

Jet Quenching from Light to Dense Systems

Liliana Apolinário



TÉCNICO
LISBOA

QGP in dense systems

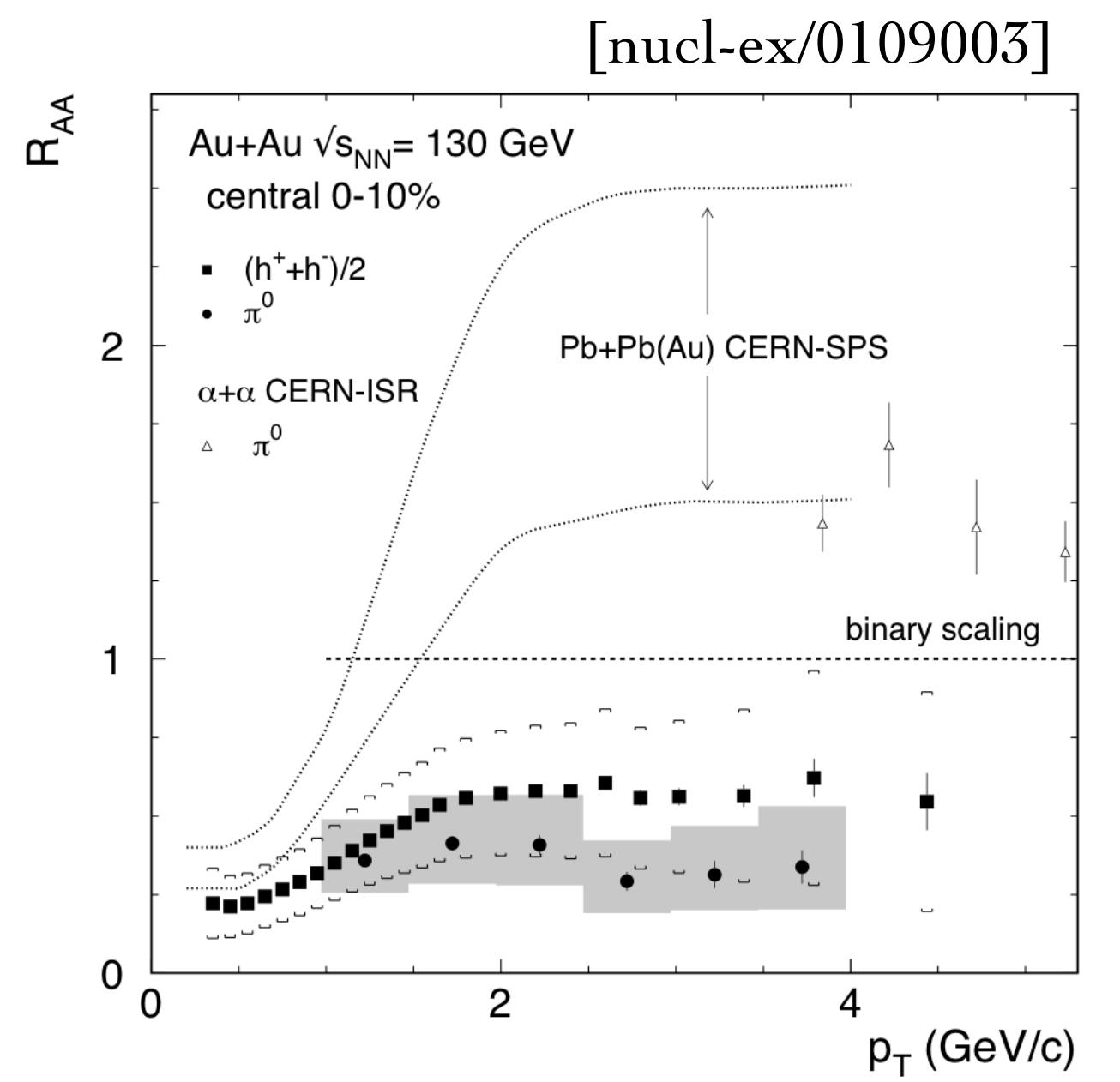
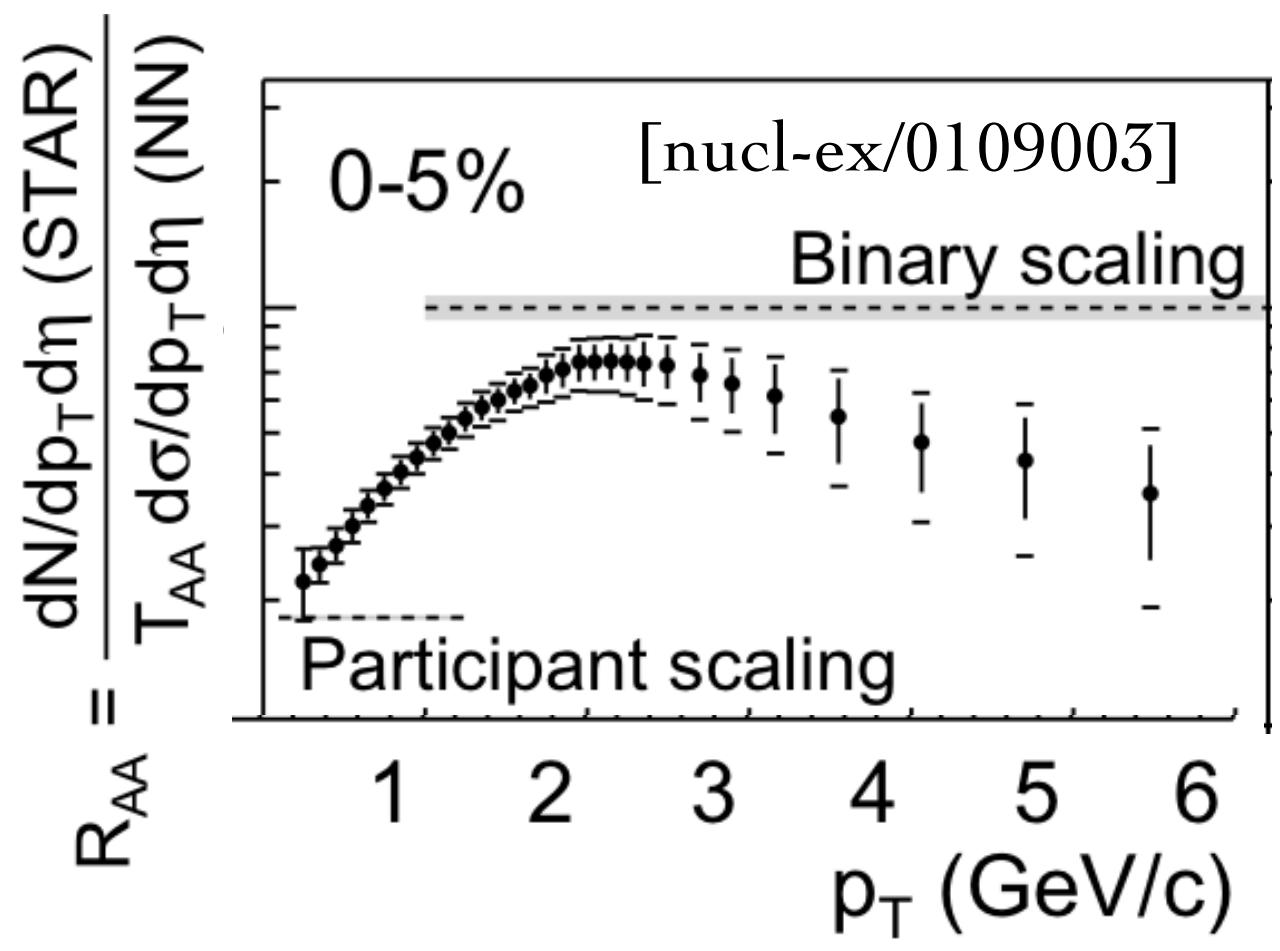
- ◆ PbPb and AuAu presents consistent signatures of a QGP formation:
 - ◆ Azimuthal anisotropy in n-particle correlations (collective flow)
 - ◆ Increase of strange hadrons yields (strangeness enhancement)
 - ◆ Suppression of single hadron spectra (energy loss)

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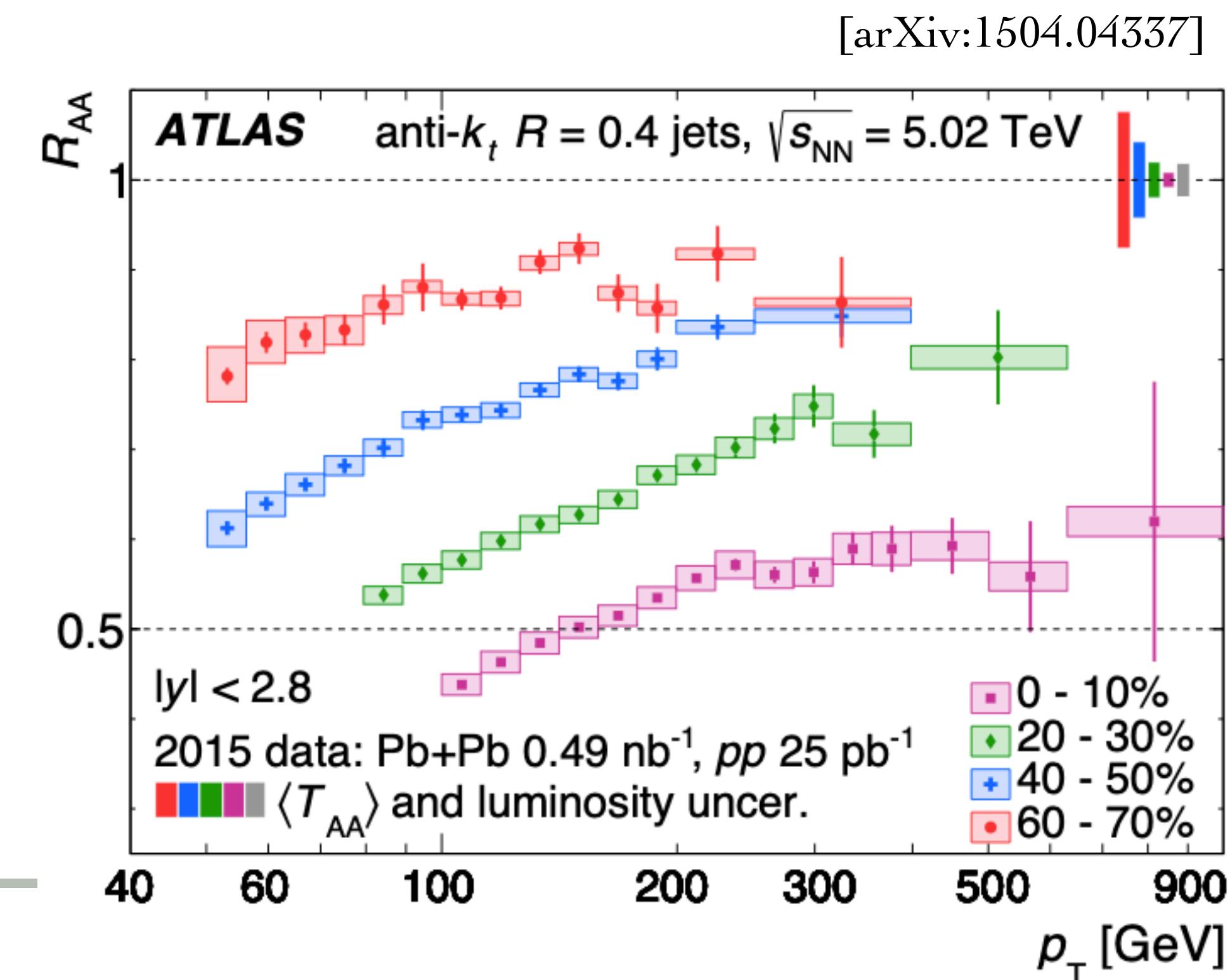
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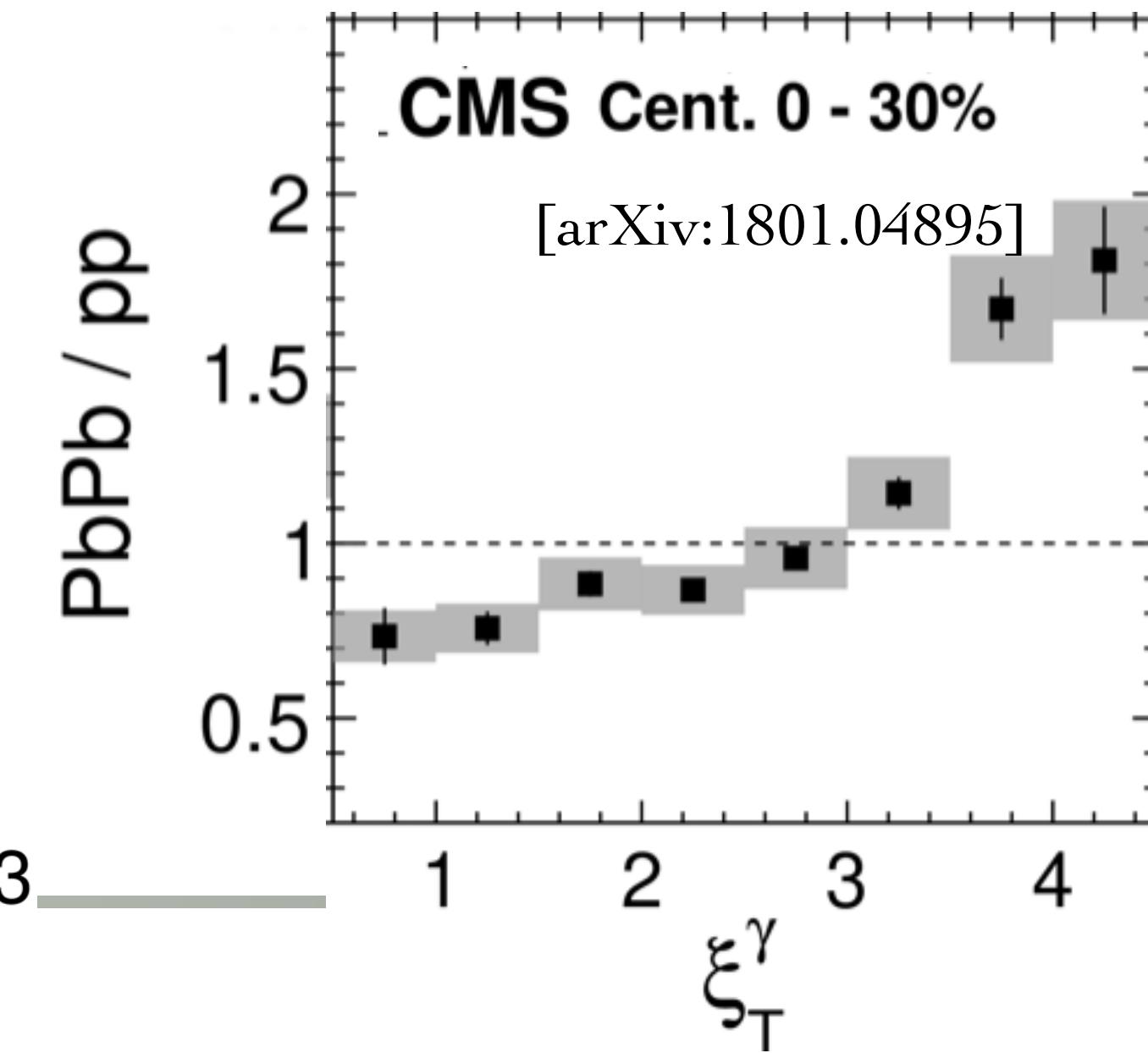
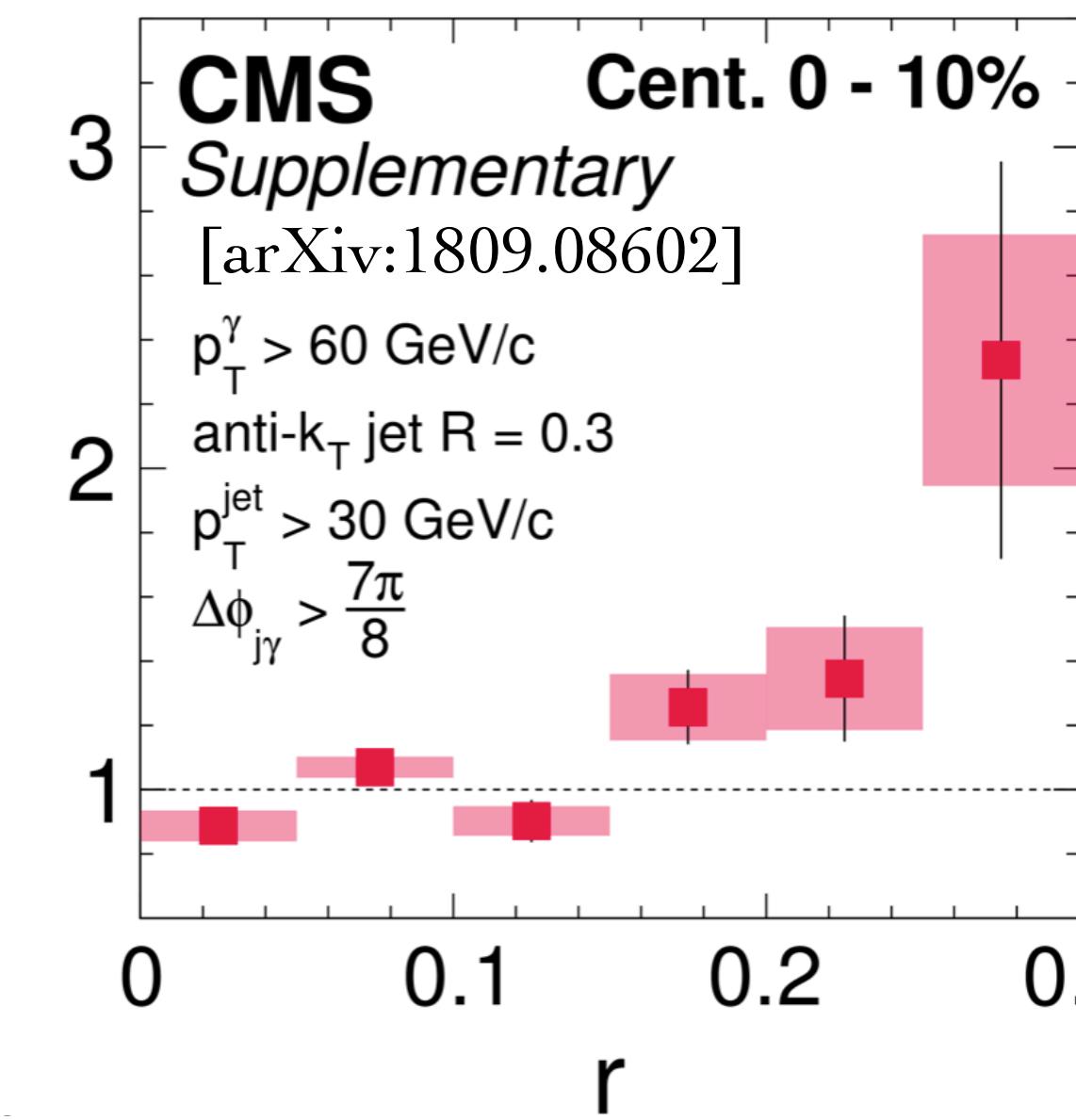


QGP in dense systems

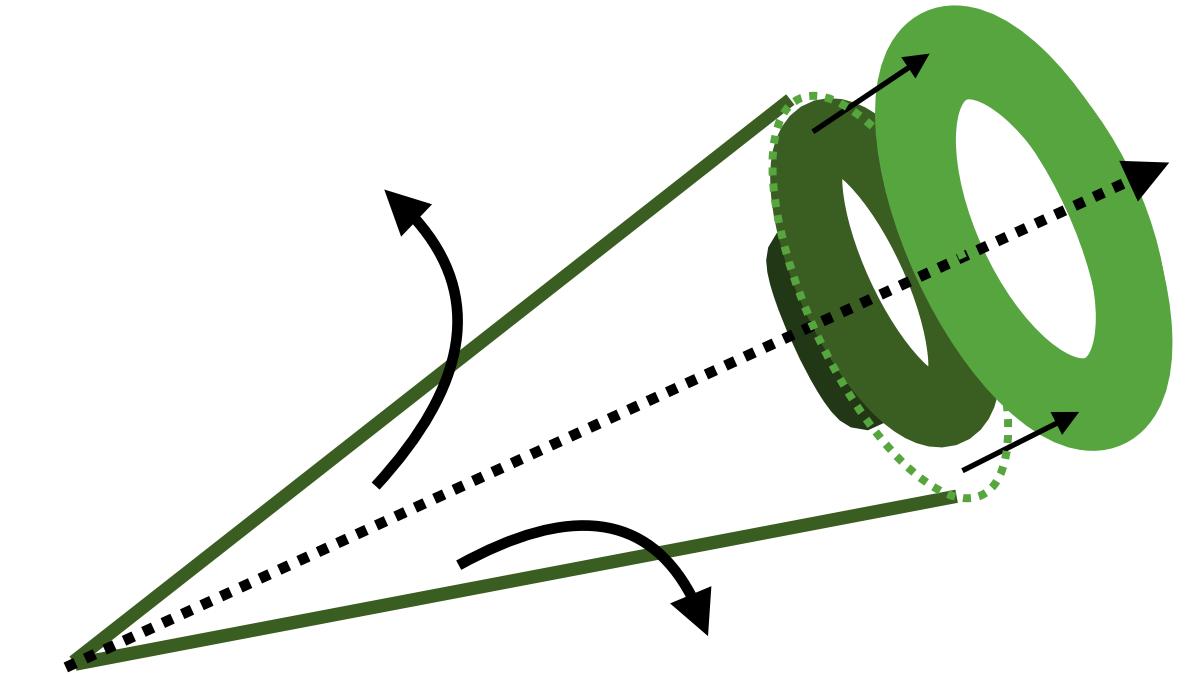
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- ◆ Suppression of single hadron spectra (energy loss) ✓
- ◆ Suppression of jet spectra (energy loss) ✓
- ◆ Modification of jet substructure ✓

$p_T^{\text{trk}} > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$, anti- k_T jet $R = 0.3$
 $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$, $|\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 1.6$
 $p_T^\gamma > 60 \text{ GeV}/c$, $|\eta^\gamma| < 1.44$, $\Delta\phi_{j\gamma} > \frac{7\pi}{8}$

$$\rho(r)_{\text{PbPb}} / \rho(r)_{\text{pp}}$$



[Adapted from: K. Zapp]



Fraction of energy of jet fragments (PbPb/pp)

Jet radial profile
(PbPb/pp)

QGP in XeXe

- ◆ Short run of XeXe allowed to pin down the same effects:
- ◆ $\sqrt{s} = 5.44 \text{ TeV}, \mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \simeq 3 \mu\text{b}^{-1}$
- ◆ (PbPb 2018: $\sqrt{s} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}, \mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \simeq 1.8 \text{ nb}^{-1}$)

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collective flow ✓

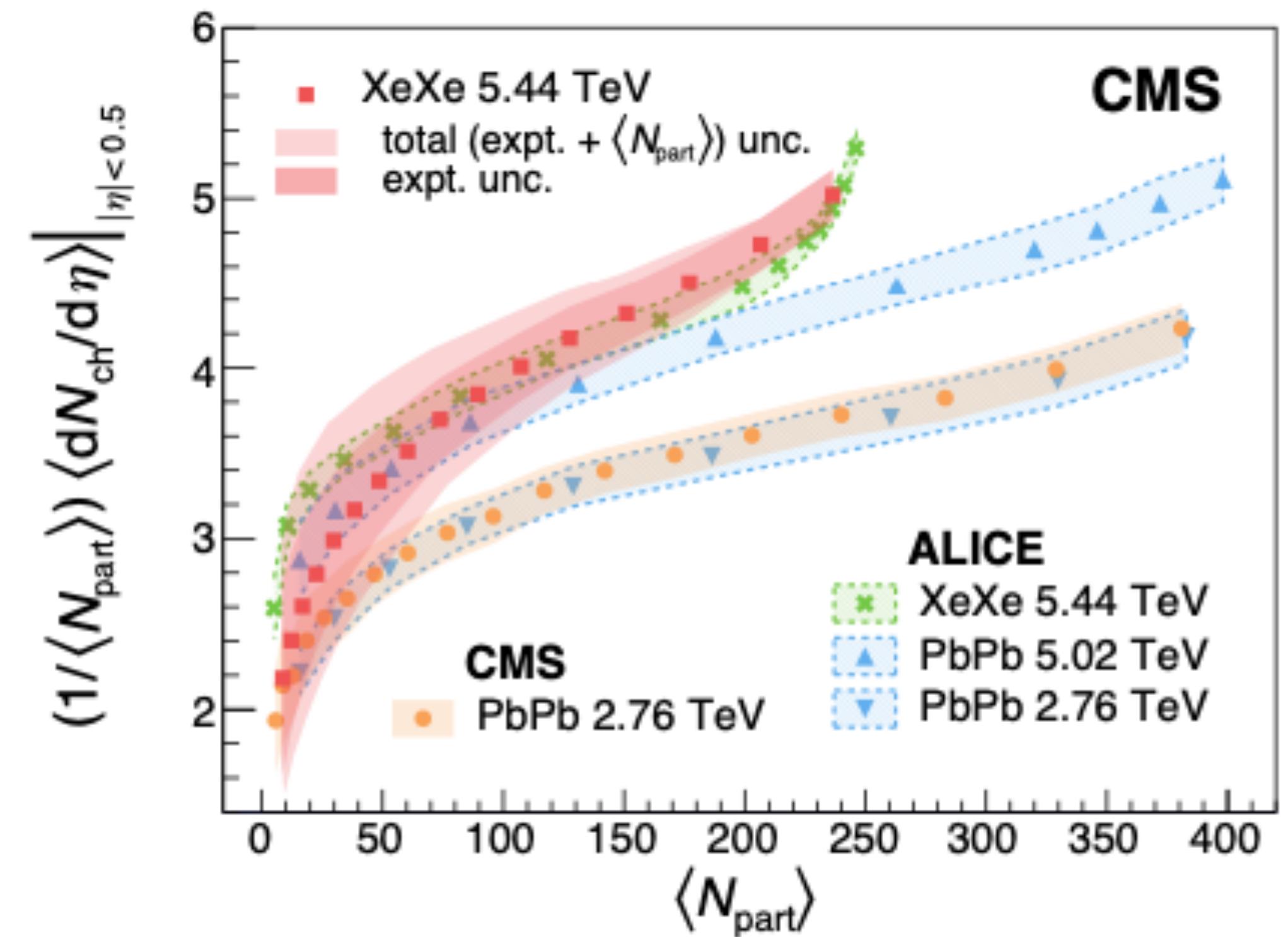
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[arXiv:1902.03603]

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energy loss ✓



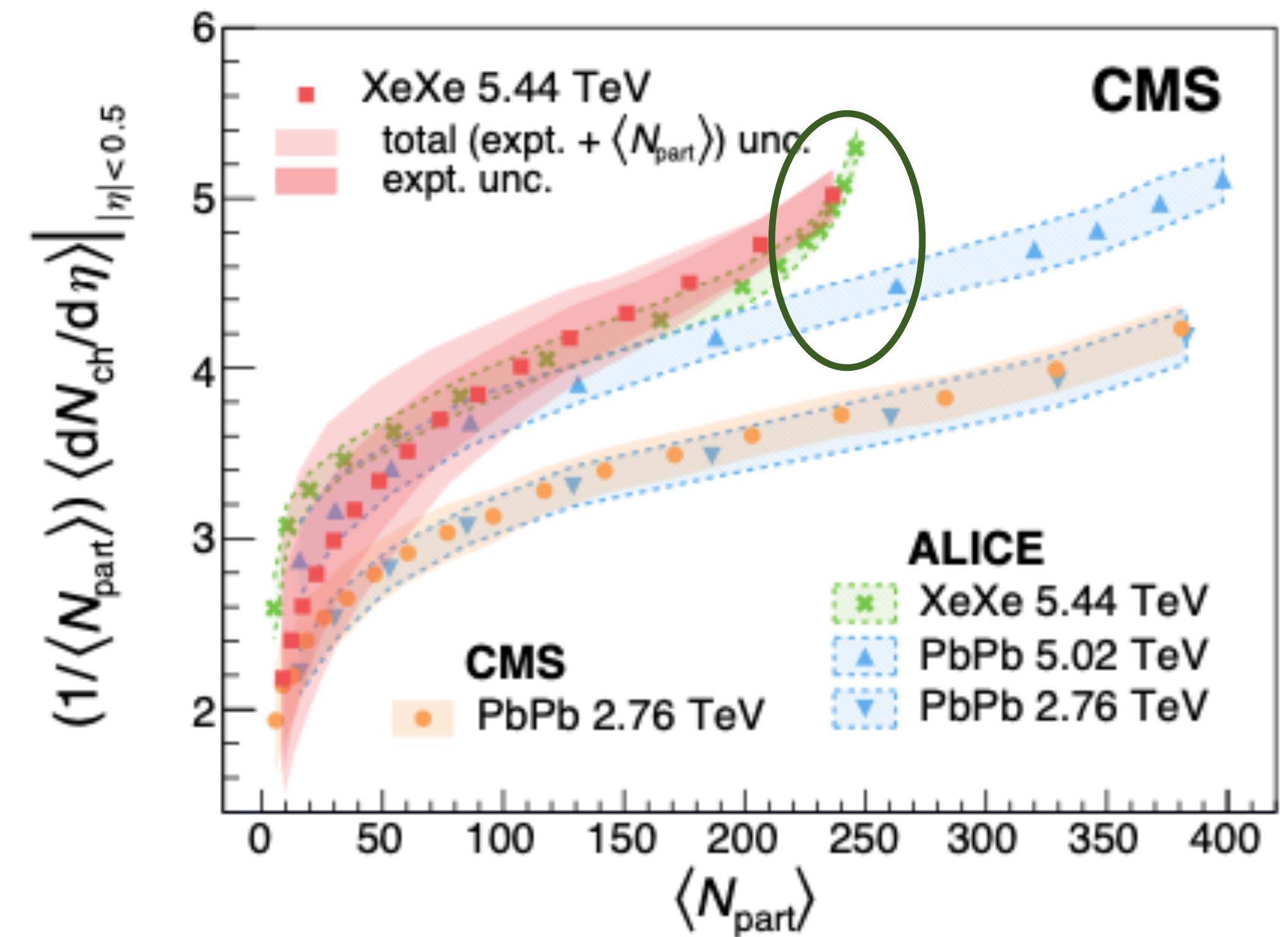
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collective flow ✓

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XeXe > PbPb at same $\langle N_{\text{part}} \rangle$?

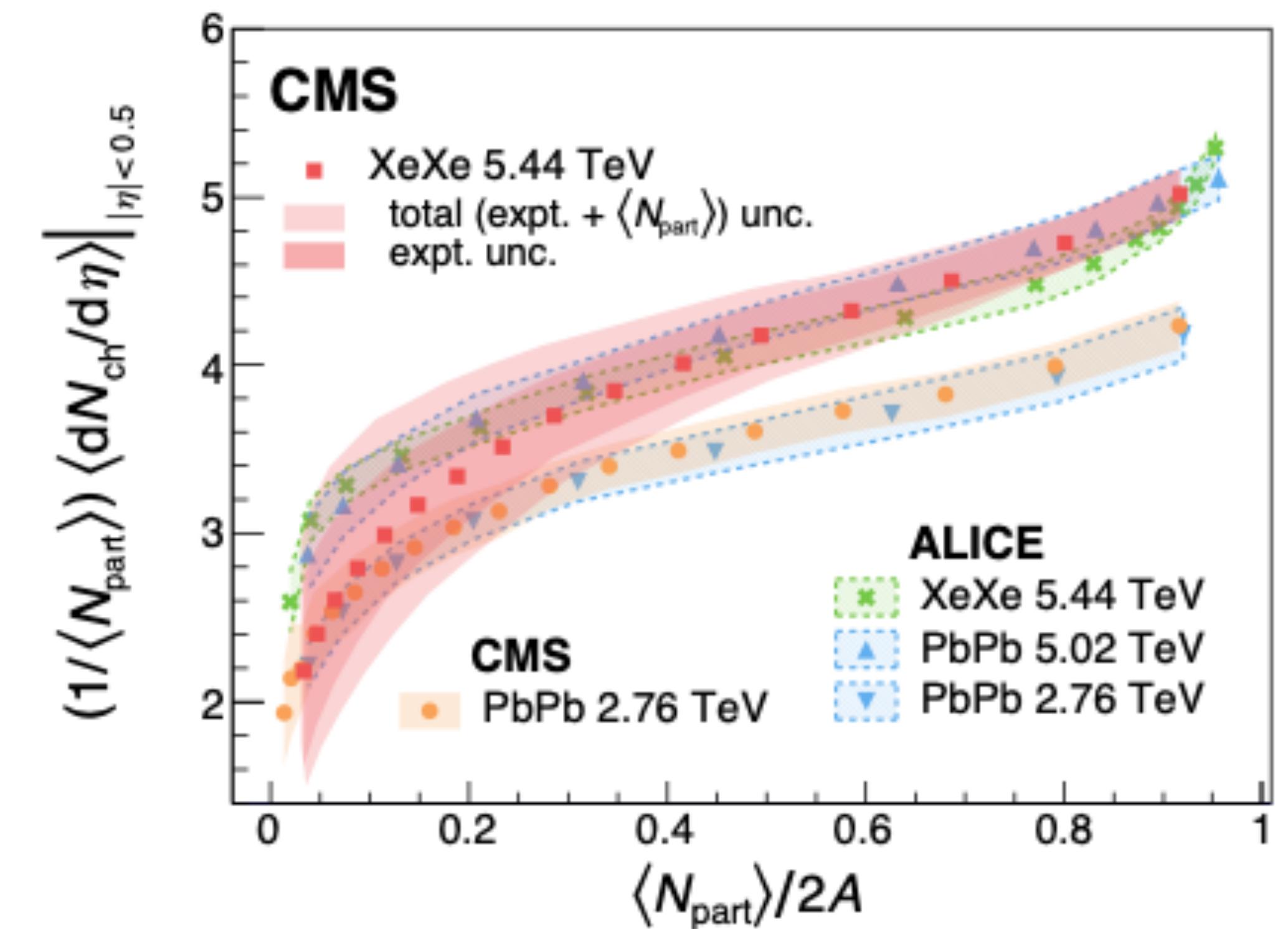
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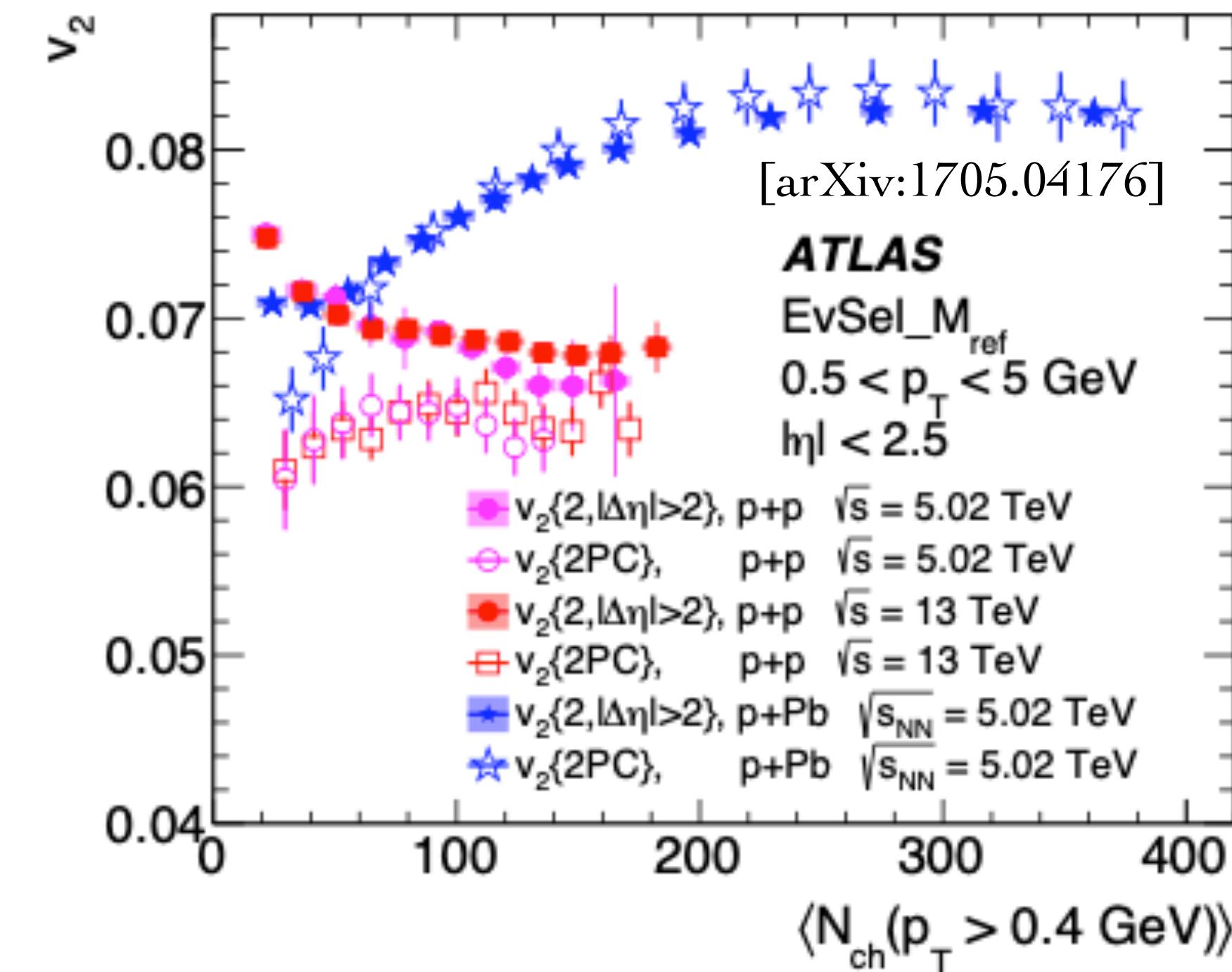


No scaling with same $\langle N_{\text{part}} \rangle$
(different centralities)...

Scaling with per-participant charged-hadron multiplicity!

QGP in pA ?

❖ Collectivity signatures ✓

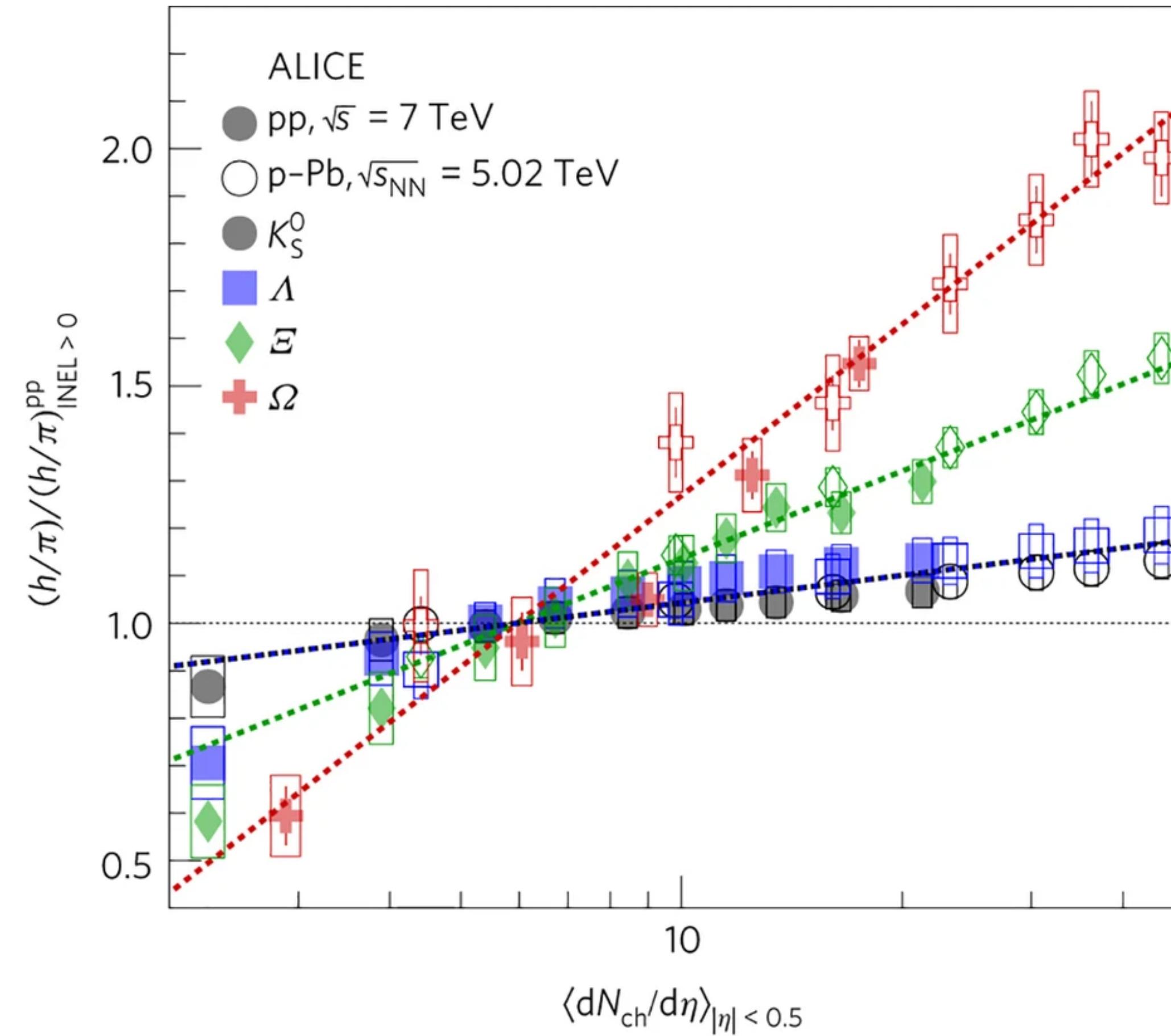


non-negligible flow harmonics

QGP in pA ?

- ❖ Collectivity signatures ✓
- ❖ Strangeness enhancement ✓

hyperon-to-pion ratios is
driven by strangeness content



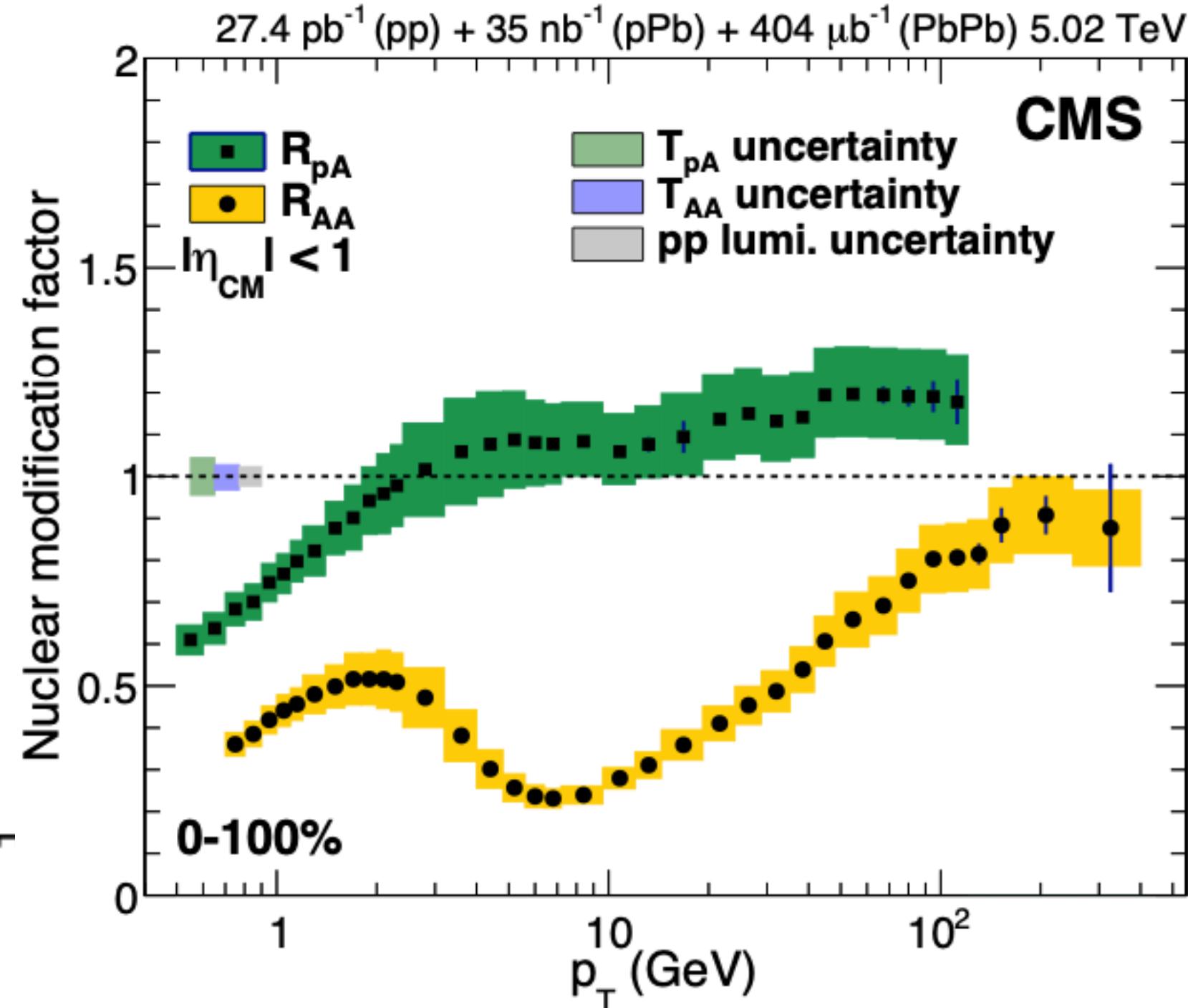
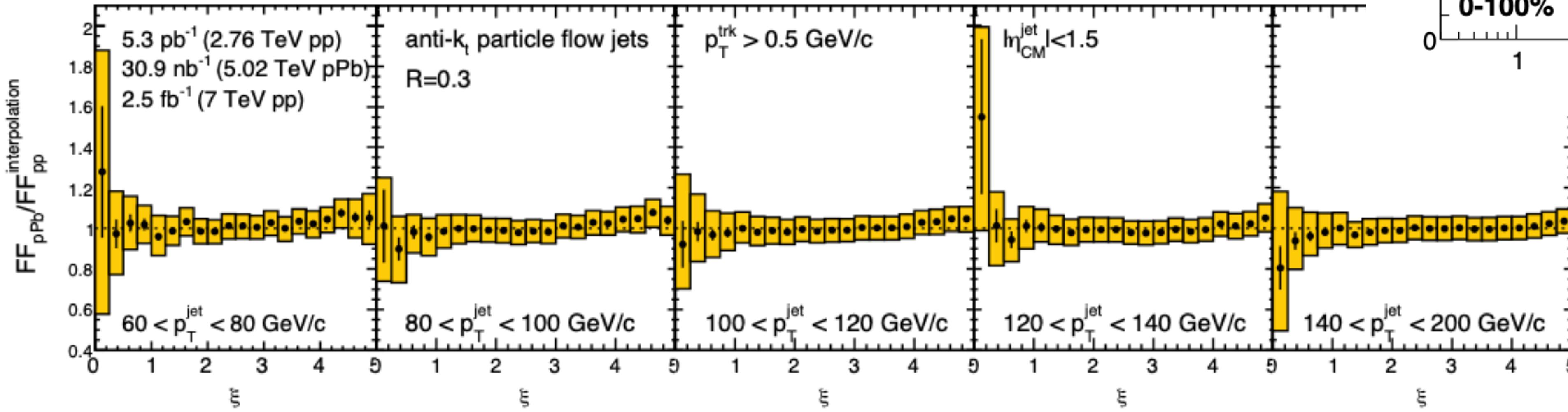
QGP in pA ?

[CMS: JHEP 04 (2017) 039]

[arXiv:1611.01664]

- ❖ Collectivity signatures ✓
- ❖ Strangeness enhancement ✓
- ❖ No modifications on hard probes ✗

[CMS: HIN-15-004-pas]

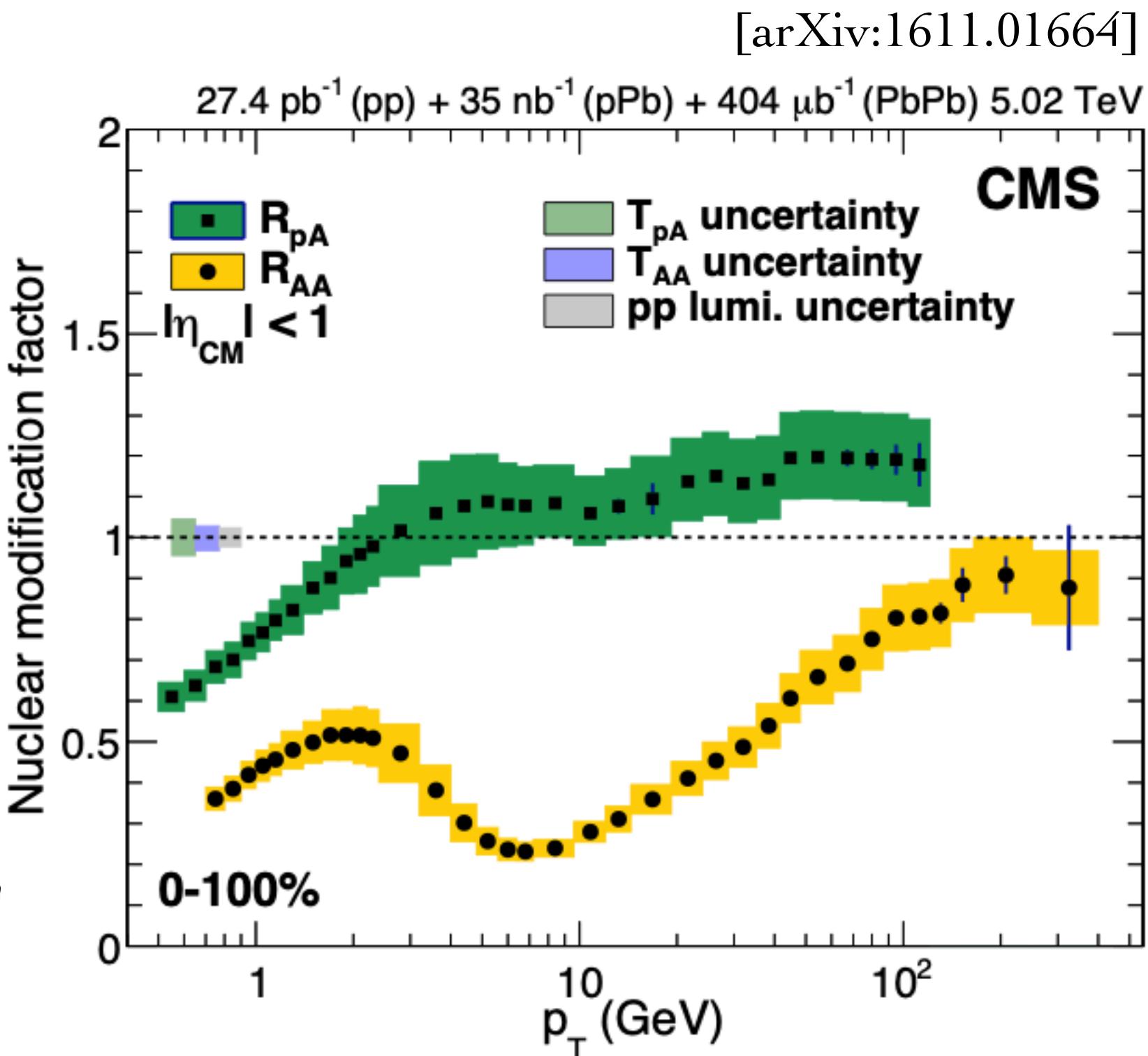
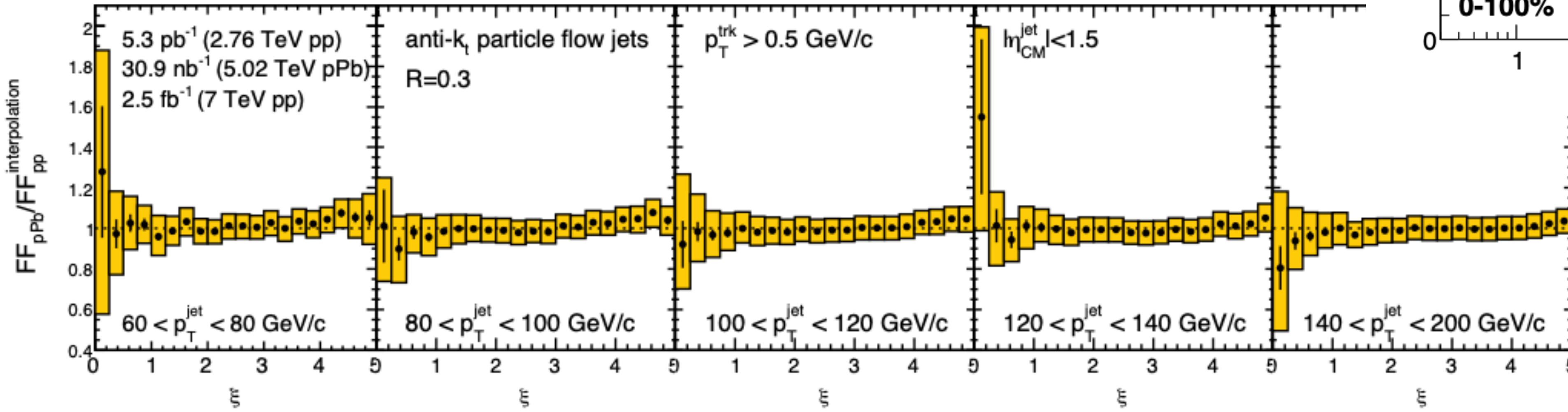


QGP in pA ?

- ❖ Collectivity signatures ✓
- ❖ Strangeness enhancement ✓
- ❖ No modifications on hard probes ✗ Incoherent picture...

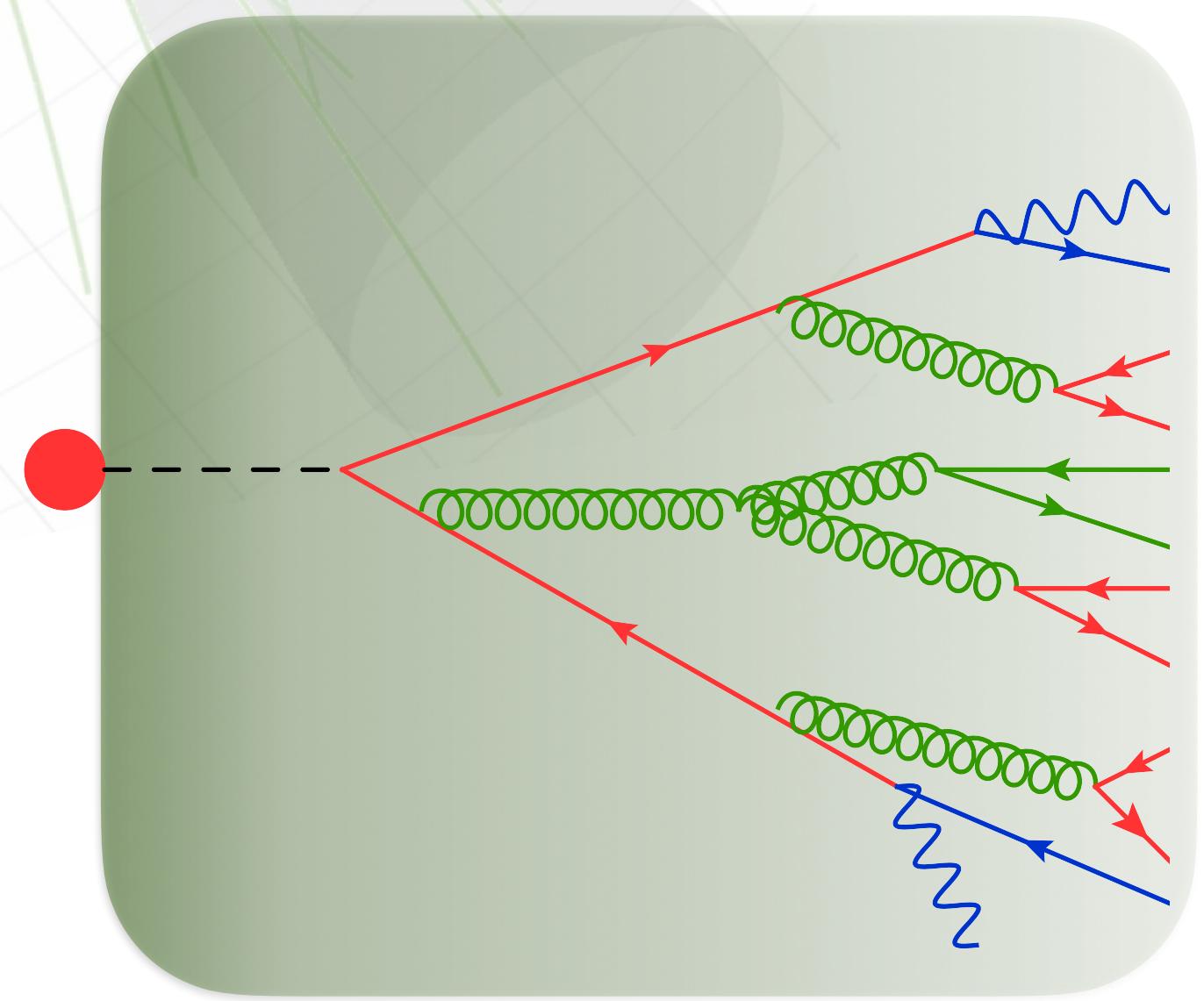
Need more limits on JQ description!

