NATIONAL DATA STORAGE SYNERGY WITH SYNC&SHARE SERVICES



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AGENDA

- PSNC, National Data Storage & sister projects
- Why sync & share as-an-interface?
- Synergies on non-technical level

CONTEXT - WHO WE ARE?



- Poznań Supercomputing and Networking Centre is one of the largest HPC centres in Poland
- Academic IT services provider: cloud computing, storage, backup/archival, processing; NREN

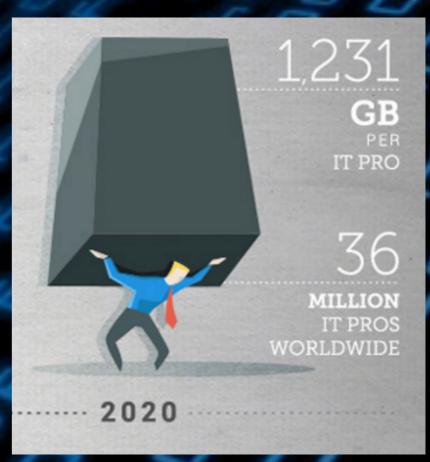


- sync & share service provided country-wide by PSNC
- aimed at large user base (10s thousands); currently 3k
- in production since 2015, 3k users, 180 TB data now
- based on Seafile Pro, MariaDB, GPFS cluster and HAproxy
- OnlyOffice integrated since 2020
- why Seafile? see our previous talks @CS3'17 and @TNC'18

A SLIDE FROM 2018 TALK @CS3

DATA VOLUMES:

- PetaBytes...
- 10-100s GB/s, 100s k IOPS
- HPC storage:
 - fast but hermetic
 - not easy to access
- Dillemma: performance vs usability:
 - SFTP, GridFTP, NFS, SSH it's 80's...
 - HPC storage especially hermetic
- Users:
 - want performance of Lustre...
 - with the Dropbox' ease of use



Source: IDC

- National Data Storage project (2021-2024)
 - "Data Lake" project
 - services:
 - · long term storage based on object storage and tape storage (plus geo-replication)
 - fast data storage & access, data access acceleration based on SSD/NVMe pools
 - data exploration, analysis, processing through integrated services / interfaces
 - · data preservation and archival using embedded digital repository and data protection software
 - sync & share a convenient interface to data (lake)

Sister projects:

- PRACE-LAB (2019-2021) HPC (CPU) & cloud computing, storage: auxiliary to compute services/infrastructure; developments: services / resources provisioning
- PRACE-LAB2 (2020-2023) focused on HPC (CPU+GPU), BigData and Al storage: dedicated BigData cluster for demanding use-cases, extended Lustre systems for selected sites

HPC/CLOUD/STORAGE INFRASTRUCTURE & PROJECTS



PROJECTS: Future ICT & PRACE-LAB

SYSTEM	EAGLE	ALTAIR	E+A
YEAR	2015	2020	2021
PFLOPS	1,3	5,9	7,2
CORES	33K	63K	96K
RAM	303TB	250TB	550TB
NETWORK	IB FDR	IB EDR	FDR/ EDR



HPC / CLOUD / STORAGE INFRASTRUCTURE & PROJECTS



PROJECTS: Future ICT & PRACE-LAB, National Data Storage

SYSTEM / PROJECT	FutureICT	PRACE-LAB	NDS
YEAR	2015	2020	2022
SSD ARRAYS	0,08	0,15	0,15
HPC STORAGE	6,7	15	15
FILE SERVERS	0,5	0,5	0,5
BLOCK ARRAYS	7//	7/	7
DISK SERVERS	25,15	45	150
SSD/NVMe SERVERS	0,2	0,4	3,6
TAPES	28,50	28,50	130 *)

^{*)} We will come back this at the end



SYNERGIES



- Great... but what this means for sync & share?
 - Lots of disk (HDD) and flash (SSD/NVMe) storage space (goodbye limits, goodbye delays)
 - New sync & deployment architecture (goodbye GPFS, welcome to Ceph)
 - New users and applications (goodbye boredom)
 - New integrations and interfaces needed (goodday ease of use/mgmt & integration)



