



ATLAS and CMS latest results on ttH and tH

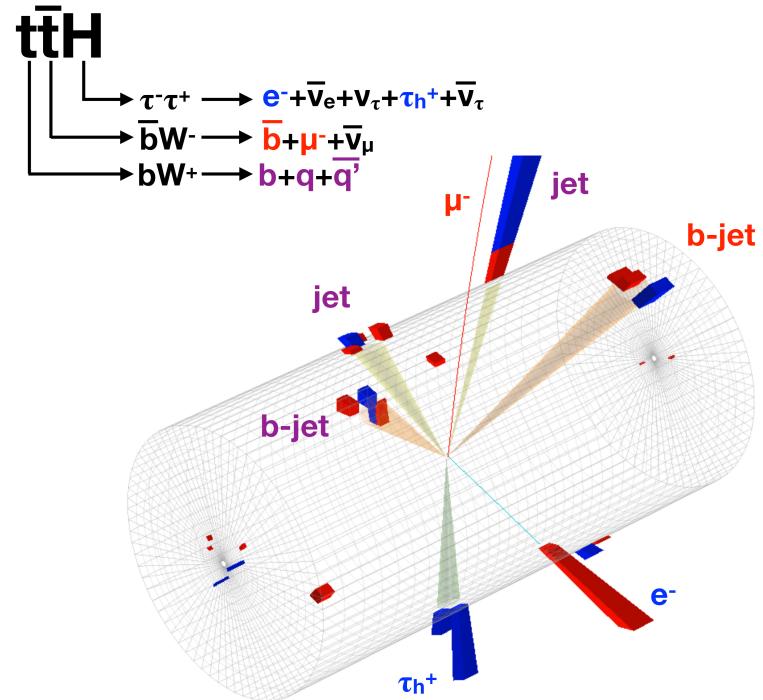


Thomas Strebler

Centre de Physique
des Particules de Marseille
Aix-Marseille Univ. / CNRS-IN2P3

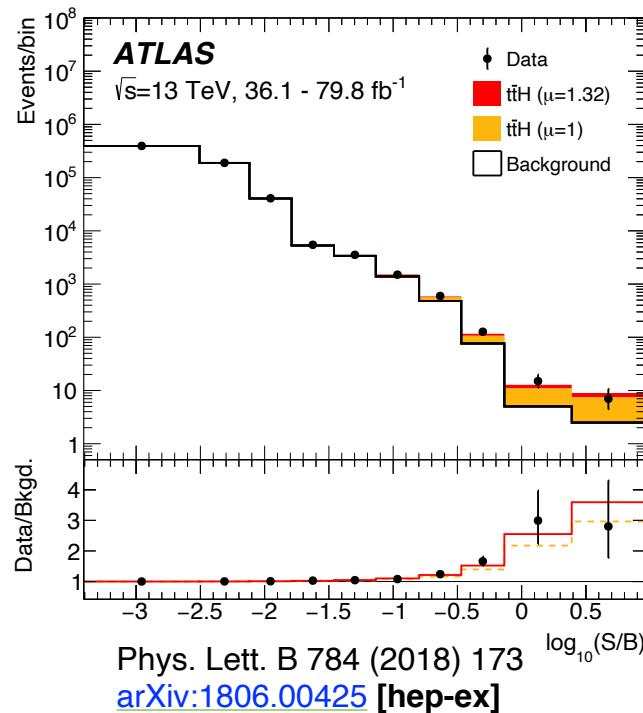
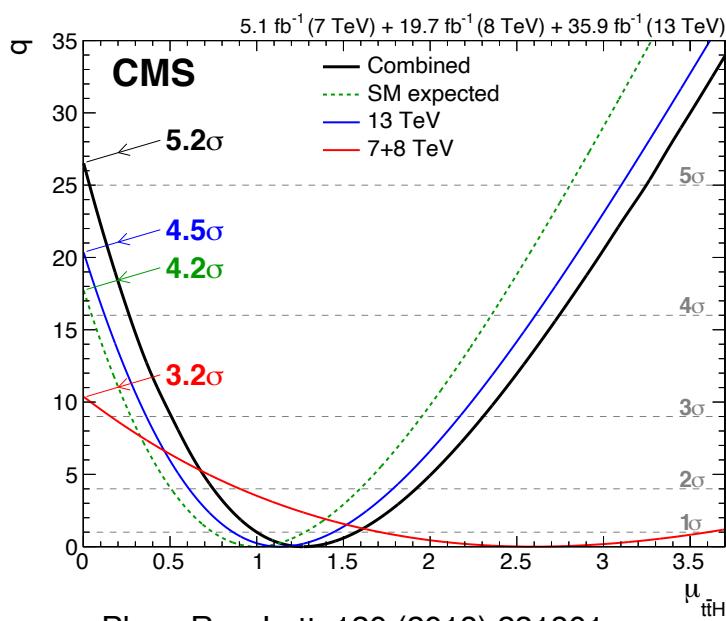
*on behalf of the ATLAS
and CMS collaborations*

