EMPHATIC

A new hadron production experiment for improved neutrino flux predictions

Jonathan Paley On Behalf of the EMPHATIC Collaboration

NA61 Low Energy Workshop

December 9, 2020



DUNE Flux Uncertainties



- Dominant flux uncertainties come from 40% xsec uncertainties on interactions in the target and horns that have never been measured (or have large uncertainties/spread).
- Lack of proton and pion scattering data at lower beam energies.
- Reduction of flux uncertainties improves physics reach of most DUNE near detector analyses. New hadron production measurements support the DUNE oscillation program by increasing confidence in the a-priori flux predictions and ND measurements.



DUNE Flux Uncertainties - Can we do better?

- Reasonable assumptions:
 - No improvement for π production where \lesssim 5% measurements already exist •
 - 10% uncertainty for K absorption (currently 60-90% for p<4 GeV/c, 12% for p>4 • GeV/c) Not covered by current data
 - 10% on quasi-elastic interactions (down from 40%) ۰
 - 10% on p,π,K + C[Fe,Al] -> p + X (down from 40%) ۲
 - 20% on p, π ,K + C[Fe,Al] -> K[±] + X (down from 40%) ٠



Note: flux uncertainties determined by EMPHATIC, not DUNE Jonathan M. Paley

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EMPHATIC

- Experiment to Measure the Production of Hadrons At a Test beam In Chicagoland
 - Uses the FNAL Test Beam Facility (FTBF) (eg, MTest)
 - Table-top size experiment, focused on hadron production measurements with p_{beam} < 15 GeV/c, but will also make measurements with beam from 20-120 GeV/c.
- Ultimate design:
 - compact size reduces overall cost
 - high-rate DAQ, precision tracking and timing
- International collaboration, with involvement of experts from NOvA/DUNE and T2K/HK.



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EMPHATIC: Permanent Magnet



Segments made from large segments of Neodymium permanent magnets.



Many companies with expertise dealing with these magnets for the windmill industry.



EMPHATIC: Permanent Magnet



EMPHATIC: Magnet



Field maps generated using COMSOL simulation.



EMPHATIC: Si Strip Detectors



- Upstream tracking to be done by existing SSDs (60 μm pitch) at the FTBF.
- Large-area SSDs available from Fermilab SiDet. Resolution good enough (122 μm pitch) for downstream tracking.
- Will likely upgrade readout electronics and DAQ.
- Could be built and ready in 4-6 months.



EMPHATIC: Momentum Resolution



- Preliminary study based on COMSOL magnetic field maps, resolutionsmeared truth, and Kalman Filter reconstruction.
- Resolution < 6% below 8 GeV/c, < 10% below 17 GeV/c.



EMPHATIC: Beam PID



Aerogol	Particle (Equivalent)	Т	N _{p.e.}		
Aerogei		0.5 p.e.	1 p.e.	1.5 p.e.	(Average)
1.027 (60 mm thick)	<i>K</i> (4 GeV/ <i>c</i>)	99.3	99.2	99.1	30.7–34.4
1 007 (65 mm thick)	<i>K</i> (8 GeV/ <i>c</i>)	98.7	98.3	97.9	7.6–8.3
1.007 (05 mm thick)	π (4 GeV/ <i>c</i>)	98.9	98.5	98.1	9.6–10.6
1.003 (160 mm thick)	<i>K</i> (12 GeV/ <i>c</i>)	98.7	97.7	96.1	4.9–5.2

- Existing gas threshold Ckov detectors at FTBF can be used for electron veto and/or hadron beam PID above ~10 GeV/c.
- Will use new aerogel Ckov detector for PID < 12 GeV/c.
- Detector built and tested by M. Tabata at Chiba U., will be shipped to Fermilab in the coming weeks.



EMPHATIC: PID Detectors (from JPARC E50)



2018/8/28

X-type Čerenkov counter



Multi-gap Resistive Plate Chamber (MRPC)



- Resistive Plate -> Avoid discharge
- Smaller gap -> Better time resolution
- Multi gap -> Higher efficiency, better time resolution
- Can be used under magnetic field
- ~60 ps high time resolution in large area
- Low cost

E50 Pole face & Internal TOF detector

EMPHATIC: PID Detectors (from JPARC E50)





15 Jonathan M. Paley

Position [cm]

EMPHATIC: Aerogel RICH

H12700



- Based on the Belle II RICH detector
- Aerogels with lower indices of refraction (n=1.02-1.03) and good transmittance available thanks to advances in aerogel production at Chiba U.
- $2\sigma \pi$ -K separation for p<8 GeV/c.



