

Wedge Analysis

Longitude Problems

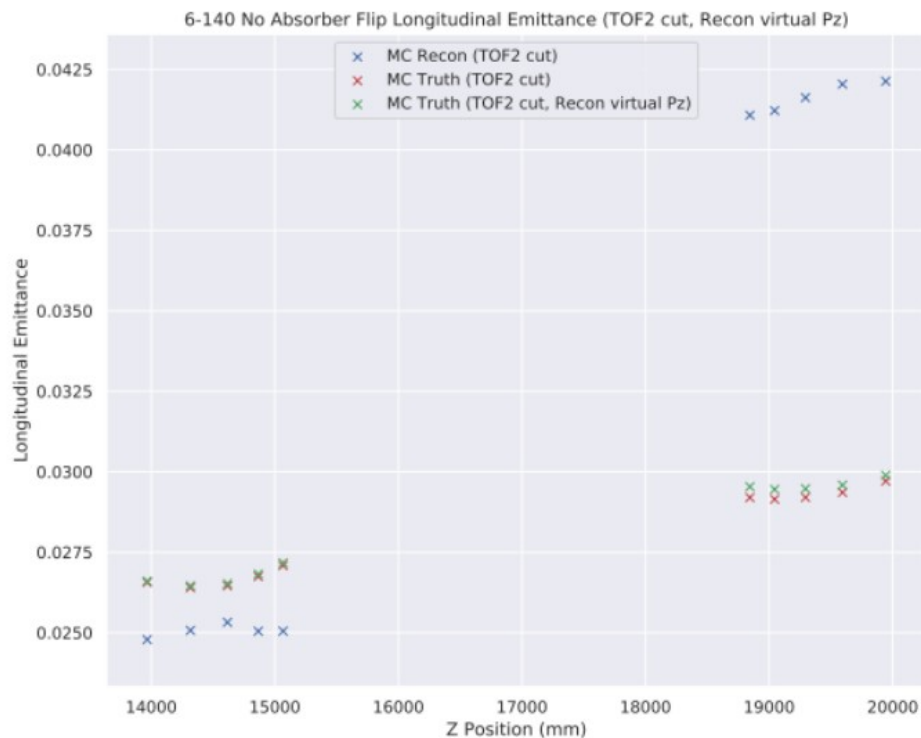
Previously

- Showed Emittance, Amplitude and Density all had Longitudinal and 6D Problems in MC Recon but not in MC Truth
- MC Truth showed 6D Density Conservation, little change in Amplitude and small change in Emittance (non-linearities) when no absorber is present. Wedge case showed dispersion effects that still need a correction
- Showed Pz is a problem by substituting Pz Truth by Pz Recon
- Gave back of envelope calculation of why Pz bias could be there, will show some more plots about it

Longitudinal Emittance

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- Green is same as Truth except Time has been reconstructed using Truth P_z
- Recon shows larger discrepancies (Resolution effect)
- No Absorber Longitudinal Emittance shows small change, but Wedge Longitudinal Emittance doubles between TKU and TKD

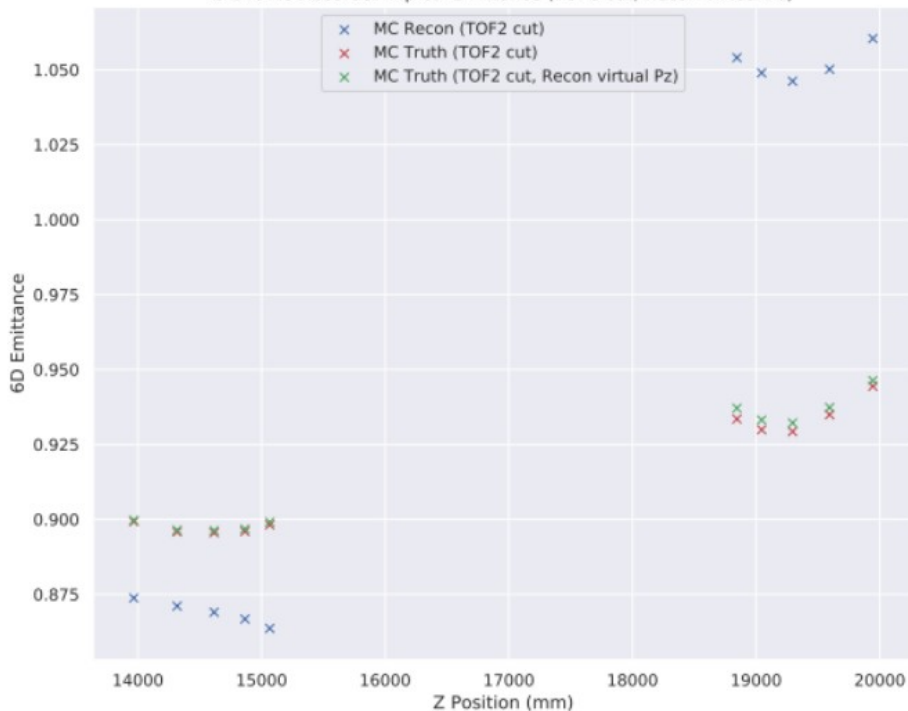


6D emittance

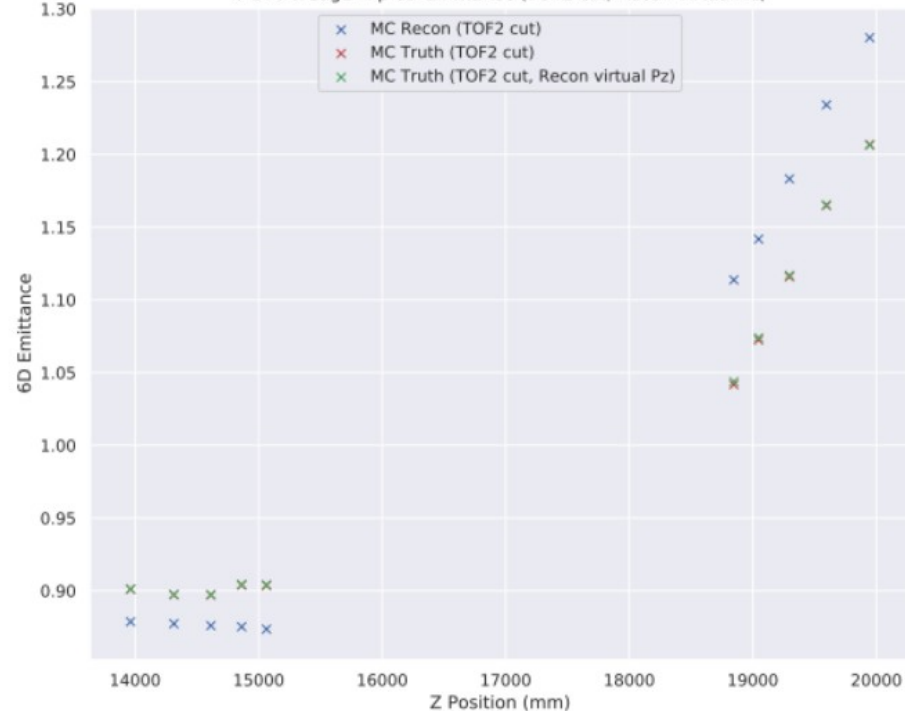
75

- Green is same as Truth except Time has been reconstructed using Truth Pz
- Recon shows larger discrepancies (Resolution effect)
- Could take larger momentum bite, but would then need to correct transverse components. Probably need to in Wedge case due to dispersion downstream

6-140 No Absorber Flip 6D Emittance (TOF2 cut, Recon virtual Pz)

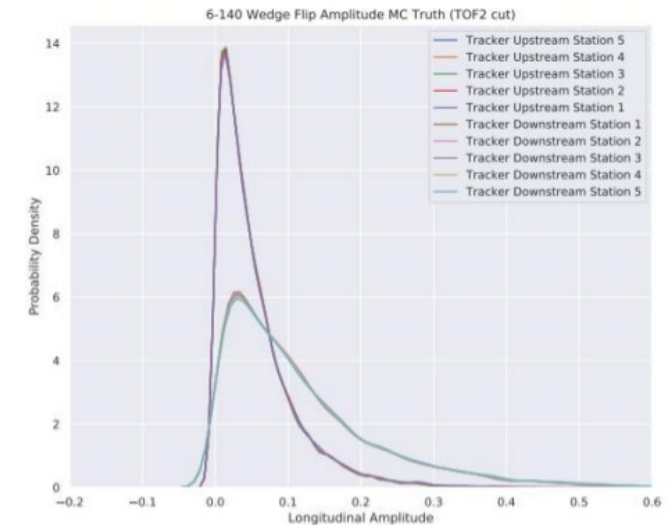
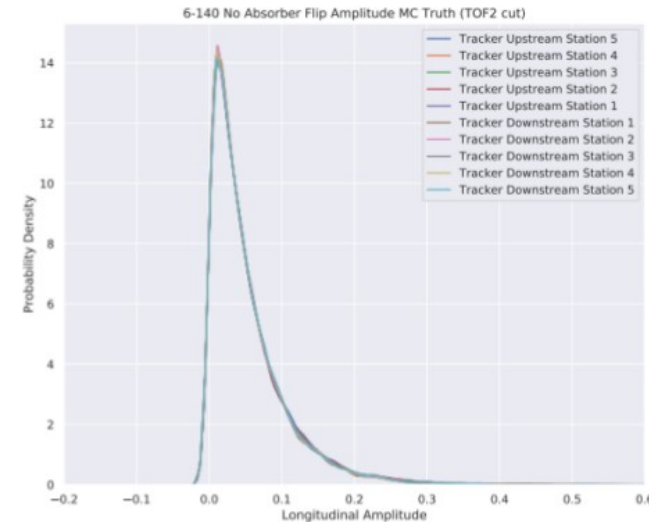
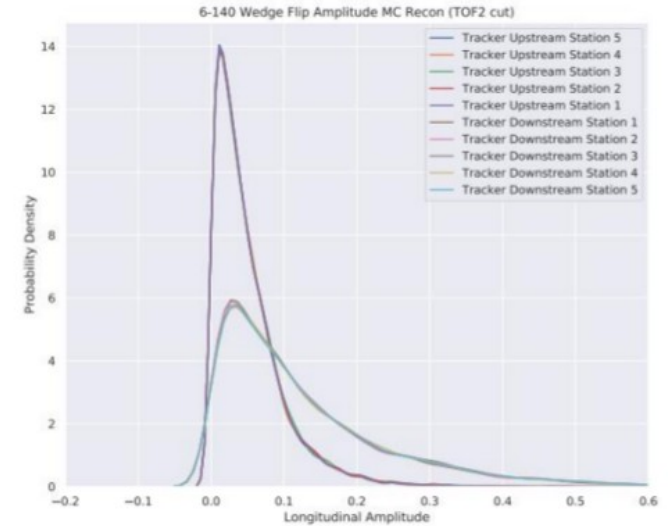
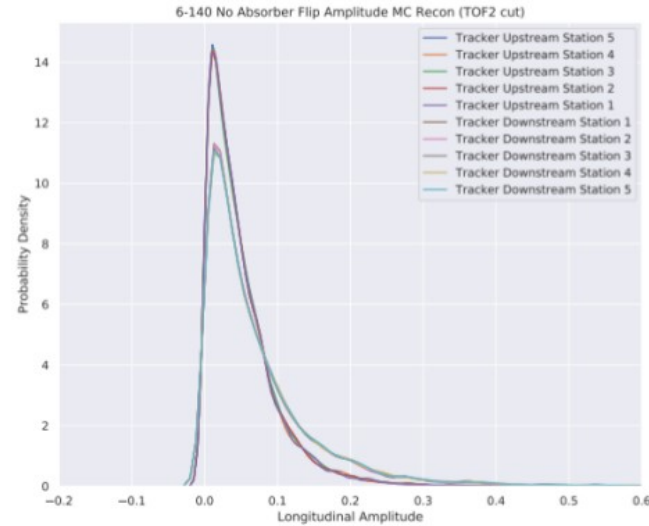


6-140 Wedge Flip 6D Emittance (TOF2 cut, Recon virtual Pz)



Longitudinal Amplitude

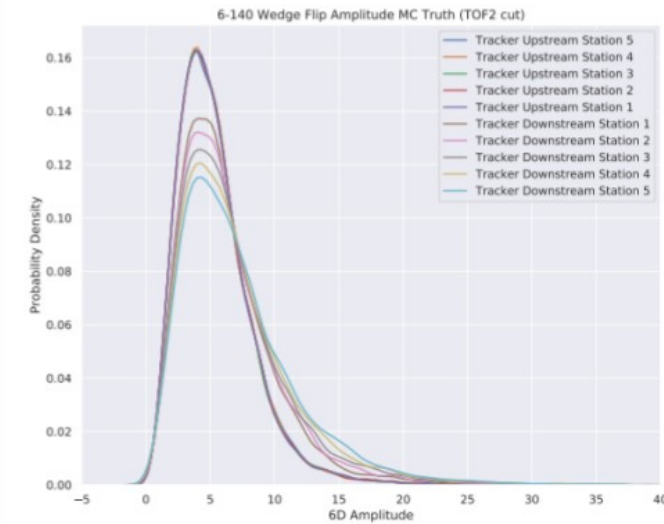
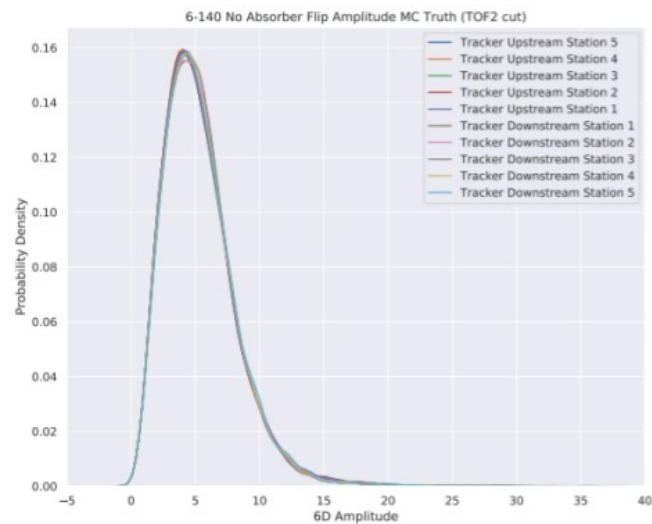
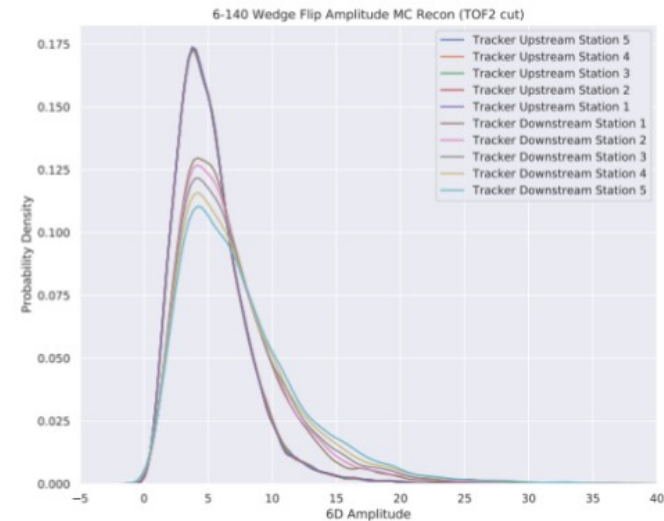
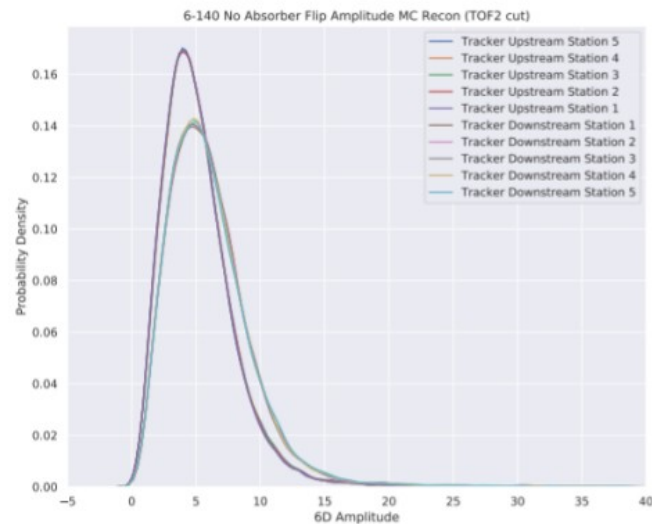
- MC Truth shows conservation between TKU and TKD for No Absorber
- Growth for Wedge
- Recon is off due to the P_z being reconstructed differently in TKU and TKD



6D Amplitude

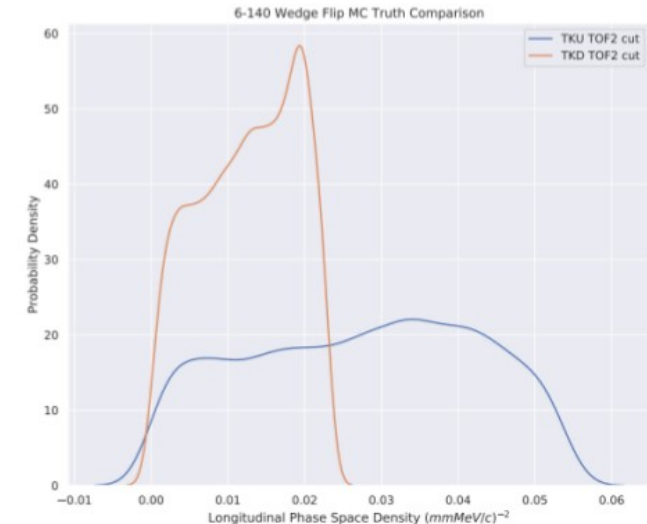
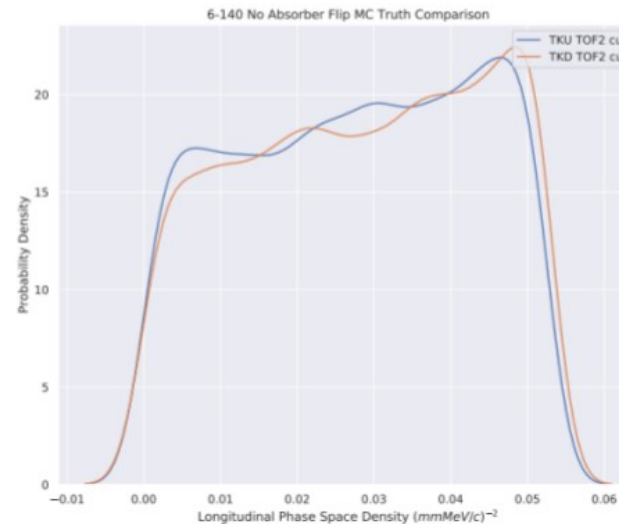
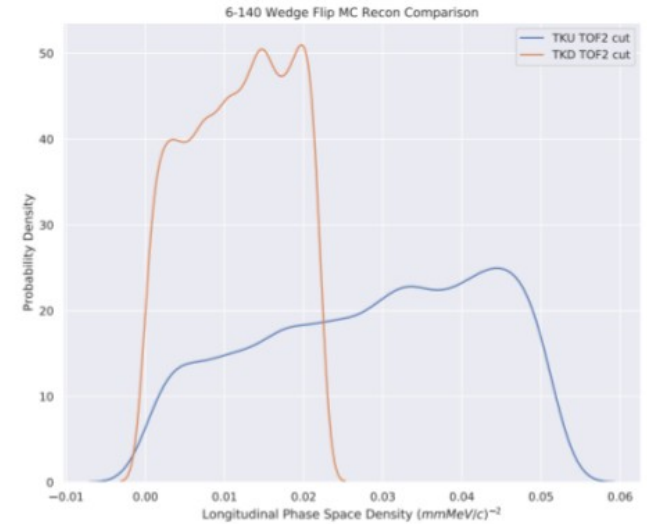
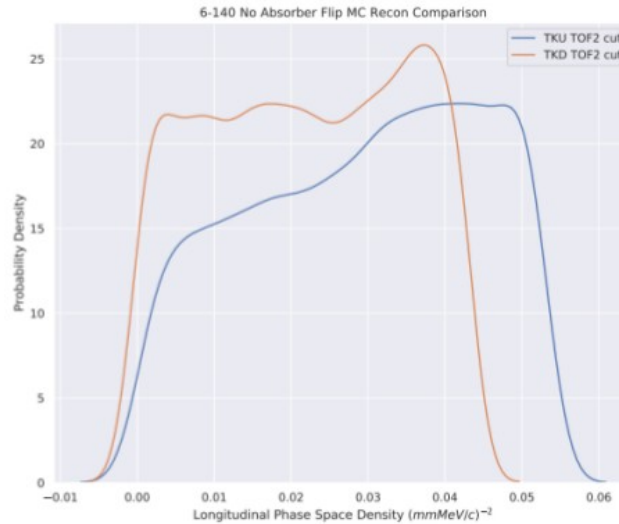
77

- Truth shows 6D conservation for No Absorber case
- Wedge shows change between TKU and TKD and within TKD due to dispersion
- Likely need to correct Transverse components for extra rotation
- Makes separation of 6D into Transverse and Longitudinal components tricky



Longitudinal Density

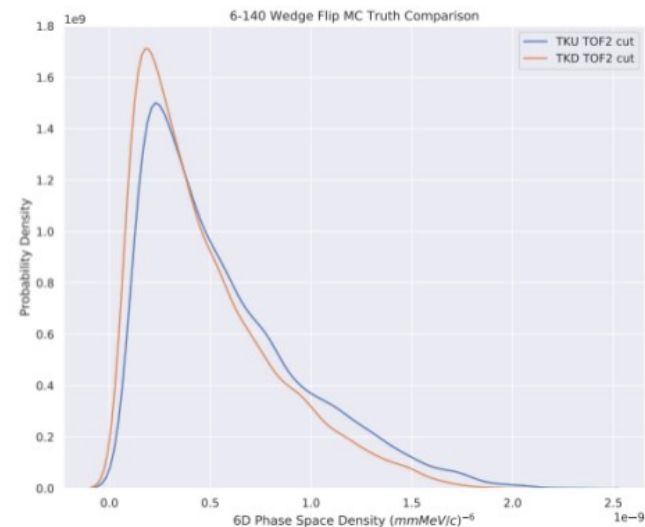
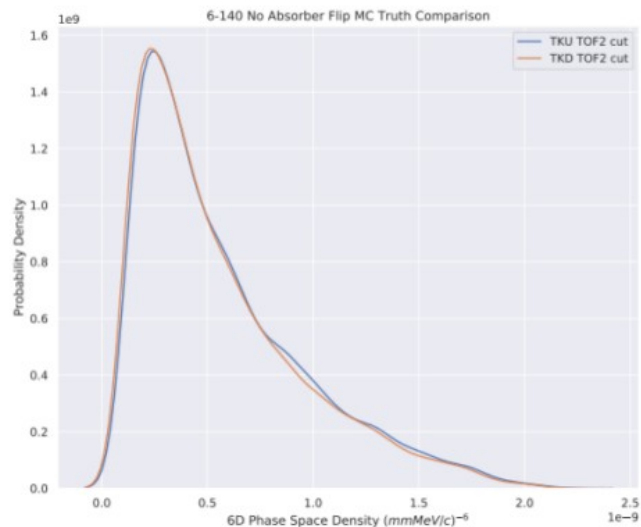
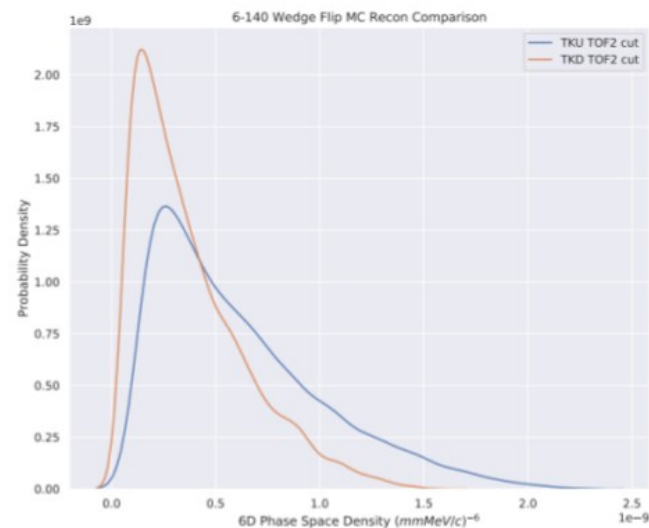
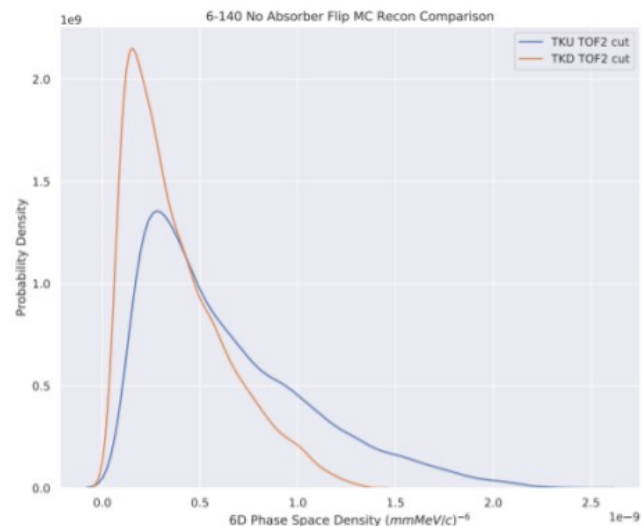
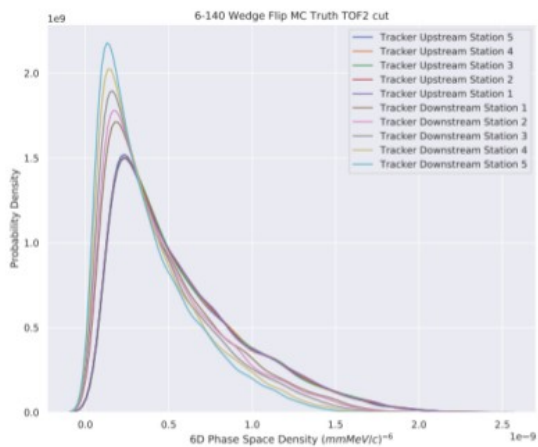
- See similar effects for longitudinal density as for Amplitude
- Truth conserves No Absorber density and halves Wedge density of beam.
- Wedge density shape change indicates some edge effect