SM@LHC2021
April 27th, 2021



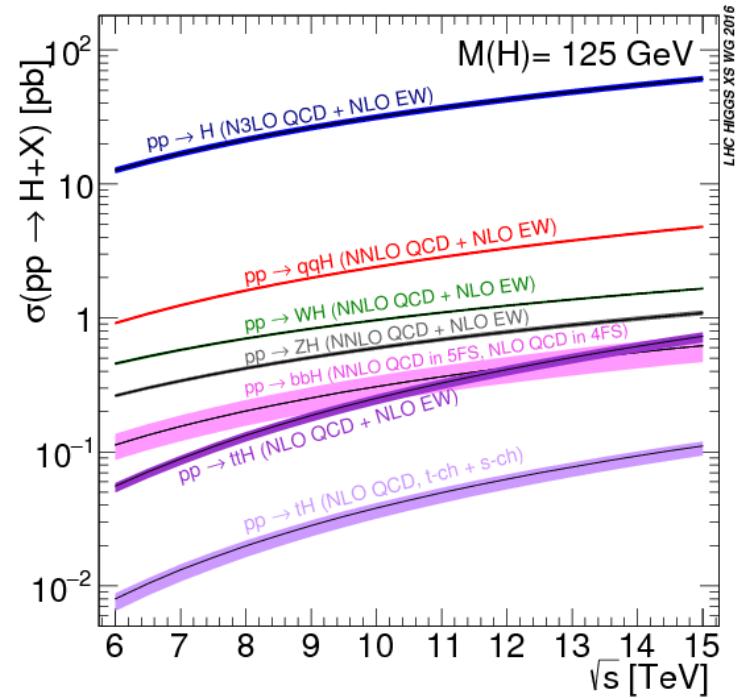
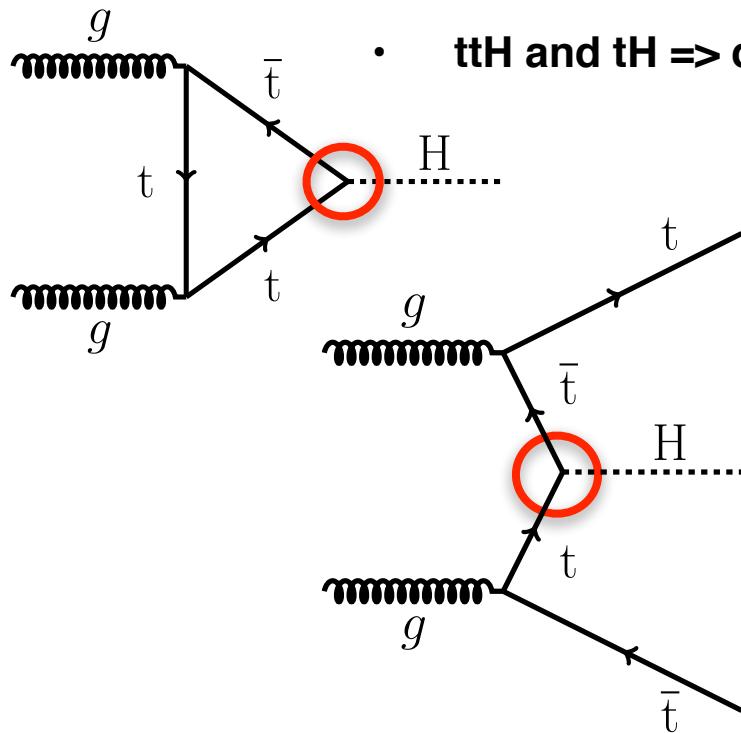
Introduction