NEW **DEPLOYMENT** ARCHITECTURE

GPFS is great but it costs licenses & dedicated maintenance effort

Better use Ceph for better scalability

Seafile server

NFS client

NFS server

GPFS

Seafile server

libRADOS client

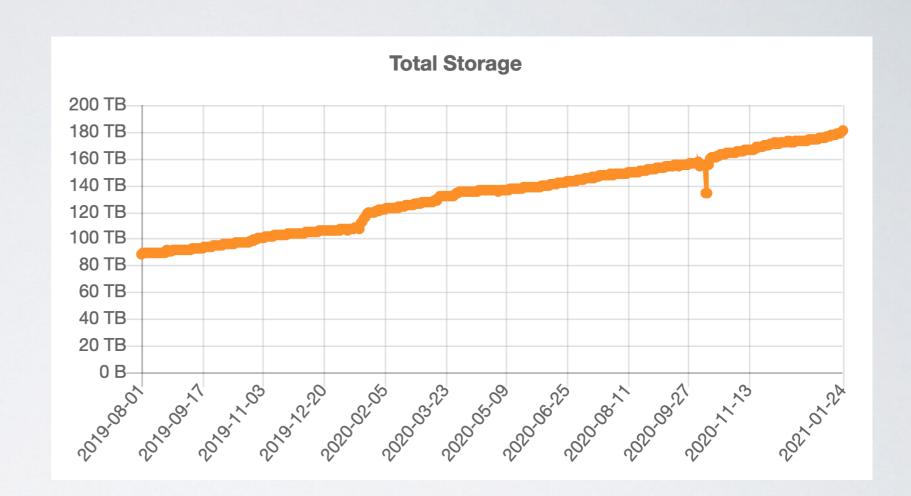
RADOS

Ceph

DID WE SAY LIMITS?



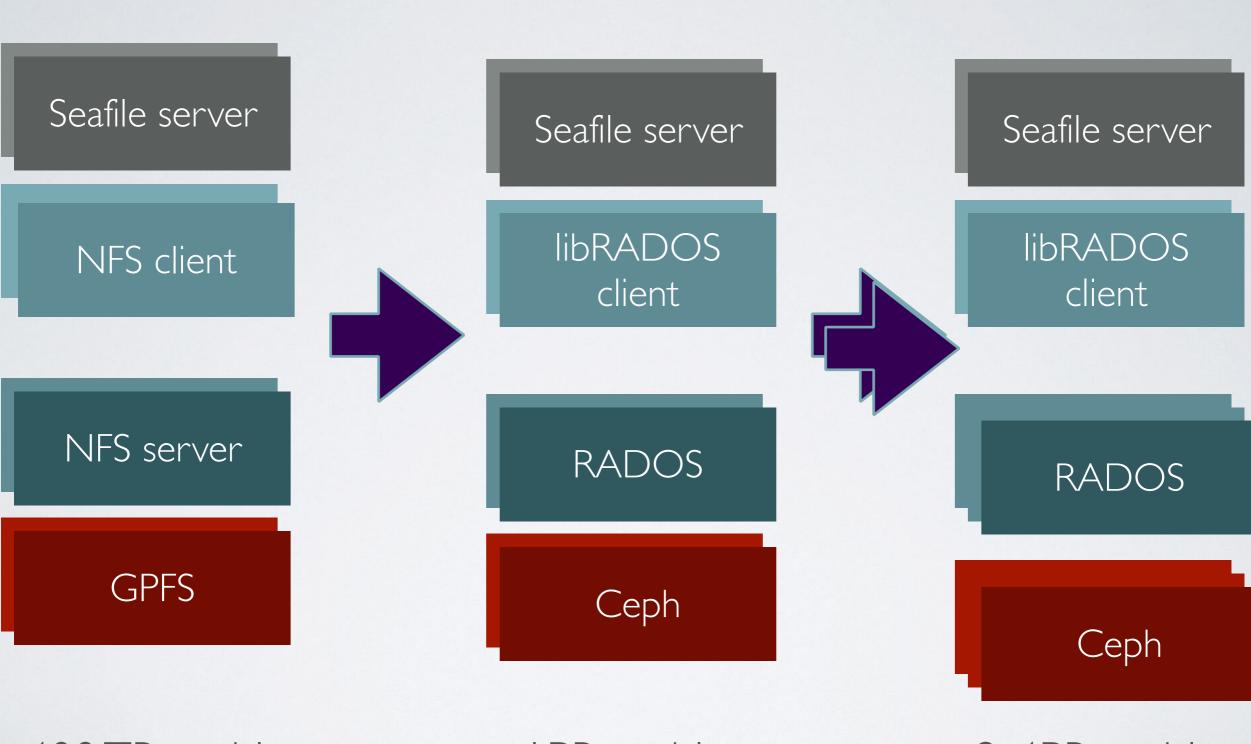
- Typical quota (2020):
 - 100GB / person,
 - I-IOTB / project
- Total space used:
 - 180 TB logical
 - 212TB physical (versioning overhead)
- Users demand morel:
 - I0+TB / project
 - I+TB / person
- Data mgmt complexity increases for growing # of users & groups