6D Density

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- 6D density is also similar to 6D Amplitude
- It also has same effect through TKD -> Transverse Components need correction



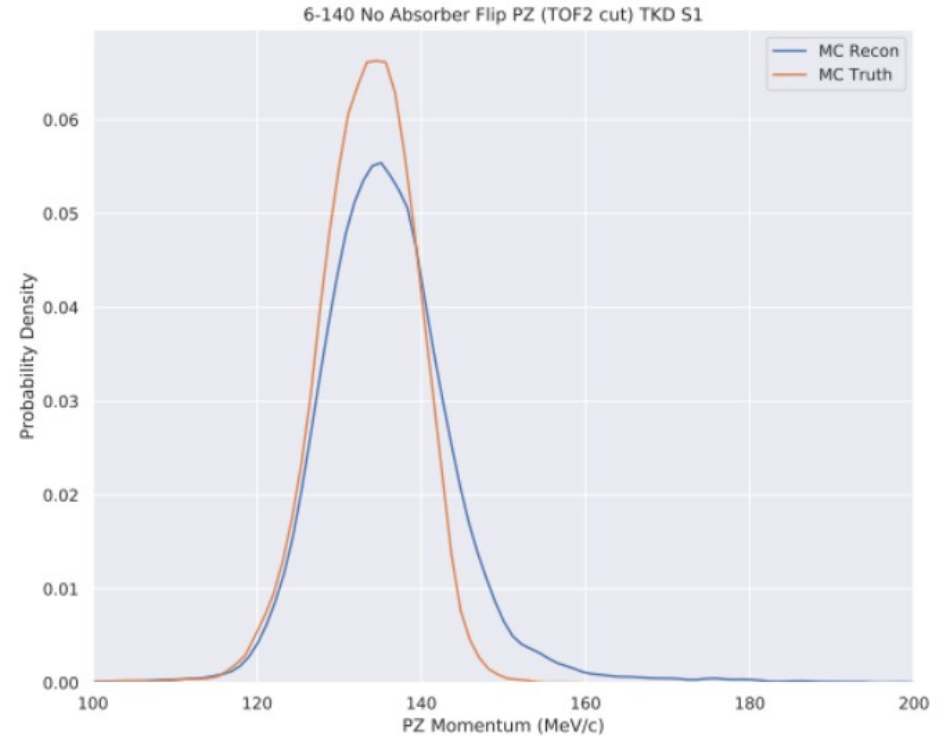
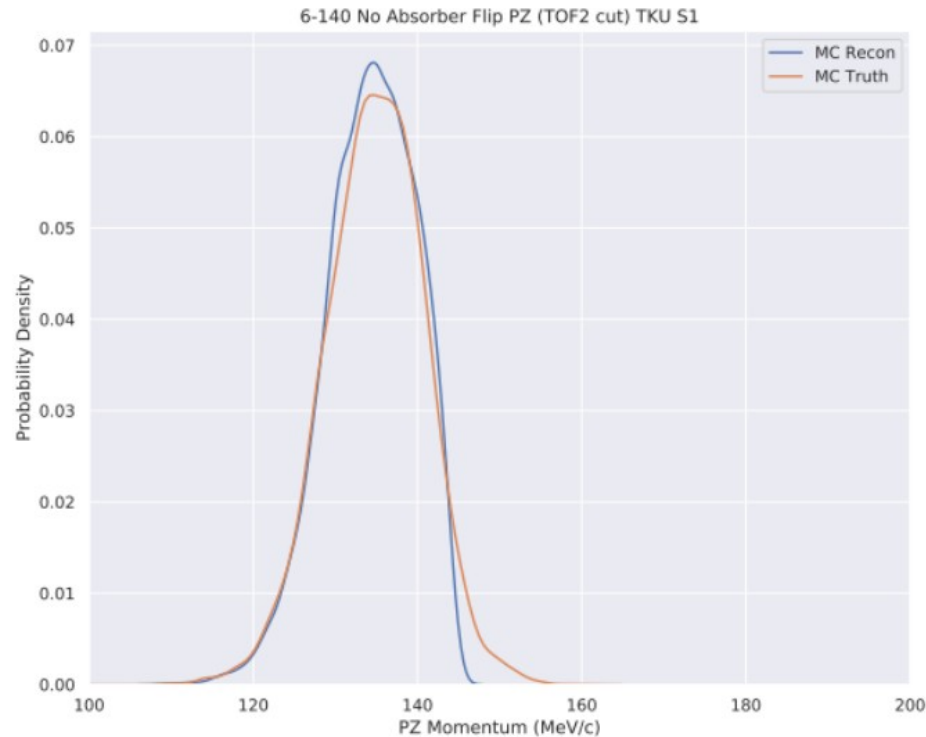
Pz Bias

- Difference becomes obvious when one looks at Pz distribution and Residuals
- Clear difference in Mean and RMS between TKU and TKD
- i.e. Energy is being added to the particle between TKU and TKD as a result of the Reconstruction, but that amount varies depending on the particle
- Low/High Pt, Pz, radius, Bz and other parameters affect the amount of bias
- The Recon phase-space volume becomes distorted from the Truth phase-space volume (e.g. a cube whose sides become more concave/convex). The distortion is also different between the trackers.
- For example a low Pz particle will have a different Residual compared to a high Pz particle. The distribution and Phase-space volume is stretched differently depending on Pz. Similarly the other parameters also have similar effects. They are also not necessarily linear.

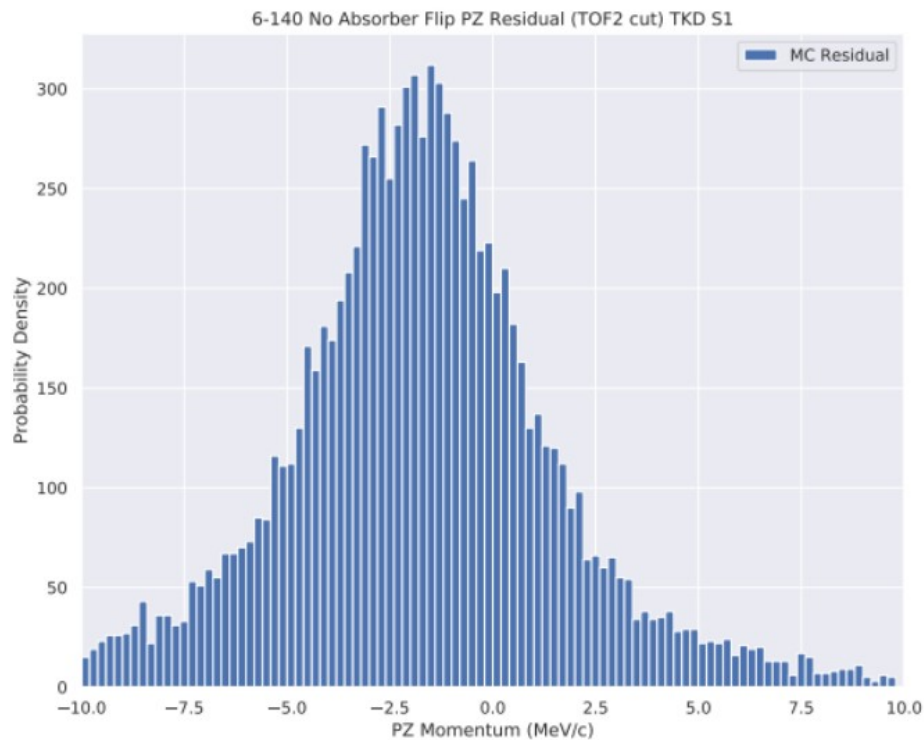
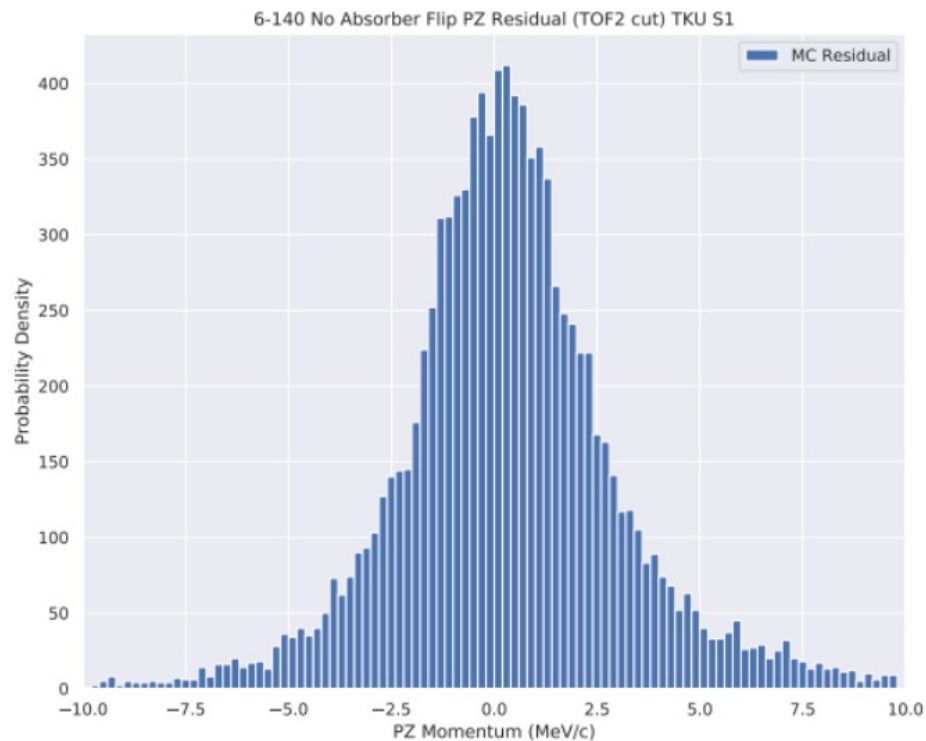
Pz Distribution at Reference Planes

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- TKU: Recon Probability Distribution is narrower and taller
- TKD: Recon Probability Distribution is broader and smaller
- Trackers are not identical in their reconstruction -> systematic bias

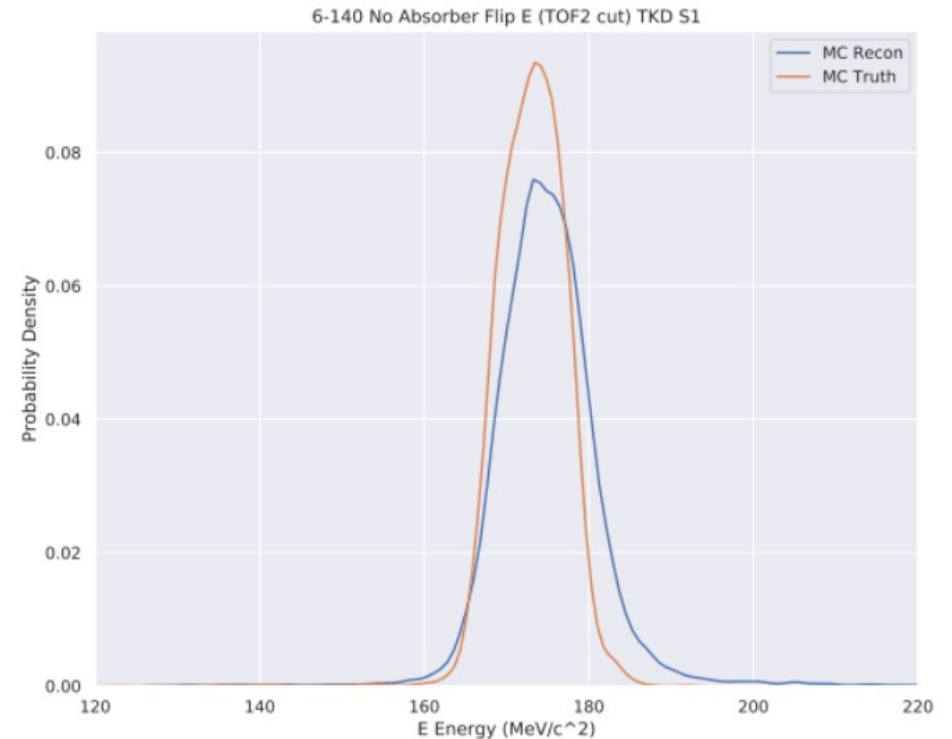
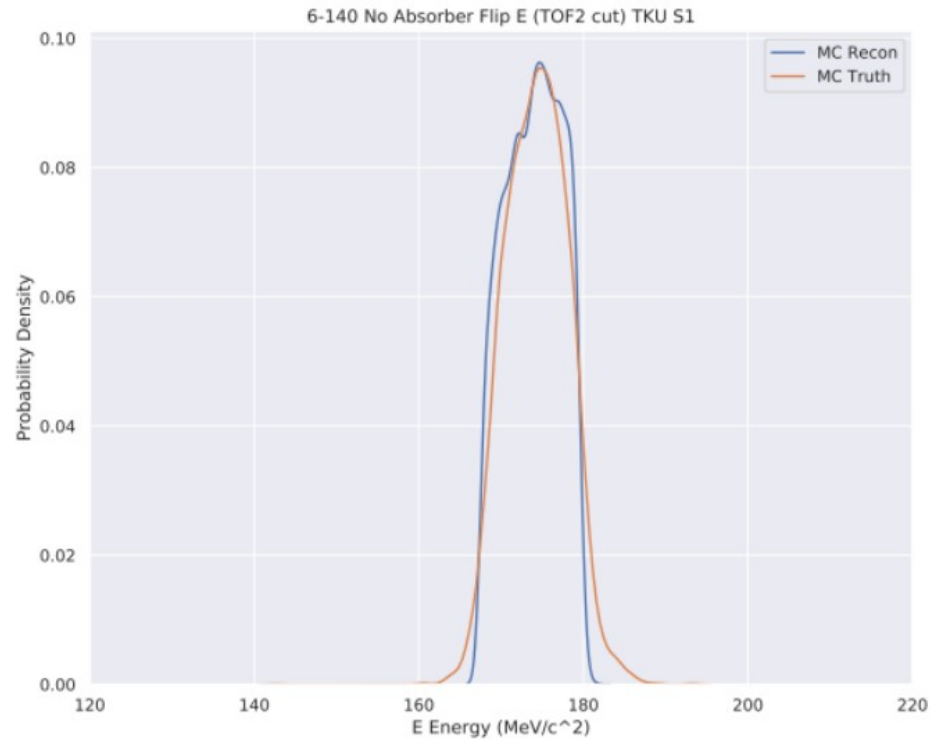


Pz Residuals at Reference Planes



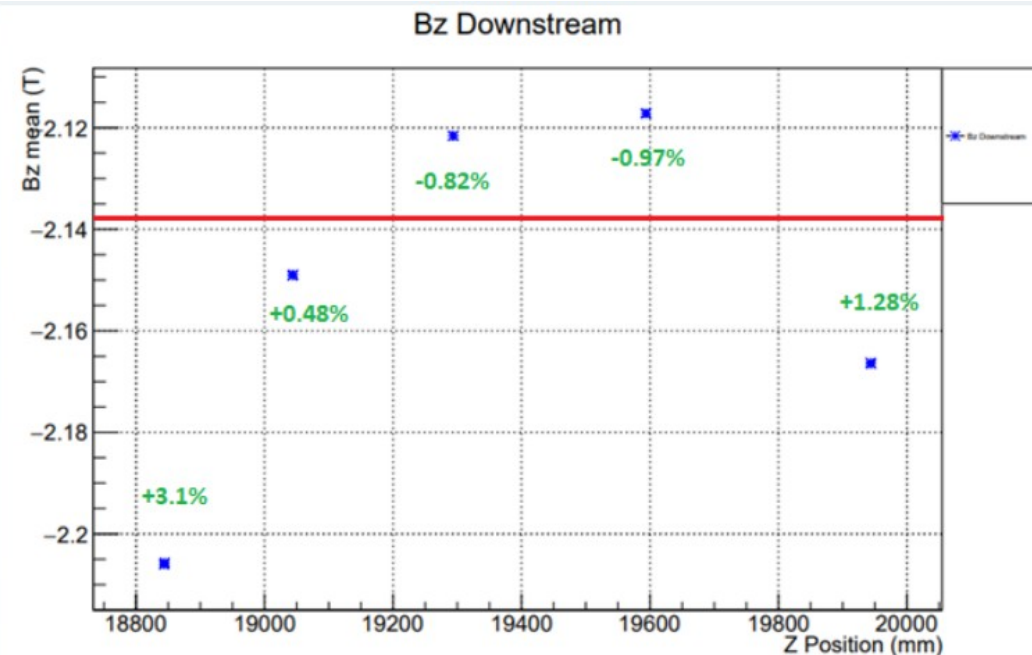
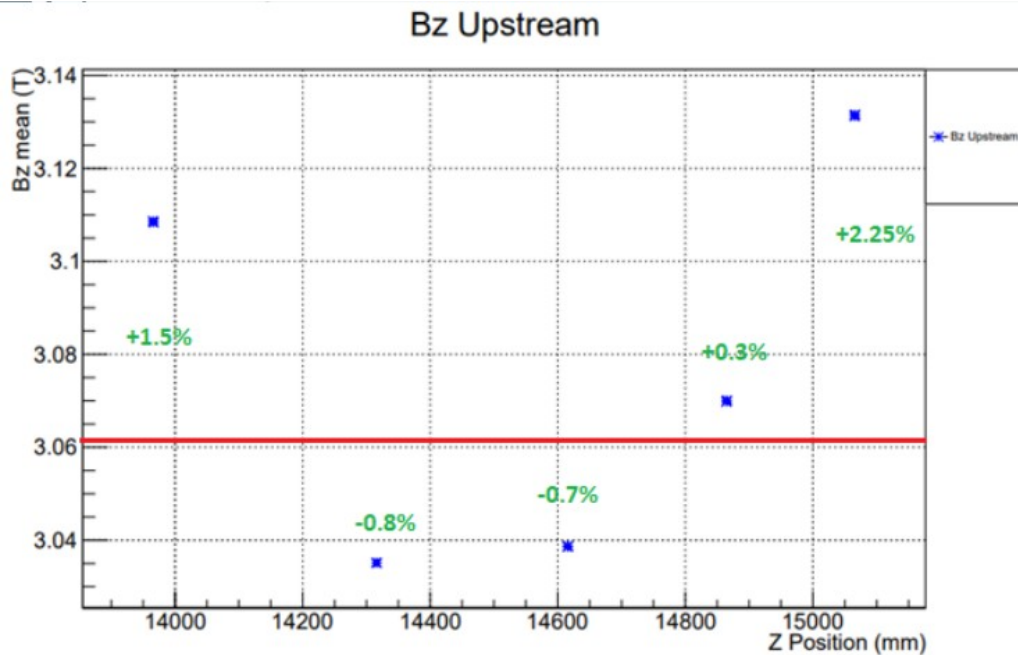
Energy distribution at Reference Planes

- Similar to Pz



My ideas for why Pz is biased

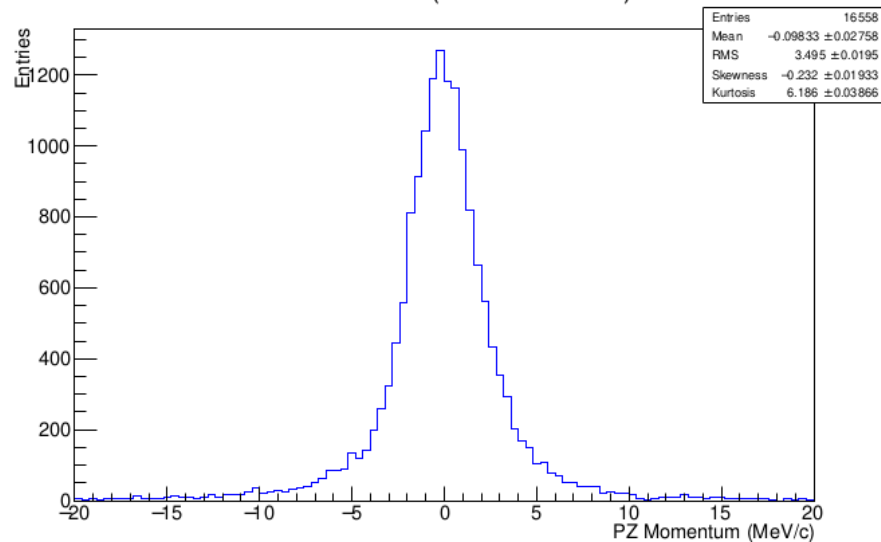
- Non-homogeneity of the magnetic field
- Misalignments
- Energy Loss in Tracker doesn't account for helix deformation



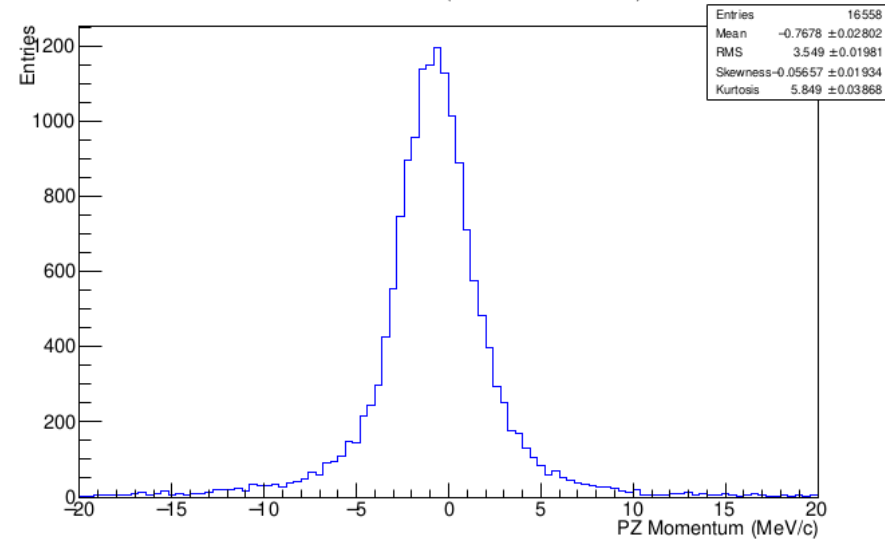
Non-homogeneity of Magnetic field

- Know there is a P_z bias
- It changes both in the tracker and between the trackers
- Will compare it to a constant field solenoid
- Will look at the effect of scaling the field

