Electroweak Phase Transition: the Theory Frontier

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About MJRM:



Science



Family



Friends

My pronouns: he/him/his # MeToo HPNP, Osaka University, March 2021

Key Ideas for this Talk

- The "electroweak temperature" → a scale provided by nature that gives us a clear BSM target for colliders
- Robust test of theory requires a new era of EFT & non-perturbative computations -> new results highlight this theoretical frontier

Key Ideas for this Talk

- MJRM: 1912.07189
- Recent EFT + Non-perturbative:
 - L. Niemi, H.H. Patel, MJRM, T.V.I. Tenkanen, D. J. Weir: 1802.10500
 - O. Gould, J. Kozaczuk, L. Niemi, MJRM, T.V.I. Tenkanen, D.J. Weir: 1903.11604
 - L. Niemi, MJRM, T.V.I. Tenkanen, D.J. Weir: 2005.11332 → PRL 2021

Outline

- I. Context & Questions
- II. EWPT: A Collider Target
- III. Theoretical Robustness
- IV. Outlook

I. Context & Questions

Electroweak Phase Transition

- Higgs discovery → What was the thermal history of EWSB ?
- Baryogenesis → Was the matter-antimatter asymmetry generated in conjunction with EWSB (EW baryogenesis) ?
- Gravitational waves → If a signal observed in LISA, could a cosmological phase transition be responsible ?

EWSB Transition: St'd Model



Increasing m_h

7

EWSB Transition: St'd Model



Increasing m_h

Lattice	Authors	$M_{\rm h}^C~({\rm GeV})$
4D Isotropic	[76]	80 ± 7
4D Anisotropic	[74]	72.4 ± 1.7
3D Isotropic	[72]	72.3 ± 0.7
3D Isotropic	[70]	72.4 ± 0.9

SM EW: Cross over transition



EW Phase Diagram

How does this picture change in presence of new TeV scale physics ? What is the phase diagram ? SFOEWPT ?

II. EWPT: A Collider Target

MJRM: 1912.07189

T_{EW} Sets a Scale for Colliders

High-T SM Effective Potential

$$V(h,T)_{\rm SM} = D(T^2 - T_0^2) \, h^2 + \lambda \, h^4 \ \ {\rm \textbf{+}} \ \ldots$$

$$T_0^2 = (8\lambda + \text{ loops}) \left(4\lambda + \frac{3}{2}g^2 + \frac{1}{2}g'^2 + 2y_t^2 + \cdots \right)^{-1} v^2$$

$$T_0 \sim 140 \; \text{GeV} \equiv T_{EW}$$

10



Generate finite-T barrier

Introduce new scalar ϕ interaction with h via the Higgs Portal





 $a_2 H^2 \phi^2$: T > 0loop effect

 $a_2 H^2 \phi^2$: T = 0tree-level effect

 $a_1 H^2 \phi$: T = 0tree-level effect





Model Illustrations



Simple Higgs portal models:

- Real gauge singlet (SM + 1)
- Real EW triplet (SM + 3)

Singlets: Precision & Res Di-Higgs Prod

SFOEWPT Benchmarks: Resonant di-Higgs & precision Higgs studies



Kotwal, No, R-M, Winslow 1605.06123

See also: Huang et al, 1701.04442; Li et al, 1906.05289

III. Theoretical Robustness

- L. Niemi, H. Patel, MRM, T. Tenkanen, D. Weir 1802.10500
- O. Gould, J. Kozaczuk, L. Niemi, MJRM, T.V.I. Tenkanen, D.J. Weir: 1903.11604
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Models & Phenomenology

What BSM Scenarios?

SM + Scalar Singlet

Espinosa, Quiros 93, Benson 93, Choi, Volkas 93, Vergara 96, Branco, Delepine, Emmanuel-Costa, Gonzalez 98, Ham, Jeong, Oh 04, Ahriche 07, Espinosa, Quiros 07, Profumo, Ramsey-Musolf, Shaughnessy 07, Noble, Perelstein 07, Espinosa, Konstandin, No, Quiros 08, Barger, Langacker, McCaskey, Ramsey-Musolf, Shaughnessy 09, Ashoorioon, Konstandin 09, Das, Fox, Kumar, Weiner 09, Espinosa, Konstandin, Riva 11, Chung, Long 11, Barger, Chung, Long, Wang 12, Huang, Shu, Zhang 12, Fairbairn, Hogan 13, Katz, Perelstein 14, Profumo, Ramsey-Musolf, Wainwright, Winslow 14, Jiang, Bian, Huang, Su 15, Noz Cok 15, Cline, Kainulainen, Tucker-Smith 17, Kurup, Perelstein 17, Chun, Koyaaruu, Levis 11, Culd, Kozaczuk, Niemi, Ramsey-Musolf, Tenkanen, Weir 19.

