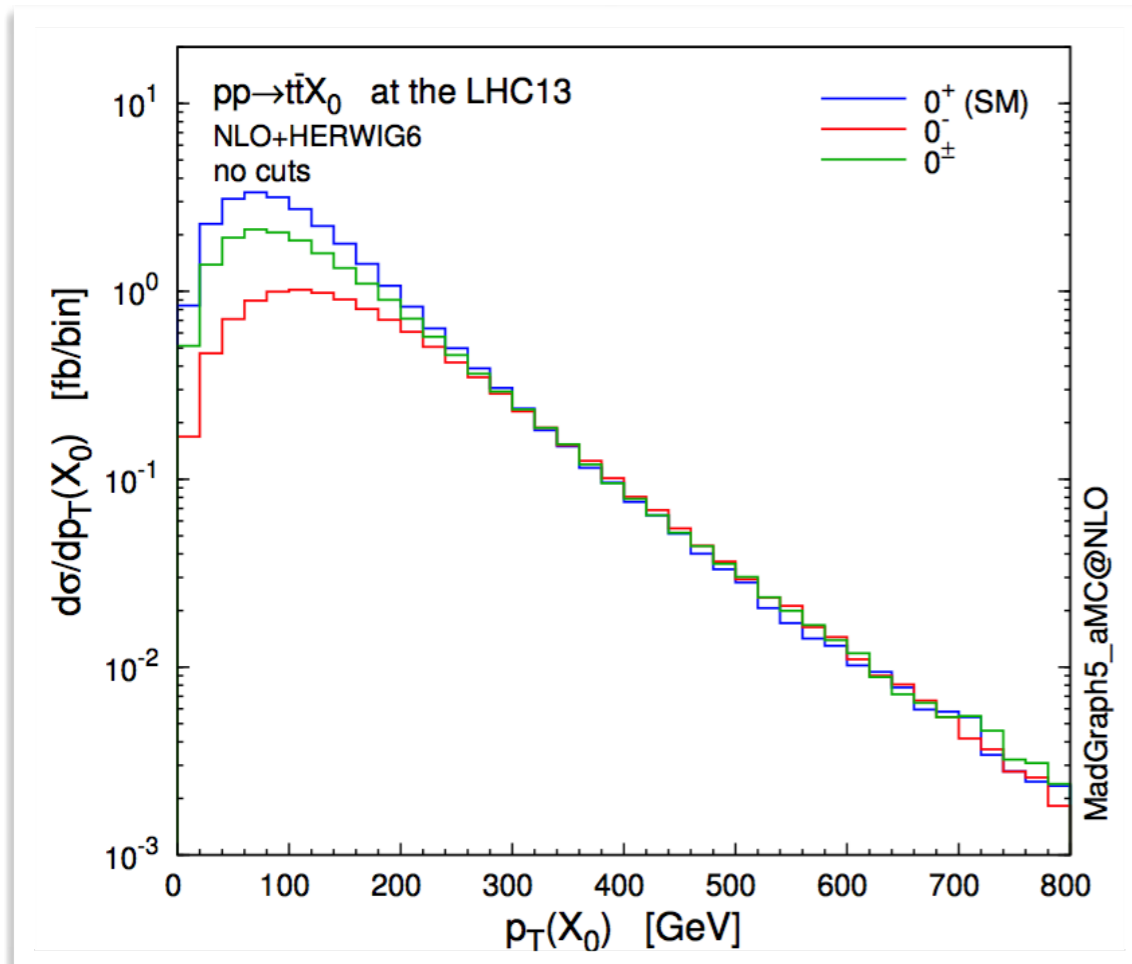
$$\mathcal{L} \supseteq -\frac{m_t}{\Lambda} K \bar{t} (\cos \alpha + i\gamma_5 \sin \alpha) t H$$



➔ **Boosted Higgs** study nicely match with Higgs-top CP-measurement

# Multivariate analysis problem

Rich final state with many relevant observables:



Demartin, Maltoni, Mawatari, Page, Zaro '14  
Gritsan, Rontsch, Schulze, Xiao '16  
Amor dos Santos et al. '17  
Azevedo, Onofre, Filthaut, Gonçalo '17  
Brehmer Dawson, Homiller, Kling, Plehn '19