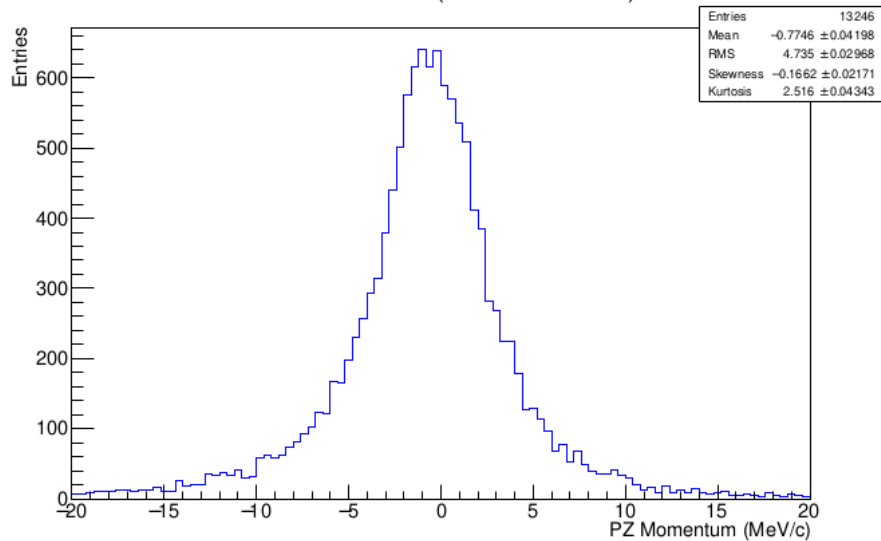
PZ1 Residual (Virtual - Recon)



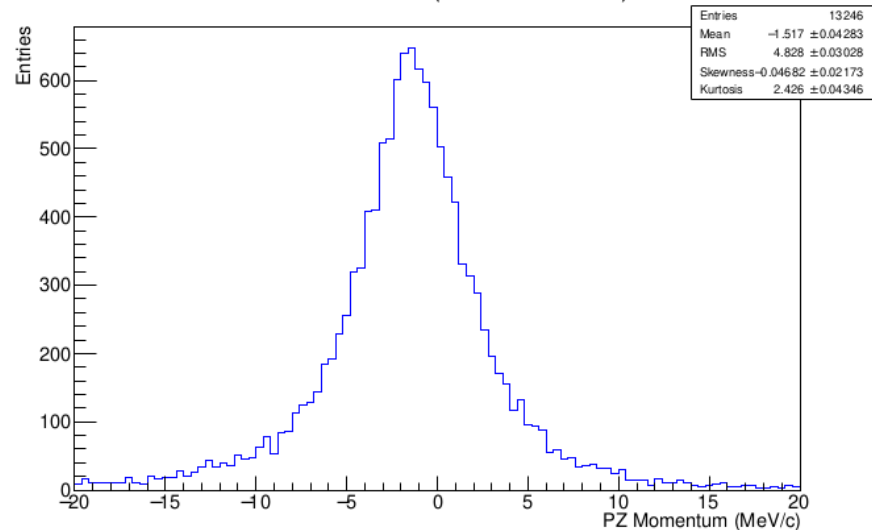
PZ15 Residual (Virtual - Recon)



PZ16 Residual (Virtual - Recon)

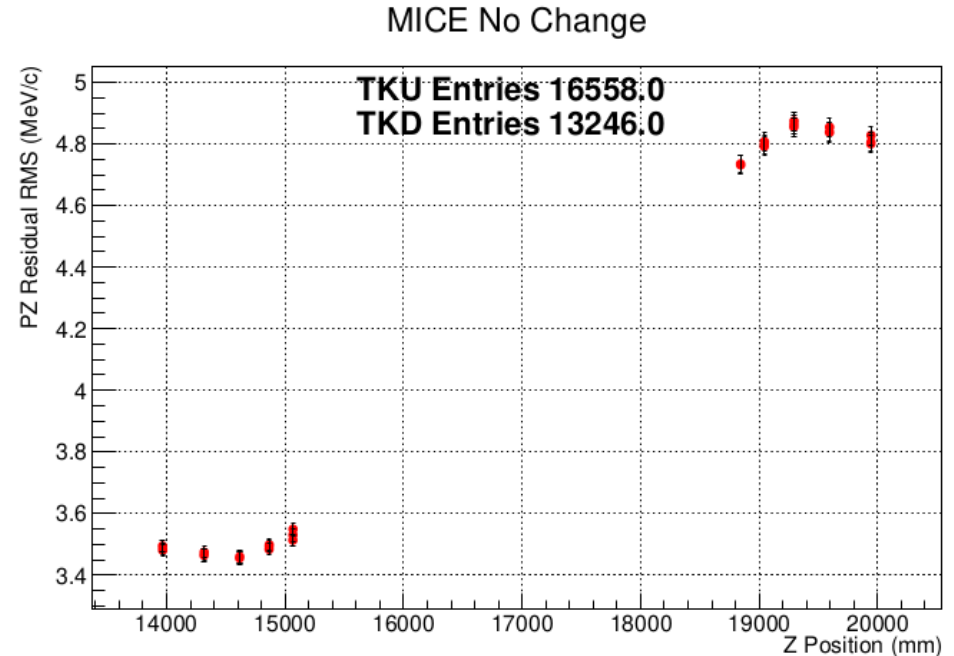
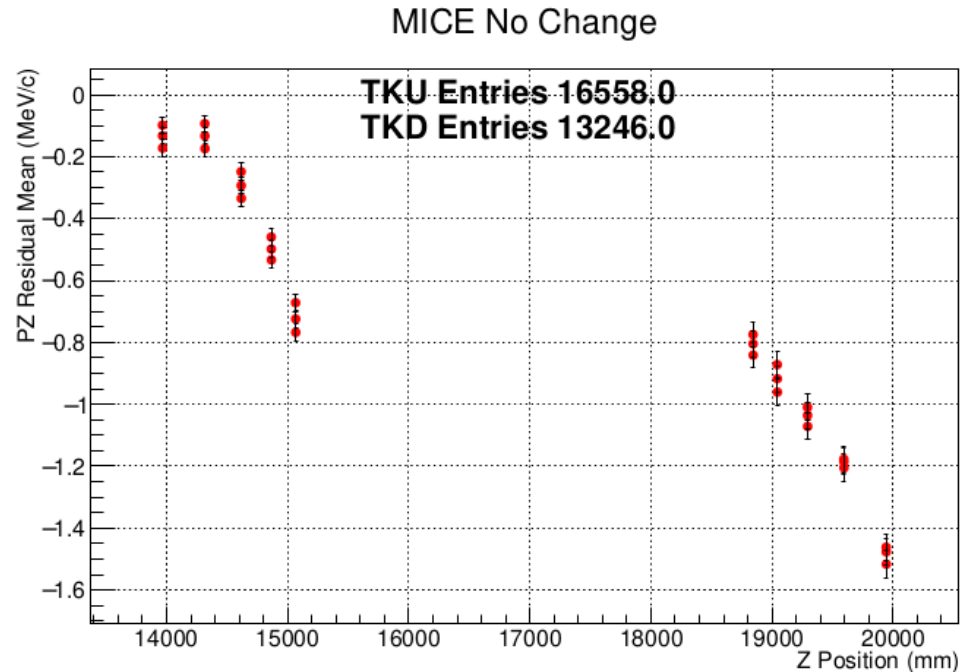


PZ30 Residual (Virtual - Recon)



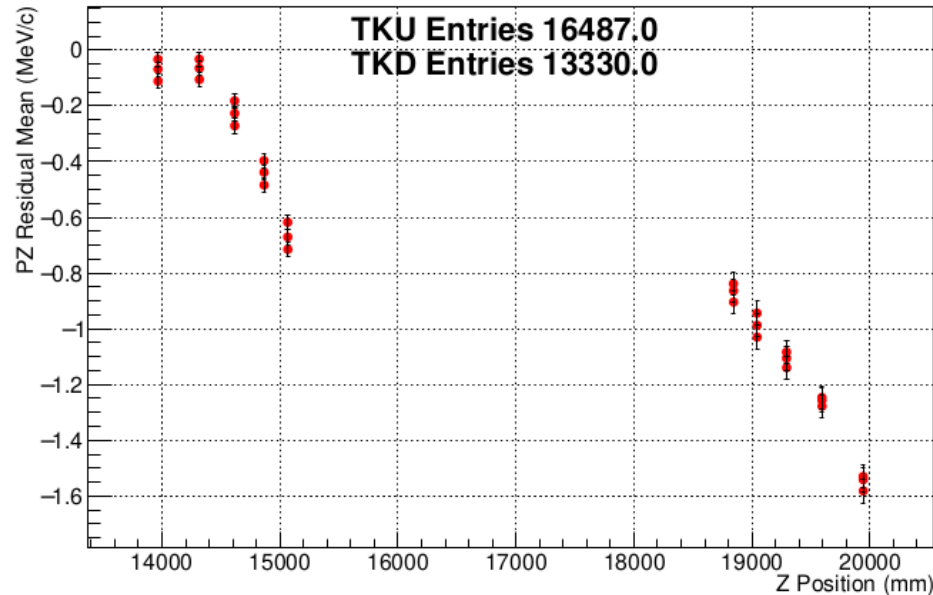
Non-homogeneity of MICE Magnetic Field

- Pz Residual Mean: Grows in and between trackers
- Pz Residual RMS: Constant in tracker, different between trackers (perhaps due to 3T vs 2T field)

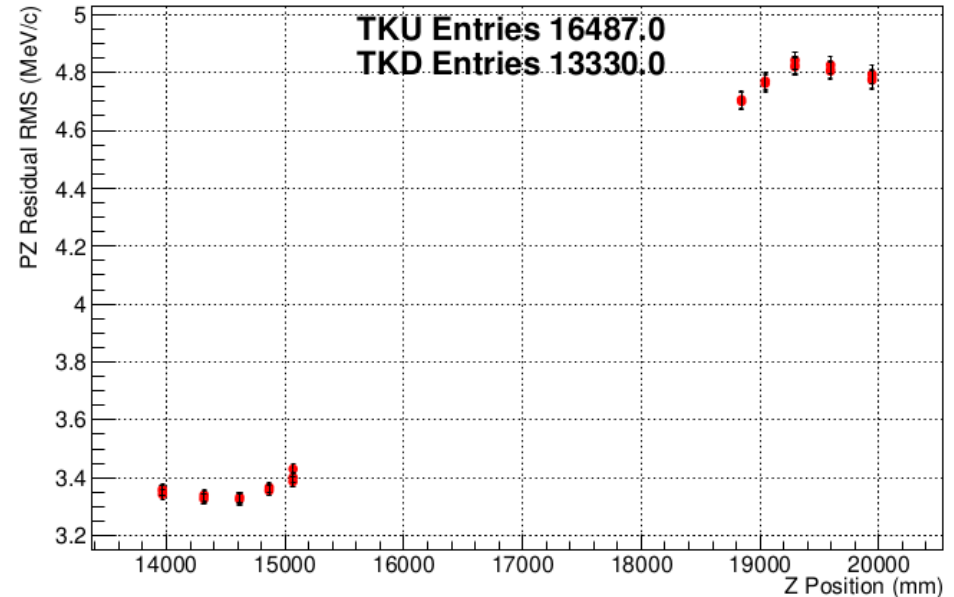


- MICE field scaled as in MAUS, 2% TKU, 1.8%TKD

MICE MF Scaled TKU 102%, TKD 101.8%

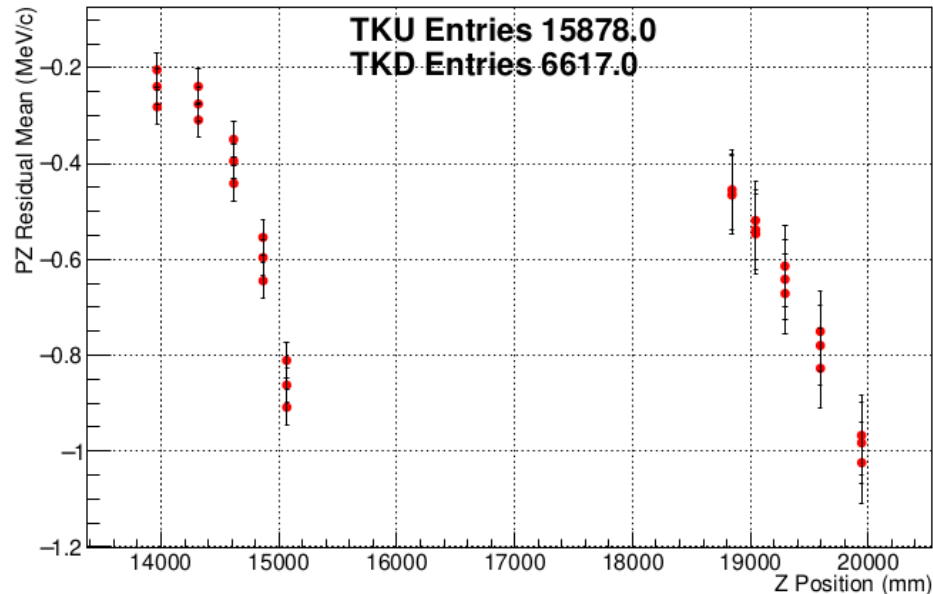


MICE MF Scaled TKU 102%, TKD 101.8%

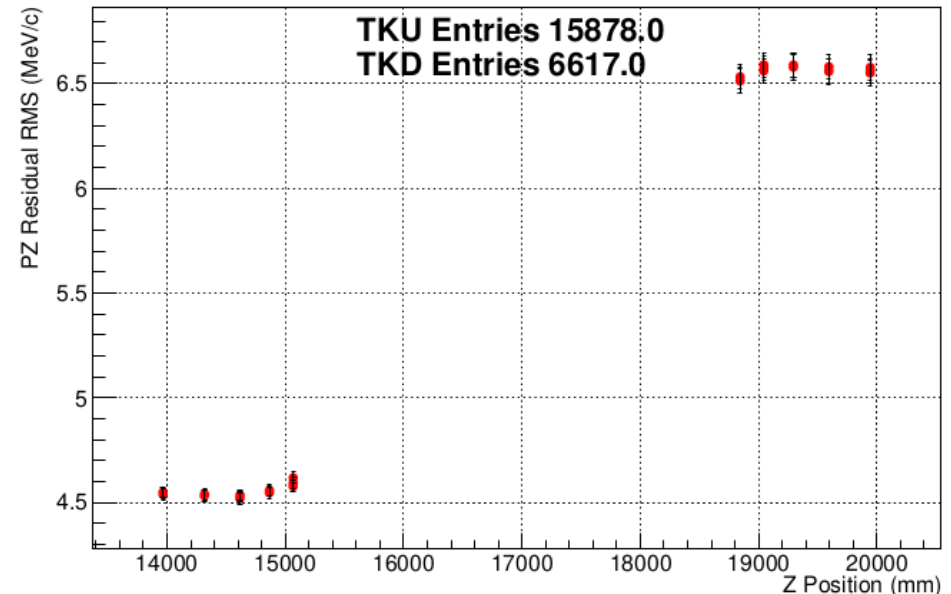


- Magnetic field in Trackers scaled to 2/3 value
- i.e. $\sim 2\text{T}$ in TKU, $\sim 1.33\text{T}$ in TKD

MICE MF Scaled TKU 66%, TKD 66%

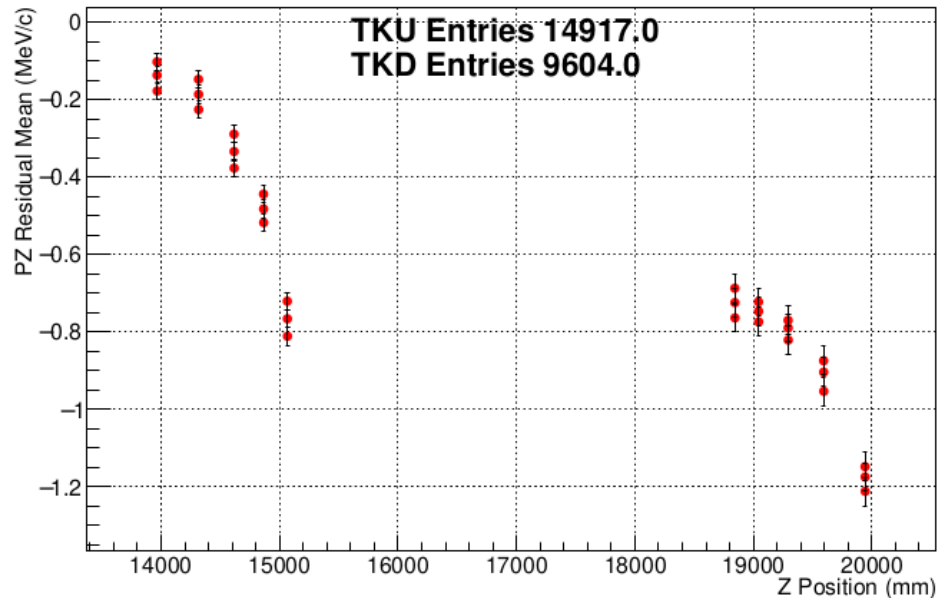


MICE MF Scaled TKU 66%, TKD 66%

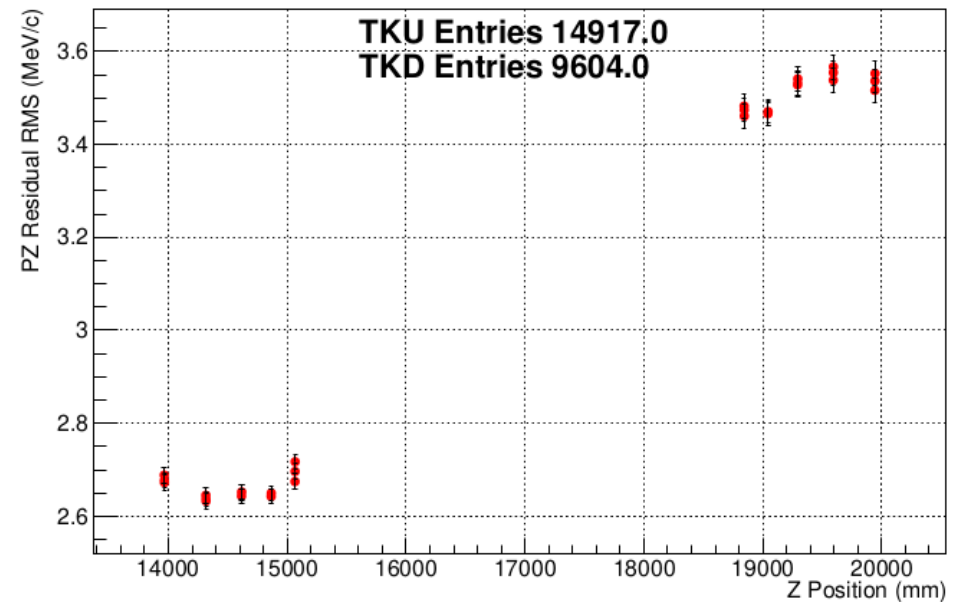


- Magnetic field in Trackers scaled to 3/2 value
- i.e. $\sim 4.5\text{T}$ in TKU, $\sim 3\text{T}$ in TKD

MICE MF Scaled TKU 150%, TKD 150%



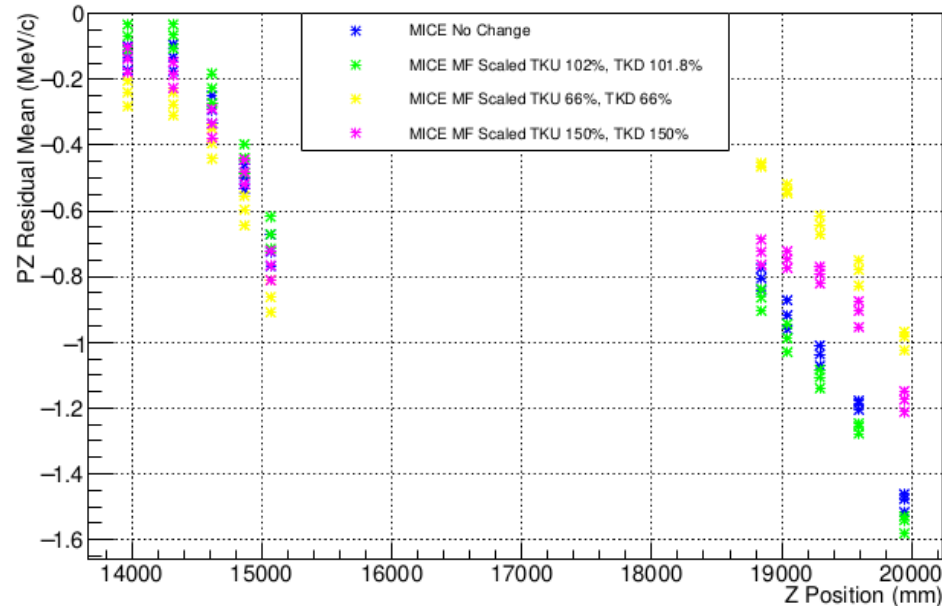
MICE MF Scaled TKU 150%, TKD 150%



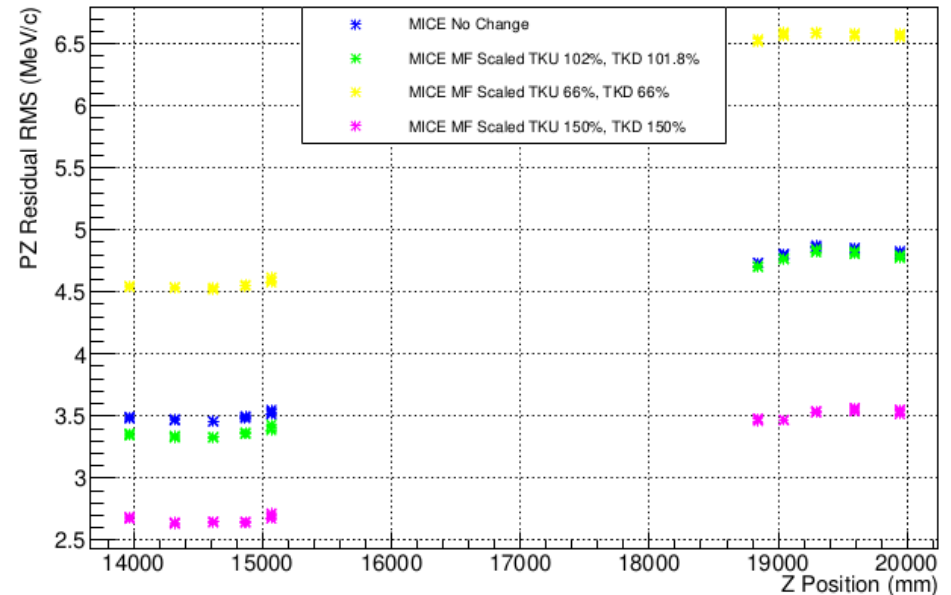
Higher Fields improve RMS, when fields at similar strength in TKU and TKD then RMS similar

- Mean PZ Residual changes, but appears more of a transmission effect

Mean PZ Residual



RMS PZ Residual



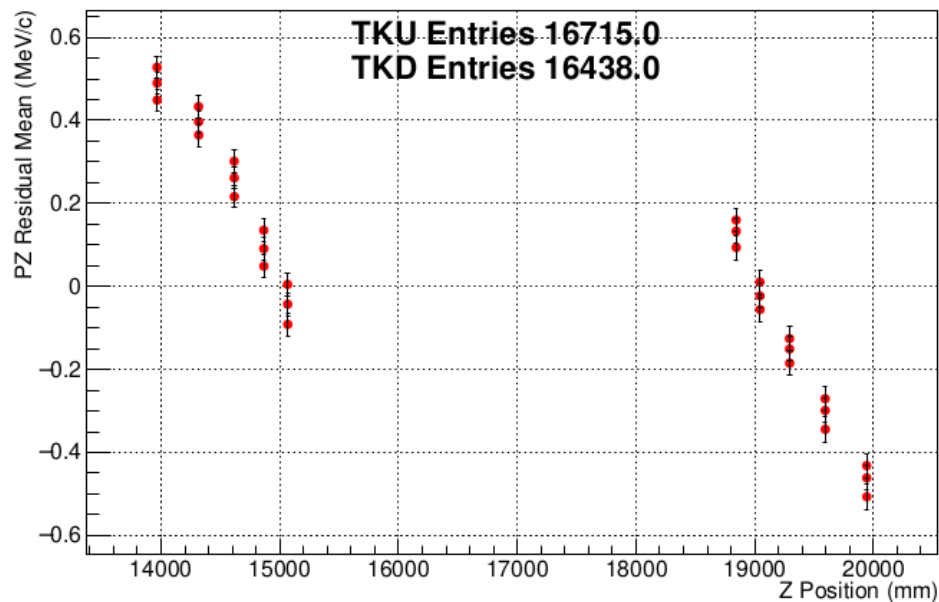
Non-homogenous to homogenous

- Will remove all the MICE Fields and replace it by a long constant solenoid field centred at the absorber and covering both trackers
- The same particles are propagated as previously
- All start at a virtual plane just before first plane of TKU. These candidate particles were extracted at that plane from MC run 247 at that plane.