[CMS: HIN-15-004-pas]



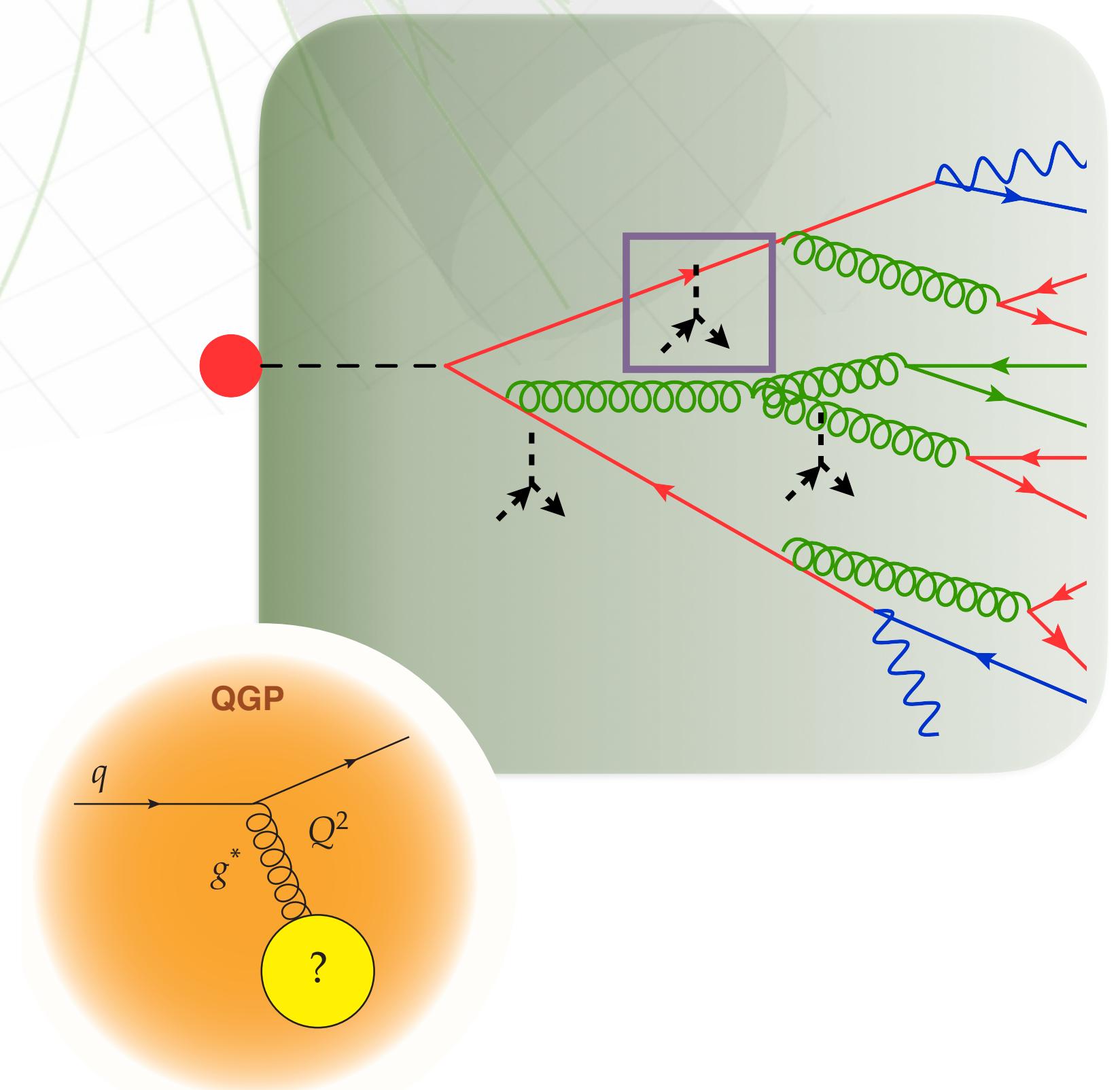
Jet quenching

- ◆ Modifications of the parton shower induced by the interaction with a deconfined state of matter:

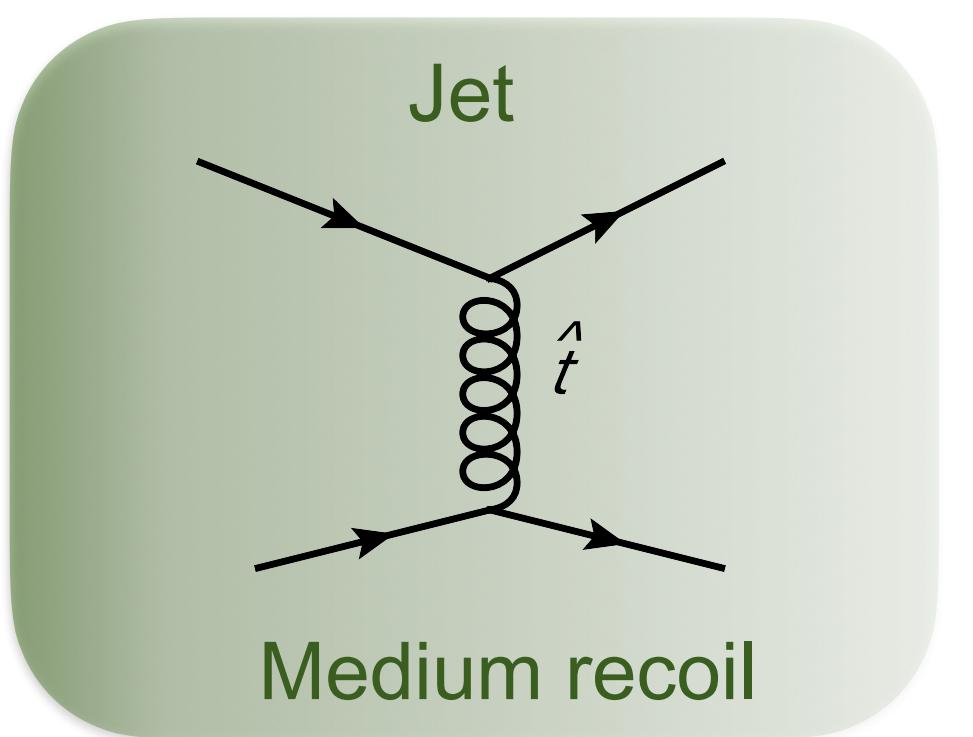


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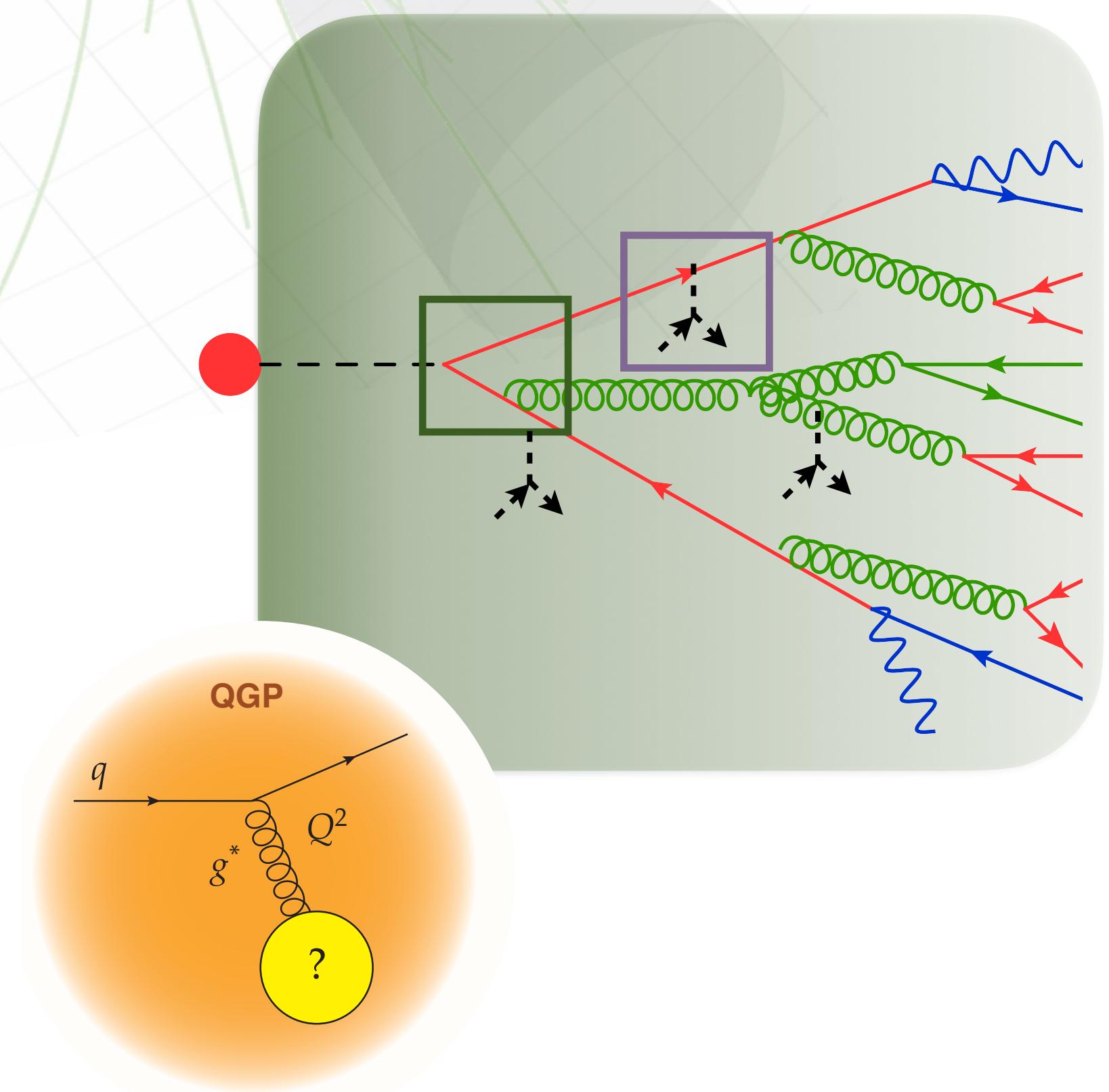
Elastic scattering processes:



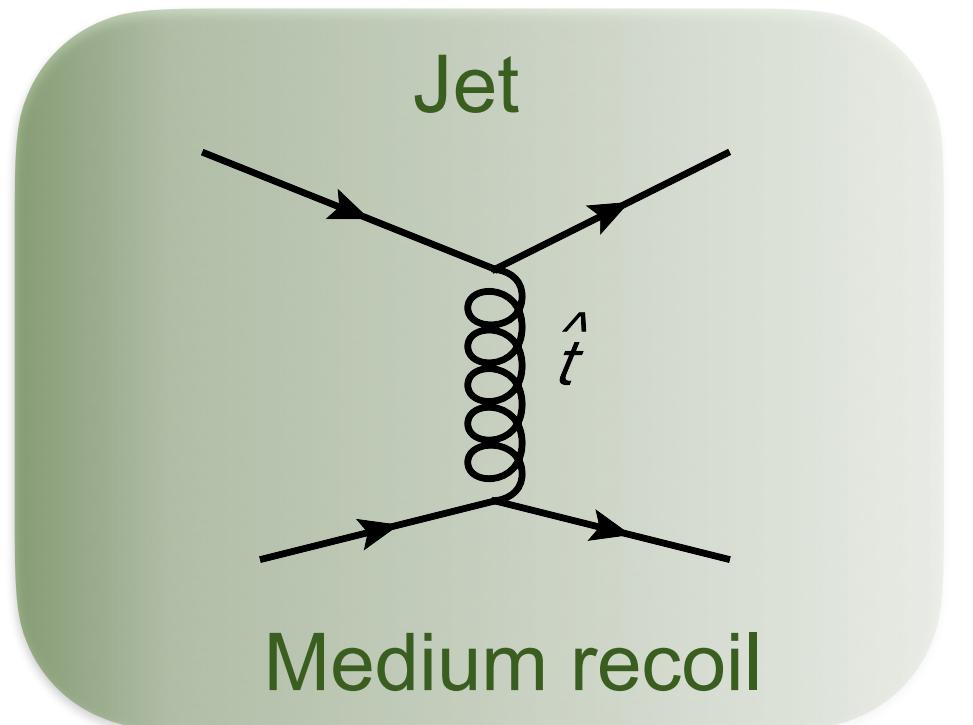
From: PHENIX Collab (15)

Jet quenching

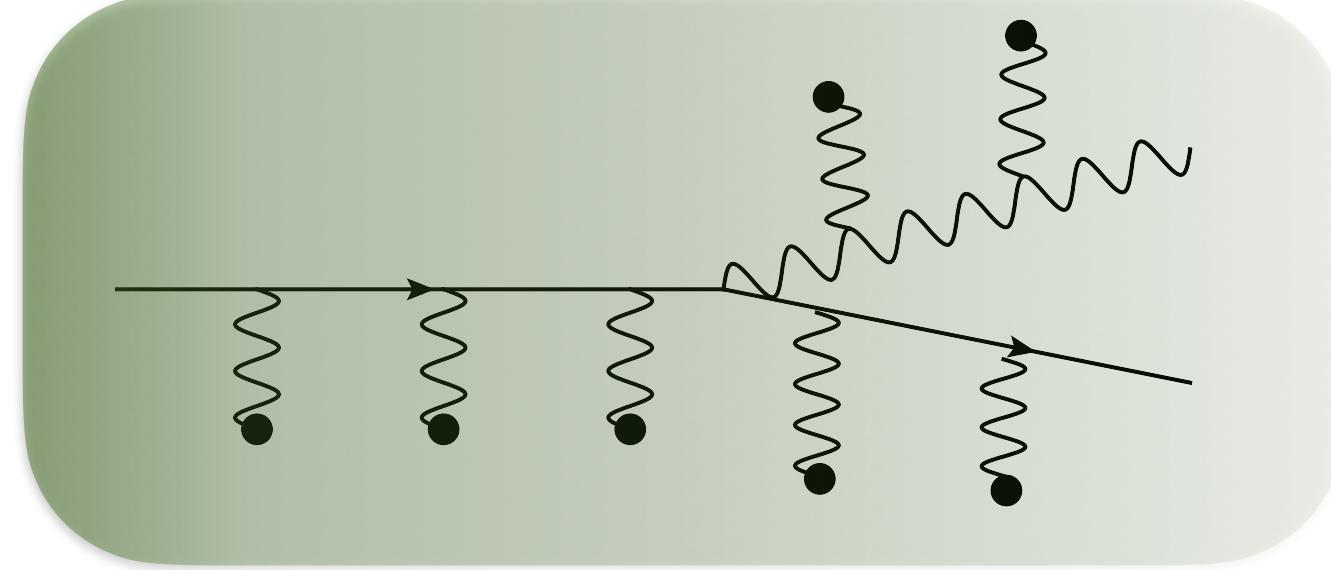
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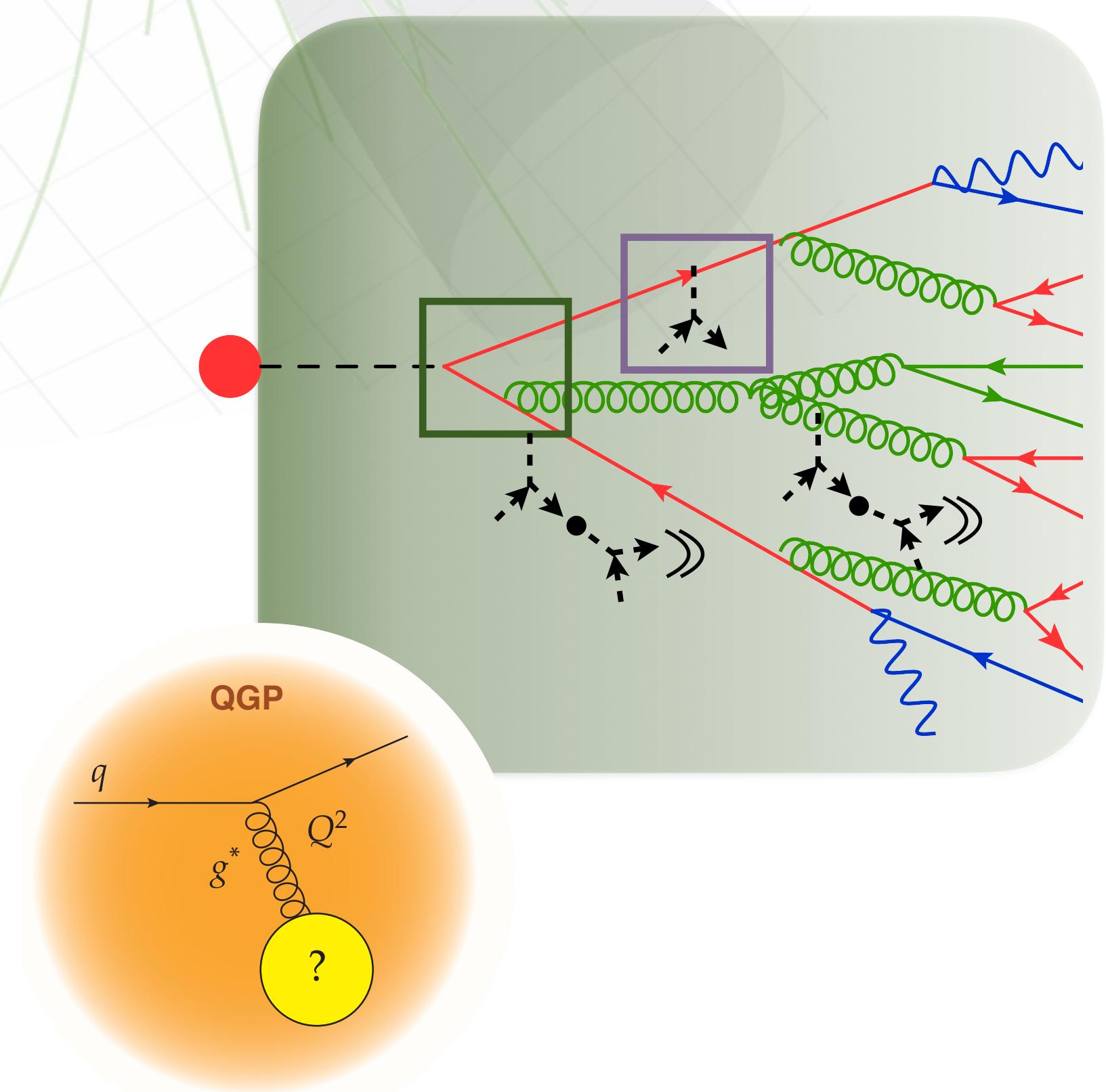
Inelastic scattering processes:



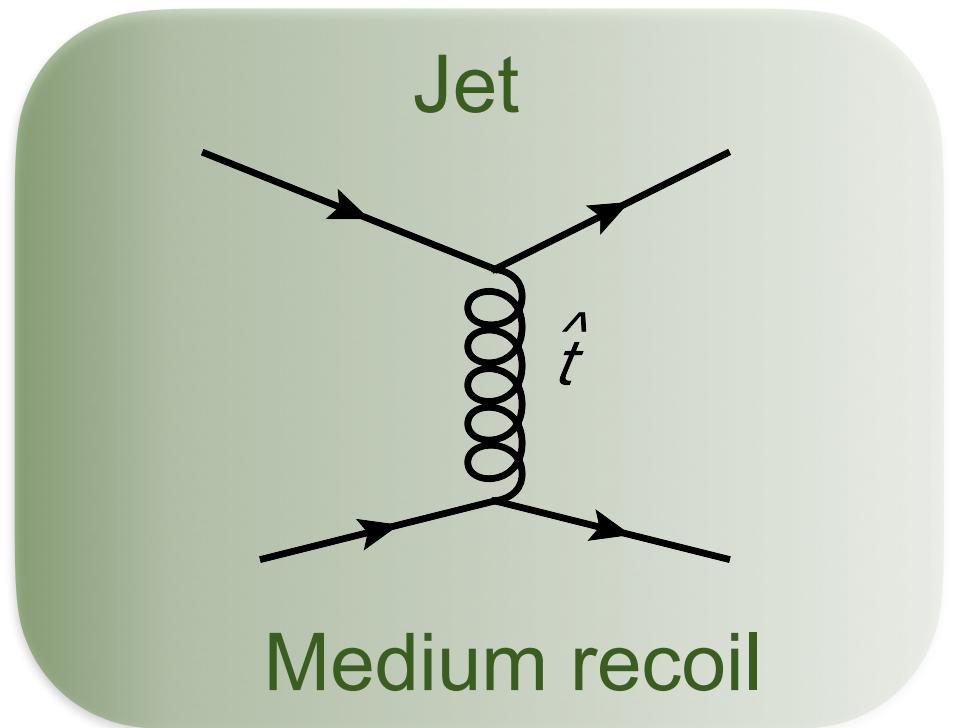
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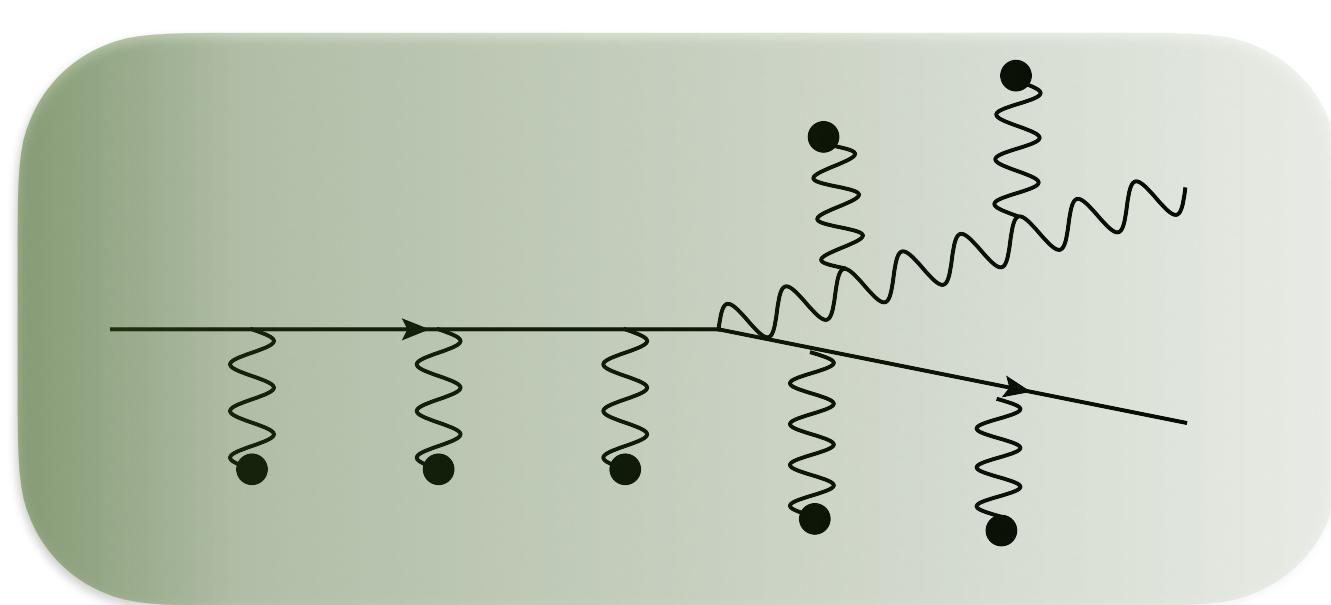
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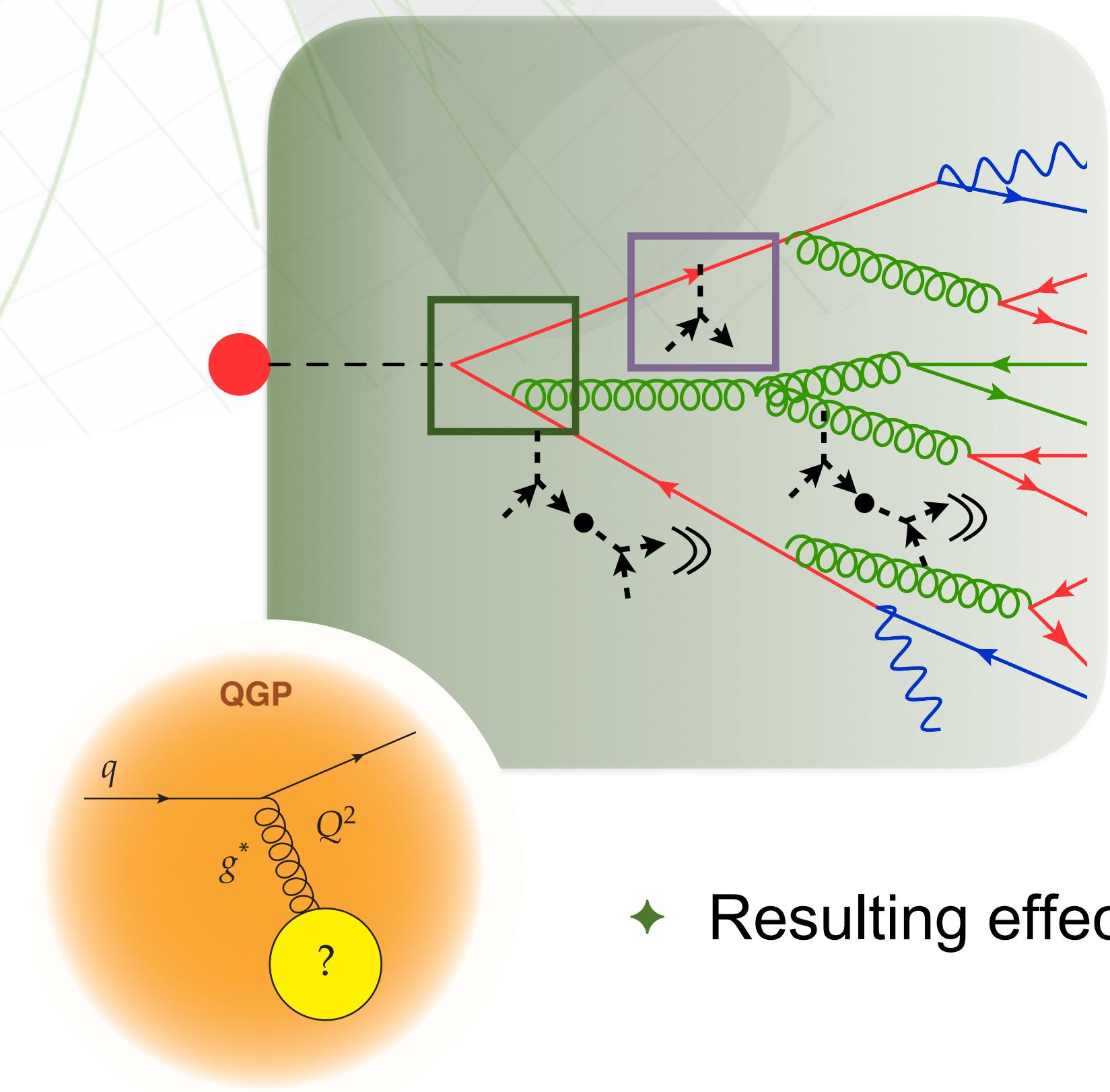


Medium-induced response

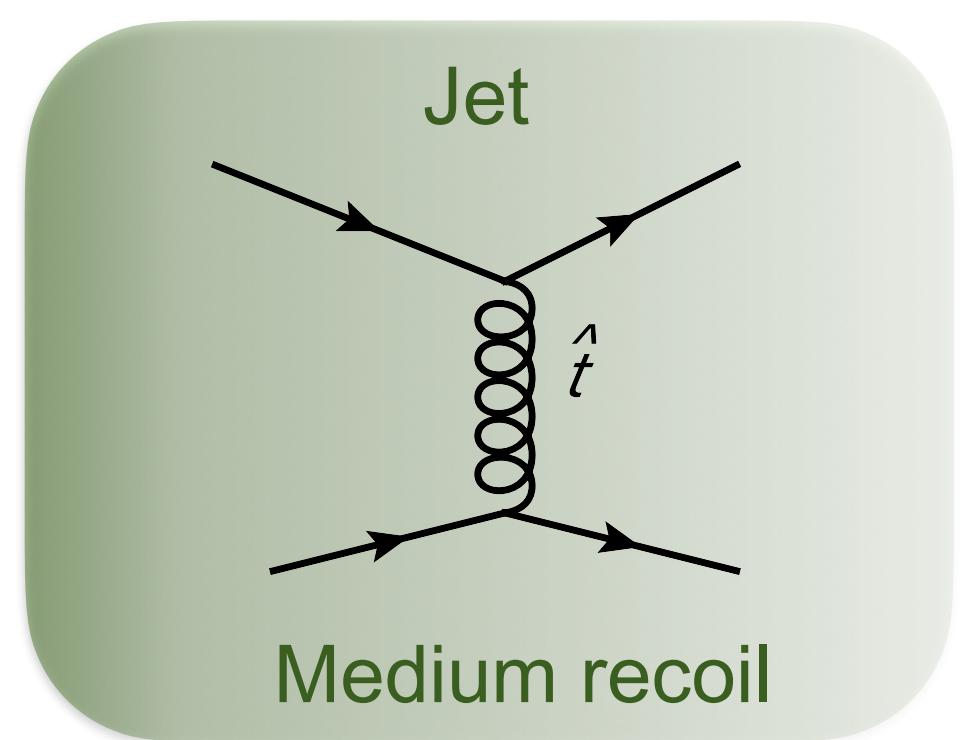
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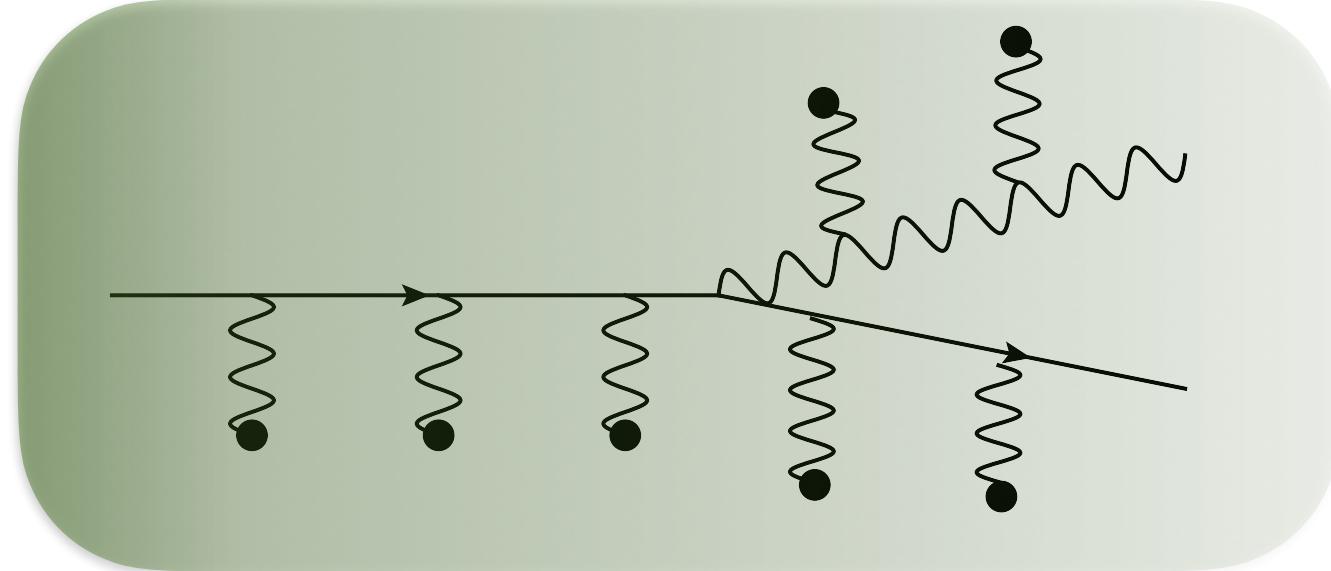
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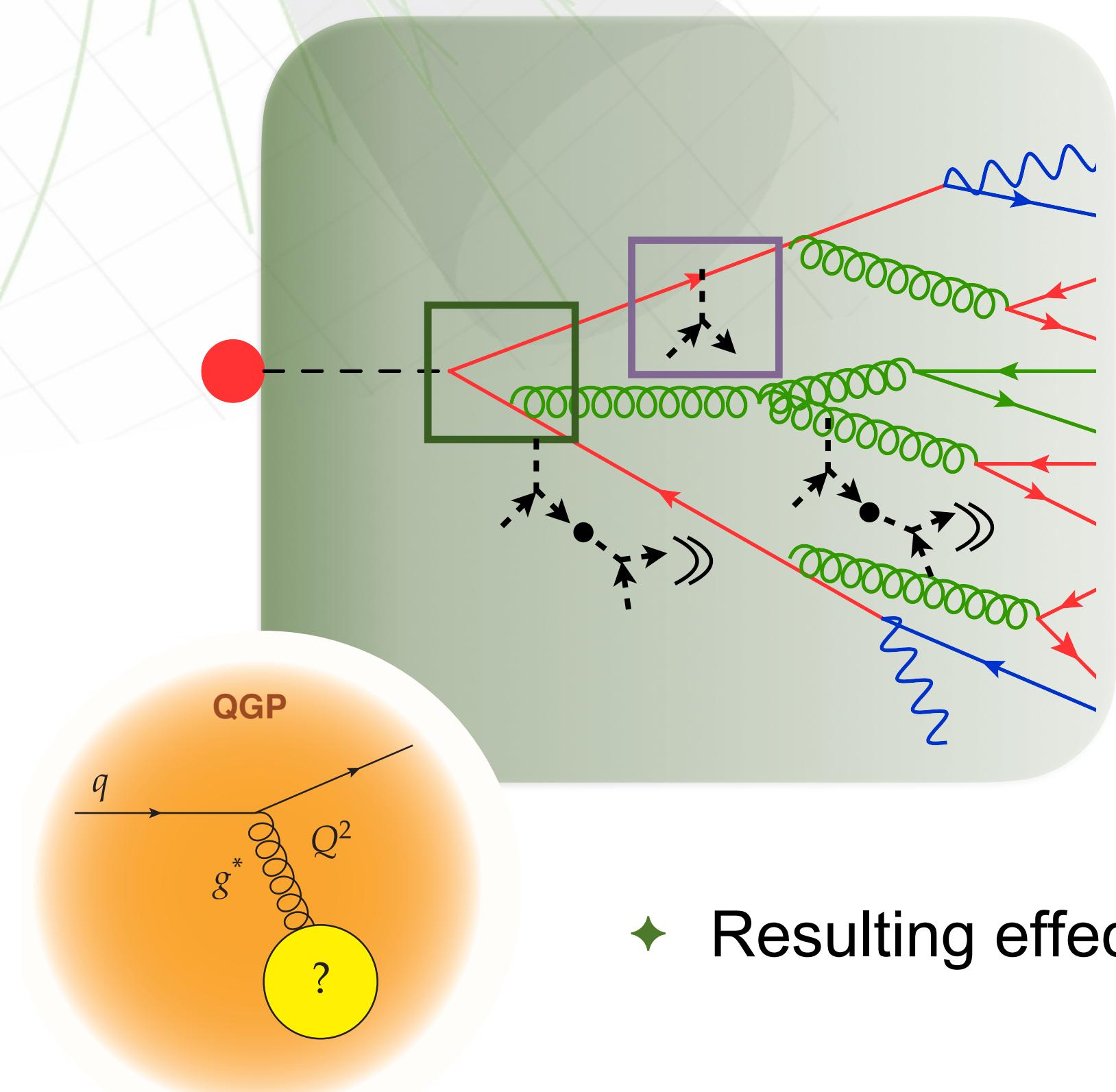
Medium-induced response

- ◆ Resulting effects: energy loss, modification of jet substructure, medium-induced acoplanarity

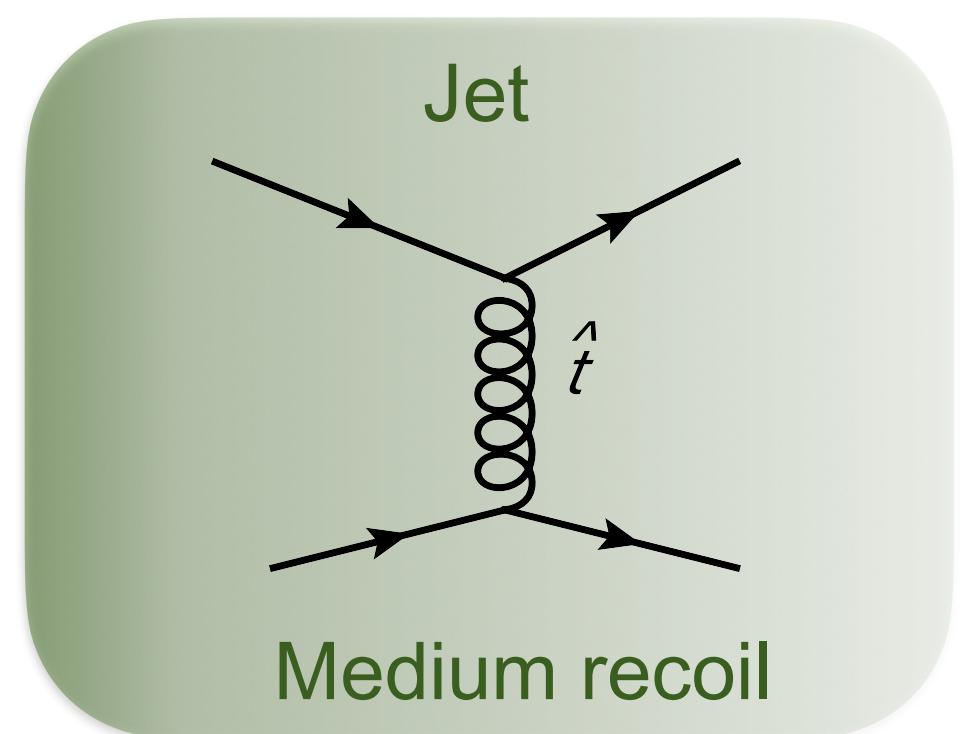
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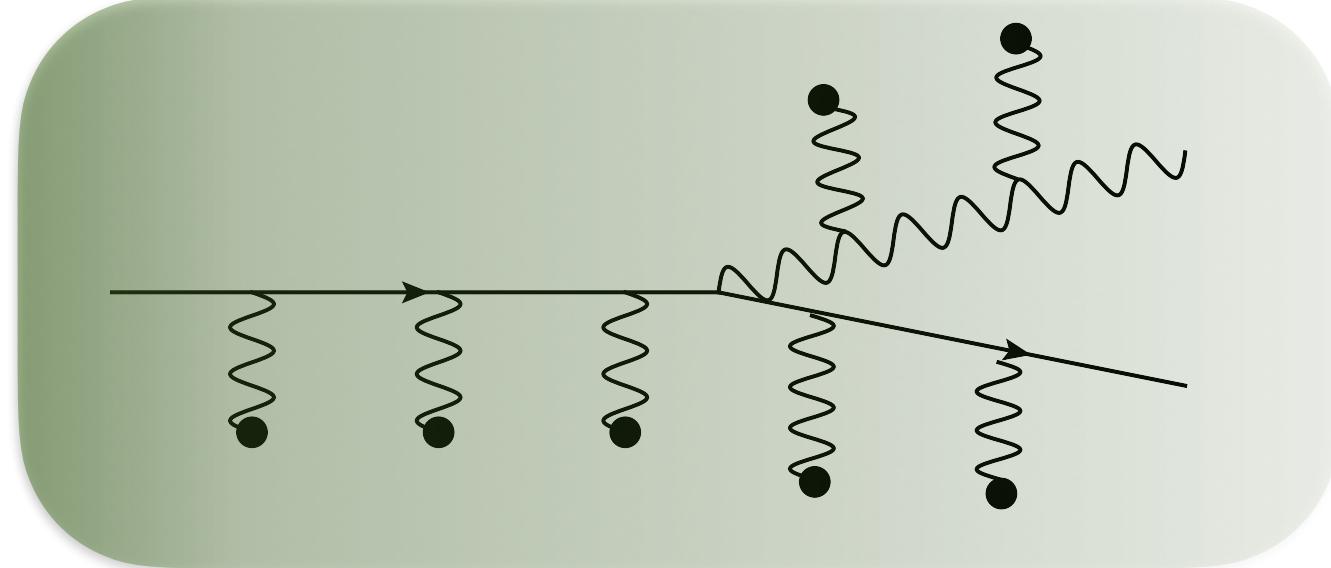
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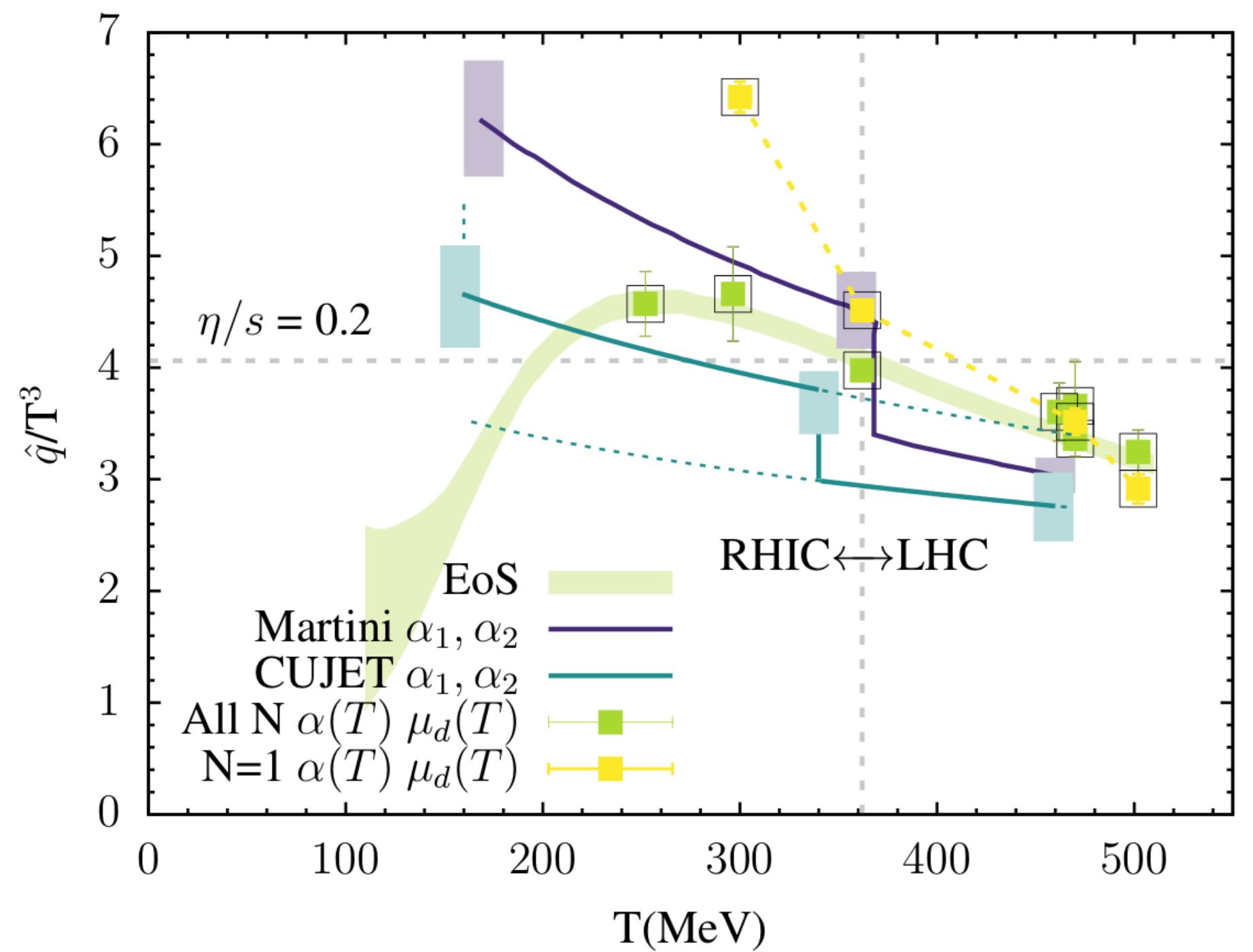
Which observables are most sensitive to each quenching effect?

From: PHENIX Collab (15)

Energy Loss

- ❖ Towards an accurate determination of QGP characteristics:
 - ❖ Transparency to the passage of a high momentum particle (Eg:transport coefficient, \hat{q})
 - ❖ Consistent description of single hard and multiple soft scattering regime

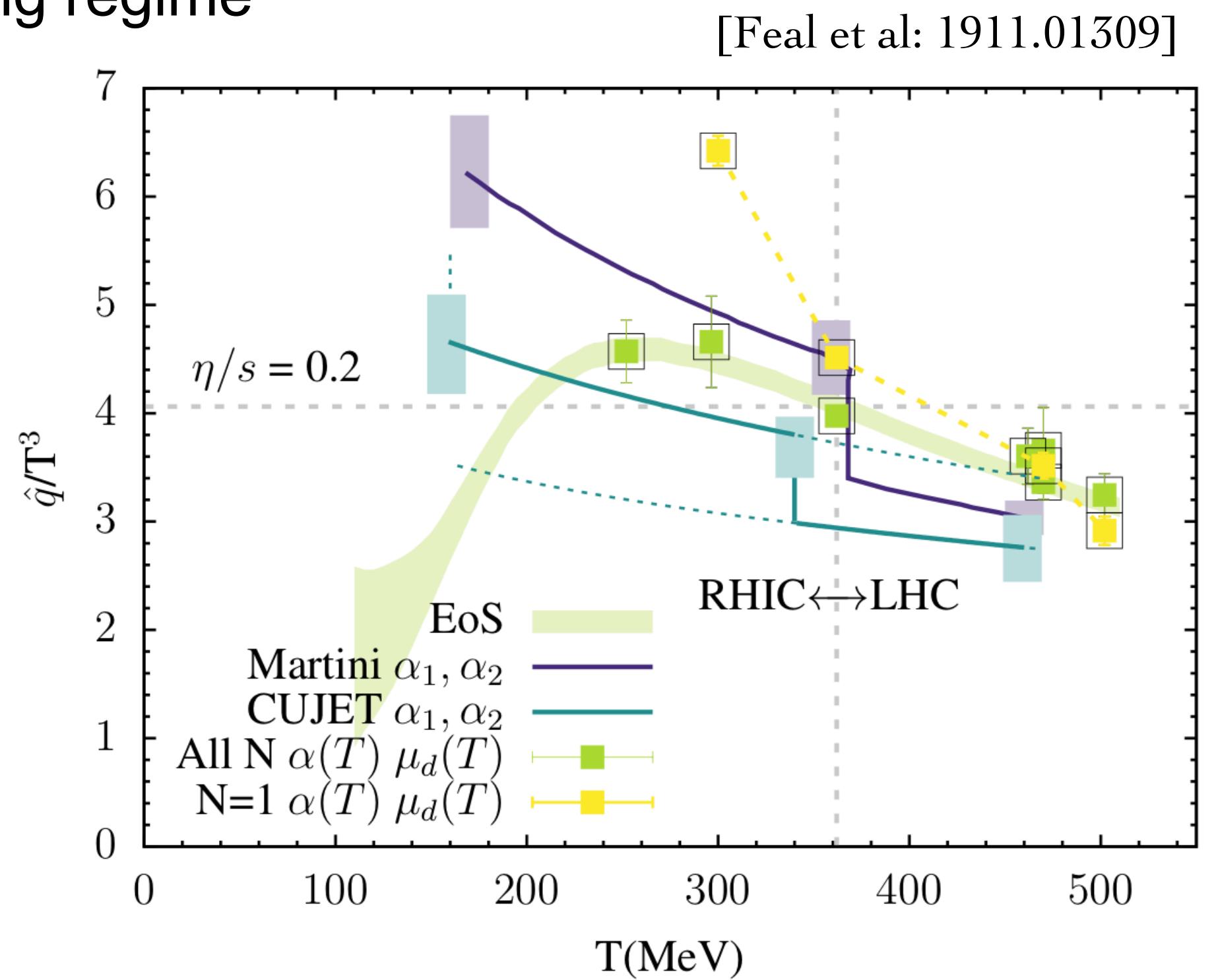
[Feal et al: 1911.01309]



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Model-dependent parameters: \hat{q} , debye mass?



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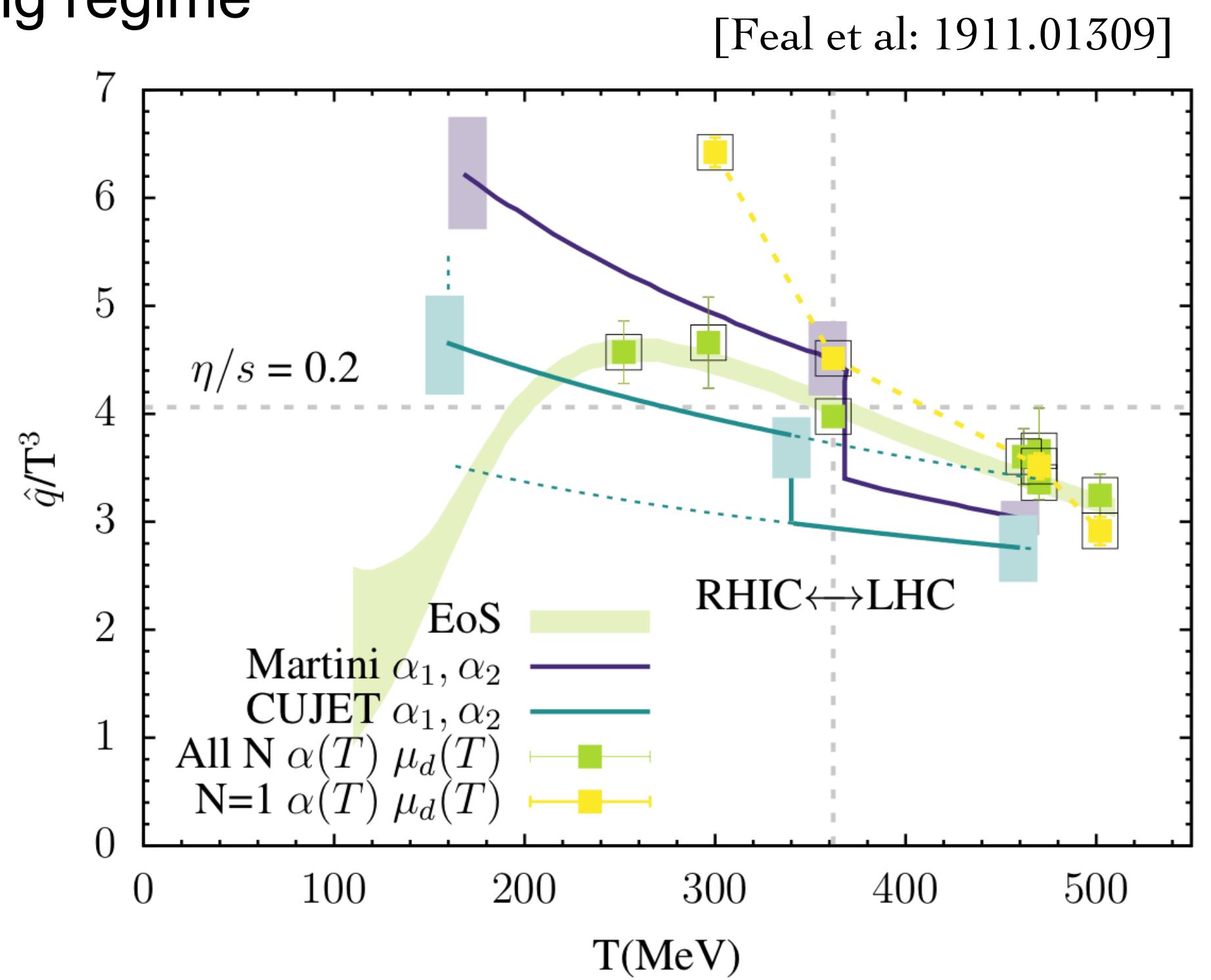
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Evolution with fast expanding medium?

