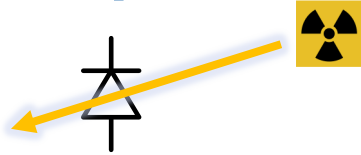


# BI developments using Timepix3

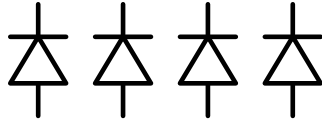
H. Sandberg (SY-BI-XEI), 2021-02-03, R2E Annual Meeting 2021,  
<https://indico.cern.ch/event/971222/>

# What is Timepix3?

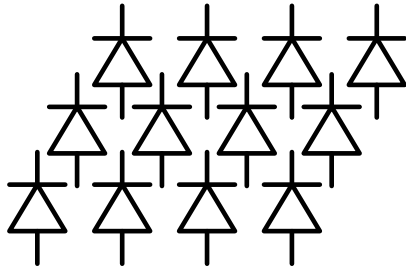
**0D: Diode**  
Qty: 1



**1D: Silicon strip**  
Qty: ~10-1000



**2D: Pixel detector**  
Qty: >10000



Amplifier output

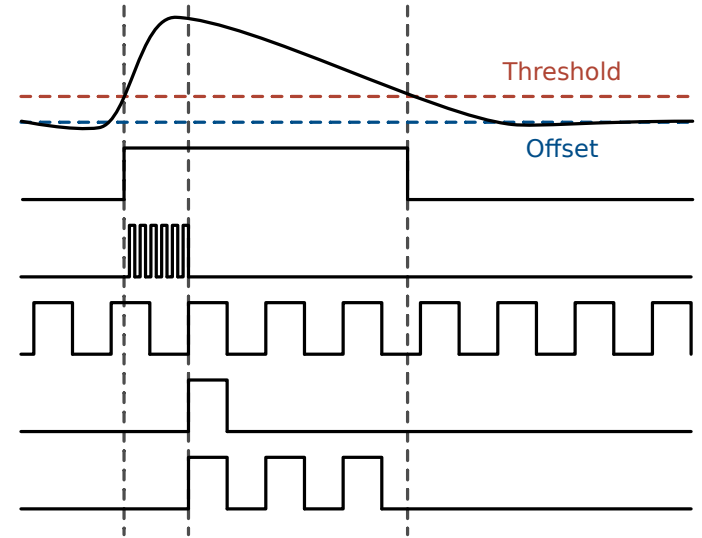
Discriminator output

Local 640 MHz clock

Global 40 MHz clock

Time-of-arrival (ToA) clock

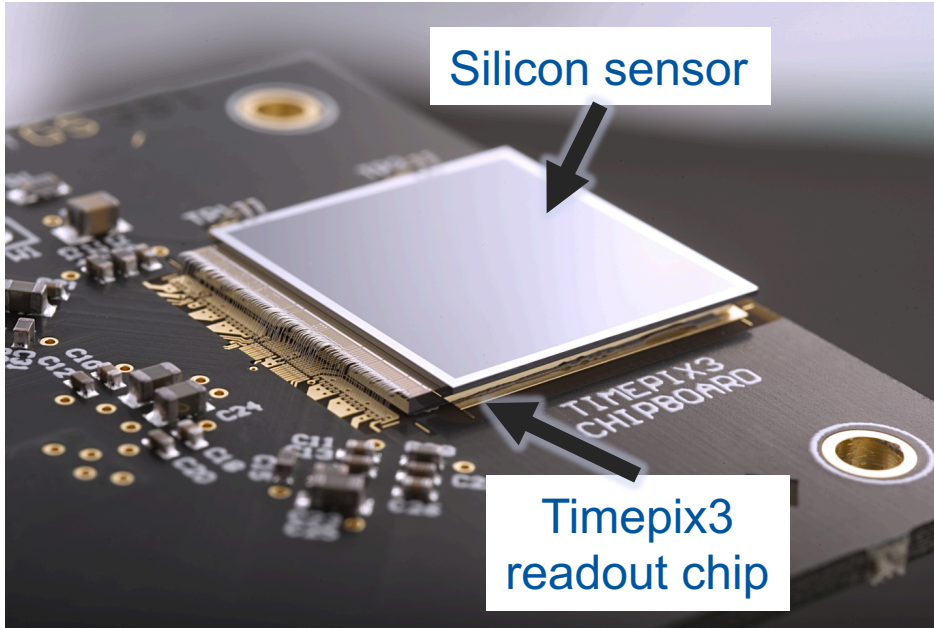