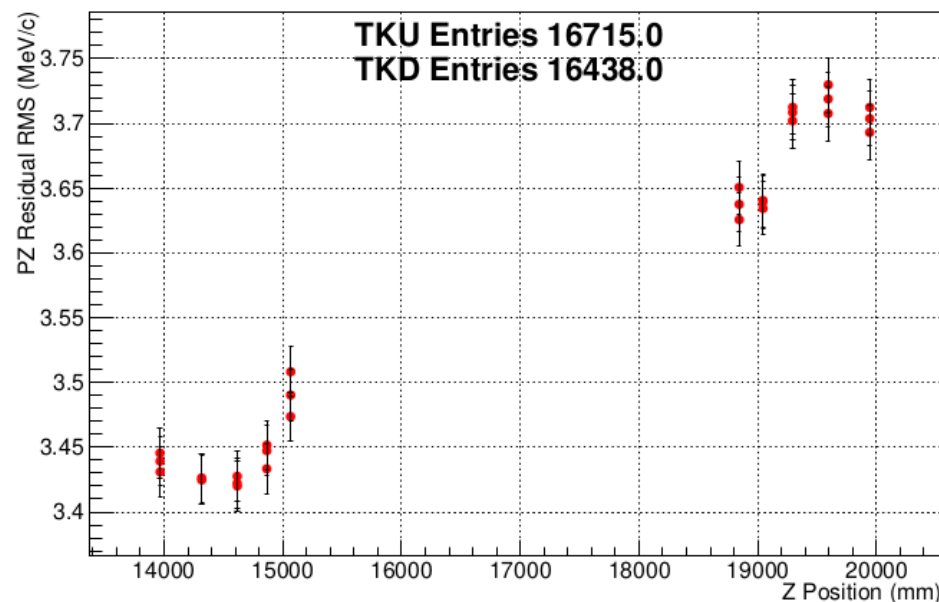
Homogenous Constant 3T Solenoid Field

- Pz Residual Mean: the mean bias is improved, but it shows similar growth within the tracker
- Pz Residual RMS: similar TKU, reduced in TKD

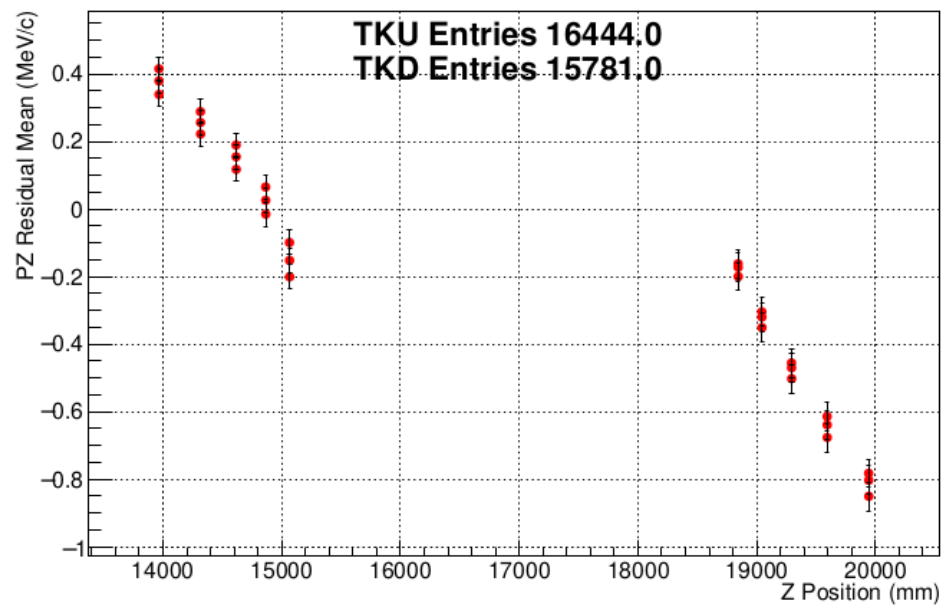
3T CF TKU MF Rotation



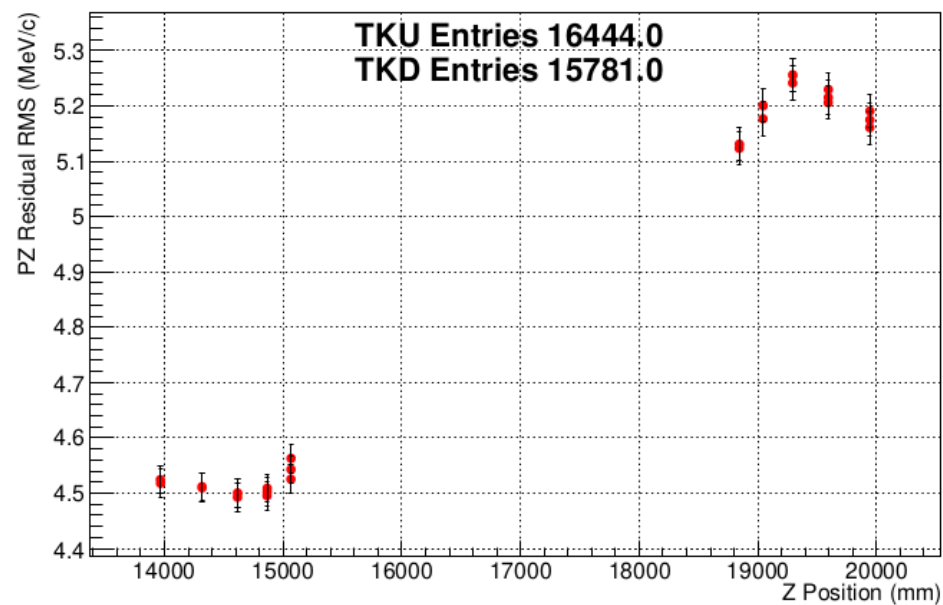
3T CF TKU MF Rotation



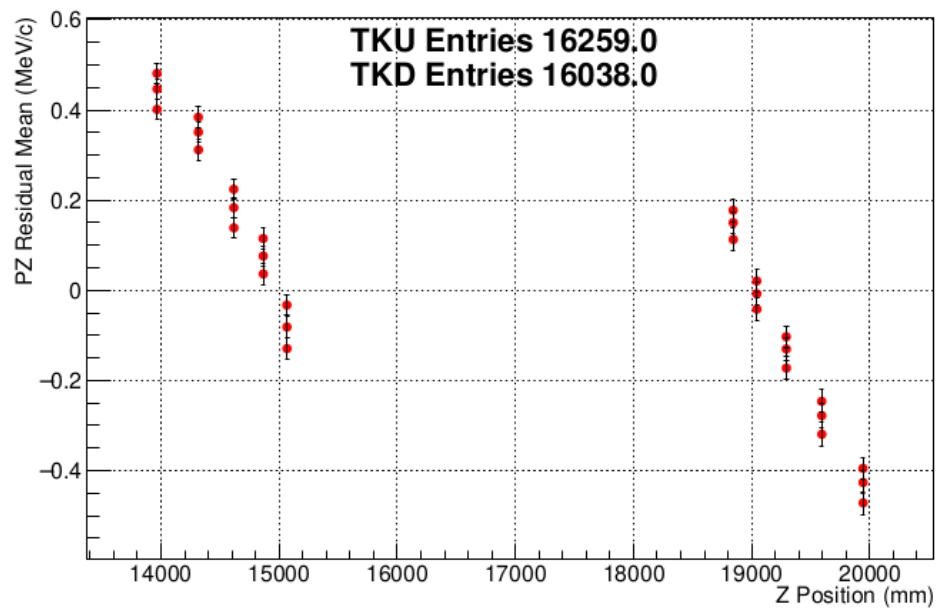
2T CF TKU MF Rotation



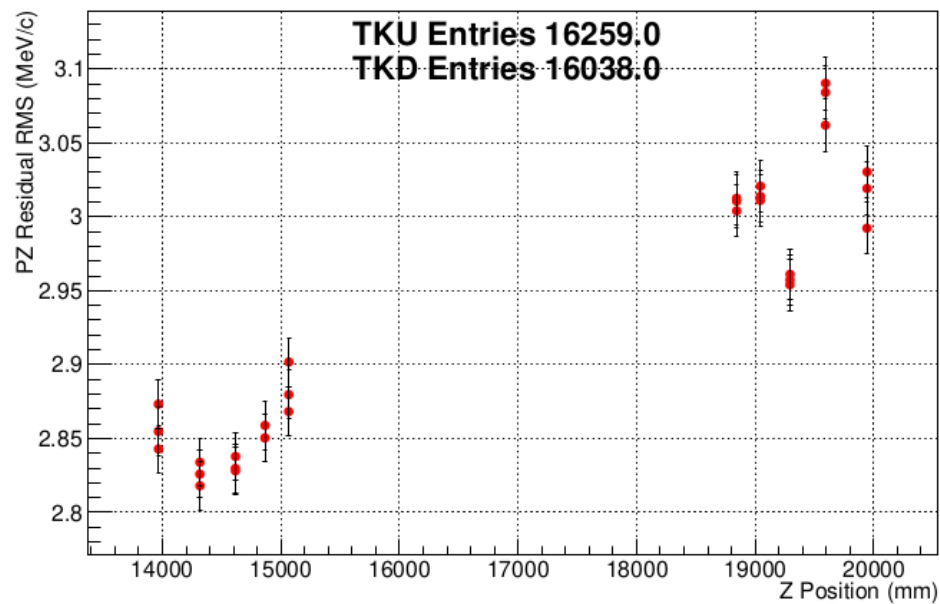
2T CF TKU MF Rotation



4T CF TKU MF Rotation



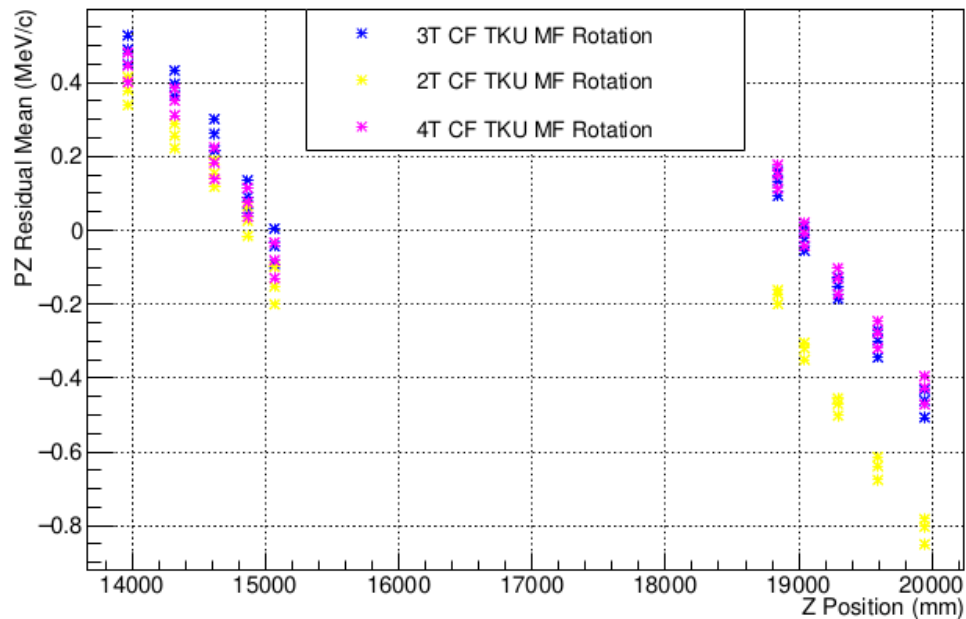
4T CF TKU MF Rotation



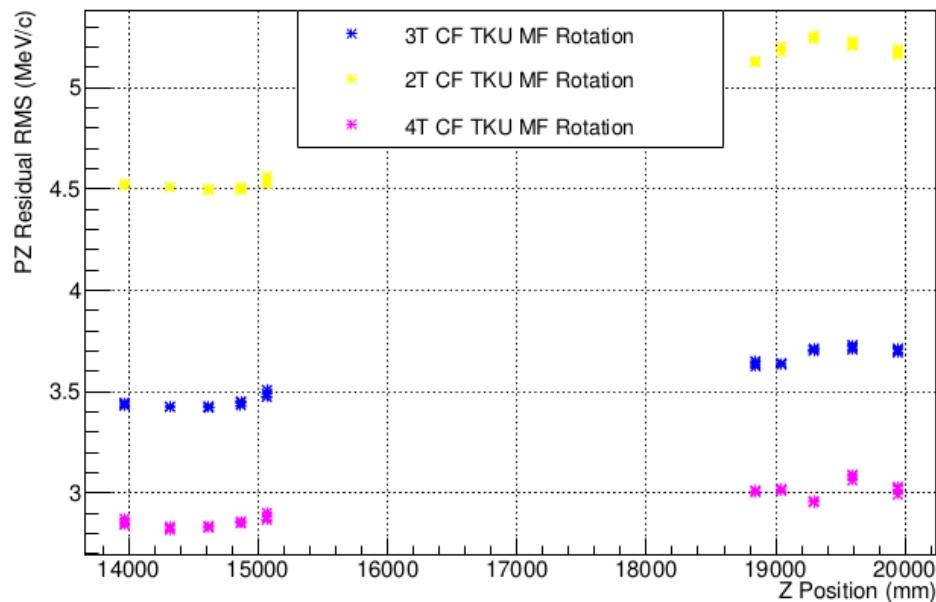
Higher fields - > Better RMS

- Residual in tracker decreases linearly

- Mean PZ Residual



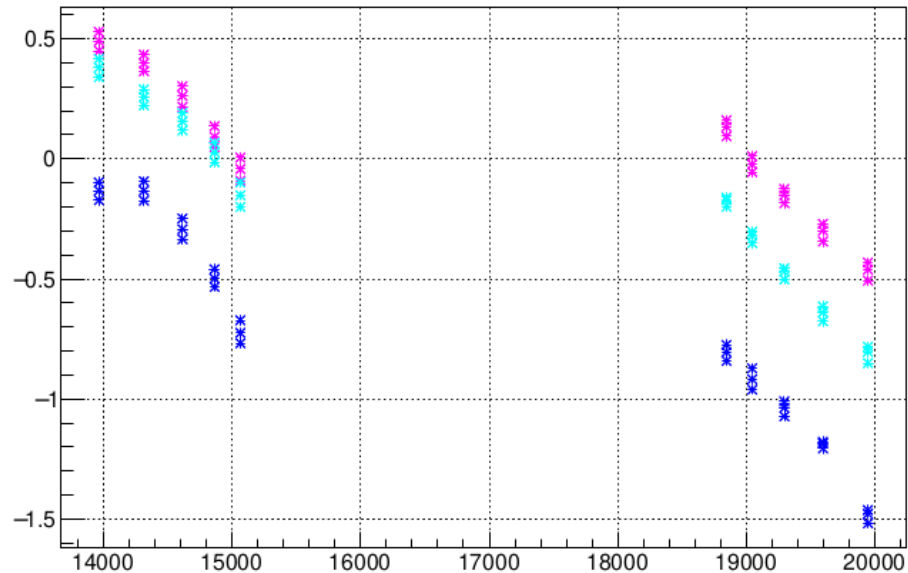
RMS PZ Residual



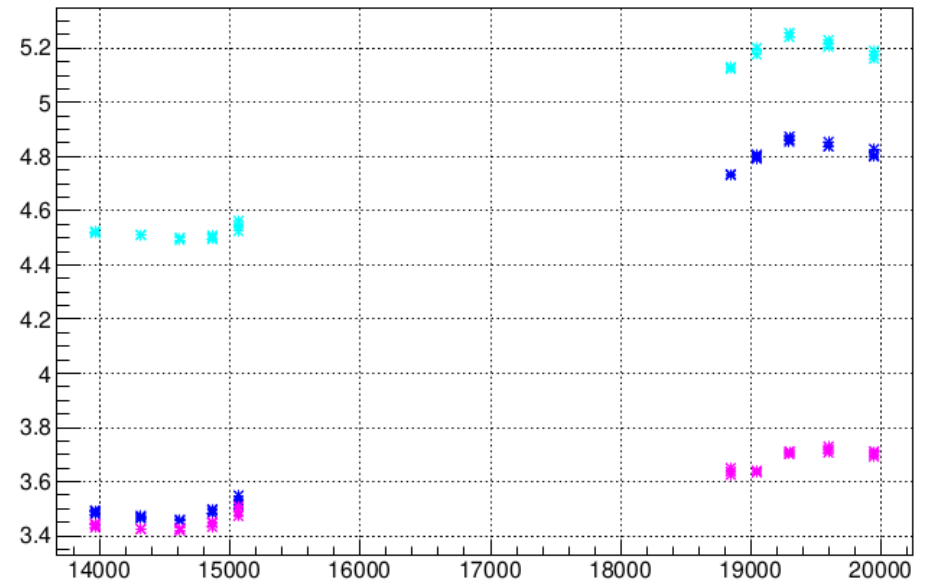
Blue = MICE field No Change
Cyan = Constant Field 2T
Magenta = Constant Field 3T

PZ Bias depends on magnetic field

Mean PZ Residual



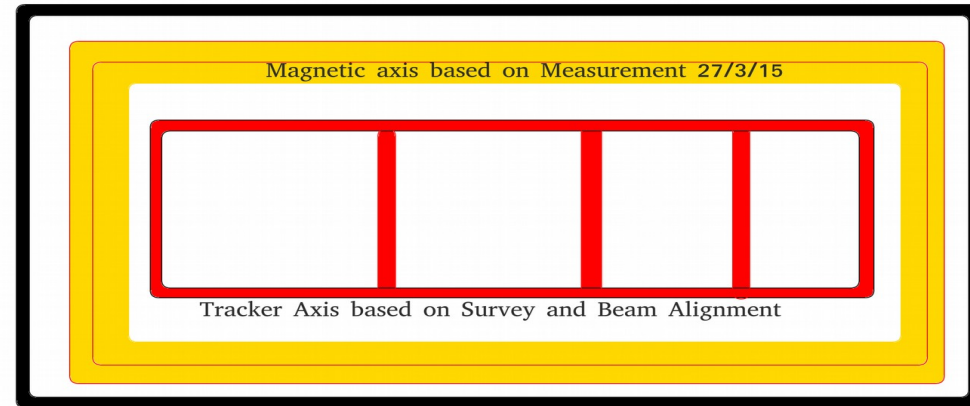
RMS PZ Residual



Misalignments

- Dependencies on Francois Beam Alignment, Surveys of the Positions of the Solenoids, and measurement of the magnetic field misalignment
- Not clear how they worked (to me), but a little clearer now
- Assumed Parent Geometry File contained the individual misalignments, but actually has sum of misalignments
- It starts with the MICE information and Alignment gdml's
- From here a number of xsl files transform the modules to the required locations.
- So what is the misalignment based on?

Solenoid Axis based on Survey



Misalignments

- MAUS information gdml file sets the solenoid position based on the survey measurements
- The magnets contained hard-coded numbers are offset from the survey measurements by a fixed rotation (mostly).
- I assume those numbers would be based on Blackmore and Cobb magnetic alignment data. Can't get numbers to match yet, may be some other rotation I do not know of yet (still working on it).
- Finally there is a misalignment between the tracker and the solenoid. Those numbers change when there is a new Beam Alignment correction, although the values used are not clear to me yet

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<file name="/home/craig/MAUS-v3.3.0/files/geometry/download/Tracker0.gdml"/>
<position name="DEVICE-MOUNTED-DETECTORS_Part__Feature_pos" unit="mm" x="-0.7472" y="0.4492" z="-426.8969"/>
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<file name="/home/craig/MAUS-v3.3.0/files/geometry/download/Tracker1.gdml"/>
<position name="DEVICE-MOUNTED-DETECTORS_Part__Feature001_pos" unit="mm" x="-1.1021" y="1.0462" z="426.695163991"/>
<rotation name="DEVICE-MOUNTED-DETECTORS_Part__Feature001_rot" unit="degree" x="-0.0002" y="-0.0975" z="0.0"/>
```

```
Module /home/craig/MAUS-v3.3.0/files/geometry/download/Tracker0.dat
{
  Position -0.86511378119 3.64859277401 14515.836783 mm
  Rotation 0.196047193 179.985234111 0.0 degree
}
```

```
Module /home/craig/MAUS-v3.3.0/files/geometry/download/Tracker1.dat
{
  Position -2.40241422181 11.4022303071 19393.7675747 mm
  Rotation 0.409400974 -0.147030316 0.0 degree
}
```

```
Module /home/craig/MAUS-v3.3.0/files/geometry/download/ssu_virtuals.dat
{
  Position 0.013710418 1.878772135 14942.73 mm
  Rotation -0.177247193 -0.017665889 0.0 degree
}
```

```
Module /home/craig/MAUS-v3.3.0/files/geometry/download/ssd_virtuals.dat
{
  Position -1.669178516 7.305682432 18967.09 mm
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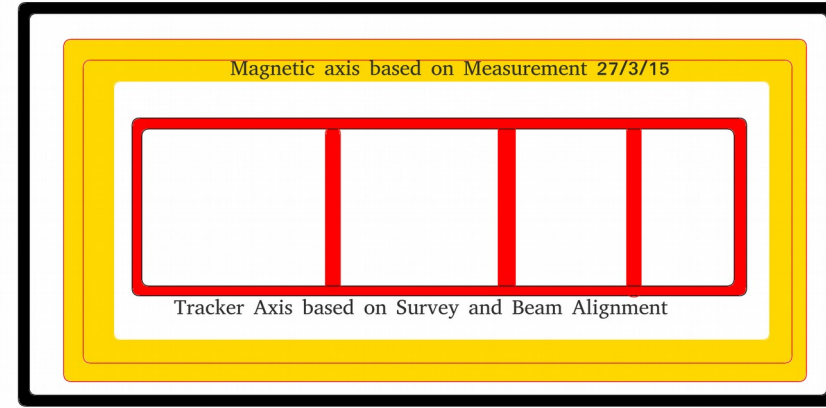
	Date	Z up	Xup	Y up	Z down	X down	Y down								
TKU	06/09/17	13567.24		0.39	4.25	16486.21	0.33	-2.74		13572.78	1.26	-0.57	16225.69	-0.7	-0.93
TKD	06/09/17	17430.12		-3.75	-3.9	20345.23	0.54	14.93		17640.16	-2.36	-2.43	20315.11	-2.97	1.61
	Z Center	Distance	Z Length	X Length	Y length	X dist	Y dist	X Offset	Y Offset			Rotations (radian)	Rotations (milliradian)		
TKU	14941.46	1544.75	2918.97	-0.06	-6.99	-0.031752639	-3.699182417	0.361752639	0.959182417			-2.05552E-05	-0.002394685	-0.020555196	-2.394684893
TKD	18968.16	1377.07	2915.11	4.29	18.83	2.026554847	8.895111368	-1.486554847	6.034888632			0.001471644	0.006459537	1.471643642	6.45953734
												-0.001177726	-0.137205338		Rotations (degrees)
												0.08431897	0.370104227		
	29/11/17	13568.51		-0.41	6.13	16487.48	0.49	-2.9		13574.05	0.46	1.31	16226.96	-0.62	-0.9
	29/11/17	17427.62		-3	-3.7	20342.71	-0.48	17.14		17637.66	-1.74	-2.09	20312.6	-3.97	3.8
	14942.73	1544.75	2918.97	0.9	-9.03	0.476289582	-4.778772135	0.013710418	1.878772135			0.000308328	-0.003093567	0.308327947	-3.093566842
	18967.09	1375.62	2915.09	2.52	20.84	1.189178516	9.834317568	-1.669178516	7.305682432			0.000864468	0.007149129	0.864467522	7.1491292
												0.01766589	-0.177248324		
												0.049530341	0.40961493		