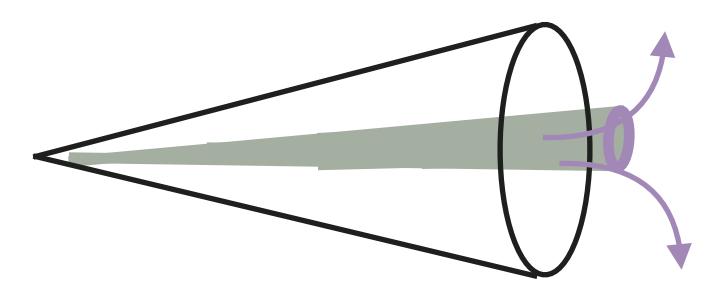
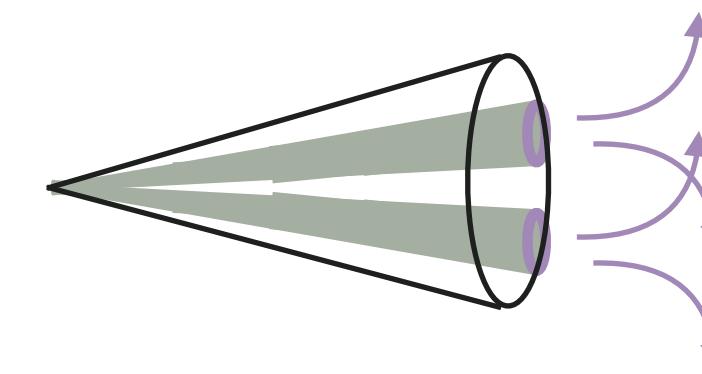
[Salgado, Wiedemann (02, 03), Zakharov (07)]

[Caucal, Iancu, Soyez (21), Adhya, Salgado, Spousta, Tywoniuk (20)]

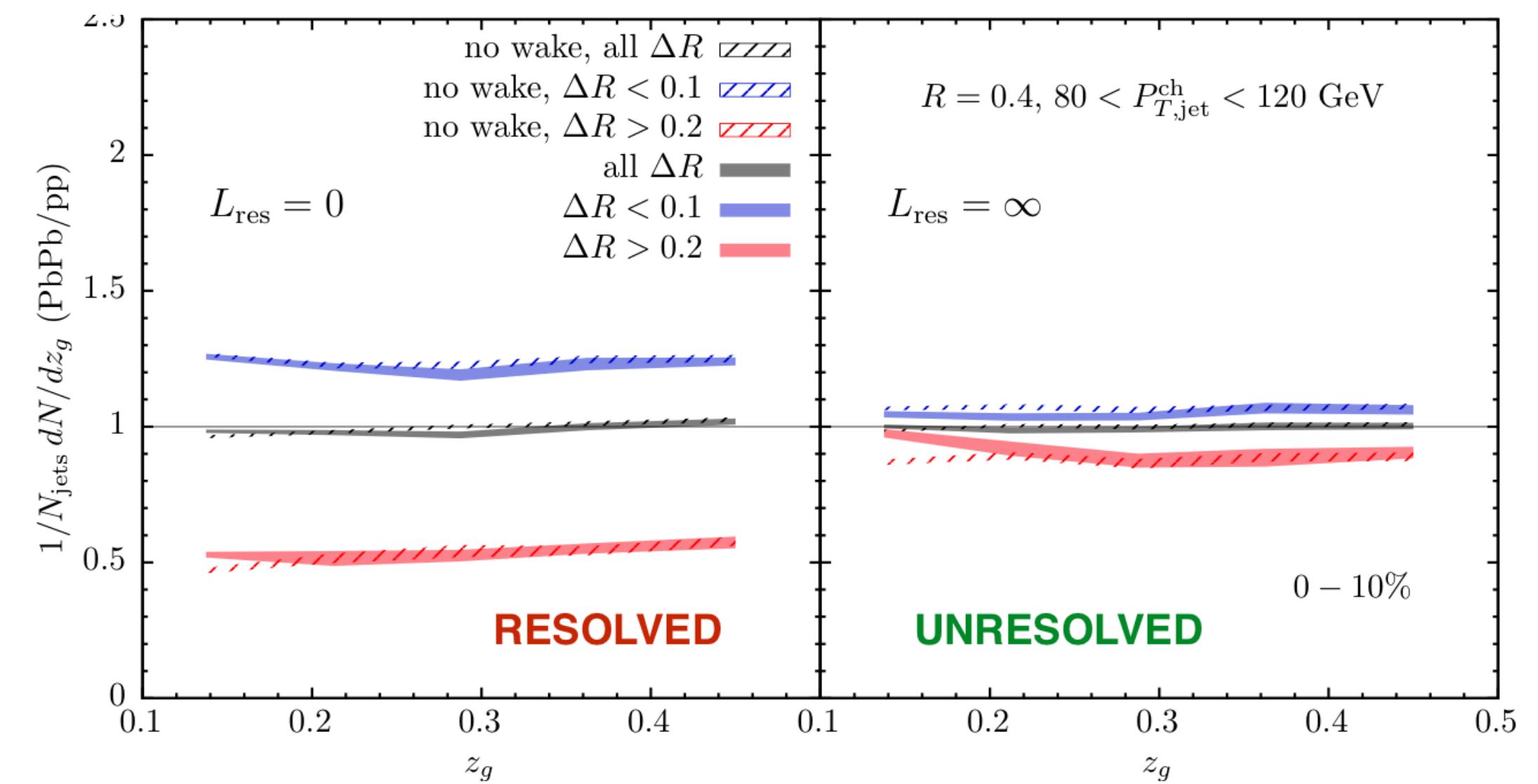


Jet Substructure

- ◆ Towards a consistent treatment of multi-gluon emission process
- ◆ Identification of in-medium modifications of QCD parton shower

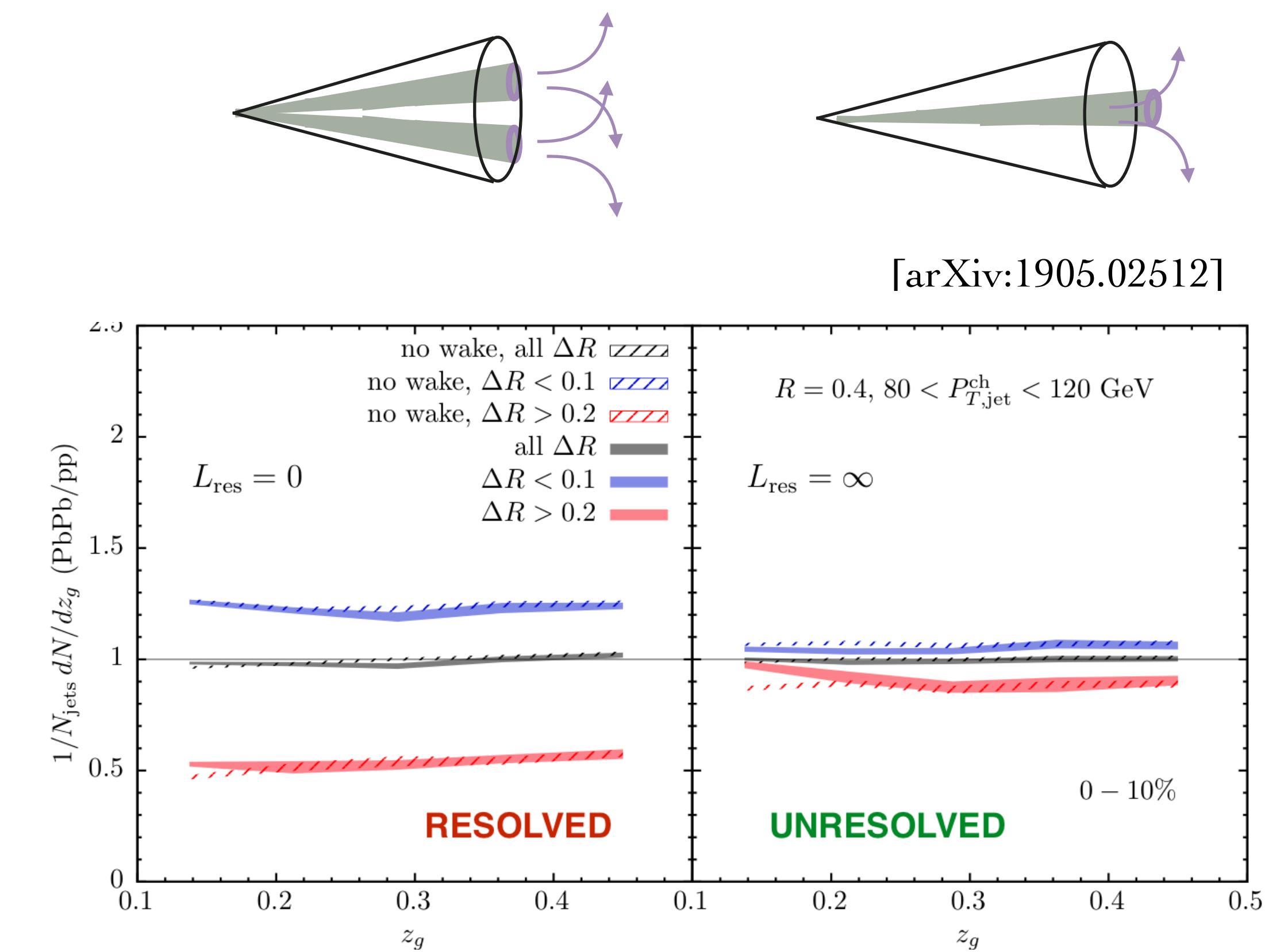
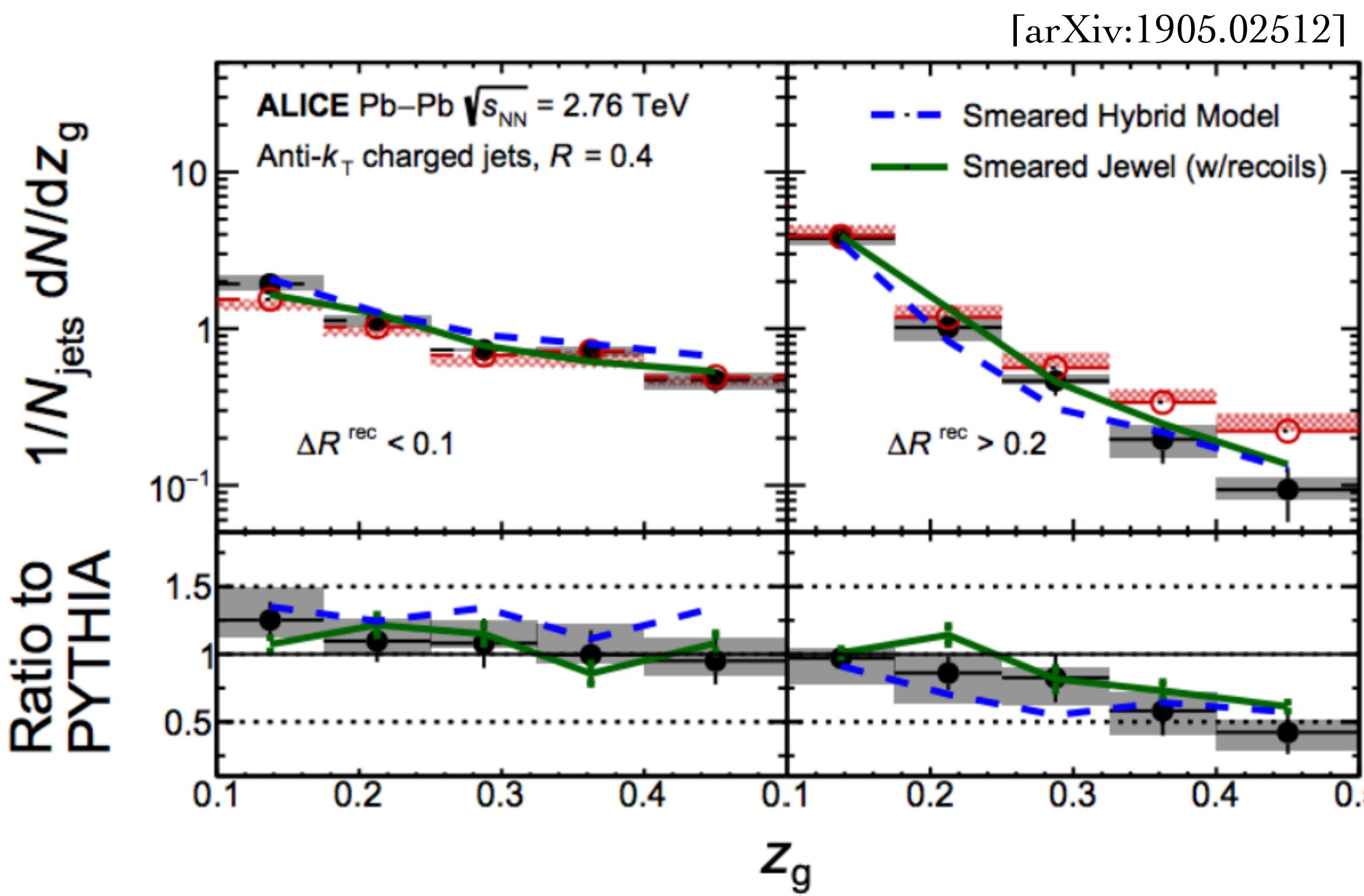


[arXiv:1905.02512]



Jet Substructure

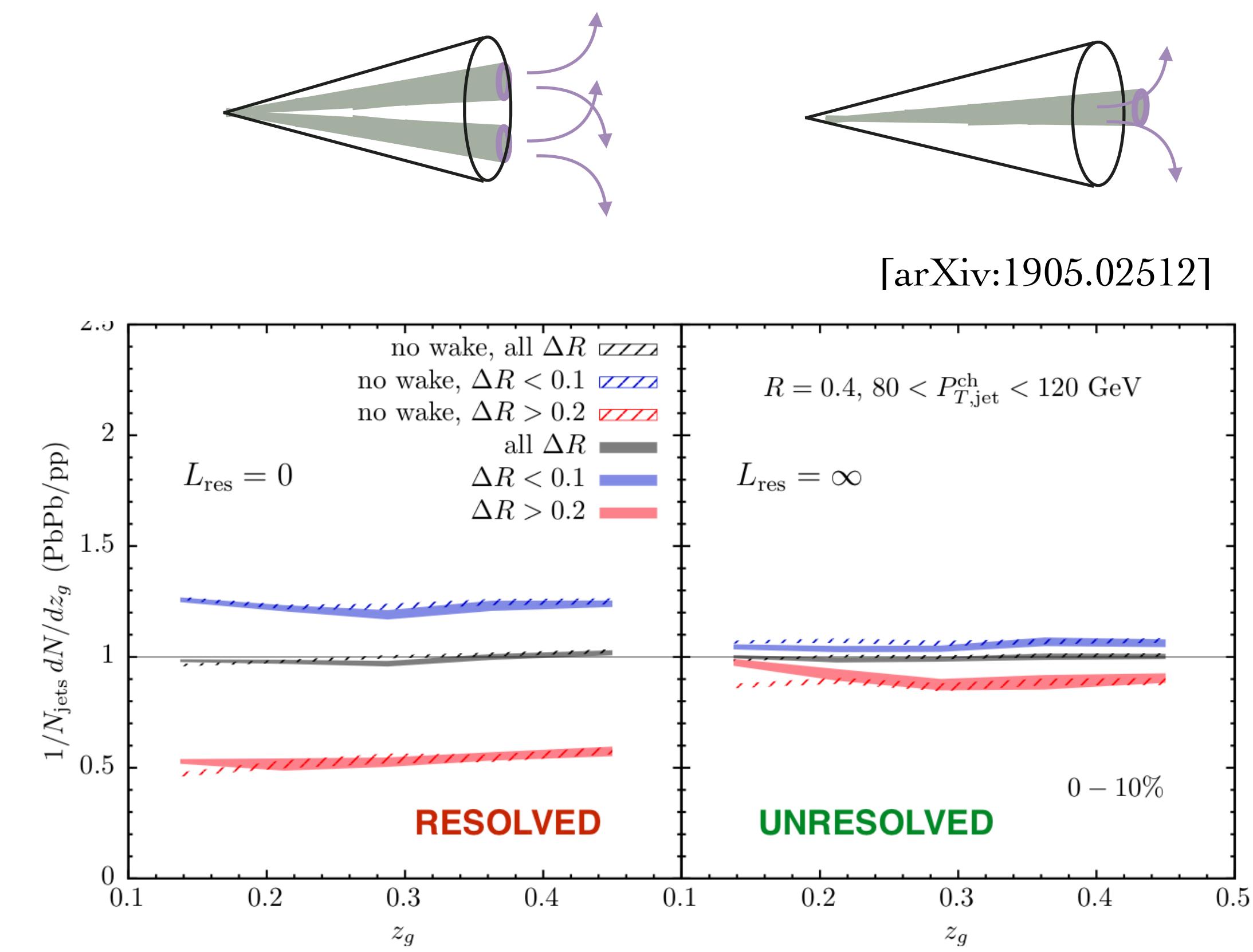
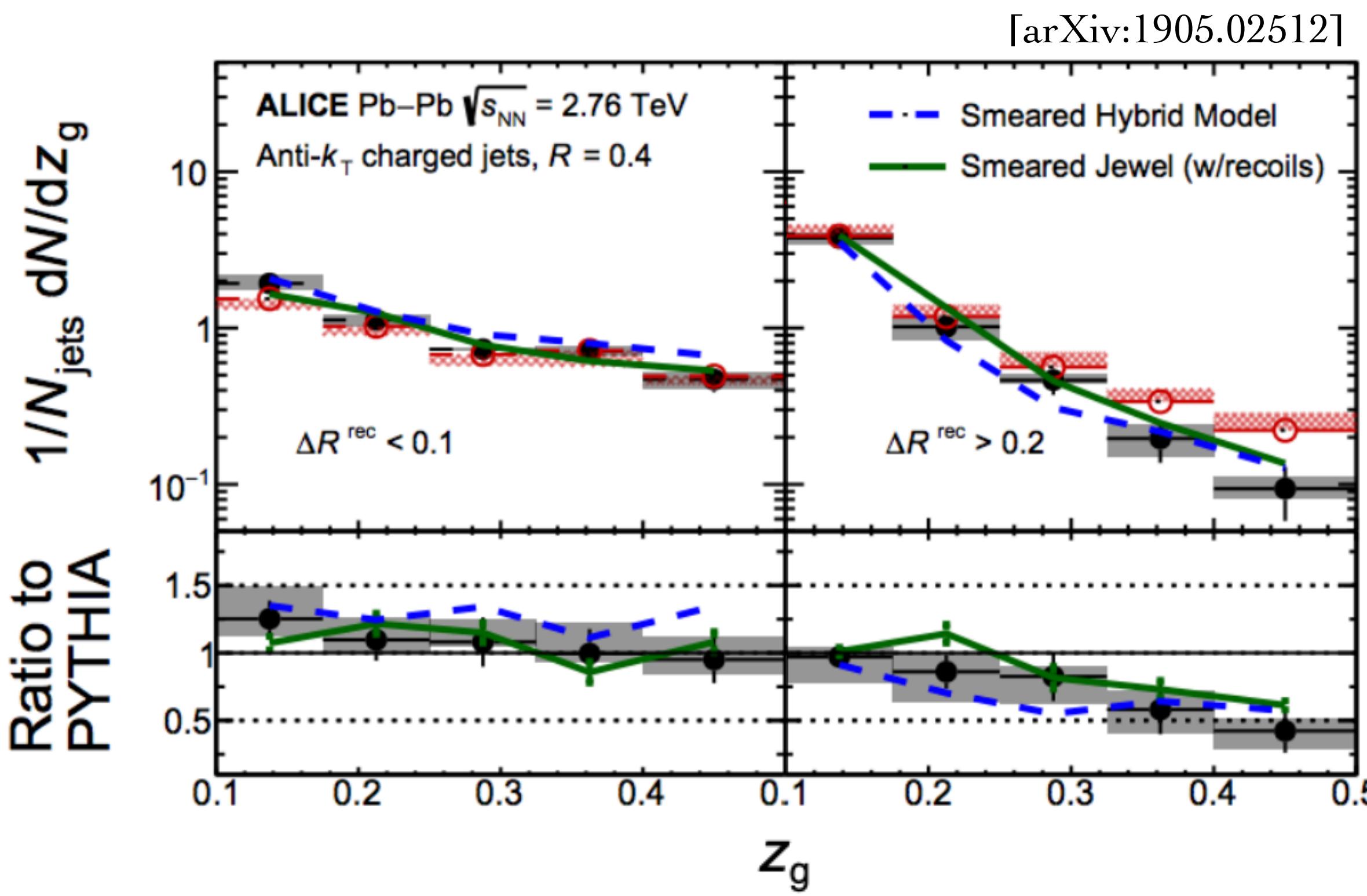
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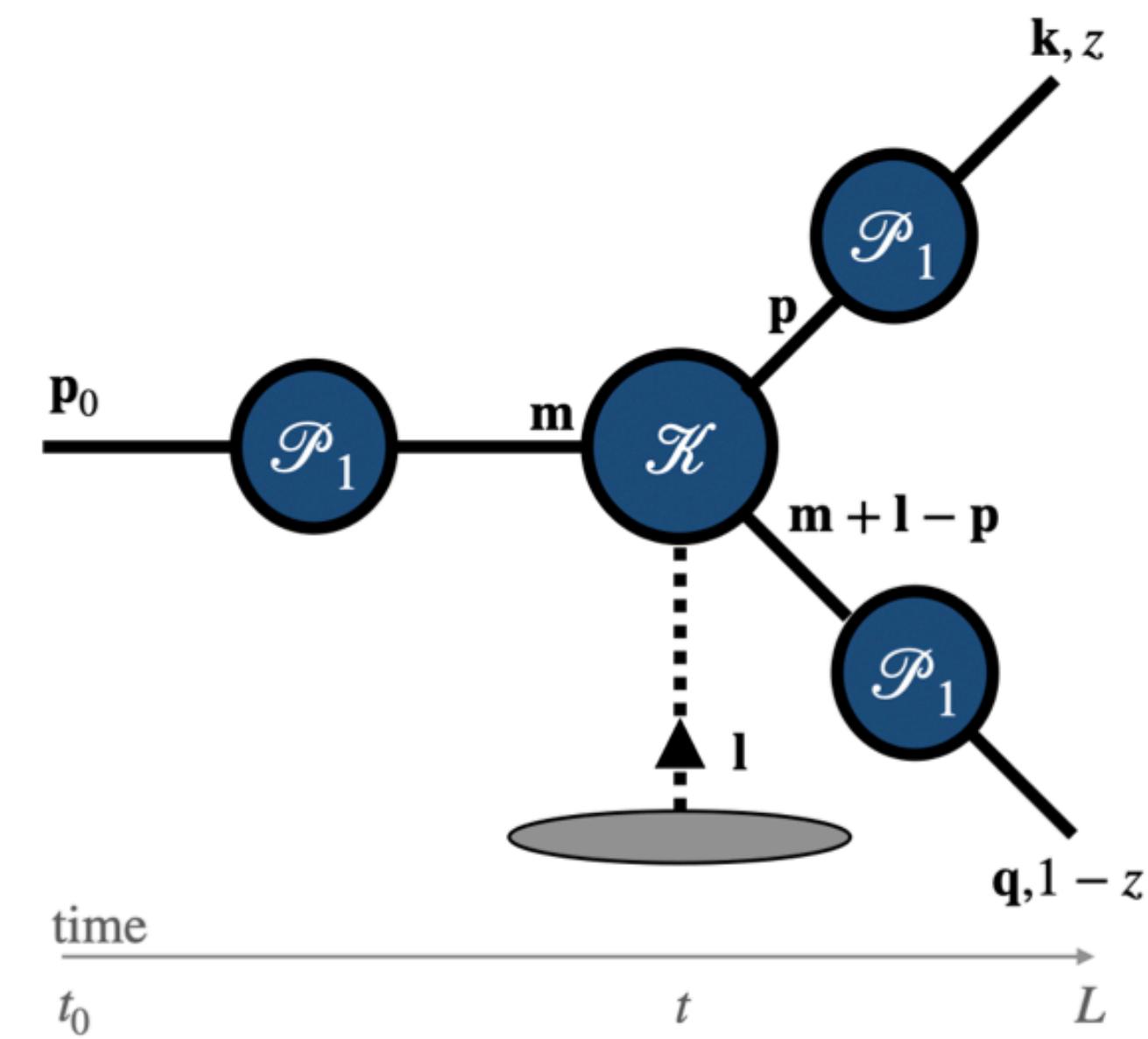
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No significant difference between models that account or not for coherence effects...



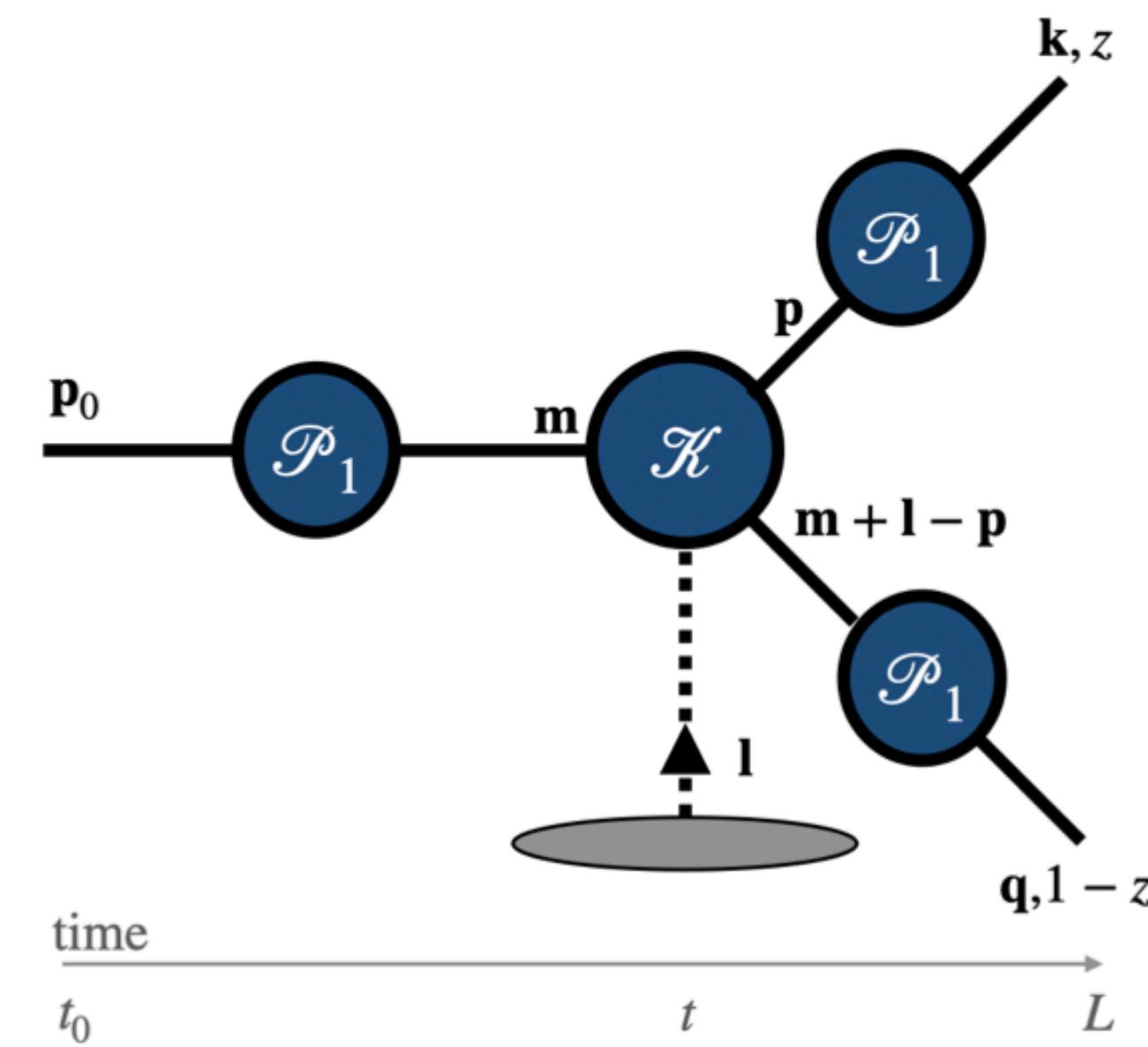
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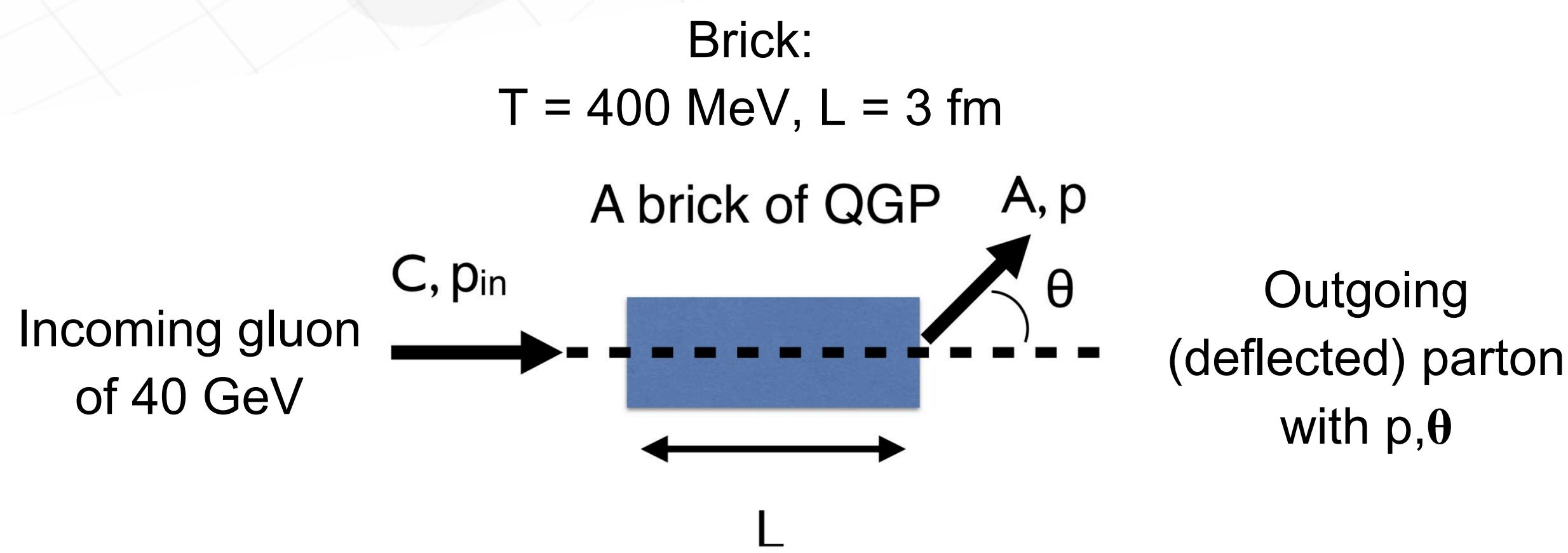
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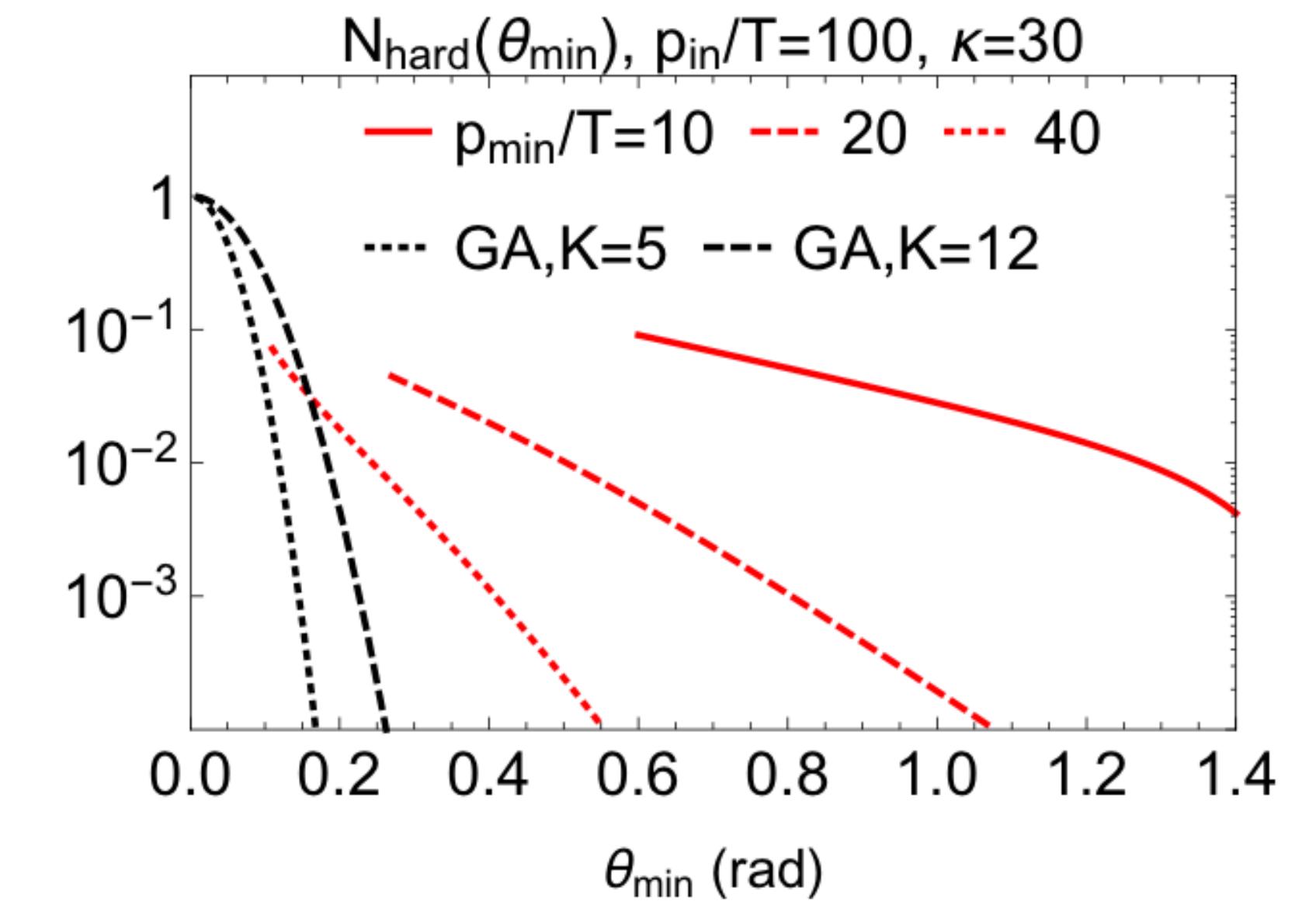
What is the phenomenological manifestation?

Acoplanarity

- ◆ Jet broadening linked to energy loss processes
- ◆ But is also intrinsic to QCD vacuum radiation...



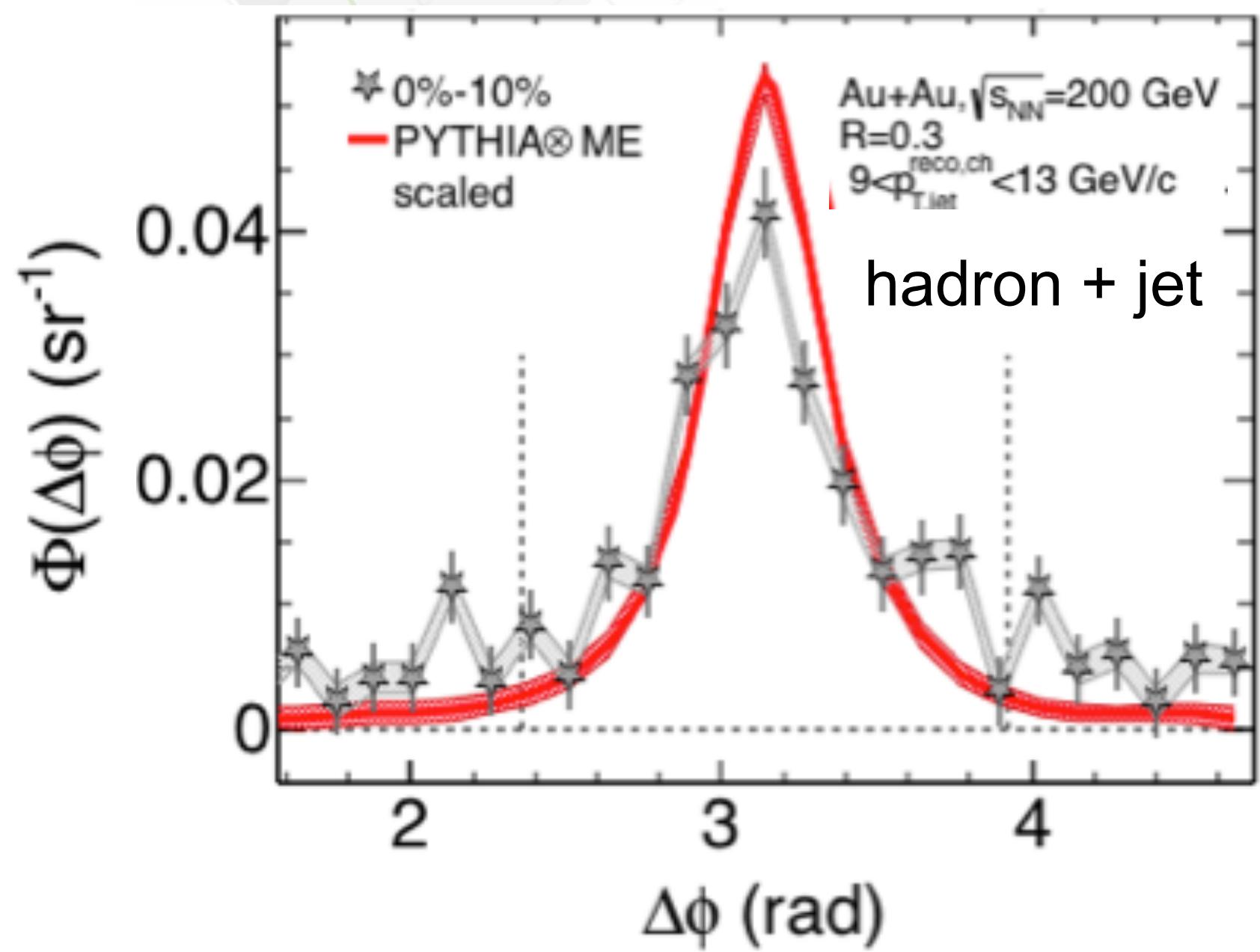
[D'Eramo et al: 1808.03250]

Probability of finding a parton with p_{\min}/T above an angle θ_{\min}

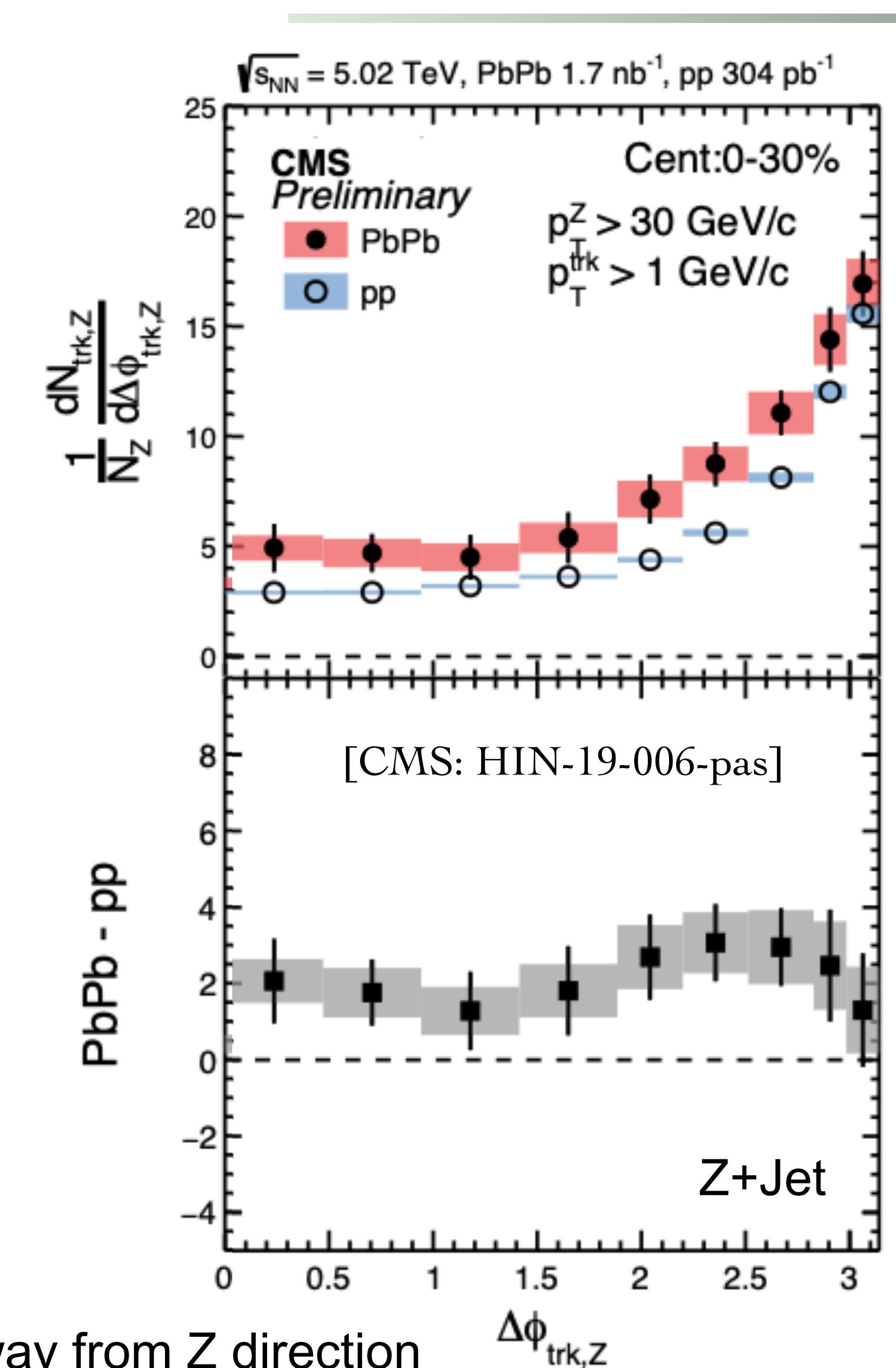
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[STAR: 1702.01108]



distribution of recoil jets

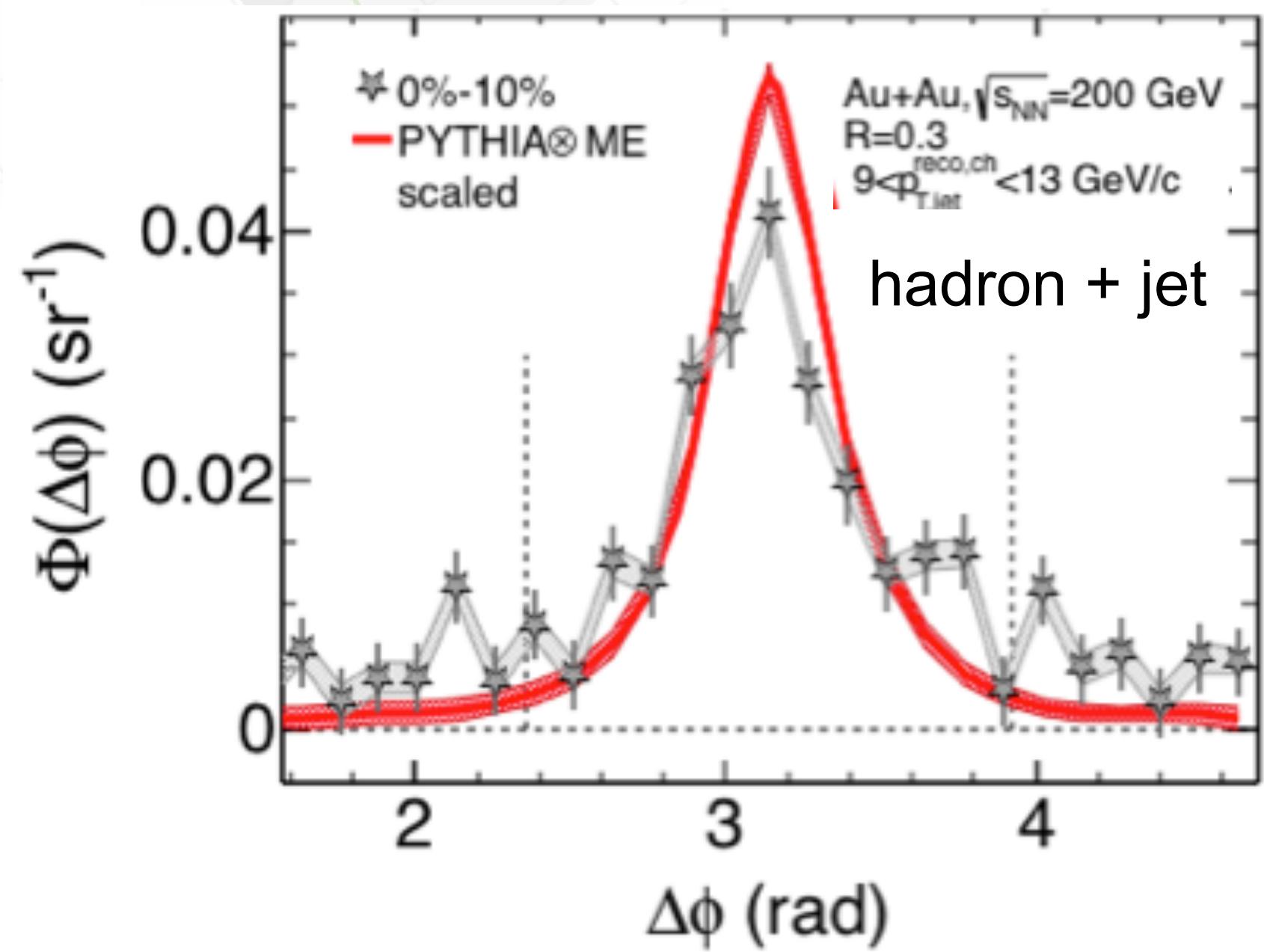


charged particles away from Z direction

Acoplanarity

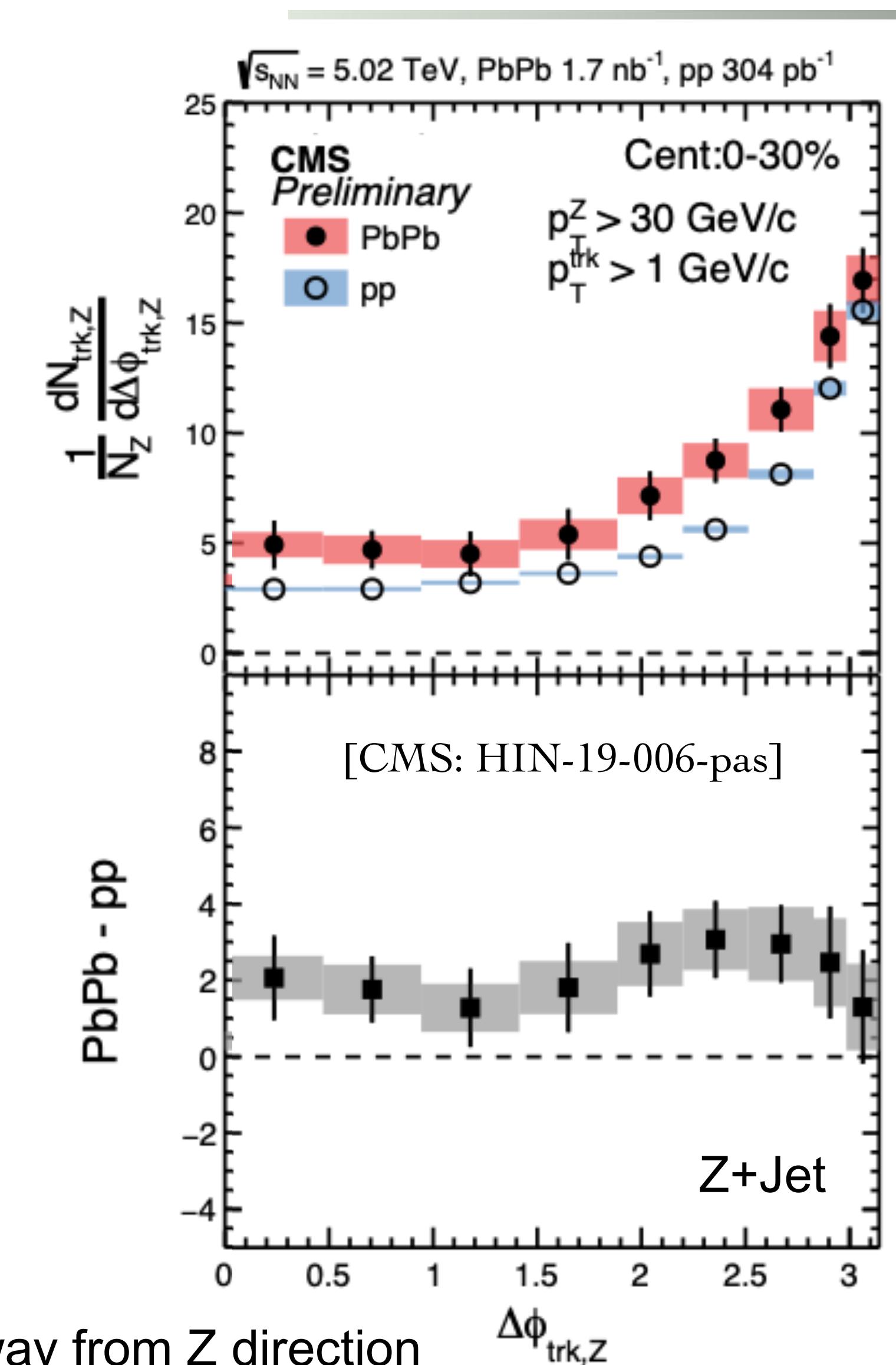
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distribution of recoil jets

First hints of jet
broadening physics?

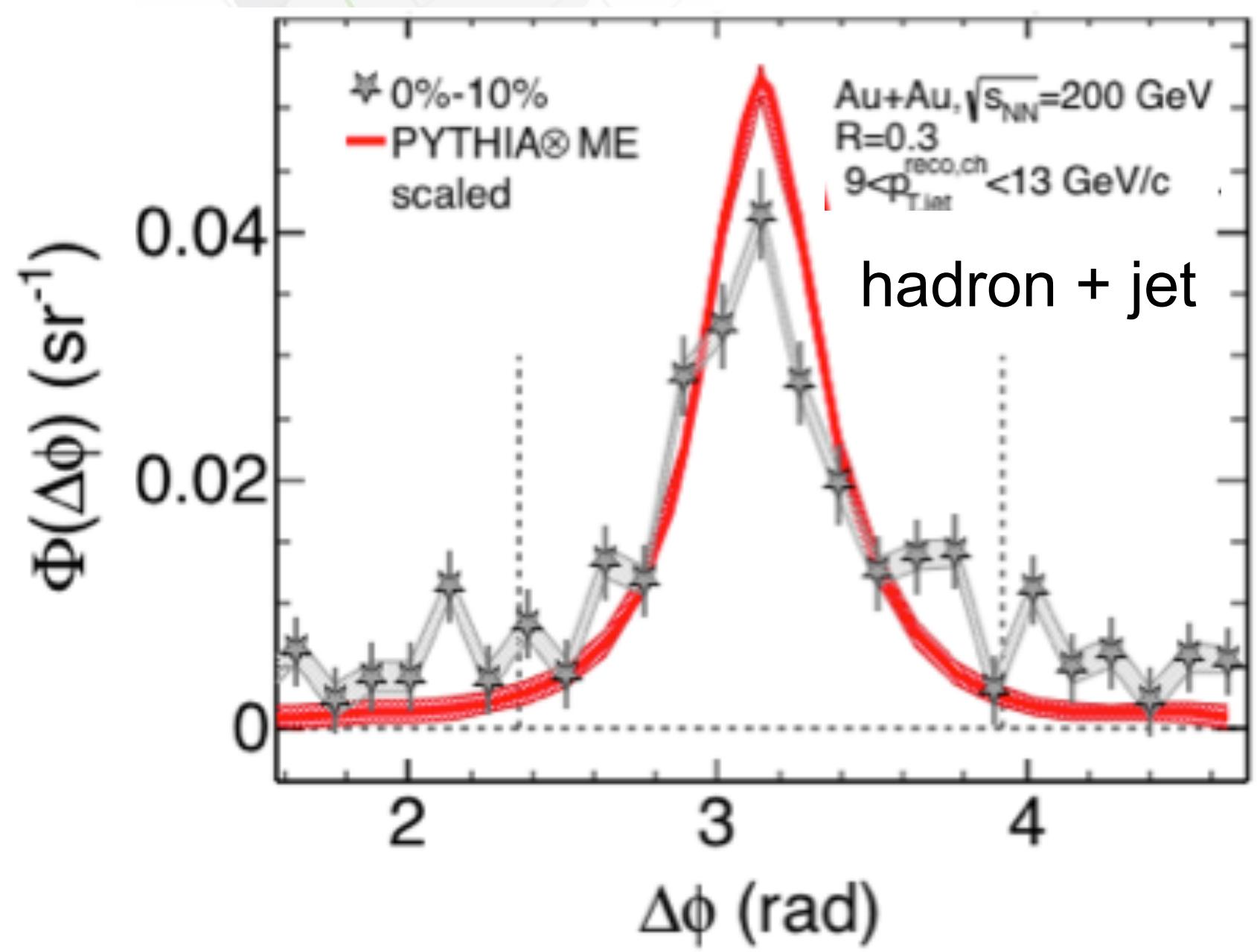


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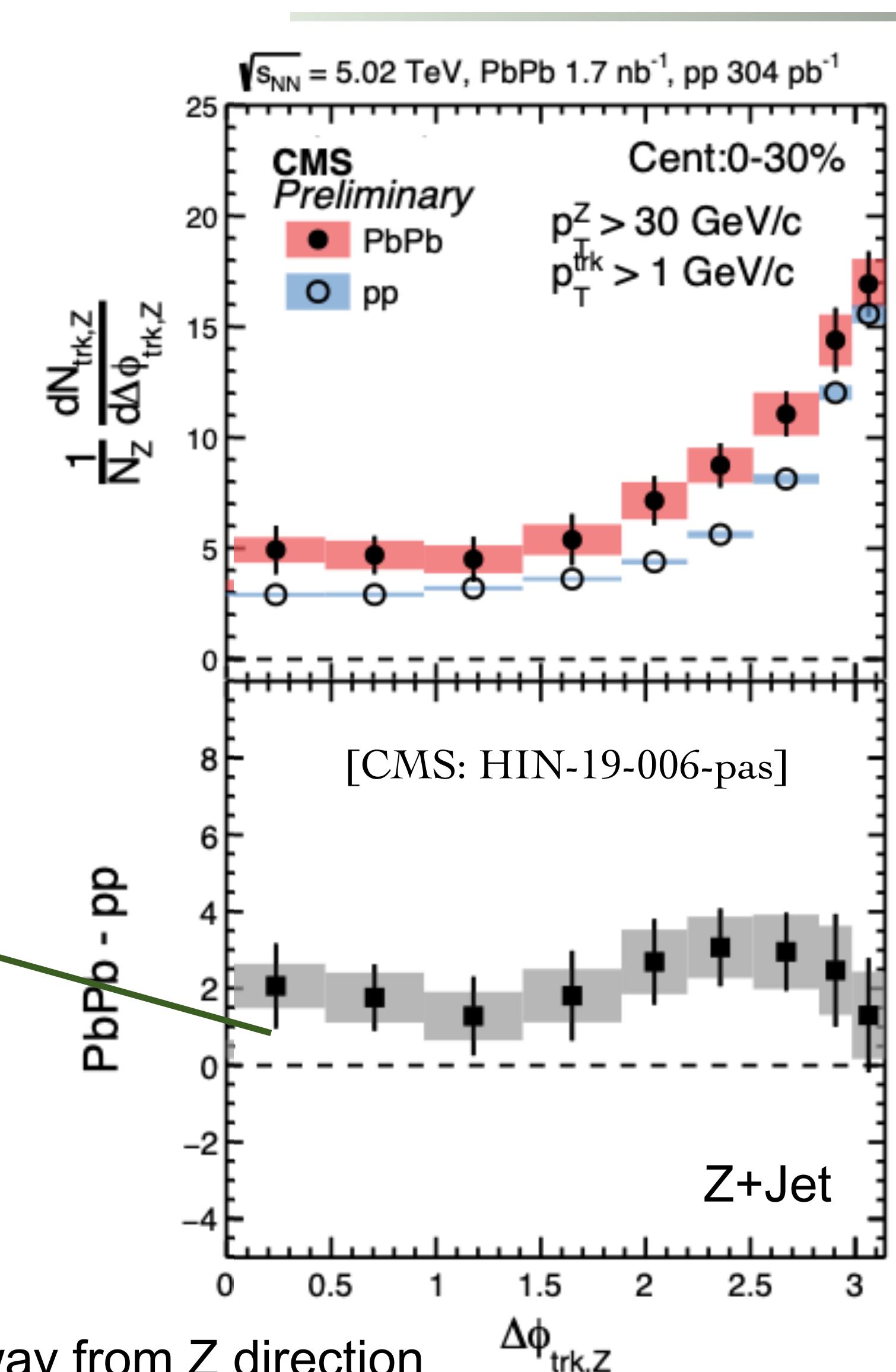
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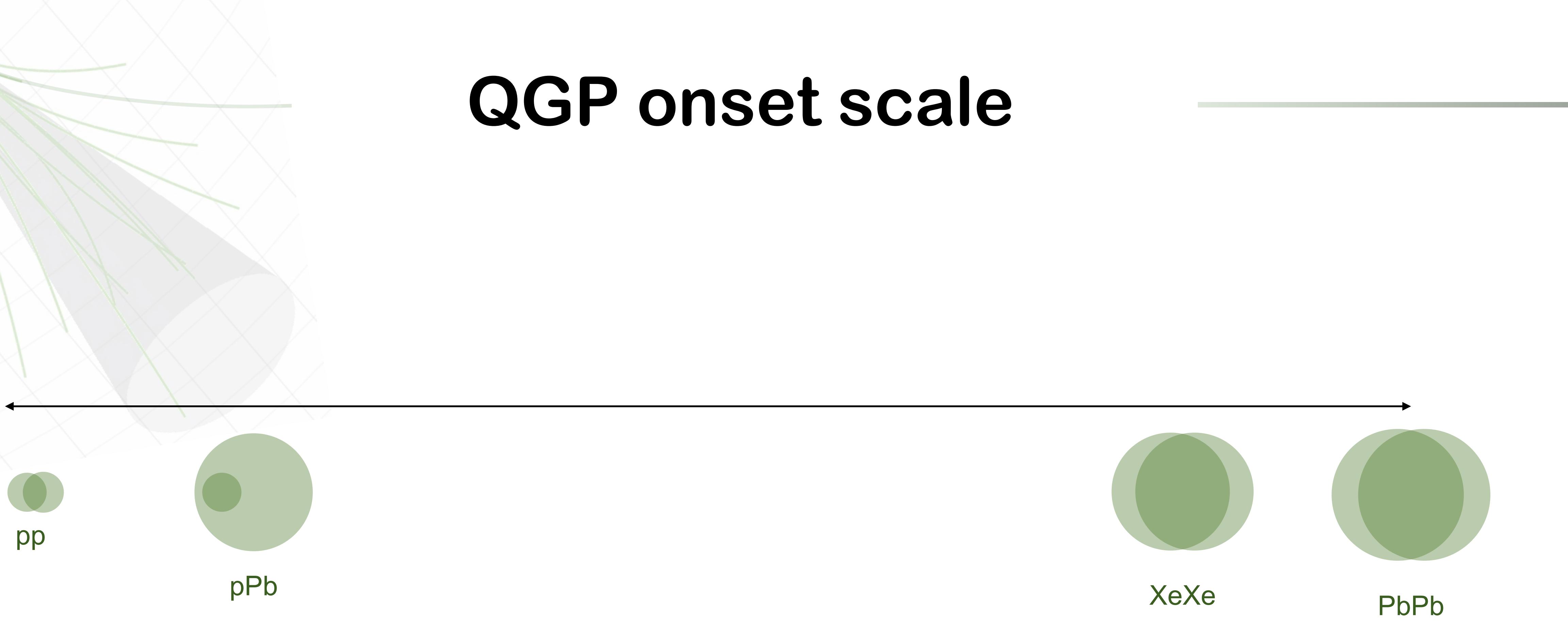
Or MPI + medium response?

