# Phenomenology of the minimal inverse-seesaw with Abelian flavour symmetries

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#### Inverse-seesaw (ISS) mechanism

#### **INVERSE SEESAW**

$$\operatorname{ISS}(n_R, n_s)$$

Mohapatra; Mohapatra & Valle'86; Gonzalez-Garcia & Valle'89

$$(3 + n_R + n_s) \times (3 + n_R + n_s)$$
$$\mathcal{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \mathbf{M}_D^* & 0\\ \mathbf{M}_D^\dagger & 0 & \mathbf{M}_R\\ 0 & \mathbf{M}_R^T & \mathbf{M}_s \end{pmatrix}$$

Sterile neutrino fields:  $\nu_{Ri}$   $(i = 1, ..., n_R), s_i$   $(i = 1, ..., n_s)$ 

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{mass}}^{\text{ISS}} = \overline{e_L} \,\mathbf{M}_\ell \,e_R + \overline{\nu_L} \,\mathbf{M}_D \nu_R + \overline{\nu_R} \,\mathbf{M}_R s + \frac{1}{2} \overline{s^c} \,\mathbf{M}_s s + \text{H.c.}$$

Effective neutrino mass matrix  $(m_D, \mu_s \ll M)$ :

$$\mathbf{M}_{\text{eff}} = -\mathbf{M}_D^* (\mathbf{M}_R^T)^{-1} \mathbf{M}_s \mathbf{M}_R \mathbf{M}_D^{\dagger} \longrightarrow m_{\nu} \sim \mu_s \frac{m_D^2}{M^2}$$

Active-sterile mixing:

$$\mathbf{U}_{\mathrm{Hl}} \simeq \mathbf{V}_{L}^{\dagger} \left( 0, \ \mathbf{M}_{D} (\mathbf{M}_{R}^{\dagger})^{-1} \right) \mathbf{U}_{s} \longrightarrow U_{\mathrm{Hl}} \sim \frac{m_{D}}{M} \sim \sqrt{\frac{m_{\nu}}{\mu_{s}}}$$

Type-I seesaw: 
$$m_{
u} \sim \frac{m_D^2}{M} \;,\; U_{\rm Hl} \sim \frac{m_D}{M} \sim \sqrt{\frac{m_{
u}}{M}}$$

The ISS provides a natural template for (active) neutrino mass suppression with sizeable active-sterile mixing

0

Minimal Inverse Seesaw:

$$\operatorname{ISS}(n_R, n_s) \longrightarrow \operatorname{ISS}(2, 2)$$

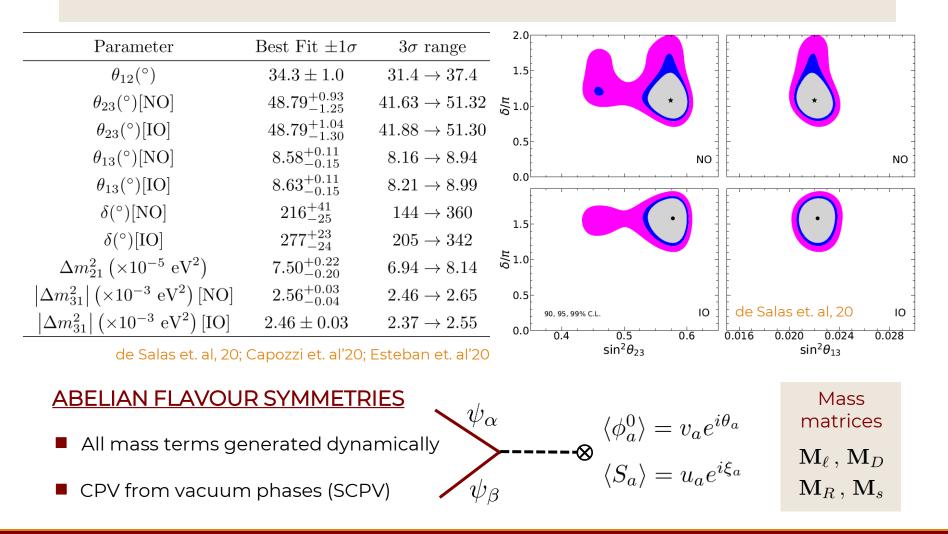
Abada & Lucente'14

- One massless neutrino
- Neutrino data can be accommodated
- Still 17 parameters (in the M<sub>s</sub> diagonal basis)

