Contribution ID: 95 Type: Poster

## The ATLAS Muon RPC system upgrade for the High Luminosity LHC

The present Resistive Plate Chambers (RPC)trigger system in the ATLAS muon barrel was designed according to a reference luminosity of 10<sup>34</sup> cm-2 s-1 with a safety factor of 5, with respect to the simulated background  $rates, corresponding \ to \ about \ 300 \ fb-1 \ integrated \ luminosity. \ HL-LHC \ will \ reach \ a \ 7.5 \ times \ higher \ luminosity,$ and correspondingly higher rate, an expected integrated luminosity of 5000 fb-1 and a total duration extended until at least 2040, largely increasing the detector performance and longevity required. Moreover, the present muon barrel trigger acceptance is just above 70%, due to the presence of the barrel toroid support structures. The ATLAS muon Collaboration approved a major RPC upgrade plan, involving both detector and triggerreadout electronics, to guarantee the performance required by the physics program for the 20 years scheduled. This plan pivots on installing a layer of 272 new generation RPCs in the inner barrel (BI), to increase the redundancy, the selectivity, and provide almost full acceptance. The first 10% of the system, corresponding to the edges of the inner barrel even sectors (BIS78), is being installed as pilot of the phase-2 project. To match the performance requirements, the new RPCs will have a different structure, materials and a high performance front-end electronics. The new BI chambers and readout electronics, will substantially increase the redundancy and flexibility of the trigger algorithm, increasing its selectivity and efficiency and at the same time lowering the performance demand on the legacy RPCs, extending thus their longevity to match the HL-LHC target. A report on the upgrade project will be presented.

Presenter: XIE, Xiangyu (University of Science and Technology of China (CN))

Session Classification: Poster Session