[Chen et al (21)]

charged particles away from Z direction



QGP onset scale



QGP onset scale

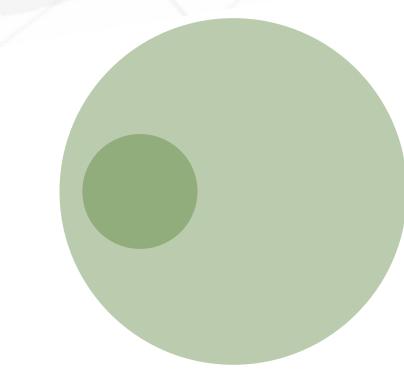
Inconclusive results



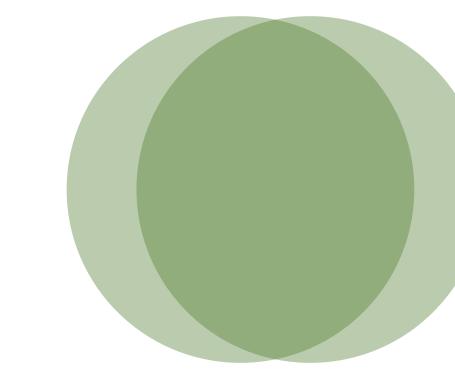
All QGP signatures



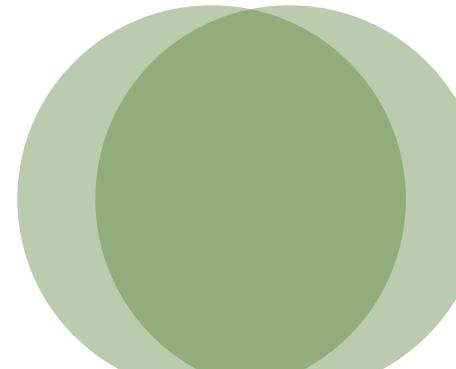
pp



pPb



XeXe



PbPb

QGP onset scale

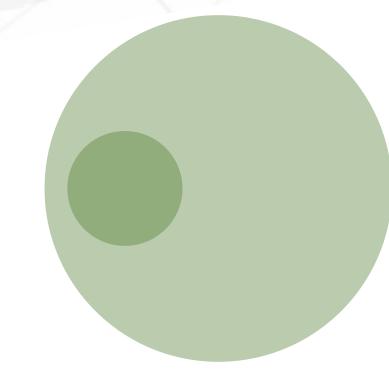
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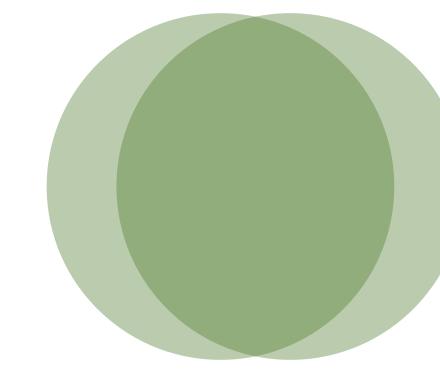
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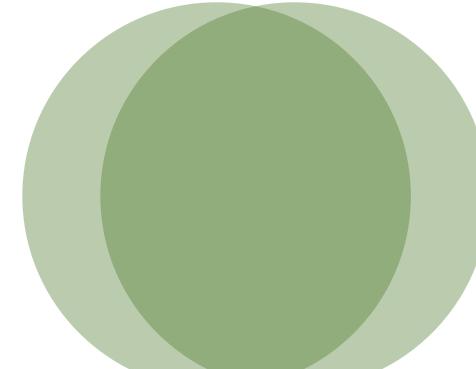
pp



pPb



XeXe



PbPb

Is there jet quenching in light systems?

QGP onset scale

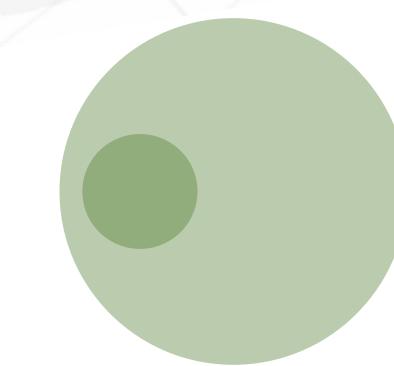
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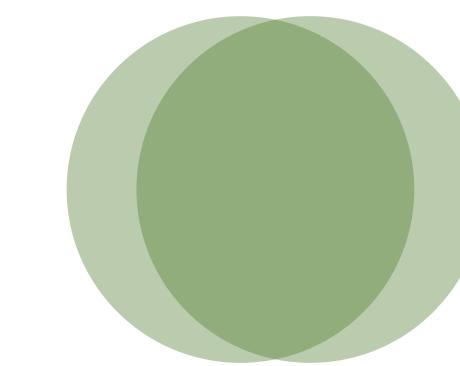
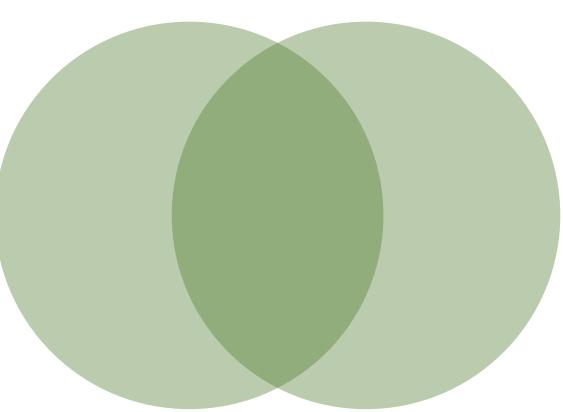
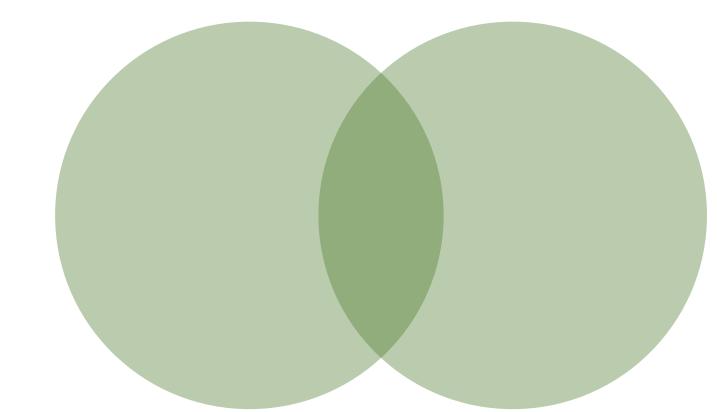
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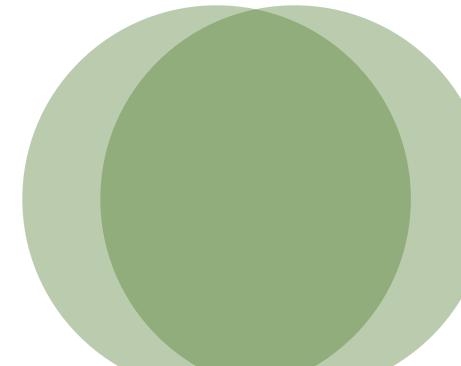
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pPb



XeXe

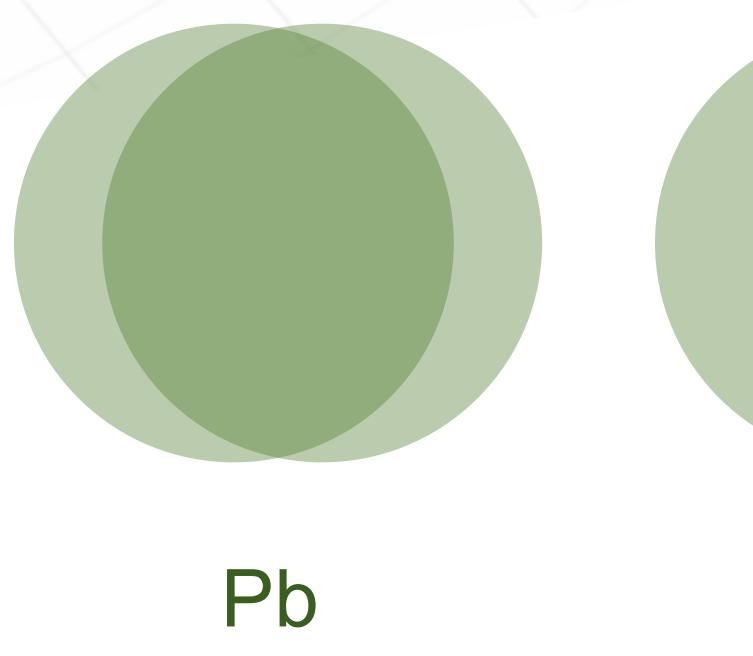


PbPb

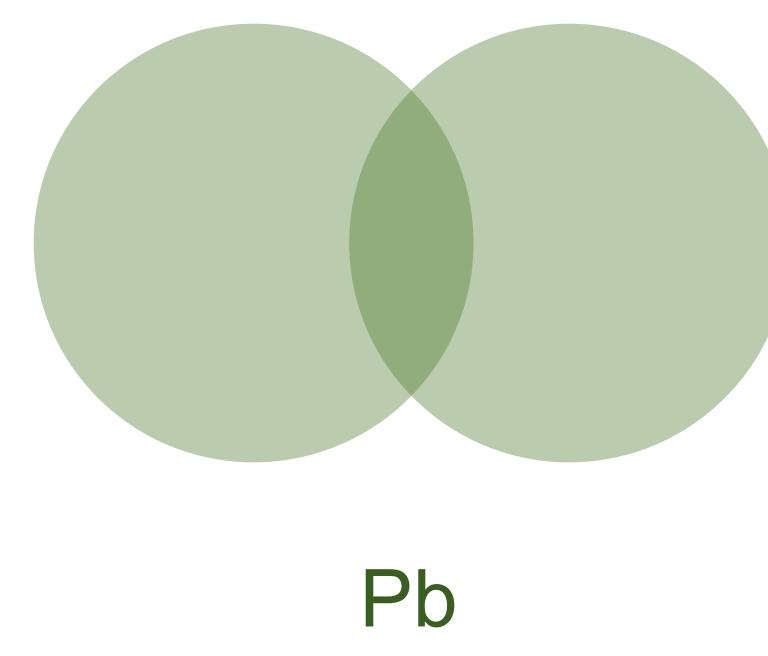
Is there jet quenching in light systems?

Light Systems

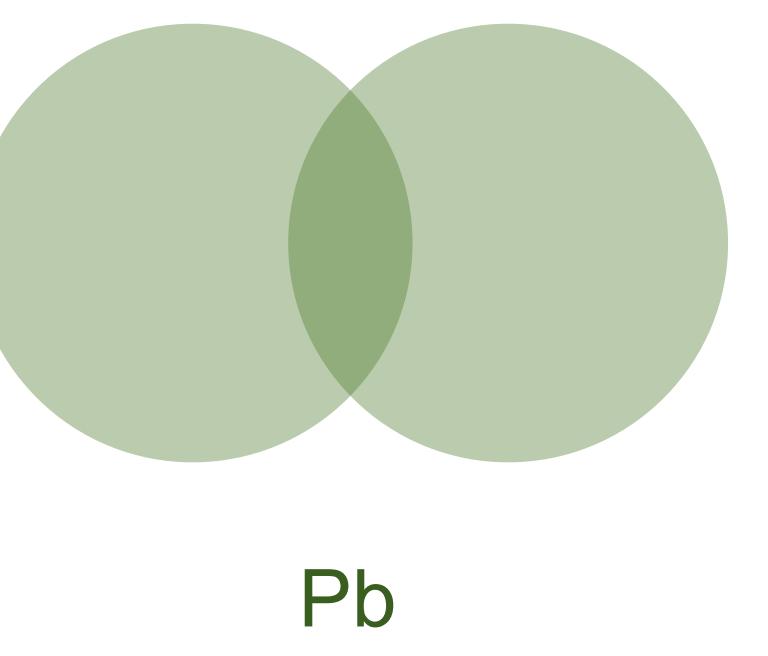
- ◆ Magnitude of Jet quenching depends on system size:
- ◆ Peripheral collisions: expected some energy loss



Pb



Pb

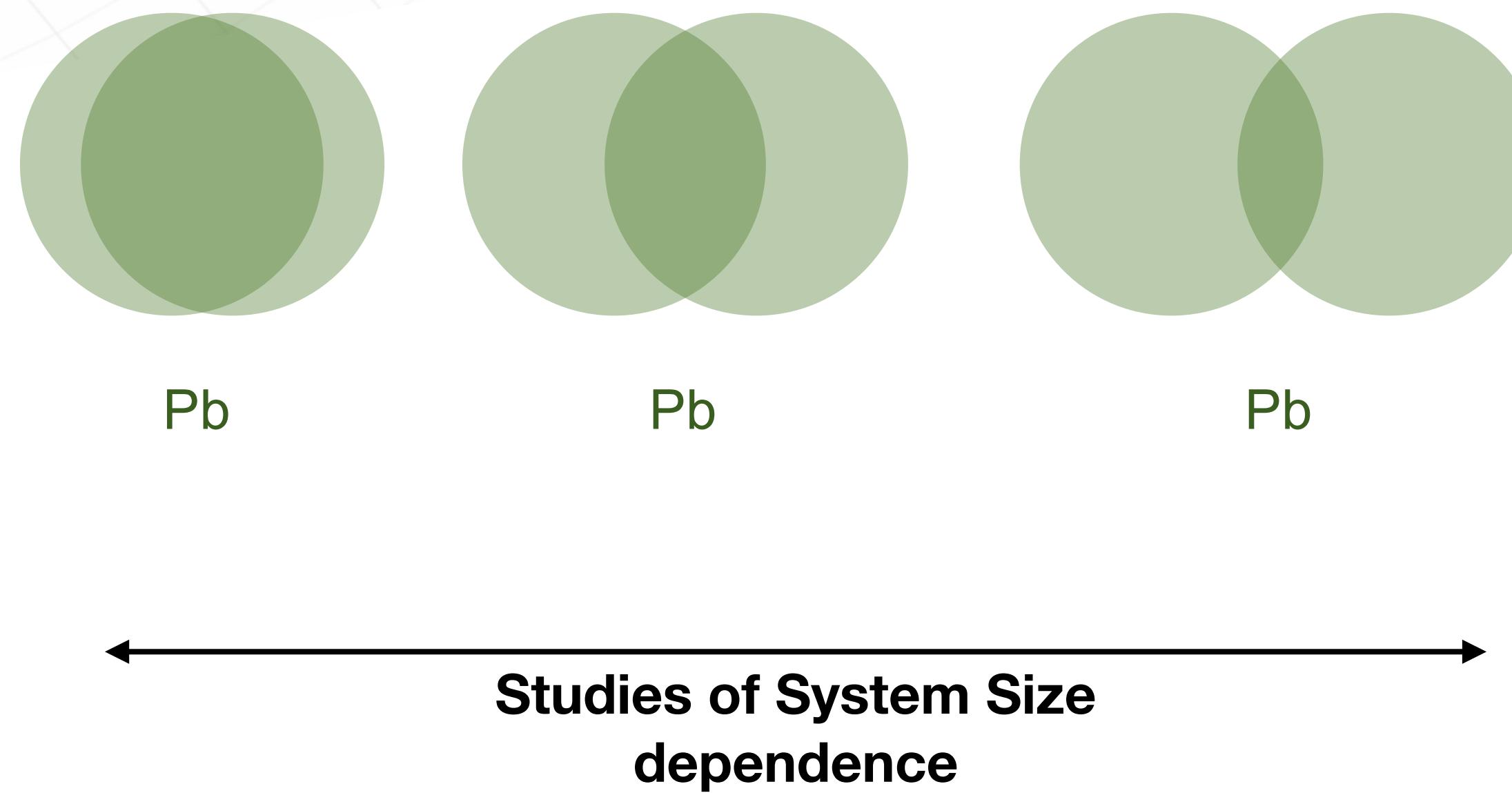


Pb

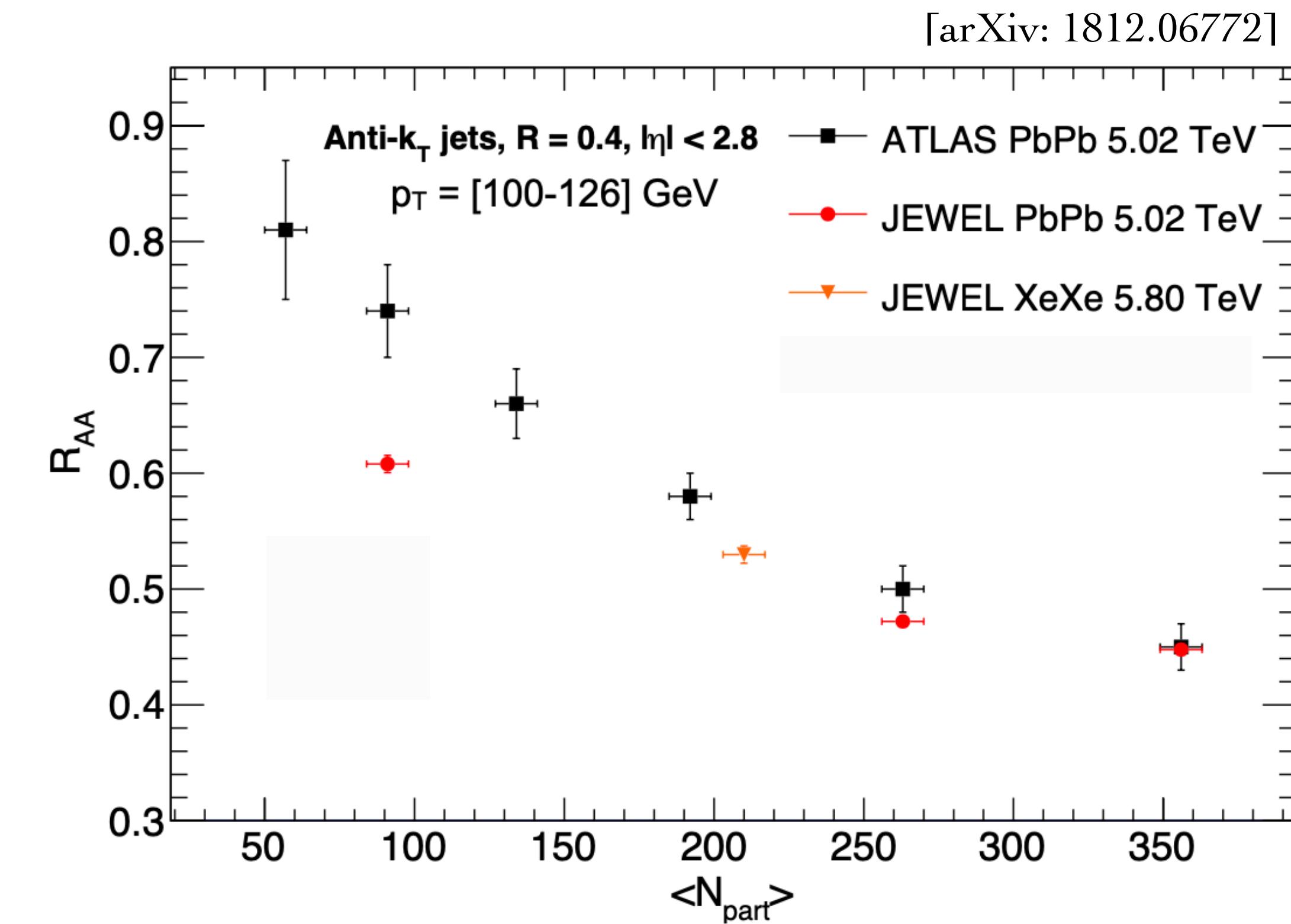
← →
**Studies of System Size
dependence**

Light Systems

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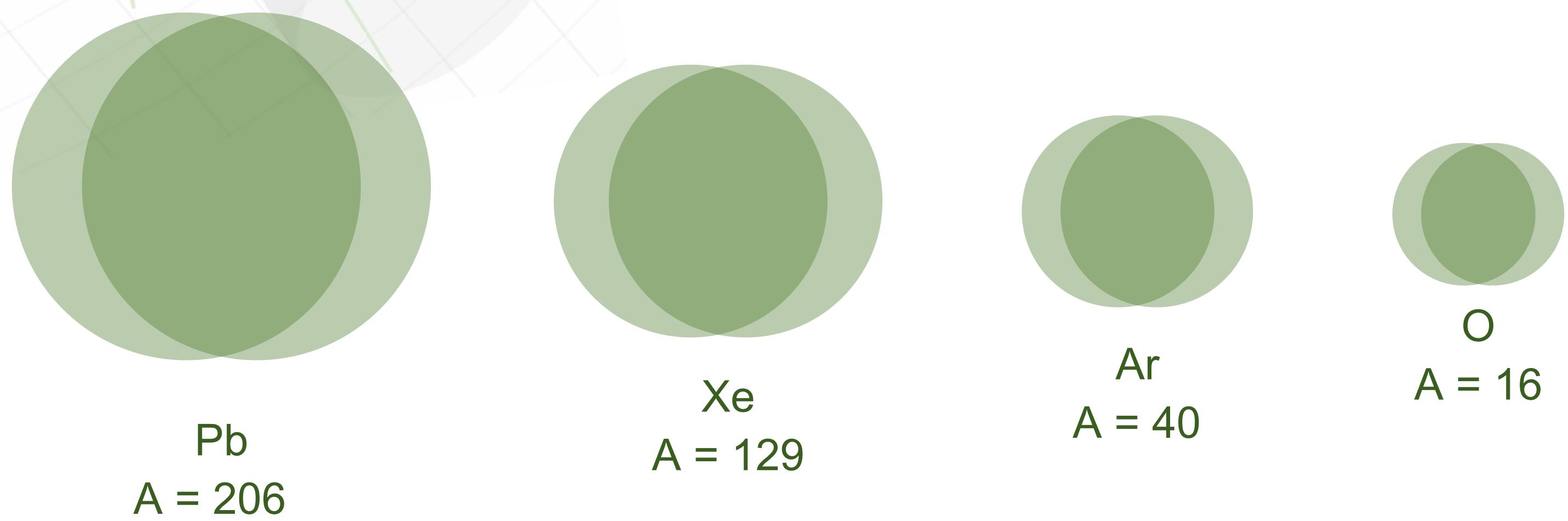


Several changes at the same time:
energy loss, nuclear overlap,...
(too many variables)



Light Systems

- ◆ Magnitude of Jet quenching depends on system size:
 - ◆ Lighter nuclei allow to fix geometry



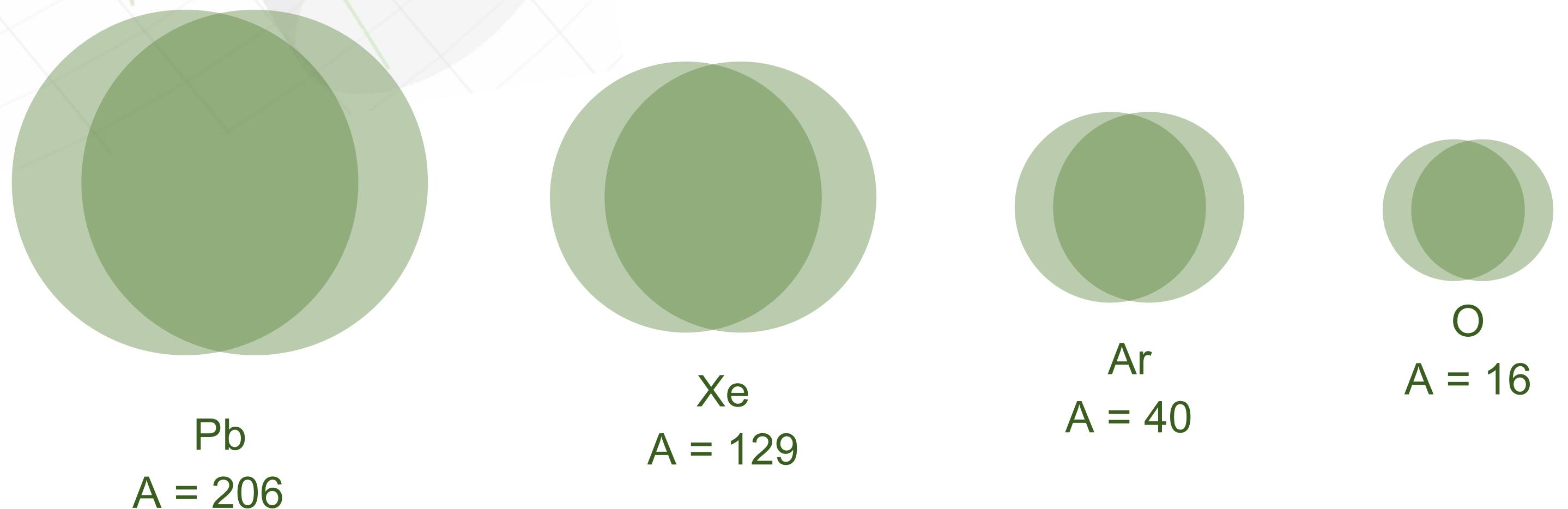
Studies of System Size dependence
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Light Systems

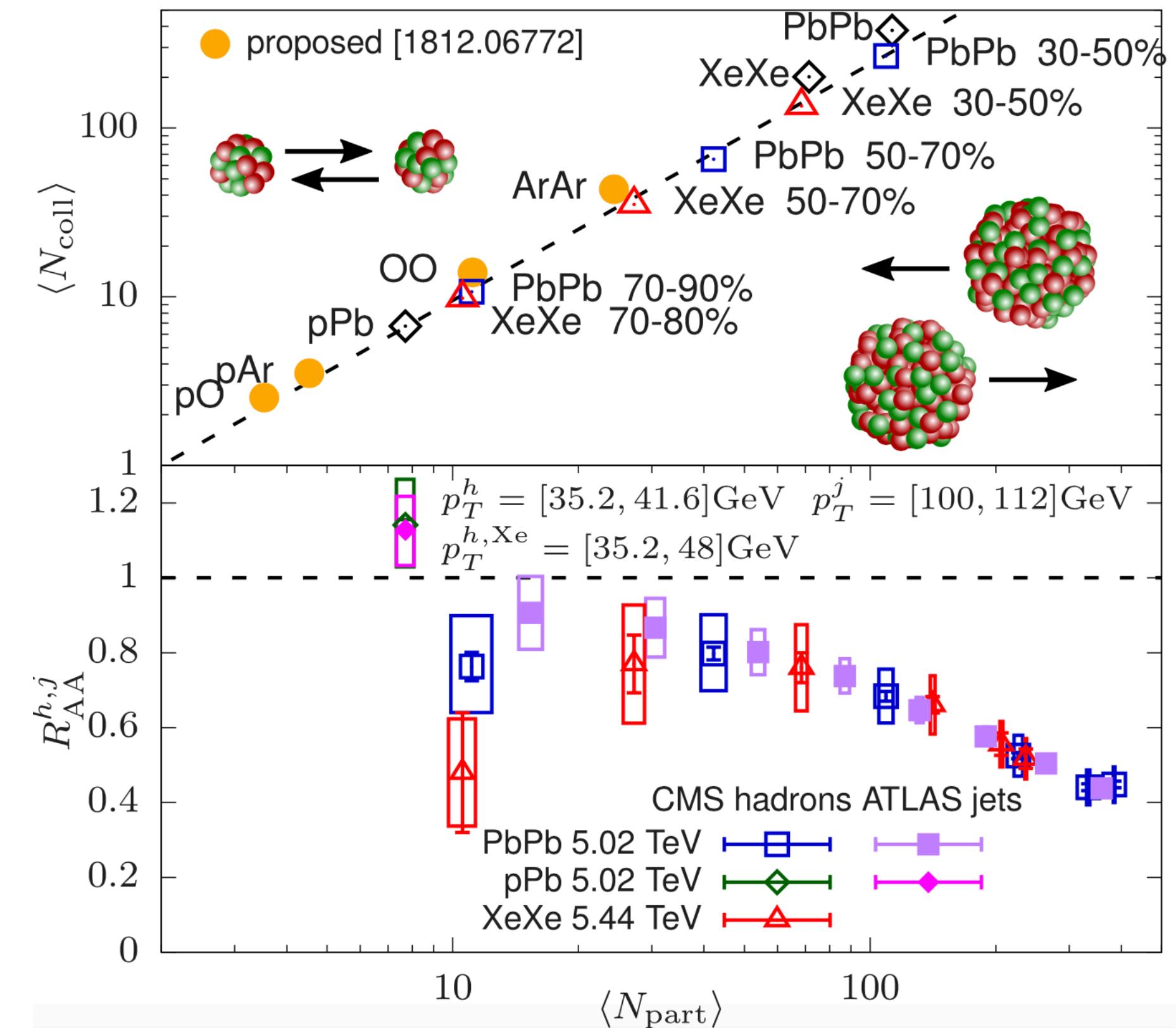
[Huss, Kurkela, Mazeliauskas, Paatelainen,
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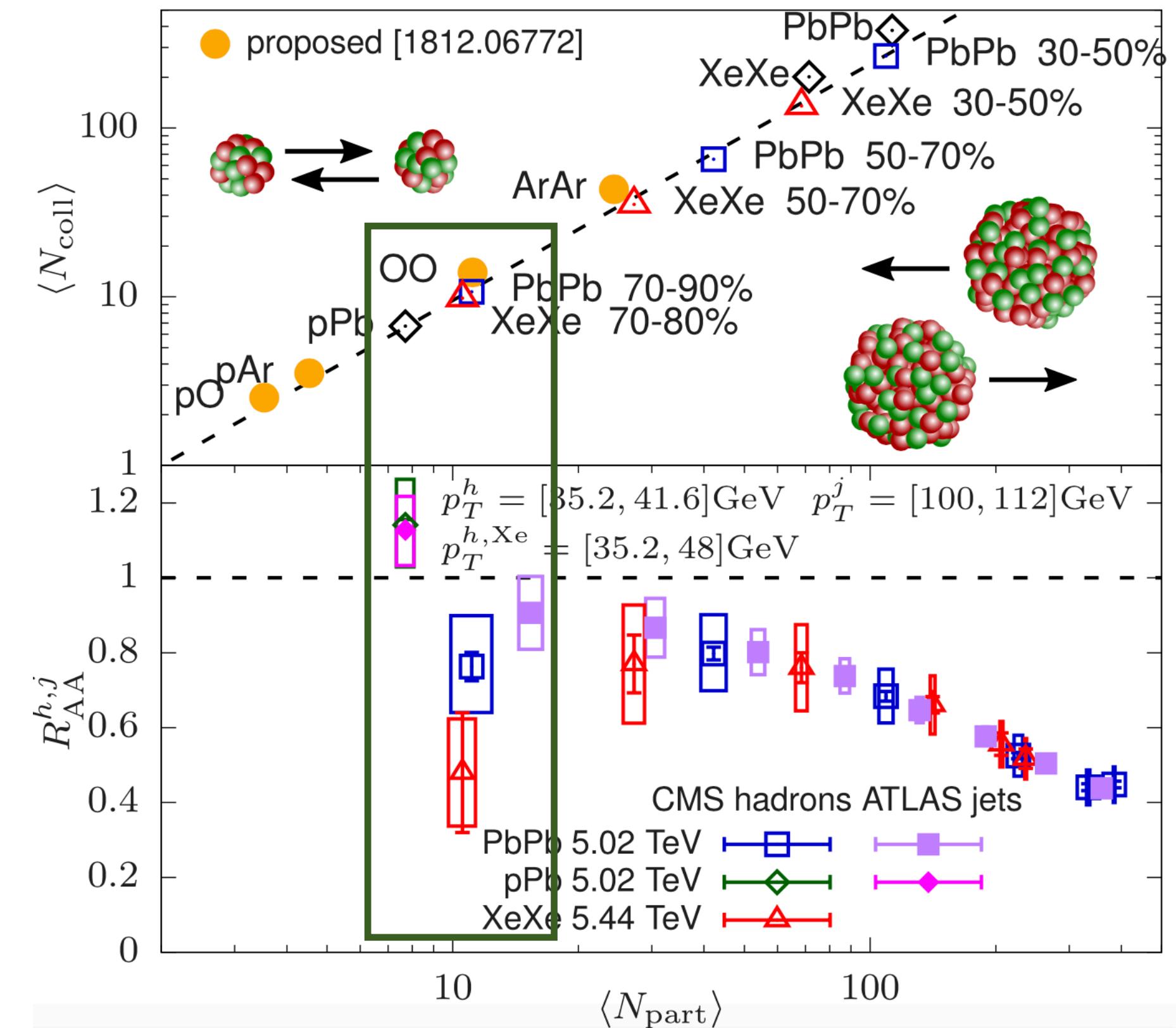
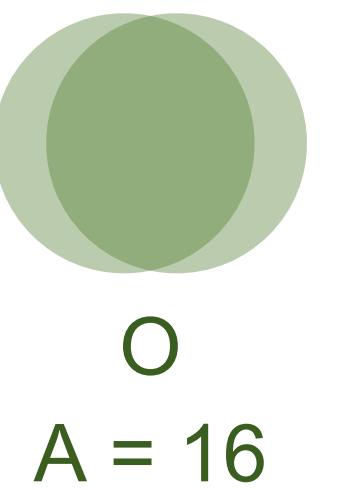
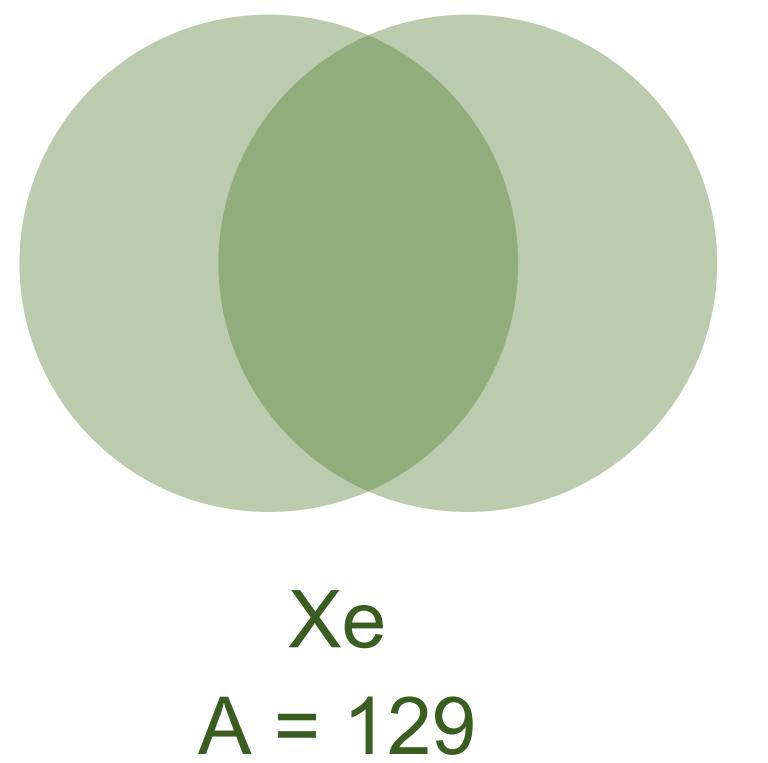
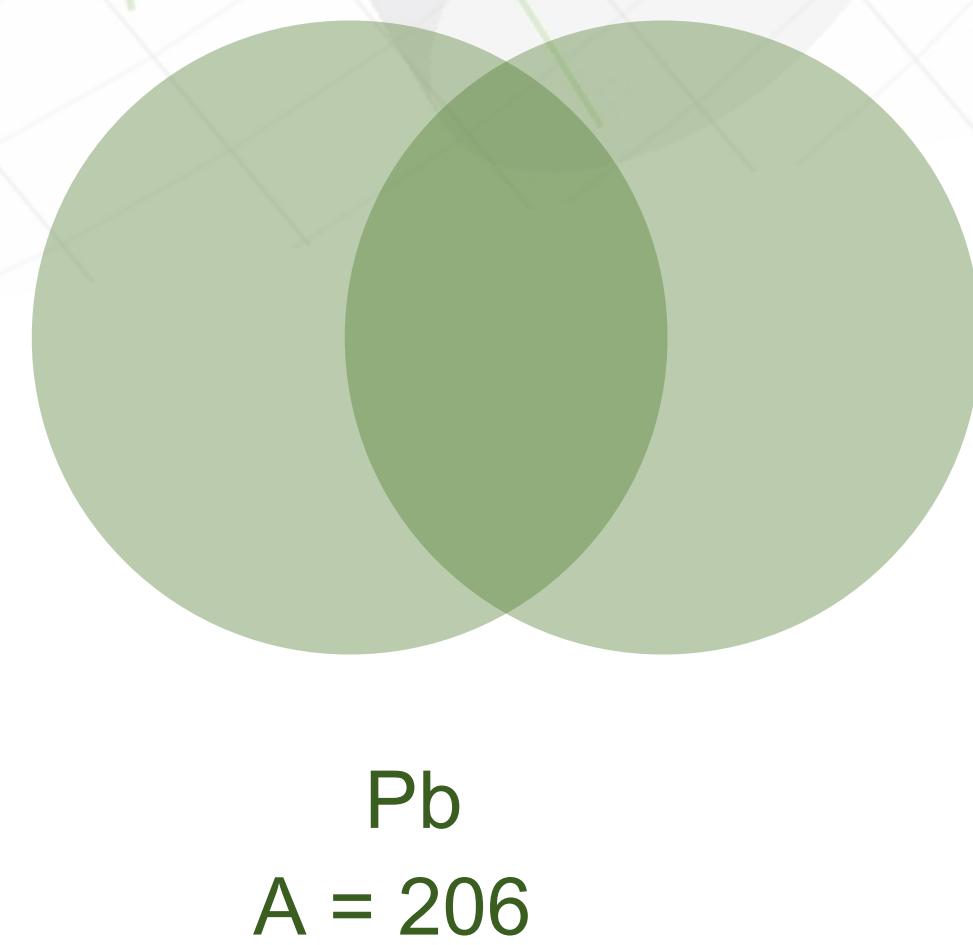


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Energy Loss in OO

- ♦ Inclusive jet yield independent of nuclear overlap:

$$R_{AA}^{h,j}(p_T, y) = \frac{1}{\langle T_{AA} \rangle} \frac{(1/N_{ev}) dN_{AA}^{h,j} / dp_T dy}{d\sigma_{pp}^{h,j} / dp_T dy}$$

See Huss's talk

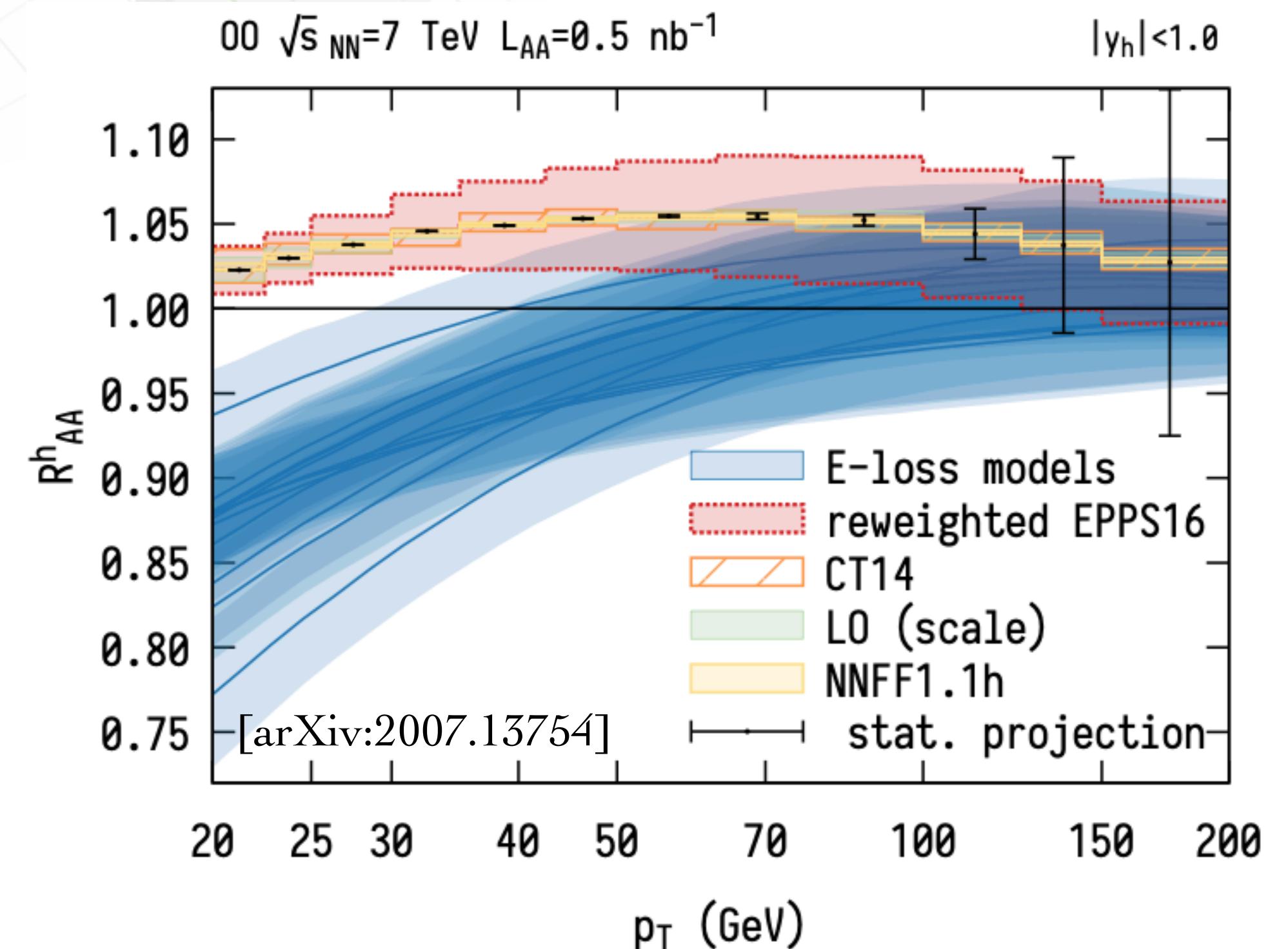
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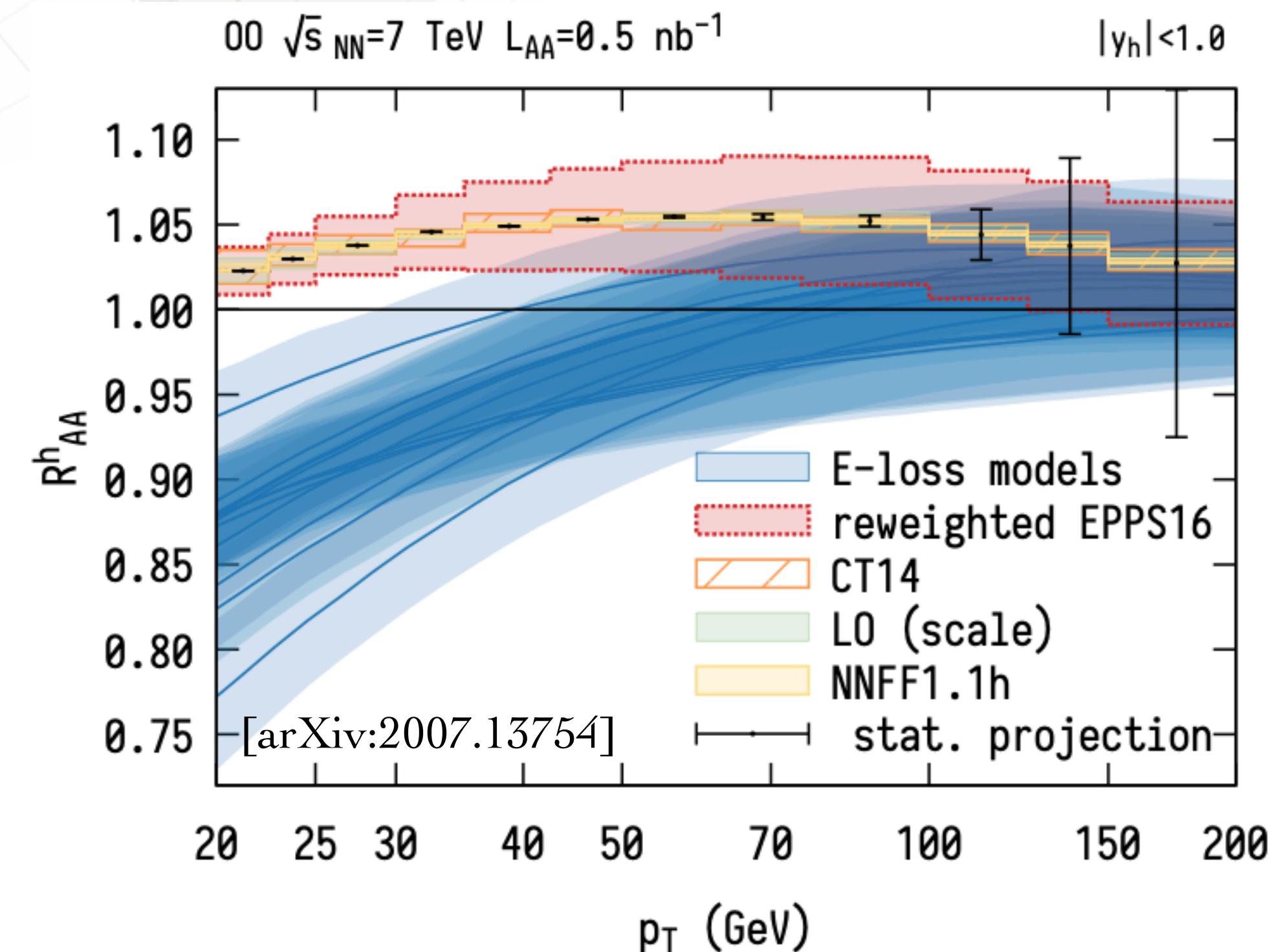
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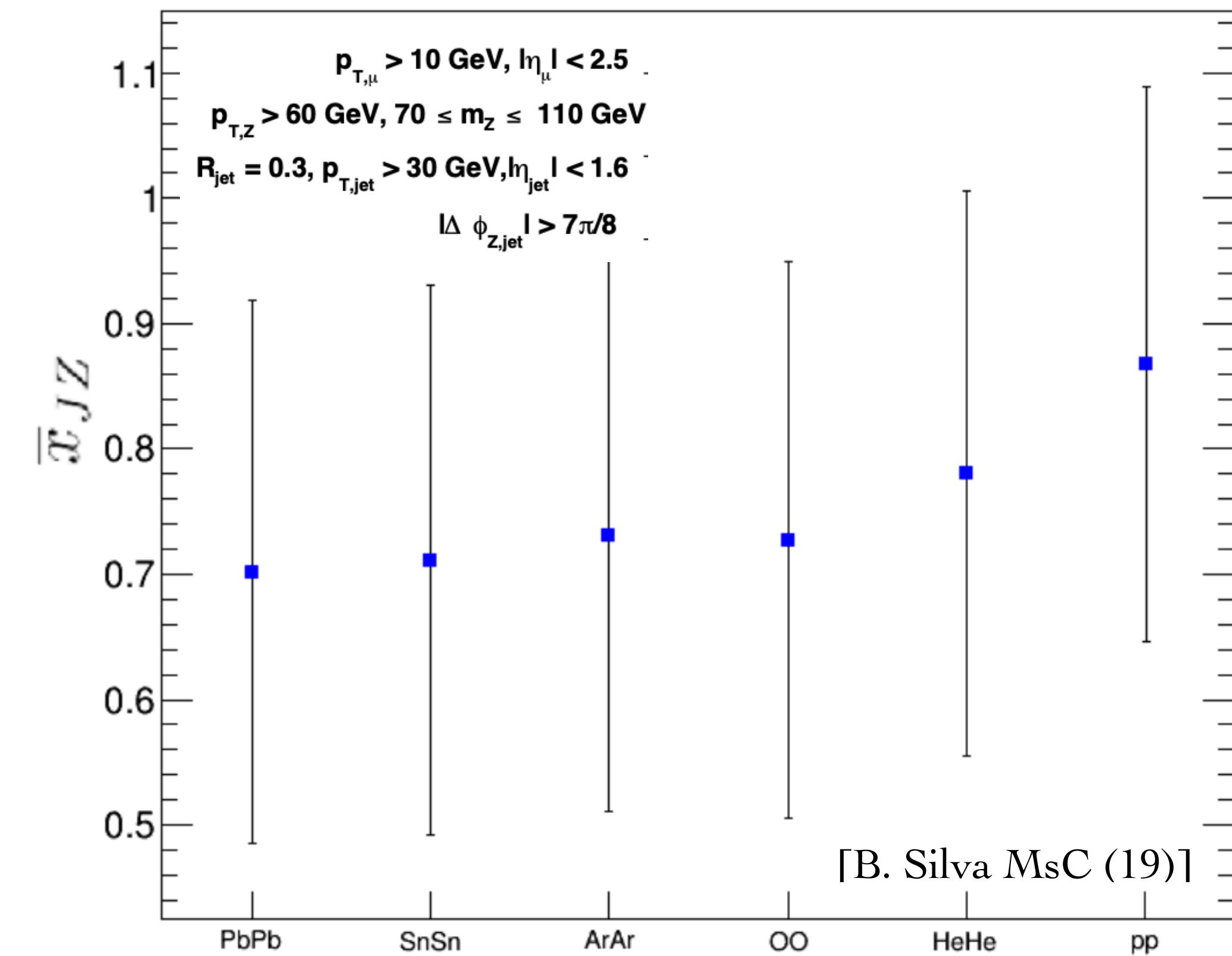
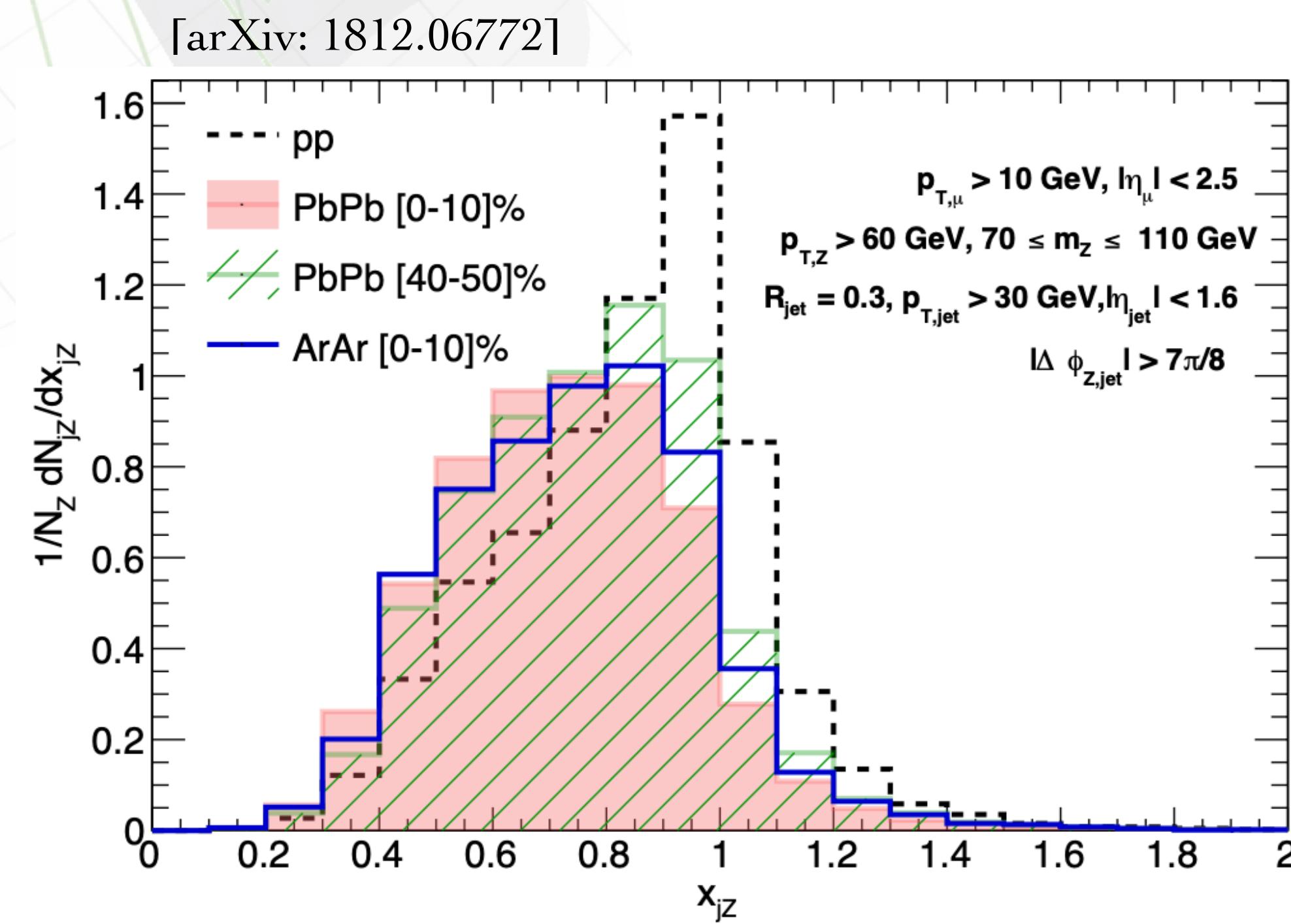


nPDFs play an important role
when assessing small jet
quenching effects!

(see Paakkinen's talk)

Jet Coincidences

- ◆ Signatures of energy loss in $Z + \text{jet}$ coincidences?



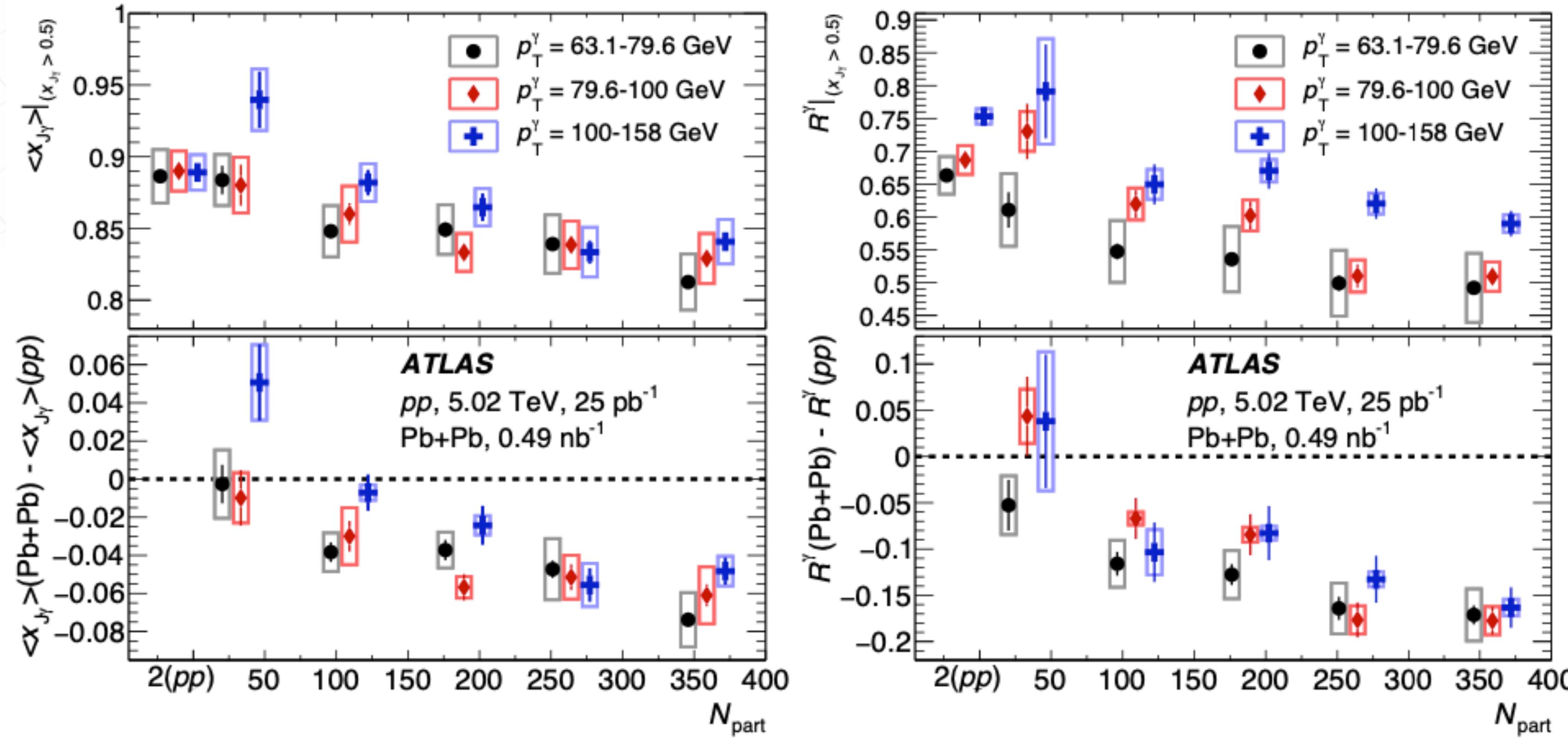
JEWEL (no recoils) + Bjorken Expansion + Stefan-Boltzmann limit

Jet Coincidences

[ATLAS: Phys.Lett.B 789 (2019) 167-190]

- ◆ Signatures of energy loss in $\gamma + \text{jet}$ coincidences?