- Higgs boson observation with LHC Run 1 data: unambiguous evidence for Higgs boson coupling to gauge bosons
- Run 2 dataset offered possibility to probe in more details Higgs couplings to 3rd-generation fermions
- In particular, first observation by ATLAS and CMS of Higgs+top associated production in Spring 2018 with partial Run 2 datasets



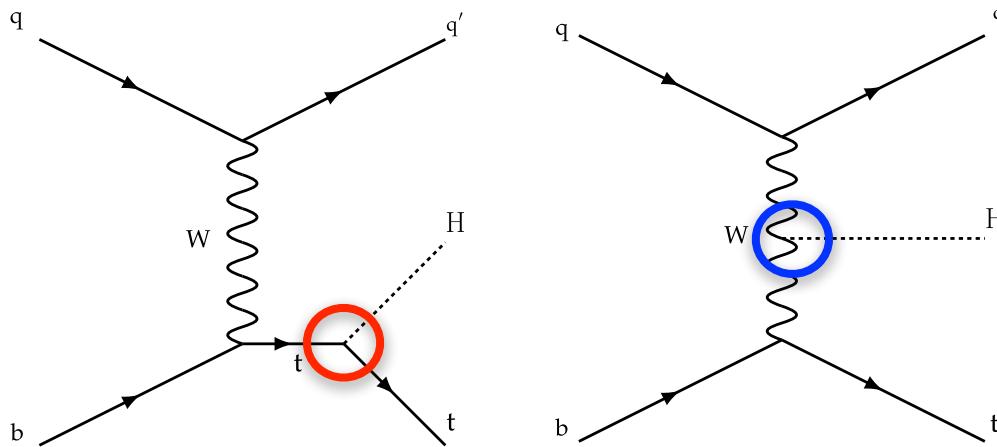
Motivation

- In SM, top-Higgs coupling (Y_t) **very large wrt other fermions**: good opportunity to study Higgs Yukawa couplings to fermions
- Access to Y_t with **ggF + $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ decay**
- **Model-dependent constraints on Y_t** , assuming no BSM particles in the loop



- **Target as many decay modes as possible** for top + Higgs to optimally exploit small cross-section (0.5 fb, $\sim 1\%$ ggF)
- **Single top + Higgs cross-section even one order of magnitude lower than ttH**: very challenging SM process to observe...

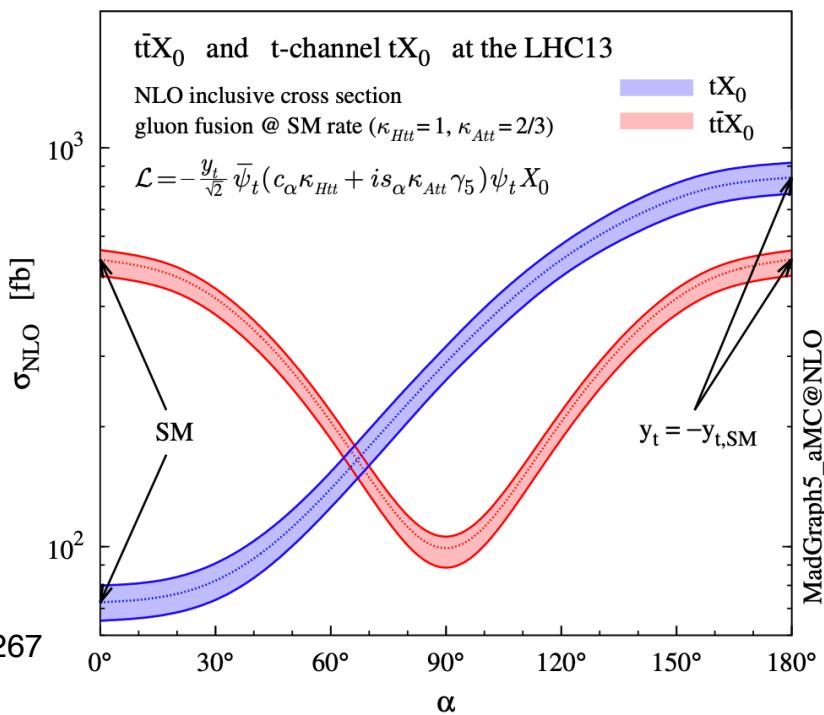
Motivation



- In general, not only $|Y_t|$ can be probed with ttH process but also the **CP-structure of the top-Higgs coupling** (CP-mixing angle α)
=> impacts cross-section and kinematics of top + Higgs
- Combined analysis of ttH + tH processes can be used to lift degeneracy between α and $180^\circ - \alpha$ hypotheses

