

# Comparison of Higgs EFT interpretations and direct searches from ATLAS

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on behalf of the ATLAS Collaboration

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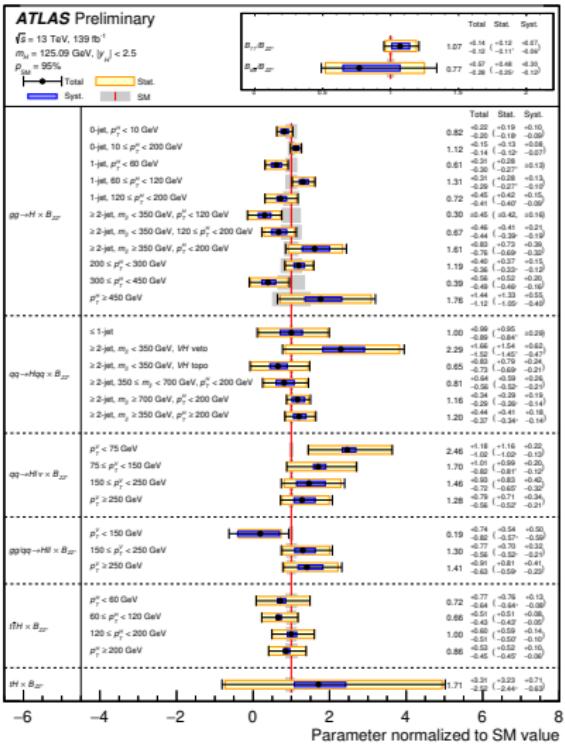
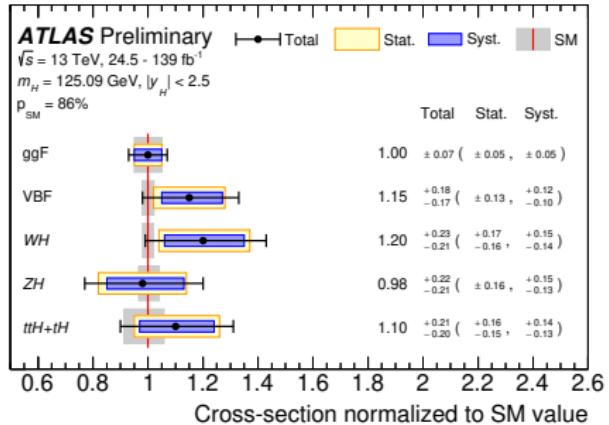


# Introduction and context

- Searches and measurements performed in many different channels
- Different strategies:
  - direct searches for new physics: new resonances or couplings
  - measurements: probe SM cross sections and couplings
- Both can focus on specific model or be more generic
  - concrete models: optimise sensitivity, but can not probe all models
  - generic measurements: less sensitive (in some channels at least) but can be interpreted very widely
- Some common, rather general benchmark models used in different fields
- EFT fits should allow “maximally generic” interpretation for BSM physics at high scales:
  - just starting really: many things to still improve, will improve with larger statistics
  - ideally could use EFT to match any specific model: not as trivial, would need some feedback and discussions!

# Example: Higgs cross section measurements

Cross section measurements with varying granularity: [ATLAS-CONF-2020-027](#)



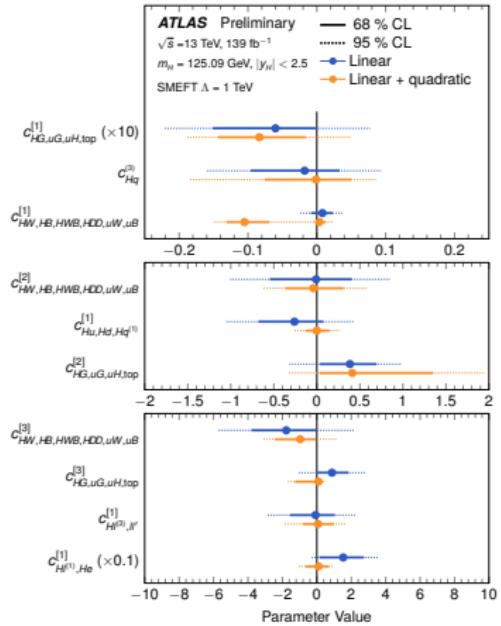
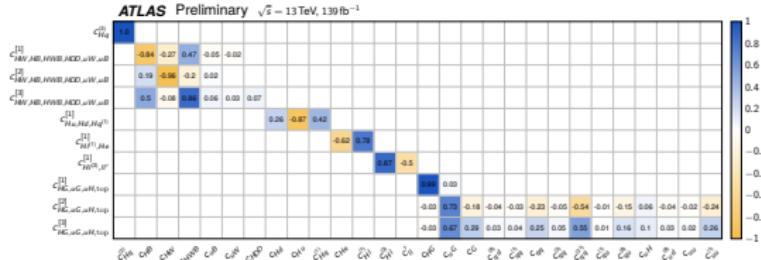
Interpretations in  $\kappa$ -framework, EFT, 2HDM, MSSM, ...

# EFT example: Higgs STXS interpretation

ATLAS-CONF-2020-053

Aim at most general possible EFT interpretation: fit all sensitive directions, explicitly show that neglected ones have no impact on fitted ones

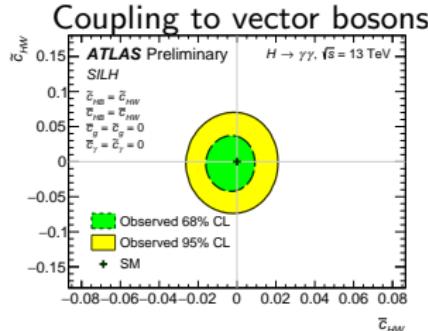
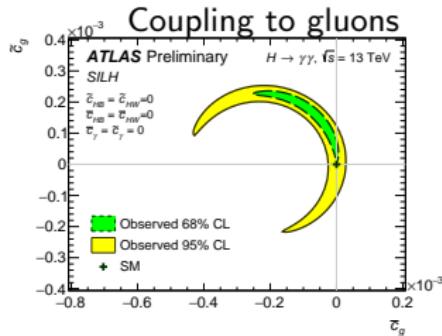
→ should allow for “easy” usage of the results for further combinations or interpretations in concrete models...