[arXiv: 1809.07280]

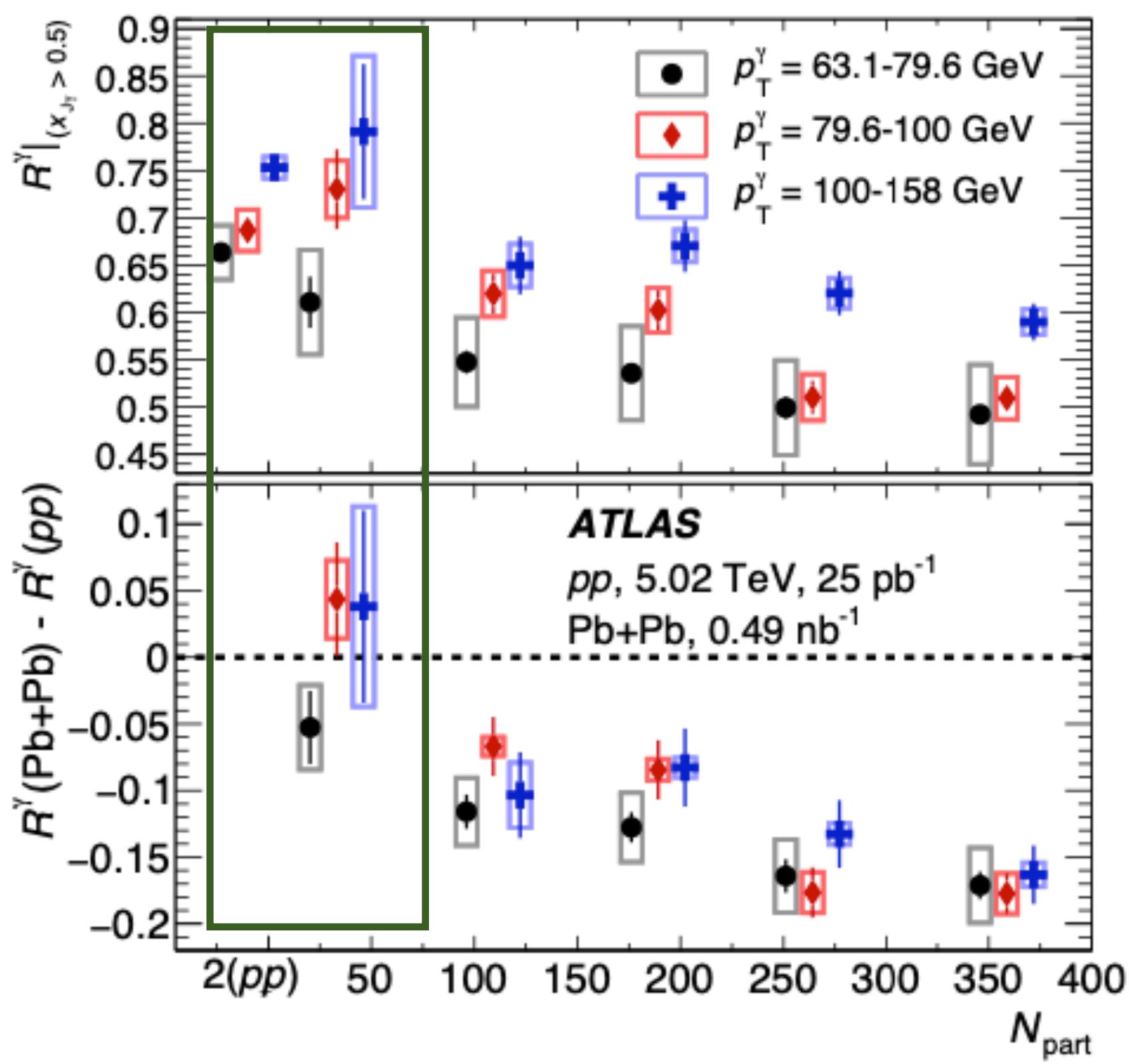
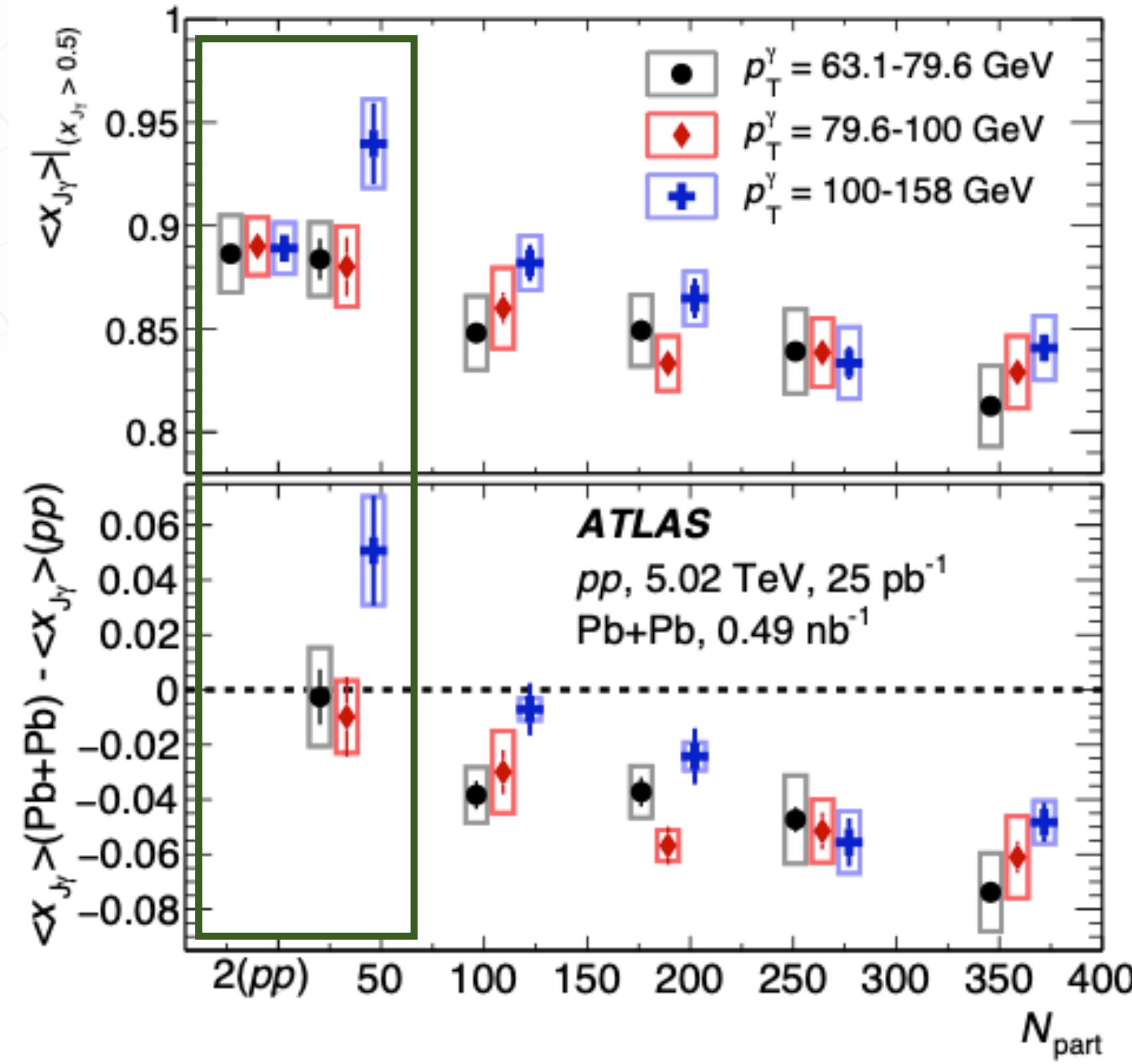


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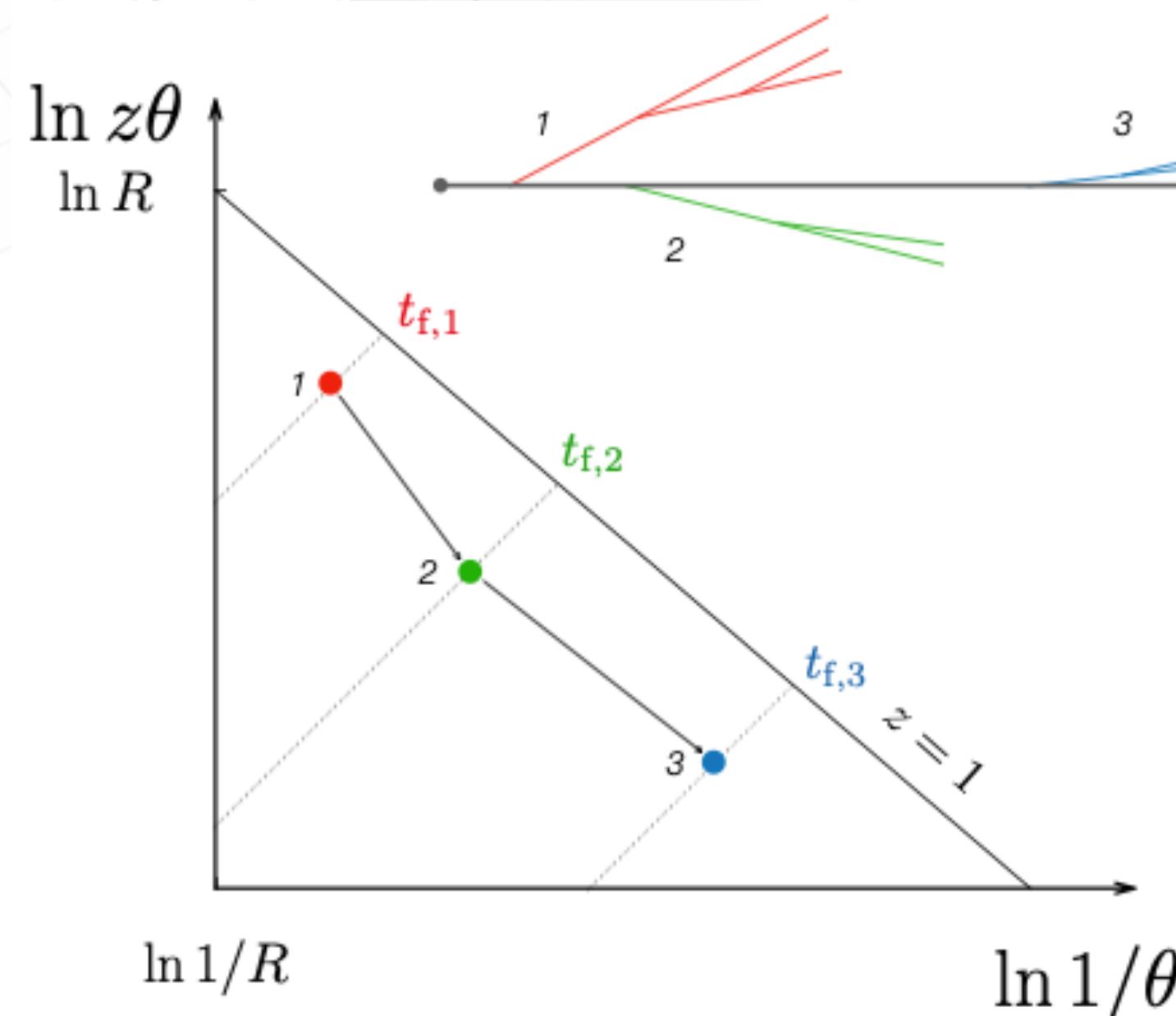


Possibility for OO run
(requires statistics)...

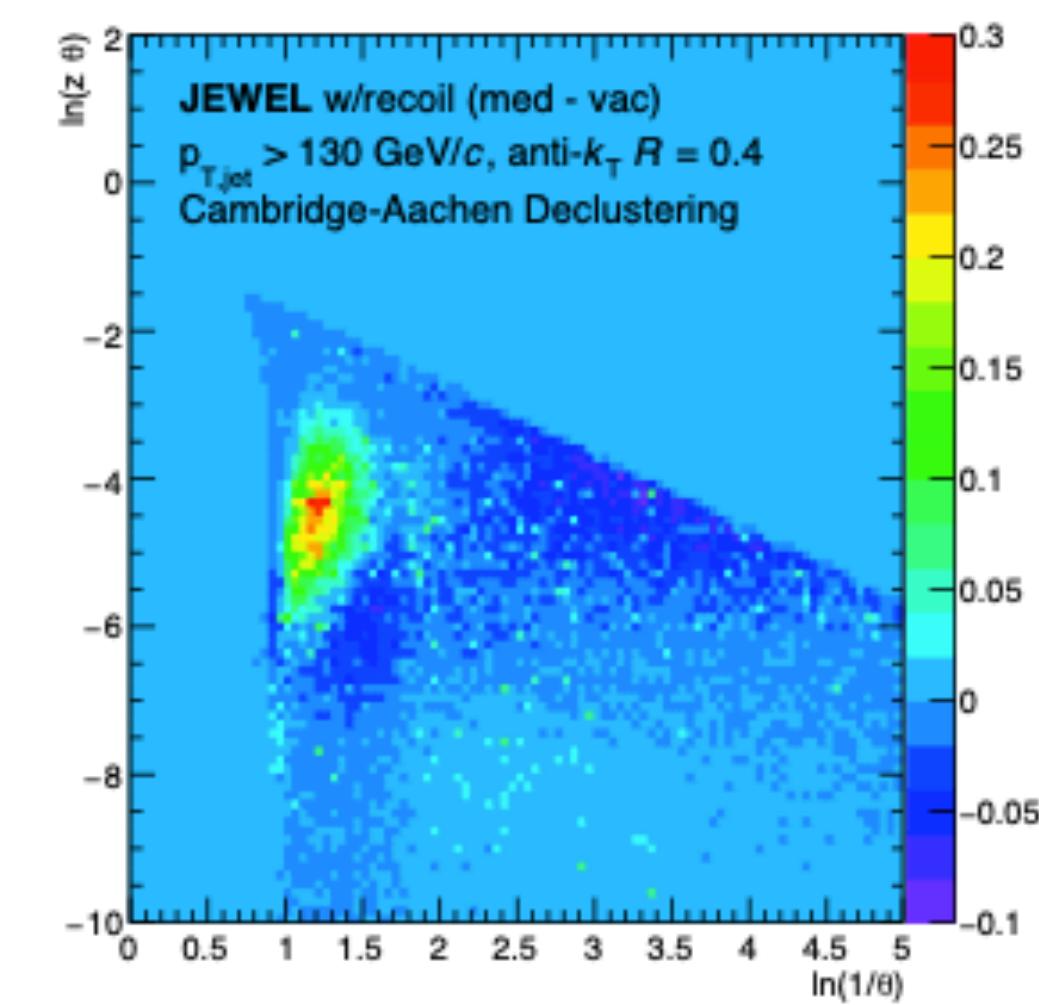
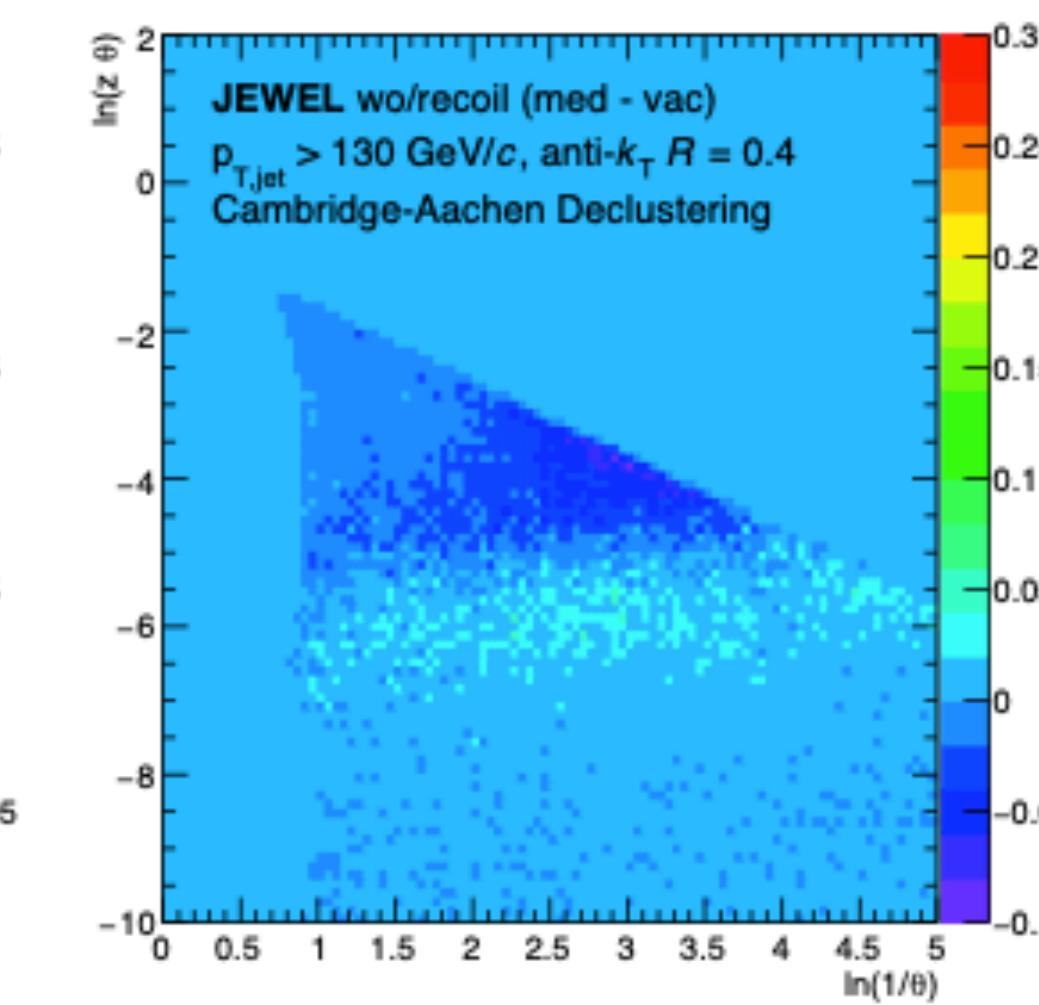
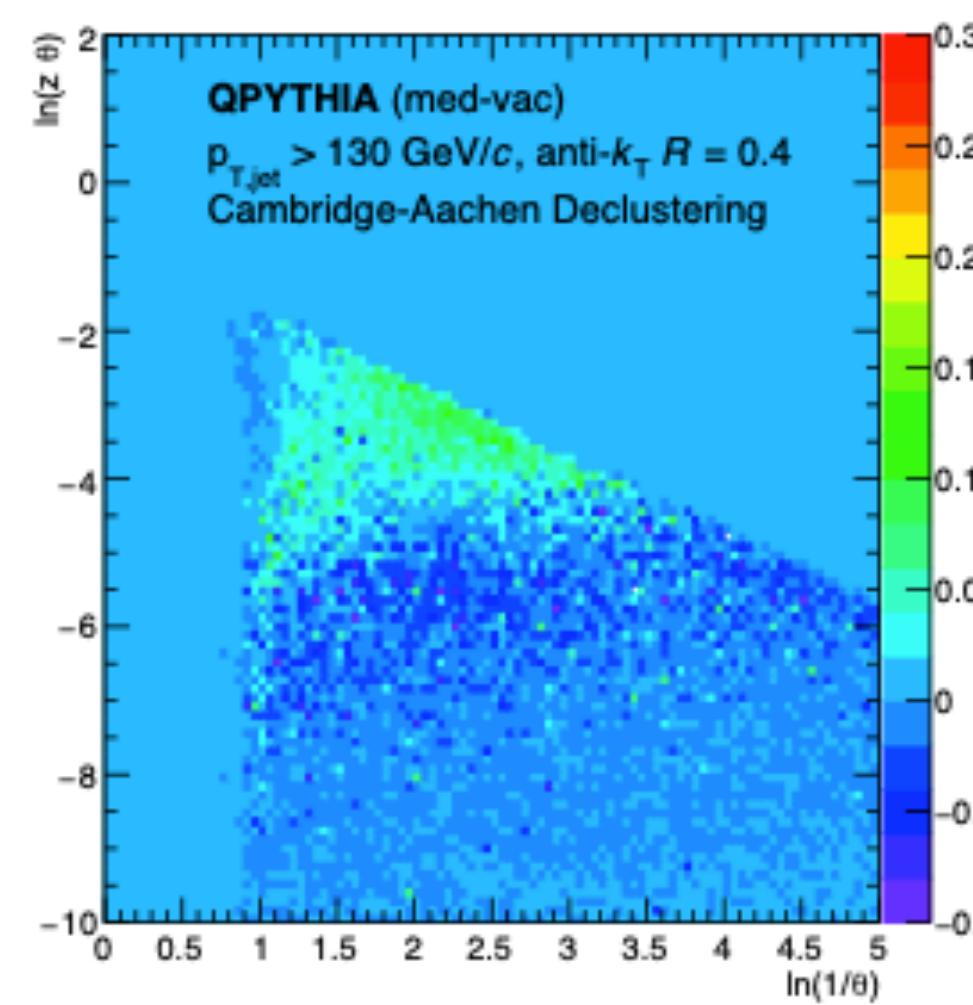
Jet substructure

- ◆ Looking inside of jets intrinsic constitution
- ◆ Allows to select regions of phase space where medium effects are enhanced

[Andrews et al: 1808.03689]



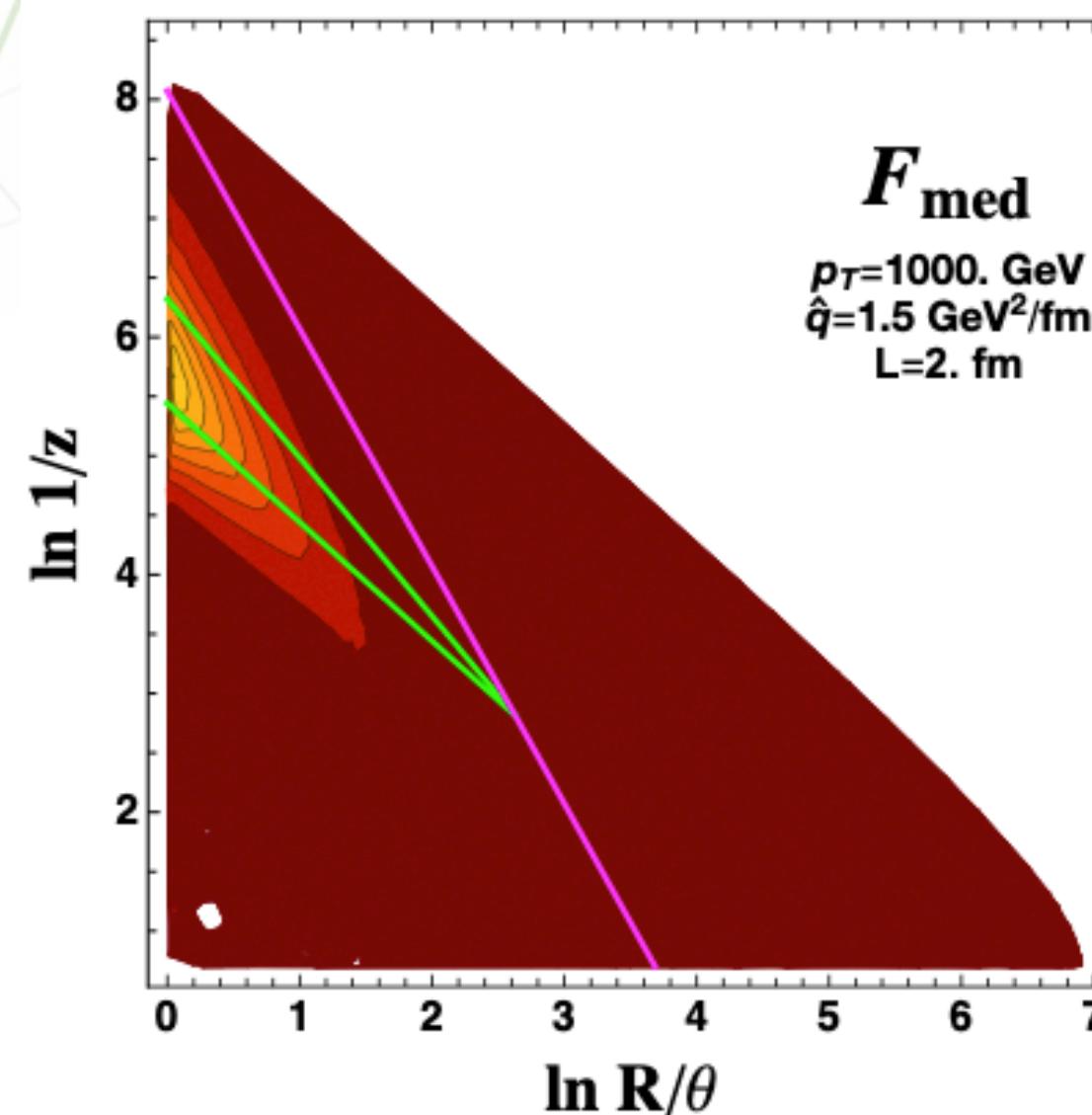
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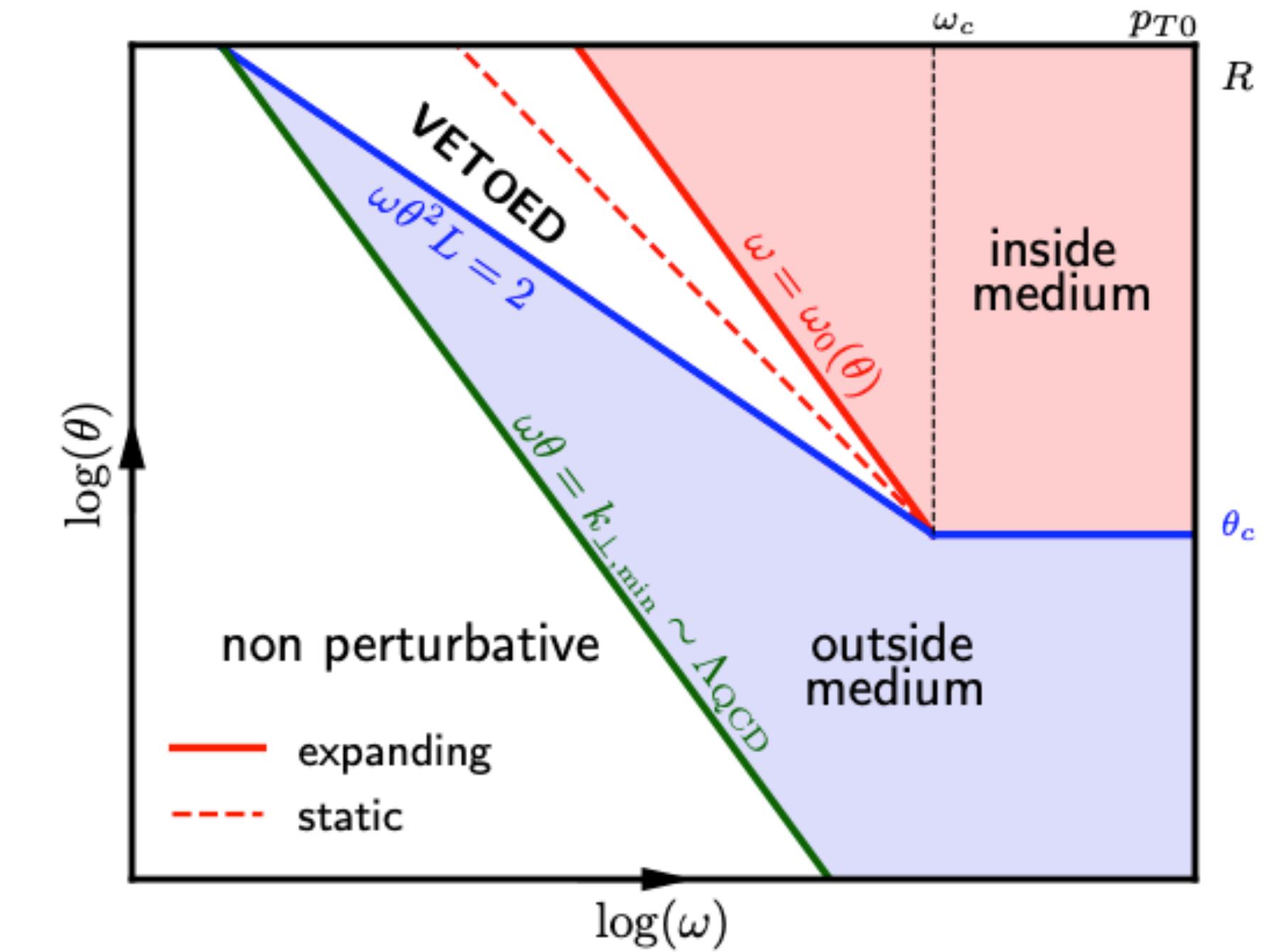
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Medium modification factor

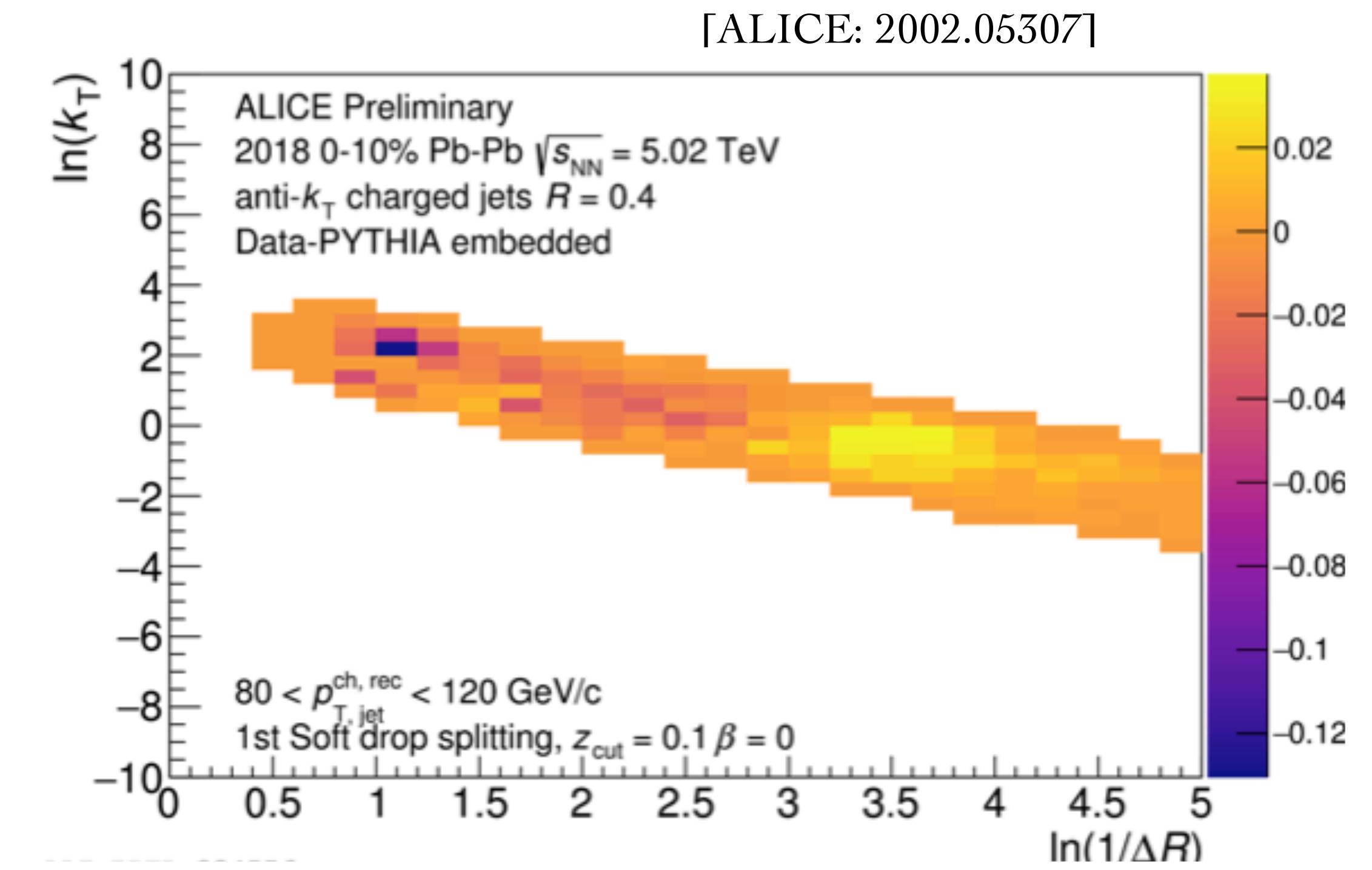
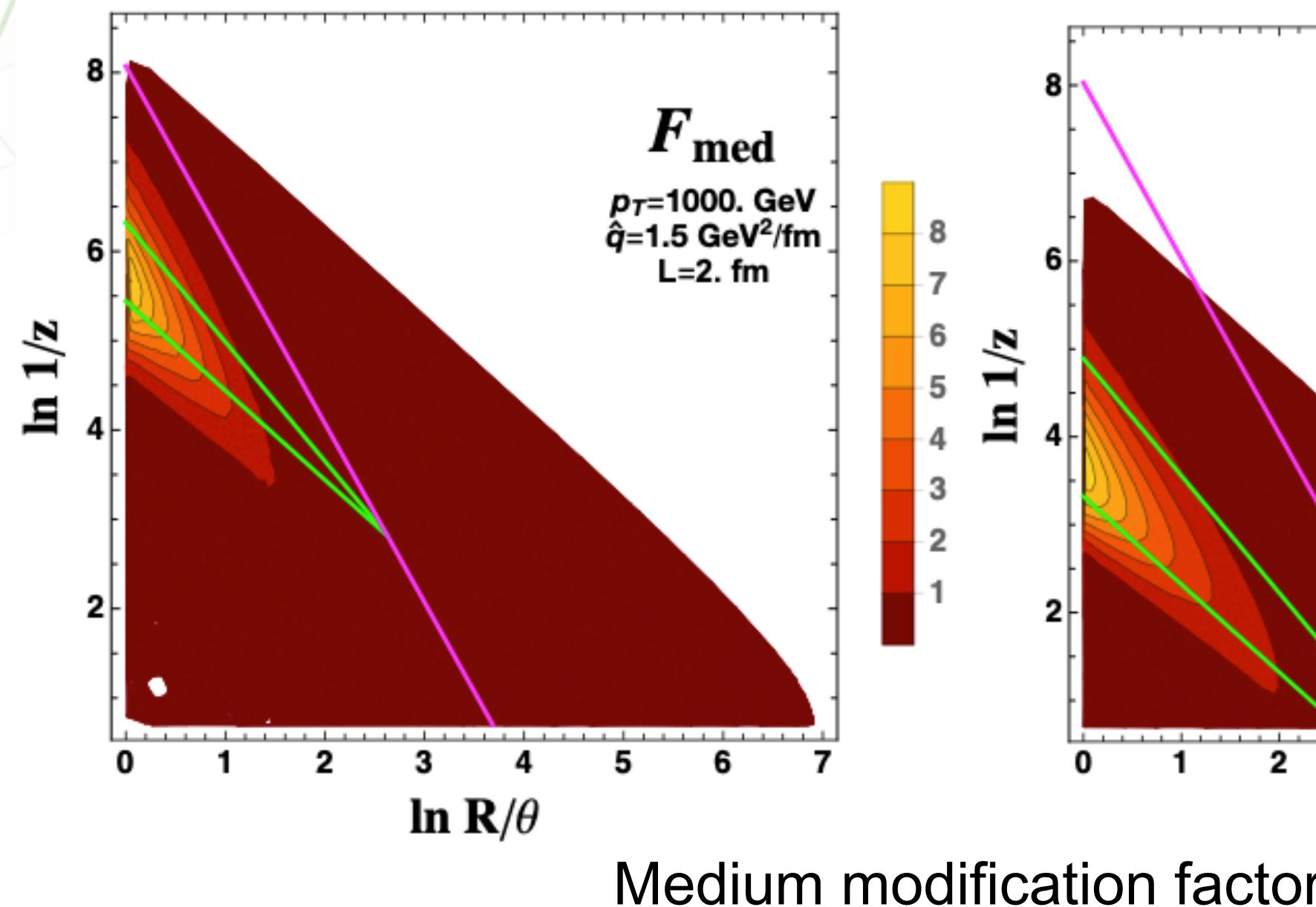
[Caucal et al: 2012.01457]



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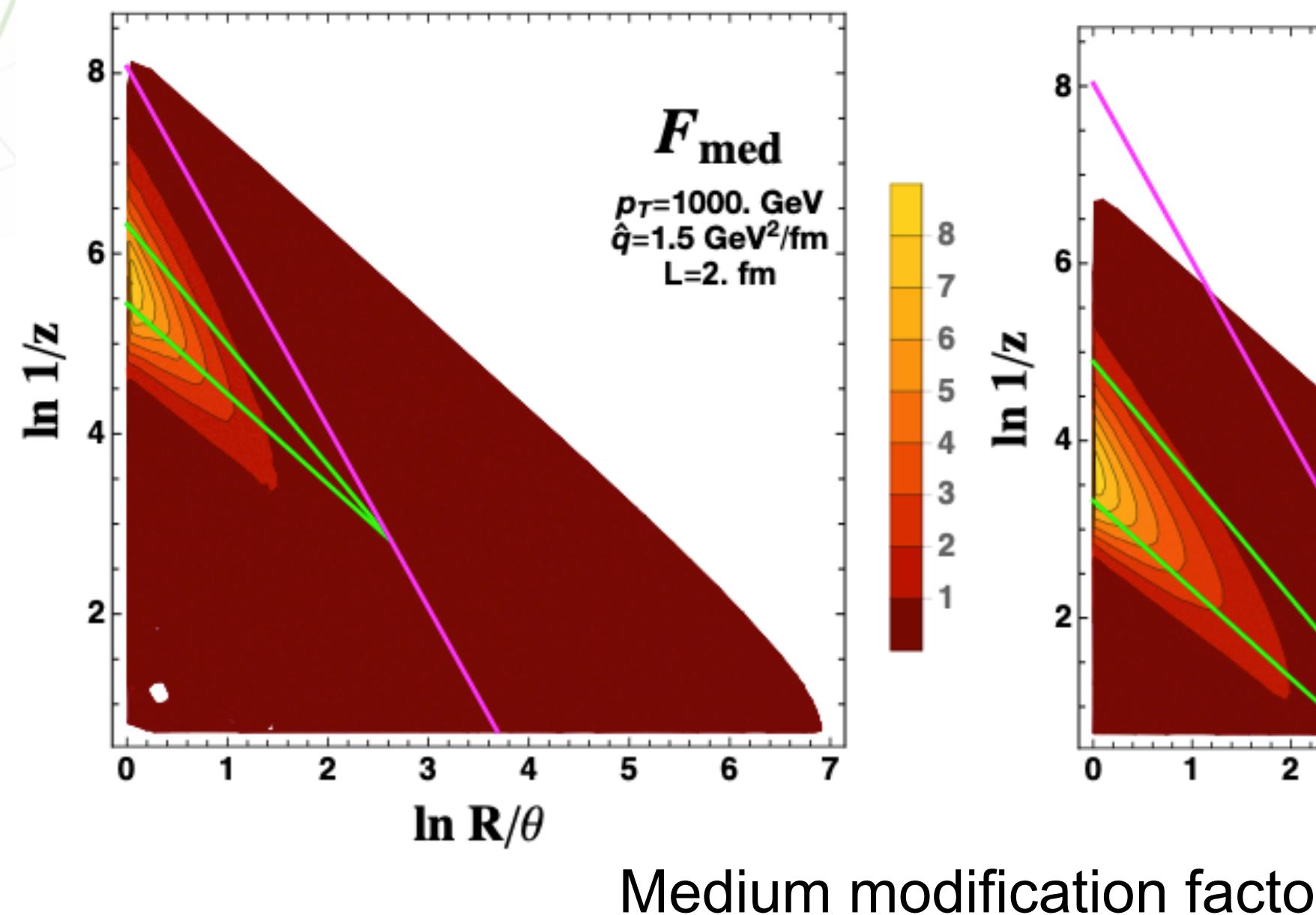
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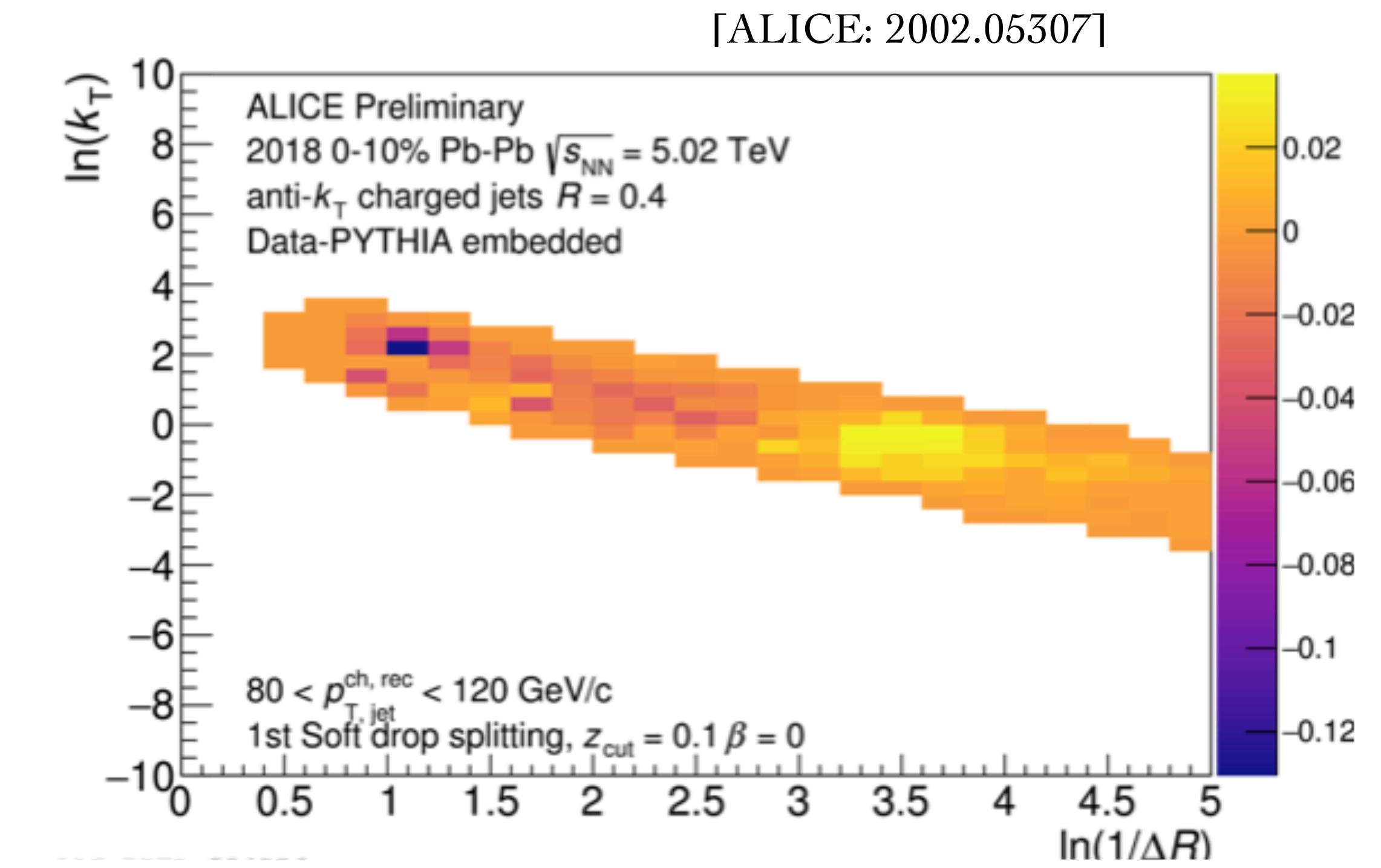
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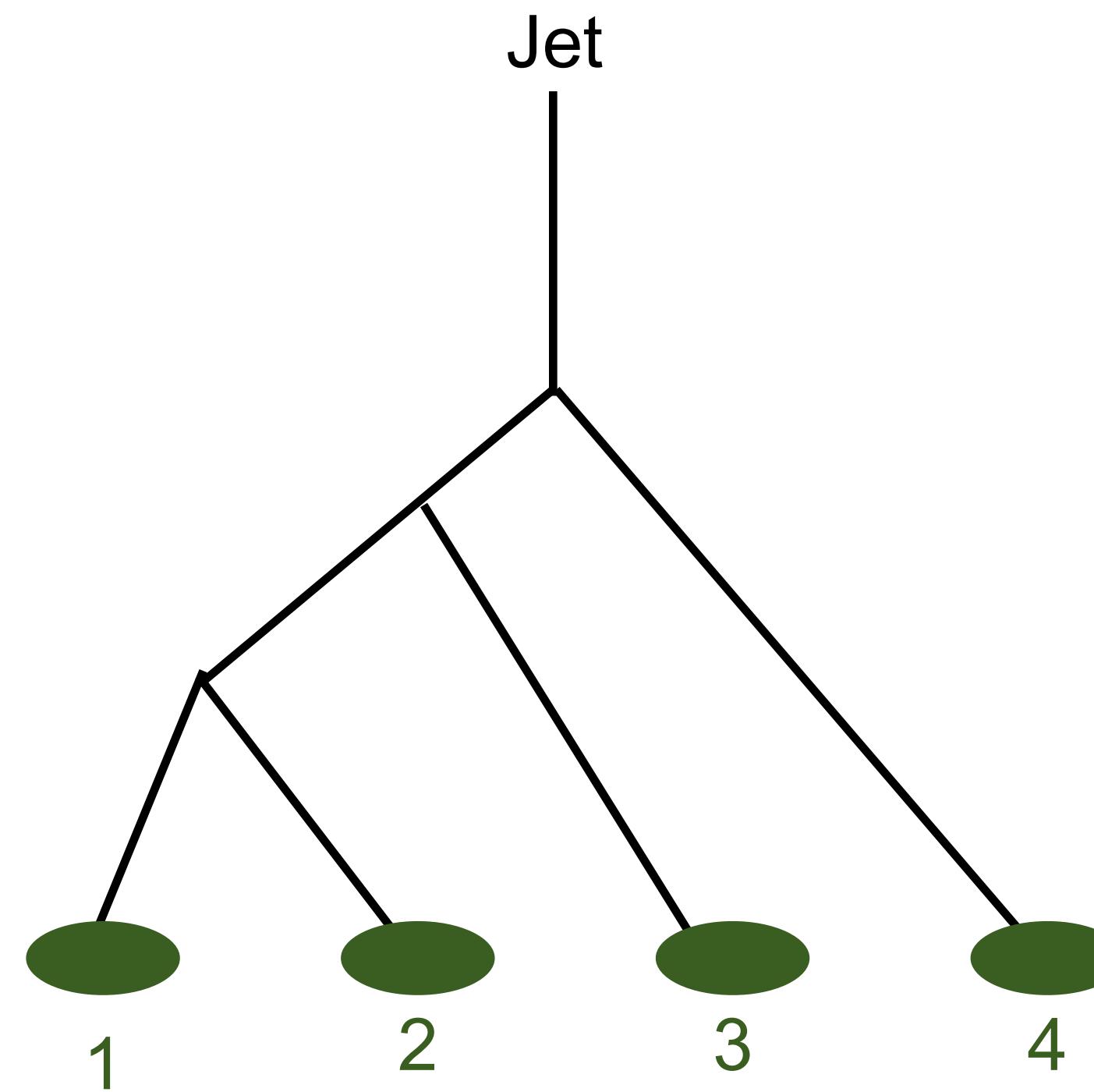
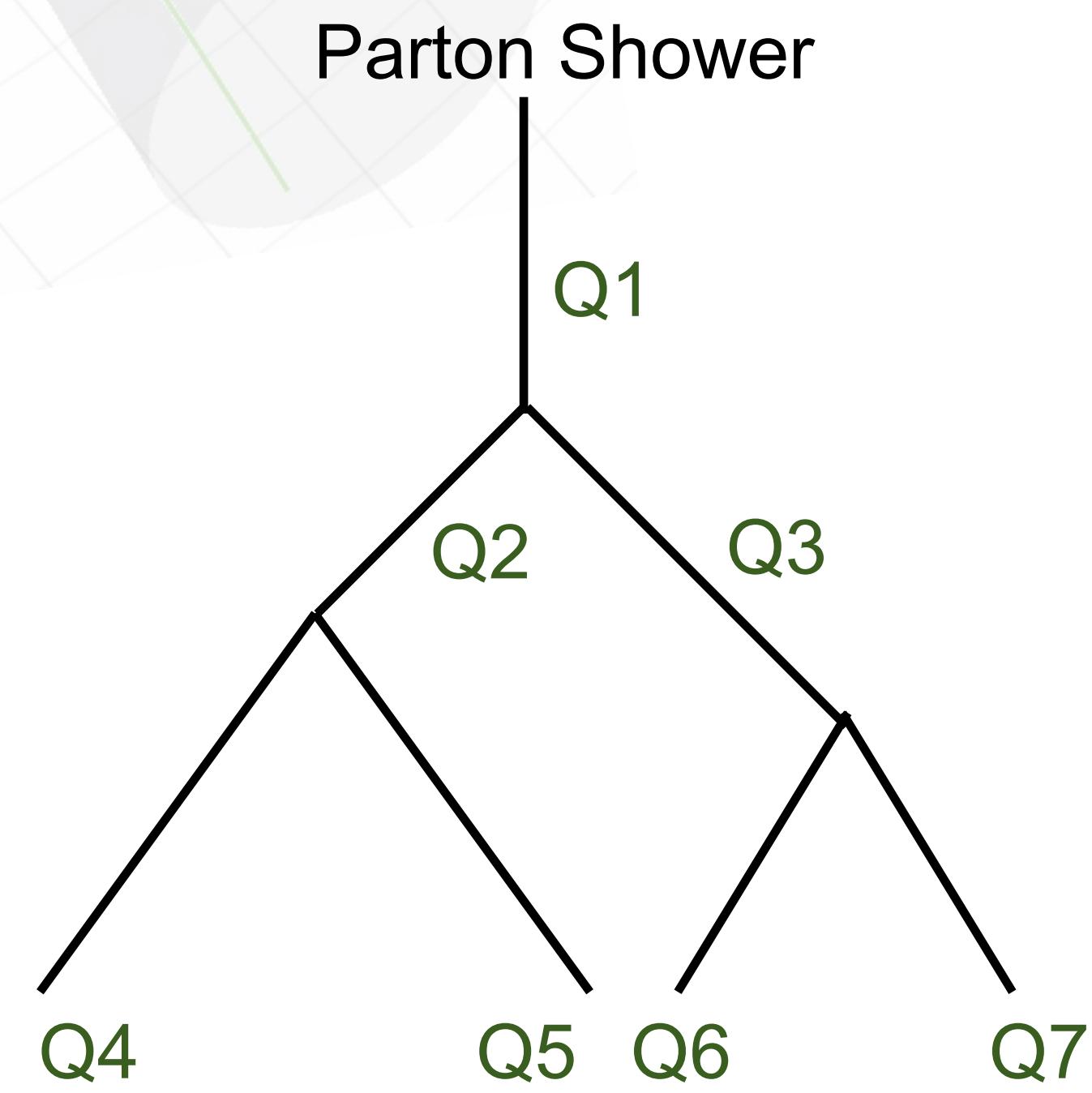
Medium modification factor



Increase precision to study medium-induced effects

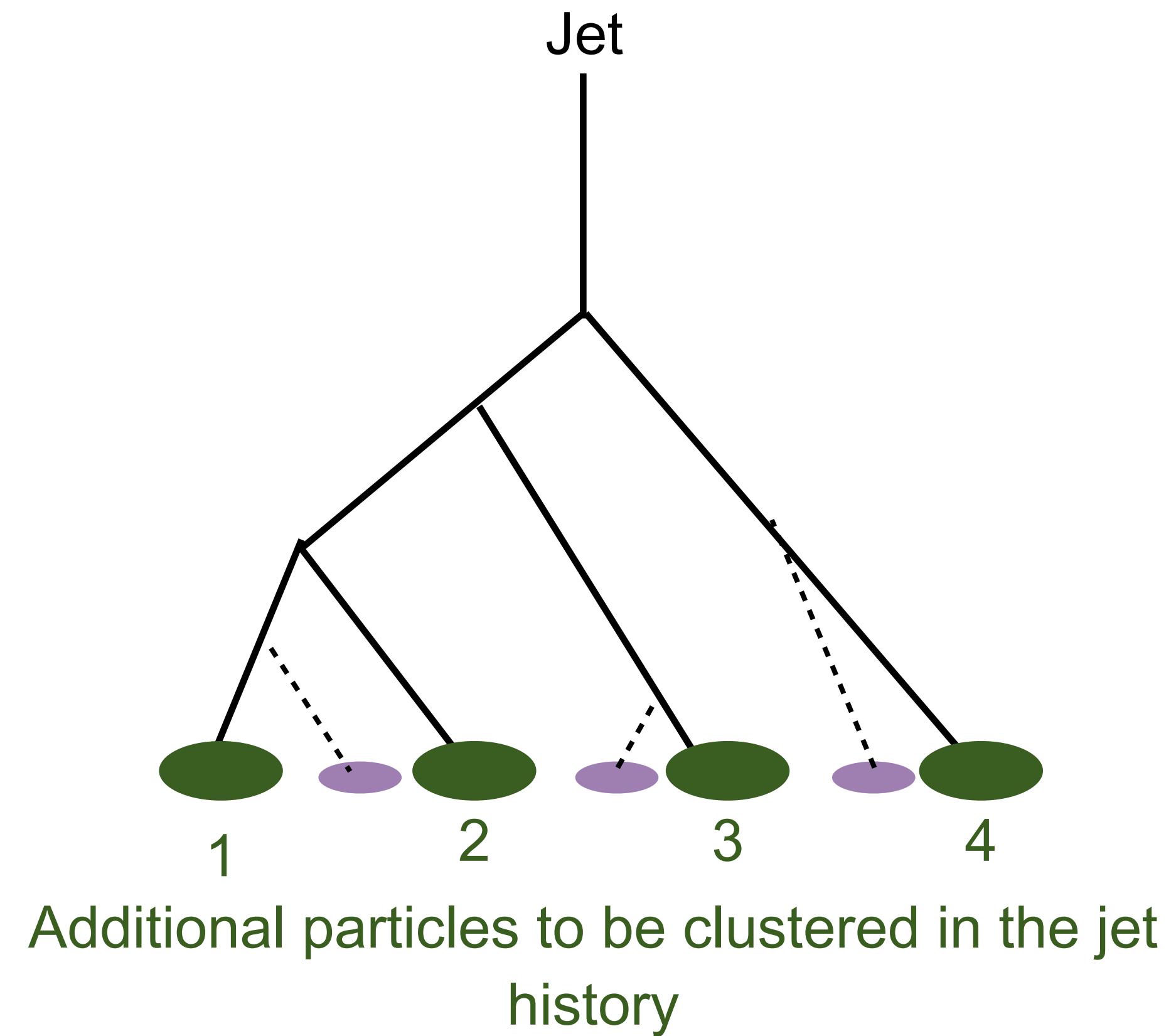
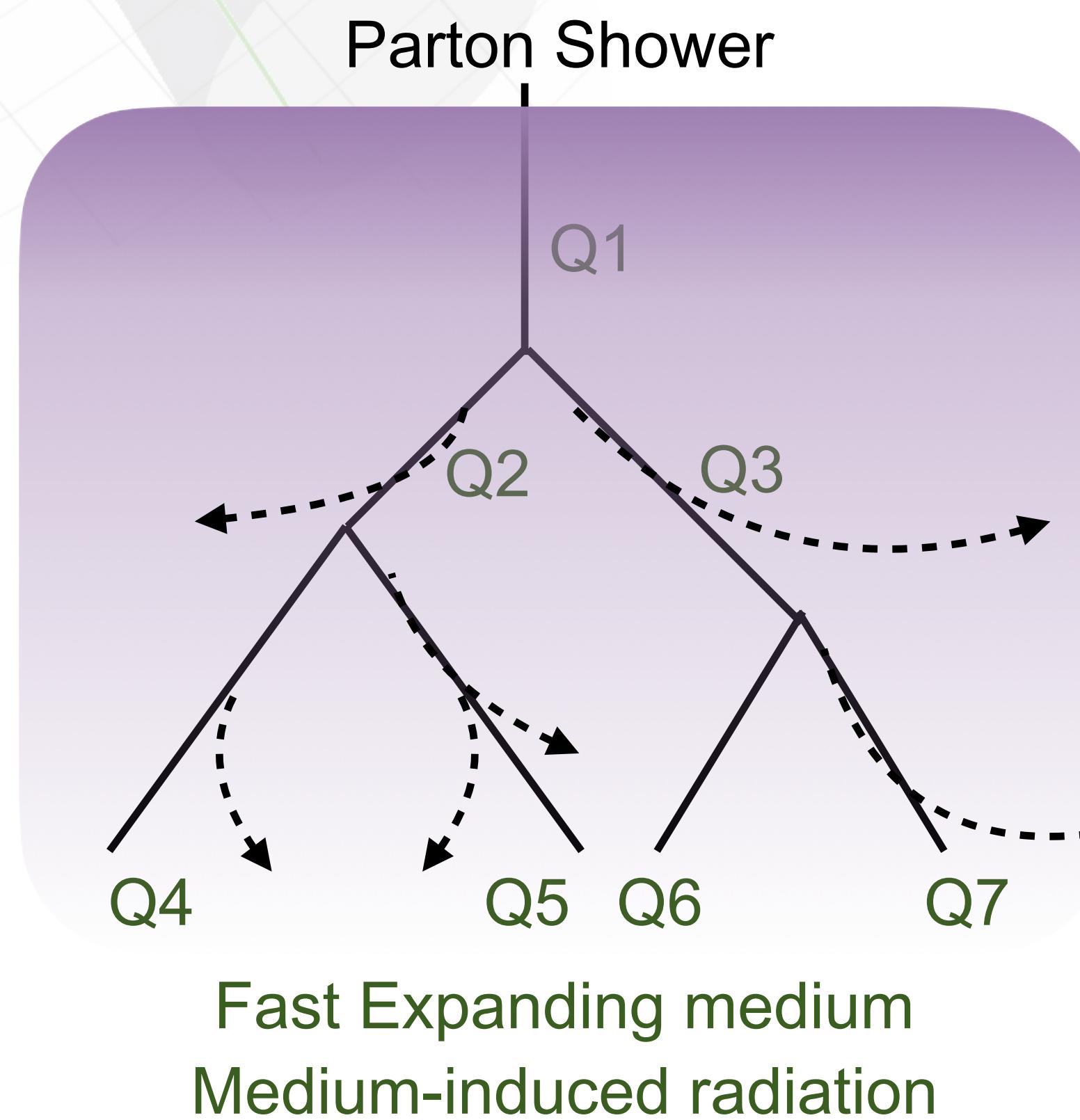
Jet spacetime structure

- ♦ Inclusive jet spectra is always a mixture of different magnitudes of quenching
- ♦ Possibility to select jets whose parton shower initiated at early stages (strongly modified)?