SM + Scalar Doublet (2HIOI) SOCR + Scalar Triplet Turok, Zadarony 92, Davies Freygatt, Jenkins, Moorhouse 94, Cline, Lemieux 97, Huber 06, Fra mei Huber, Saniuch 06, Cline, Kainulainen, Trott 11, Dorsch, Huber, No 13, Dorsch, Huter, Aimasu, No 14, Basler, Krause, Muhlleitner, Wittbrodt, Wlotzka 16, Dorsch, Huber, Aimasu, No 17, Bernon, Bian, Jiang 17, Andersen, Gorda, Helset, Niemi, Tenkanen, Tranberg, Vuorinen, Weir 18...

Patel, Ramsey-Musolf 12, Niemi, Patel, Ramsey-Musolf, Tenkanen, Weir 18 ...

Carena, Quiros, Wagner 96, Delepine, Gerard, Gonzalez Felipe, Weyers 96, Cline, Kainulainen 96, Laine, Rummukainen 98, Carena, Nardini, Quiros, Wagner 09, Cohen, Morrissey, Pierce 12, Curtin, Jaiswal, Meade 12, Carena, Nardini, Quiros, Wagner 13, Katz, Perelstein, Ramsey-Musolf, Winslow 14...

NMSSM

MSSM

Pietroni 93, Davies, Froggatt, Moorhouse 95, Huber, Schmidt 01, Ham, Oh, Kim, Yoo, Son 04, Menon, Morrissey, Wagner 04, Funakubo, Tao, Yokoda 05, Huber, Konstandin, Prokopec, Schmidt 07, Chung, Long 10, Kozaczuk, Profumo, Stephenson Haskins, Wainwright 15...

Thanks: J. M. No

EWPT & Perturbation Theory

Expansion parameter



SM lattice studies: $g_{eff} \sim 0.8$ in vicinity of EWPT for $m_H \sim 70$ GeV

Theory Meets Phenomenology

A. Non-perturbative

- Most reliable determination of character of EWPT & dependence on parameters
- Broad survey of scenarios & parameter
- space not viable B. Perturbative mark pert theory Mgefessible approach to survey broad ranges of models, analyze parameter space, & predict experimental signatures
 - Quantitative reliability needs to be verified

Strategy

- Employ dimensionally-reduced 3D EFT in two regimes:
 - Heavy BSM scalars → integrate out and "repurpose" existing lattice computations
 - Light BSM scalars → perform new lattice simulations
 - Compare with perturbative computations at benchmark parameter points in selected models

High-T EFT: Dimensional Reduction

Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



Lattice simulations exist

Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



- Assume BSM fields are "heavy" or "supeheavy" : integrate out
- Effective "SM-like" theory parameters are functions of BSM parameters
- Use existing lattice computations for SM-like effective theory & matching onto full theory to determine FOEWPT-viable parameter space regions

Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



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Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



Meeting ground: 3-D high-T effective theory



Model Illustrations



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EW Multiplets: EWPT



Patel, R-M: arXiv 1212.5652 ; Blinov et al: 1504.05195

EW Multiplets: Two-Step EWPT



- One-step: Sym phase → Higgs phase
- Two-step: successive EW broken
 phases





EW Multiplets: Two-Step EWPT



Patel, R-M: arXiv 1212.5652 ; Blinov et al: 1504.05195

Real Triplet



Real Triplet: One-Step EWPT





Niemi, Patel, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1802.10500

- One-step
- Non-perturbative






Real Triplet: One-Step EWPT





Niemi, Patel, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1802.10500

- One-step
- Non-perturbative

Real Triplet



Real Triplet & EWPT: Novel EWSB



Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 2005.11332 → PRL 2021

• 1 or 2 step

• Non-perturbative

Real Triplet: Crossover vs 2nd Order



Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 2005.11332 → PRL 2021

Real Triplet & EWPT: Benchmark PT



Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 2005.11332 → PRL 2021

Gravitational Radiation



Thanks: D. Weir





- 1. Bubbles nucleate and grow
- 2. Expand in a plasma create reaction fronts
- 3. Bubbles + fronts collide violent process
- 4. Sound waves left behind in plasma
- 5. Turbulence; damping

