

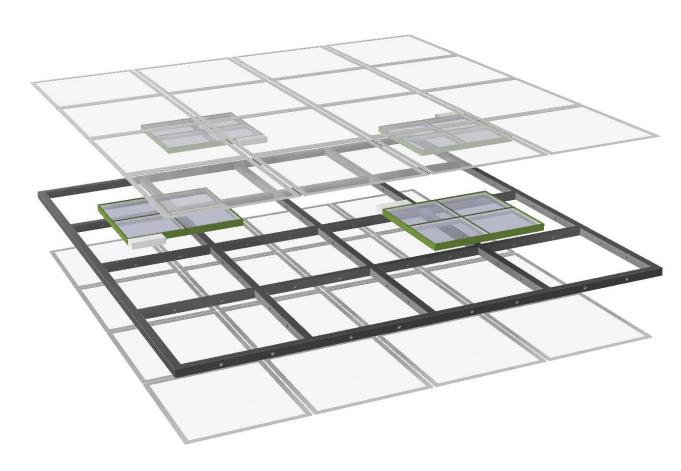


Cathode Design

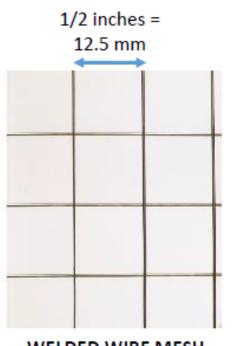
Philippe Rosier & Fabien Cavalier November 26th 2020

Requirements

- Dimension: 3000 mm x 3375 mm x 50 (max) mm
- Weight $< 10 \text{ kg/m}^2$ in air (including Arapuca 2.8 kg/m²)
- Bending < 20 mm in Lar
- Mesh transparency > 85%
- Mesh pitch < 30 mm