Time-over-threshold (ToT) clock



**Timepix3 is a hybrid pixel detector from the Medipix collaboration at CERN**

Collaboration website: <https://medipix.web.cern.ch>

# Timepix3 hybrid pixel detector



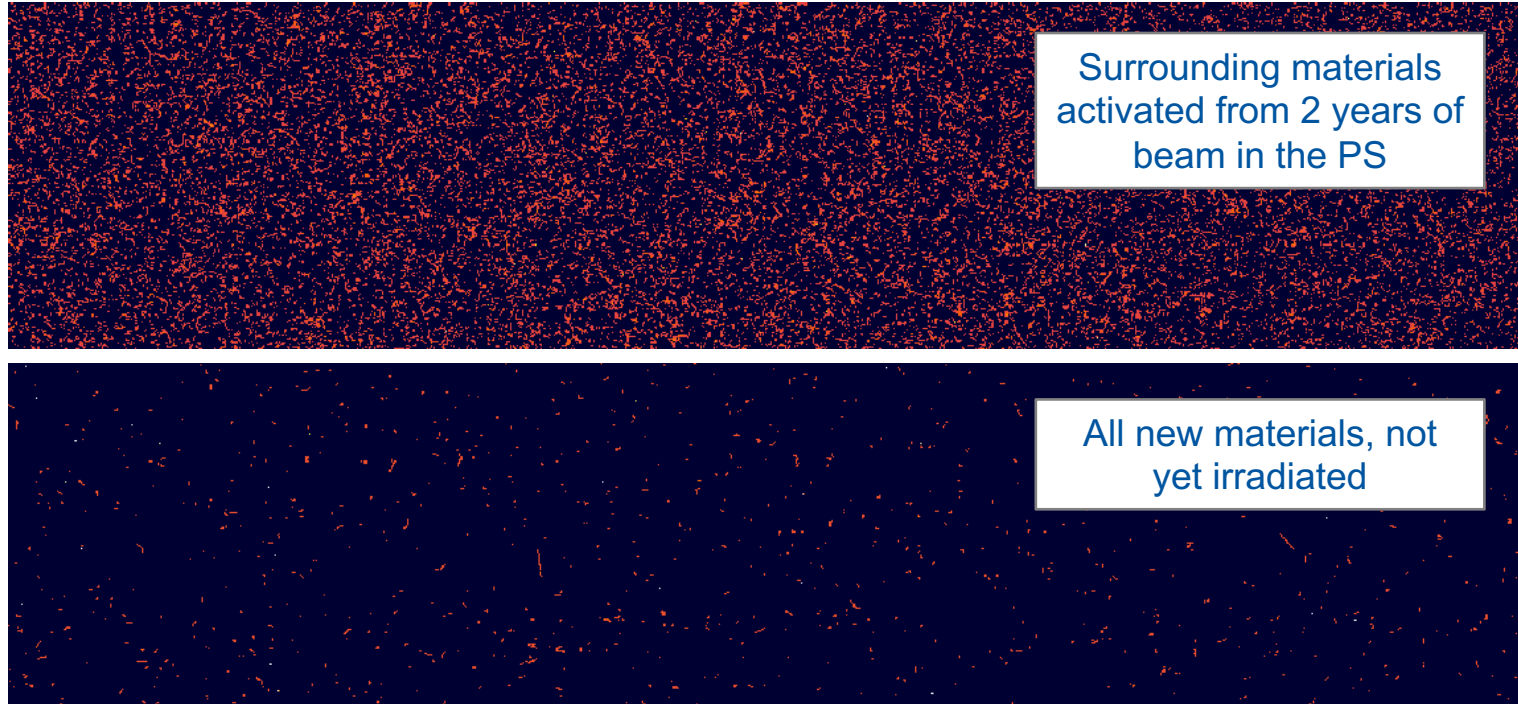
<https://cds.cern.ch/record/2253263>

- Hybrid means sensor and readout are separate
- Readout chip is Timepix3, CMOS 130 nm
- Sensor can be made of Si, GaAs, CdTe, etc.
- 256 x 256 pixels (65536 pixels)
- 55  $\mu\text{m}$  pitch
- Timestamp resolution of 1.5625 ns
- Time-over-threshold to energy with calibration
- 8x serial links up to 640 Mbit/s = 5.12 Gbit/s