Project / User	Space usage [TB]	
EU project on multimedia	59,97	
PL project on biology	42,72	
PR dept @PSNC	8,25	
Lab @ PSNC	4,69	
User in technical university	4,33	
User @PSNC	3,07	



NEW DEPLOYMENT - MORE SCALABLE



400 TB usable (2020)

IPB usable (2021)

2-4PB usable (2022-23)

PERFORMANCE?



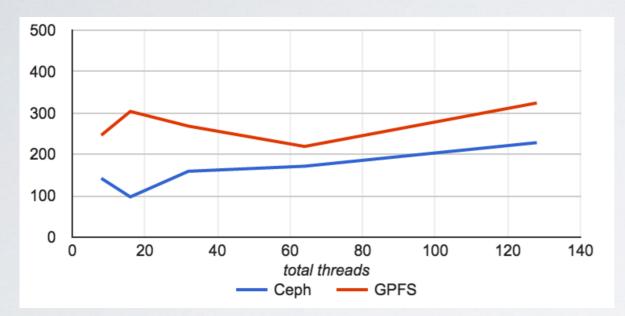
- Our tests (in 2017) see results on the next slide:
 - · Small files:
 - GPFS: serves I/O faster, smaller latencies, predictable performance
 - Ceph: higher latency, less consistent performance, capable for caching (RAM!)
 - Large files:
 - GPFS and Ceph perform similarly
 - Ceph: upload: 3x replication penalty, downloads: ~ 10% difference
- => NO SERIOUS RISKS FOR OVERALL PERFORMANCE
- Tests to be repeated with:
 - new infrastructure (faster servers, more spins) and Seafile
 - need the fine-tunning of the configuration

SEAFILE PERFORMANCE

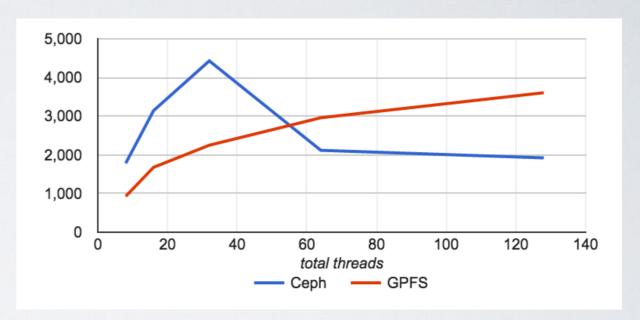
WITH CEPH AND GPFS BACKENDS (2017)

SMALL FILES TEST: 45K X 100KB FILES [FILES/S]

UPLOAD

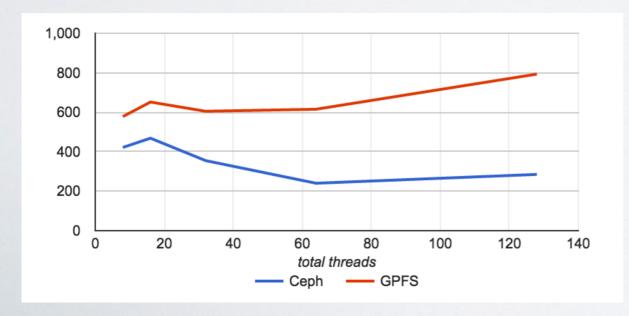


DOWNLOAD

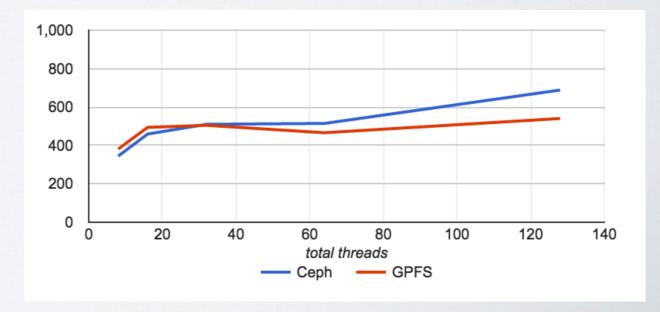


LARGE FILES TEST: 4,4 GB FILES: [MB/S]