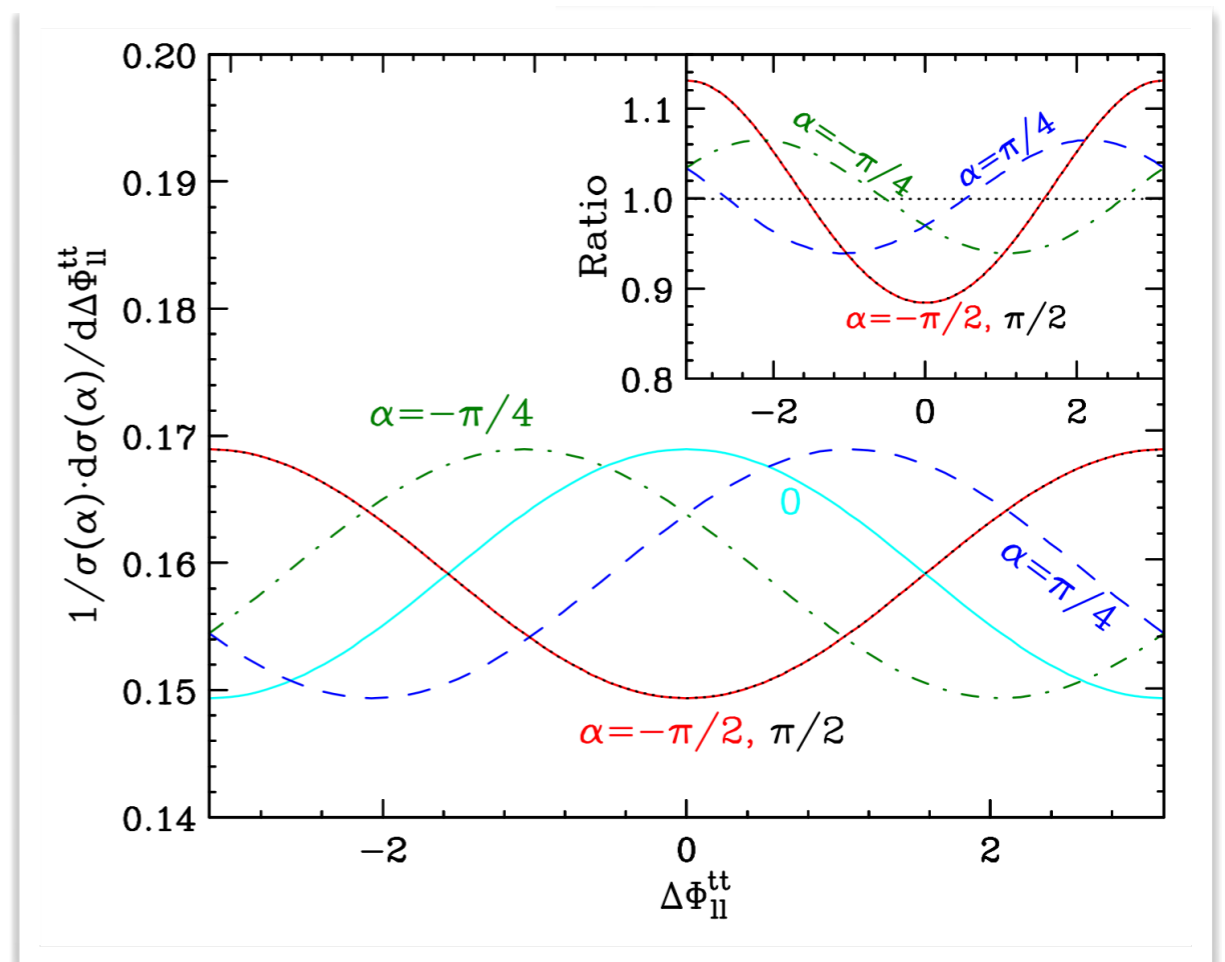
# CPV Higgs-top measurement

CPV observable best defined at the  $t\bar{t}$  rest frame:

$$d\sigma(gg \rightarrow t(n_t)\bar{t}(n_{\bar{t}})H) = \sin^2 \alpha f_1(p_i \cdot p_j) + \cos^2 \alpha f_2(p_i \cdot p_j) + \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \sum_l g(p_i \cdot p_j) \epsilon_l$$