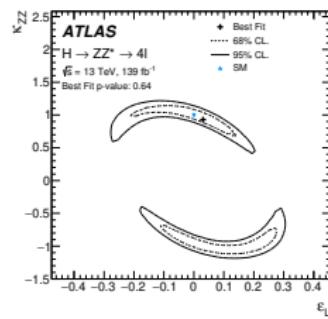
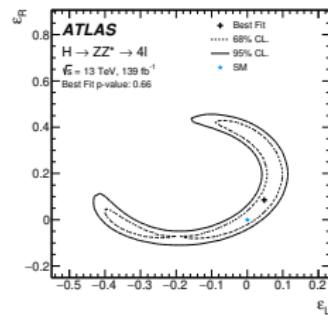
Provide correlation matrix and comparison with linear + quadratic results

# More specific EFT interpretation examples

Differential cross sections in  $p_T^H$ ,  $N_j$ ,  $m_{jj}$ ,  $\delta\phi_{jj}$ ,  $p_T^{j1}$  used to constrain CP-odd SILH operators



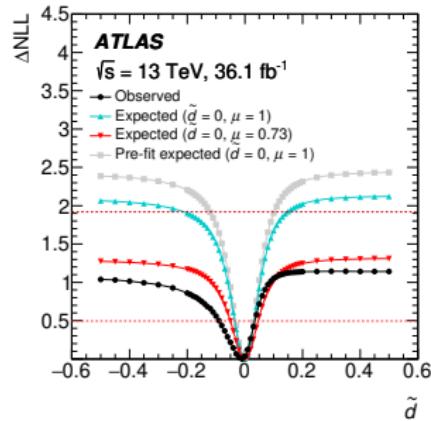
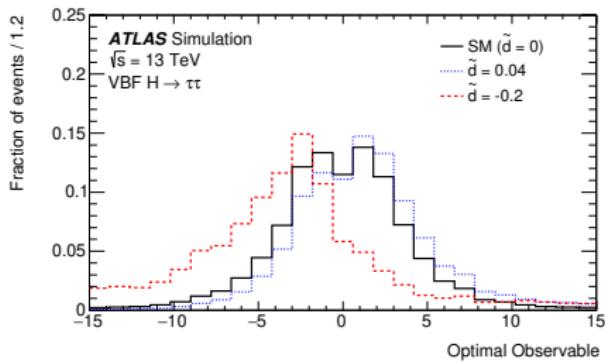
Pseudo-observable fit on  $m_{12}$  versus  $m_{34}$  cross section measurements in  $H \rightarrow ZZ^* \rightarrow 4l$



# More specific EFT interpretation examples

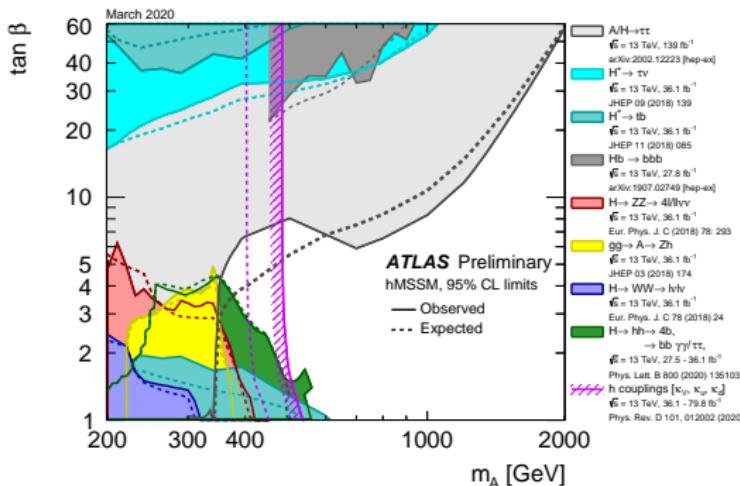
Search for CP-violation in VBF in  
 $H \rightarrow \tau\tau$

- CP-odd contribution added as EFT Lagrangian with strength  $\tilde{d}$
- Optimal observable built from matrix element ratio of EFT “interference-terms” to SM

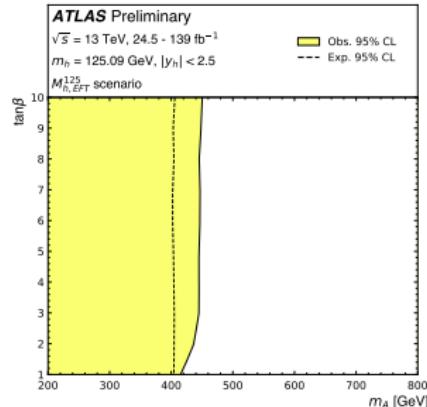


# Benchmark models MSSM

MSSM benchmark models defined by MSSM subgroup of LHC cross section working group:



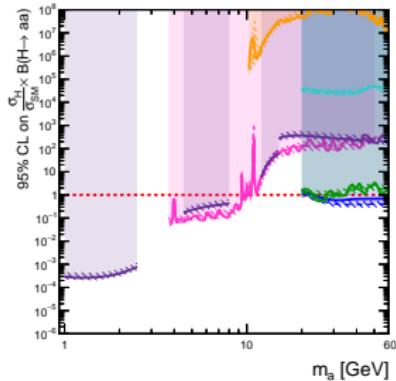
- 7 benchmark models for couplings interpretation
- 2 of them in term of effective couplings
- Caveat: these are precisely the ones were we could not compare to direct searches!



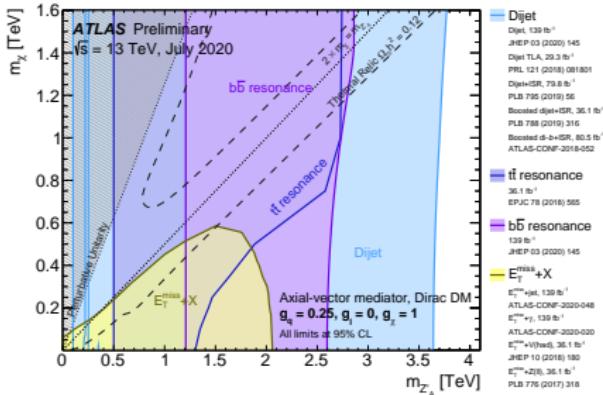
- Can be probed in direct (heavy Higgs) searches
- Good complementarity from Higgs coupling measurements

# Other benchmark models

2HDM models: exotic searches; also some 2HDM models probed from Higgs couplings



Dark matter interpretations of searches: different models; [more plots](#)