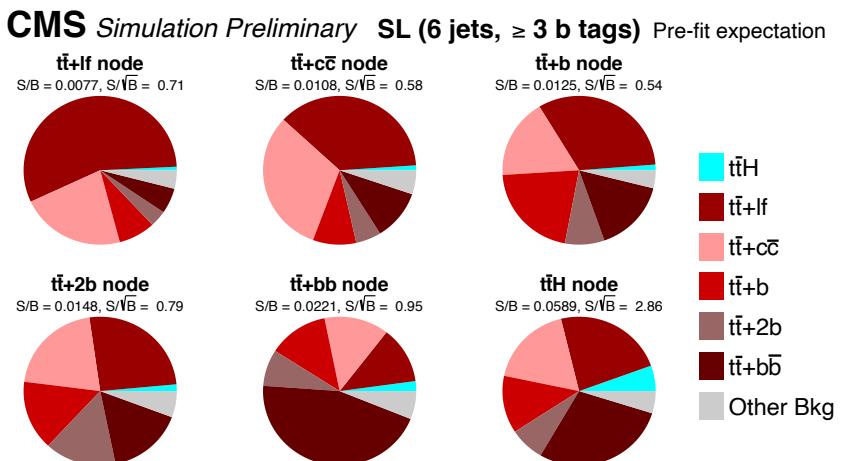
Eur. Phys. J. C 75 (2015) 6, 267
[arXiv:1504.00611 \[hep-ex\]](https://arxiv.org/abs/1504.00611)

- Single-top + Higgs production involves interfering diagrams with top-Higgs and W-Higgs couplings**
- In SM destructive interference** but if $Y_t = -Y_t(\text{SM})$ tH cross-section can be enhanced by one order of magnitude