$$\epsilon_{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} p_a^\mu p_b^\nu p_c^\rho p_d^\sigma = E_a \vec{p}_b \cdot (\vec{p}_c \times \vec{p}_d) + E_c \vec{p}_d \cdot (\vec{p}_a \times \vec{p}_b) - E_b \vec{p}_c \cdot (\vec{p}_d \times \vec{p}_a) - E_d \vec{p}_a \cdot (\vec{p}_b \times \vec{p}_c)$$

$$\epsilon(p_t, p_{\bar{t}}, p_{\ell^+}, p_{\ell^-})|_{t\bar{t} \text{ CM}} \propto p_t \cdot (p_{\ell^+} \times p_{\ell^-})$$

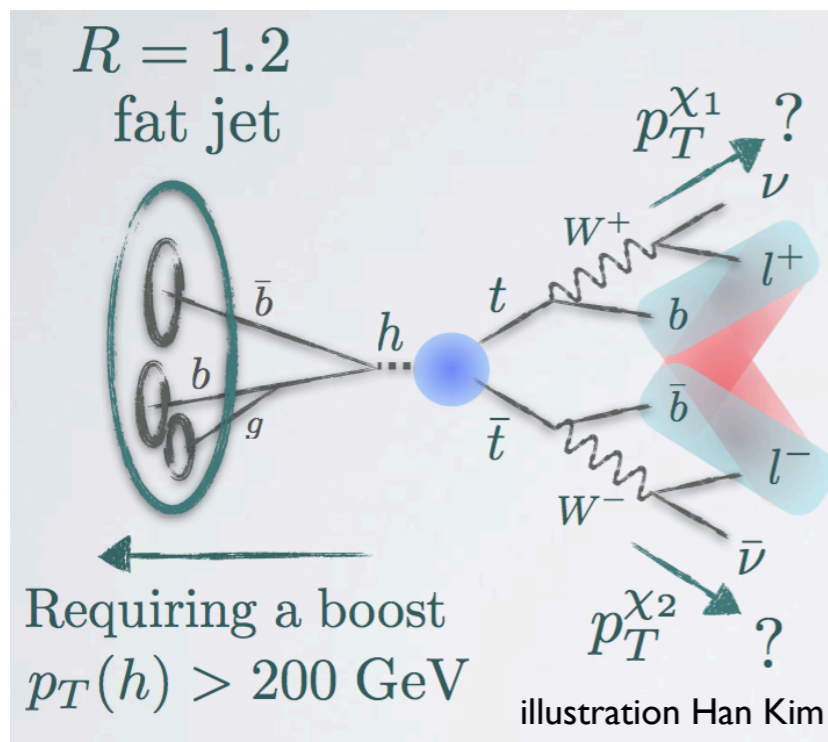


DG, Kong, Kim '18

➔ We need an efficient method to reconstruct the top momenta

# CPV Higgs-top measurement

To obtain top momenta  $M_2$  method: based on mass minimization, being more flexible for BSM studies



Debnath, Kim, Kong, Matchev '17

DG, Kong, Kim '18

➔ Reconstruction of the Higgs: BDRS

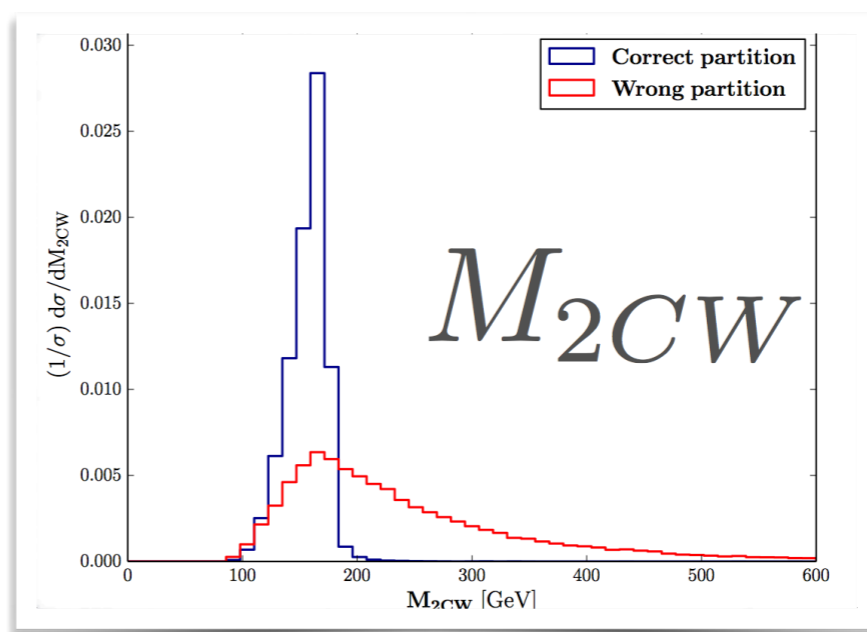
➔ Reconstruction of top momenta: Optimass