Historical overview of the Medipix and Timepix family: <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2017.07.029>

# Example of Timepix3 image

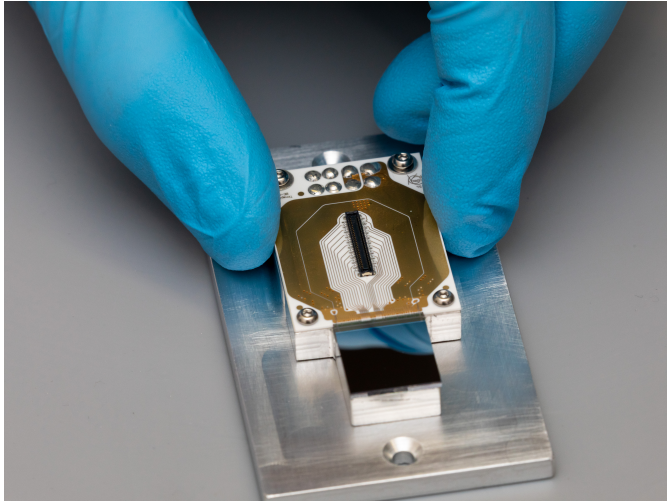
20 minute exposures inside the CERN PS vacuum



Intensity = event count

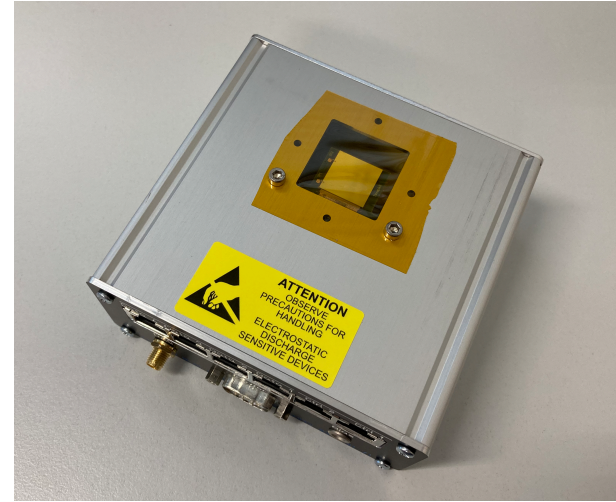
# BI Timepix3 (BIPXL) detector development

## In-vacuum detector module



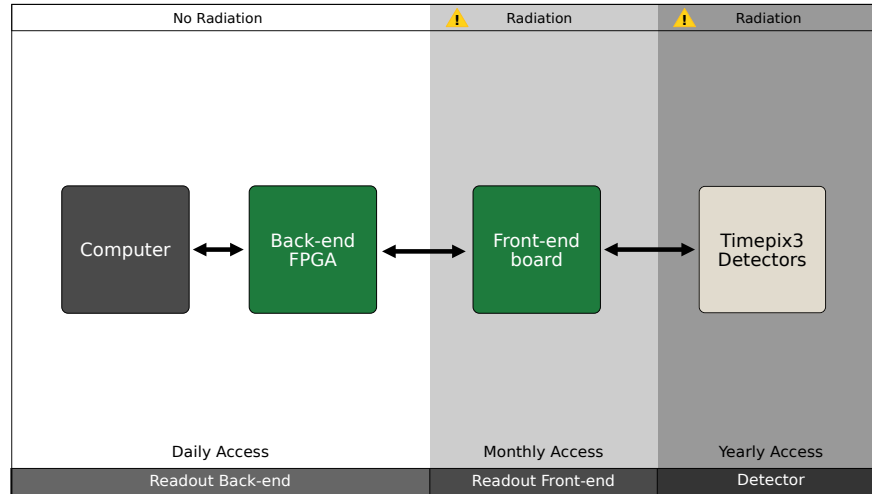
- Material choices driven by vacuum-compatibility
- Mounted on metal base for increased conduction for cooling
- Power provided from outside the vacuum

