Plasma Accelerator Injector Studies at IHEP

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Introduction of Myself

- PhD. at Shanghai Jiao Tong University (06.2015)
- Visiting scholar at University of California, Los Angeles (09.2011 08.2012)
- Postdoc at ELI-NP, Romania (12.2015 08.2017)
- DESY Fellow at DESY, Germany (09.2017 08.2020)
- Associate Researcher at IHEP, China (since 09.2020)





CEPC Plasma Injector

LWFA Injector for SAPS

Injection Scheme Studies for LWFA/PWFA

Summary



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CEPC Plasma Injector



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Circular Electron-Position Collider (CEPC)

- 100 km ring
- $\blacktriangleright E_{\rm cm} \approx 240 \; {\rm GeV}$
- Precision measurement of the Higgs boson (and the Z boson)



Figure 1: CDR (Acc.) International Review at 2018.6.28-6.30, Final Released at 2018.9.2



CEPC Plasma Injector

- ▶ A backup solution for boosting 2.4 / 10 GeV e^+/e^- to 45.5 GeV and injecting to ring
- Base line design:
 - 10 GeV e^- driven PWFA -> witness e^- 10 GeV to 45.5 GeV (transformer ratio > 3.55)
 - 45.5 GeV e⁻ driven PWFA -> witness e⁺ 2.4 GeV to 45.5 GeV (positron acceleration)



Figure 2: CEPC plasma injector V1.0



CEPC Plasma Injector

- A backup solution for boosting 10 GeV e^+/e^- to 45.5 GeV and injecting to ring
- Base line design:
 - 10 GeV e^- driven PWFA -> witness e^- 10 GeV to 45.5 GeV (transformer ratio > 3.55)
 - 45.5 GeV e^- driven PWFA -> witness e^+ 2.4 GeV to 45.5 GeV (positron acceleration)



Figure 3: CEPC plasma injector V2.0 [Dazhang Li, CPS, Sept. 2019]



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High Transformer Ratio PWFA

- ► A high transformer ratio (TR) requires a triangular shaped driver
- We have carefully shaped the driver and witness beam for TR > 3.55 and minimize $\Delta E/E$ by beam loading (M. Tzoufras, et al., PRL (2008))



Figure 5: PWFA simulation by X.N. Wang, W.M. An et al. [see X.N. Wang's talk]

Figure 4: G. Loisch et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. **121**, 064801 (2018).



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Fore-stage Linac Design

- L-band photocathode RF gun
- Challenges
 - High bunch charge, short bunch length (wakefield effect)
 - Longitudinal shape modulation and compressor
 - Small beam size at both transverse plane
- Optimization ongoing



Figure 6: RF gun and Linac design for the preferred current profile [credit: Cai Meng]



Positron Acceleration in Hollow Channel

- Hollow channel PWFA provides acceleration and focusing phase for e⁺
- An initial asymmetric driver provides extra tolerance to aiming error
- Beam-loading of e⁺ reduces energy spread



Figure 7: Positron accleration simulation by S.Y. Zhou et al. (submitted) [see S.Y. Zhou's talk]

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Generation of Hollow Channel

- Hollow channel: gas ionized by high-order Bessel laser beam
- High-order Bessel laser beam: by Kinoform plate
- Experiments performed at THU



Figure 8: High-order Bessel modes and hollow channel [See Shuang Liu's talk]



LWFA Injector for SAPS



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Southern Advanced Photon Source (SAPS)

A 4th generation photon source to be built in Dongguan city, Guangdong province (South of China)



Figure 9: Location of SAPS, near China Spallation Neutron Source (CSNS)



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Pre-study of LWFA Injector for SAPS

- LWFA for replacing the electron gun and low-energy Linac
- Objectives
 - 100 TW laser system
 - Stable >500 MeV e-beam generation
 - Beam charge >100 pC
 - Energy spread <5%
 - Normalized emittance <10 mm·mrad







Injection Scheme Studies for LWFA/PWFA



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Injection Schemes



Figure 10:

Self-injection

[Nature 2004]



Razor

Blade

Figure 12: Magnetic injection [Plasma Phys. Control. Fusion injection [Phys. Rev. Lett. 54, 124044 (2012)]

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Figure 13: Density transition 110. 185006 (2013)]

Supersonic

He flow

Screens

Electron energy

(MeV)

- Injection scheme is a key factor for output beam quality
- The major available injection schemes



Figure 14: Ionization Injection [Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 025003 (2010)]

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Injection Quality Parameters

(a) Beam directivity

measurement Interferometer

Beam Energy

- Reproducibility
- Beam Charge
- Emittance

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- Energy stability
- Energy spread
- screen Interferogra Shadowgraphy C Density profile 800 nm, 100-120 TW Driving laser pulses Divergence angle ARIE C 0 (pC) (b) Typical brightness of e-beams from state-of-the-art linac drivers

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Figure 15: W.T. Wang et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 117, 124801 (2016)





Figure 16: A.R. Maier et al., Phys. Rev. X 10, 031039 (2020)

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Our Injection Schemes: Self-truncated Ionization Injection

- Ionization Injection is suppressed by the overshot of self-focusing [M. Zeng et al., Phys. Plasmas 21, 030701 (2014)]
- Already demonstrated by a few independent groups
- $\triangleright \sim 5\%$ energy spread beam can be produced with relatively simple setup







Figure 18: M. Mirzaie et al., Sci. Rep. 5:14659 (2015)



Our Injection Schemes: Dual-color Laser Ionization Injection

- ▶ Ionization E-field controlled by the beating of dual-colors due to laser dispersion [M. Zeng et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 084801 (2015); M. Zeng et al., Phys. Plasmas 23, 063113 (2016)]
- $\triangleright \sim 1\%$ or lower energy spread may be produced





Figure 20: S. Li et al., Sci. Adv. 5, no. 11, eaav7940 (2019)

Our Injection Schemes: Ponderomotively Assisted Ionization Injection

- A sub-relativistic wakefield cannot trap electrons initialized at rest
- A transverse laser pre-accelerates electrons ponderomotively; some electrons can be trapped with critical trapping conditions
- $\blacktriangleright\ < 1\%$ slice energy spread beam can be produced



Figure 21: M. Zeng et al., New J. Phys. 22, 123003 (2020)







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Summary



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Summary

- CEPC plasma injector: 10 GeV e⁻ beams / 2.4 GeV e⁺ beam boosted to 45.5 GeV by PWFA
 - High transformer ratio PWFA
 - Position acceleration in PWFA
- SAPS plasma injector: 500 MeV e-beam by LWFA
 - Good beam quality (energy spread and energy stability) for next RF accelerator stage
- Realization (or reproduce) electron injection schemes at IHEP (preparation for SAPS plasma injector)
 - Self-truncated ionization injection (baseline scheme)
 - Dual-color ionization injection
 - Ponderomotively assisted ionization injection









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