# Summary and outlook

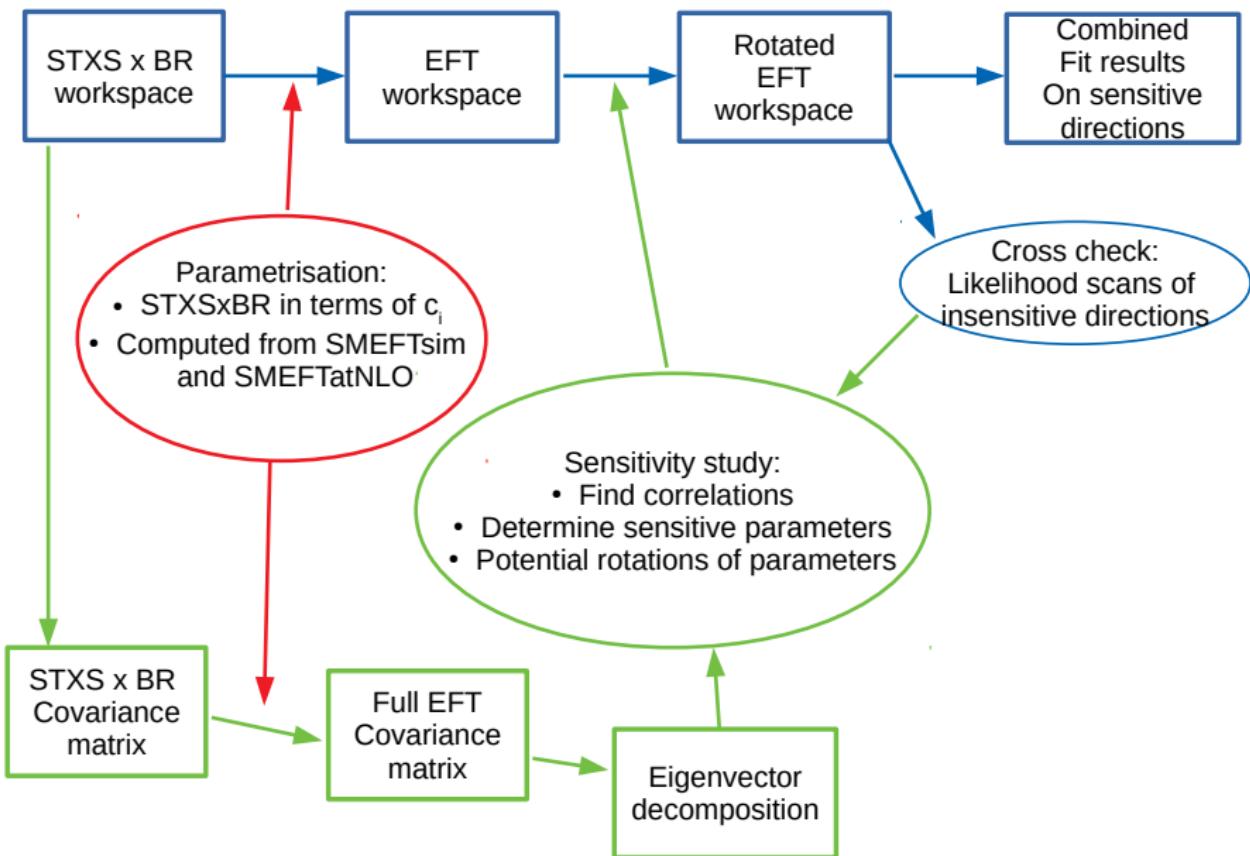
- Many analyses performing EFT interpretations: either specifically targetting certain operators or general
- Cross section measurements also allow interpretations in many other benchmark models
- Comparison of measurements and results from direct searches in the benchmark models
- Would like to be able to use the EFT interpretations to:
  - compare search and measurement limits: there might be a BSM scale issue
  - re-interpret into any possible concrete model that fulfills EFT conditions: theoretically not very well defined and sensitivity not expected to be very large
- We had some exchange with theorists on that topic in the past and found that it was difficult to realise; but it is a very interesting discussion that should be continued!