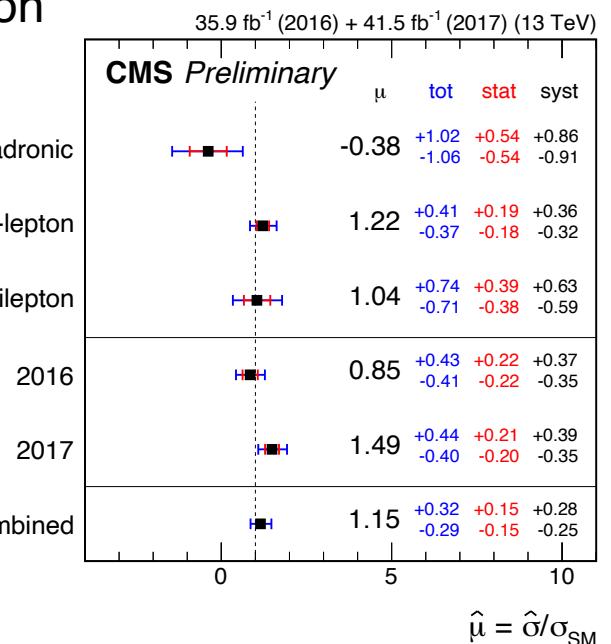
Searches for ttH@LHC

- **ttH H \rightarrow bb:** ATLAS 139 fb $^{-1}$ / CMS 77.4 fb $^{-1}$
[ATLAS-CONF-2020-058](#) / [CMS-PAS-HIG-18-030](#)
Largest branching ratio
Low purity + combinatorics + large theoretical uncertainties on irreducible tt+bb background
Full Run 2 dataset
Partial Run 2 dataset
- **ttH H \rightarrow WW / ZZ / $\tau\tau$:** ATLAS 80 fb $^{-1}$ / CMS 137 fb $^{-1}$
[ATLAS-CONF-2019-045](#) / [CMS-HIG-19-008](#) (accepted by EPJC)
Clean final state with leptons + moderate irreducible backgrounds
Challenging modelling of ttW and reducible backgrounds w/ non-prompt leptons + jets faking τ_h
- **ttH H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$:** ATLAS 139 fb $^{-1}$ / CMS 137 fb $^{-1}$
[ATLAS-HIGG-2019-01 Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 \(2020\) 061802](#) / [ATLAS-CONF-2020-026](#)
[CMS-HIG-19-013 Phys. Rev. Lett. 125 \(2020\) 061801](#) / [CMS-HIG-19-015](#) (submitted to JHEP)
Clean signature + possible to reconstruct all Higgs decay products + S/B \sim 1
Low branching ratio
- **ttH H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l:** ATLAS 139 fb $^{-1}$ / CMS 137 fb $^{-1}$
[ATLAS-HIGG-2018-28 Eur. Phys. J. C 80 \(2020\) 957](#) / [CMS-HIG-19-001](#) (submitted to EPJC)
Very clean signature + possible to reconstruct all Higgs decay products + very high purity
Very low branching ratio, only a handful of events expected
=> in back-up slides



- **Fully hadronic channel:**
 - data-driven multijet background estimate
 - MEM ttH vs ttbb for signal extraction
- **Largest impact uncertainties:**
 - cross-sections of signal + tt+hf (50% prior)
 - b-tagging
 - data-driven multijet background
- **Sensitivity:** 3.9σ observed (3.5σ expected)

- **Categories based on number of jets + b-jets** used to constrain various background components
- **Single-lepton channel:** ANN used as multi-classifier to define background-enriched nodes + for signal extraction
- **Dilepton channel:** BDT ttH vs ttbar for signal extraction



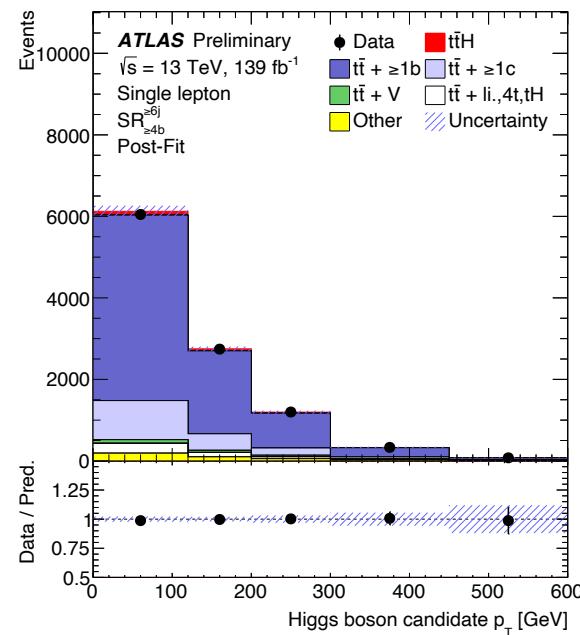
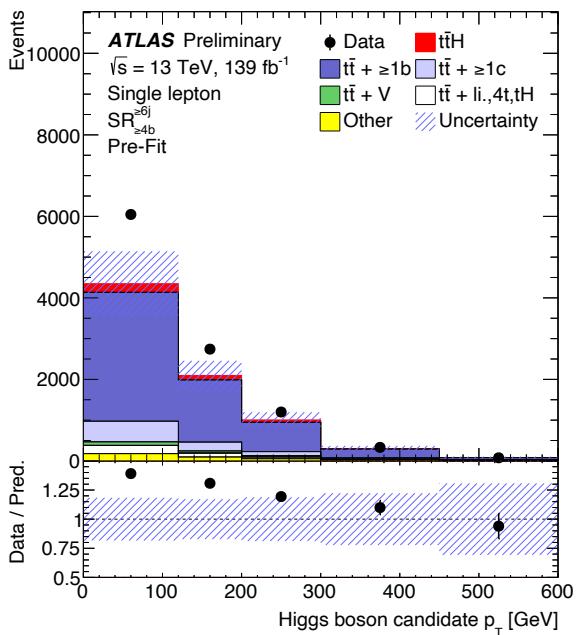
- **Similar analysis strategy:** includes SL resolved, boosted and DL channels + STXS p_T(H) measurement, BDTs used for reco jet assignment + signal extraction
- **tt+bb background modelled with 4FS NLO simulation with extra b-jets from ME**
- **Dedicated samples used to assess dominant shape systematic uncertainties:**
 - ISR + FSR
 - PS + hadronization
 - NLO matching (uncorrelated between pT bins)
 - Relative fractions of tt+hf components