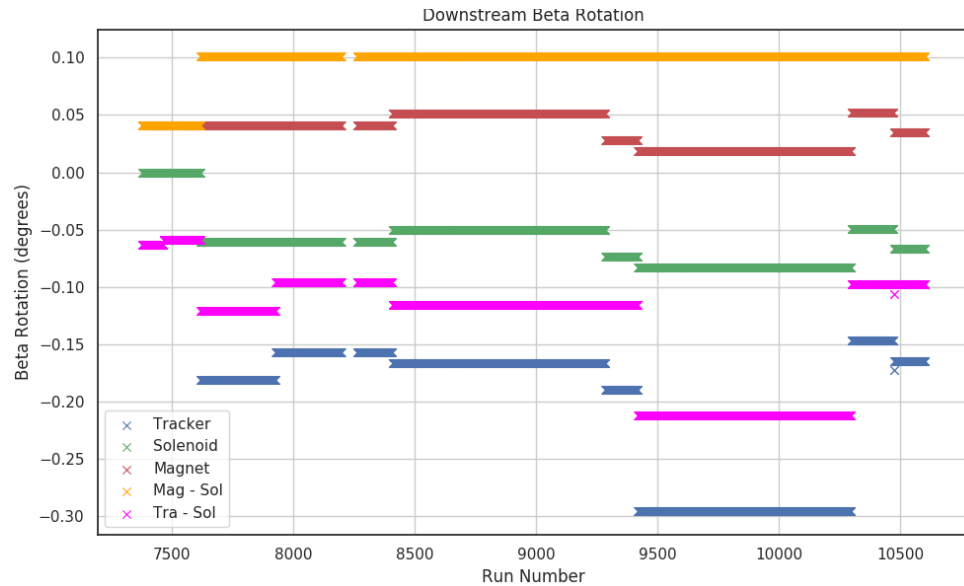
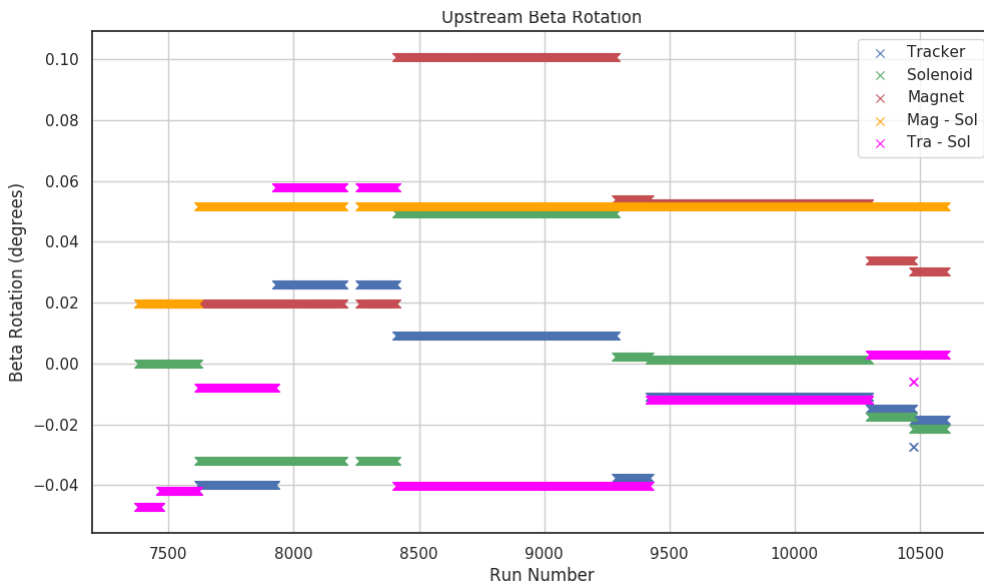
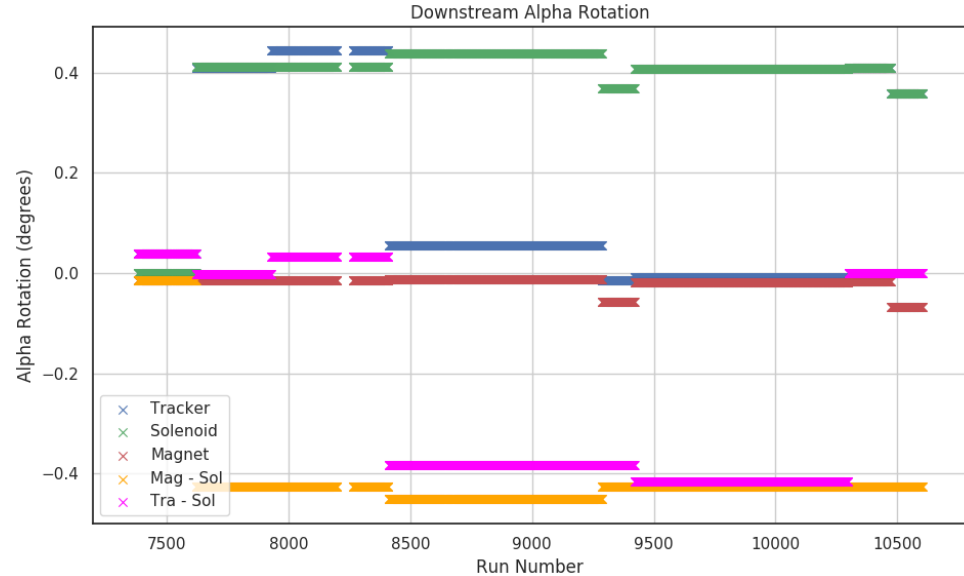
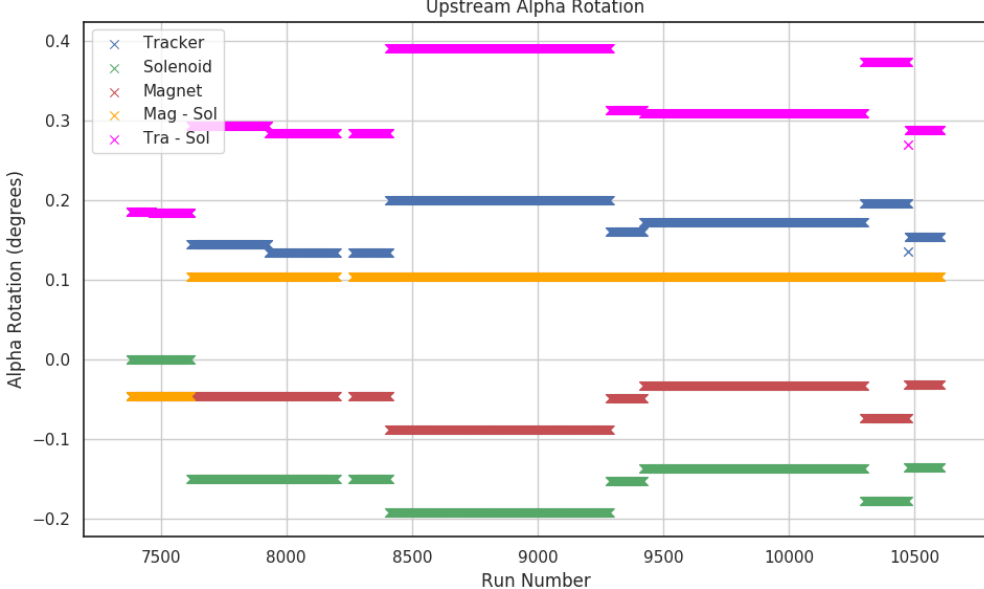
- From SolenoidUS/DS.gdml, based on Francois, shows rotation between Tracker and Solenoid
- From ParentGeometryFile.dat, virtuals have survey alignment, Trackers have survey alignment combined with rotation between Tracker and Solenoid from above
- From MAUS_information.gdml, shows Misalignment of Solenoids based on Surveys

From surveys to MICE misalignments, uses Flange measurements in TKU and TKD

Misalignments

- Know how the survey alignment works in MAUS
- Not sure about Francois and Magnet alignment numbers (but magnet is fixed rotation)
- Know what Parent Geometry File has now – a combination of survey alignments combined with solenoid to tracker misalignments
- Know which parameters to change for MC, may not know exactly where each comes from, but can estimate if/when it becomes a problem
- In following alpha and beta refer to rotations around the X and Y axis





Misalignments

- Note, have only dealt with warm bore position misalignments
- But that suffices for understanding the PZ bias between MC Truth and MC Recon
- Know the magnets cool down and that there are forces between them causing deformations in the expected magnetic field
- These would be differences between MC Recon and Data, likely beyond scope to solve but can run MC to see if/when such deformations become problematic

SSU	M1 [mm]	M2 [mm]	E1 [mm]	CC [mm]	E2 [mm]
z	3449.22	3013.39	2613.39	1863.39	1113.39
z'	16106.55	15670.49	15270.29	14519.90	13769.50

Table 3.7 Table of centre positions in z and z' for all of SSU's coils. Coloured cells are those that are calculated from the method described above.

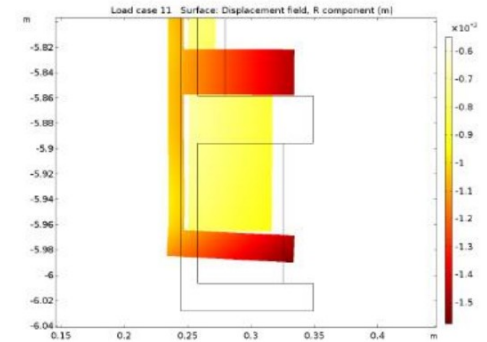
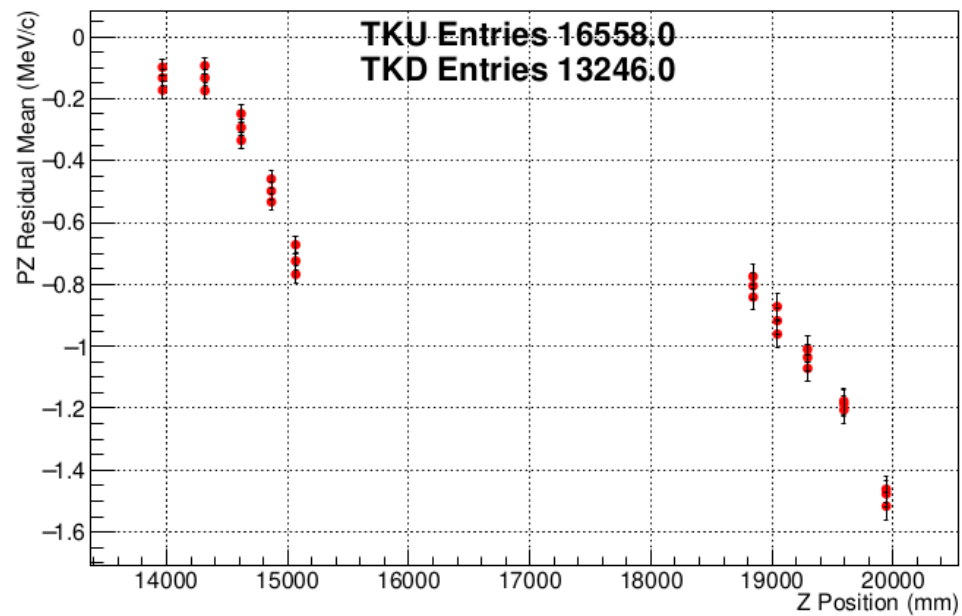
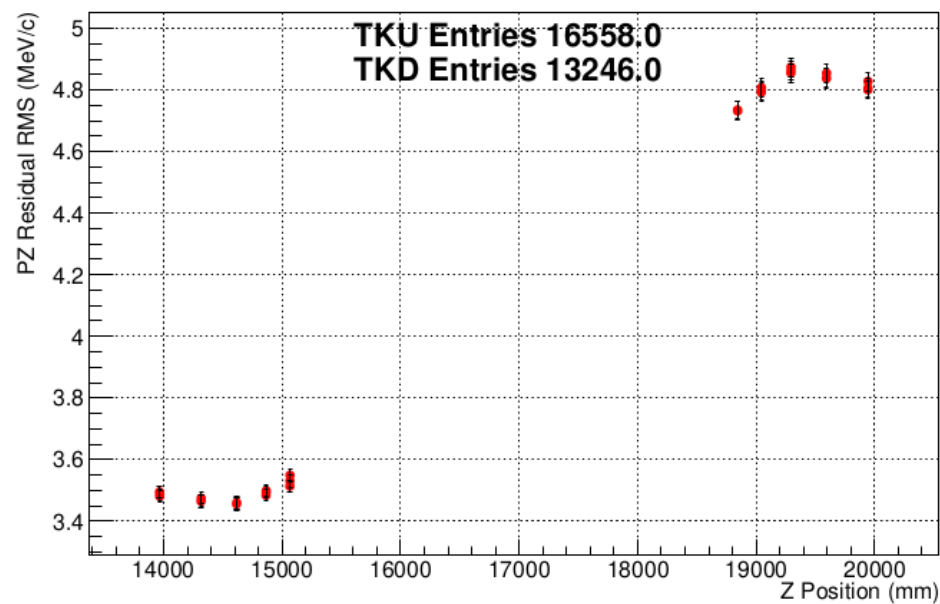


Fig. 3. Deformation plot of the E2 coil and the bobbin (deformation ten times amplified). The colour indicates the radial displacement.

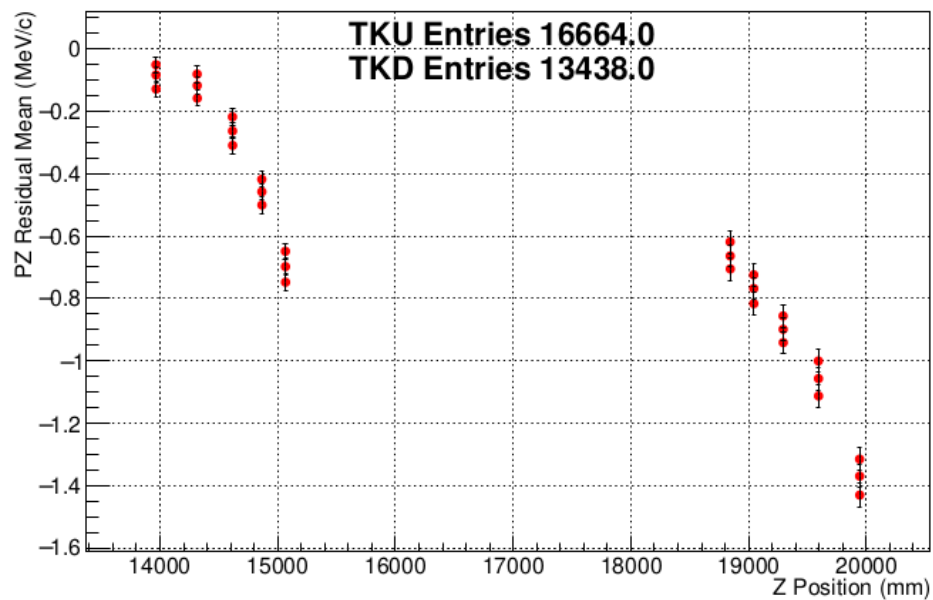
MICE No Change



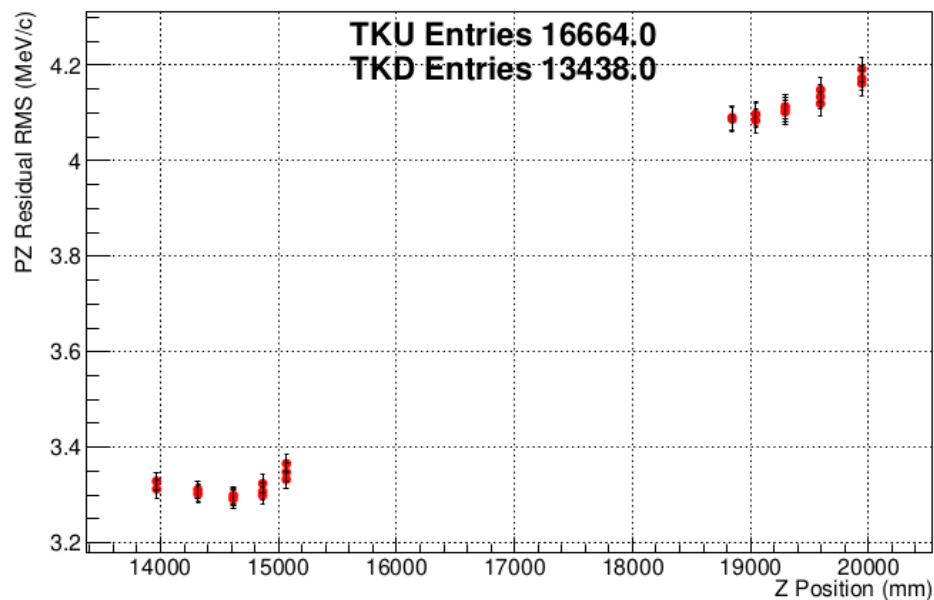
MICE No Change



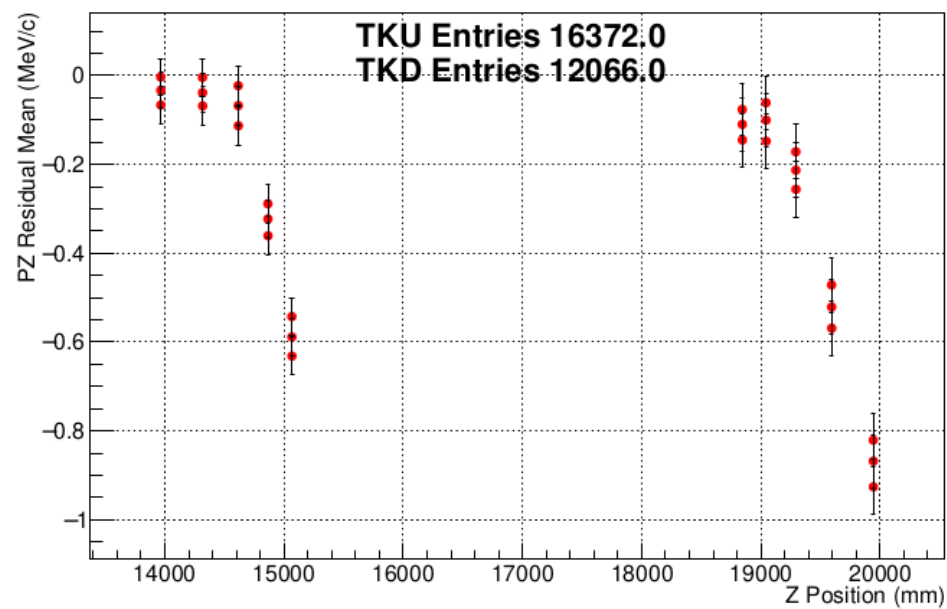
MICE Sol 0deg, Tra 0deg, MF 0deg



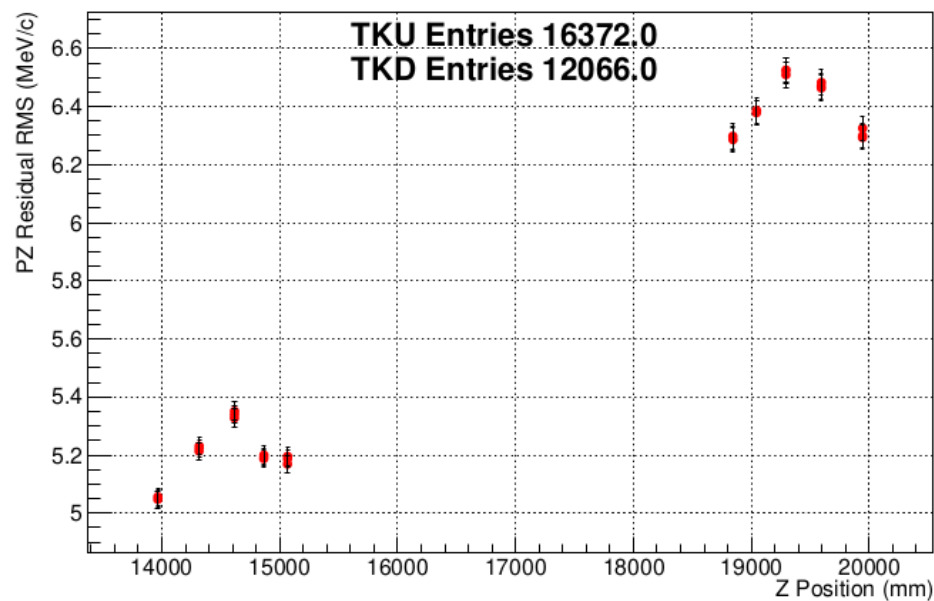
MICE Sol 0deg, Tra 0deg, MF 0deg



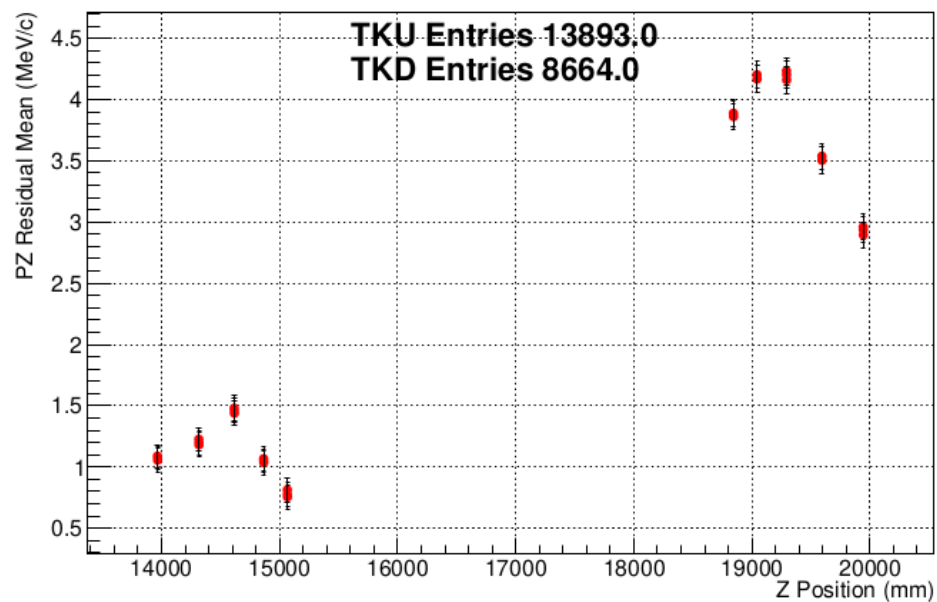
MICE Sol 0deg, Tra 0deg, MF 1deg



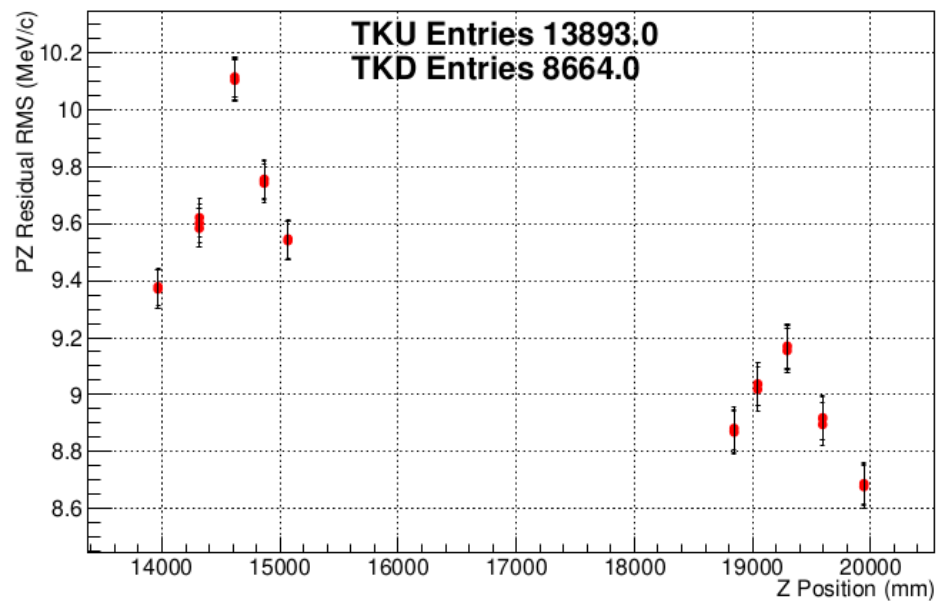
MICE Sol 0deg, Tra 0deg, MF 1deg



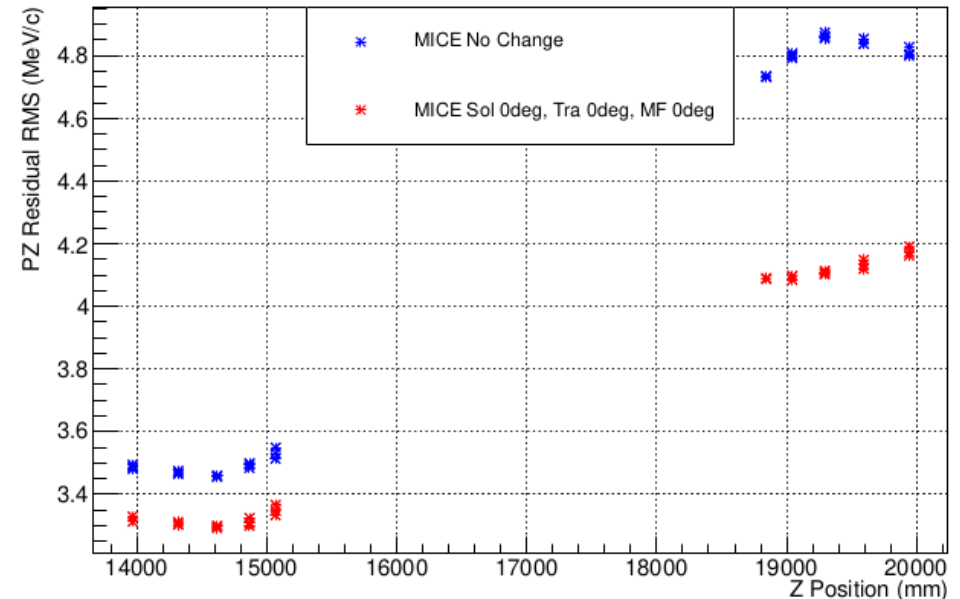
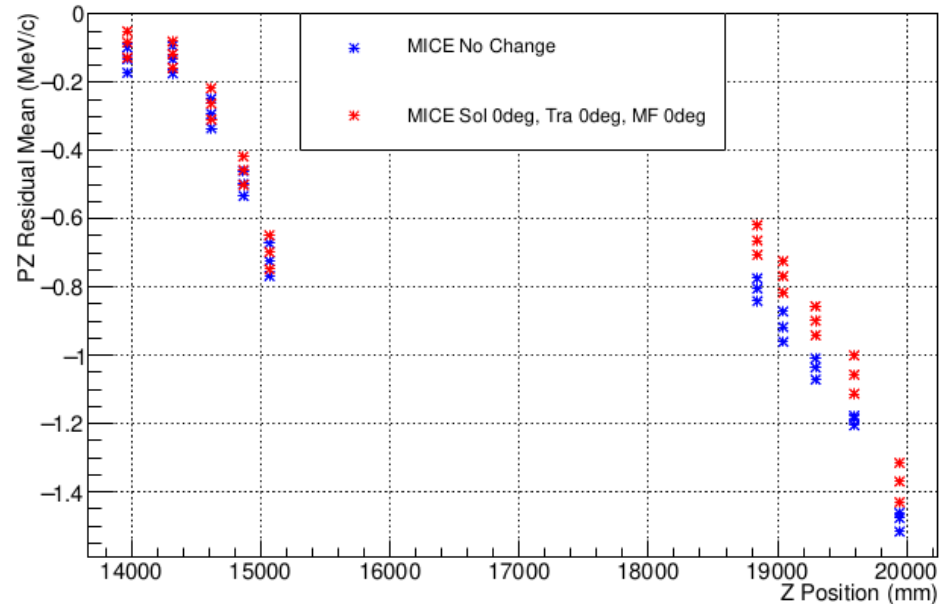
MICE Sol 0deg, Tra 0deg, MF 2deg