### Neutrino oscillation data

Minimal Inverse Seesaw ISS(2,2): 17 parameters vs 7 observables

 $\theta_{12} , \theta_{23} , \theta_{13} , \Delta m^2_{21,31} , \delta , \alpha$ 



#### Scalar content and Yukawa Lagrangian

- Need to add a second Higgs doublet to be able to realise the charged-lepton mass matrix textures.
- Add two neutral complex scalar singlets to dynamically generate  $\mathbf{M}_s$  and  $\mathbf{M}_R$ .

$$\Phi_{1,2} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_{1,2}^+ \\ \phi_{1,2}^0 \\ \phi_{1,2}^0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{2}\phi_{1,2}^+ \\ v_{1,2}e^{i\theta_{1,2}} + \rho_{1,2} + i\eta_{1,2} \end{pmatrix} , \qquad S_{1,2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( u_{1,2}e^{i\xi_{1,2}} + \rho_{3,4} + i\eta_{3,4} \right)$$

$$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk.}} = \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_D^1 \tilde{\Phi}_1 + \mathbf{Y}_D^2 \tilde{\Phi}_2 \right) \nu_R$$
$$+ \frac{1}{2} \overline{s^c} \left( \mathbf{Y}_s^1 S_1 + \mathbf{Y}_s^2 S_1^* \right) s + \overline{\nu_R} \left( \mathbf{Y}_R^1 S_2 + \mathbf{Y}_R^2 S_2^* \right) s + \text{H.c.}$$

 $\frac{\text{SCALAR POTENTIAL}}{V(\Phi_a, S_a) = V_{\text{sym.}} + V_{\text{soft}}(\Phi_a, S_a)} = V_{\text{soft}}(\Phi_a, S_a) = \mu_{12}^2 \Phi_1^{\dagger} \Phi_2 + \mu_3^2 S_1^2 + \mu_4 |S_1|^2 S_1 + \mu_5 |S_2|^2 S_2 + \text{H.c.}$ 

SCPV IS ACHIEVED WITH:  $\theta, \xi_2 = 0, \xi_1 = \arctan\left(\frac{\sqrt{32\mu_3^4 - \mu_4^2 u_1^2}}{\mu_4 u_1}\right)$ 

### Abelian flavour symmetries

 Maximally-restrictive sets compatible with neutrino oscillation data that are realizable by Abelian symmetries:

|                |      | $(5_{1,I}^{\ell}, T_{45})$                     | $(4_3^\ell, T_{124})$                          | $(4_3^\ell, T_{456})$                          | $(4_3^\ell, T_{136,I})$                        | $(4_3^\ell, T_{146,I})$                        |
|----------------|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fields         | U(1) | $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathrm{U}(1)_\mathrm{F}$ | $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathrm{U}(1)_\mathrm{F}$ | $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathrm{U}(1)_\mathrm{F}$ | $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathrm{U}(1)_\mathrm{F}$ | $\mathbb{Z}_4 \times \mathrm{U}(1)_\mathrm{F}$ |
| $\Phi_1$       | 0    | (1,1)  | (0, -5)  | (1,1)  | (1,2)  | (0,1)  |
| $\Phi_2$       | 0    | (0, -1)  | (1, -3)  | (0, -1)  | (0,1)  | (3,0)  |
| $S_1$          | 0    | (0,2)  | (0, -2)  | (0, -2)  | (0, -2)  | (0, -2)  |
| $S_2$          | 1    | (0, 0)   | (0, 0)   | (1, 0)   | (0,0)  | (0, 0)   |
| $\ell_{e_L}$   | 1    | (1,0)  | (0, 0)   | (0,0)  | (2,0)  | (2, 0)   |
| $\ell_{\mu_L}$ | 1    | (0,2)  | (1, 2)   | (1,-2)   | (1,-1)   | (1, -1)  |
| $\ell_{	au_L}$ | 1    | (0, -2)  | (0,4)  | (0, -4)  | (0, -2)  | (0,-2)   |
| $e_R$          | 1    | (1, -3)  | (0,9)  | (1, -5)  | (3, -4)  | (0, -3)  |
| $\mu_R$        | 1    | (0,3)  | (1,7)  | (0,-3)   | (0, -3)  | (1,-2)   |
| $	au_R$        | 1    | (0, -1)  | (0,5)  | (1,-1)   | (1, -2)  | (2, -1)  |
| $ u_{R_1}$     | 1    | (0,1)  | (0, -1)  | (0,-1)   | (0, -1)  | (0, -1)  |
| $ u_{R_2}$     | 1    | (1,-1)   | (1,1)  | (1,1)  | (2,1)  | (2,1)  |
| $s_1$          | 0    | (1, -1)  | (1, 1)   | (0,1)  | (2,1)  | (2,1)  |
| $s_2$          | 0    | (0,1)  | (0, -1)  | (1, -1)  | (0, -1)  | (0, -1)  |