a) guess neutrino momenta

b) solve combinatorial problem

$M_{2CW}^{\text{correct}}$  ➔  $p_T^{\chi_1}(\text{correct})$   $p_T^{\chi_2}(\text{correct})$

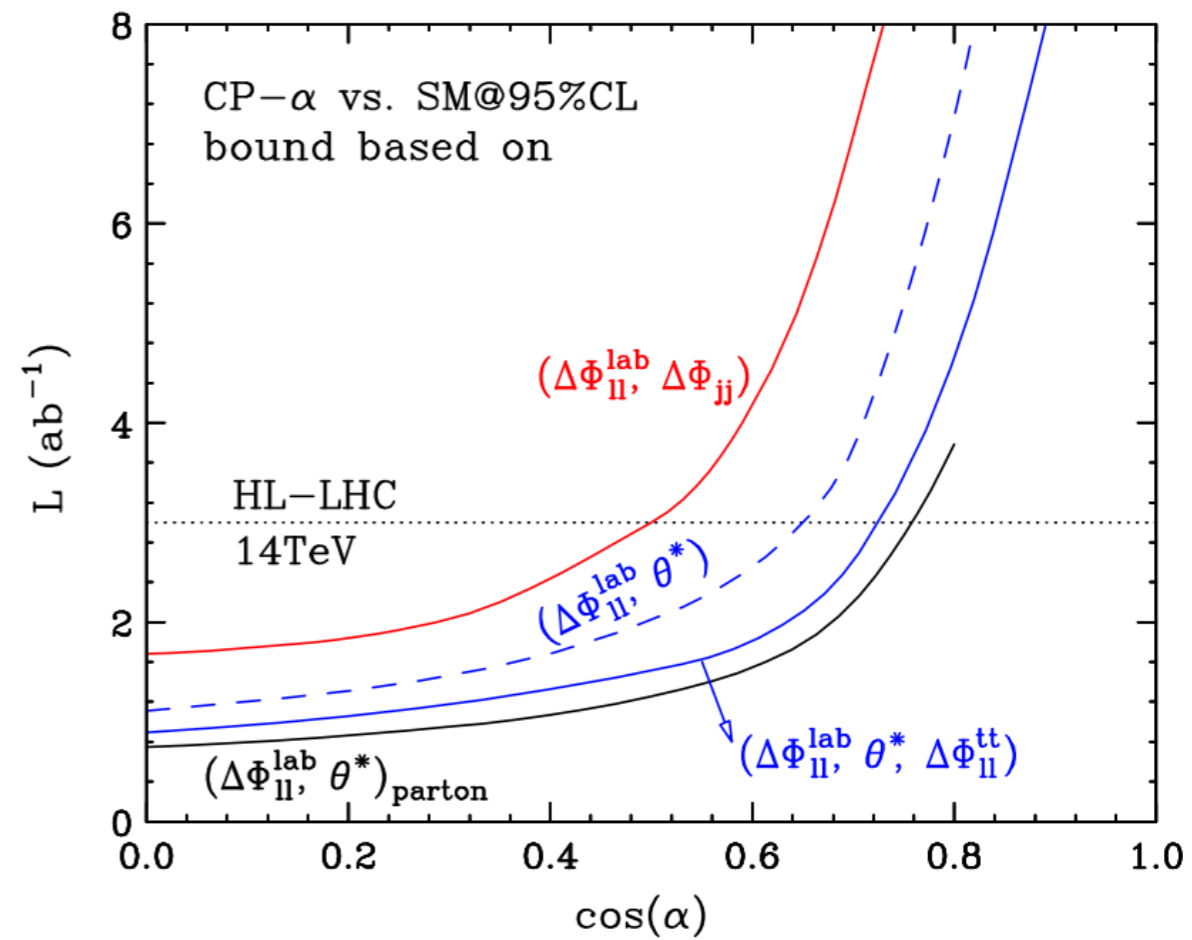
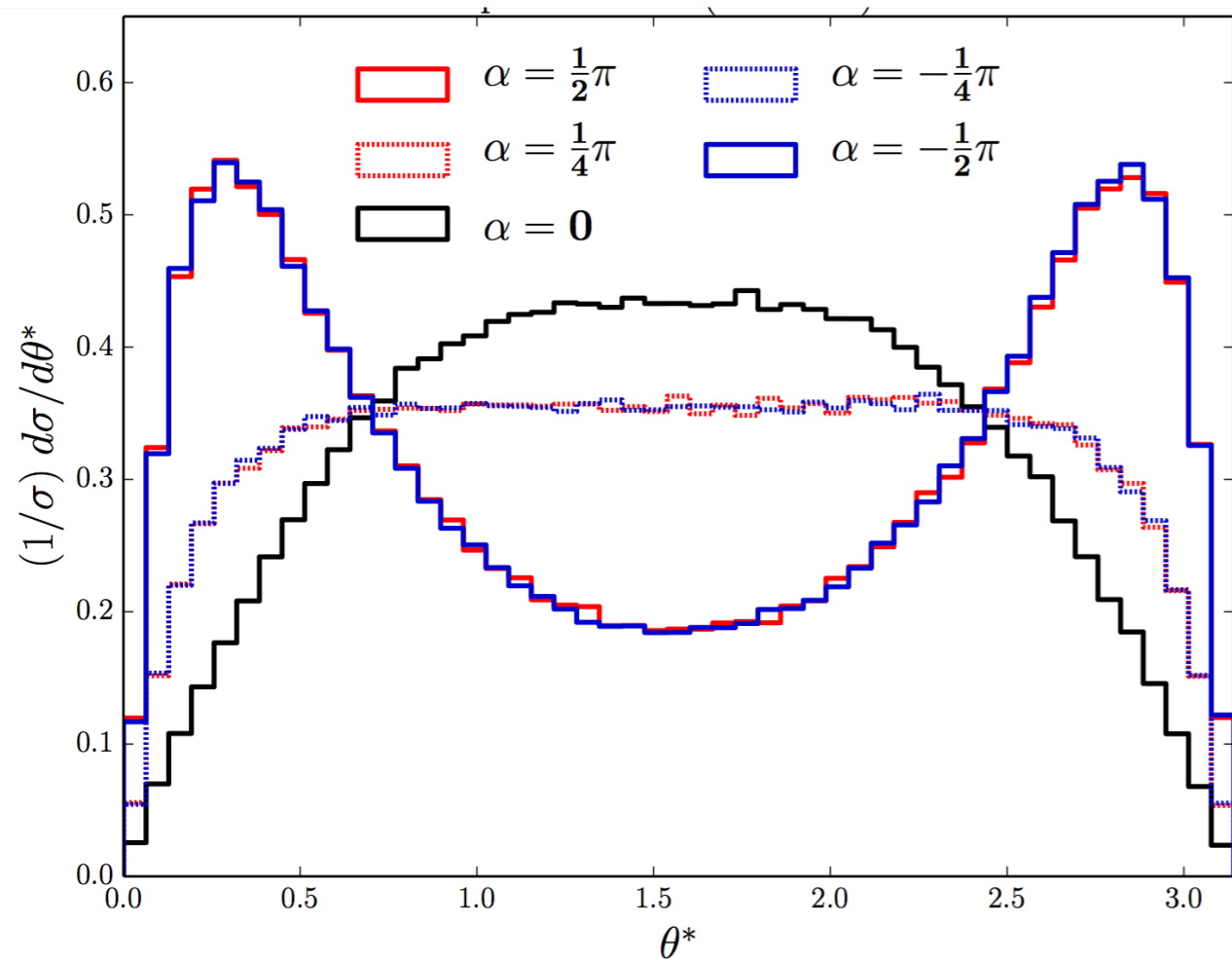
$M_{2CW}^{\text{wrong}}$  ➔  $p_T^{\chi_1}(\text{wrong})$   $p_T^{\chi_2}(\text{wrong})$



