Dark Sector Studies With Neutrino Beams

Joshua Berger Colorado State University



Based in part on LOI of same title!

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Model Landscape

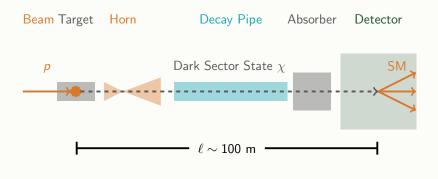
Can be broadly classified by production and detection channels

Model	Production	Detection		
Higgs Portal	K, B decay	Decay $(\ell^+\ell^-)$		
	$\pi^0, \ \eta$ Decay Scattering ($\chi e^-, \chi X$, Dark Tri			
Vector Portal	Proton Bremmstrahlung	Decay $(\ell^+\ell^-, \pi^+\pi^-)$		
	Drell-Yan	Inelastic Decay $(\chi o \chi' \ell^+ \ell^-)$		
Neutrino Portal	$\pi, K, D_{(s)}, B$ decay	Decay (many final states)		
ALP Portal	Meson Decay	Decay $(\gamma\gamma)$		
$(\gamma$ -coupling dominant)) Photon Fusion	Inverse Primakoff process		
Primakoff Process				
Dark Neutrinos	SM Neutrino	Upscattering + Decay		
Dipole Portal	Dalitz Decay	Decay $(u_D ightarrow u\gamma)$		
uphilic Mediators	SM Neutrino	Scattering (Missing p_T , SM Tridents)		

Why Accelerator Neutrino Experiments?

- Because they have some of the highest intensity proton beams
- Because they have excellent detectors
- Because beam-produced DM/DSP tend to be very energetic
- Because there are a lot of facilities right now or in the next few year

Short-Baseline/Near Detector Setup



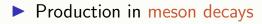
$$N = \sigma_{\text{prod}} \cdot N_{\text{POT}} \cdot n_T \cdot L_T \cdot f_{\chi \rightarrow \text{det}} \cdot P_{\chi \text{ dec./int.}}$$

Proton Beam Facilities

Location	Beam	Kin. E (GeV)	Power (kW)
Fermilab	BNB	8	20
	NuMI	120	600
	LBNF	60-120	1200
RA	ISIS	0.8	160
J-PARC	RCS	3	530
	MR	30	500 / 55
Los Alamos	LAMPF	0.8	800
CERN	SPS	400	100

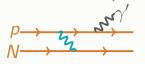
Production Mechanisms

Broad falls into three categories:





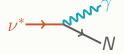






 π^0, η ----N

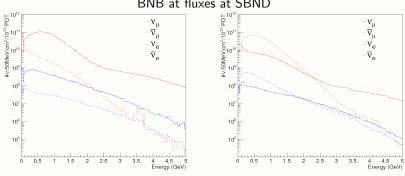
Production via neutrinos





Focusing Horns

B field to focus one Q of mesons toward detectors Can affect the flux of signals from meson decay



BNB at fluxes at SBND

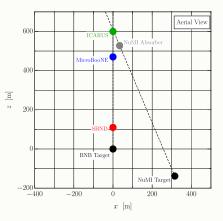
Adams et. al.: LAr1-ND Proposal

Absorber

Mesons can travel into absorber & stop

Leads to decay at rest

Unique kinematics: Easier to select But also lower energy

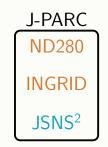


Batell, JB, Ismail: PRD 100 (2019) 11, 115039

Experimental Landscape



LANL CCM





Tools: Production

- BdNMC deNiverville et. al.: PRD 95 (2017) 3, 035006 Simulates dark photon/gauged B-mediated DM Includes prompt and meson decay production Assumes thick target (beam dump) MadDump Buonocore et. al.: JHEP 05 (2019) 028 MadGraph-based, so UFO model implementation Includes prompt and meson decay production Assumes thick target (beam dump) Beam-specific Batell, JB, Ismail: PRD 100,115039 (2019) Needs to be done "by hand"
 - Prompt is tricky (but maybe not necessary)
 - Includes full geometry for thin targets

Tools: Detection

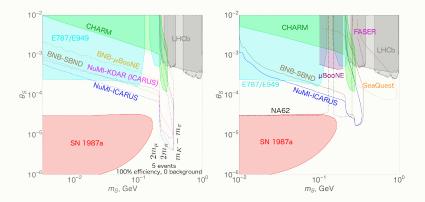


- Usually straightforward (up to detector effects)
- ► GENIE JB: 1812.05616
 - Arbitrary spin 1 mediated
 - Includes elastic and DIS (resonant forthcoming!)
- BdNMC deNiverville et. al.: PRD 95 (2017) 3, 035006
 - Dark photon/gauged B-mediated
 - ▶ Includes elastic, Δ production
- ► MadDump: Buonocore et. al.: JHEP 05 (2019) 028
 - MadGraph-based, so UFO model implementation
 - Includes elastic e⁻ and DIS

Detector response?

- Detectors need a dense medium:
 ν interactions are the main target
- Along with cosmic rays: main background
- Understanding detector response can be important when not background free
- ► For now: parameterized or neglected
- LArTPC case: still under study by experimentalists!
- γ conversion can fake small opening e^+e^-

Example: Higgs Portal



Batell, JB, Ismail: PRD 100,115039 (2019)

Outlook

- Neutrino experiments continue to be excellent probes of a variety of dark sector models
- Many experiments operating and on the horizon: new opportunities to be explored!
- Tools and detector response still under development and can affect understanding of sensitivity