## “In-air” detector module



- Plug-and-play detector box
- FEASTMP rad-hard DC/DC modules inside

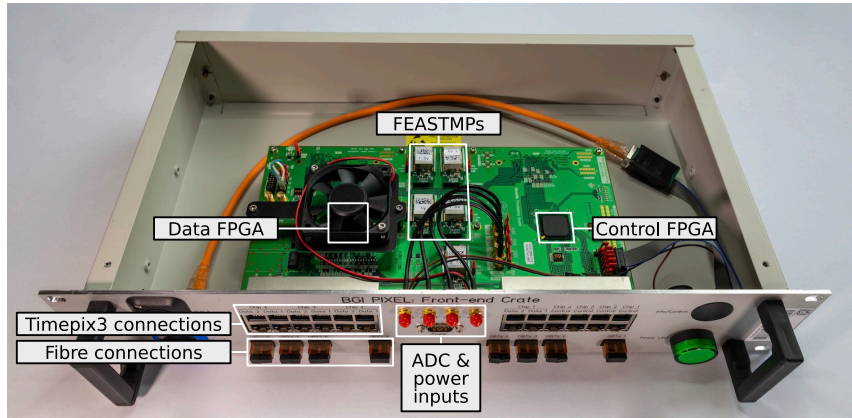
# BIPXL readout system overview



The BIPXL readout system consists of 3 main parts: the **back-end**, the **front-end** and the **detector**.

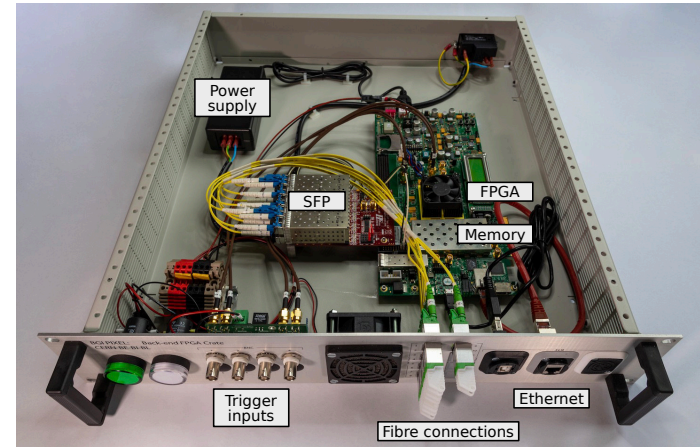
- The front-end is responsible for interfacing with the Timepix3 detectors (radiation)
- The back-end is responsible for communicating with the front-end over optical links and provides an interface to the computer (no radiation)
- The physical separation between front-end and back-end allows for readout of the Timepix3 detectors in radiation environments

# BIPXL readout - current



## Front-End FPGA

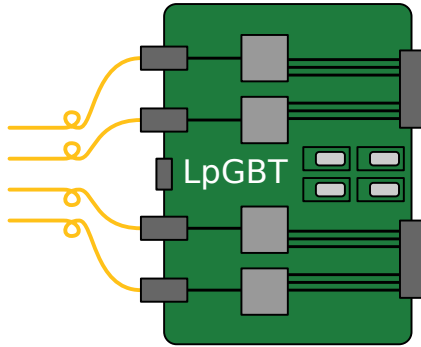
- Versatile processing board ([EDA-03830](#))
  - 5x FEASTMP
  - ProASIC3E (A3PE1500-FG484)
  - Kintex7 (XC7K70T-1FBG676C)
- Quad GBTx board ([EDA-03812](#))
  - GBTx, GBTx-SCA and VTRx



## Back-End FPGA

- Xilinx VC707 board
- 8x SFP compatible with GBT-link
- External trigger inputs
- 1G Ethernet to computer