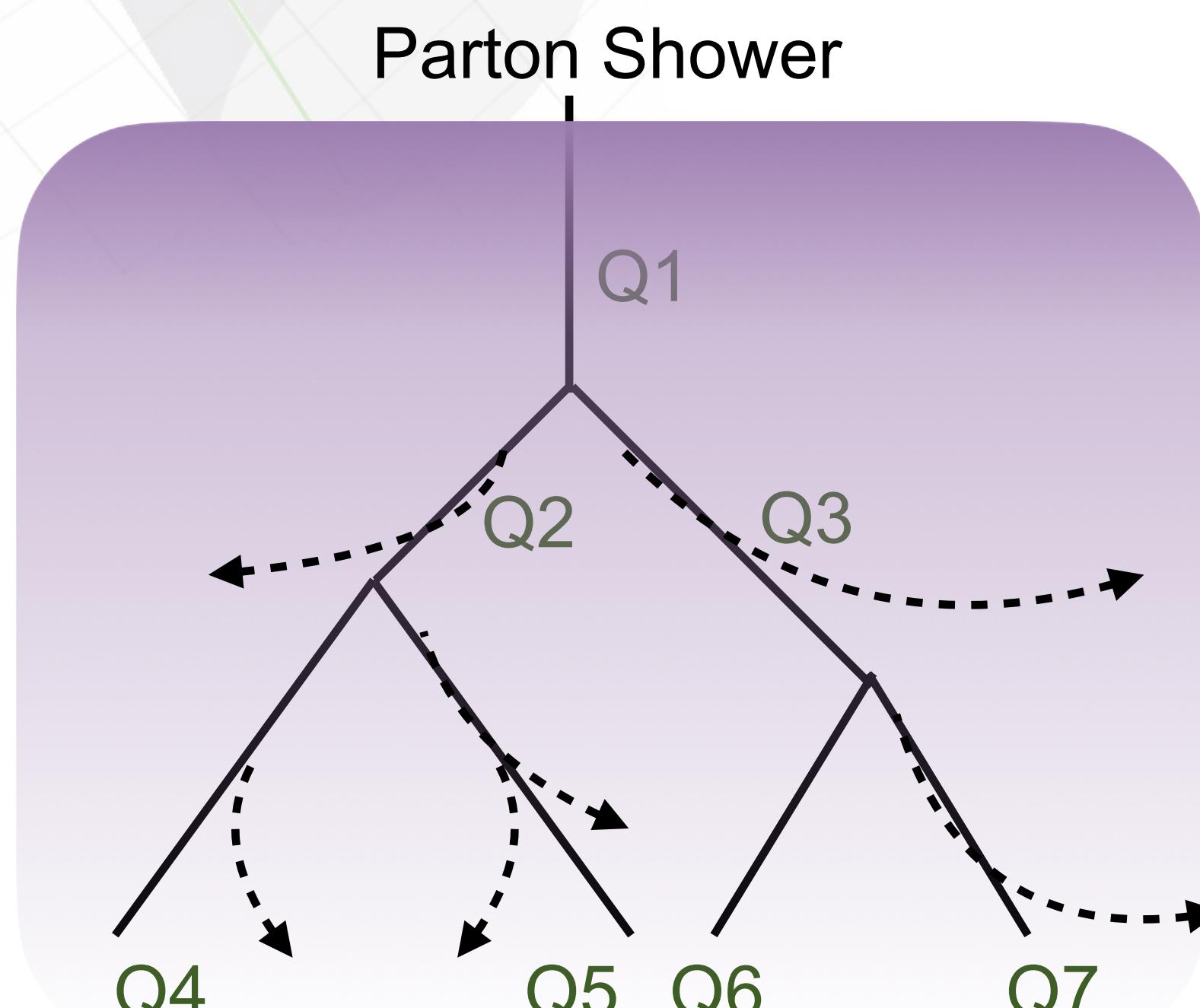
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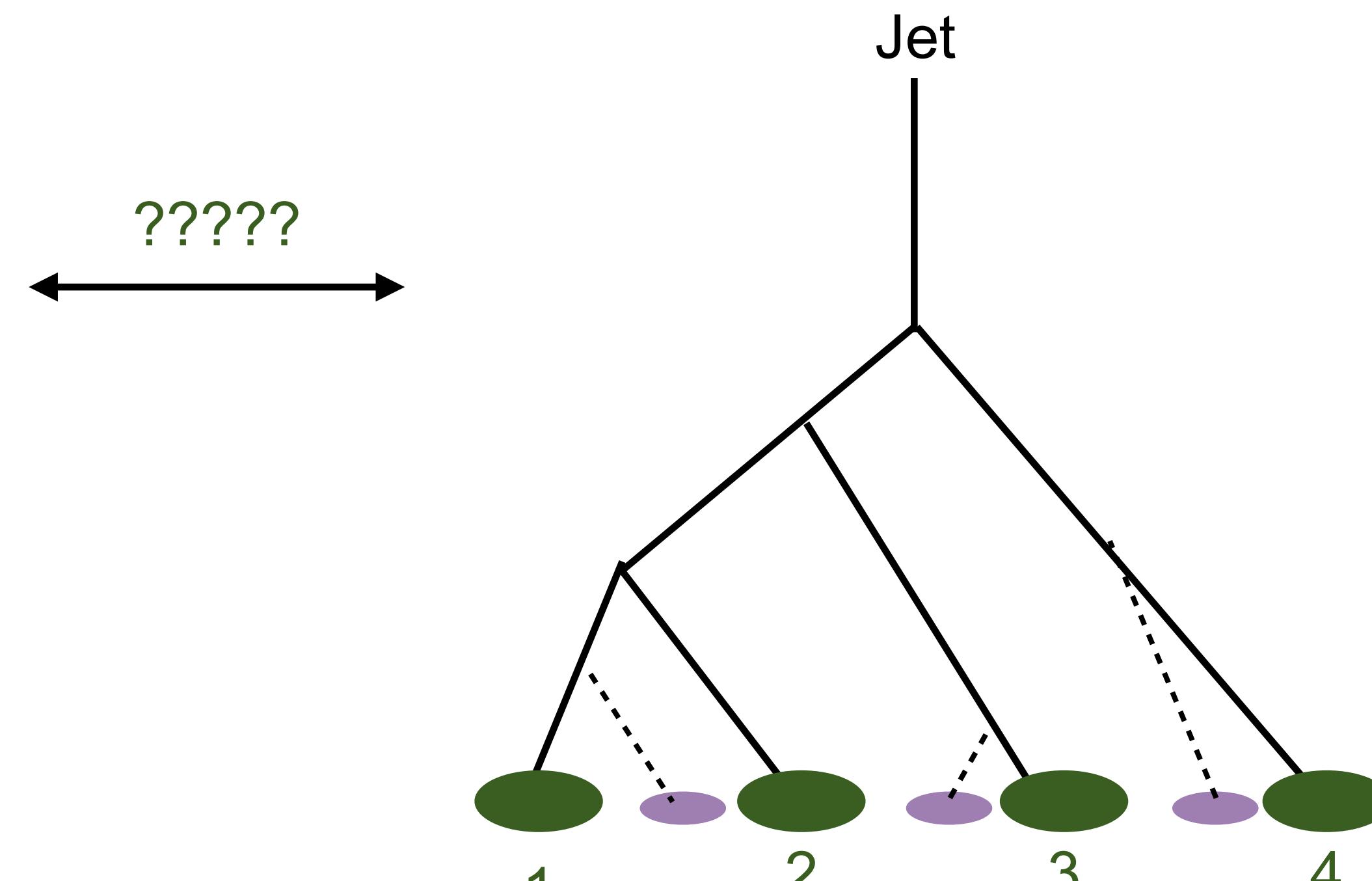


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Fast Expanding medium
Medium-induced radiation



Additional particles to be clustered in the jet history

Jet spacetime structure

[LA, Cordeiro, Zapp (20)]

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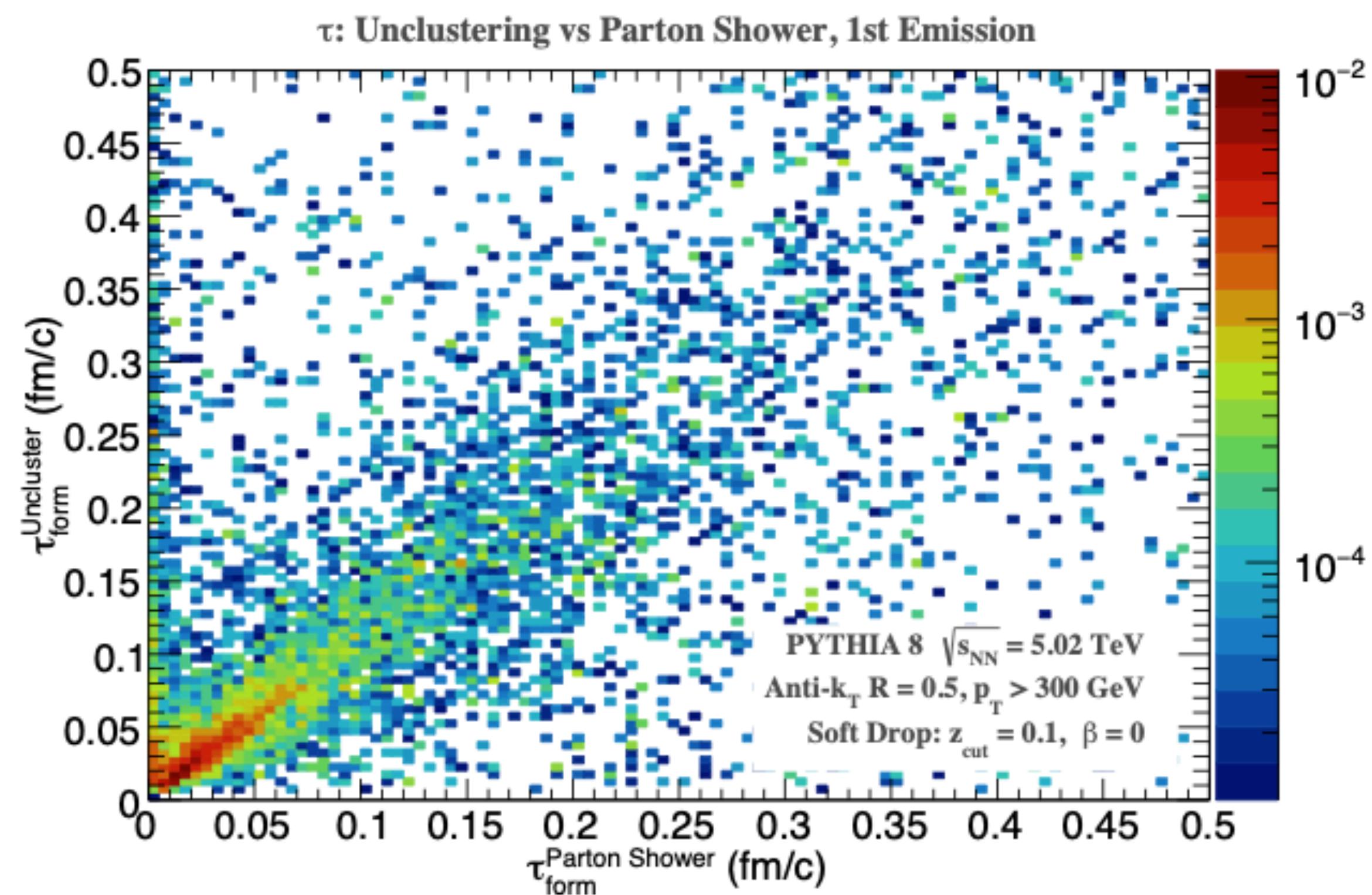
[arXiv. 2012.02199]

$$d_{ij} = \min(p_{t,i}^{2p}, p_{t,j}^{2p}) \frac{\Delta R_{ij}^2}{R^2} \quad d_{iB} = p_{t,i}^{2p}$$

$$d_{ij} \sim p_{T,i} \frac{\Delta R_{ij}^2}{R^2} \sim p_T \theta^2 \sim \frac{1}{\tau_{form}}$$

$p = 0.5 (\tau)$

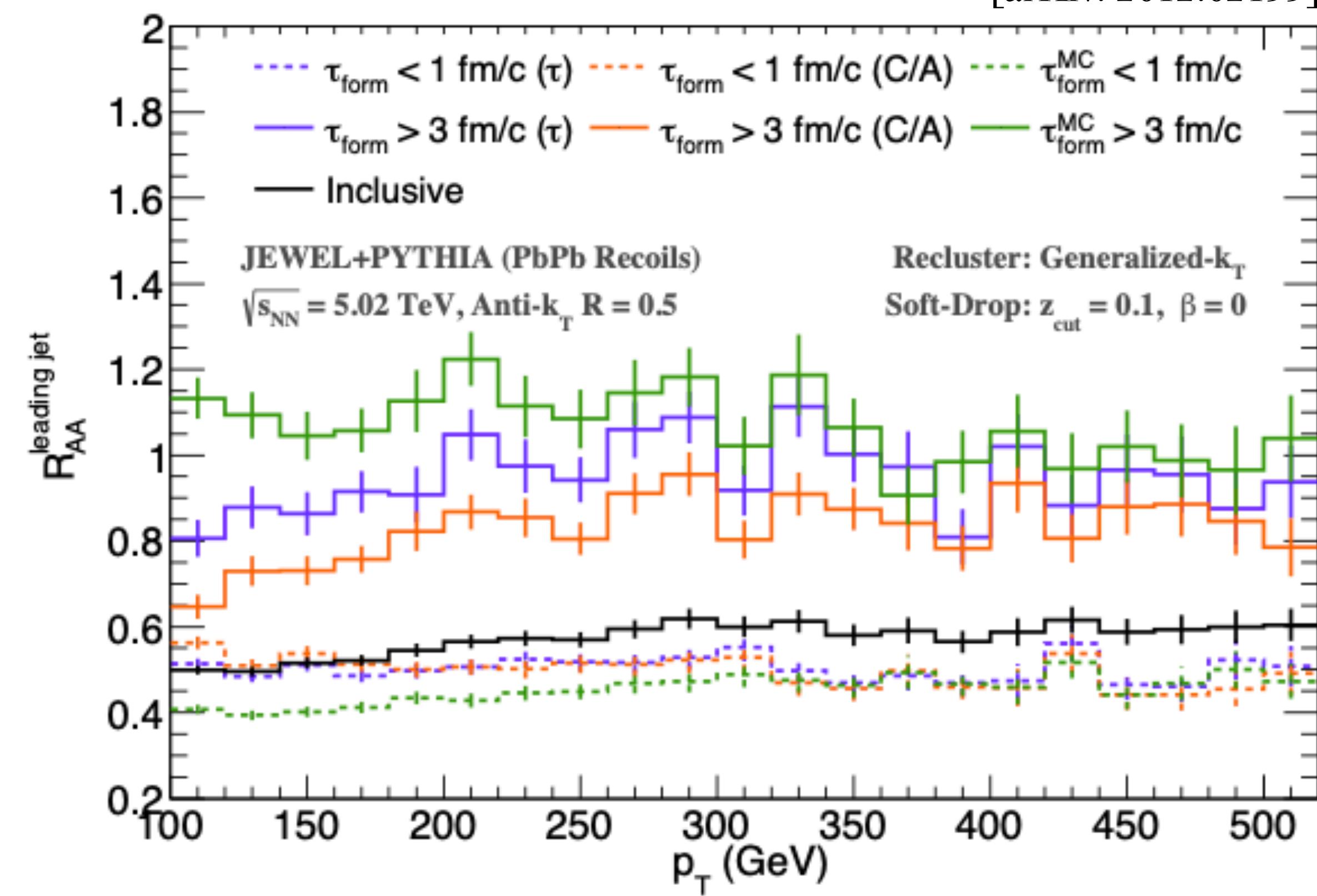
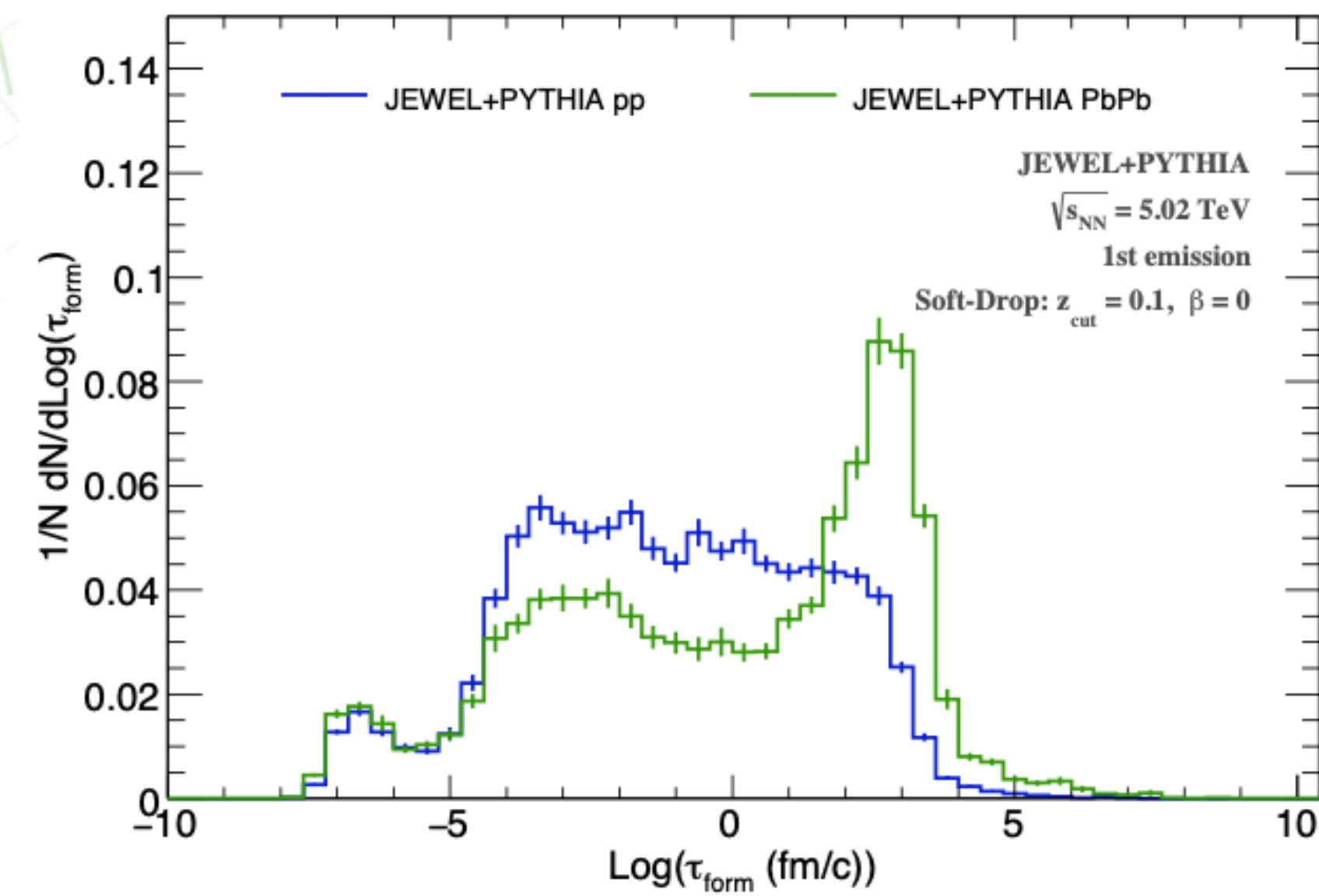
$$\tau_{form} \approx \frac{E}{Q^2} \approx \frac{1}{2Ez(1-z)(1-\cos\theta_{12})}$$



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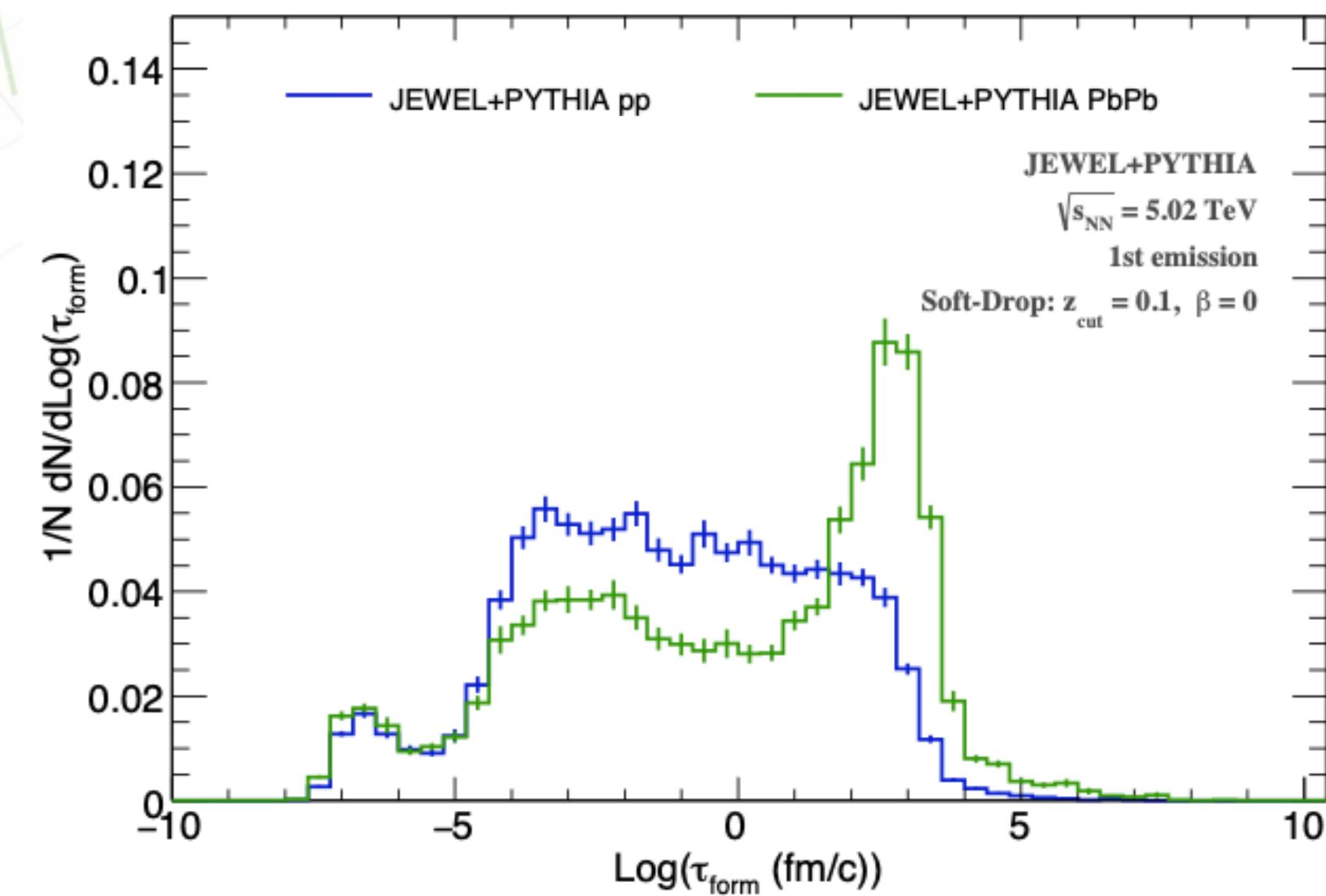
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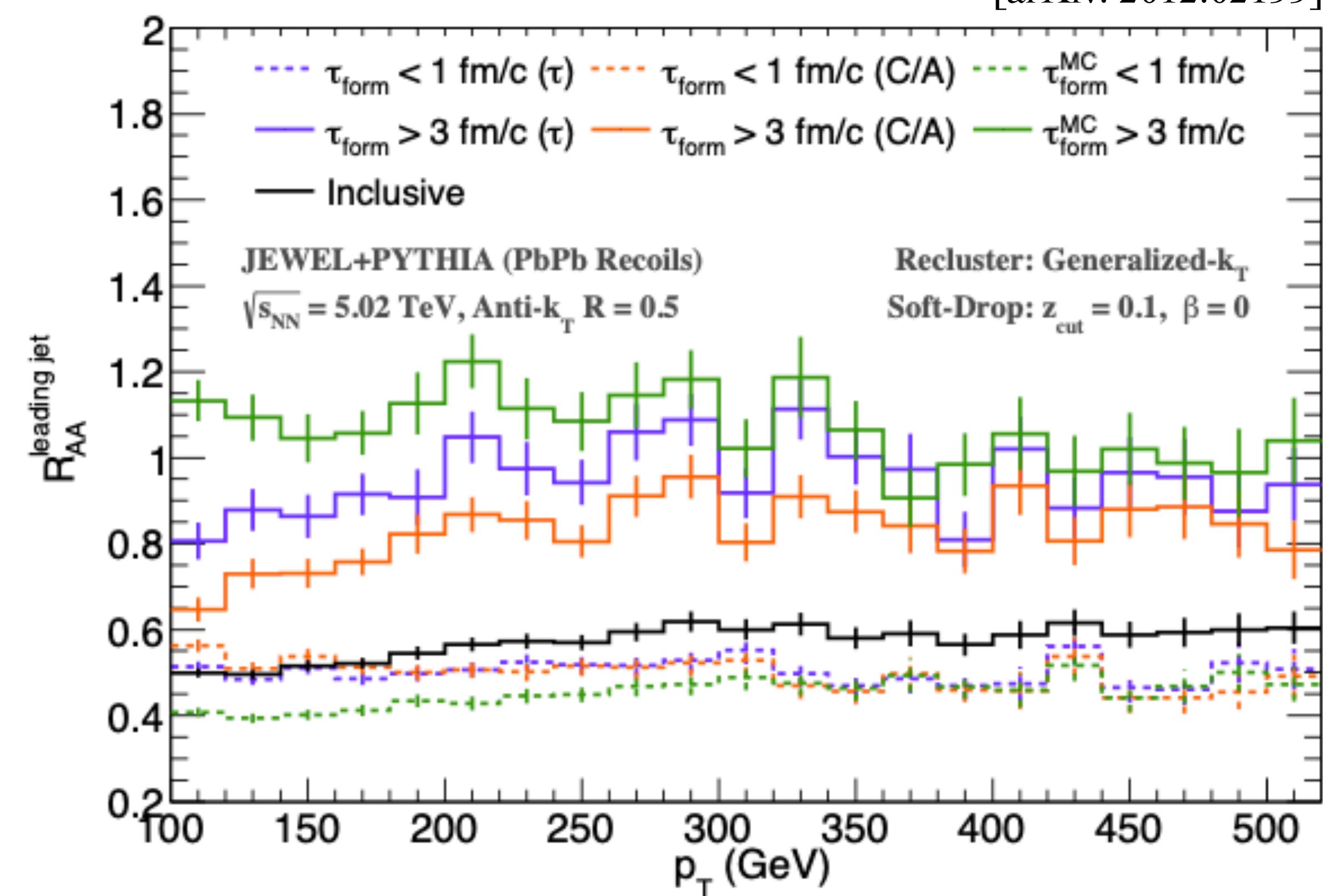
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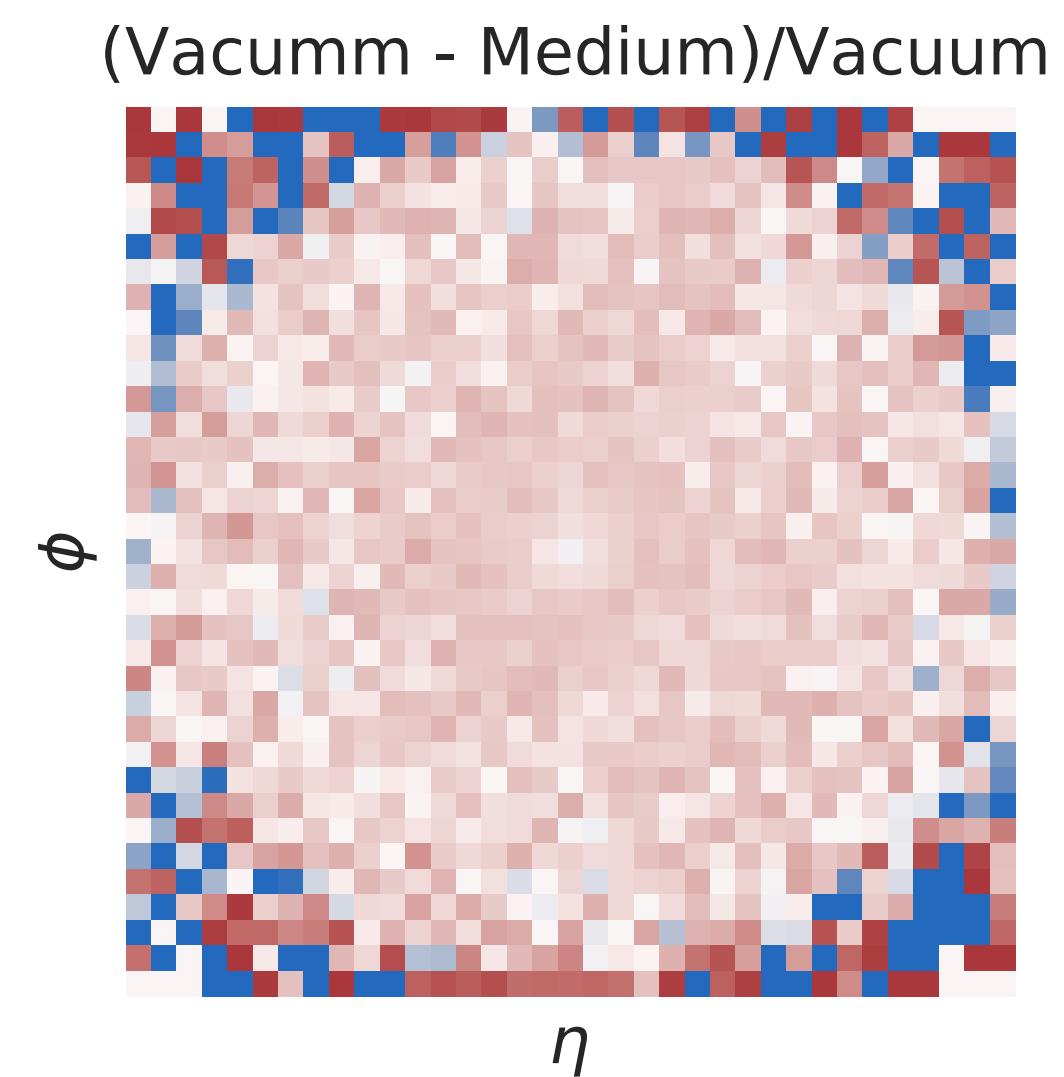


Choosing a better proxy enhances precision and allows to select different jet classes (based on quenching magnitude)



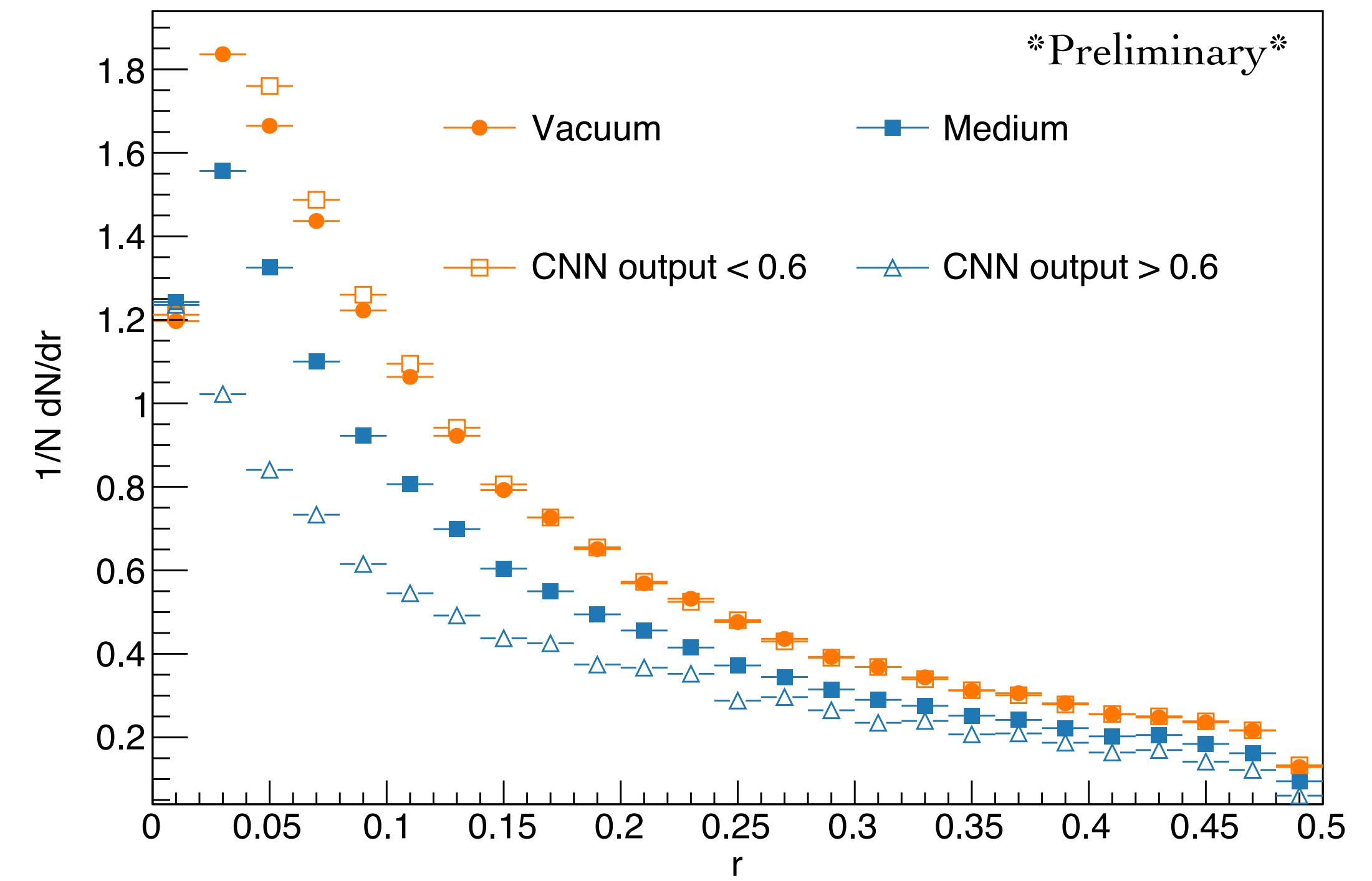
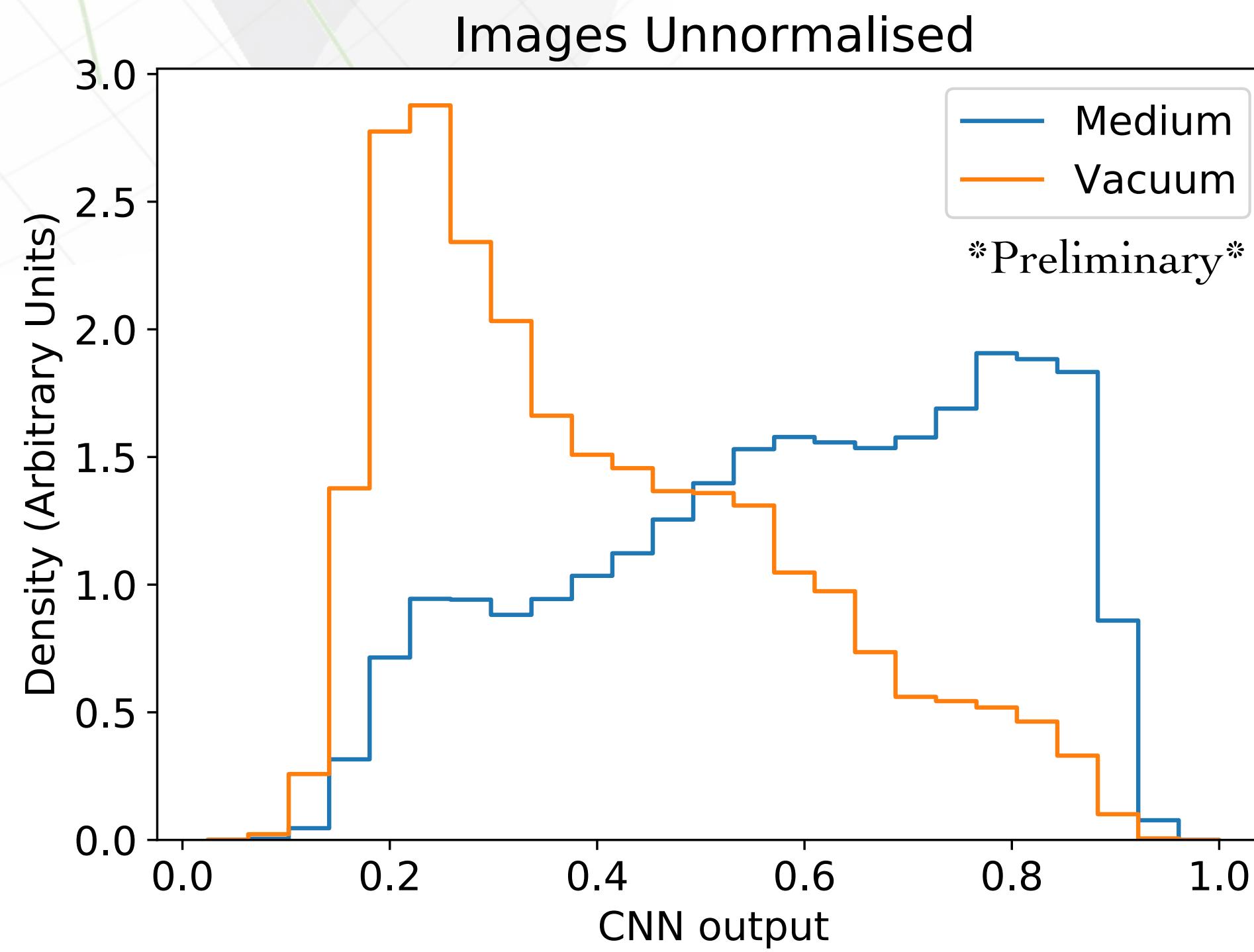
Machine Learning

- ❖ Machine learning techniques might also help to select strongly modified jets
 - ❖ Ex: calorimetric jet images
 - ❖ Jewel Z Boson (muons) + Jet @ 5.02 TeV (no recoils)
 - ❖ $Z \text{ pt} \geq 90$
 - ❖ $R = 0.5$ recoiling jet ($7/8 \pi$) and $\text{pt} > 30$



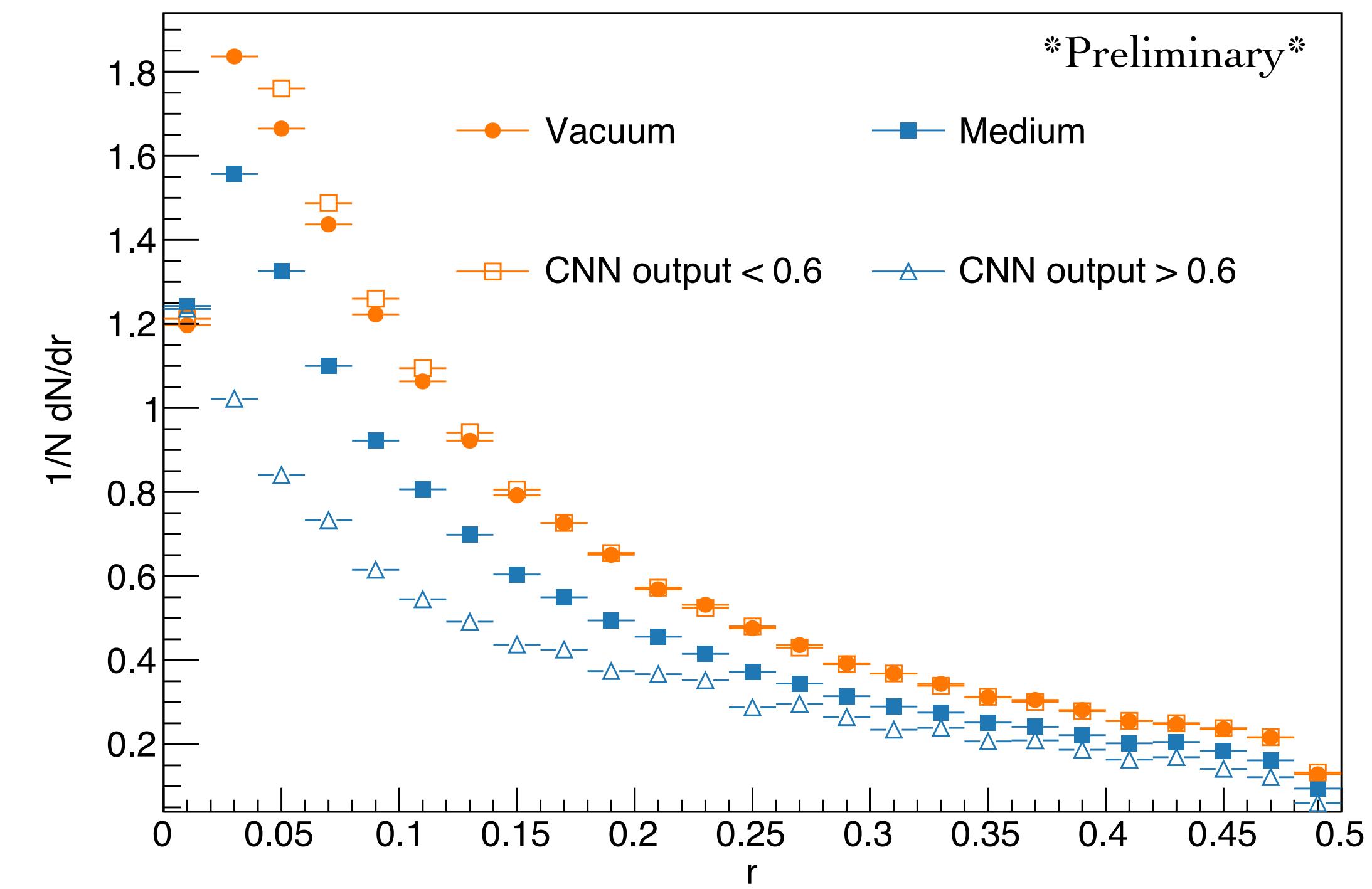
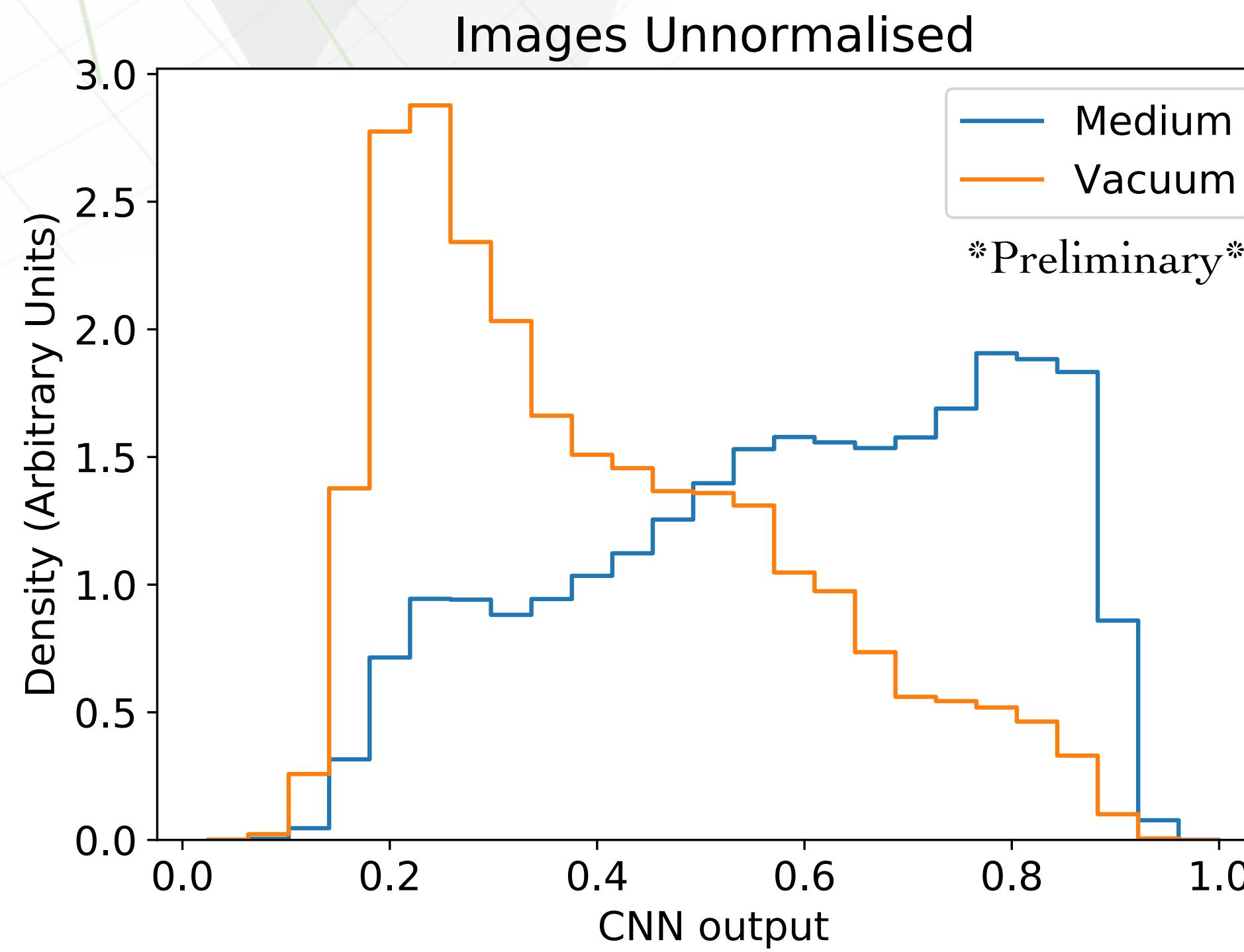
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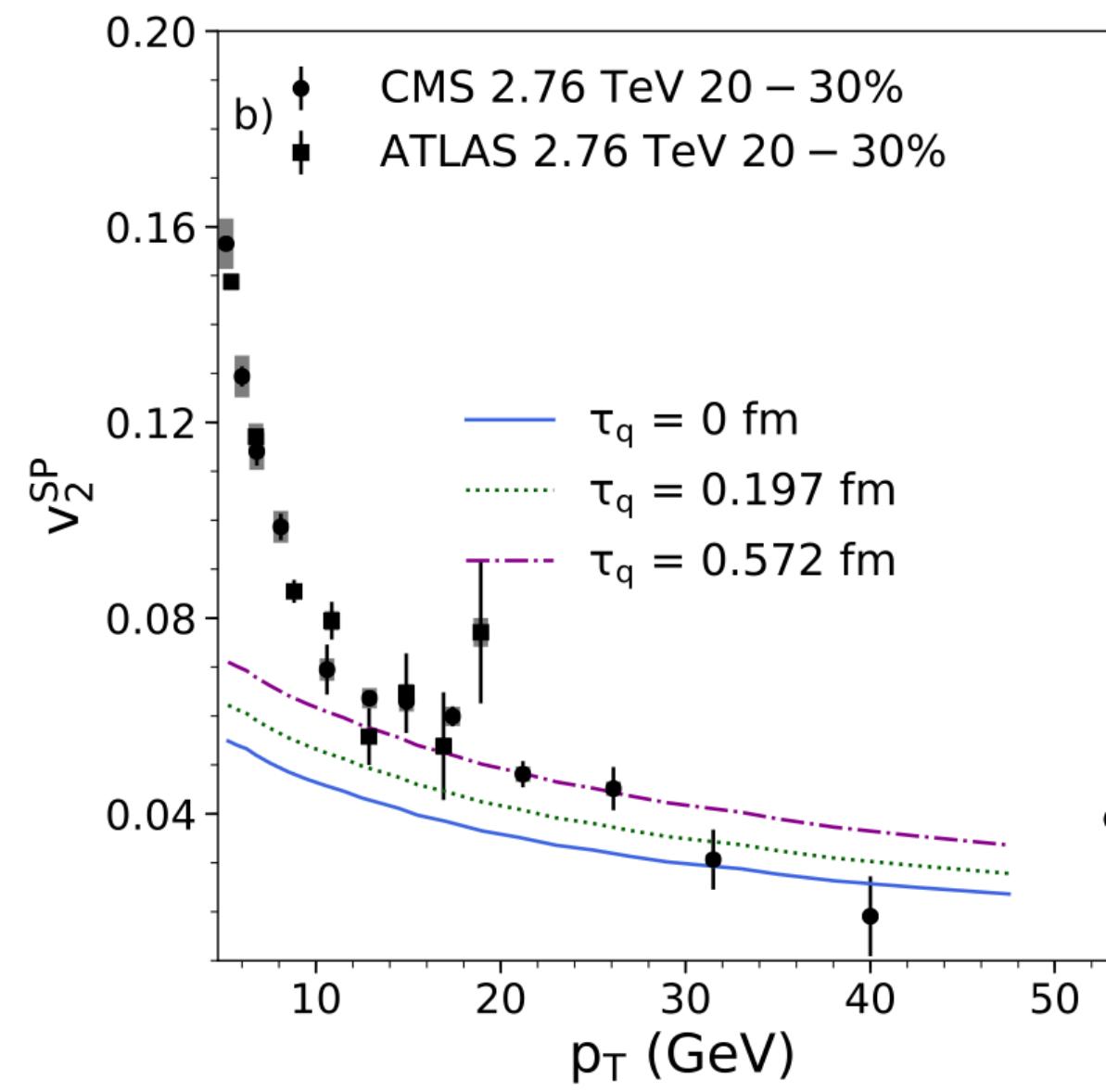
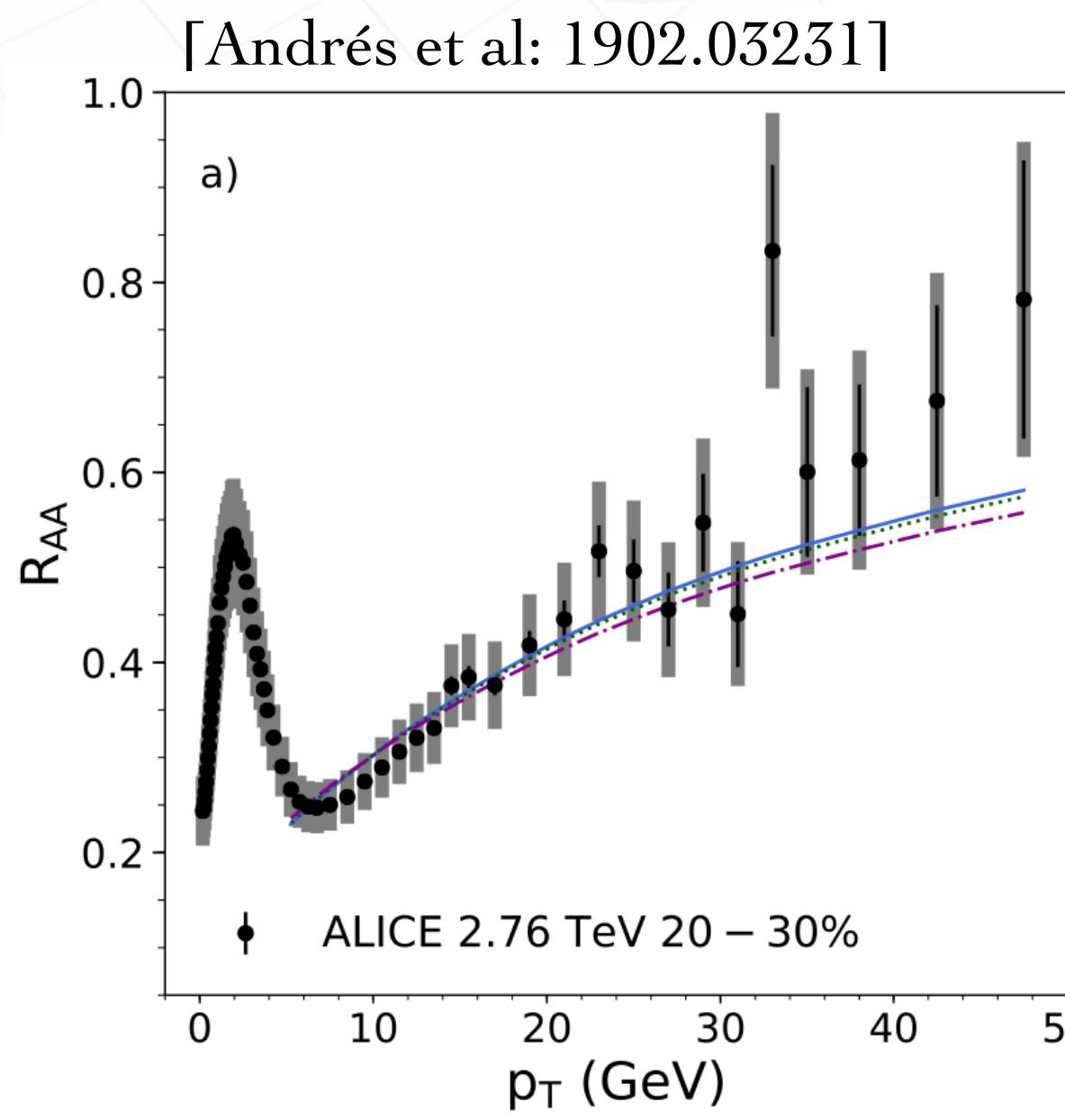
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Promising selection of medium-modified jets (trained on model dependent features...)

Soft and Hard Scales

- ❖ QGP-like effects in small systems:
- ❖ Are they all related to the same phenomena?
- ❖ Flow and strangeness from non-QGP physics?