 $\mathbf{G}_{\mathrm{F}} = \mathrm{U}(1) \times \mathbb{Z}_n \times \mathrm{U}(1)_{\mathrm{F}}, \ n = 2, 4$ 

#### Abelian flavour symmetries

| INTERESTING CASE |      |  |  |  |
|------------------|------|--|--|--|
|                  |      | $(5_{1,I}^{\ell}, T_{45})$                     |  |  |
| Fields           | U(1) | $\mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathrm{U}(1)_\mathrm{F}$ |  |  |
| $\Phi_1$         | 0    | (1,1)  |  |  |
| $\Phi_2$         | 0    | (0, -1)  |  |  |
| $S_1$            | 0    | (0,2)  |  |  |
| $S_2$            | 1    | (0,0)  |  |  |
| $\ell_{e_L}$     | 1    | (1, 0)   |  |  |
| $\ell_{\mu_L}$   | 1    | (0,2)  |  |  |
| $\ell_{	au_L}$   | 1    | (0, -2)  |  |  |
| $e_R$            | 1    | (1, -3)  |  |  |
| $\mu_R$          | 1    | (0,3)  |  |  |
| $	au_R$          | 1    | (0, -1)  |  |  |
| $ u_{R_1}$       | 1    | (0,1)  |  |  |
| $ u_{R_2}$       | 1    | (1, -1)  |  |  |
| $s_1$            | 0    | (1, -1)  |  |  |
| $s_2$            | 0    | (0,1)  |  |  |

ONLY

| $-\mathcal{L}_{\text{Yuk.}} = \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2 \Phi_2 \right) e_R + \overline{\ell_L} \left( \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^1 \Phi_1 + \mathbf{Y}_{\ell}^2$ | $\left( \mathbf{Y}_D^1 	ilde{\Phi}_1 + \mathbf{Y}_D^2 	ilde{\Phi}_2  ight)  u_R$ |
|---|--|
| $+\frac{1}{2}\overline{s^c}\left(\mathbf{Y}_s^1S_1 + \mathbf{Y}_s^2S_1^*\right)s + \overline{\nu_R}\left(\mathbf{Y}_s^1S_1 + \mathbf{Y}$  | $\mathbf{Y}_{R}^{1}S_{2} + \mathbf{Y}_{R}^{2}S_{2}^{*}$ ) s + H.c.               |