# Backup

# Full eigenvector decomposition

No.	Eigenvalue	Eigenvector
1	299310	$-0.02c_W + 0.55c_{HG} - 0.23c_{HW} - 0.70c_{HB} + 0.39c_{HWB} + 0.02c_{uG} - 0.02c_{uW} - 0.04c_{uB}$
2	121830	$-0.83c_{HG} - 0.15c_{HW} - 0.47c_{HB} + 0.26c_{HWB} - 0.03c_{uG} - 0.03c_{uB}$
3	1960	$0.10c_{HW} + 0.03c_{HWB} - 0.02c_{Hl}^{(3)} - 0.05c_{Hq}^{(1)} + 0.99c_{Hq}^{(3)} + 0.09c_{Hu} - 0.03c_{Hd} + 0.02c_{ll}'$
4	38	$+0.03c_{H\Box} + 0.02c_{HDD} + 0.09c_{HB} + 0.15c_{HWB} + 0.02c_{uH} + 0.08c_{uG} - 0.02c_{Hl}^{(1)} - 0.06c_{Hl}^{(3)} - 0.02c_{He} - 0.41c_{Hq}^{(1)} - 0.11c_{Hq}^{(3)} + 0.84c_{Hu} - 0.26c_{Hd} + 0.04c_{ll}'$
5	19	$+0.17c_G + 0.07c_{H\Box} + 0.02c_{HG} - 0.19c_{HW} + 0.10c_{HB} + 0.06c_{HWB} - 0.08c_{uH} + 0.06c_{dH} - 0.69c_{uG} + 0.09c_{Hl}^{(1)} - 0.13c_{Hl}^{(3)} - 0.07c_{He} - 0.02c_{Hq}^{(1)} + 0.03c_{Hu} + 0.10c_{ll}' + 0.03c_{qq}^{(1)} + 0.22c_{qq} + 0.05c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.52c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.02c_{uu} + 0.23c_{uu}^{(1)} + 0.03c_{ud}^{(8)} + 0.15c_{qu}^{(8)} + 0.03c_{qd}^{(8)}$
6	10	$-0.20c_{H\Box} - 0.02c_{HDD} - 0.57c_{HW} - 0.34c_{HWB} - 0.02c_{uH} - 0.08c_{dH} - 0.04c_{uG} - 0.13c_{Hl}^{(1)} + 0.54c_{Hl}^{(3)} + 0.13c_{He} - 0.10c_{Hq}^{(1)} + 0.08c_{Hq}^{(3)} + 0.08c_{Hu} - 0.02c_{Hd} - 0.40c_{ll}' + 0.02c_{qq} + 0.04c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.02c_{uu}^{(1)}$
7	5.9	$+0.08c_G - 0.07c_{H\Box} - 0.03c_{HDD} + 0.73c_{HW} - 0.23c_{HB} - 0.11c_{dH} - 0.13c_{uG} - 0.02c_{uW} - 0.03c_{uB} - 0.15c_{Hl}^{(1)} + 0.44c_{Hl}^{(3)} + 0.10c_{He} - 0.07c_{Hq}^{(1)} + 0.08c_{Hu} - 0.02c_{Hd} - 0.25c_{ll}' + 0.09c_{qq} + 0.02c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.22c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.10c_{uu}^{(1)} + 0.06c_{qu}^{(8)}$
8	1.1	$-0.29c_G + 0.04c_{H\Box} - 0.02c_{HDD} + 0.03c_{HG} + 0.08c_{HW} - 0.02c_{HB} - 0.10c_{uH} - 0.68c_{uG} + 0.02c_{Hl}^{(1)} + 0.08c_{Hl}^{(3)} - 0.01c_{He} - 0.02c_{Hq}^{(1)} - 0.01c_{Hq}^{(3)} + 0.04c_{Hu} - 0.02c_{Hd} - 0.03c_{ll}' - 0.04c_{qq}^{(1)} - 0.24c_{qq} - 0.04c_{qq}^{(3)} - 0.52c_{qq}^{(3)} - 0.02c_{uu} - 0.25c_{uu}^{(1)} - 0.03c_{ud}^{(8)} - 0.01c_{qu}^{(1)} - 0.15c_{qu}^{(8)} - 0.03c_{qd}^{(8)}$
9	0.30	$+0.03c_G - 0.01c_W + 0.06c_{H\Box} - 0.12c_{HDD} + 0.09c_{HW} - 0.41c_{HB} - 0.70c_{HWB} + 0.06c_{uH} - 0.11c_{dH} - 0.05c_{uG} - 0.01c_{uW} - 0.02c_{uB} - 0.37c_{Hl}^{(3)} + 0.16c_{He} - 0.36c_{Hq}^{(1)} - 0.02c_{Hq}^{(3)} - 0.03c_{Hu} + 0.01c_{Hd} + 0.10c_{ll}'$
10	0.16	$+0.02c_G - 0.02c_W + 0.27c_{H\Box} - 0.04c_{HDD} - 0.09c_{HW} + 0.09c_{HB} + 0.09c_{HWB} + 0.01c_{eH} + 0.08c_{uH} - 0.52c_{dH} - 0.07c_{uG} - 0.01c_{uW} - 0.04c_{uB} - 0.58c_{Hl}^{(1)} - 0.26c_{Hl}^{(3)} + 0.29c_{He} + 0.31c_{Hq}^{(1)} + 0.10c_{Hu} - 0.12c_{ll}' - 0.04c_{qq}^{(3)}$
11	0.036	$+0.22c_G - 0.56c_{H\Box} + 0.19c_{HDD} + 0.01c_{HG} + 0.03c_{HW} + 0.03c_{HB} + 0.07c_{HWB} - 0.02c_{eH} + 0.70c_{uH} + 0.09c_{dH} - 0.16c_{uG} + 0.04c_{uW} - 0.01c_{uB} - 0.06c_{Hl}^{(1)} - 0.18c_{Hl}^{(3)} + 0.09c_{He} + 0.03c_{Hq}^{(1)} - 0.04c_{Hd} - 0.07c_{ll}' + 0.01c_{qq}^{(1)} - 0.01c_{qq} - 0.10c_{qq}^{(3)} - 0.09c_{qq}^{(3)} - 0.02c_{ud}^{(1)} - 0.01c_{ud}^{(8)} - 0.02c_{qu}^{(8)} - 0.01c_{qd}^{(8)}$
12	0.023	$-0.05c_G + 0.09c_{H\Box} - 0.01c_{HDD} - 0.01c_{HB} - 0.02c_{uH} + 0.01c_{uG} + 0.37c_{uW} + 0.03c_{Hl}^{(1)} + 0.05c_{Hl}^{(3)} - 0.02c_{u...} - 0.03c_{u...}^{(1)} - 0.01c_{u...} + 0.03c_{u...}' + 0.03c_{u...}^{(3)} - 0.01c_{u...}^{(3)} + 0.08c_{u...}^{(3)} + 0.03c_{u...}^{(1)} + 0.02c_{u...}^{(8)}$

# Overview of the procedure



# General EFT settings / choices

- SMEFT with Warsaw basis, dim-6 operators with  $U(3)^5$  flavour symmetry,  $m_Z$ ,  $m_W$ ,  $G_f$  input scheme, CP-even,  $\Lambda = 1 \text{ TeV}$
- MG5+Pythia8, interfaced with STXS rivet routine (modified for contact interactions)
- Generator level cuts (currently no common agreement)
  - object cuts to match STXS definitions,  $dr$  cuts to avoid divergencies
  - very inclusive: can be quite different from experimental acceptance

Parameter	Value	Default	Comment
lhaid	90400	263000	sets $\alpha_s$ to the default value assumed in the PDF fit ( $\alpha_s = 0.118$ for 90400)
	PDF4LHC15_nlo_30_pdfsas	NNPDF30_lo_as_0130	
drll, drjj, drbb, drjb	0.05	0.4	Avoid bias in the selection, minimum value of 0.05 chosen to avoid divergences.
ptj, ptb	20 GeV	20 GeV	Chosen to match jet selection of the Rivet routine.
ptl	0 GeV	10 GeV	Cut applied only to charged leptons.
etal	10	2.5	Cut applied only to charged leptons.
ktdurham	30 GeV	X	Merging scale for CKKW-L scheme.

# Process definitions

- Process definition rather well defined
- Exist few (probably not very significant) diagrams which are not straight forward (at least for us experimentalists) to classify in terms of STXS production modes

ggF+bbH	generate p p > h QED=1 add process p p > h j QED=1 add process p p > h jj QED=1 add process p p > h b b~QED=1
VBF+VHhad	generate p p > h jj QCD=0
ZHlep	generate p p > h l+ l- add process p p > h ta+ ta- add process p p > h vl vl~ add process p p > h vt vt~
WHlep	generate p p > h l+ vl add process p p > h l- vl~
ttH	generate p p > h t t~
tHjb	generate p p > h t b~j add process p p > h t~b j
tHW	define p = p b b~ generate p p > h t w- add process p p > h t~w+
$H \rightarrow 4\ell$	generate h > l+ l- l+ l-
$H \rightarrow bb$	generate h > b b~
$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	generate h > a a
+ Additional channels (2-&3-body decays) entering total width	

# EFT parametrisation

- EFT parametrisation is multiplicative correction to best-knowledge STXS and BR predictions in each bin
  - assume / hope that higher order effects cancel in ratio EFT / SM
  - no additional uncertainties, except full SM uncertainty at SM-MC order taken into account
- Parametrisation of each process at its leading order:
  - $ggF$ ,  $ggZ(\rightarrow \ell\ell)H$ ,  $H \rightarrow gg$ : NLO QCD with [SMEFTatNLO](#)
  - $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ : NLO QED from [this paper](#)
  - rest: LO with [SMEFTsim](#)
- Factorisation of production and decay (+ Higgs decays simulated at rest)
- In this step, consider all operators in each bin with interference term impact  $> 0.1\%$ :
  - does not reject operators, but avoid contributions from stat. fluctuations in some bins
  - 0.1% is far below uncertainty on measurement in each bin within validity regime of EFT