UPLOAD

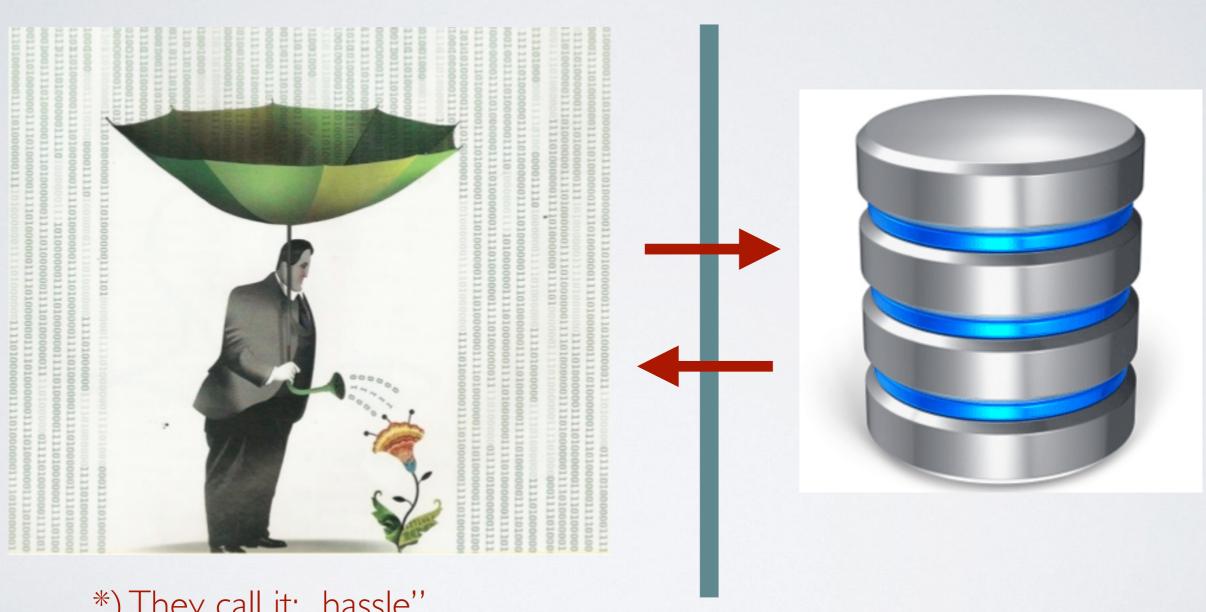


DOWNLOAD



A SLIDE FROM 2018 TALK @CS3

TYPICAL DATA FLOW *) IN HPC



*) They call it: ,,hassle"