#### Mass matrices Yukawa decompositions

| $\mathbf{M}_\ell = \mathbf{Y}_\ell^1 = \mathbf{Y}_\ell^2 = \mathbf{M}_R$  | $\mathbf{Y}_R$  |
|---|---|
| $\begin{array}{c} (0,2) \\ (0,0) \\ (1,0) \\ (0,2) \end{array} \qquad \qquad 5_{1,I}^{\ell} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & \times \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \times & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \times & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \times \end{pmatrix} \qquad \qquad T_{14}$   | $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \times \\ \times & 0 \end{pmatrix}$                                  |
| ,-2)  |   |
| $(\mathbf{N}_{D}, \mathbf{N}_{D})$ $\mathbf{M}_{D}$ $\mathbf{Y}_{D}^{1}$ $\mathbf{Y}_{D}^{2}$ $\mathbf{M}_{a}$ $\mathbf{Y}_{D}^{1}$   |   |
| $\mathbf{M}_{D}  \mathbf{Y}_{D}^{1}  \mathbf{Y}_{D}^{2}  \mathbf{M}_{s}  \mathbf{Y}_{s}^{1}$  | $\mathbf{Y}_s^2$  |
| $ \begin{array}{c} (1) \\ (0,1) \\ (,-1) \\ (,-1) \end{array} \\ T_{45} \\ (1) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \times \end{array} \right) \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} 0 & \times \\ \times & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (1) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (1) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (2) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (2) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (3) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (3) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (3) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (3) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ (3) \end{array} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ \left( \begin{array}{c} \times \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \\ T_{23} \\ T_{$ | $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}  \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \times \end{pmatrix}$ |

## A common origin for Leptonic CPV

Parameterisation of the charged lepton-mass matrix:

$$5_1^{\ell}: \quad \mathbf{M}_{\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & a_1 \\ 0 & m_{\ell_1}^2 & 0 \\ a_2 & 0 & a_4 \end{pmatrix} , \quad \mathbf{H}_{\ell} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1^2 & 0 & a_1 a_4 \\ 0 & a_3^2 & 0 \\ a_1 a_4 & 0 & a_2^2 + a_4^2 \end{pmatrix} , \quad \mathbf{V}_L' = \begin{pmatrix} c_L & 0 & s_L \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_L & 0 & c_L \end{pmatrix} \quad \theta_L$$

 $5_1^e: \mathbf{V}_{L,R} = \mathbf{V}'_{L,R} \mathbf{P}_{12}, \quad 5_1^\mu: \mathbf{V}_{L,R} = \mathbf{V}'_{L,R}, \quad 5_1^\tau: \mathbf{V}_{L,R} = \mathbf{V}'_{L,R} \mathbf{P}_{23},$ 

 $NO_{e,\mu,\tau}$  ,  $IO_{e,\mu,\tau}$   $\longrightarrow$  6 distinct cases to be analysed

REAL YUKAWAS (CP is conserved @ the Lagrangian level)  

$$\mathbf{Y}_D^1 = \begin{pmatrix} b_1 & 0\\ 0 & 0\\ 0 & b_2 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{Y}_D^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & b_3\\ b_4 & 0\\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{Y}_R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & d_2\\ d_1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{Y}_s^1 = \begin{pmatrix} f_2 & 0\\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{Y}_s^2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0\\ 0 & f_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

#### VEV configuration:

$$\begin{array}{l} \langle \phi_1^0 \rangle = v \cos \beta \\ \langle \phi_2^0 \rangle = v \sin \beta \\ \langle S_1 \rangle = u_1 e^{i\xi} \ , \ \langle S_2 \rangle = u_2 \end{array} \end{array} \mathbf{M}_D = \begin{pmatrix} m_{D_1} & m_{D_3} \\ m_{D_4} & 0 \\ 0 & m_{D_2} \end{pmatrix} \ , \ \mathbf{M}_R = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & M \\ qM & 0 \end{pmatrix} \ , \ \mathbf{M}_s = \begin{pmatrix} p \, \mu_s e^{i\xi} & 0 \\ 0 & \mu_s e^{-i\xi} \end{pmatrix}$$