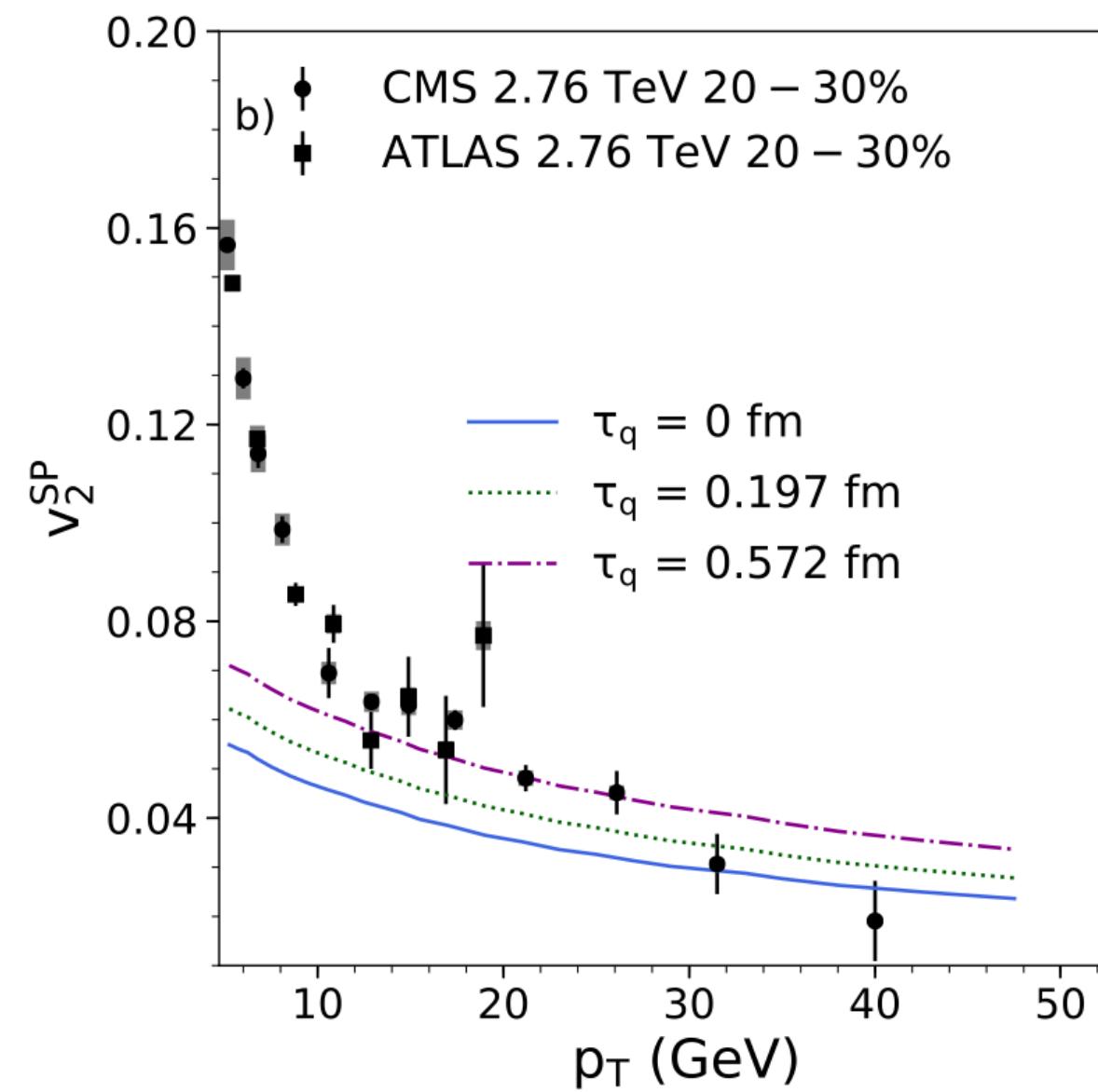
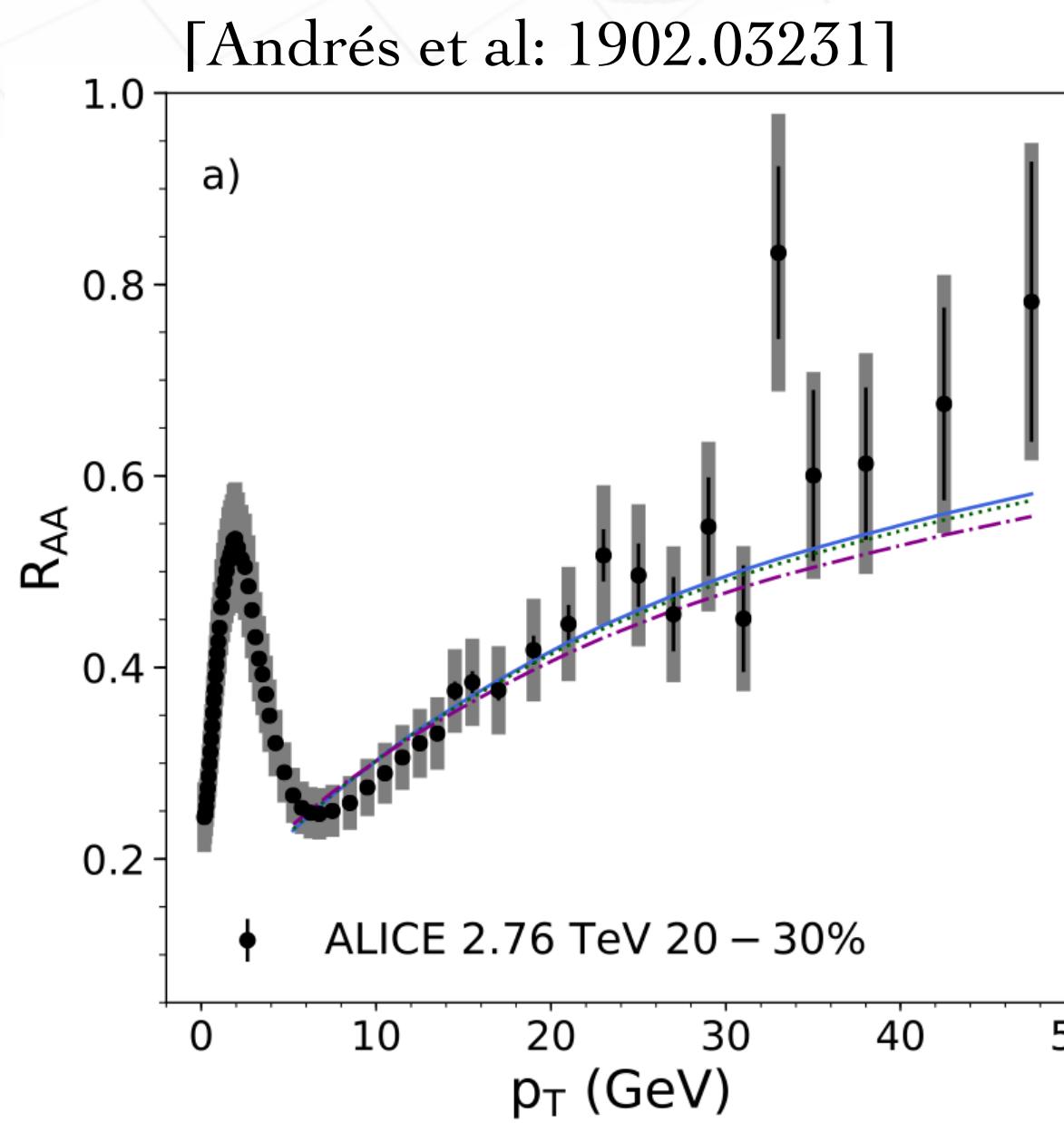


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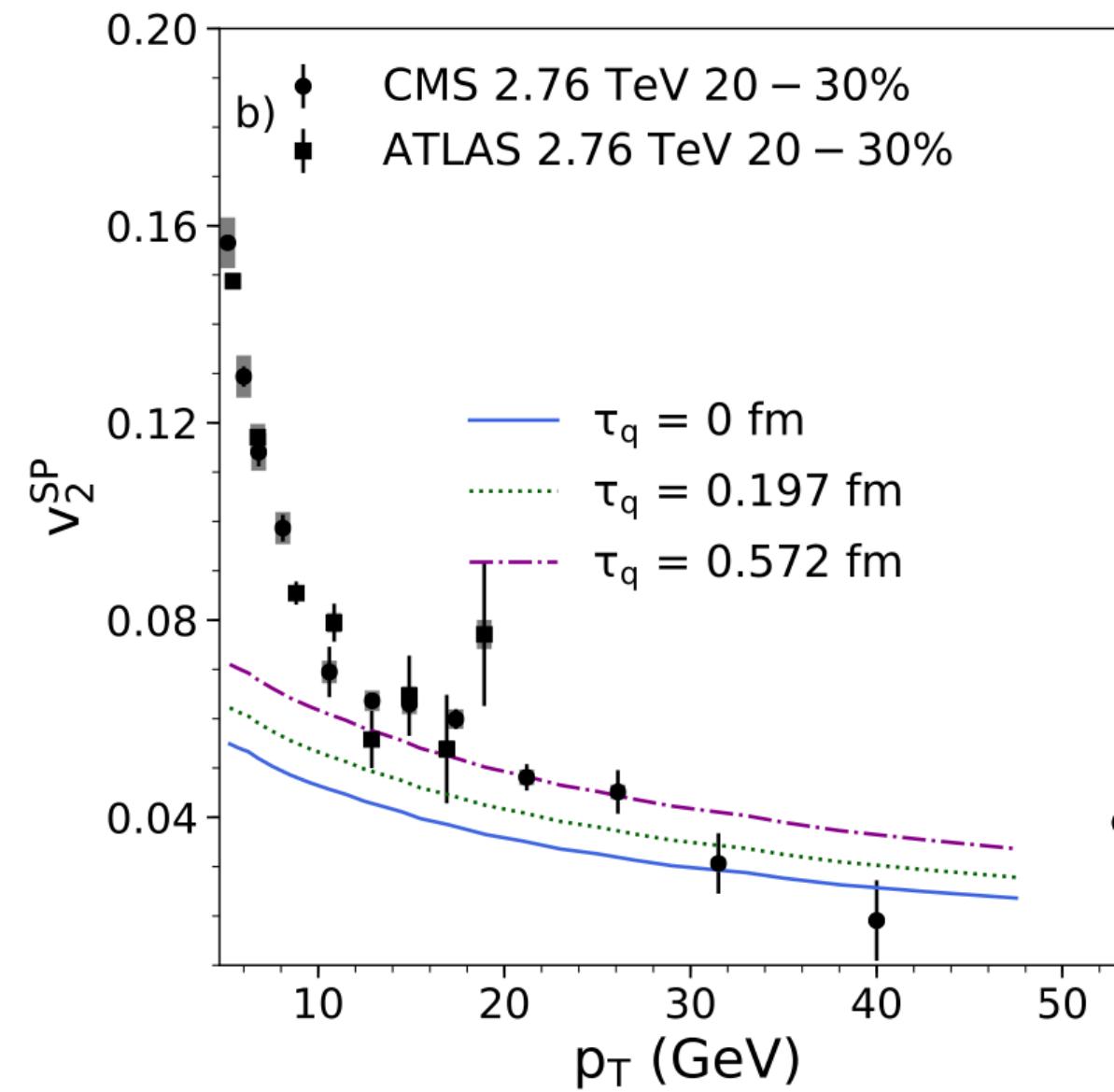
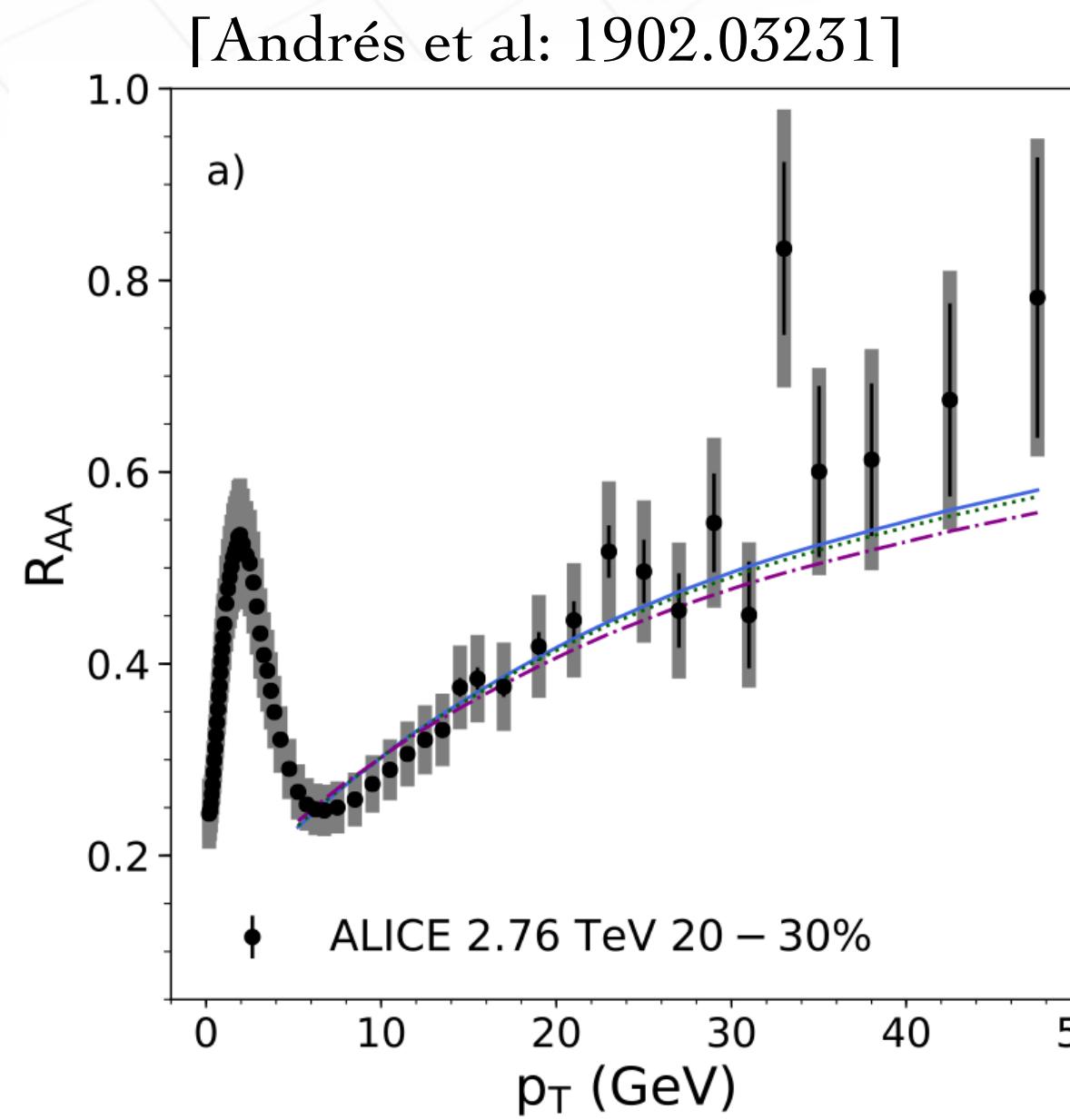
R_{AA} with v_2 can provide further constrains



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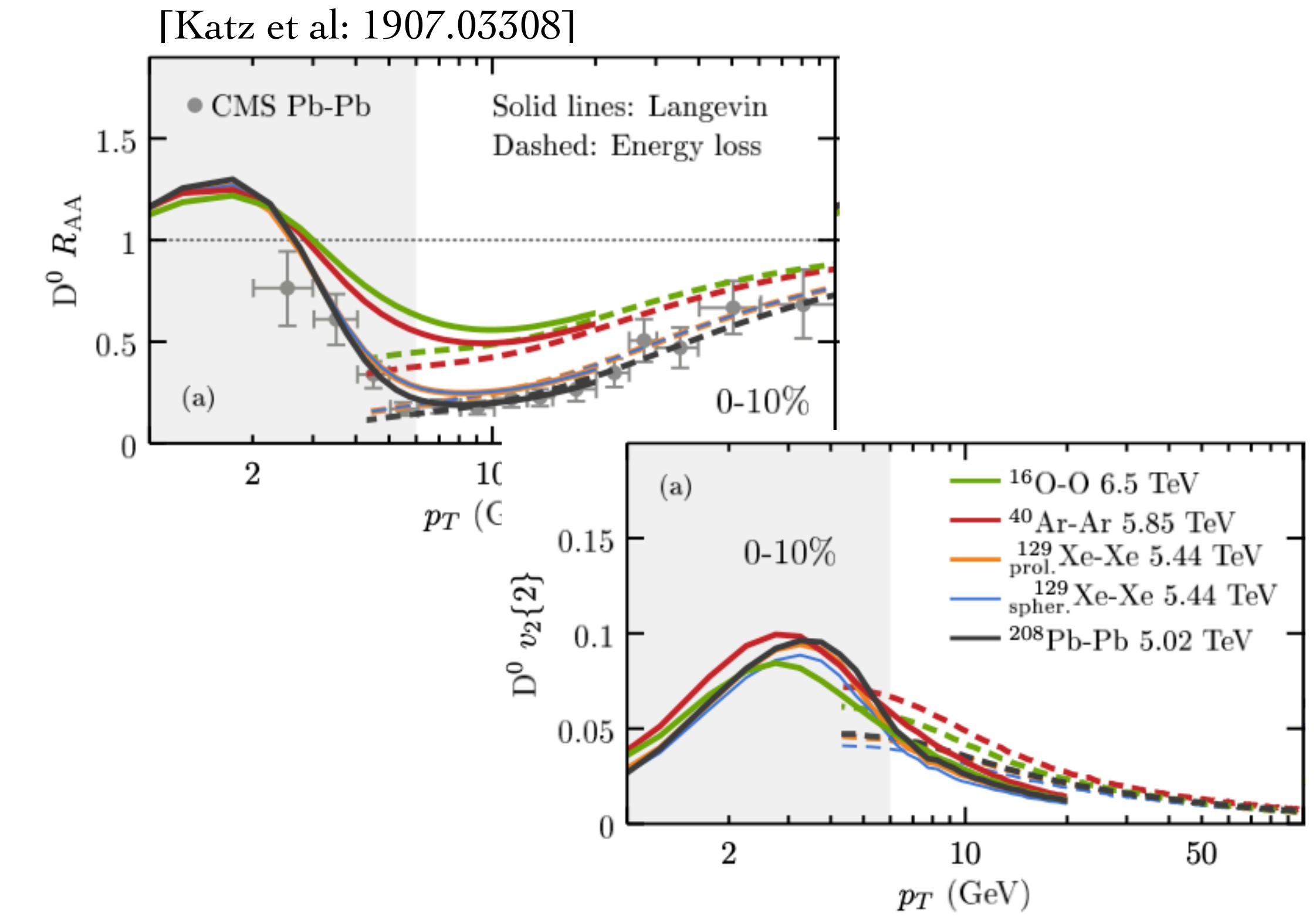
See Noronha-Hostler's talk

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Thank you!

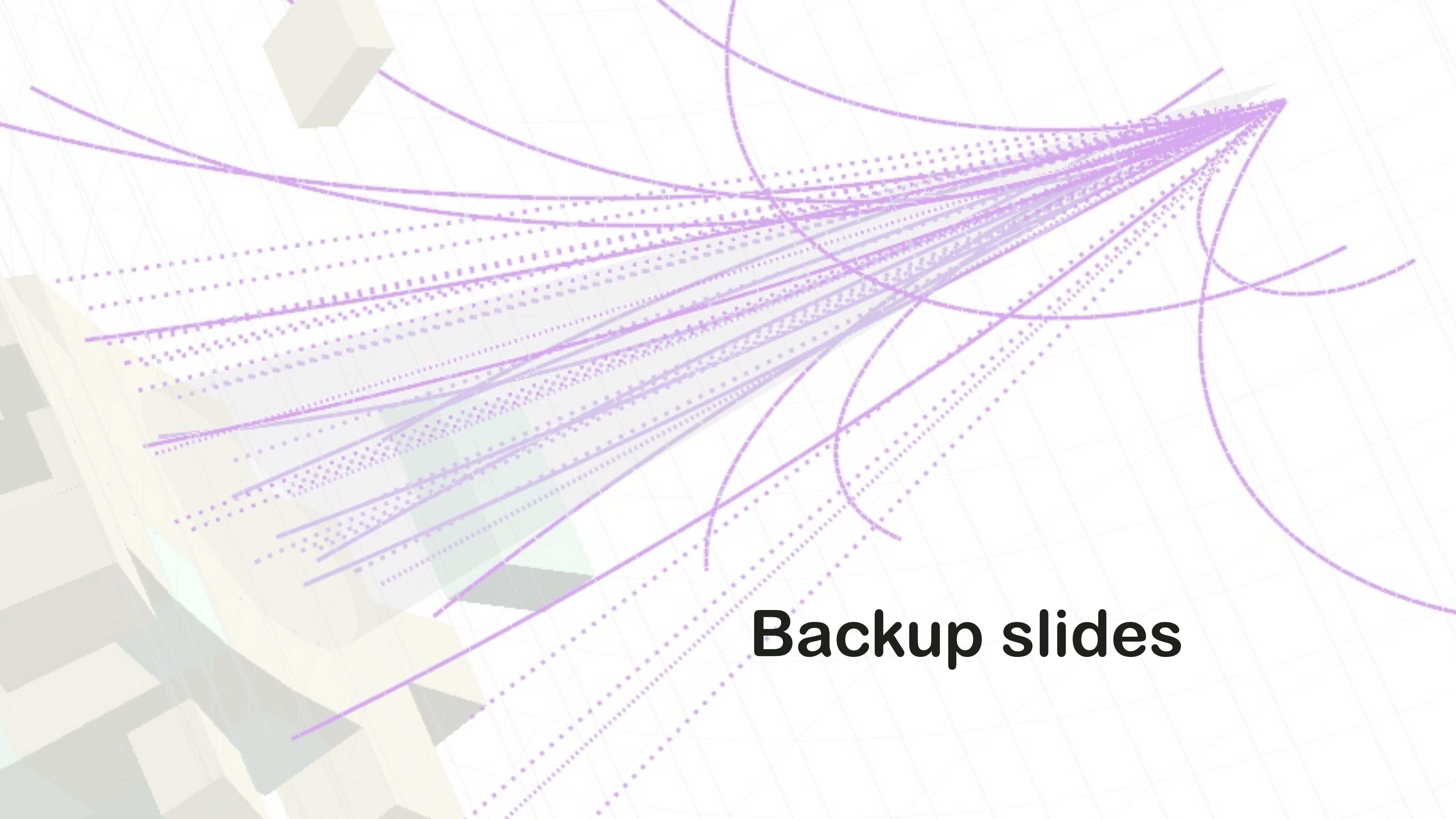
Acknowledgements



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Fundação para a Ciéncia e a Tecnologia
MINISTÉRIO DA EDUCAÇÃO E CIÉNCIA





Backup slides

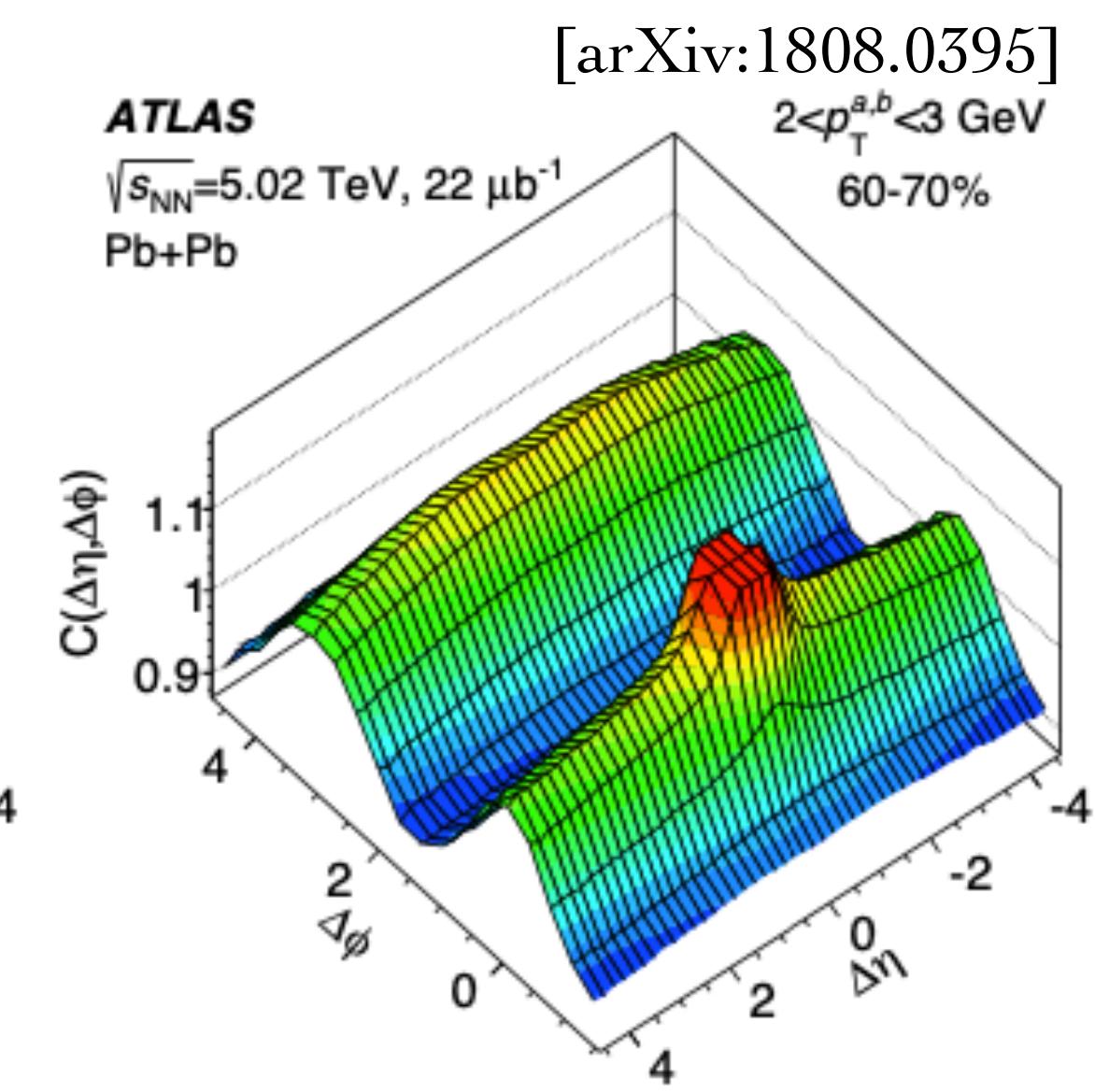
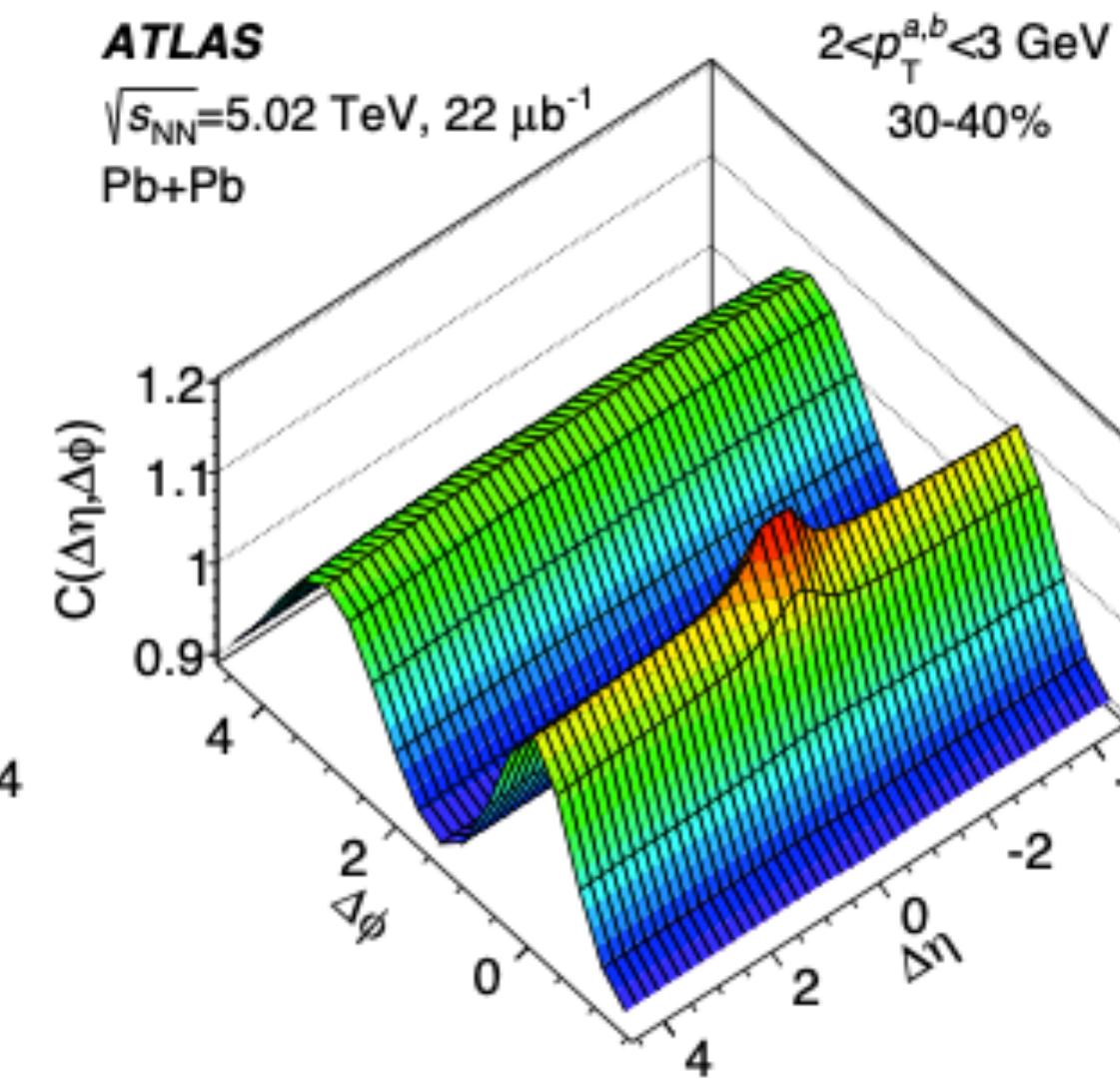
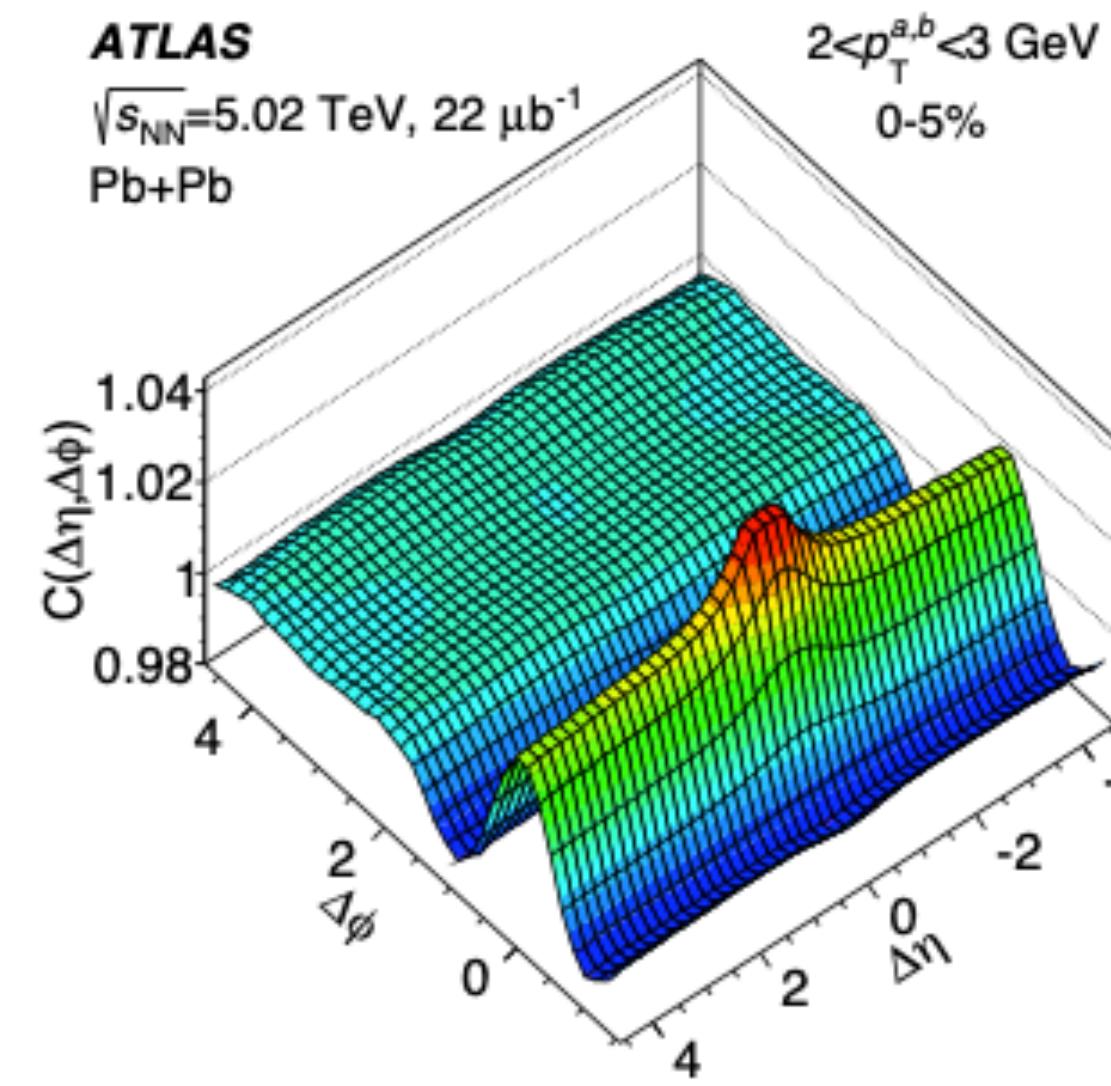


QGP in dense systems

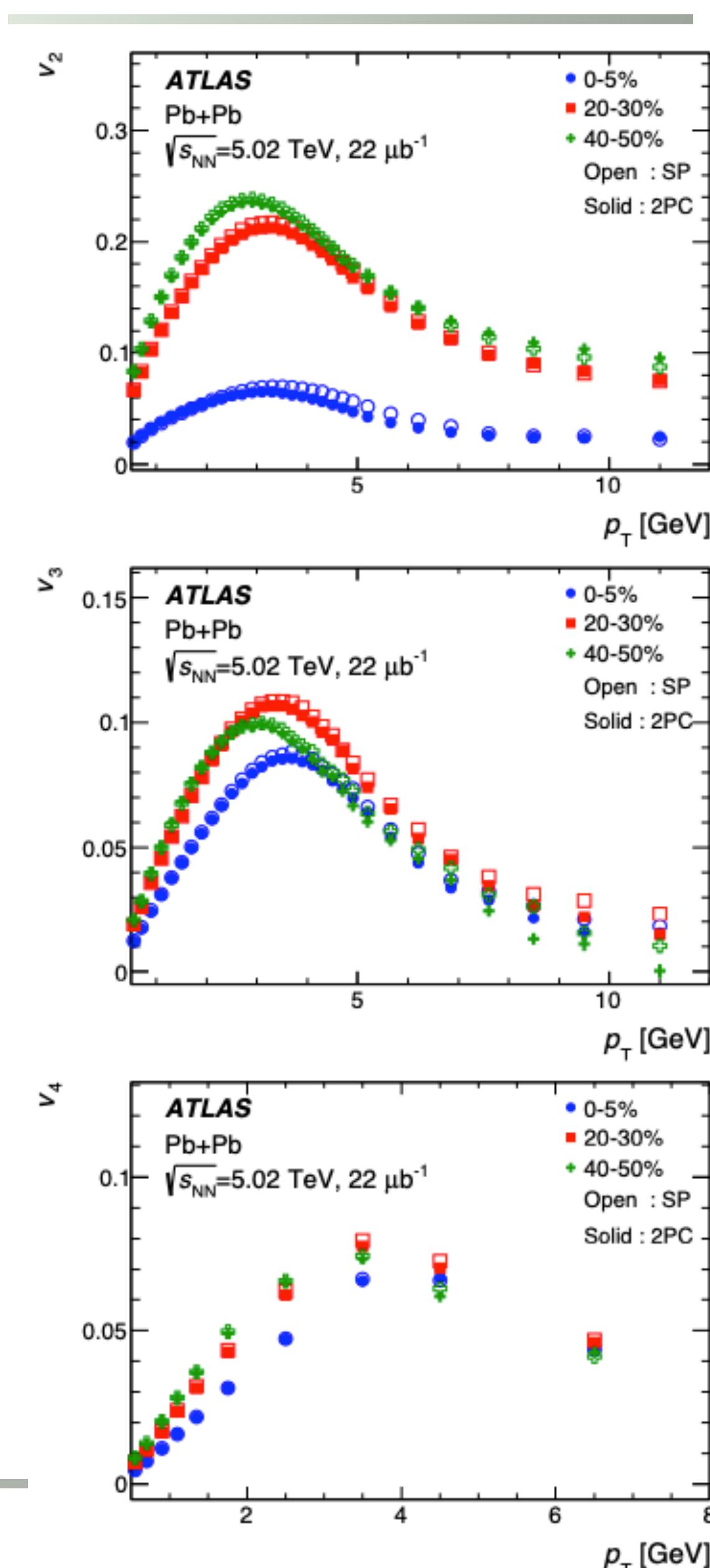
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QGP in dense systems

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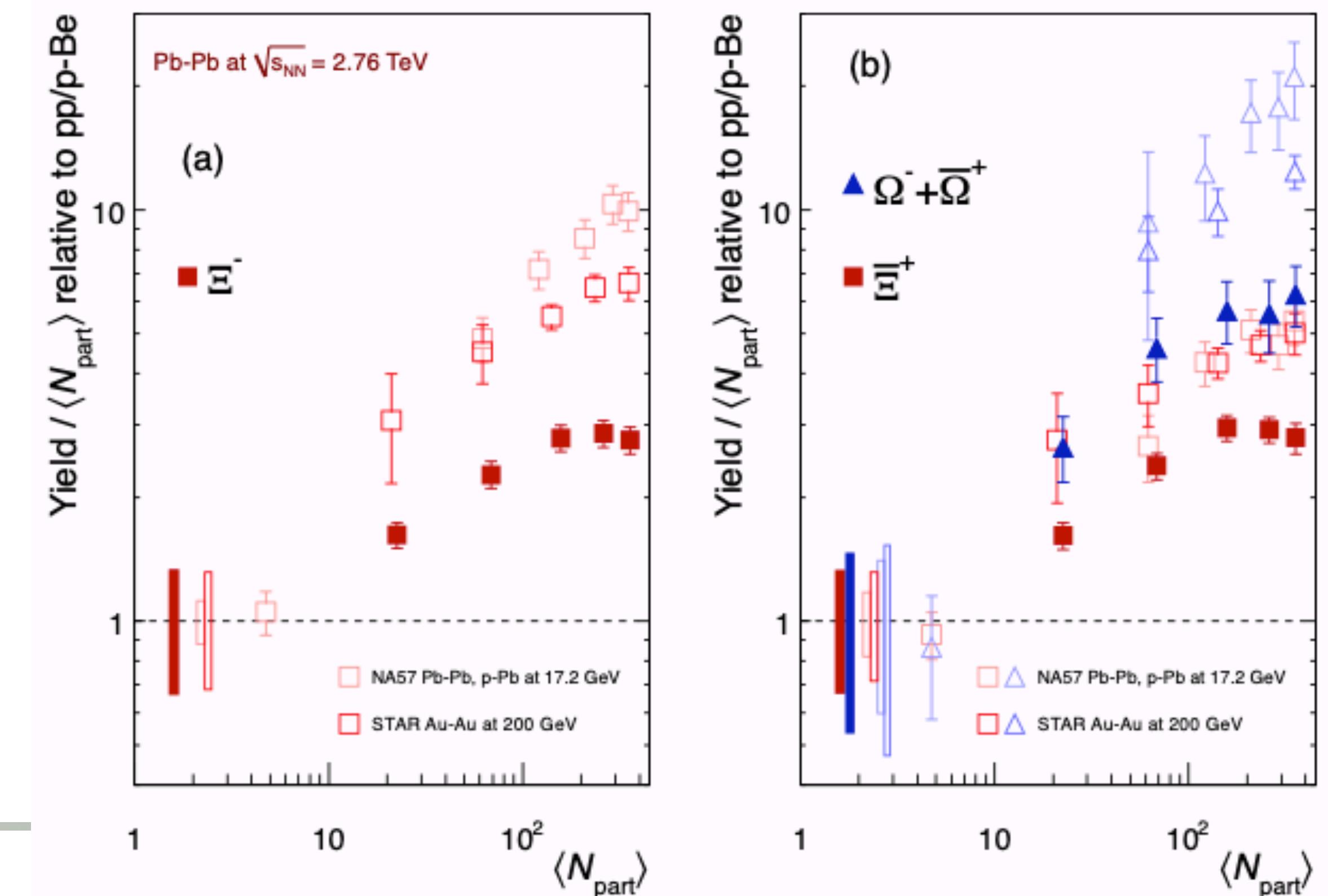
[arXiv:1808.0395]



QGP in dense systems

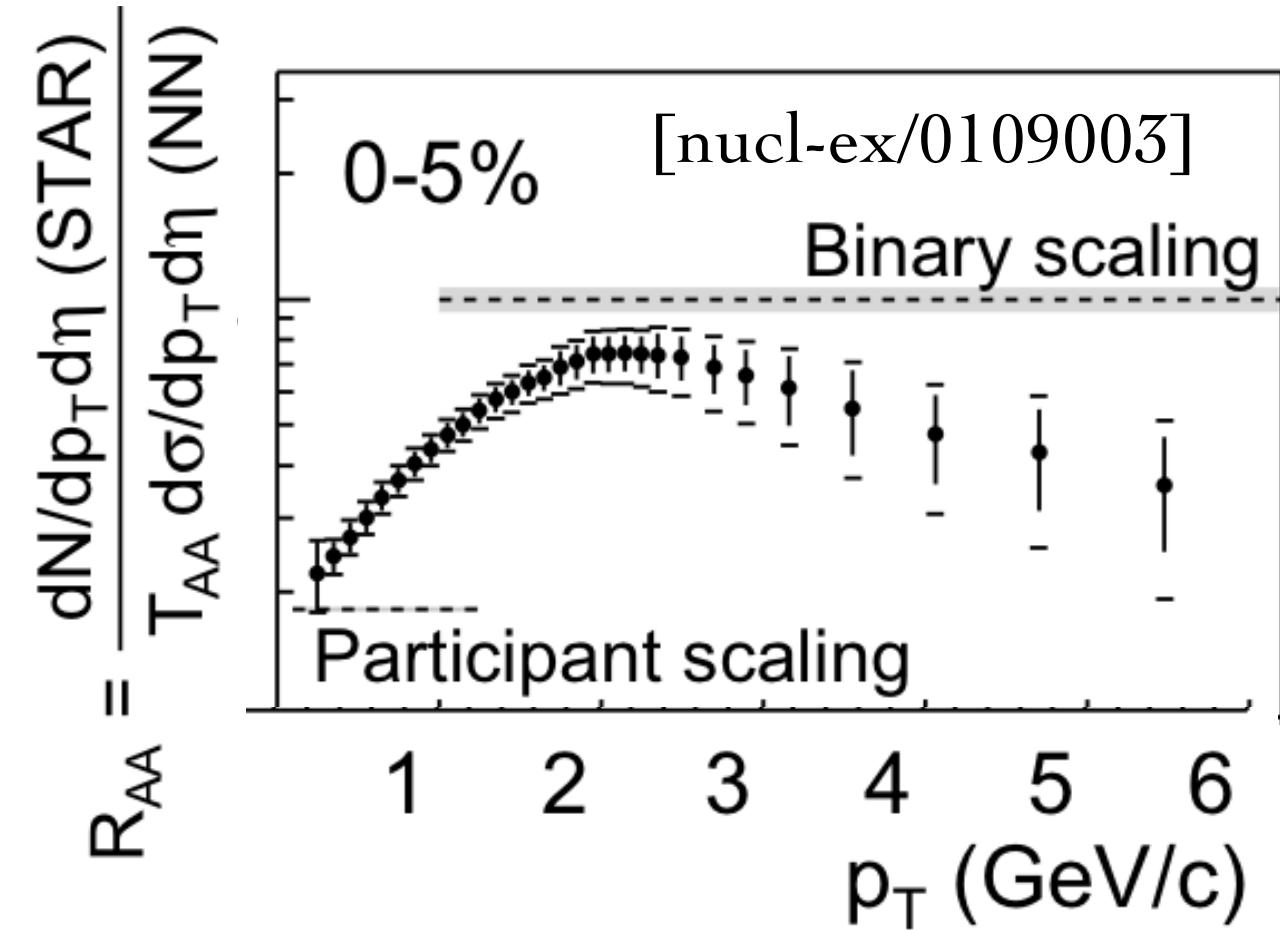
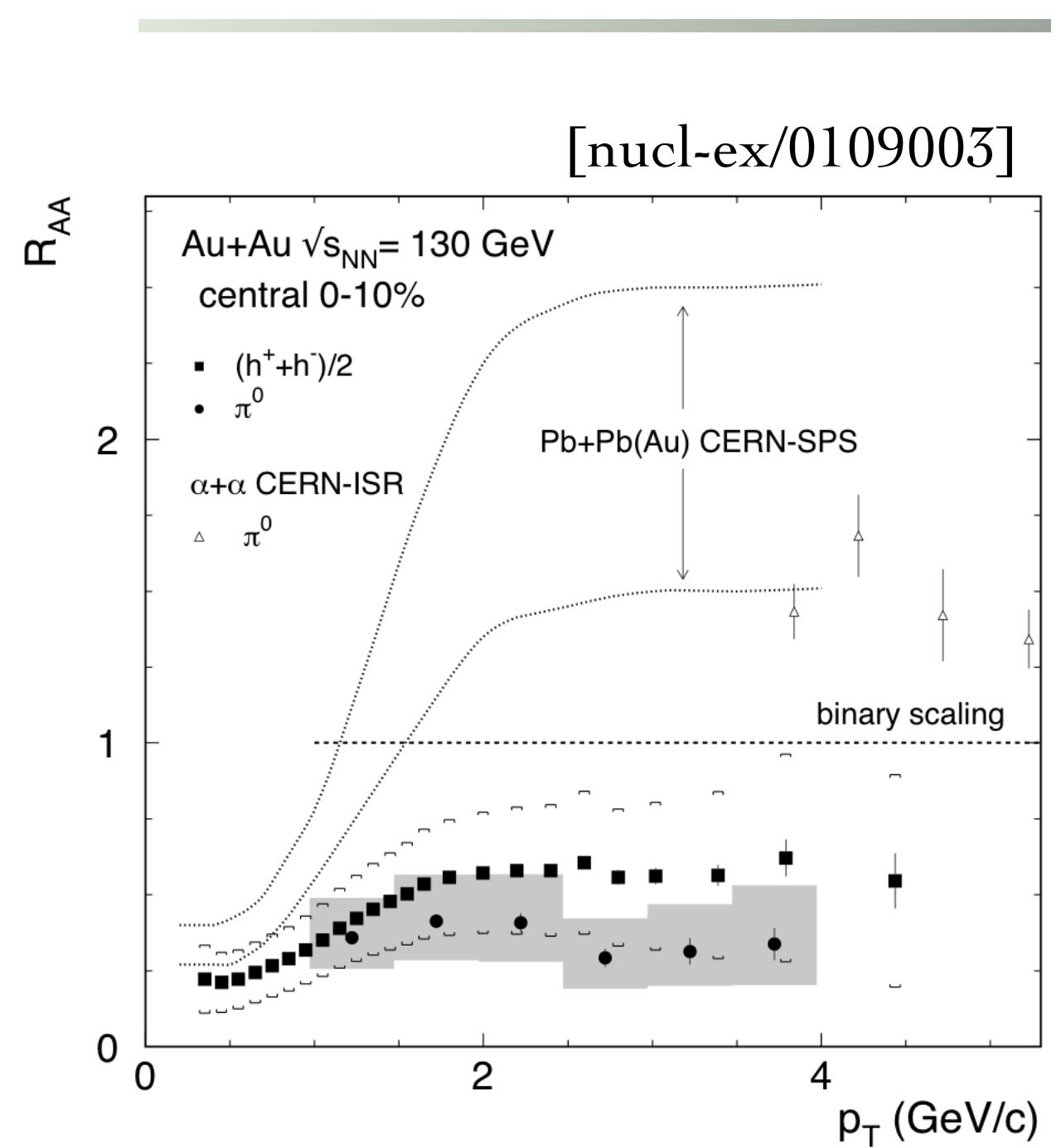
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[arXiv:1307.5543]



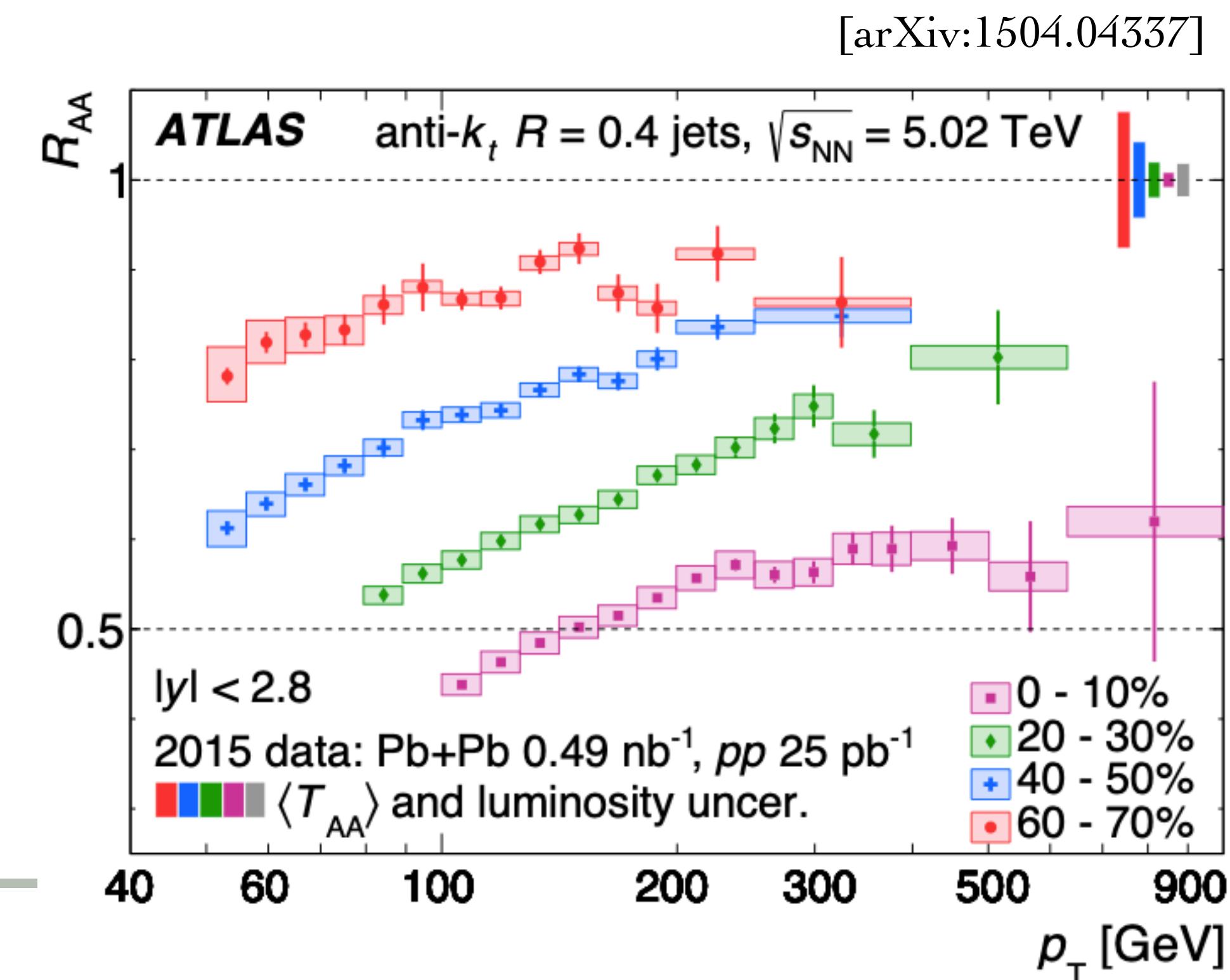
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 - ◆ Azimuthal anisotropy in n-particle correlations (collective flow) ✓
 - ◆ Increase of strange hadrons yields (strangeness enhancement) ✓
 - ◆ Suppression of single hadron spectra (energy loss) ✓
 - ◆ Suppression of jet spectra (energy loss) ✓

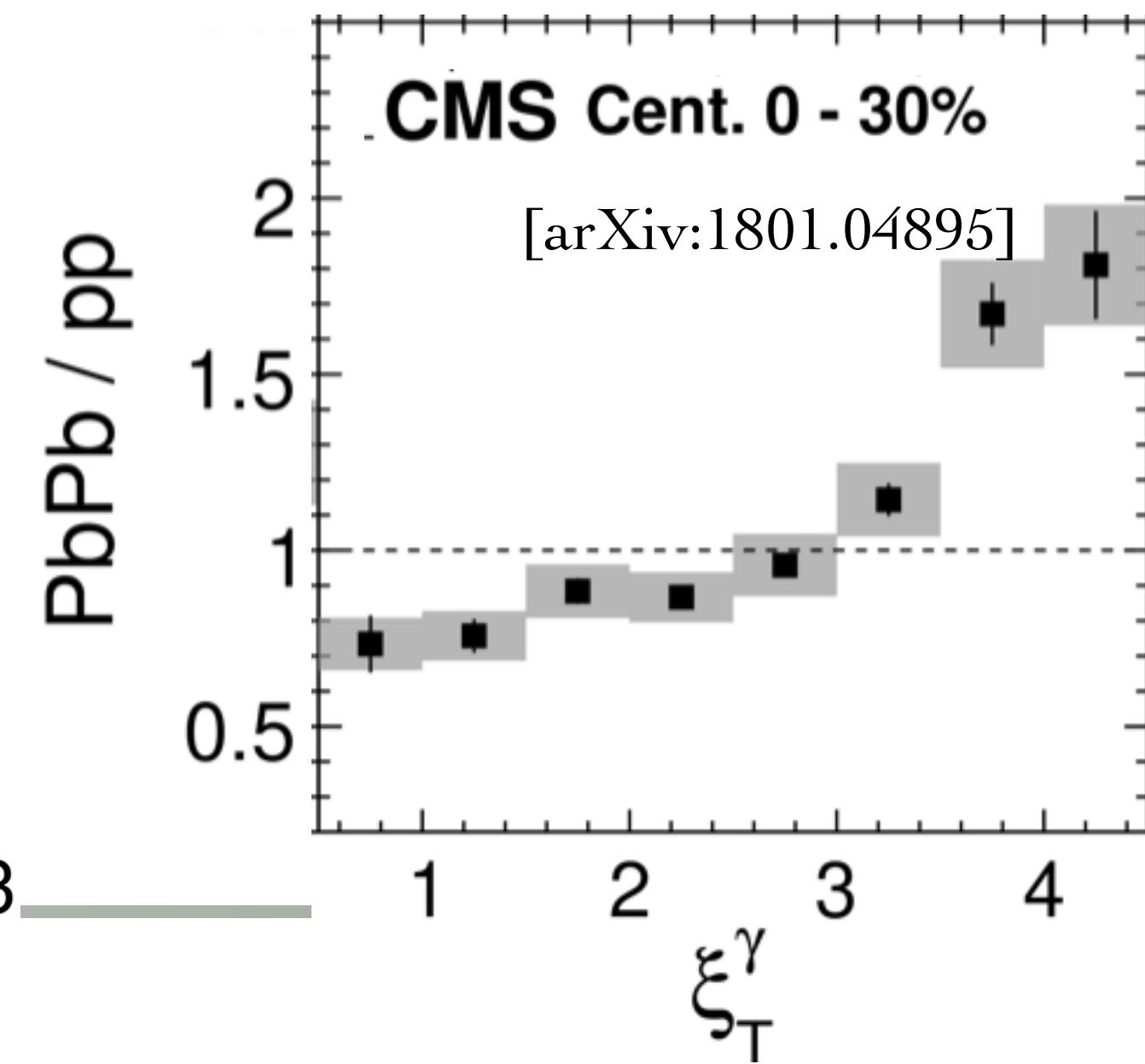
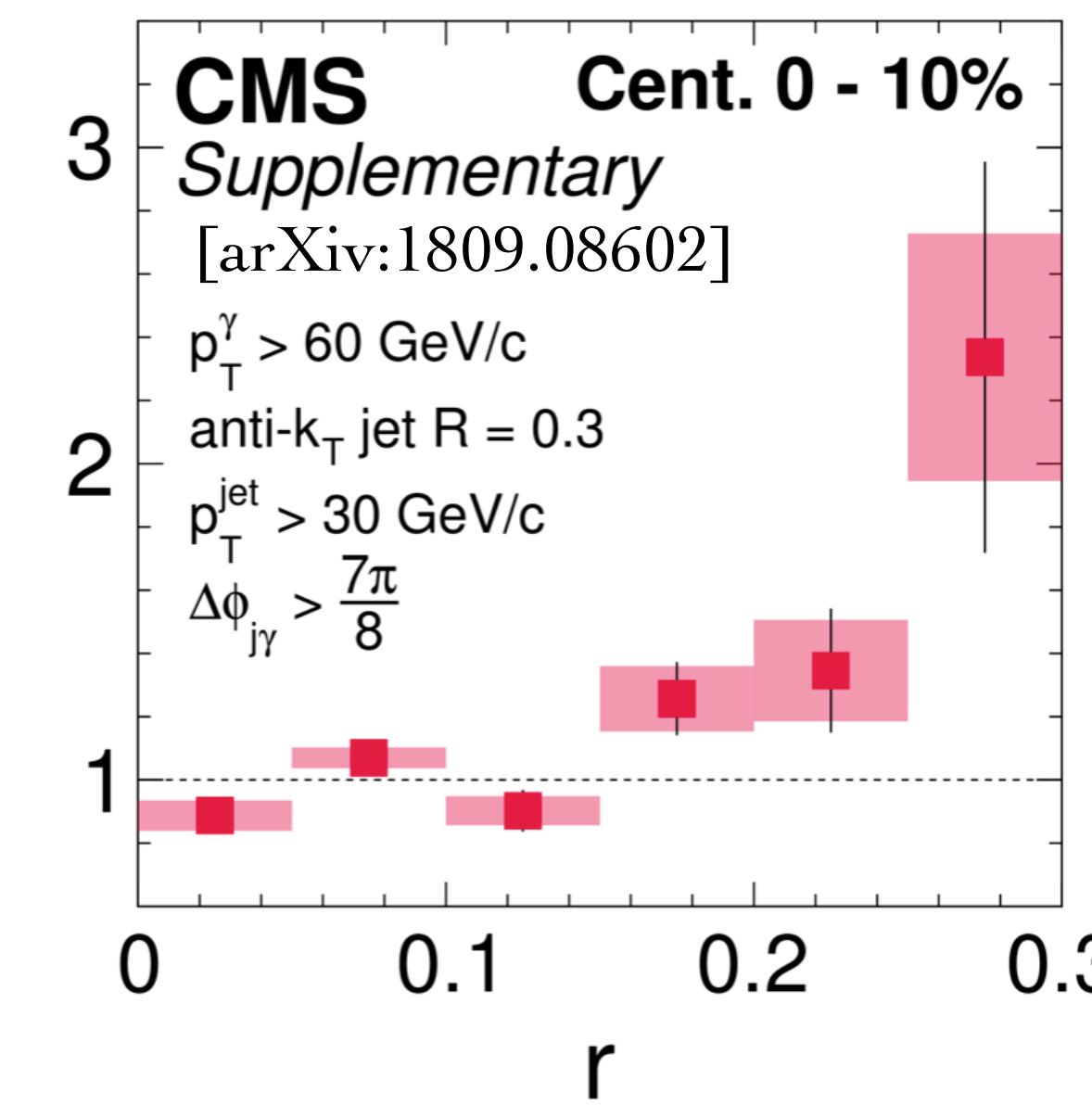