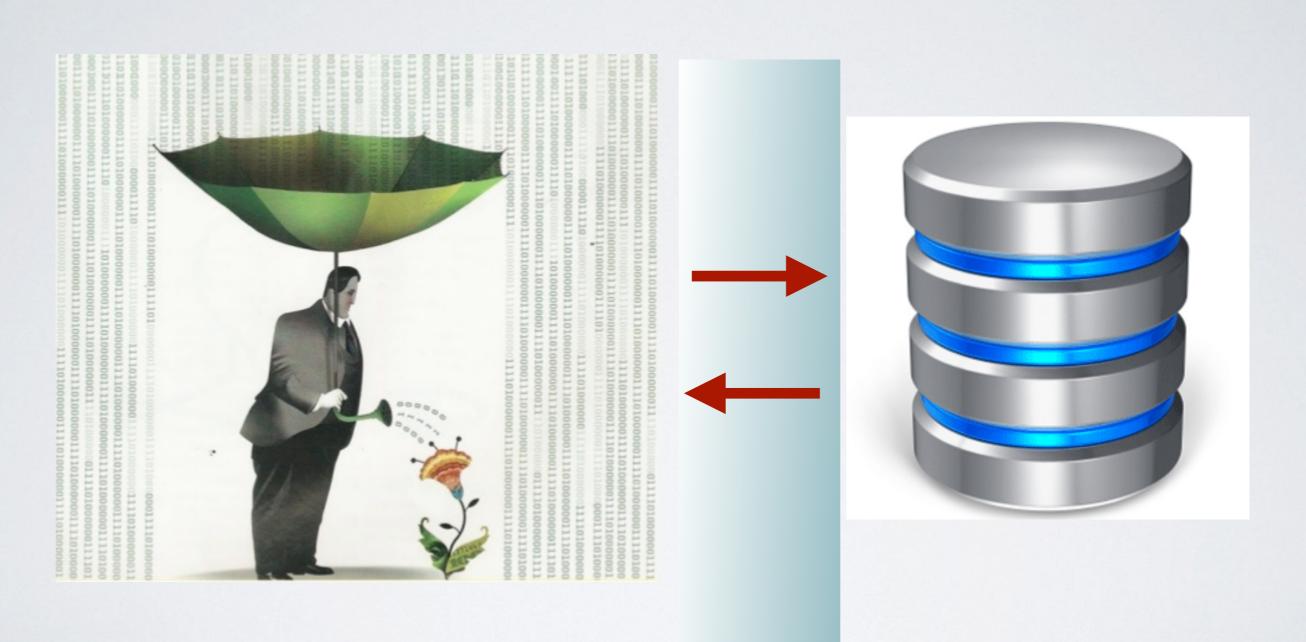
User & data

Barrier

Storage

A SLIDE FROM 2018 TALK @CS3

HOWTO MAKE DATA FLOW?