### Correlation between low-energy observables

#### EFFECTIVE NEUTRINO MASS MATRIX: $\mathbf{V}_L^\dagger \mathbf{M}_{ ext{eff}} \mathbf{V}_L$

$$\mathbf{M}_{\text{eff}} = e^{-i\xi} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{y^2}{x} + \frac{z^2}{w} e^{2i\xi} & y & ze^{2i\xi} \\ y & x & 0 \\ ze^{2i\xi} & 0 & we^{2i\xi} \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{V}_L = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\theta_L & 0 & \sin\theta_L \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -\sin\theta_L & 0 & \cos\theta_L \end{pmatrix} \qquad \begin{bmatrix} 5_1^e : \mathbf{V}_{L,R} = \mathbf{V}'_{L,R} \mathbf{P}_{12} \\ 5_1^\mu : \mathbf{V}_{L,R} = \mathbf{V}'_{L,R} \\ 5_1^\mu : \mathbf{V}_{L,R} = \mathbf{V}'_{L,R} \mathbf{P}_{23} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$z = \mu_s \frac{m_{D_2} m_{D_3}}{M^2} \frac{p}{q^2} , \ w = \mu_s \frac{m_{D_2}^2}{M^2} \frac{p}{q^2} , \quad x = \mu_s \frac{m_{D_4}^2}{M^2} , \ y = \mu_s \frac{m_{D_1} m_{D_4}}{M^2}$$

The effective light neutrino mass matrix is written solely in terms of 6 effective parameters:

$$(x, y, z, w, \theta_L, \xi) \longrightarrow \mathcal{O}_i \equiv (\Delta m_{21}^2, \Delta m_{31}^2, \theta_{ij}, \delta, \alpha)$$

$$\text{NO}: M_{ij} = \left[ \mathbf{U}'^* \text{diag} \left( 0, \sqrt{\Delta m_{21}^2}, \sqrt{\Delta m_{31}^2} \right) \mathbf{U}'^\dagger \right]_{ij}$$

$$\text{IO}: M_{ij} = \left[ \mathbf{U}'^* \text{diag} \left( \sqrt{\Delta m_{31}^2}, \sqrt{\Delta m_{21}^2 + \Delta m_{31}^2}, 0 \right) \mathbf{U}'^\dagger \right]_{ij}$$

$$\text{D}_{ij} = M_{ii} M_{jj} - M_{ij}^2$$

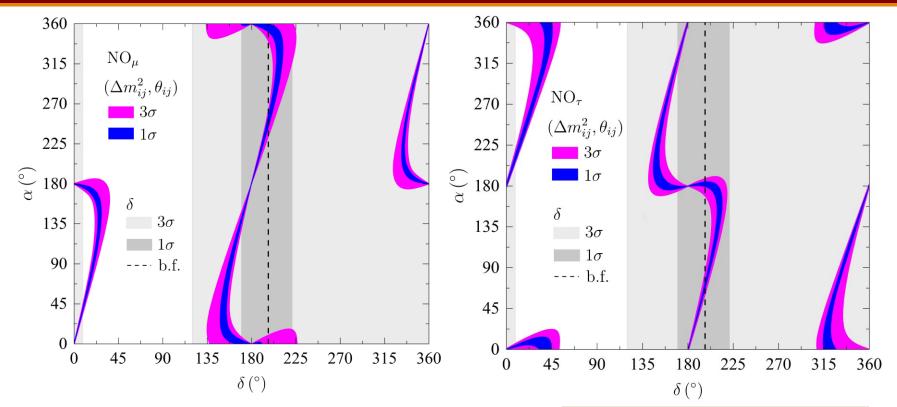
$$\text{Low-energy relations: - 5^e_1 : arg \left[ M_{11}^{*2} M_{13}^2 \frac{D_{12}}{D_{23}} \right] = 0$$

$$5^{\mu}_1 : arg \left[ M_{12}^{*2} M_{23}^2 \frac{D_{12}}{D_{23}} \right] = 0$$

$$5^{\pi}_1 : arg \left[ M_{12}^{*2} M_{23}^2 \frac{D_{12}}{D_{23}} \right] = 0$$

$$5^{\pi}_1 : arg \left[ M_{13}^{*2} M_{33}^2 \frac{D_{12}}{D_{23}} \right] = 0$$

#### Leptonic CP violation



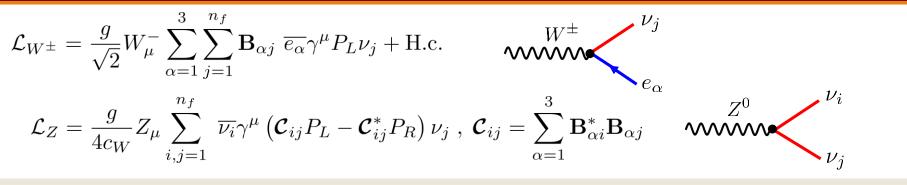
**Strong correlation** between  $\alpha$  and  $\delta$ 