Heavy Real Singlet: EWPT & GW



Gould, Kozaczuk, Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1903.11604

- One-step
- Non-perturbative

Heavy Real Singlet: EWPT & GW



Gould, Kozaczuk, Niemi, R-M, Tenkanen, Weir 1903.11604

- One-step
- Non-perturbative

IV. Outlook

- Determining the thermal history of EWSB is field theoretically interesting in its own right and of practical importance for baryogenesis and GW
- The scale T_{EW} → any new physics that modifies the SM crossover transition to a first order transition must live at M < 1 TeV and couple with sufficient strength to yield (in principle) observable shifts in Higgs boson properties → EWPT is a clear collider target
- Realizing this opportunity requires a new generation of robust theoretical computations, using EFT & nonperturbative methods, to benchmark perturbative calculations

IV. Outlook

• There are exciting opportunities for talented and ambitious theorists to make significant contributions to this growing frontier





- $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling
- Exotic Decays

- Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling

 $H^2\phi$ Barrier ?

Exotic Decays

- Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling
- Exotic Decays



H-\ Mixing

- Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling

 $H^2\phi$ Barrier ?

• Exotic Decays

H-\u00f6 Mixing

Single \u00f6 production

- Prevent baryon number washout
- Observable GW

- Prevent baryon number washout
- Observable GW



- Prevent baryon number washout
- Observable GW



Prevent baryon number washout



T_{EW} : Single ϕ^0 Production in e⁺e⁻ & pp

$Z \phi$ production in e⁺e⁻ :

$E_{\rm CM}({\rm TeV})$	$M_{\phi} \ (\text{GeV})$	$ \sin \theta $	σ (fb)	$\int dt \mathcal{L} (ab^{-1})$	N
340	150	0.01	0.01	5	50
500	150	0.01	0.005	2	10
	240	0.01	0.003	2	6
1500	150	0.01	5×10^{-4}	2.5	1
	400	0.01	4×10^{-4}	2.5	1
	700	0.01	2×10^{-4}	2.5	< 1
3000	150	0.01	1×10^{-4}	5	< 1
	400	0.01	1×10^{-4}	5	< 1
	700	0.01	1×10^{-4}	5	< 1

Single *\phi* production in pp via GF:

$E_{\rm CM}({\rm TeV})$	$M_{\phi} \ ({\rm GeV})$	$ \sin \theta $	σ (fb)	$\int dt \mathcal{L} (ab^{-1})$	$N \times 10^{-3}$
14	415	0.01	1	3	3
	714	0.01	0.1	3	0.3
100	415	0.01	59	30	1770
	714	0.01	12	30	360



$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: Is There a Barrier ?



EWPT → *Decrease in rate*

$H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$: Is There a Barrier ?



Thanks: M. Cepeda

- Thermal $\Gamma(h \rightarrow \gamma \gamma)$
- Higgs signal strengths
- Higgs self-coupling
- Exotic Decays

H²φ and/or H²φ² Barrier ?

See ahead

Light Singlets: Exotic Decays

 $h_2 \rightarrow h_1 h_1 \rightarrow 4b$



J. Kozaczuk, MR-M, J. Shelton 1911.10210 See also: Carena et al 1911.10206 Z. Liu talk this meeting

Light Singlets: Exotic Decays

 $h_2 \rightarrow h_1 h_1 \rightarrow 4b$



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Singlets: Precision & Res Di-Higgs Prod

SFOEWPT Benchmarks: Resonant di-Higgs & precision Higgs studies



65

EW Phase Transition: New Scalars



Modified Higgs Self-Coupling







EW Phase Transition: Singlet Scalars







67

Profumo, R-M, Wainwright, Winslow: 1407.5342; see also Noble & Perelstein 0711.3018

 $0.25 \quad 0.50$

 $0.75 \ 1.00 \ 1.25 \ 1.50 \ 1.75$

 $g_{111}/g_{111}^{\rm SM}$

50

0

EW Phase Transition: Singlet Scalars



EW Phase Transition: Singlet Scalars



Thanks: M. Cepeda







 M_{ϕ} < 350 GeV for perturbative a_2 , b_4
First Order EWPT from BSM Physics



First Order EWPT from BSM Physics