QGP in dense systems

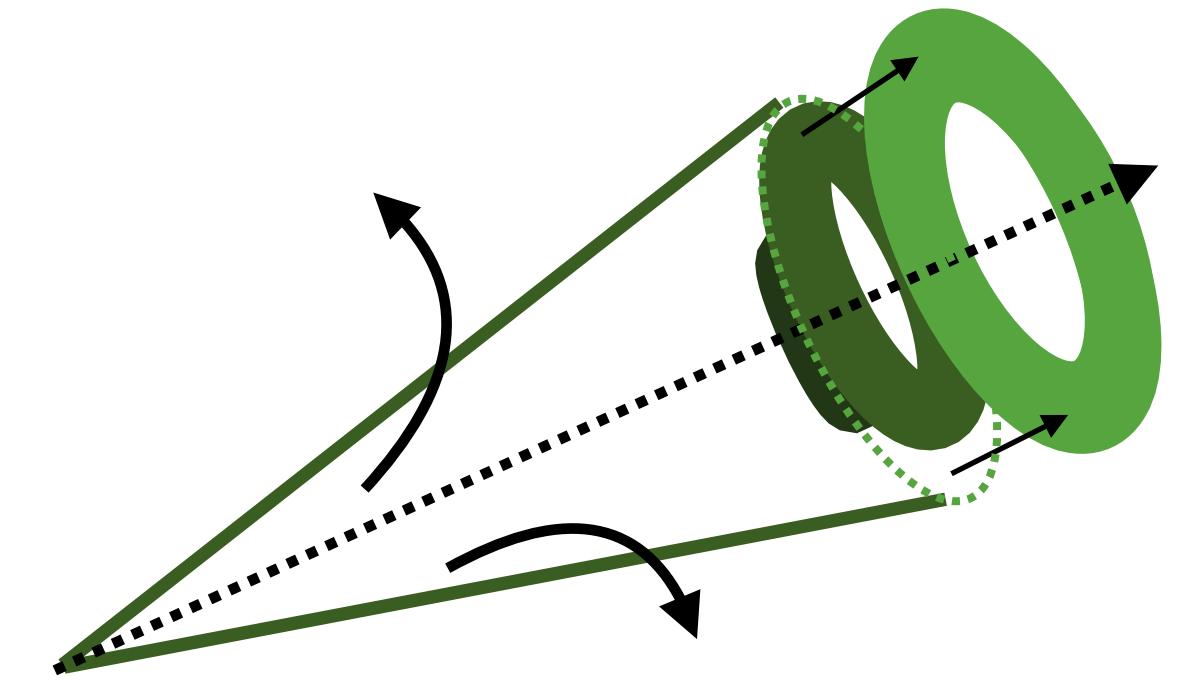
- ◆ PbPb and AuAu presents consistent signatures of a QGP formation:
- ◆ Azimuthal anisotropy in n-particle correlations (collective flow) ✓
- ◆ Increase of strange hadrons yields (strangeness enhancement) ✓
- ◆ Suppression of single hadron spectra (energy loss) ✓
- ◆ Suppression of jet spectra (energy loss) ✓
- ◆ Modification of jet substructure ✓

$p_T^{\text{trk}} > 1 \text{ GeV}/c$, anti- k_T jet $R = 0.3$
 $p_T^{\text{jet}} > 30 \text{ GeV}/c$, $|\eta^{\text{jet}}| < 1.6$
 $p_T^\gamma > 60 \text{ GeV}/c$, $|\eta^\gamma| < 1.44$, $\Delta\phi_{j\gamma} > \frac{7\pi}{8}$

$$\rho(r)_{\text{PbPb}} / \rho(r)_{\text{pp}}$$



[Adapted from: K. Zapp]



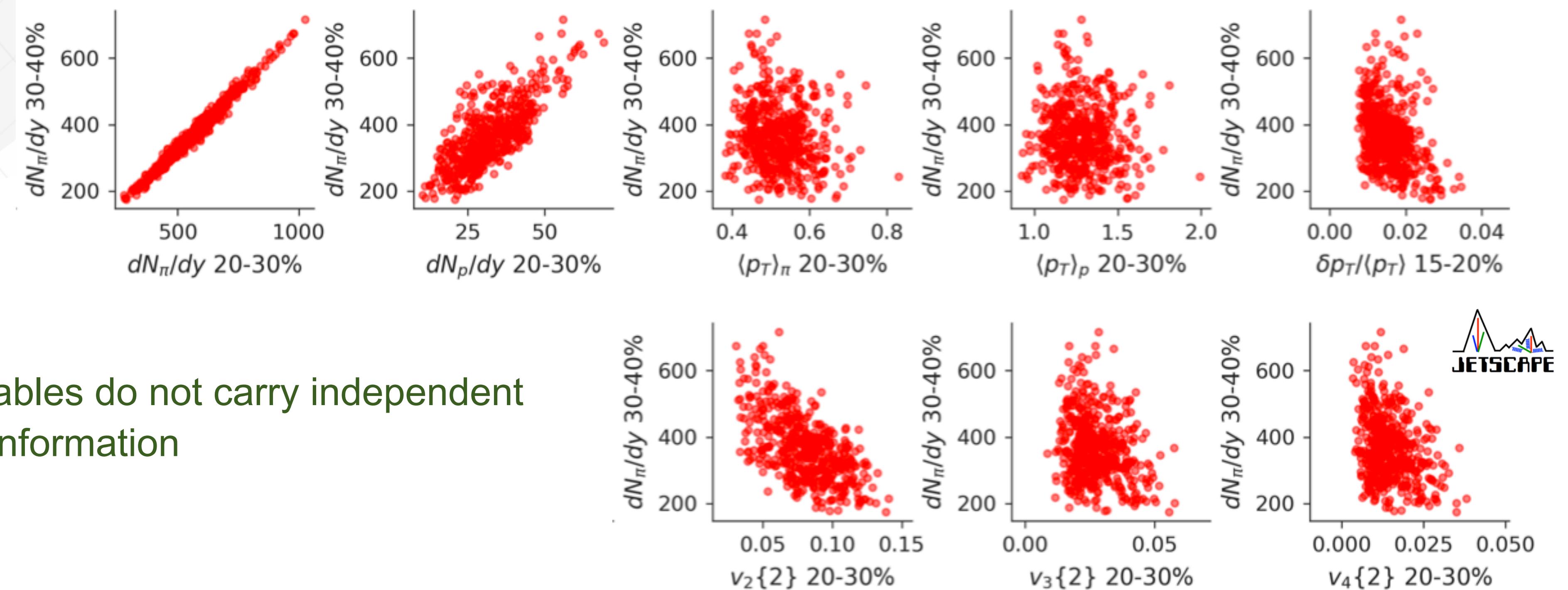
Fraction of energy of
jet fragments
(PbPb/pp)

Jet radial profile
(PbPb/pp)

Multibayesian approach

- ◆ Identification of reduced set of observables that are most discriminant

[arXiv:2011.01430]

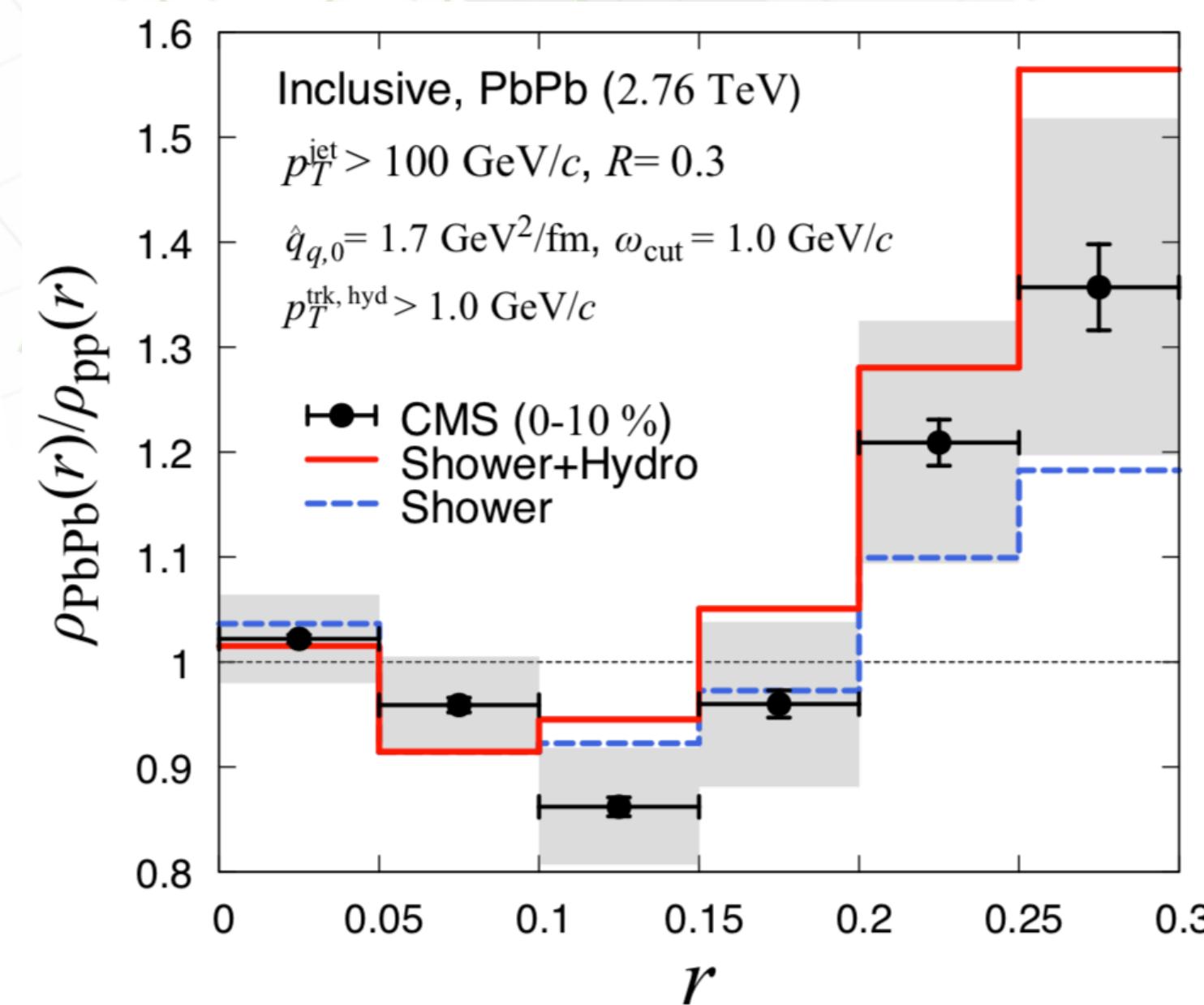


Some pair of observables do not carry independent information

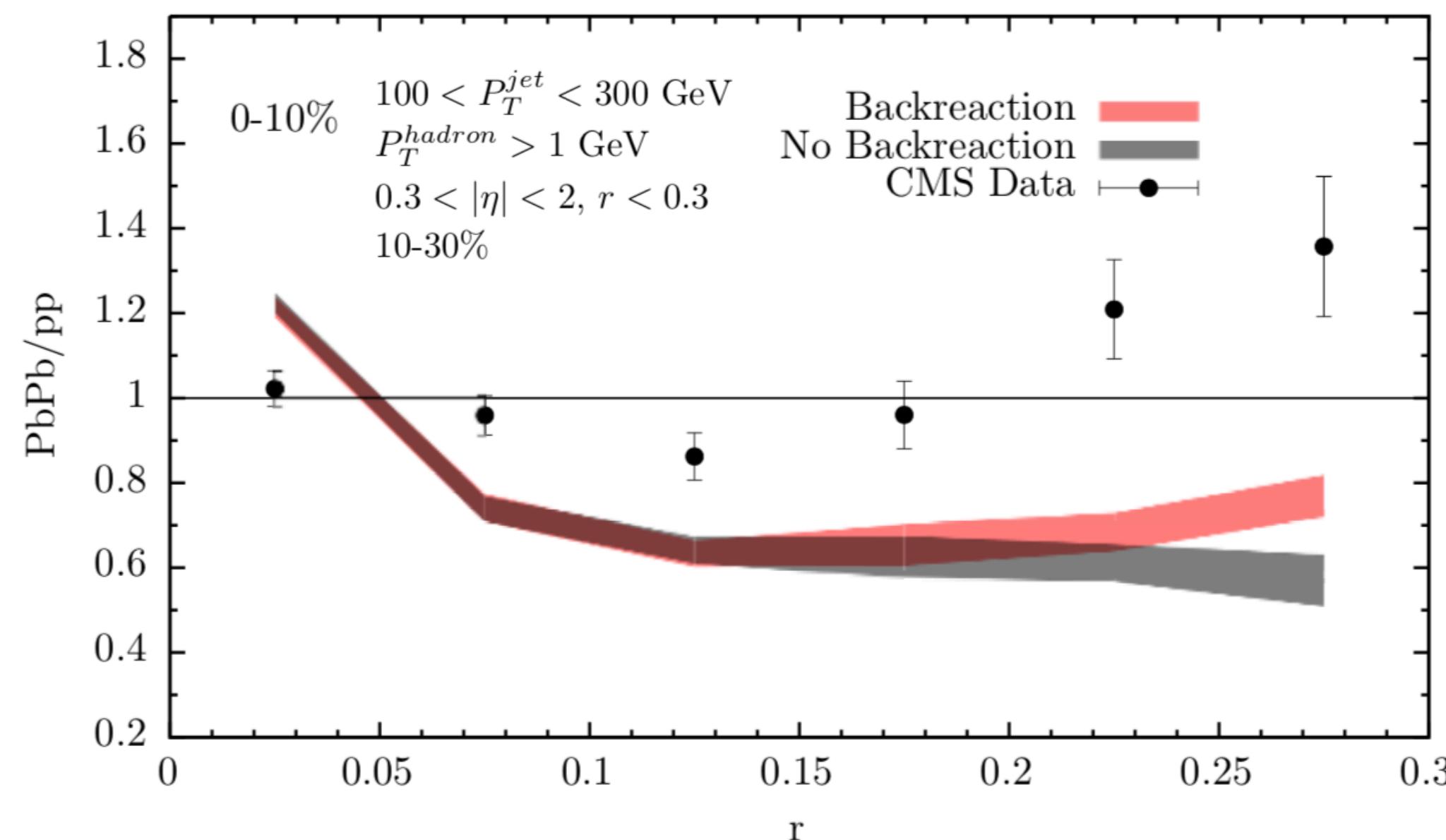
Medium Response

- ❖ Mostly seen in jet radial profile but signatures of each approach is very different:

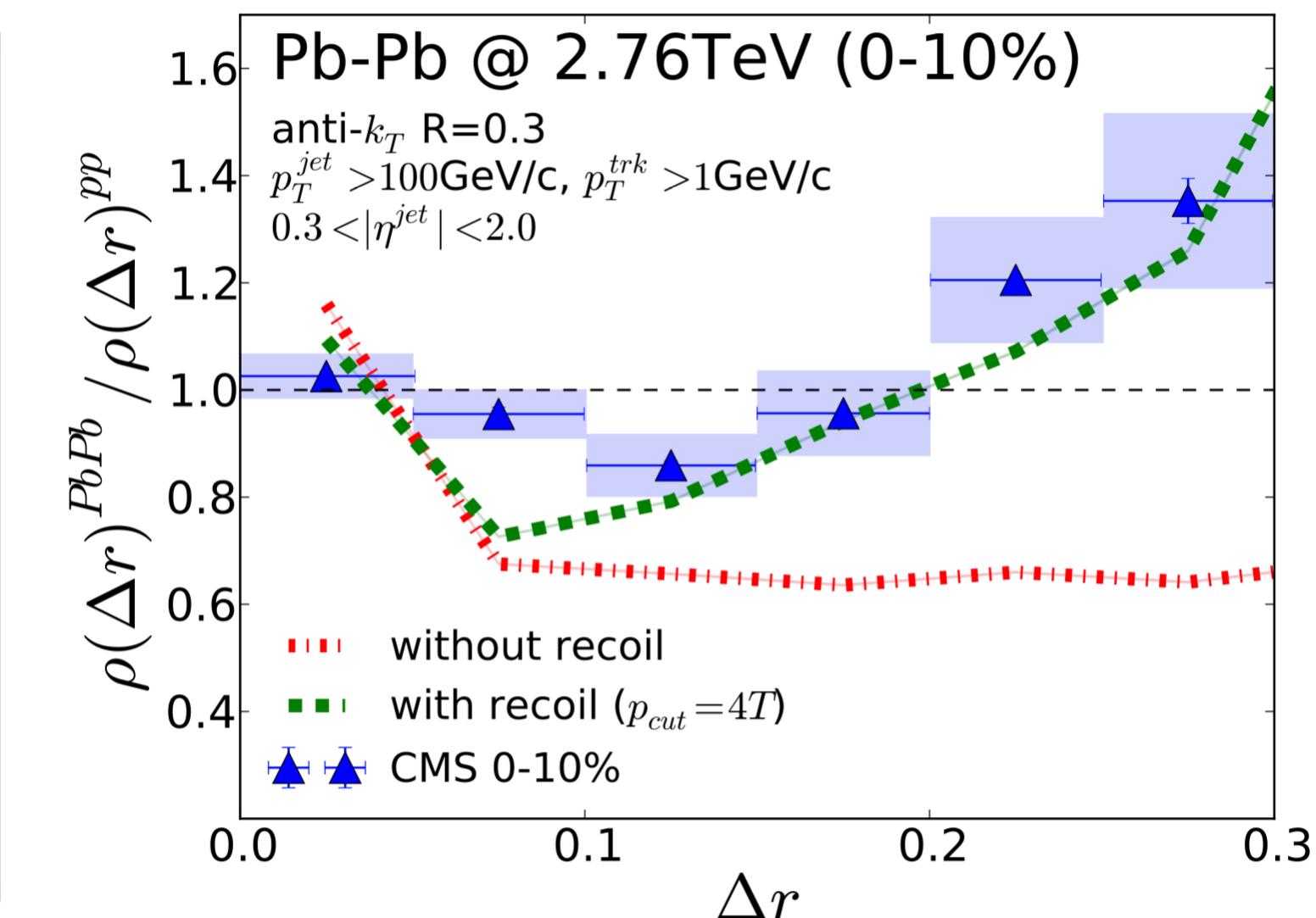
[Coupled Jet-Fluid: 1701.07951]



[Hvbrid: 1609.05842]



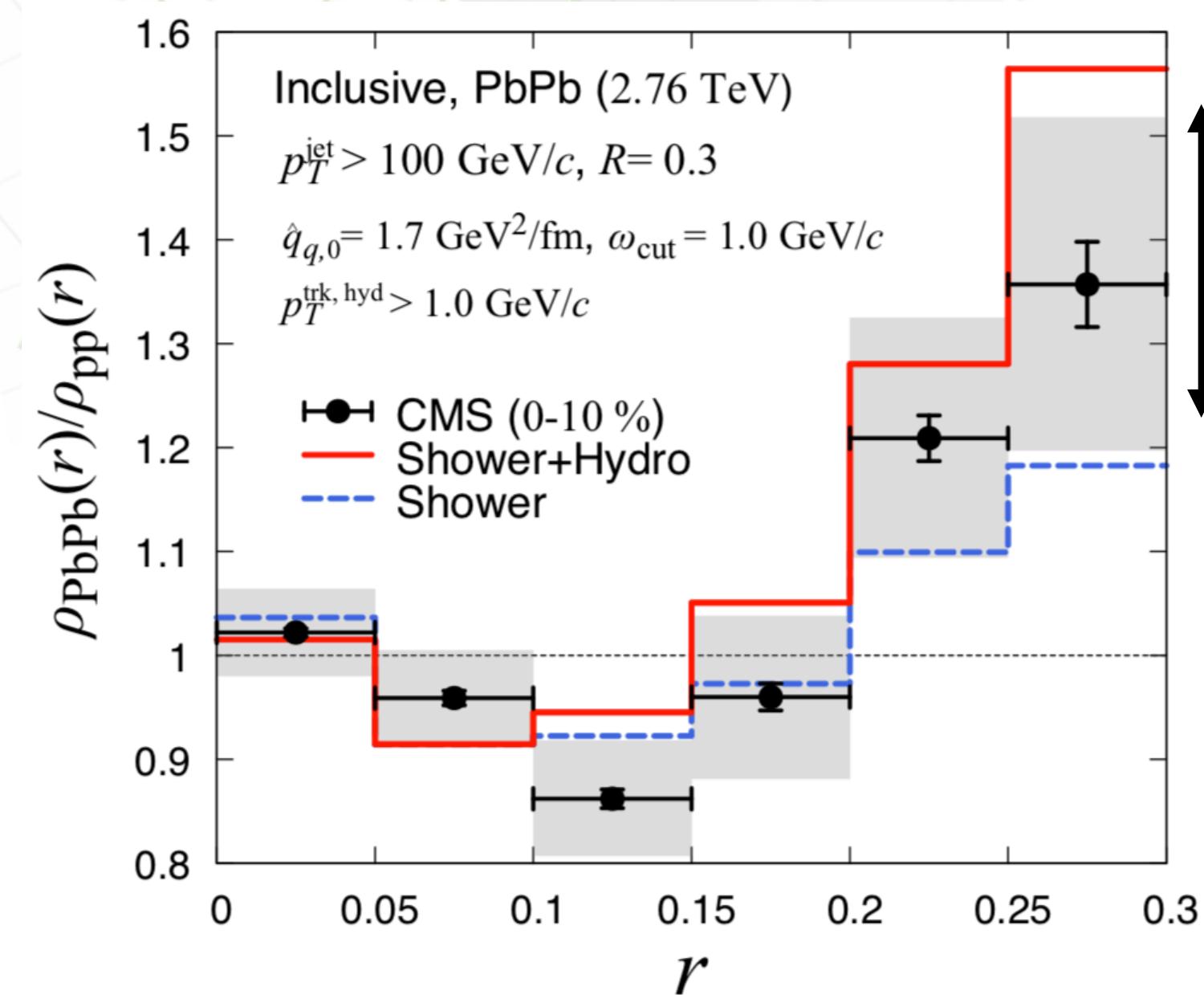
[MARTINI:1807.06550]



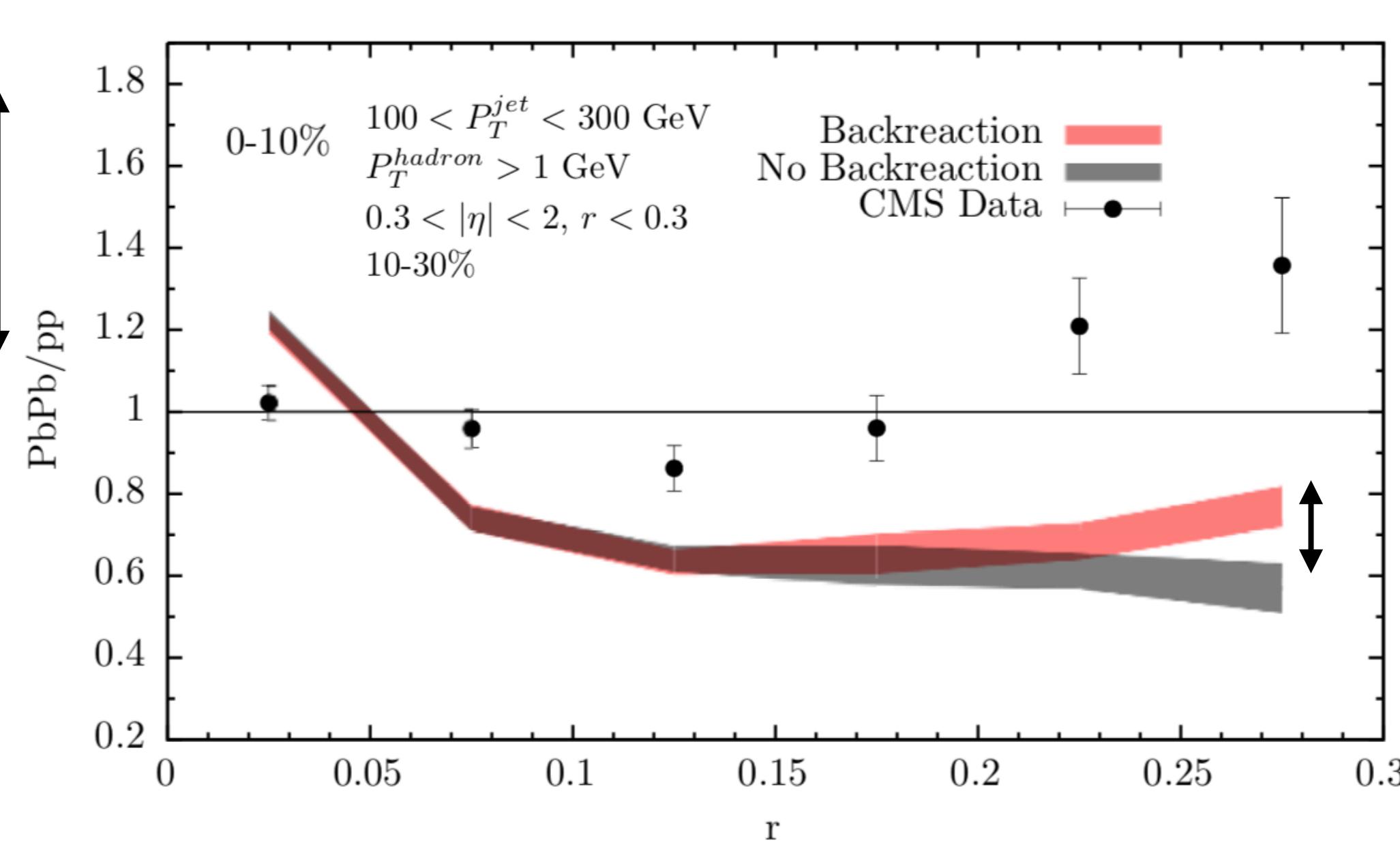
Medium Response

- ❖ Mostly seen in jet radial profile but signatures of each approach is very different:

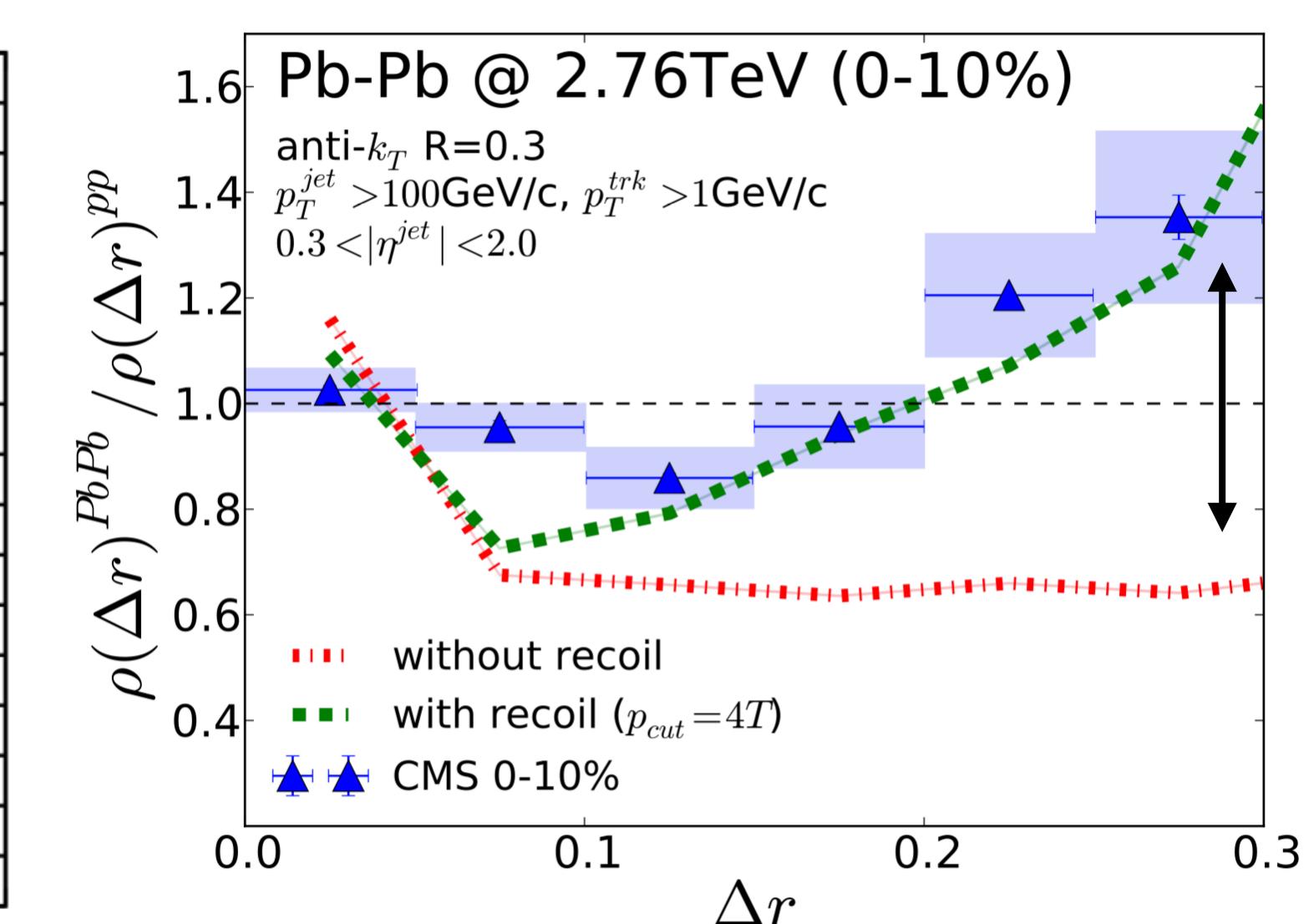
[Coupled Jet-Fluid: 1701.07951]



[Hybrid: 1609.05842]



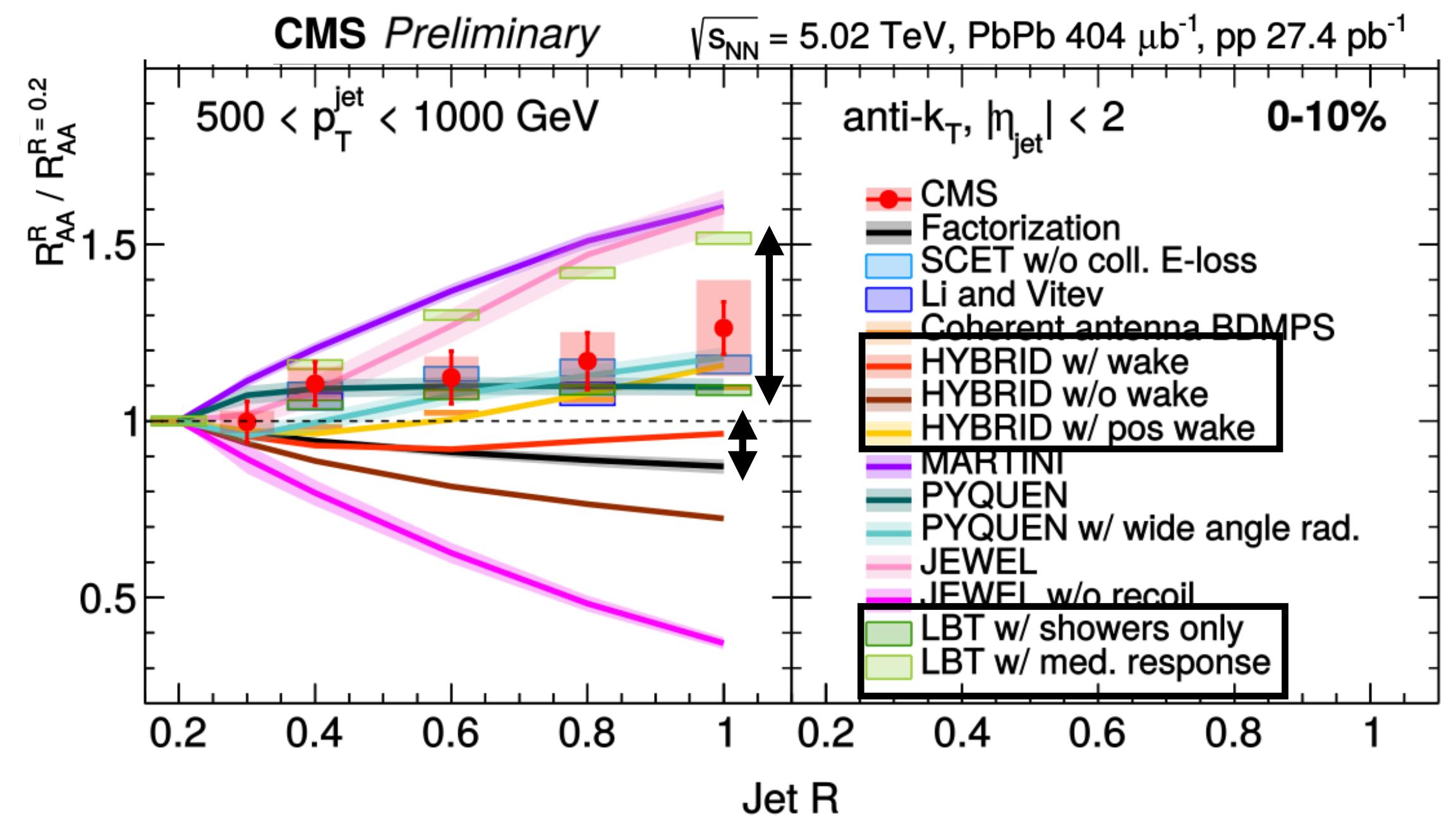
[MARTINI:1807.06550]



Several uncertainties... But seems to be necessary to describe excess of particles at large angles...

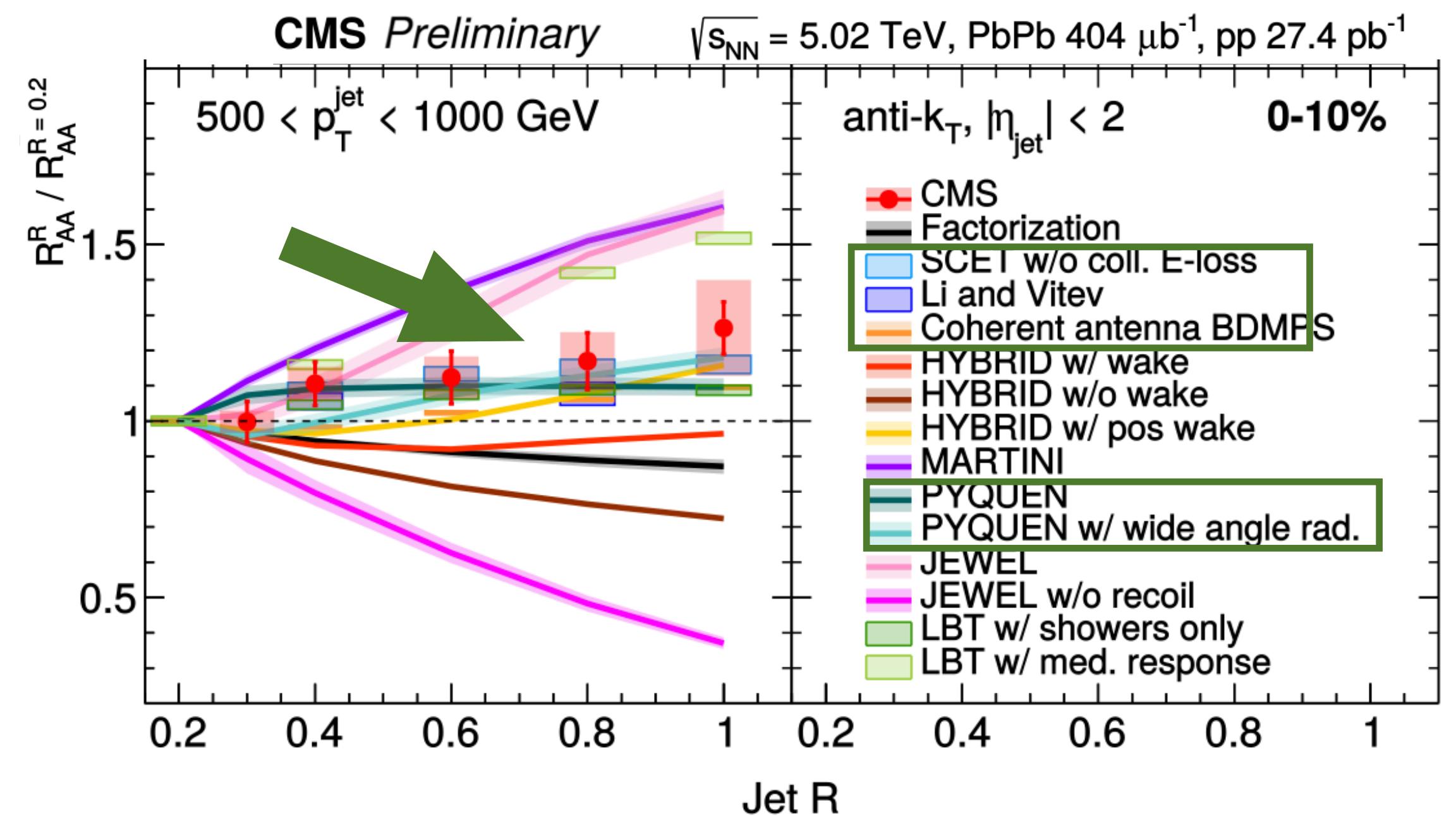
Medium response

- ◆ However :
- ◆ Large contribution of medium response leads to a large R dependence on jet RAA
- ◆ Magnitude is again model dependent



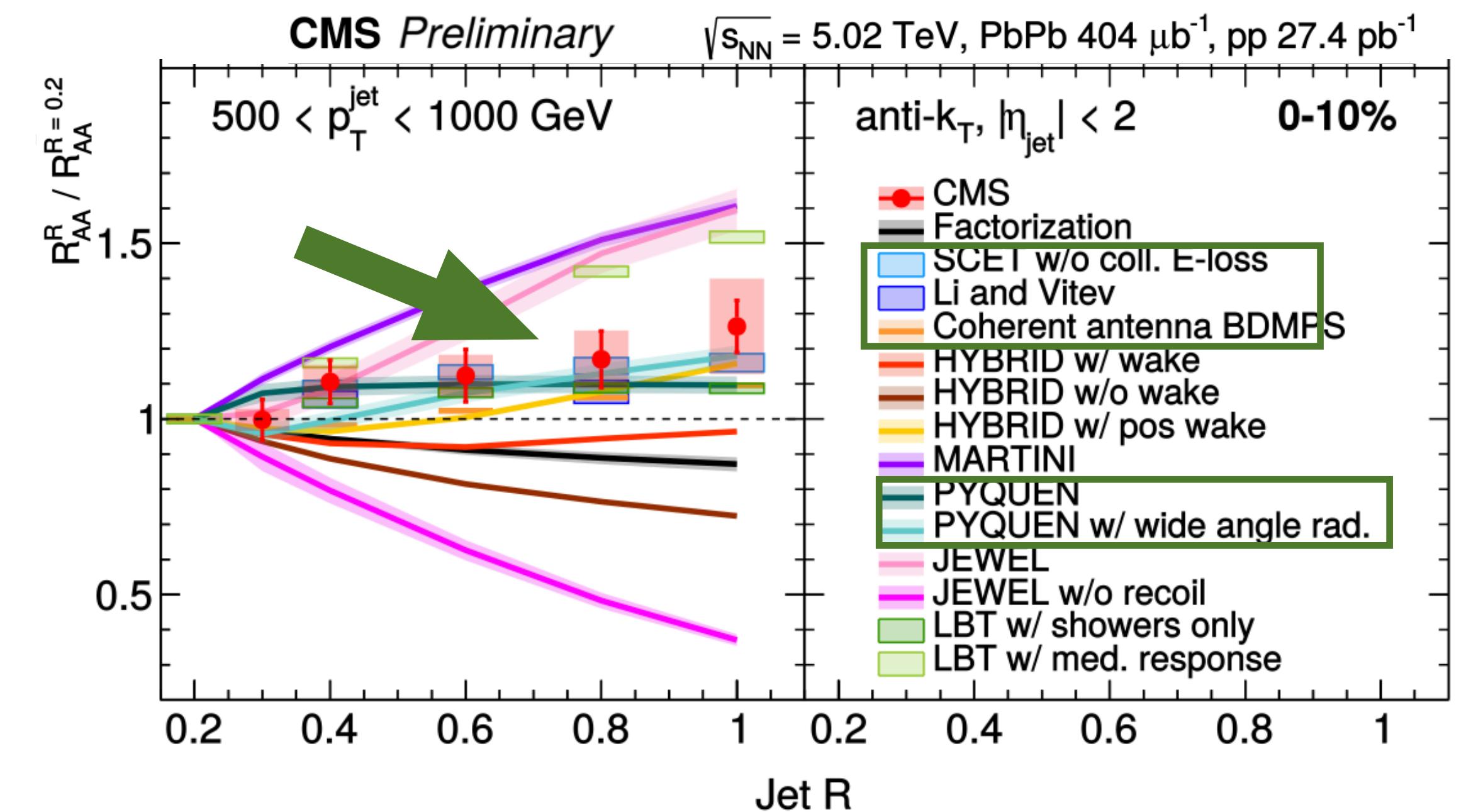
Medium response

- ◆ However :
- ◆ Large contribution of medium response leads to a large R dependence on jet RAA
- ◆ Magnitude is again model dependent
- ◆ Features of the parton shower seem to drive behaviour of jet RAA (R_{jet}) (rather than medium response)



Medium response

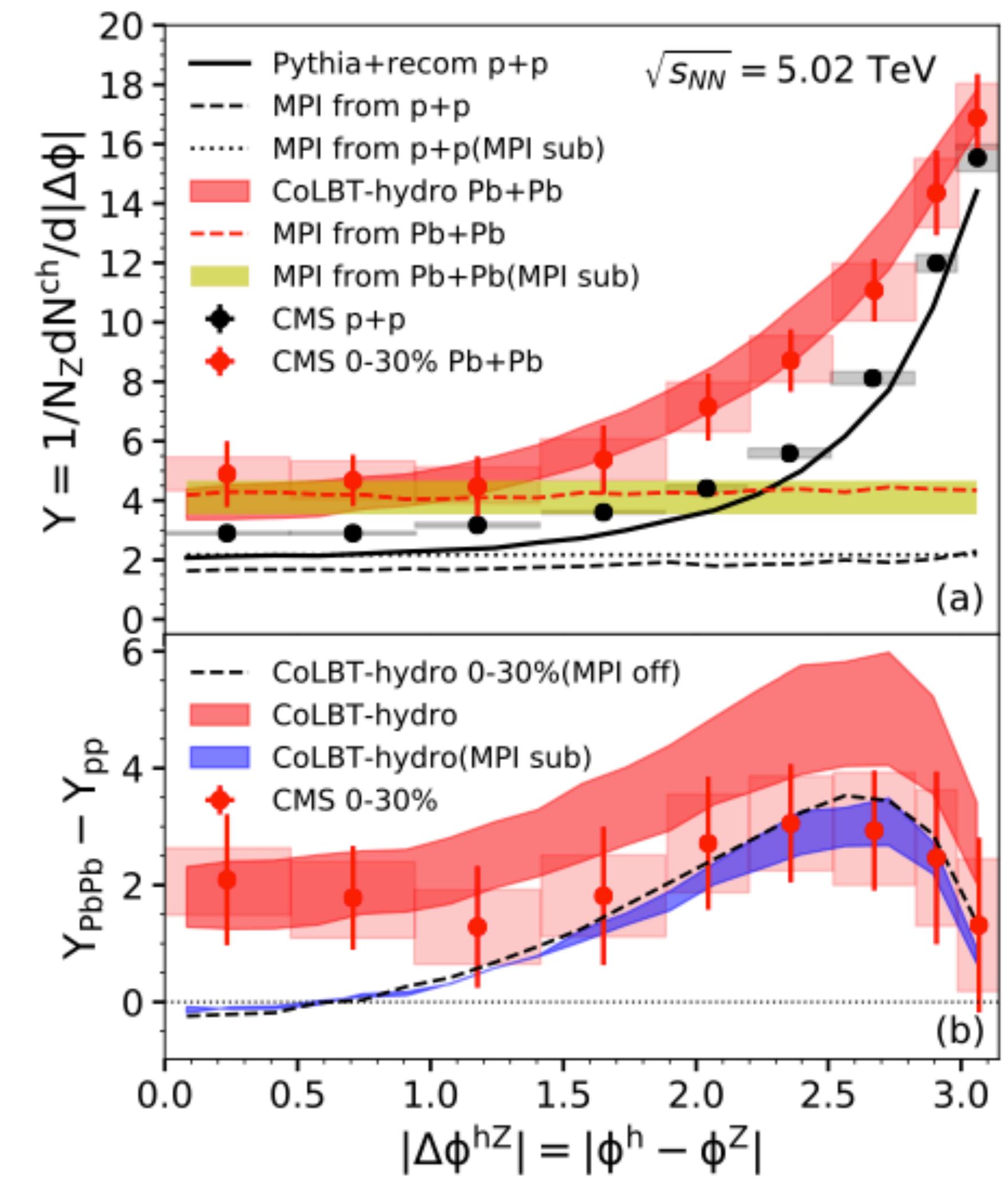
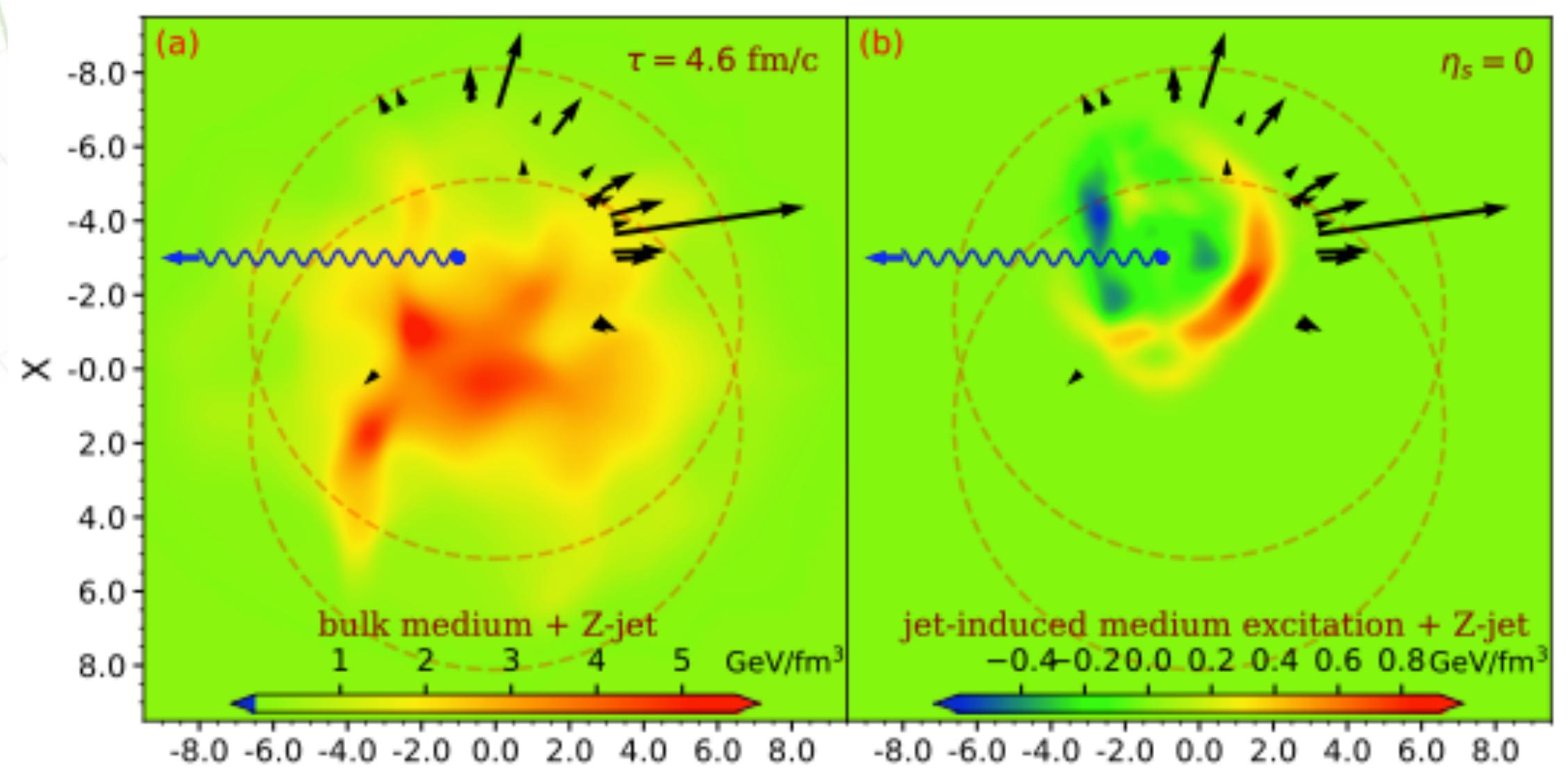
- ◆ However :
- ◆ Large contribution of medium response leads to a large R dependence on jet RAA
- ◆ Magnitude is again model dependent
- ◆ Features of the parton shower seem to drive behaviour of jet RAA (R_{jet}) (rather than medium response)
- ◆ Jet Radial profile vs Jet RAA
 - ◆ Put severe constrains on the jet-induced component



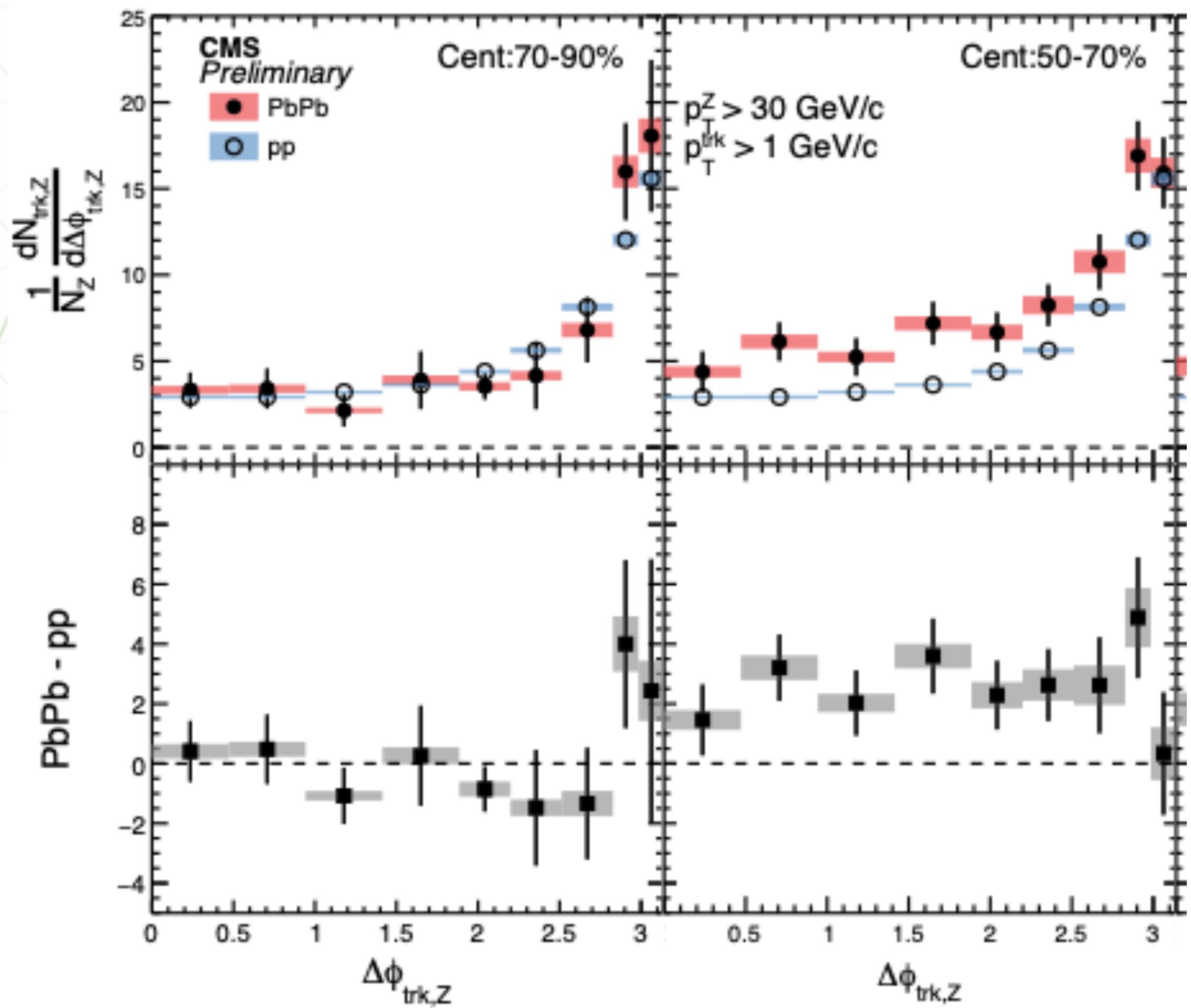
(We also have: missing p_T , $\rho(r)$ with p_T bin information, 2-particle correlations,...)

Medium response

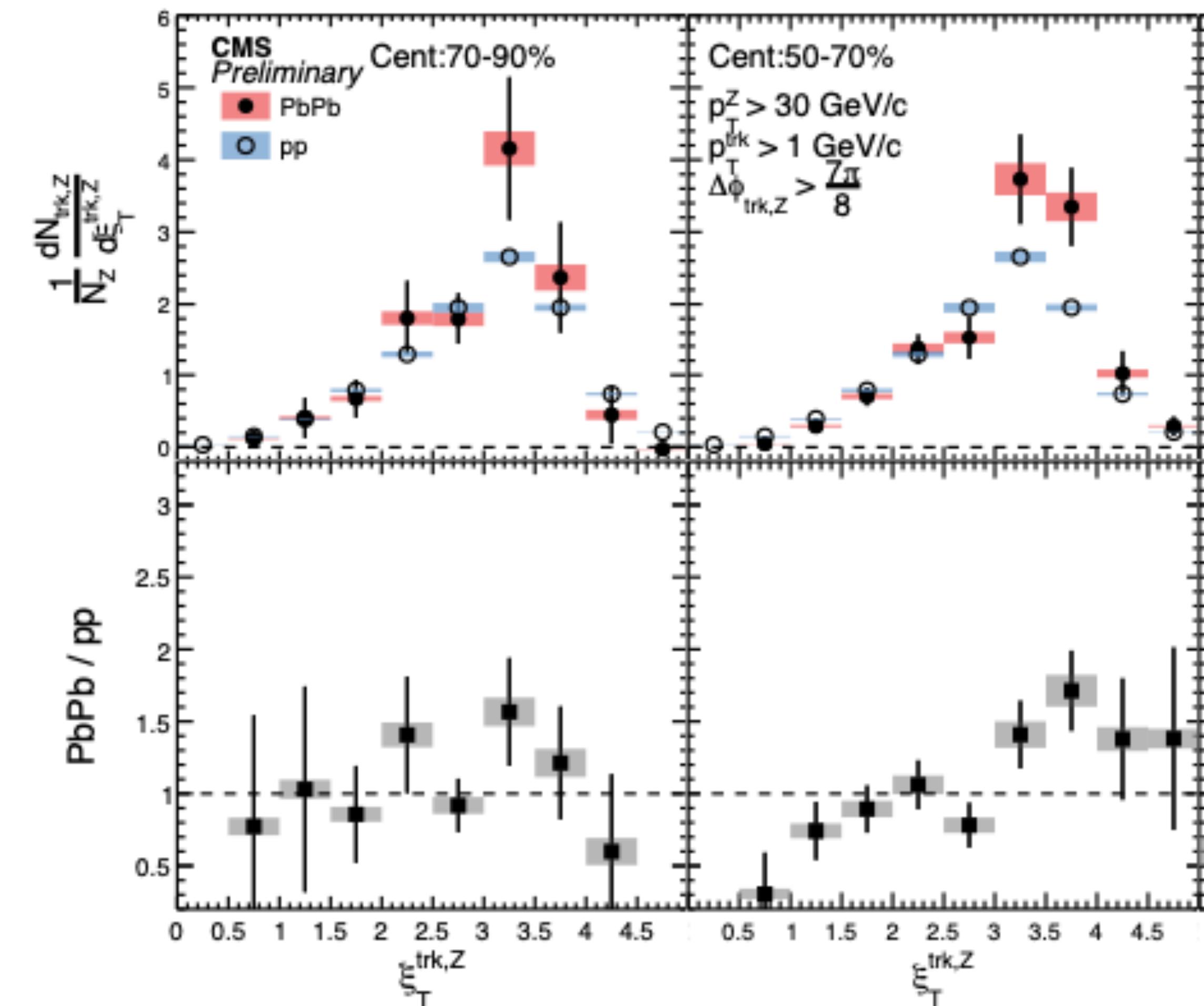
- Might also appear in the near-size Z-hadron correlation



PbPb Peripheral



Recoiling charged particles



Recoiling jet FF

PbPb Peripheral