- Approximate symmetry  $\delta \rightarrow \delta + \pi$
- No Dirac CPV implies no Majorana CPV

 $\langle S_1 
angle = u_1 e^{i\xi}$  $\mathcal{J}_{\mathrm{Dirac}}^{\mathrm{CP}} \ , \ \mathcal{J}_{\mathrm{Maj}}^{\mathrm{CP}} \propto \sin(2\xi)$ as in Branco, Felipe, FRJ, Serôdio (2012)

A measurement of δ in the intervals [45°, 135°] and [225°, 315°] would exclude the NO<sub>μ</sub> and NO<sub>τ</sub> cases

### Heavy-light mixing relations



$$\frac{\mathbf{B}_{e4}}{\mathbf{B}_{\mu4}} \simeq \frac{\mathbf{B}_{e5}}{\mathbf{B}_{\mu5}} \simeq \frac{x}{yc_L} , \ \frac{\mathbf{B}_{\tau4}}{\mathbf{B}_{\mu4}} \simeq \frac{\mathbf{B}_{\tau5}}{\mathbf{B}_{\mu5}} \simeq \tan\theta_L , \ \frac{\mathbf{B}_{\mu6}}{\mathbf{B}_{\tau6}} \simeq \frac{\mathbf{B}_{\mu7}}{\mathbf{B}_{\tau7}} \simeq \frac{z - w \tan\theta_L}{w + z \tan\theta_L} , \ \mathbf{B}_{e6} \simeq \mathbf{B}_{e7} \simeq 0$$

#### NUMERICAL ESTIMATES

|  | $\mathrm{NO}_{e}$ | $\mathrm{NO}_{\mu}$ | $NO_{\tau}$ | $IO_e$ | $\mathrm{IO}_{\mu}$ | $IO_{\tau}$ |
|--|-------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------|---------------------|-------------|
| $\mathbf{B}_{e4}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu4}\simeq\mathbf{B}_{e5}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu5}$           | 0.21              | 0.17                | 0.17        | 2.73   | 0.21                | 0.41        |
| $\mathbf{B}_{	au 4}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu 4} \simeq \mathbf{B}_{	au 5}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu 5}$ | 0.27              | 0.88                | 0.87        | 0.51   | 1.09                | 1.24        |
| $\mathbf{B}_{	au 4}/\mathbf{B}_{e4}\simeq \mathbf{B}_{	au 5}/\mathbf{B}_{e5}$        | 1.27              | 5.07                | 5.24        | 0.19   | 5.33                | 5.02        |
| $\mathbf{B}_{e6}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu 6}\simeq \mathbf{B}_{e7}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu 7}$        | 0                 | _                   | 0.36        | 0      | _                   | 4.96        |
| $\mathbf{B}_{	au 6}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu 6}\simeq \mathbf{B}_{	au 7}/\mathbf{B}_{\mu 7}$  | 0.61              | _                   | 0           | 1.14   | _                   | 0           |
| $\mathbf{B}_{	au 6} / \mathbf{B}_{e6} \simeq \mathbf{B}_{	au 7} / \mathbf{B}_{e7}$   | _                 | 1.64                | 0           | _      | 0.23                | 0           |