# Power in $\Lambda^{-2}$

$$\frac{\sigma_{EFT}}{\sigma_{SM}} = 1 + \sum_i A_i c_i + \sum_{ij} B_{ij} c_{ij}$$

2 fit scenarios considered:

- “Linear”: Taylor expansion, truncation at  $\frac{1}{\Lambda^2}$

$$(\sigma \times BR)_{EFT} = (\sigma \times BR)_{SM} \cdot \left( 1 + \sum_i A_i^{STXS} c_i + \sum_i (A_i^{H \rightarrow X} - A_i^H) \cdot c_i \right)$$

- “Linear + quadratic”: full parametrisation, including pure BSM terms and mixed terms with higher orders

$$\sigma_i^{H \rightarrow X} = \sigma_i \cdot \mathcal{BR}_{H \rightarrow X} = (\sigma_{SM}^i + \sigma_{int}^i + \sigma_{BSM}^i) \cdot \frac{\Gamma_{SM}^{H \rightarrow X} + \Gamma_{int}^{H \rightarrow X} + \Gamma_{BSM}^{H \rightarrow X}}{\Gamma_{SM}^H + \Gamma_{int}^H + \Gamma_{BSM}^H}$$

Only dimension 6 operators are considered!

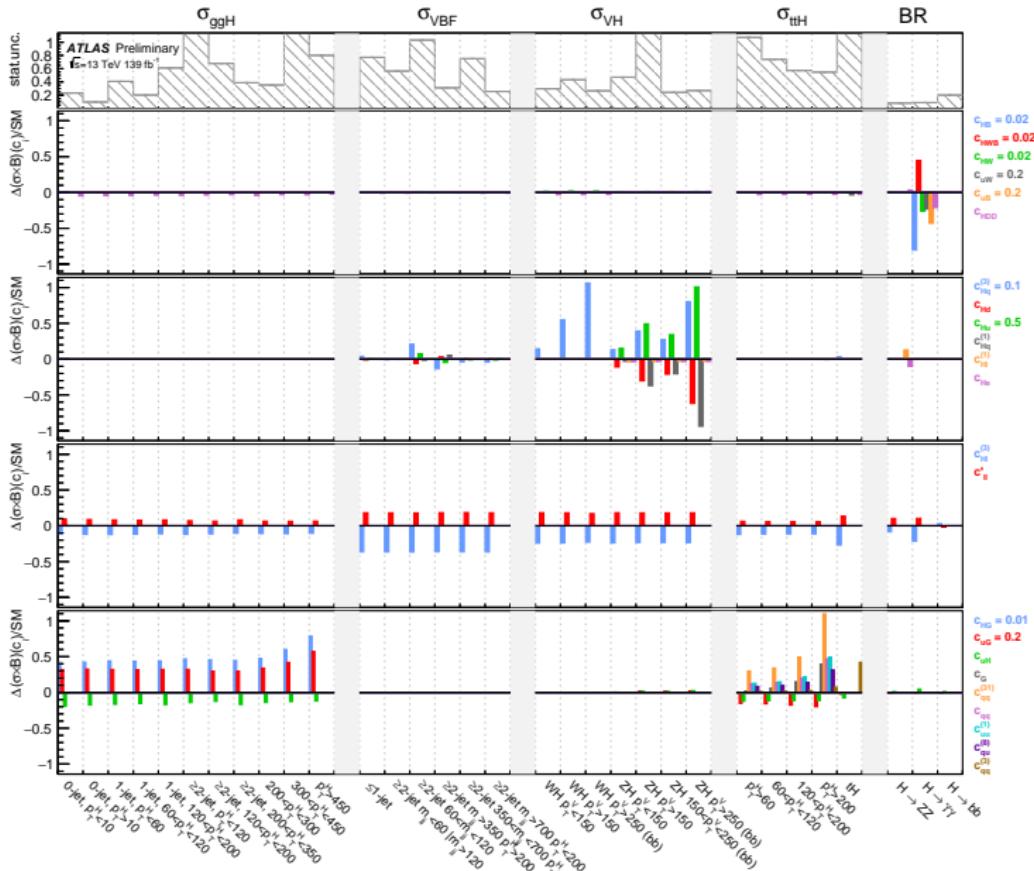
# Sensitivity study

- Fit with all Wilson coefficients does not converge and correlations are making results somewhat arbitrary
- Study sensitivity from covariance matrix: set only parameters to 0 to which there is no sensitivity
- Build full EFT covariance matrix from STXSxBR covariance matrix, propagate linear EFT parametrisation:

$$C_{\text{EFT}}^{-1} = P^T C_{\text{STXS}}^{-1} P$$

- Eigenvector decomposition gives hints on sensitive directions: large eigenvalues  $\leftrightarrow$  good sensitivity
- Do not use full eigenvector decomposition: difficult to interpret intuitively and validate results
  - group only operators with similar impact on specific physics processes
  - no aim to reduce “experimental” correlations (e.g. between ggF and  $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ )

## Parameter rotations

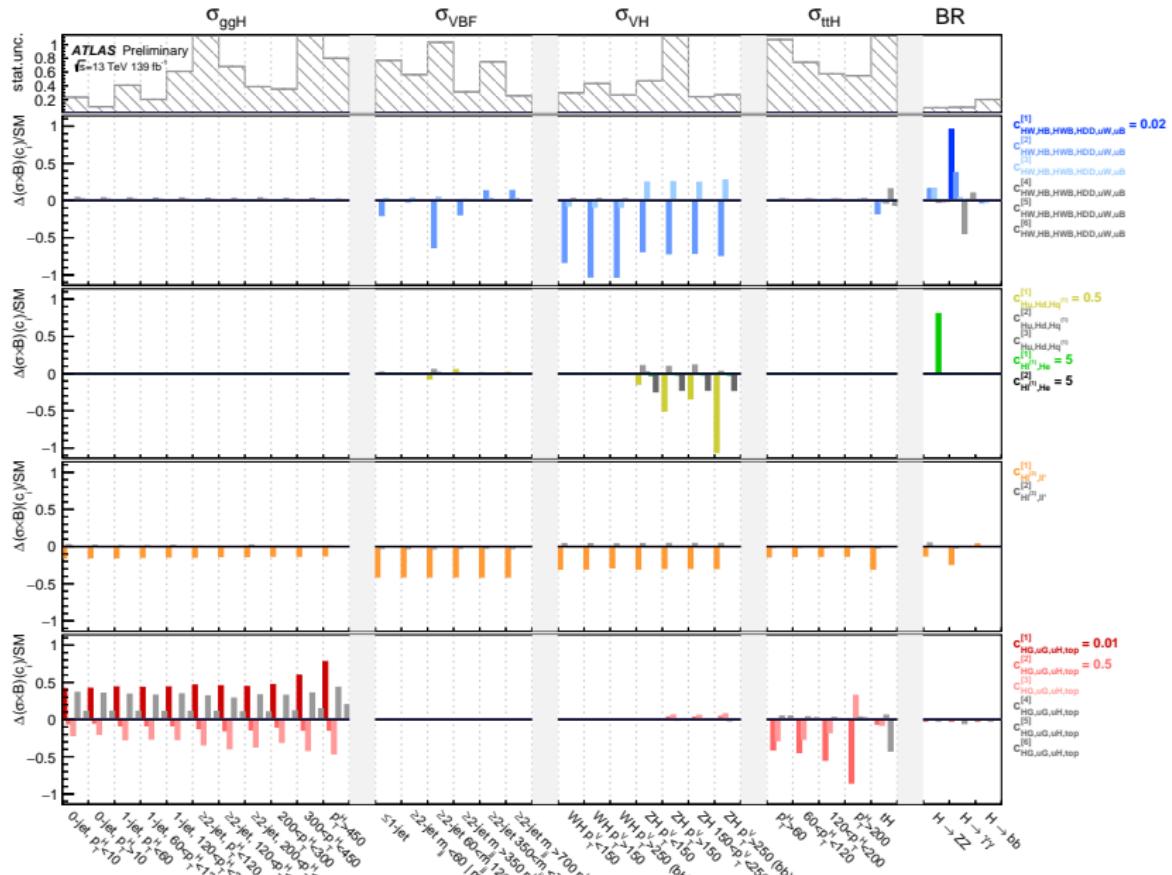


# Parameter rotations

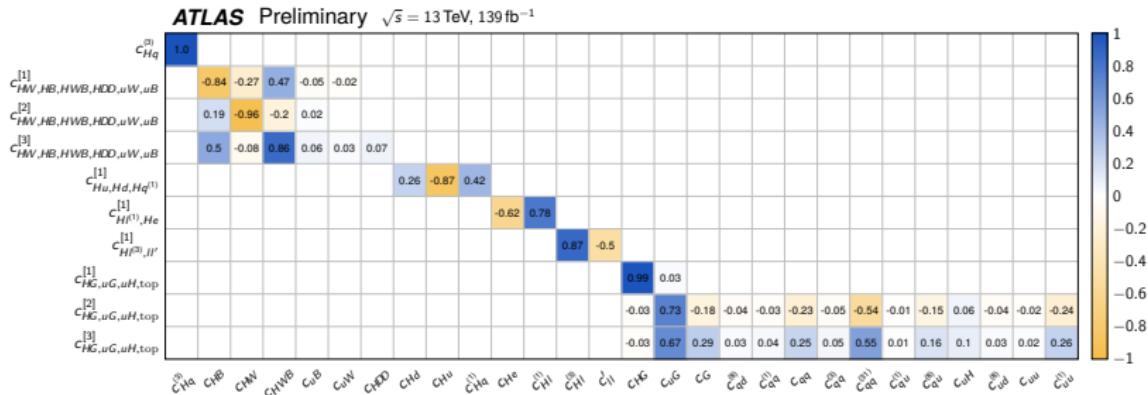
- Group parameter with similar impact in specific processes
- Eigenvector of sub-covariance matrix with these operators
- Keep the ones with “large” eigenvalue, set the others to 0
- Will be validated later on!
- Set operators impacting overall normalisation to zero; in future: would compute impact on fitted directions

Parameter	Definition	Eigenvalue	Fit Parameter
$c_{Hq}^{(0)}$	$c_{Hq}^{(0)}$	1900	✓
$c_{HW,HB,HWB,HDD,uB}^{[i]}$	1 $-0.27c_{HW} - 0.84c_{HB} + 0.47c_{HWB} - 0.02c_{uW} - 0.05c_{uB}$	245000	✓
	2 $-0.96c_{HW} + 0.19c_{HB} - 0.20c_{HWB} + 0.02c_{uB}$	33	✓
	3 $-0.08c_{HW} + 0.50c_{HB} + 0.86c_{HWB} + 0.07c_{HDD} + 0.03c_{uW} + 0.06c_{uB}$	4	✓
	4 $0.03c_{HWB} - 0.85c_{HDD} + 0.32c_{uW} + 0.43c_{uB}$	0.017	
	5 $-0.01c_{HW} + 0.07c_{HB} + 0.05c_{HWB} - 0.44c_{HDD} - 0.86c_{uW} - 0.23c_{uB}$	0.0077	
	6 $-0.01c_{HW} + 0.06c_{HB} + 0.04c_{HWB} - 0.29c_{HDD} + 0.39c_{uW} - 0.87c_{uB}$	0.0025	
$c_{HG,uG,uH,Hop}^{[i]}$	1 $+0.999c_{HG} + 0.038c_{uG}$	176000	✓
	2 $-0.03c_{HG} + 0.73c_{uG} - 0.03c_{qq}^{(i)} - 0.23c_{qq}^{(0)} - 0.05c_{qq}^{(2)} - 0.54c_{qq}^{(3)} - 0.02c_{uu}^{(i)} - 0.24c_{uu}^{(0)} - 0.04c_{uu}^{(2)} - 0.01c_{uu}^{(3)} - 0.15c_{qu}^{(i)} - 0.04c_{qu}^{(0)} - 0.18c_G + 0.06c_{uH}$	20	✓
	3 $-0.03c_{HG} + 0.67c_{uG} + 0.04c_{qq}^{(i)} + 0.25c_{qq}^{(0)} + 0.05c_{qq}^{(2)} + 0.55c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.02c_{uu}^{(i)} + 0.26c_{uu}^{(0)} + 0.03c_{uu}^{(2)} + 0.01c_{uu}^{(3)} + 0.16c_{qu}^{(i)} + 0.03c_{qu}^{(0)} + 0.29c_G + 0.1c_{uH}$	1.3	✓
	4 $+0.11c_{uG} + 0.01c_{qq}^{(i)} - 0.018c_{qq}^{(0)} + 0.029c_{qq}^{(2)} + 0.012c_{uu}^{(i)} - 0.993c_{uH}$	0.14	
	5 $+0.02c_{qq}^{(i)} - 1.0c_{qq}^{(0)} + 0.06c_{qq}^{(2)} + 0.03c_{uu}^{(i)} + 0.02c_{qu}^{(0)} + 0.02c_{uH}$	0.02	
	6 $+0.07c_{uG} - 0.02c_{qq}^{(i)} + 0.07c_{qq}^{(0)} + 0.03c_{qq}^{(2)} + 0.32c_{qq}^{(3)} + 0.06c_{uu}^{(i)} + 0.04c_{uu}^{(0)} + 0.08c_{qu}^{(i)} + 0.04c_{qu}^{(0)} - 0.94c_G + 0.02c_{uH}$	0.0092	
$c_{HI^0,He}^{[1]}$	$+0.78c_{HI}^{(i)} - 0.62c_{He}$	2.6	✓
$c_{HI^0,He}^{[2]}$	$+0.62c_{HI}^{(i)} + 0.78c_{He}$	0.056	H $\rightarrow \alpha_L$
$c_{Hu,Hd,Hq^{(i)}}^{[1]}$	$-0.87c_{Hu} + 0.26c_{Hd} + 0.42c_{Hq}^{(i)}$	59	✓
$c_{Hu,Hd,Hq^{(i)}}^{[2]}$	$+0.41c_{Hu} - 0.09c_{Hd} + 0.91c_{Hq}^{(i)}$	0.10	VH
$c_{Hu,Hd,Hq^{(i)}}^{[3]}$	$-0.28c_{Hu} - 0.96c_{Hd} + 0.03c_{Hq}^{(i)}$	0.0018	
$c_{HI^0,II'}^{[1]}$	$0.87c_{HI}^{(i)} - 0.50c_{II'}$	27	✓
$c_{HI^0,II'}^{[2]}$	$0.50c_{HI}^{(i)} + 0.87c_{II'}$	0.33	field redefinition