User & data

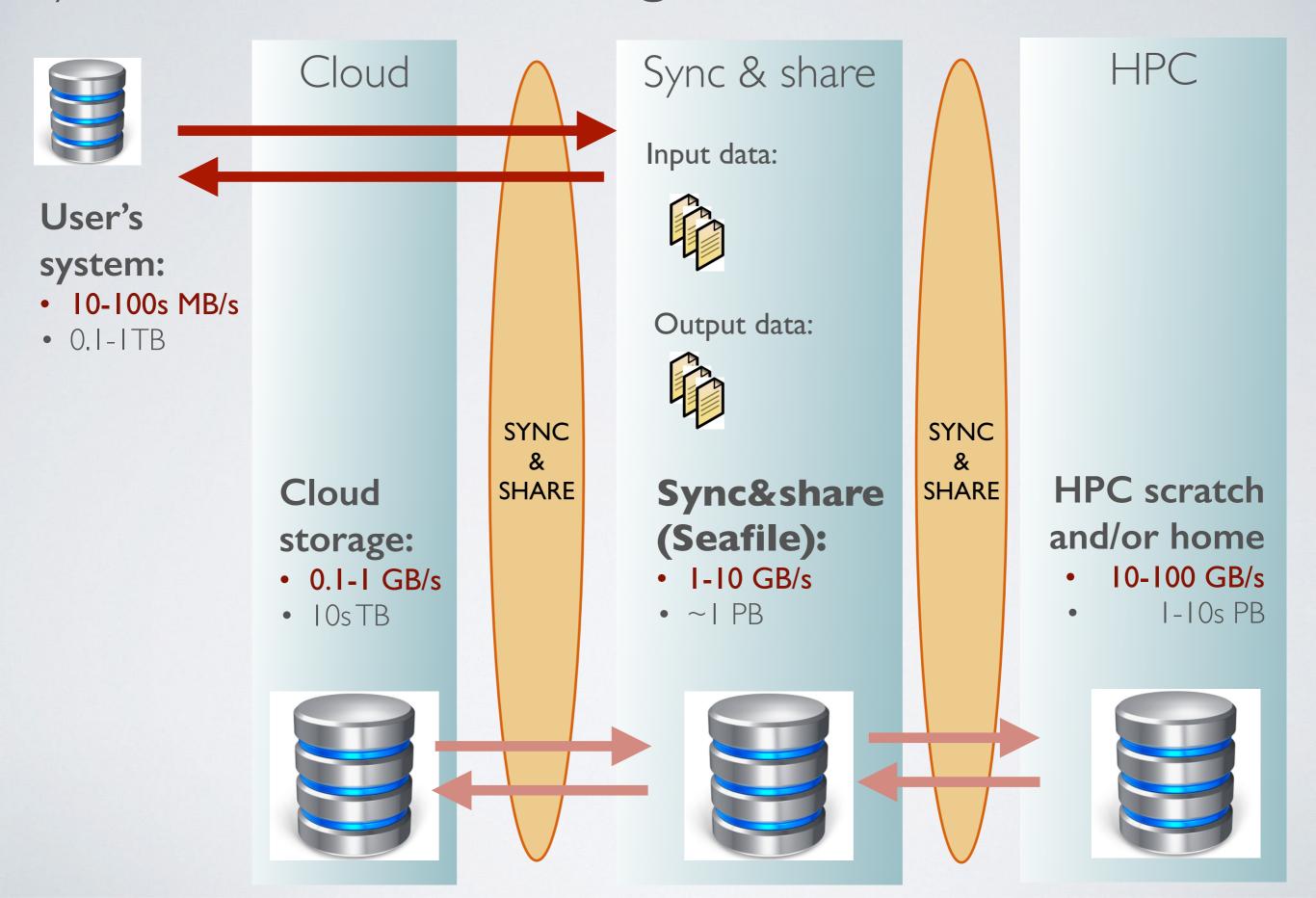
Interface

Storage

PREVIOUS WORK

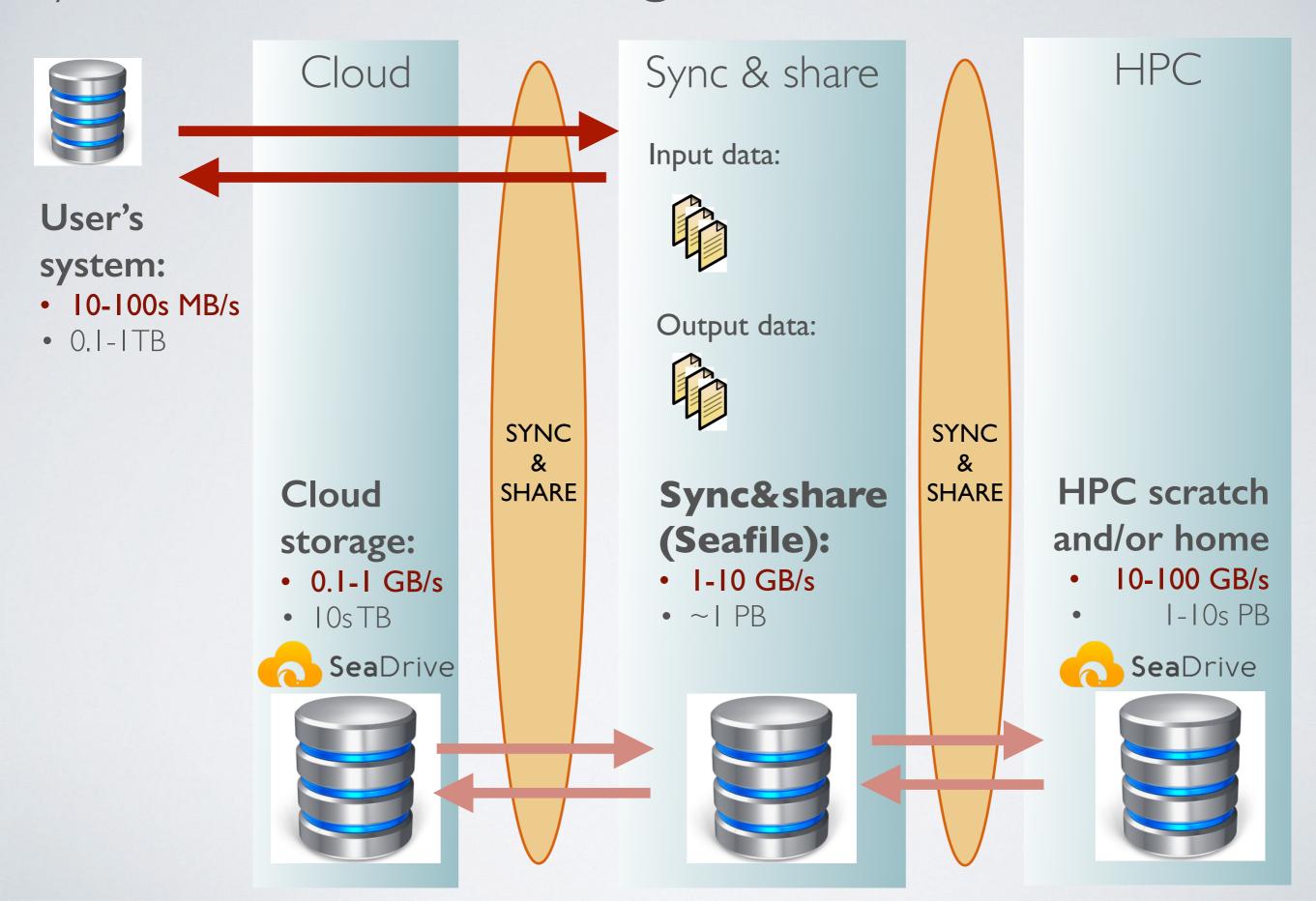


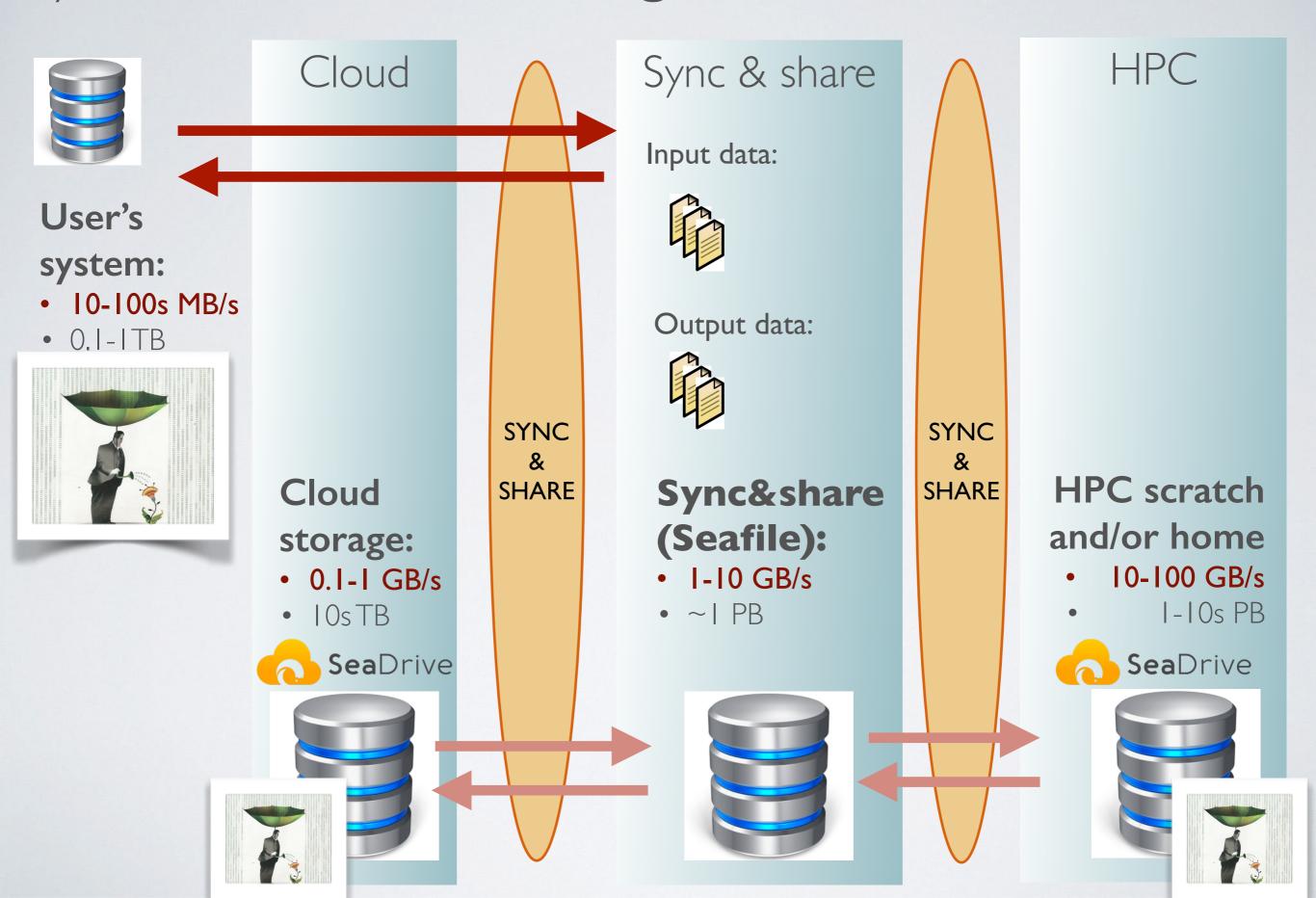
- PRACE-LAB a HPC/Cloud-focused project:
 - sync & share as the data exchange interface for HPC/cloud users:
 - users store & access data in sync & share:
 - convenience, ease of use
 - all basic sync & share features plus collaboration tools
 - data are accessible for in-HPC and in-cloud applications:
 - · synchronised (using sync clients) space overhead
 - · accessed (using virtual drive) no space overhead



analysis:

- a synchronisation **delay is acceptable** in many use-cases (see our presentation at CS3'18 in Kraków)
- ease of use comes at the cost of extra space usage (cloud, HPC)
- using proper access tools eliminates overhead:
 - Seafile provides a SeaDrive client (virtual drive based on FUSE)
 - only the active/ used / modified data are sync'd down to the Cloud storage and/or HPC storage
 - issues?:
 - sync&share load on cloud strorage / scratch filesystem
 - users and identity management and credentials ,,delegation'?
 - · workaround is to create robotic user and dedicated ,organisation'
 - more advanced solution in progress (including Keycloak...)





ONGOING WORK



- PRACE-LAB automatic provisioning of sync & share space to cloud/HPC
 - users / groups need the dedicated ,collaboration' space
 - HPC: grant users collaborate on datasets related to their research
 - Cloud: tenants may need shared storage (Manila style)
 - Implementation: ,robotic user' and ,organisation' (Seafile feature) created, users signed to ,organisation'; quota defined for ,organisation'
 - HPC: grant users space / data ,mounted' in the scratch FS and syncd using sync client or accessed on-demand through Seadrive
 - Cloud: tenant-dedicated space, mounted' as ,share' (á la OpenStack Manila-managed shares); sync client or Seadrive for data access;

ONGOING WORK



- PRACE-LAB: automatic provisioning of sync & share space to cloud/HPC
 - analysis:
 - automation makes life of users easier:
 - no need for manual setup of shares in cloud and HPC
 - integrated management of compute and storage services
 - automation helps **admins** managing storage spaces and datasets for cloud and HPC; this enables:
 - removing manual work on storage spaces configuration for users;
 - binding data sets/group dirs in sync&share to HPC grants / cloud tenants (no orphan data sets residing in sync&share after computing grants expire)
 - assosiating data sets/group in sync&share to cloud tenants (benefits as in HPC case)
 - managing user/group accounts and data sets **retention** in an **integrated way** accross various types of services that we (historically) managed separately

NEW USE-CASES (I)



- National Data Storage project:
 - basic data management services:
 - local data storage and access (disk pools, SSD/NVMe, tape; automatic tiering)
 - safe data storage
 (geo-replication based on Ceph/S3 for objec storage)
 - sync & share as the data storage/access interface
 - complementary to S3 and NFS
 - implementation to be worked out:
 - possibly through a gateway
 - doable thanks to extensive API of Seafile

NEW USE-CASES (2)



- National Data Storage project:
 - · long-term storage and preservation services integrated:
 - data repositories embedded in (mostly S3-based) storage infrastructure provided by NDS project: Dataverse, Zenodo, dLibra (PSNC) and possibly others
 - sync & share -> depositing data to -> repositories (based on CS3MESH4EOSC results ported to NDS infrastructure)
 - sync & share -> long-term storage (Ceph/S3, tape etc.)
 (partially based on CS3MESH4EOSC results ported to NDS infrastructure, possibly a separate, custom-made solution)

NEW USE-CASES (3)



- National Data Storage project:
 - PSNC's sync & share service federations:
 - integration with ,the MESH'
 - based on the results of CS3MESH4EOSC project:
 - CS3 APIs as the basis
 - Seafile-side implemention of the MESH APIs
 (approach to be worked out, hopefully supported by Seafile)
 - PSNC is the CS3MESH4EOSC partner
 - federation of sync & share systems of the NDS project partners in order to achive (at least) the national level federation



SUMMARY



- There are and will be synergies among projects and sync & share services;
 in both directions
 - Projects build & deliver the infrastructure and basic services for:
 - increasing scale & reach of sync & share (capacity, performance, technology: e.g. GPFS->Ceph)
 - improved reliability (better data protection: replication / Erasure Coding, geo-replication)
 - Sync & share as the front-end:
 - makes life of users easier (applies to those already convinced to use our infrastructure)
 - attracts / brings new users (first they use simple services, then become ,pro' users)
 - Sync & share extensions / integrations::
 - make sync & share system more functional and addressing new use-cases
 - enableintegrated management of data services and data sets

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THANK YOU! QUESTIONS?

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