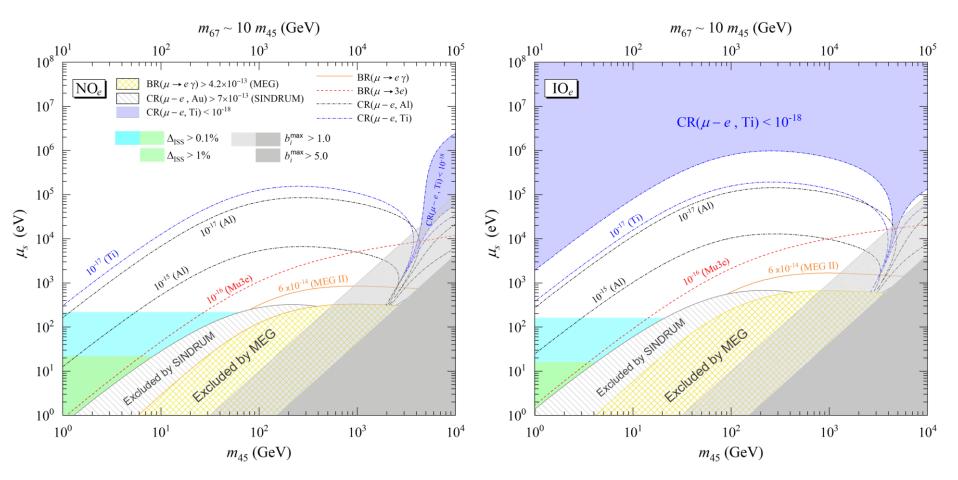
- The  $B_{\alpha i}$  ( $\alpha = e, \mu, \tau$ ) (i = 4, ..., 7) are related to each other,
- The relations are expressed solely in terms of the low-energy neutrino observables,
- Due to the flavour symmetries the heavy-light mixing parameters are not independent,

This establishes relations among cLFV processes (no time to discuss here)

### Charged lepton flavour violation (cLFV)

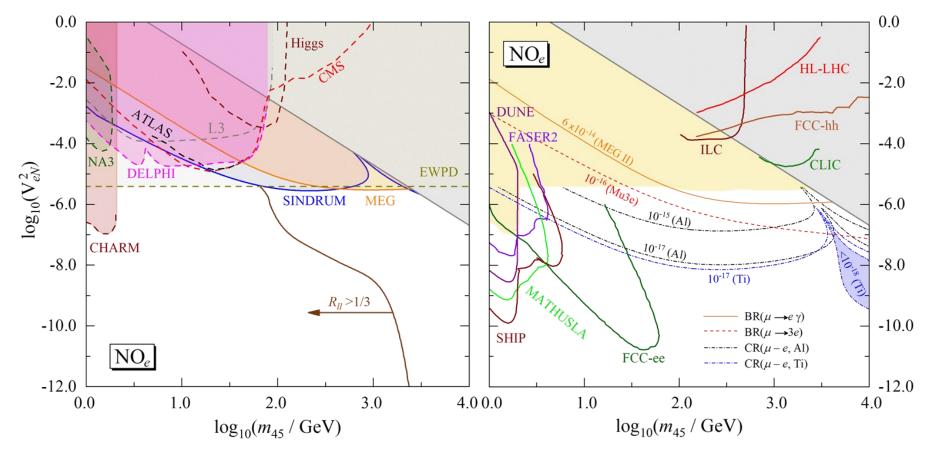
| cLFV process                                | Present limit $(90\% \text{ CL})$   | Future sensitivity                   |
|---|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| $BR(\mu \to e\gamma)$                       | $4.2 \times 10^{-13} \text{ (MEG)}$ | $6 \times 10^{-14} \text{ (MEG II)}$ |
| $BR(\tau \to e\gamma)$                      | $3.3 \times 10^{-8}$ (BaBar)        | $3 \times 10^{-9}$ (Belle II)        |
| ${ m BR}(	au 	o \mu \gamma)$                | $4.4 \times 10^{-8}$ (BaBar)        | $10^{-9}$ (Belle II)                 |
| $BR(\mu^- \to e^- e^+ e^-)$                 | $1.0 \times 10^{-12}$ (SINDRUM)     | $10^{-16}$ (Mu3e)                    |
| $BR(\tau^- \to e^- e^+ e^-)$                | $2.7 \times 10^{-8}$ (Belle)        | $5 \times 10^{-10}$ (Belle II)       |
| ${\rm BR}(\tau^- \to e^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$      | $2.7 \times 10^{-8}$ (Belle)        | $5 \times 10^{-10}$ (Belle II)       |
| $\mathrm{BR}(\tau^- \to e^+ \mu^- \mu^-)$   | $1.7 \times 10^{-8}$ (Belle)        | $3 \times 10^{-10}$ (Belle II)       |
| $\mathrm{BR}(\tau^- \to \mu^- e^+ e^-)$     | $1.8 \times 10^{-8}$ (Belle)        | $3 \times 10^{-10}$ (Belle II)       |
| $\mathrm{BR}(\tau^- \to \mu^+ e^- e^-)$     | $1.5 \times 10^{-8}$ (Belle)        | $3 \times 10^{-10}$ (Belle II)       |
| $\mathrm{BR}(\tau^- \to \mu^- \mu^+ \mu^-)$ | $2.1 \times 10^{-8}$ (Belle)        | $4 \times 10^{-10}$ (Belle II)       |
| $CR(\mu - e, Al)$                           | _                                   | $3 \times 10^{-17} $ (Mu2e)          |
|   |                                     | $10^{-15} - 10^{-17}$ (COMET I-II)   |
| $CR(\mu - e, Ti)$                           | $4.3 \times 10^{-12}$ (SINDRUM II)  | $10^{-18}$ (PRISM/PRIME)             |
| $CR(\mu - e, Au)$                           | $7 \times 10^{-13}$ (SINDRUM II)    | _                                    |
| $CR(\mu - e, Pb)$                           | $4.6 \times 10^{-11}$ (SINDRUM II)  | _                                    |