# Parameter rotations



# Choice of fitted directions

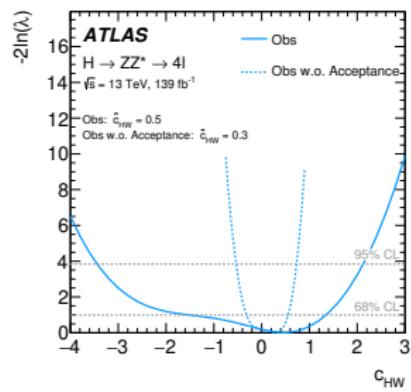
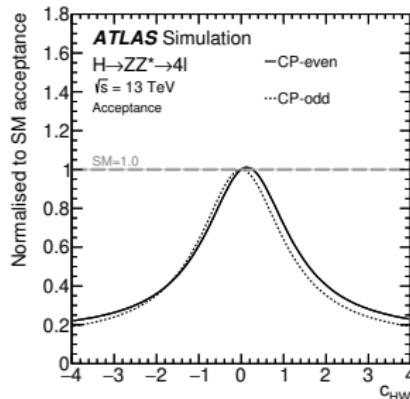
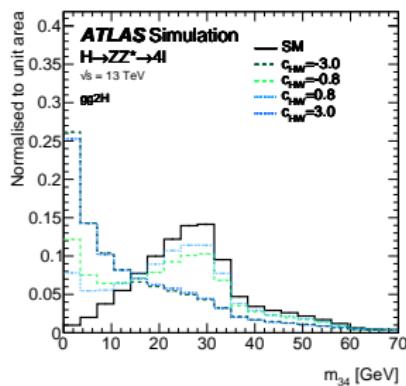


- 10 directions fitted simultaneously
- Used for both fit scenarios (choice of sensitive directions not re-optimised including quadratic terms)

# EFT parametrisation of acceptance

No definition of decay-side binning in STXS:

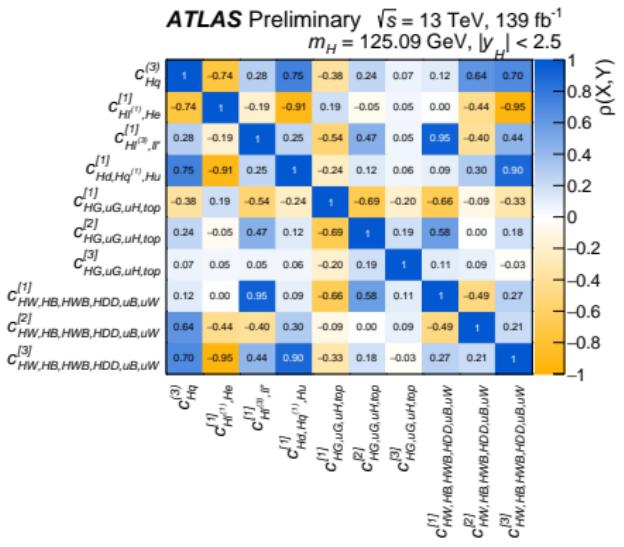
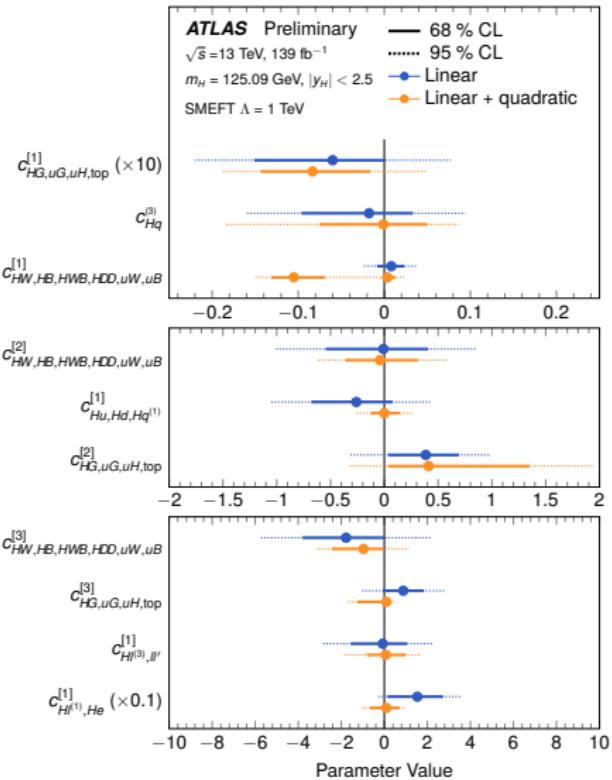
- Experimental requirements on  $m_{12}$  and  $m_{34}$  to target  $H \rightarrow ZZ^*$  decay
- Wilson coefficients might cause diff. kinematics or contact terms with Higgs, Z and leptons



Use acceptance parametrisation from [Eur.Phys.J C 80 \(2020\) 957](#):