MICE Sol 0deg, Tra 0deg, MF 2deg



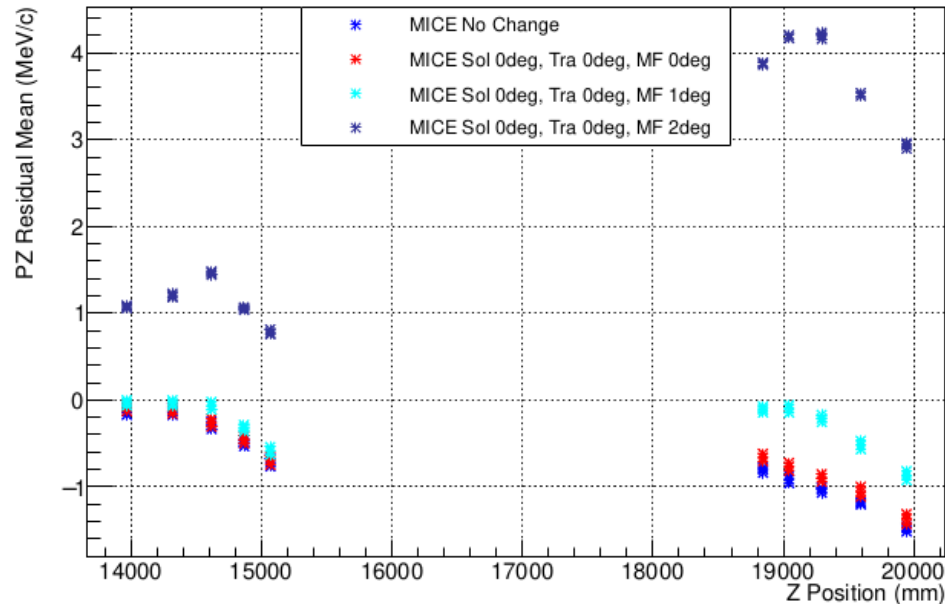
- Perfect Alignment - \rightarrow Pz Residual Mean and RMS improve
- Pz Mean Residual difference between TKU and TKD is greater however



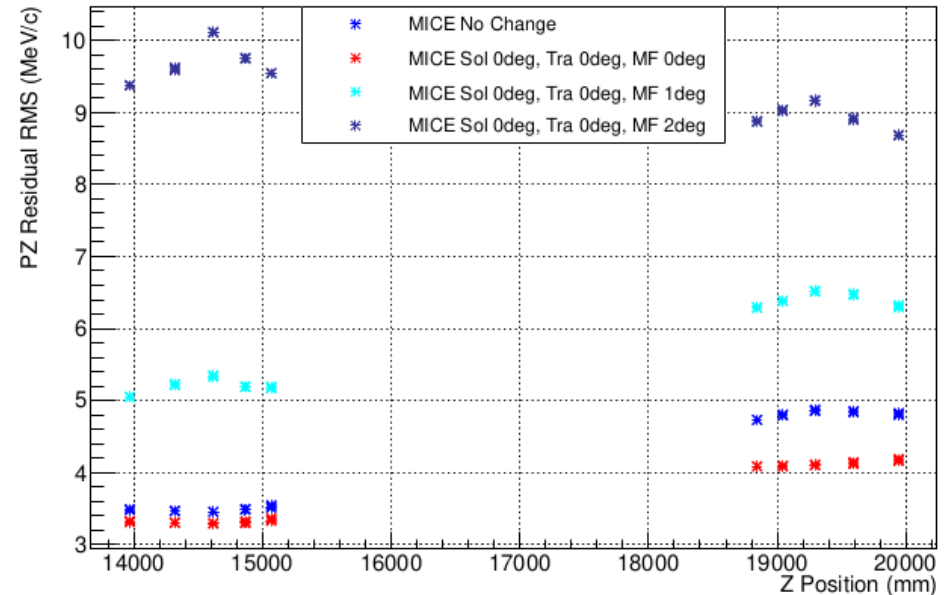
Rotating MF in TKU and TKD alters Mean and RMS Residual significantly

- Transmission also is affected – Data transmission can act as guide for what is reasonable (1deg = 17.45 mrad)

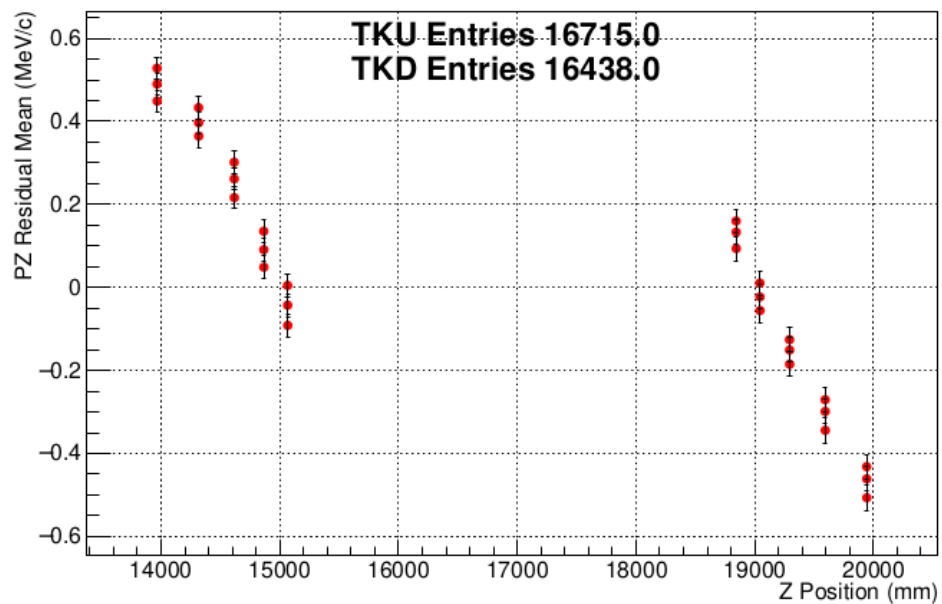
Mean PZ Residual



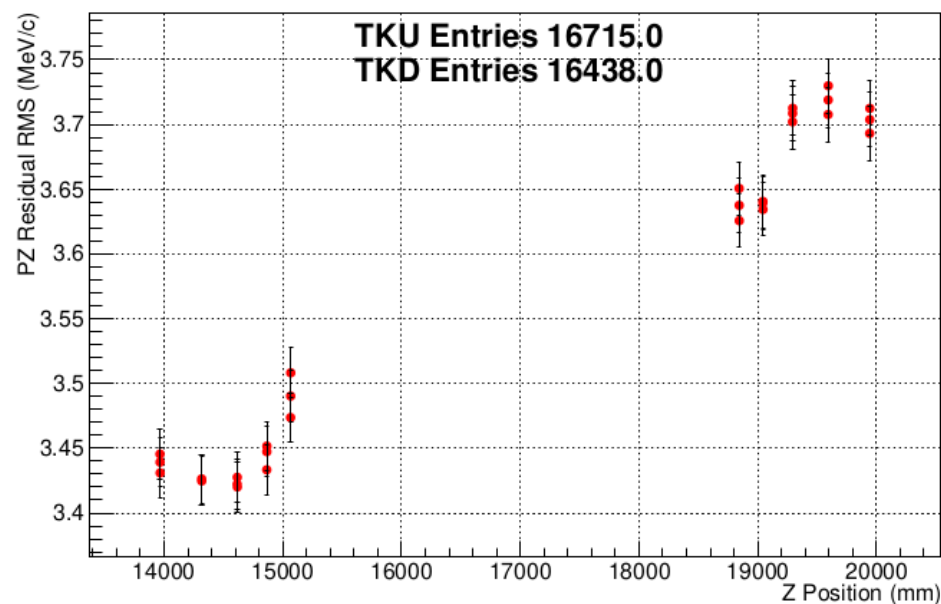
RMS PZ Residual



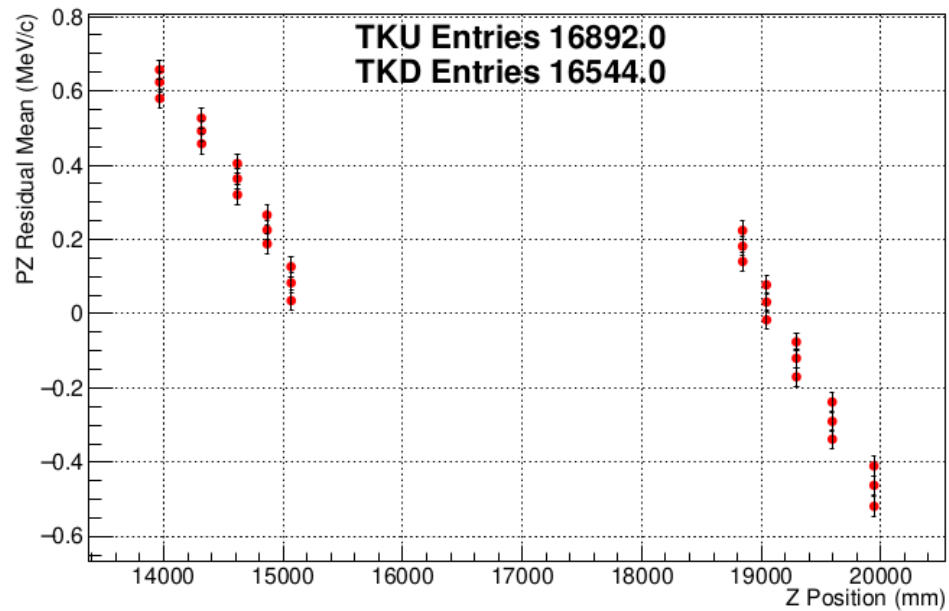
3T CF TKU MF Rotation



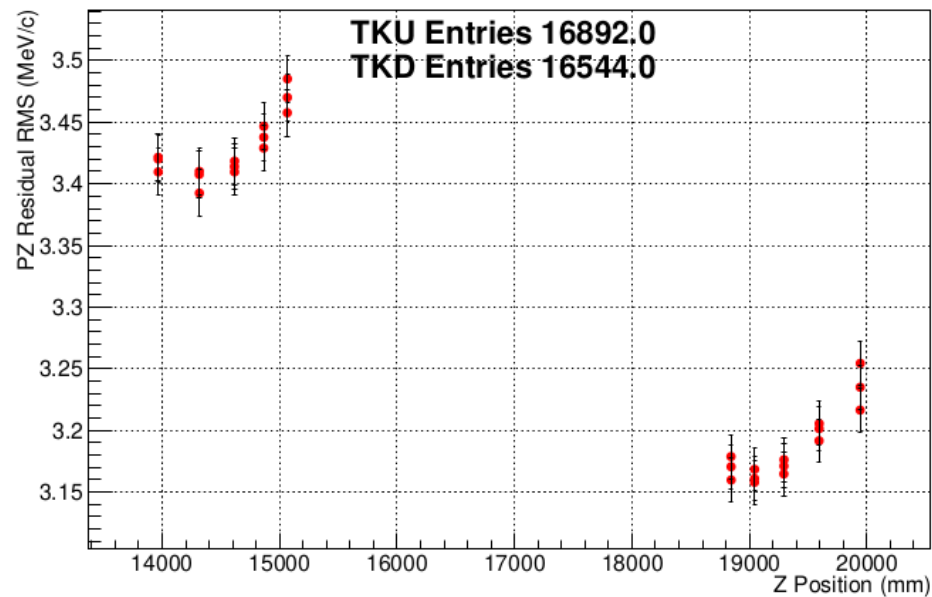
3T CF TKU MF Rotation



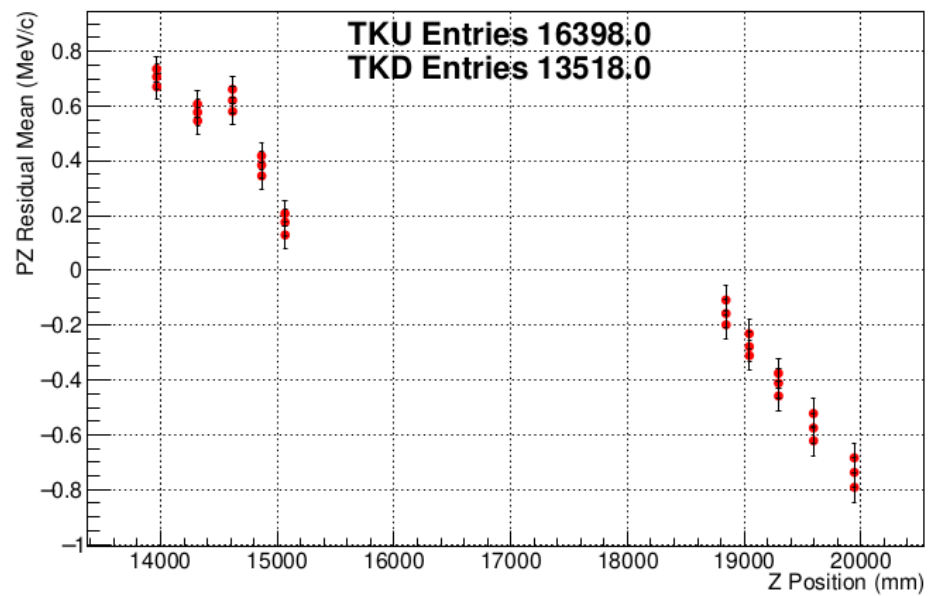
3T CF No MF Rotation



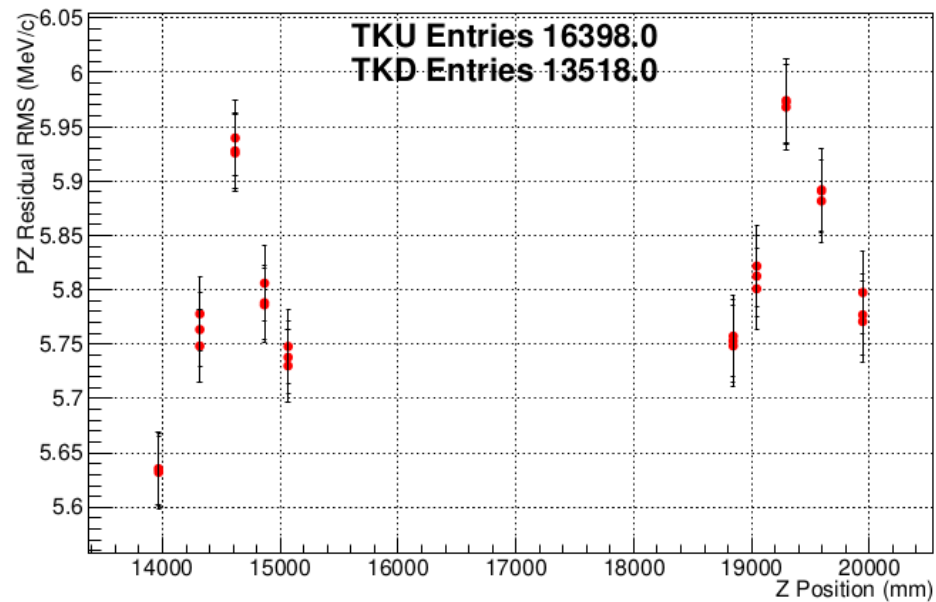
3T CF No MF Rotation



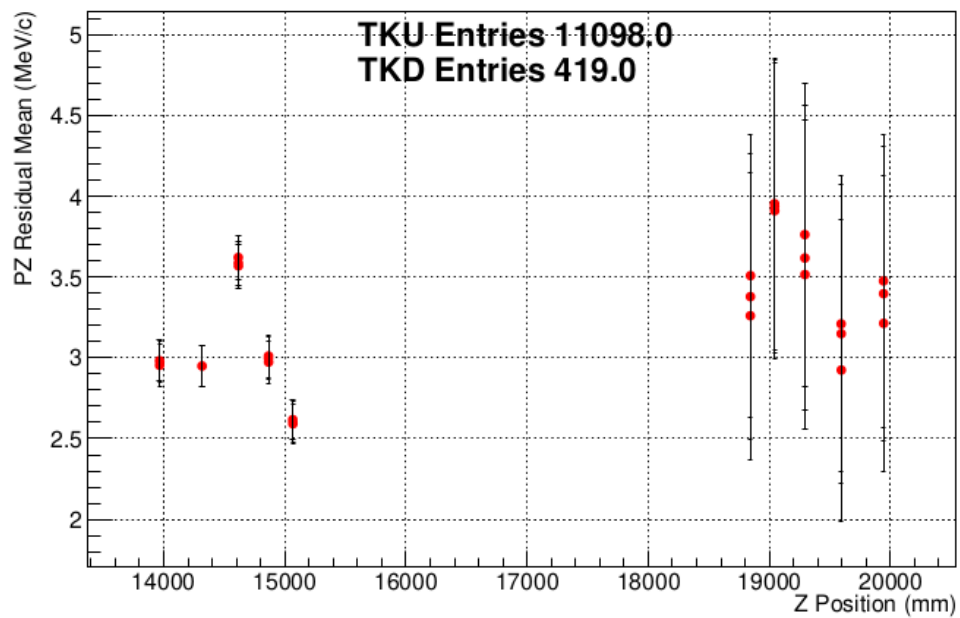
3T CF MF 1deg



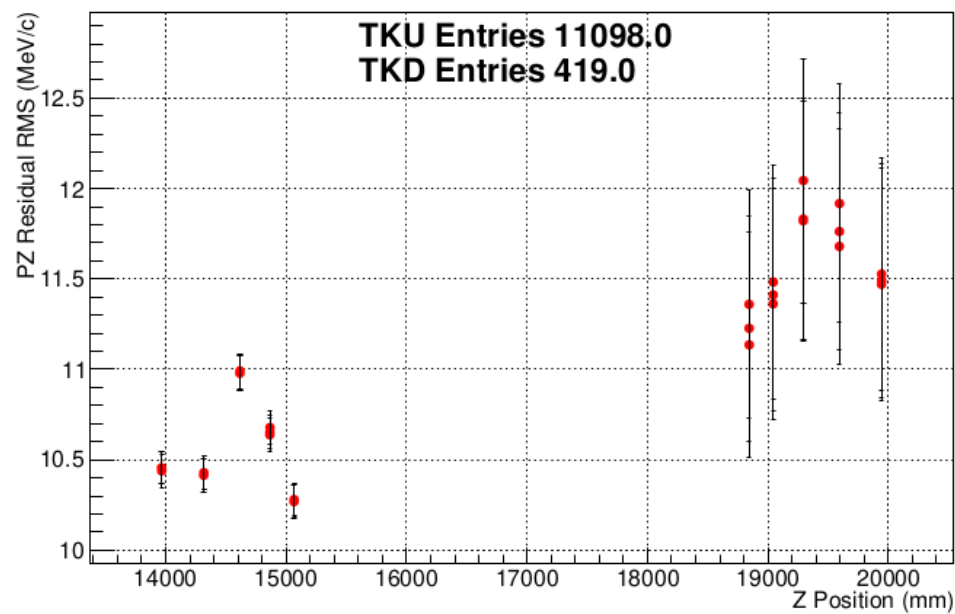
3T CF MF 1deg



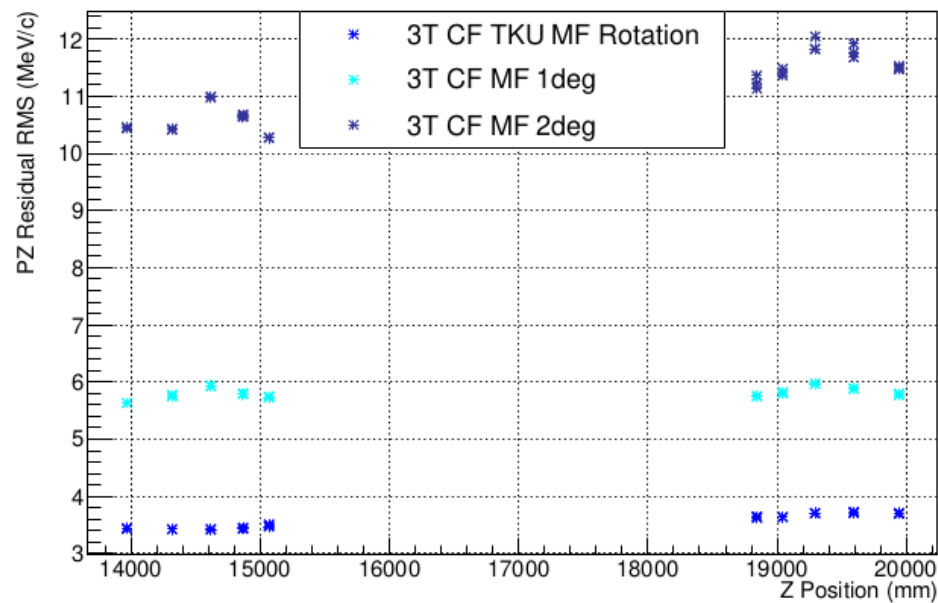
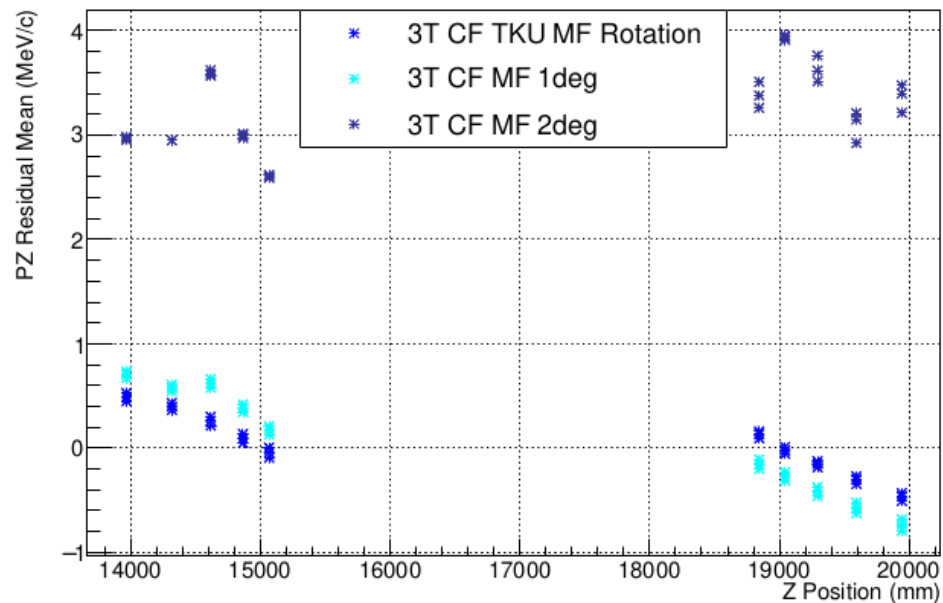
3T CF MF 2deg