The Mesh

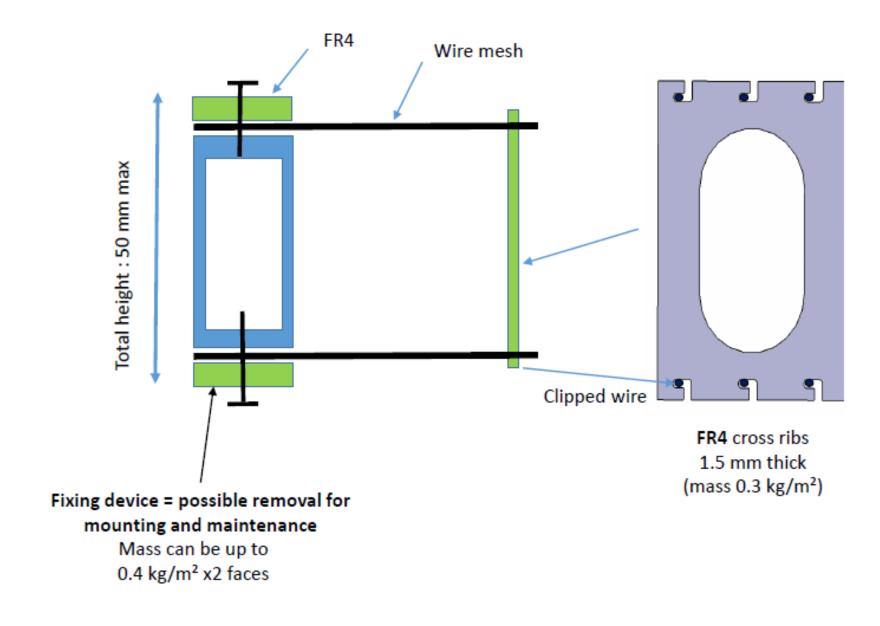


WELDED WIRE MESH

Wire diameter = 0.9 mm

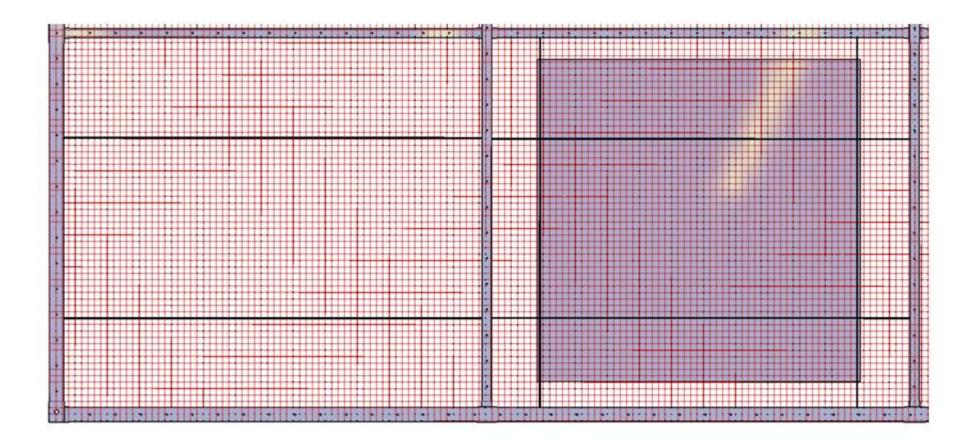
Transparency = 86.5 %

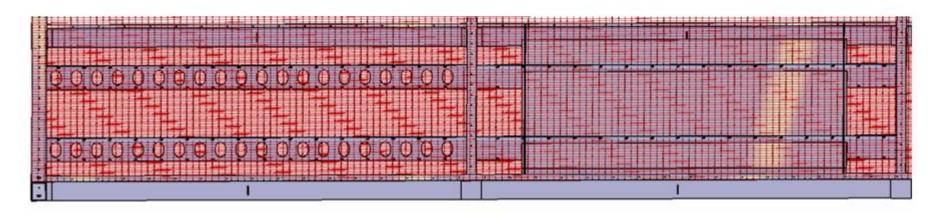
Mass = 0.8 kg/m² x 2 faces



Total Weight: $2.7 \text{ kg/m}^2 => \text{we suppose } 3 \text{ kg/m}^2 \text{ in the design}$

The Mesh



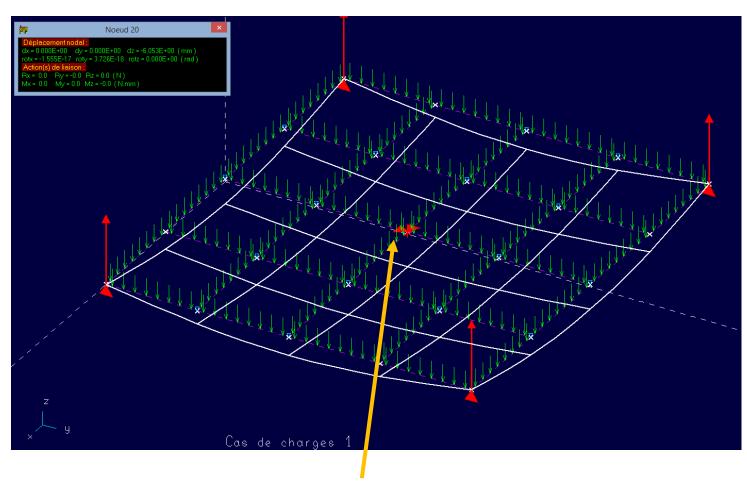


Frame Deformation

Material	Tube Size	Total Weight in Air	Total Weight in LAr	Max Deflection in Air (cathode only)	Max Deflection in Air (supercathode)	Max Deflection in Lar (supercathode)
FRP	50x50x2.5x5 mm	1040 N	520 N	28 mm	22 mm	15 mm
Stainless Steel	40x20/30x1x2 mm	1020 N	659 N	16 mm	11 mm	9 mm

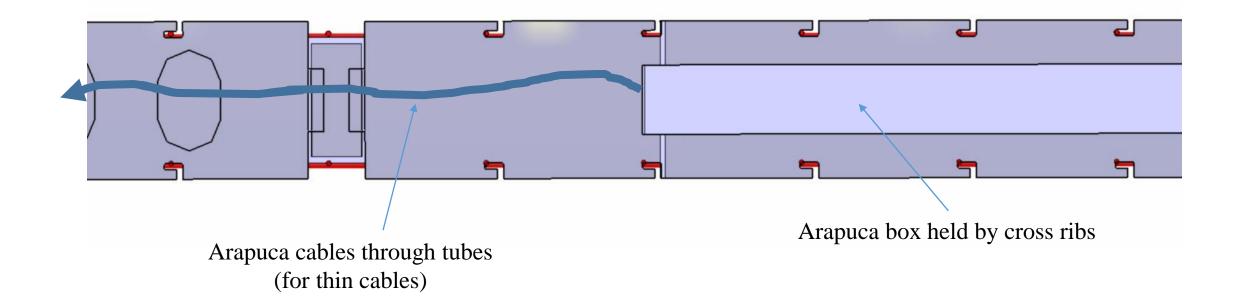
Boundary conditions: the 4 corners of the cathode blocked in vertical movement