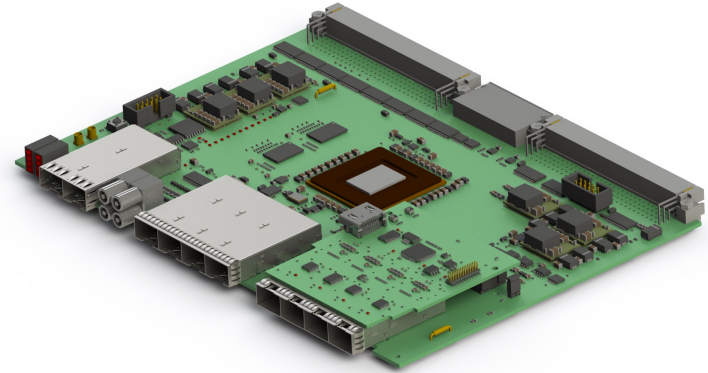
# BIPXL readout - future



## Front-End

- LpGBT directly connected to Timepix3
- FEASTMP
- VTRx+

**Increases the radiation tolerance of the front-end**



## Back-End FPGA

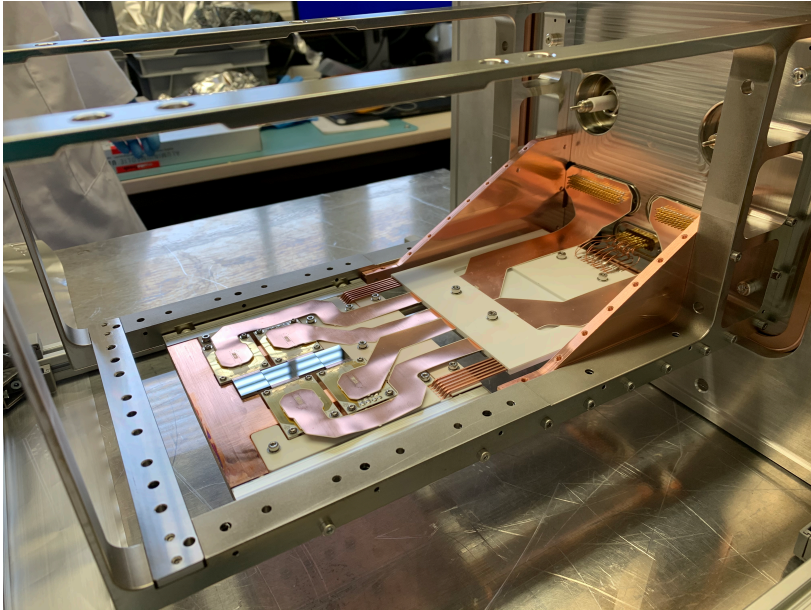
- CERN BI VFC-HD ([EDA-03133](#))
- FMC with 4x SFP, HDMI and memory for storing detector configuration ([EDA-04252](#))
- 8x SFP compatible with GBT-link

**Standardization**

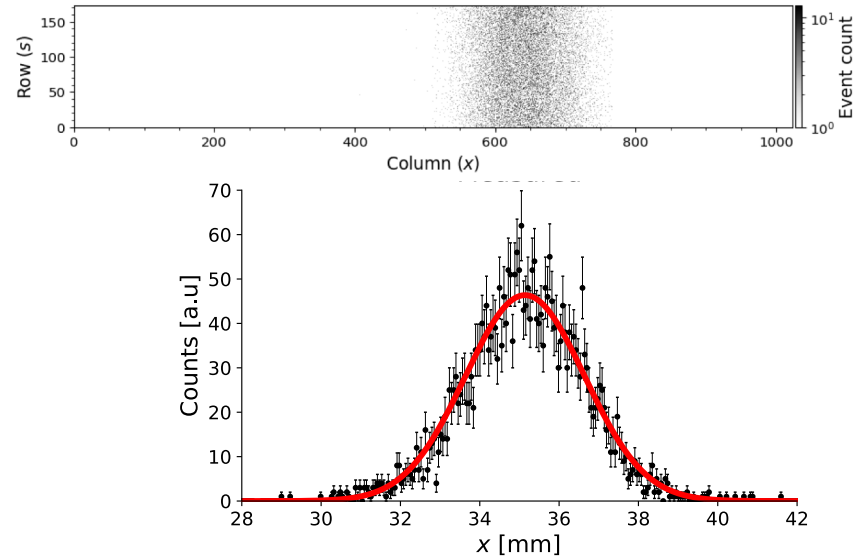


# BIPXL applications - beam profile monitoring

Beam gas ionization profile monitor (BGI) - measures the transverse beam width in the PS  
More info on: <https://bgi.web.cern.ch>