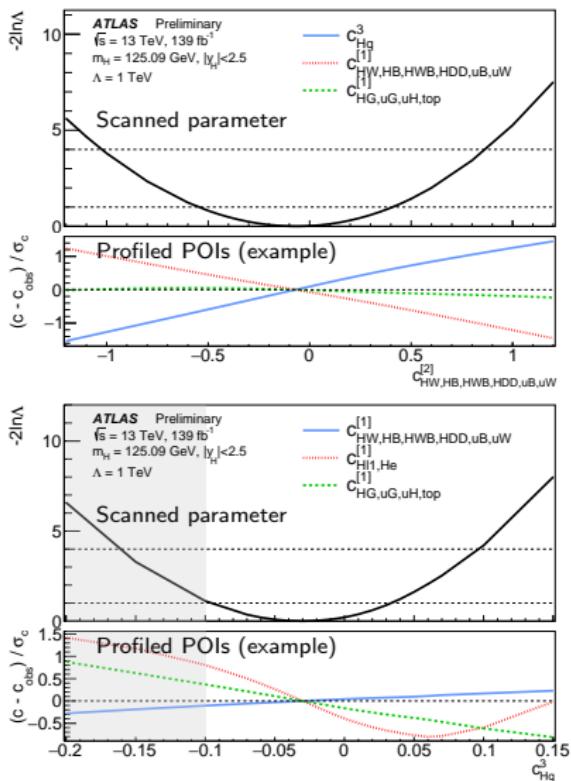
- ad-hoc parametrisation with 3D Lorenzian
- includes  $c_{HW}$ ,  $c_{HB}$ ,  $c_{HWB}$ : neglect other operators
- multiplicative factor: non-linear component in the fit, even for “linear” model

# Fit results



- Excellent sensitivity from simultaneous fit to 10 POIs
- No reduction of “experimental” correlations

# About correlations (linear model)



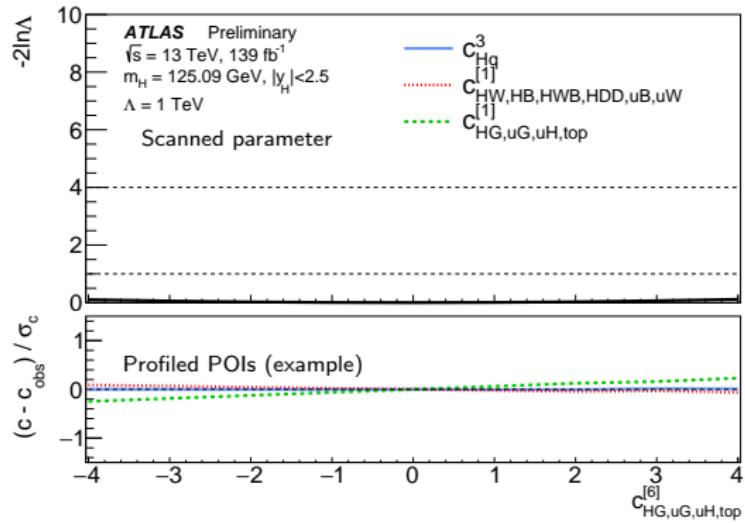
Correlations should be linear to keep generality of results when quoting central values and covariance matrix

- variation of profiled directions in likelihood scans show mostly linear correlations
- exception: parameters relevant mostly in  $H \rightarrow 4\ell$  and correlated with operators included in acceptance correction (this is not a fundamental problem and can be fixed for next round)

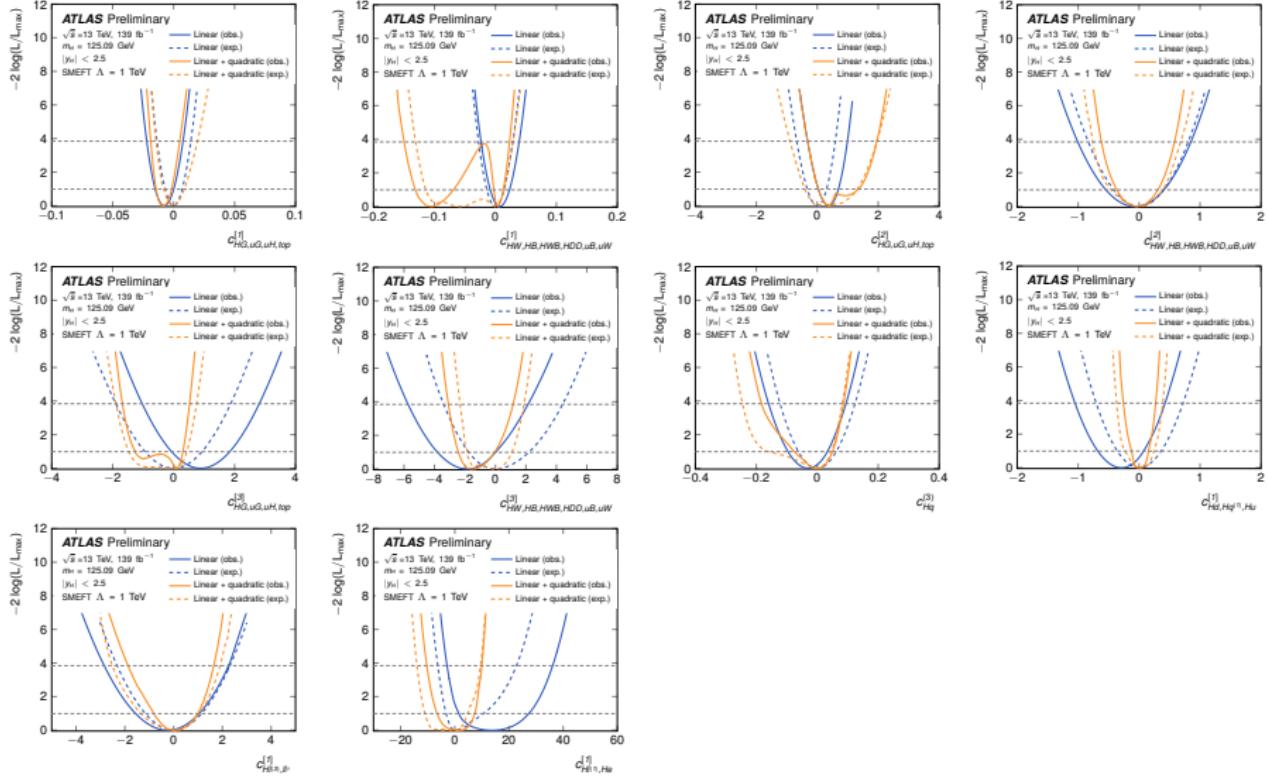
Only valid in linear model; more difficult to handle including quadratic terms!

# Neglected directions

- Setting parameters to SM (zero) can be strong model assumption
- To keep generality of results, show that impact on fitted directions is negligible within EFT validity range



# Impact of quadratic terms



Non-negligible impact from quadratic terms; should study dim-8 terms...

# MSSM interpretation