### cLFV in the ISS(2,2) with Abelian symmetries



- (Almost) the whole parameter space will be scrutinized by future μ–e conversion experiments (Mu2e, COMET, PRISM/PRIME) for normal neutrino mass ordering;
- For inverted ordering the prospects are less optimistic.

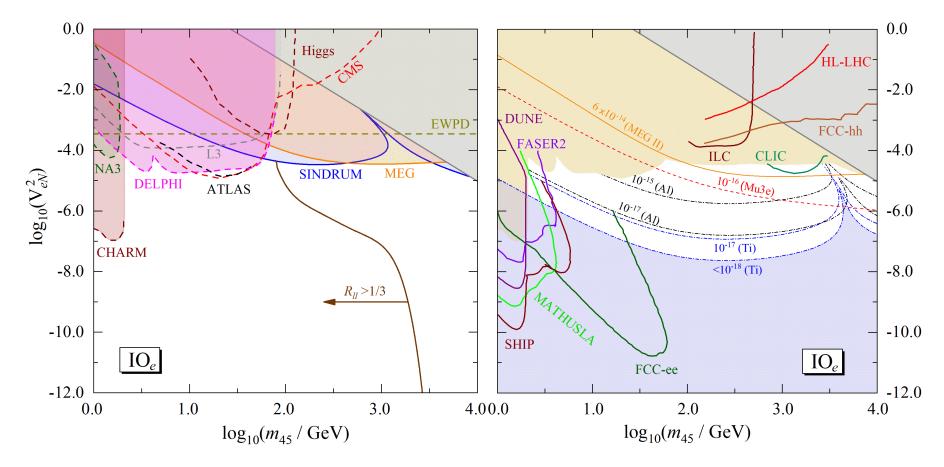
#### Constraints on heavy sterile neutrinos



Current data implies an upper bound  $V_{eN}^2 \sim 10^{-6} - 10^{-5}$ ;

Future probes will be sensitive to much smaller mixings. LFV complementary to other searches.

#### Constraints on heavy sterile neutrinos



- EWPD is less constraining in the IO case;
- Future CLV probes will be sensitive to  $V_{eN}^2 \sim 10^{-7}$

- Minimal inverse seesaw mechanism constrained by Abelian flavour symmetries with all mass terms generated via SSB;
- Majorana and Dirac-type CP violation are related;
- Relations among LFV parameters in our framework provide a very constrained setup for phenomenological studies;
- Constraining power of cLFV processes in the model's parameter space;
- Alternative probes such as beam-dump, hadron-collider, linearcollider, displaced-vertex experiments as well as EWPD.

Impact of radiative correction on neutrino masses, neutrinoless double beta decay, relations among tau and mu decays,...

#### Thanks!