3T CF MF 2deg



- Main Effect from Magnetic field misalignment is increasing Pz Residual RMS

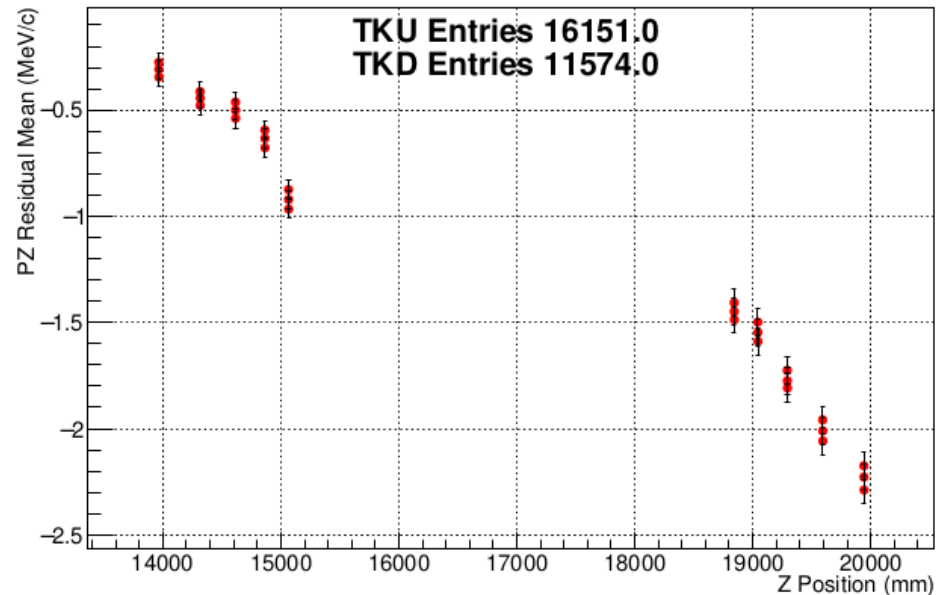


Misalignments

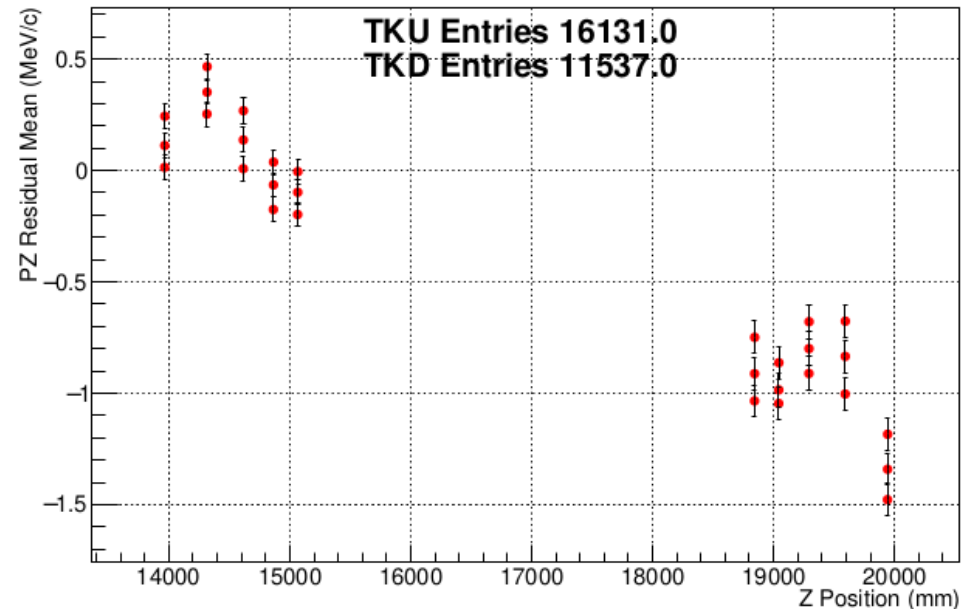
- Magnetic Misalignment up to 0.5 deg in MAUS
- Tracker and Solenoid Misalignments will also have effects
- Haven't fully thought out implications, so will only pick out some plots

- Solenoid and Magnetic field have same misalignment
- Only changed Tracker alignment by ± 1 degree from solenoid
-

MICE Sol 1 deg, Tra -1deg (0deg Tot), MF 1deg

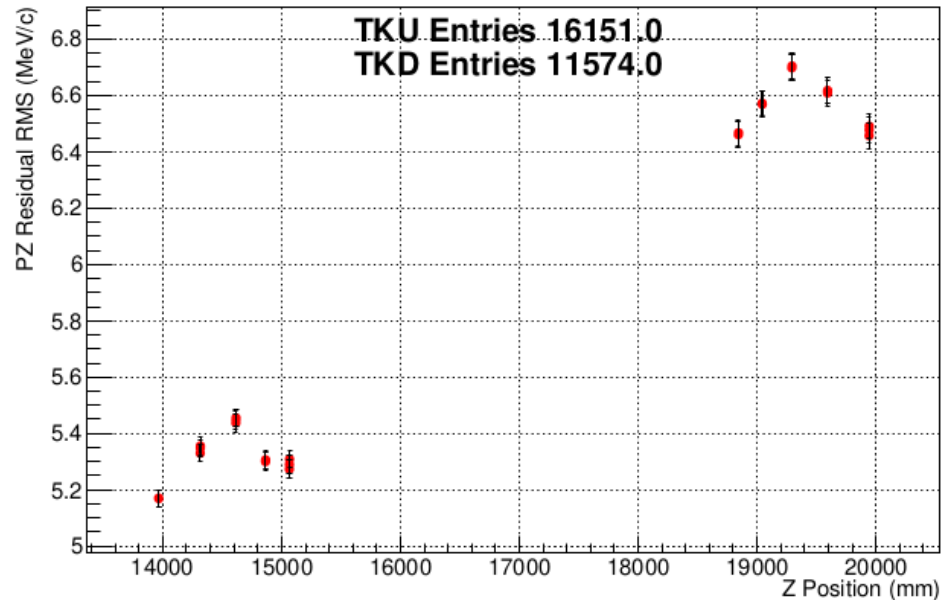


MICE Sol 1deg, Tra 1deg (2deg Tot), MF 1deg

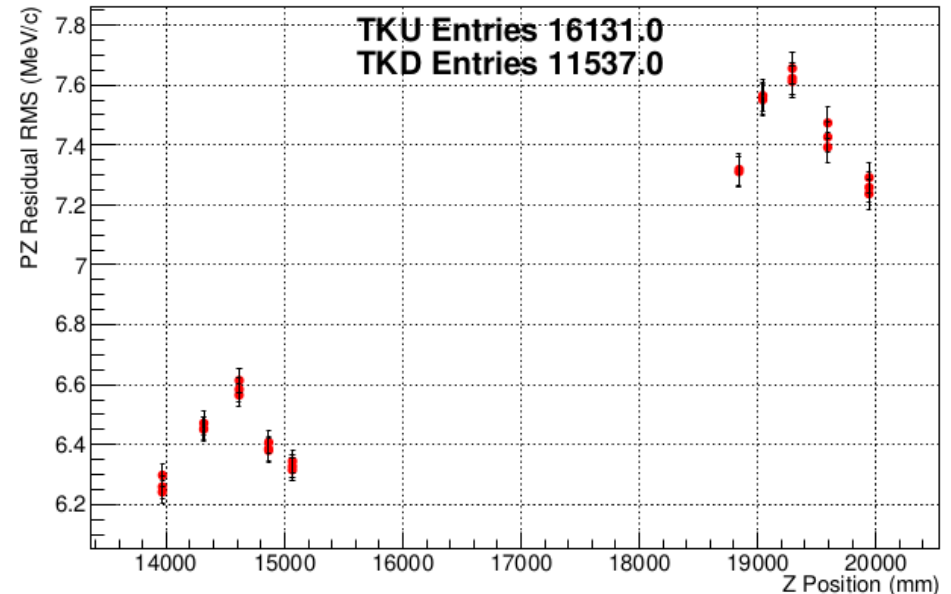


- Corresponding RMS of Pz Residuals
- Trajectory of particles hasn't changed, only where it hits the tracker has

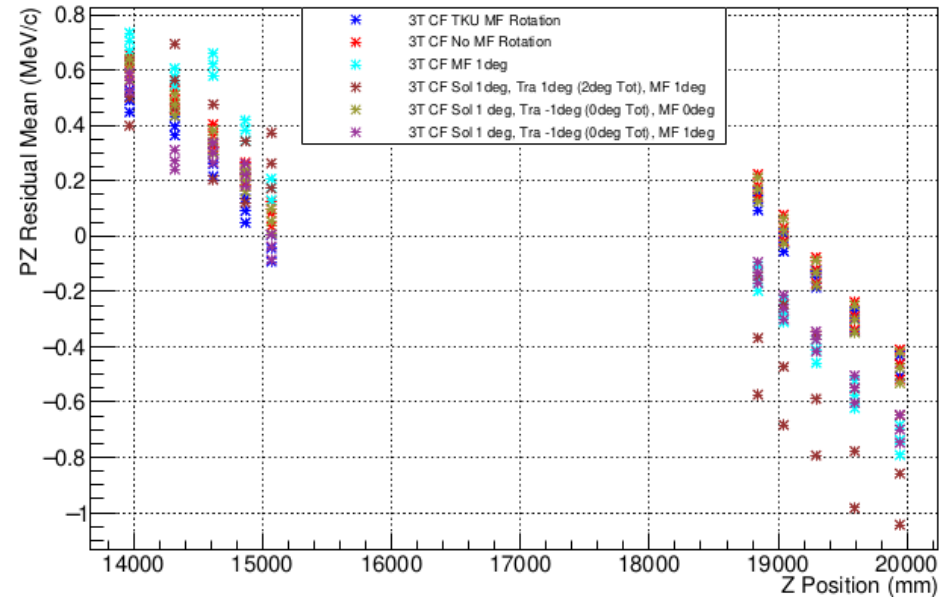
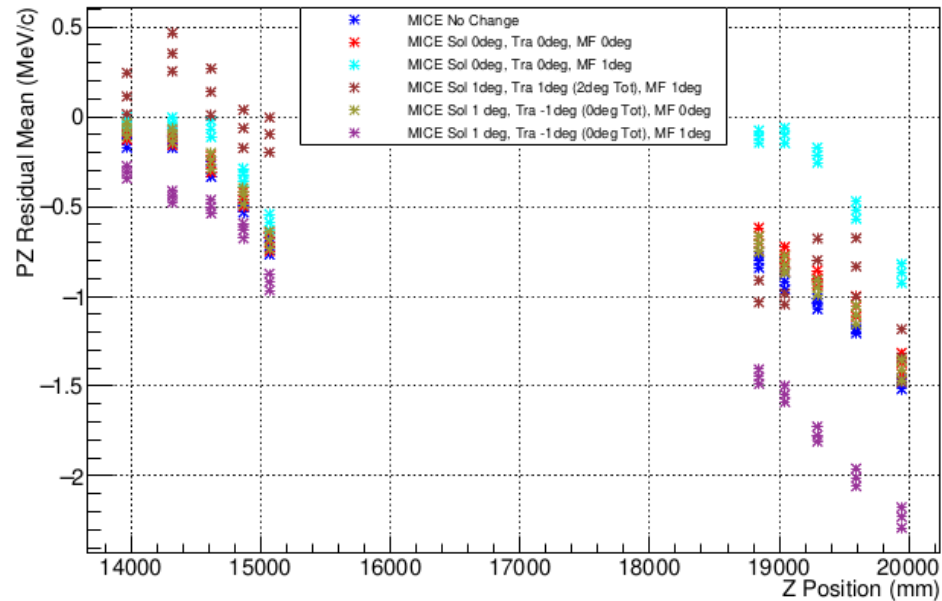
MICE Sol 1 deg, Tra -1deg (0deg Tot), MF 1deg



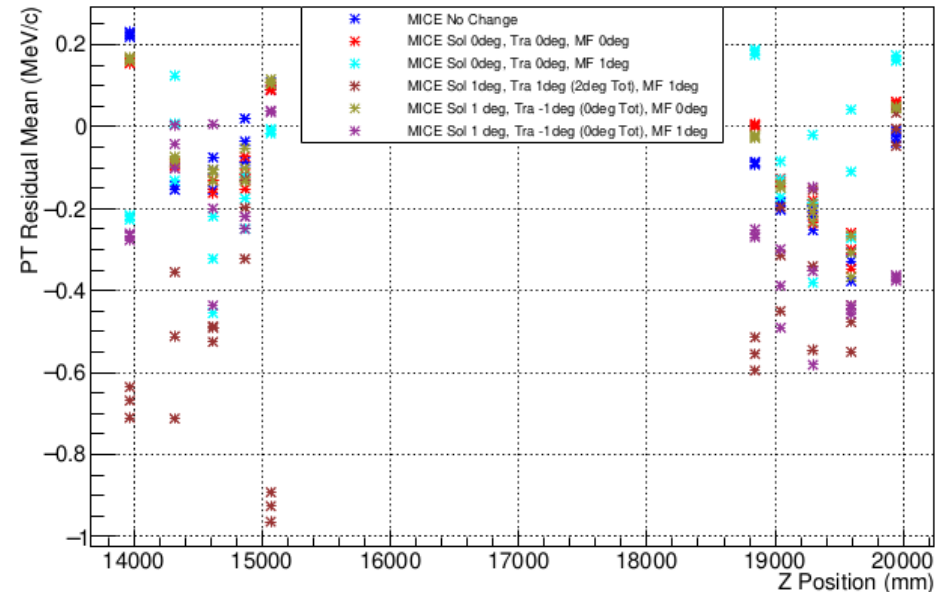
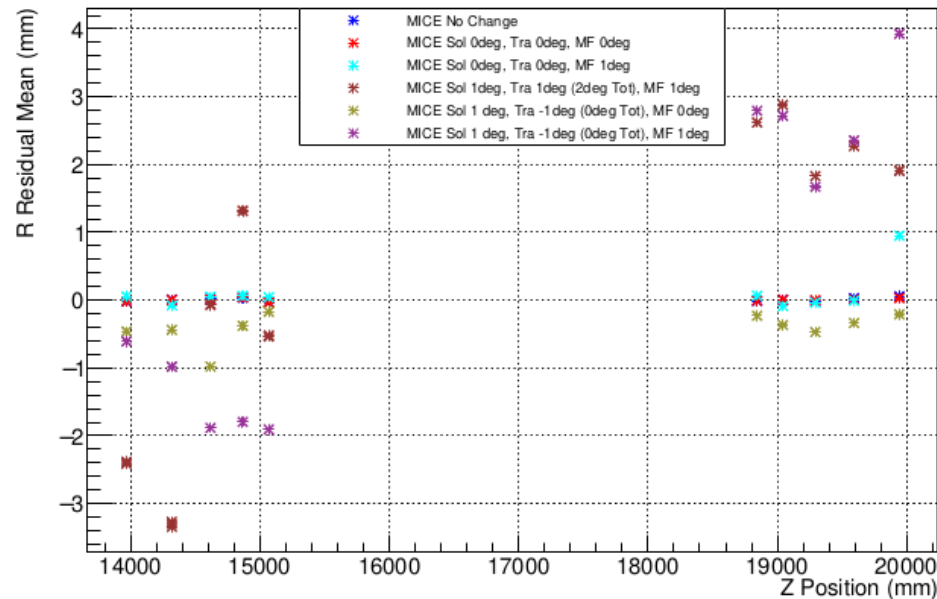
MICE Sol 1deg, Tra 1deg (2deg Tot), MF 1deg



- Misalignments cause changes in the Pz Residuals
- Should we be trying to match them at reference planes?
- - > Reconstruction is susceptible to misalignments



- Can see similar effects for transverse components, albeit on a smaller scale
- Reconstuction may lead to under/overestimating cooling effect
- We don't have any errors due to misalignments, how sure are we about them?



Misalignments and Recon

- How may the data be misaligned
- Solenoids should be well known from Surveys (unless they move)
- Trackers known from Francois Straight Track Beam Alignment (implementation of values in MAUS unclear)
- Magnetic field based on Alignment from 27/3/2015 (survey not in MICE notes)
Implementation into MAUS also unclear

SSU	M1 [mm]	M2 [mm]	E1 [mm]	CC [mm]	E2 [mm]
z	3449.22	3013.39	2613.39	1863.39	1113.39
z'	16106.55	15670.49	15270.29	14519.90	13769.50

Table 3.7 Table of centre positions in z and z' for all of SSU's coils. Coloured cells are those that are calculated from the method described above.

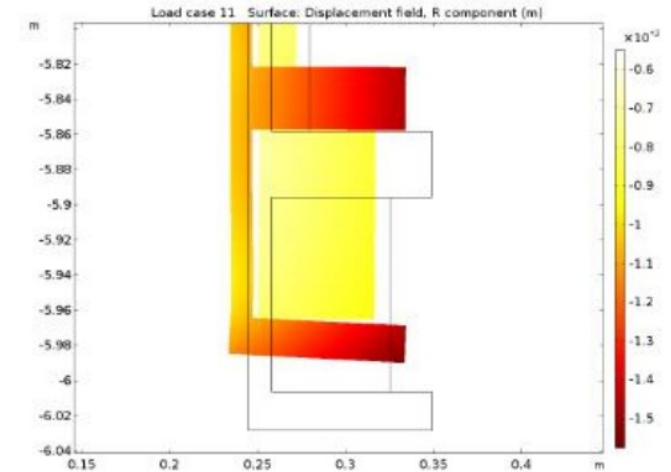


Fig. 3. Deformation plot of the E2 coil and the bobbin (deformation ten times amplified). The colour indicates the radial displacement.

Misalignments and Recon

- Reconstruction and Monte Carlo uses warm bore dimensions
 - FEA (H. Witte) suggests cooling and forces deform and move magnets
 - Langlands showed M1 to M2 distance measurement contracts
 - Measured 435.83mm vs 440mm in MAUS (1% effect)
 - Contraction/movement may be similar for other coils – May mean magnetic field changes/ moves longitudinally relative to the trackers
- Can also look at draw wires to see if solenoids move

SSU	M1 [mm]	M2 [mm]	E1 [mm]	CC [mm]	E2 [mm]
z	3449.22	3013.39	2613.39	1863.39	1113.39
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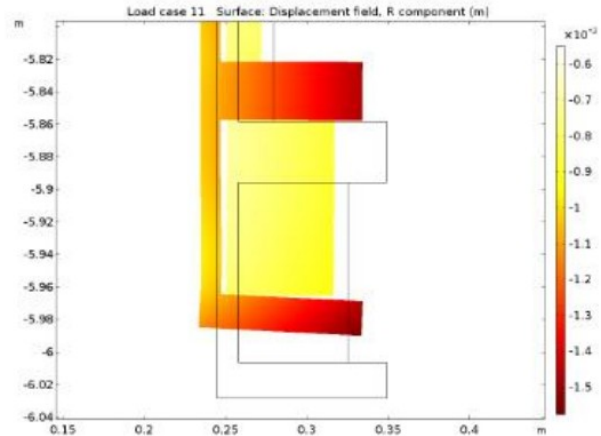
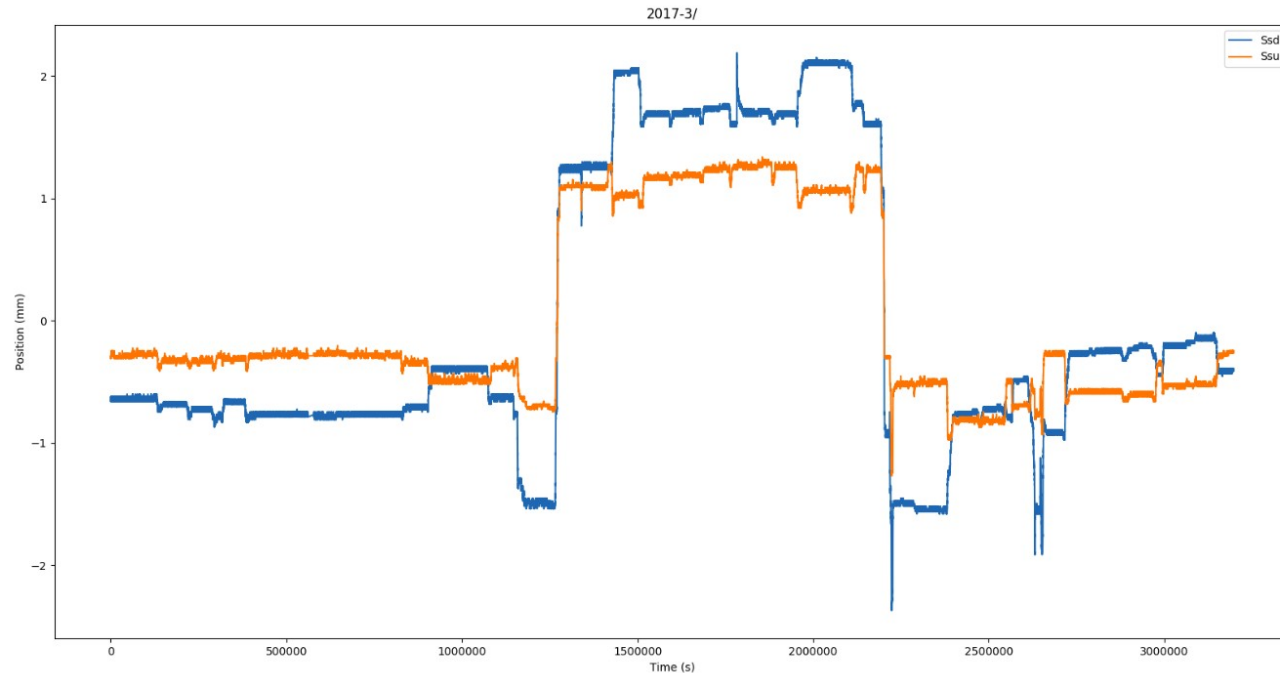


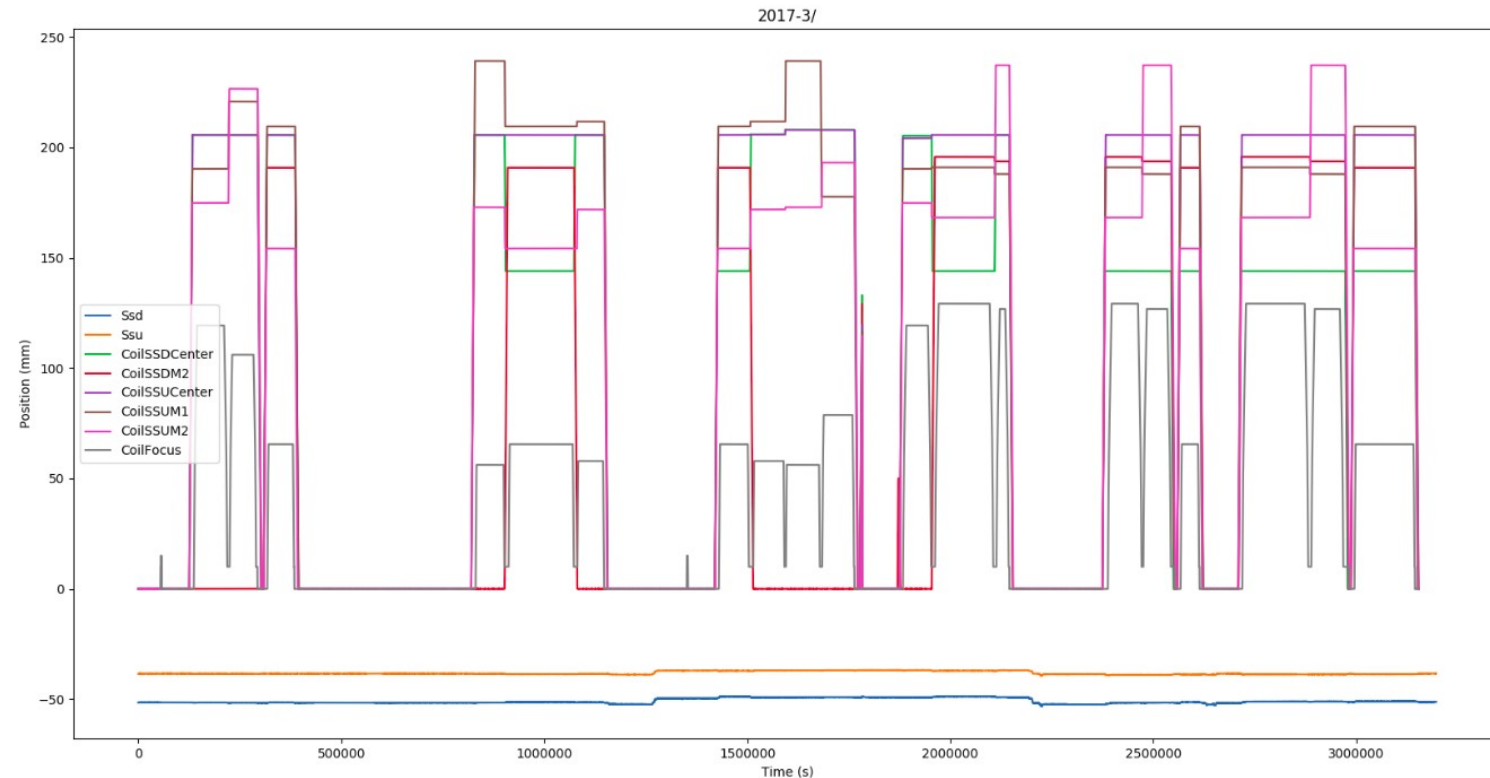
Fig. 3. Deformation plot of the E2 coil and the bobbin (deformation ten times amplified). The colour indicates the radial displacement.