4x Timepix3 detectors side-by-side

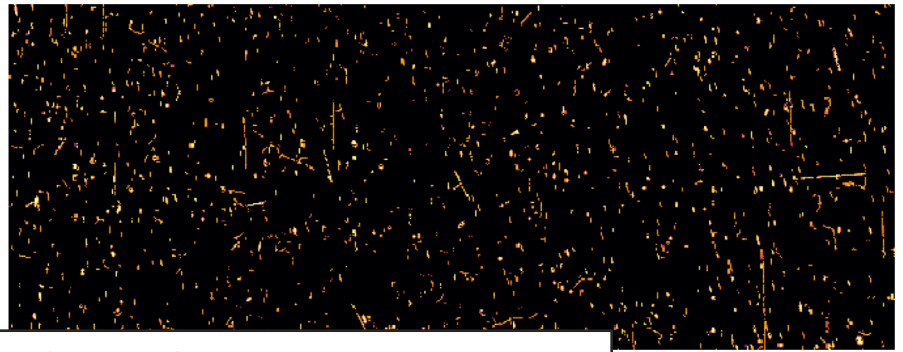
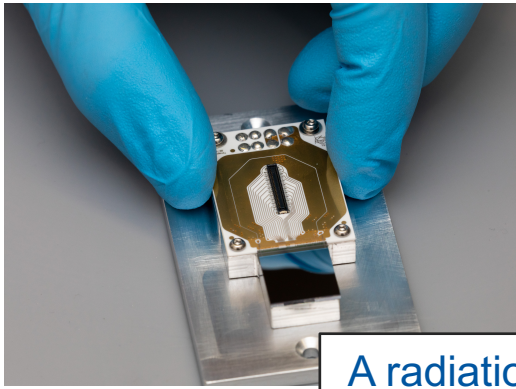


# Other BIPXL applications at CERN

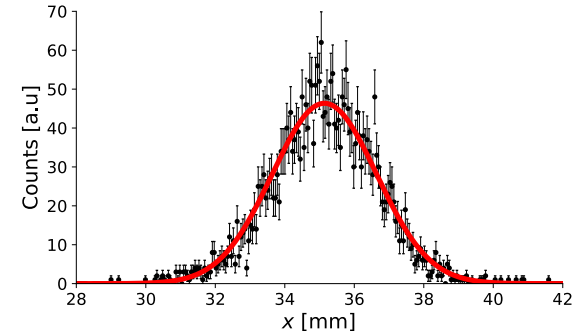
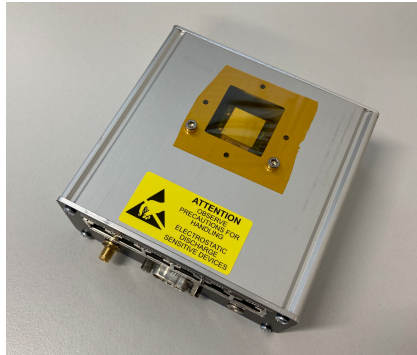
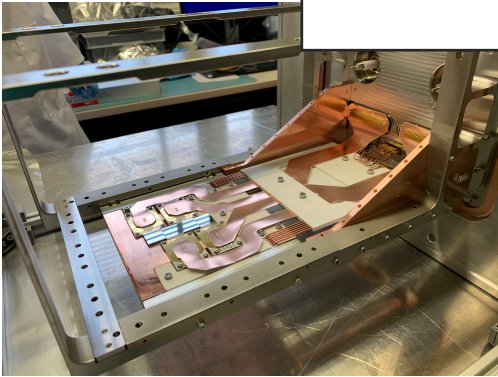
- **BGI instruments for SPS and LHC**
- **Rapid deployment Timepix3-BLM**
- **R2E team evaluating the BIPXL system for use during irradiation campaigns**
- **Beam Image Monitor (BIM) for crystal assisted beam manipulation**

## Other applications of Timepix/Medipix

- Radiation monitoring on the International Space Station
  - <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2015.02.016>
- 3D color X-ray
  - <https://home.cern/news/news/knowledge-sharing/new-3d-colour-x-rays-made-possible-cern-technology>
- Radiation imaging
  - <https://indico.cern.ch/event/48618/contributions/1163509/>
- Luminosity & radiation field characterization at ATLAS
  - <https://doi.org/10.1109/TNS.2019.2918365>
- More examples on <https://medipix.web.cern.ch>



A radiation tolerant system (BIPXL) has been developed for Timepix3 which facilitates new applications of this technology at accelerator facilities



Thank you for your attention!