EMPHATIC: Initial beam test from Jan. 10-23, 2018

- Proof-of-principle/engineering run enabled primarily by 2017 US-Japan funds
 - Japan: aerogel detectors, emulsion films and associated equipment, travel
 - US: emulsion handling facility at Fermilab
 - Critical DAQ, motion table and manpower contributions from TRIUMF
- ~20M beam Aerogel Pb-Gas Target triggers Glass Threshold Ckov **SSDs SSDs Material** collected in ~ 7 Ckov Calo **Detectors.** Scint. Trigger days of running Beams of p,π at 20.31.120 GeV Targets: C, Al

~2m

SE Fermilab

and Fe (+ MT)

results presented by M. Pavin, Fermilab JETP Seminar, May 10, 2019



Bellettini et al., Nucl.Phys. 79 (1966) 609-624



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First measurement of this type for kaons! Simulations seem to underpredict by ~20%.

EMPHATIC: Proposed Future Runs

Phase	Date	Subsystems	Momenta (GeV/c)	Targets	Goals
1	Spring or Fall 2021	Beam Gas Ckov + Beam ACkov + FTBF SiStrip Detectors + Small- acceptance magnet + Prototype ARICH + ToF + Small-acceptance Calorimeter	4, 8, 12, 20, 31, 60, 120	C, Al, Fe	Improved elastic and quasi-elastic scattering measurements, low- acceptance hadron production measurements
2	Spring or Fall 2022	Beam Gas Ckov + Beam ACkov + FTBF SiStrip Detectors + New Large-area SiStrip Detectors + 350 mrad acceptance (magnet + ARICH+calorimeter) + ToF	4, 8, 12, 20, 31, 60, 120	C, Al, Fe, H2O, Be, B, BN, B2O3	Full-acceptance hadron production with PID up to 8 GeV/c
3	2023	Same as Phase 2 + Extended Hybrid RICH	20, 31, 60, 80, 120	Same as Phase 2 + Ca, Hg, Ti	Full-acceptance hadron production with PID up to 15 GeV/c
4	2024	350 mrad acceptance spectrometer	120	Spare NuMI Horn and Target	Charged-particle spectrum downstream of horns



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‡Fermilab



EMPHATIC Phase 4 - Beyond Target HP Uncertainties

- Put EMPHATIC on a motion table downstream of spare NuMI horn π⁺ and target.
- Minimal goal is to measure charged-particle spectrum downstream of target+horn.



- Power supply also available; aim to measure with and without current.
- Establishes program to address questions re: HP in horns and modeling of horn geometry and magnetic field.



Summary

- New hadron production data are needed if we want to reduce neutrino flux uncertainties.
- EMPHATIC offers a *cost-effective* approach to reducing the hadron production uncertainties by at least a factor of 2.
- EMPHATIC is a strong *international collaboration* with a mature design of the spectrometer and run plans for 2021-24. Details in <u>arXiv:1912.08841</u>.
- Critical detectors from Canada and Japan are funded and ready for the 2021 run.
- We have requested and received Stage 1 approval from the Fermilab PAC.
 Funding request submitted to DOE for full-acceptance magnet, SSDs and RICH. Cost-and-schedule review in early January.
- EMPHATIC is *complementary* to the existing efforts by NA61 to collect important hadron production data for improved flux predictions.



BACKUP



EMPHATIC: Initial beam test from Jan. 10-23, 2018

- Two setups in this run: one with emulsion bricks, another with thin targets
- In each case, we used the existing:
 - SSDs for tracking upstream and downstream of the targets
 - Aerogel Ckovs and Pb-glass calorimeter downstream
 - Two differential gas Ckov detectors upstream to tag the beam (1 w/ two mirrors)

MT6.1-A





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MT6.1-B









Number of min. bias triggers

	Graphite	Aluminum	Iron	Empty
120 GeV	1.63M	0	0	1.21M
30 GeV/c	3.42M	976k	1.01M	2.56M
-30 GeV/c	313k	308k	128k	312k
20 GeV/c	1.76M	1.76M	1.72M	1.61M
10 GeV/c	1.18M	1.11M	967k	1.17M
2 GeV	105k	105k	183k	108k

Note: min. bias trigger efficiency is 100%









results presented by M. Pavin, Fermilab JETP Seminar, May 10, 2019

Systematic uncertainties

Strategy:

- Use data to estimate systematics
- If not possible use MC → largest difference between models
- 1. Beam contamination (kaons in proton beam) -> negligible << 1% contamination
- 2. Upstream interactions in the trigger scintillator or SSDs -> negligible < 0.5%
- 3. Interactions between upstream SSDs and target (shape) → negligible for t > 0.01 GeV²
- 4. Secondary particles (not leading protons or kaons) < 6%
- 5. Efficiency uncertainty (model dependence) **< 3%**
- 6. Normalization (target thickness and density) \rightarrow 2%
- 7. POT correction for upstream losses $\rightarrow 0.5\%$



Note: Since this presentation, we have redefined our

- signal (deliverable) to be the model independent measurement
- of not possible use MC → largest difference between models

- $p + C \rightarrow A + X^{\pm}$ Beam contamination (kaons in proton beam) \rightarrow negligible << 1% contamination
- where A is the final-state nucleus and X is a charged particle
- Seco with a scattering angle < 20 mrad. < 6%
- Systematics are now at the few % level.
- correction for upstream losses -> 0.5°

