

Contribution ID: 79 Type: not specified

## Via Machinae

Thursday 8 July 2021 21:00 (20 minutes)

I describe a new machine learning algorithm, Via Machinae, to identify cold stellar streams in data from the Gaia telescope. Via Machinae is based on ANODE, a general method that uses conditional density estimation and sideband interpolation to detect local overdensities in the data in a model agnostic way. By applying ANODE to the positions, proper motions, and photometry of stars observed by Gaia, Via Machinae obtains a collection of those stars deemed most likely to belong to a stellar stream. In this talk, I will provide an overview of the Via Machinae algorithm, using the known stream GD-1 as a worked example, and show preliminary results of our analysis across the full sky.

## **Affiliation**

**Rutgers University** 

## **Academic Rank**

Professor

Primary author: BUCKLEY, Matthew (Rutgers University)

Co-authors: SHIH, David (Rutgers University); NECIB, Lina (California Institute of Technology); TAMANAS,

John (University of California, Santa Cruz)

Presenter: BUCKLEY, Matthew (Rutgers University)

Session Classification: New Horizons