The wrong partition often violates the end-points: Optimass uses it to pick up correct one

# CPV Higgs-top measurement

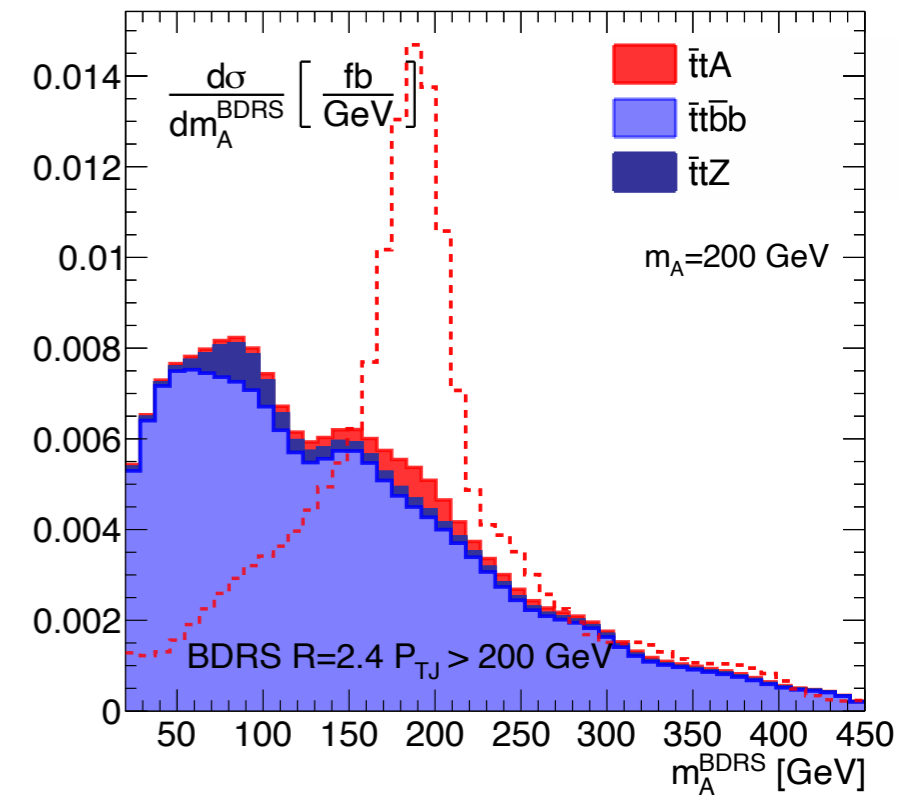
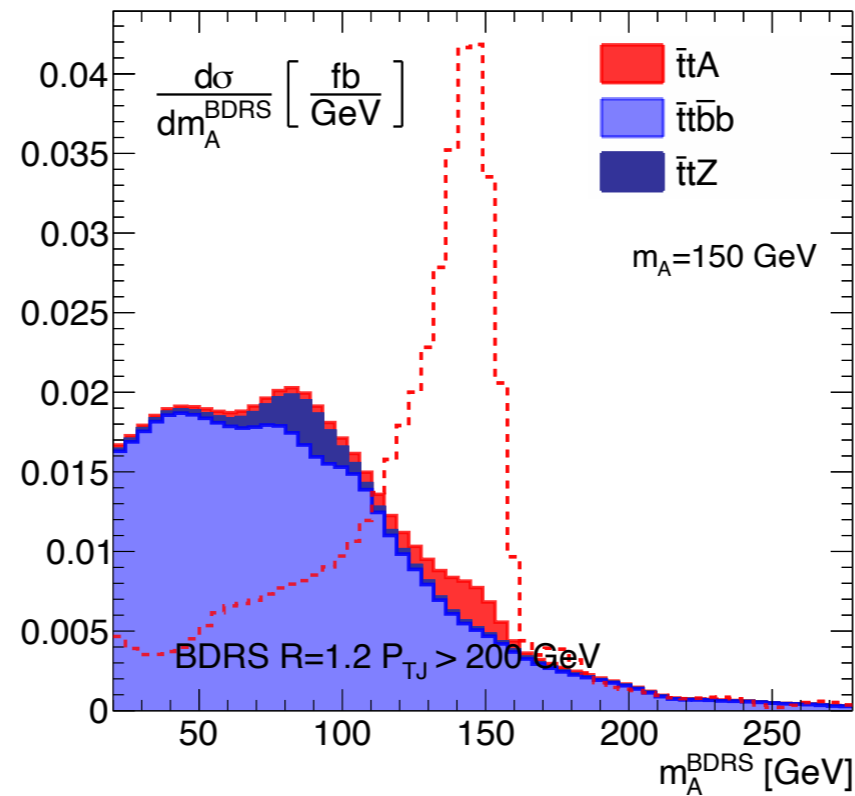
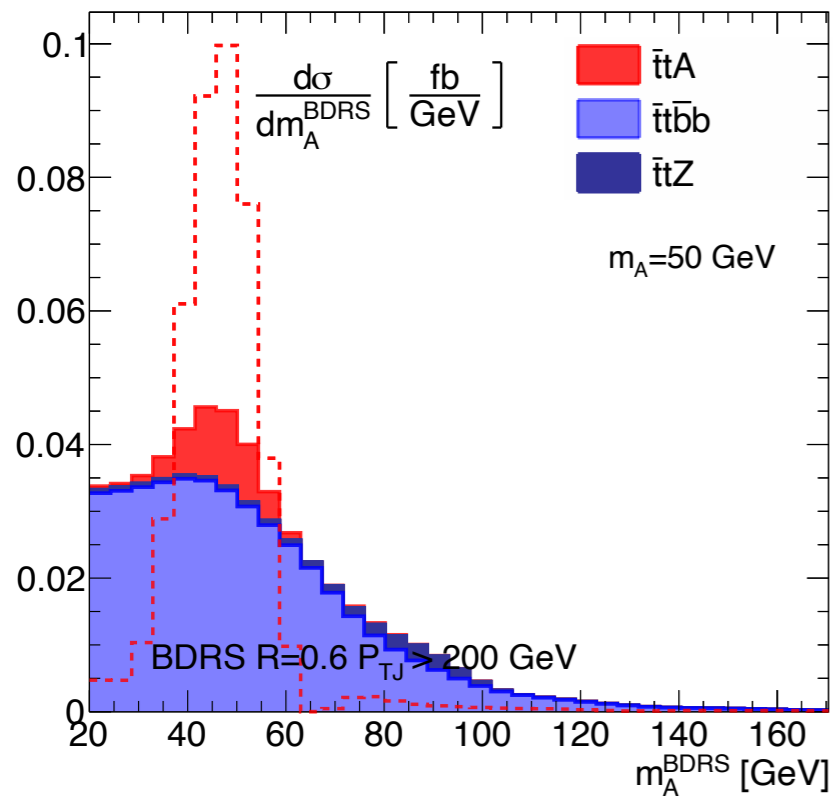
- Multivariate analysis problem
- tt-rest frame: new powerful observables, e.g.,  $\theta^*$



DG, Kong, Kim '18

# Extended Scalar Sectors

- Seeking for light pseudoscalars:  $t\bar{t}A(bb)$  can direct access the Yukawa and explore low  $m_A$
- Tailoring the BDRS analysis for different  $m_A$  ranges:  $R \sim 2m_A/p_{TA}$



→ We can probe the CP structure in a similar fashion to the 125 GeV particle

Lopez-val, **DG** (2016) Azevedo, Capucha, Gouveia, Onofre, Santos (2020)

# Summary

The search for new sources of CPV is one of the cornerstones of the Higgs program

- Higgs-top coup can naturally display larger CP-phases than HVV
  - Direct probe: ttH channel
- Boosted Higgs analysis nicely match with CP-measurement
- Multivariate analysis problem
  - Observables at the top rest frame boost CPV sensitivity
- Works for both the 125 GeV Higgs and possible extra Higgses





Thank you for your attention!