CompactLight linac quadrupoles

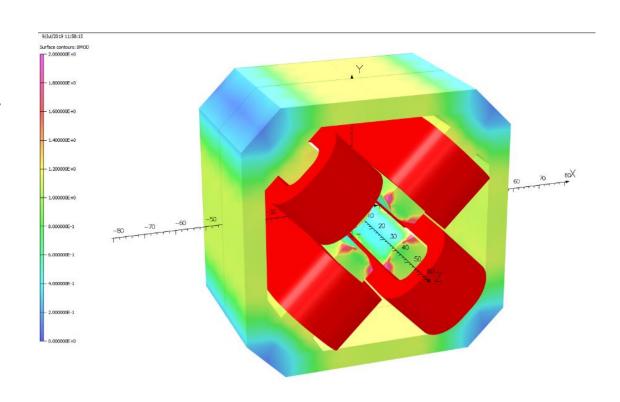
Ben Shepherd
CompactLight meeting
10 July 2020

Specifications

- Pole radius: 7.5 mm
- Integrated strength (gradient x length): 2.72 T
- Horizontal and vertical correctors included
- Short length

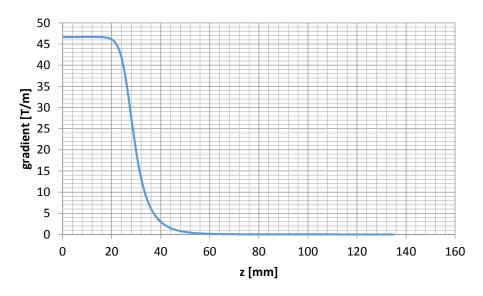
Opera-3D quadrupole design

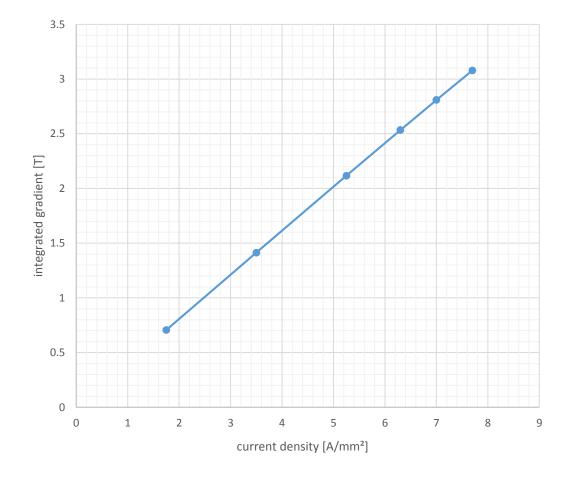
- Aperture 15 mm diameter
- 7 A/mm² in conductors of crosssection 7x21.5 mm
 - OK for water-cooled
- Steel yoke length: 52 mm
- Total length including overhang:
 76 mm
- Height and width: 90 mm (will be extra with corrector windings)



Quadrupole gradient

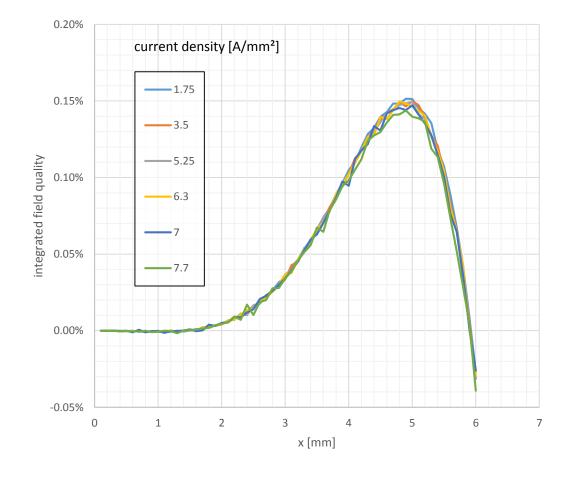
- Gradient 47 T/m at 7 A/mm²
- 2.81 T integrated (target 2.72 T)
- Magnetic length 60 mm
- Good linearity, no saturation





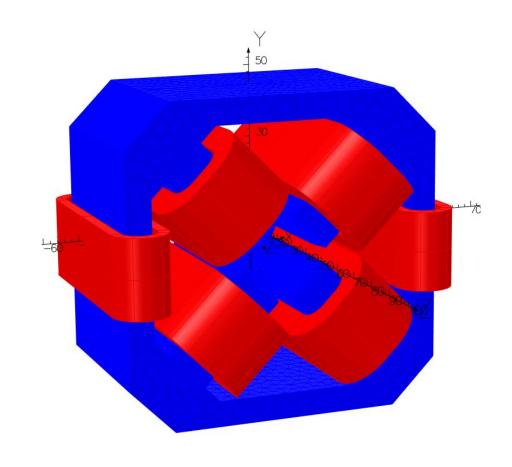
Field quality

- Integrated gradient quality:
 0.15% over ±6mm (0.1% over ±4mm)
- Could be improved by finetuning pole profile
- Independent of excitation (no saturation)



Integrated correctors

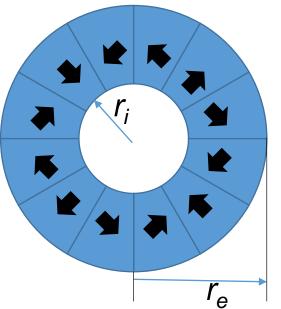
- Added one pair of coils for now: vertical field = horizontal correction
- 3x11 mm cross section
- Adds 16 mm to overall width and height (now 106 mm)
- Current density 7 A/mm²
 - OK for water cooling
- Integrated field 3.0 Tmm



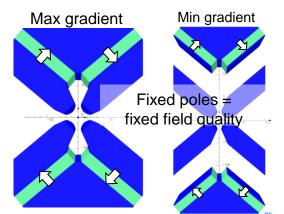
Alternatives

- Halbach PM
- Strong; narrow gap
- Fixed field

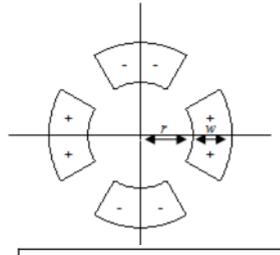
$$G = 2B_r K \left(\frac{1}{r_i} - \frac{1}{r_e}\right)$$



or... ZEPTO quad PM with mechanical tuning

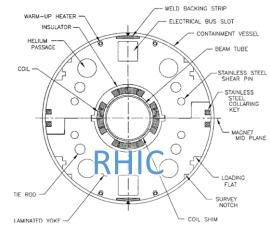


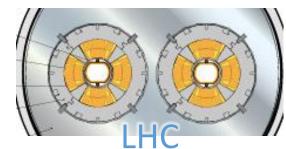
- Cos 2θ superconducting quad
- No iron required



$$G \equiv \gamma_0 j \ln \left(1 + \frac{w}{r} \right)$$

$$\gamma_0 = 6.6 \times 10^7 \,\mathrm{T} \cdot \mathrm{m} \cdot \mathrm{A}^{-1}$$





Open questions

- Field quality?
- Strength of integrated correctors?
- Space required for BPM?
- Need to reduce overall size?