- Change from Mean position of the SSU and SSD draw wires during ISIS cycle 2017/3
- Movements by up to 4mm, unclear if Transverse, longitudinal or mixed component
- First large change 28/11 with LH2 empty vessel removed to no absorber
- Second spike 9/12, inserting LiH, 3rd spike 14/12, inserting Wedge
- Difference of SSU and SSU wedge



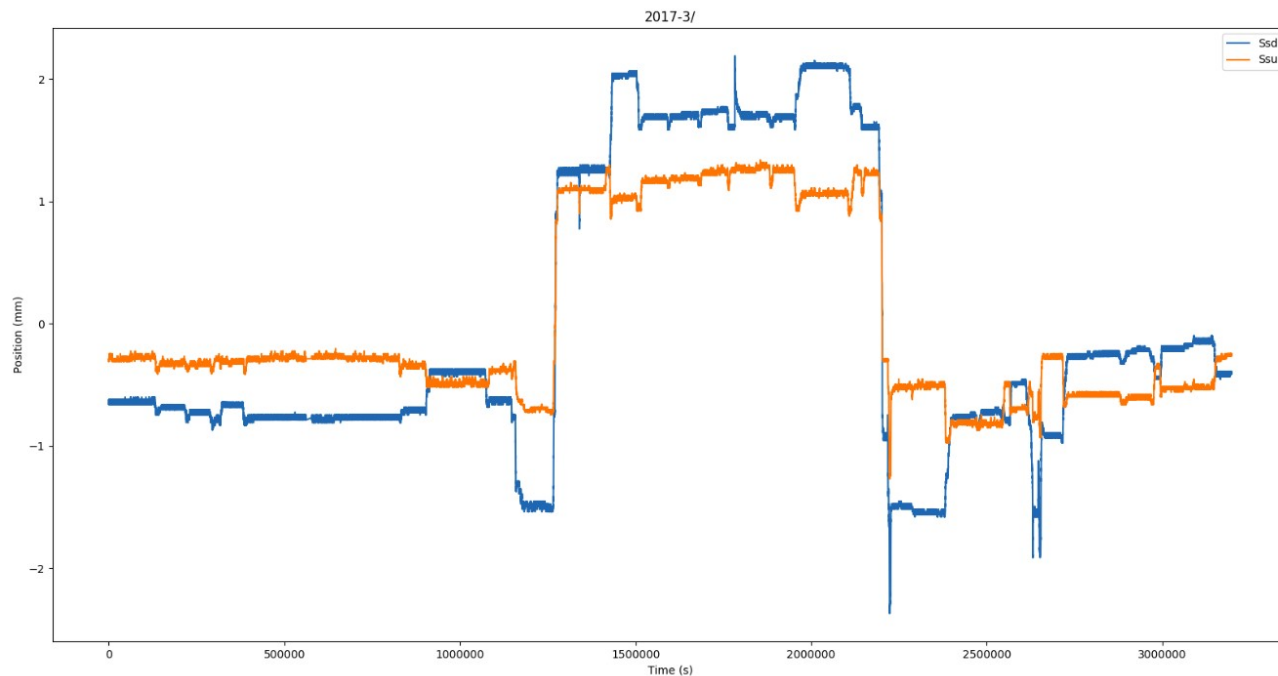
- SSU and SSD draw wire position and coil magnet currents are plotted.
- No appreciable magnetic field effect, due to absorber changes



Draw wires - survey comparison

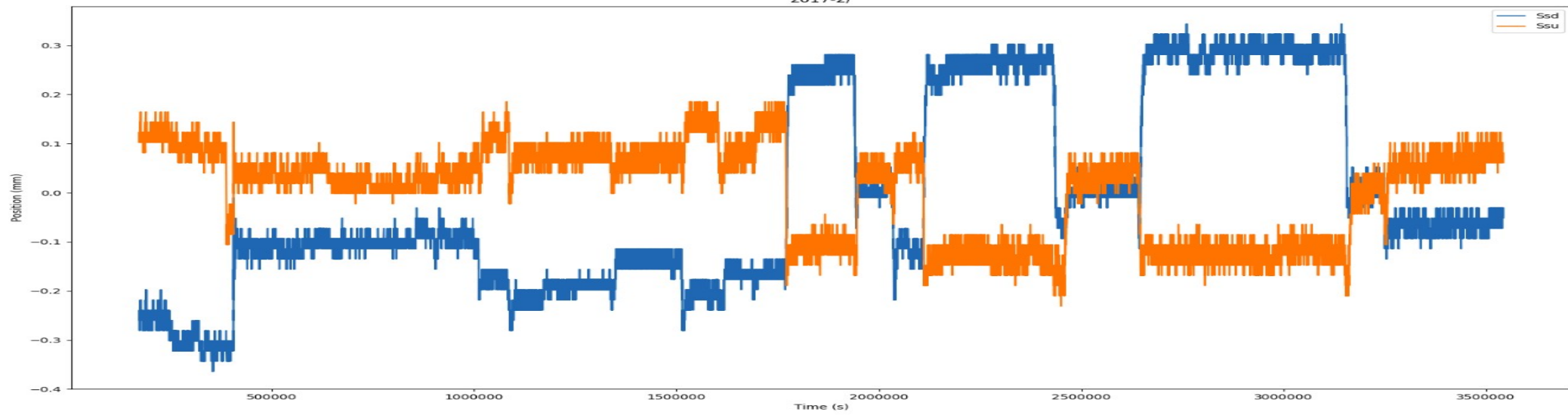
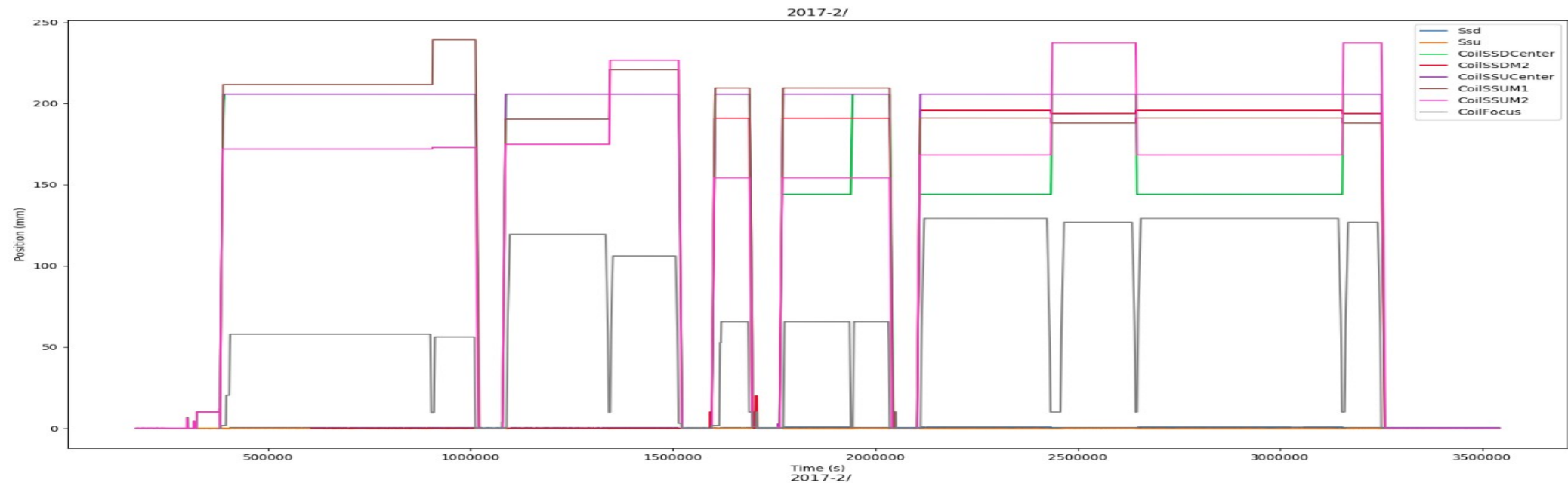
- SSU/SSD based on Survey (except wedge, based on LiH survey)
- Tracker 0,1 based on Survey plus Beam Alignment
- Draw wires show greater movement than surveys
- Beam-based alignment shows large transverse movement (albeit different longitudinal position)
- Comparison difficult without di

Tracker 0	x	y	z
LH2 → No	1.337641401	-5.244120038	-1.2810226
No → <u>LiH</u>	-1.30886485	1.281436368	3.2174675
<u>LiH</u> → Wedge	0.747199948	-0.449198095	-0.0013378
Tracker 1	x	y	z
LH2 → No	-0.580031803	-5.970735252	-1.2546227
No → <u>LiH</u>	1.475489441	-2.75944736	2.3889188
<u>LiH</u> → Wedge	-0.37339019	1.713259855	-2.3836467
SSU	x	y	z
LH2 → No	0.348042222	-0.919589715	-1.27
No → <u>LiH</u>	-0.589449582	0.517802135	3.215
<u>LiH</u> → Wedge	0	0	0
SSD	x	y	z
LH2 → No	-0.006941484	0.373037568	1.07
No → <u>LiH</u>	-0.244778516	1.337182432	-2.38
<u>LiH</u> → Wedge	0	0	0



Other cycles may be different

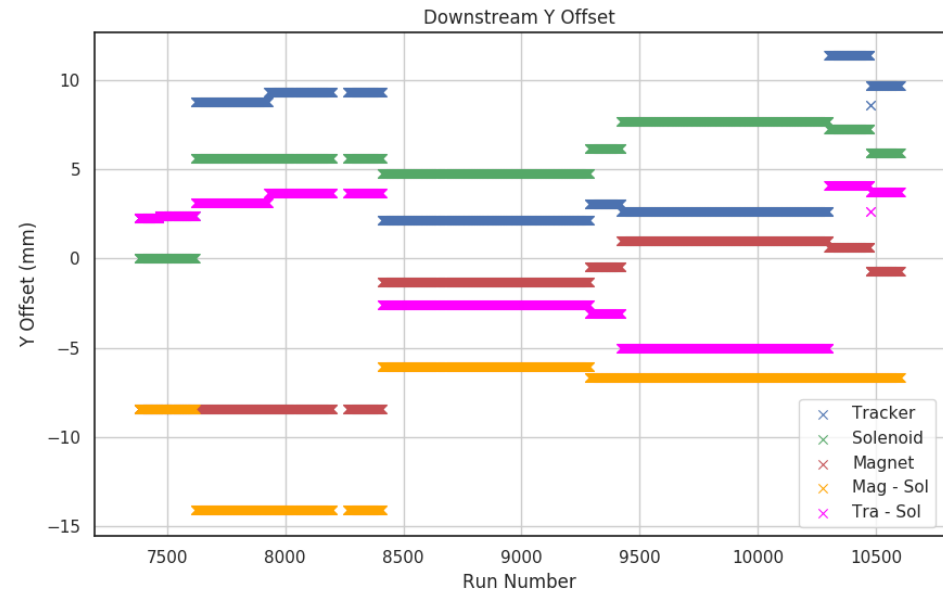
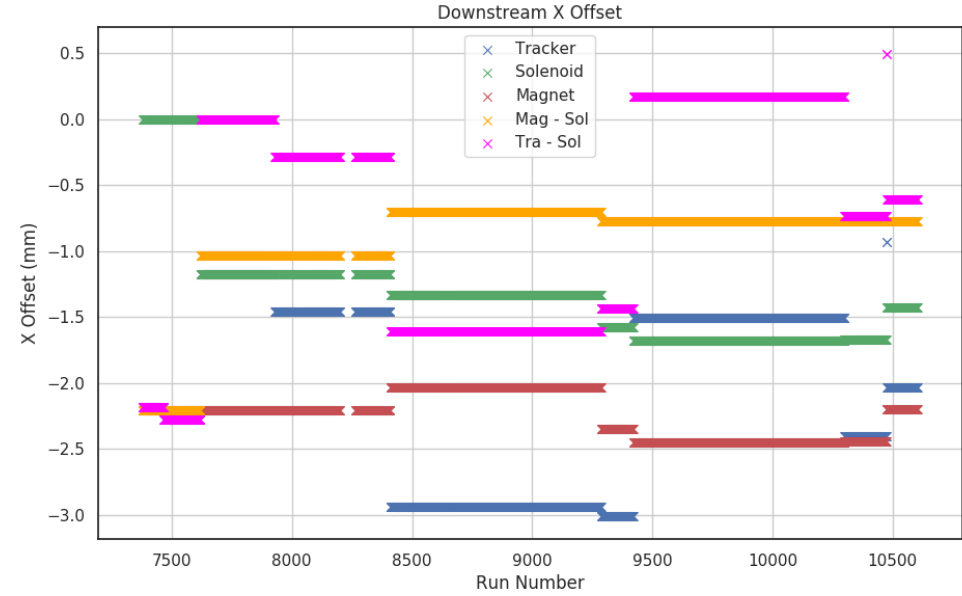
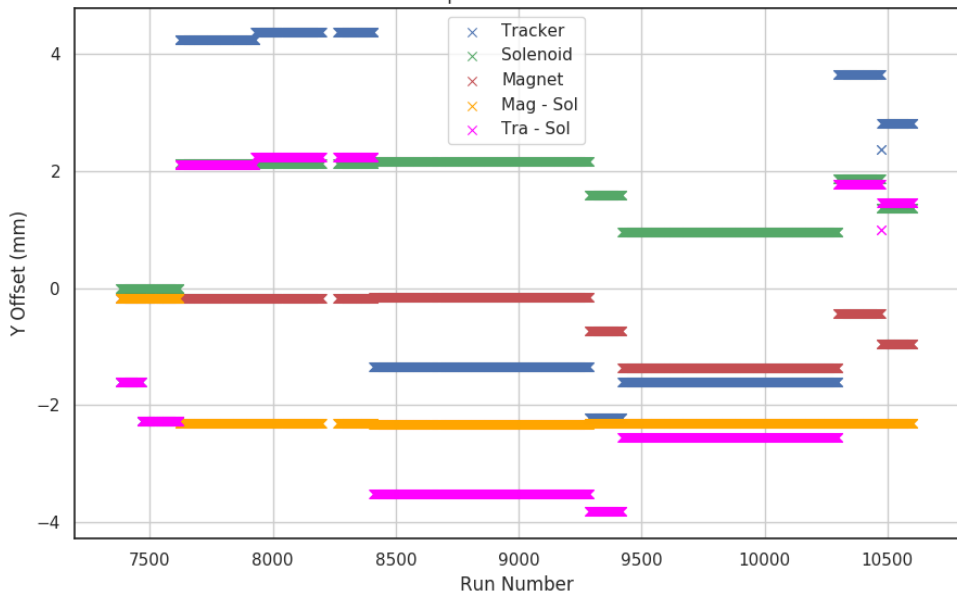
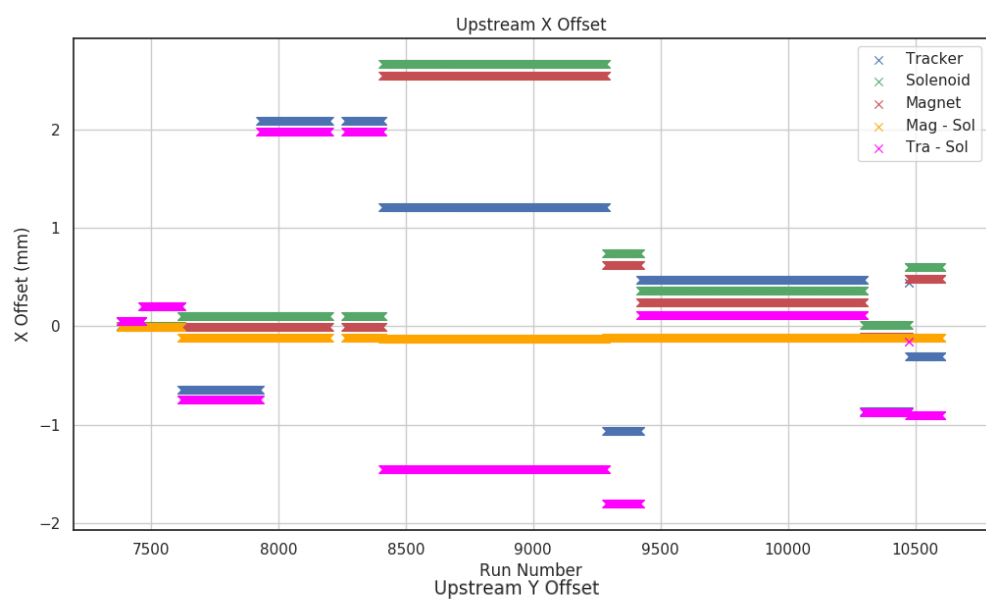
- Next is cycle 2017/2
- Movement is less than a millimetre, but it does show magnetic field dependence occasionally
- Draw wire data goes back to June 2016. Can't see changes from when magnetic field alignment was done in March 2015



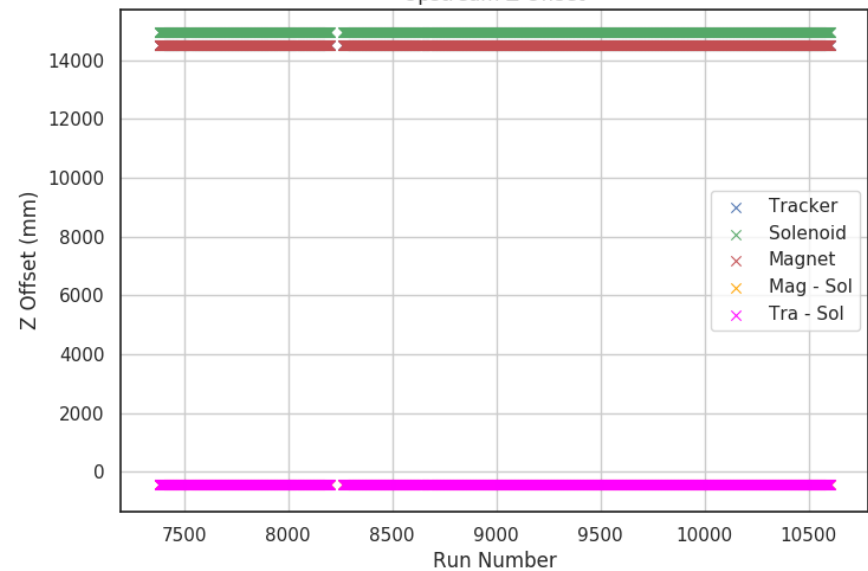
Energy Loss and Helix deformation

- Still working on it
- Need Recon to work without Energy Loss
- Can then show all three effects separately
- Perhaps enough to allow a correction procedure

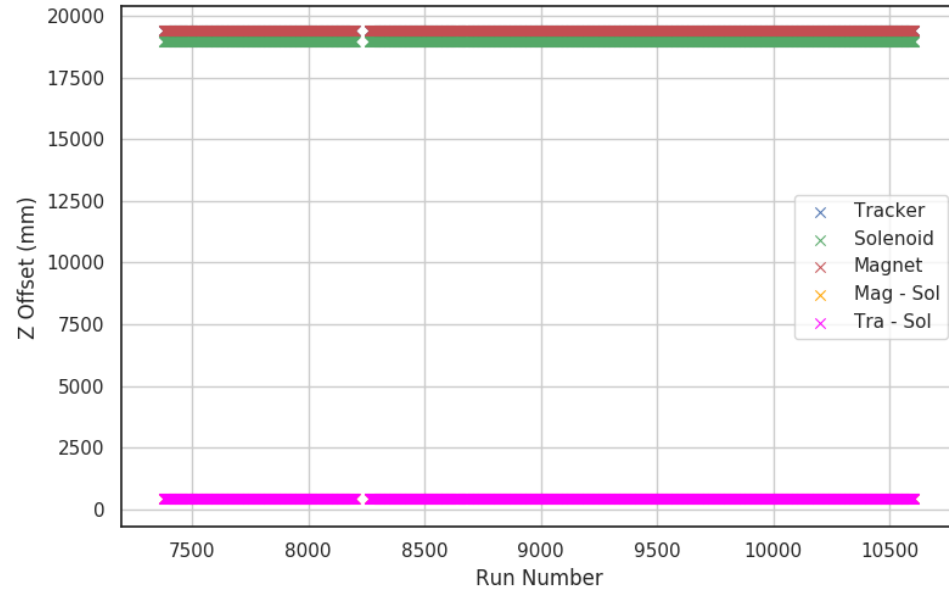
THE END



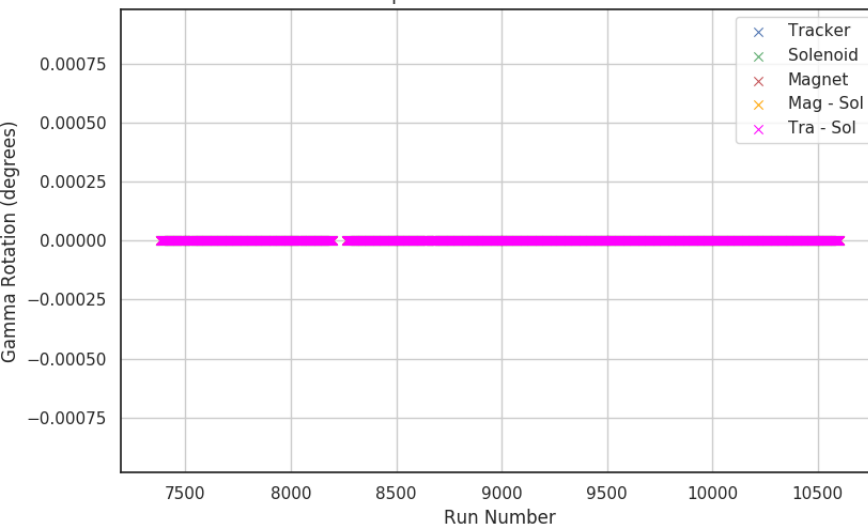
Upstream Z Offset



Downstream Z Offset



Upstream Gamma Rotation



Downstream Gamma Rotation