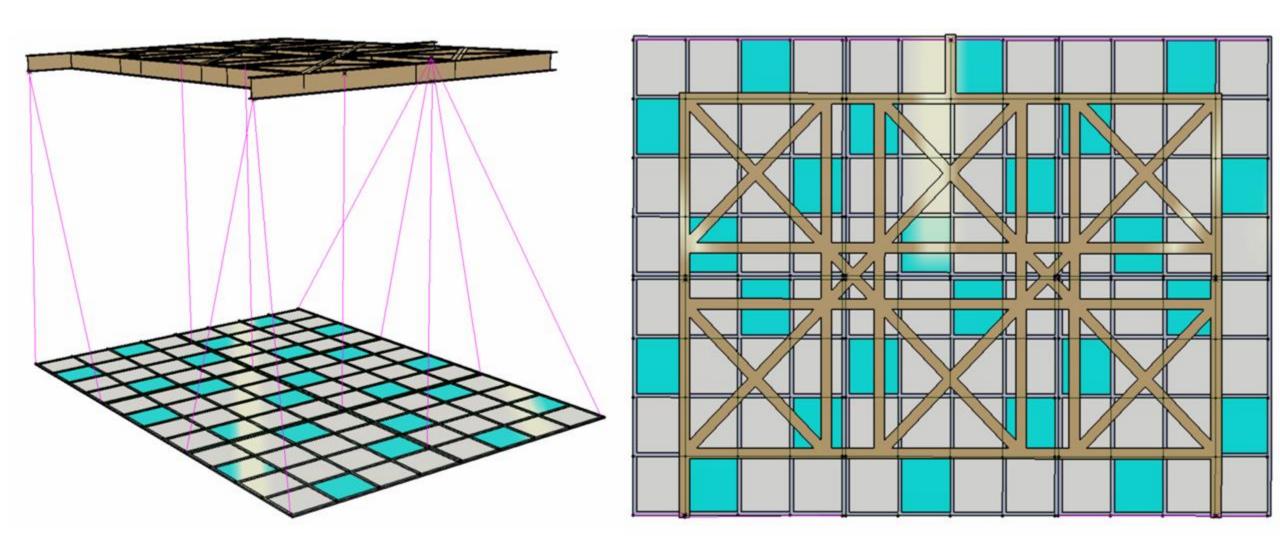
Frame Deformation



Displacement max in air = 28 mm

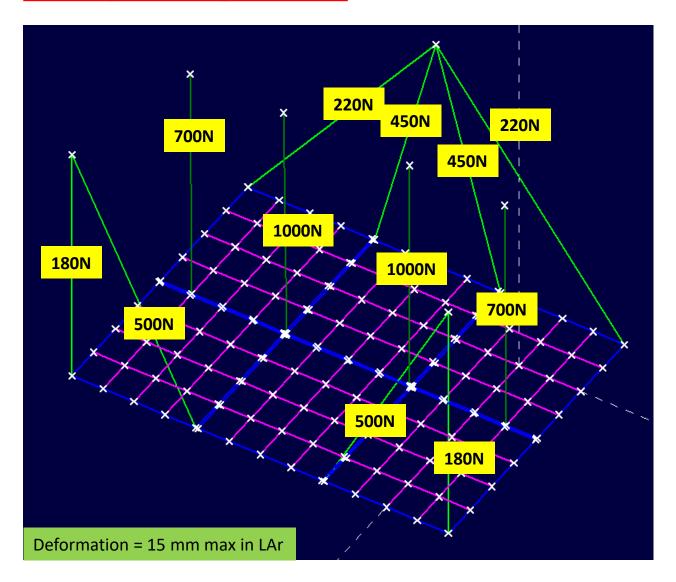
Arapuca Cables Path





All wires are in a vertical plane corresponding to a dead zone of the anodes.

Bending of the supercathode



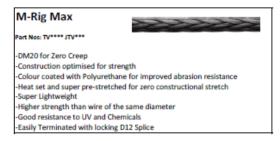
Cable choice:

- Strength in order to have small diameter
- Low creep

=>

Rope Dyneema DM20 (M-RIG max) Diam.3 mm = 12500 N max

M-Rig Max Standing Rigging



Diameter	Mass	Average strength	Min strongth (spliced)	Stretch	
mm	g/m	kg	kg	mm/mm/1000kg	
2.5	4.5	902	839	0.04709	
3	6.8	1353	1259	0.03141	
4	11.1	2224	2069	0.01911	
5	15.6	2874	2672	0.01479	

Creep at 300MPa = 0.00007%/day (10 years = 87600 hours = 0.25% = 15 mm) (here we are at 142 Mpa max in air and 100 Mpa in LAr)