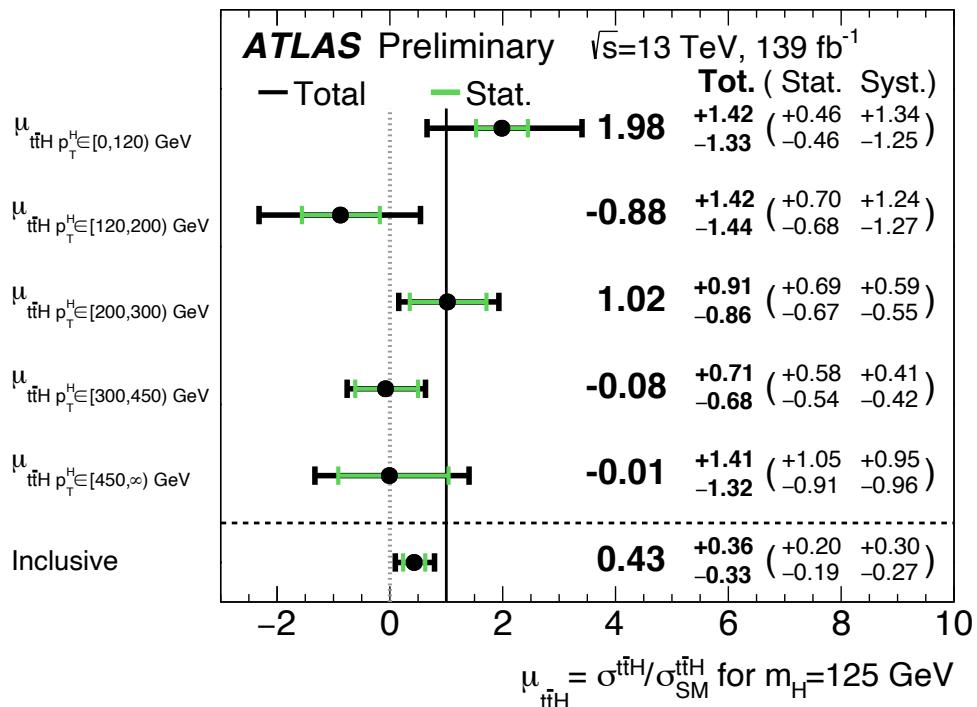
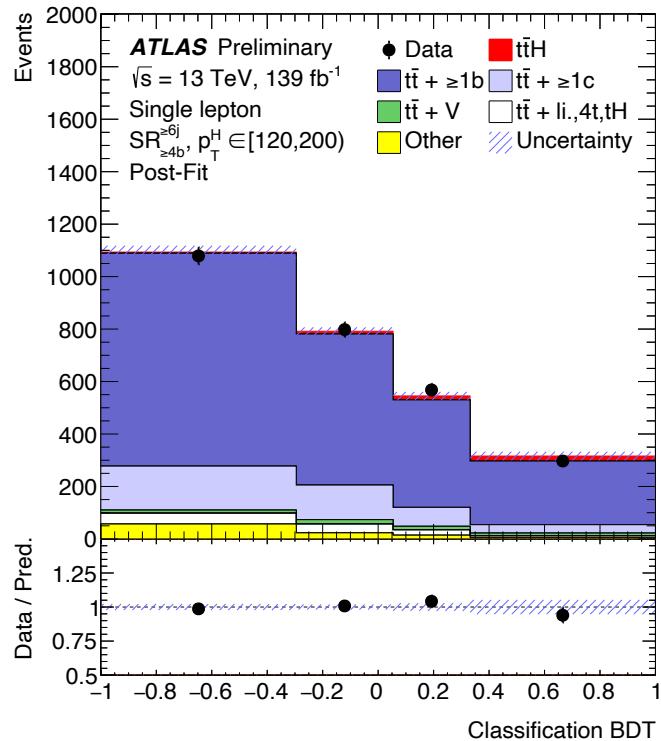
• **Free-floating tt + bb normalisation:**

$$k(\text{tt}+\text{bb}) = 1.26 \pm 0.09$$

tt+cc 100% normalisation priori uncertainty

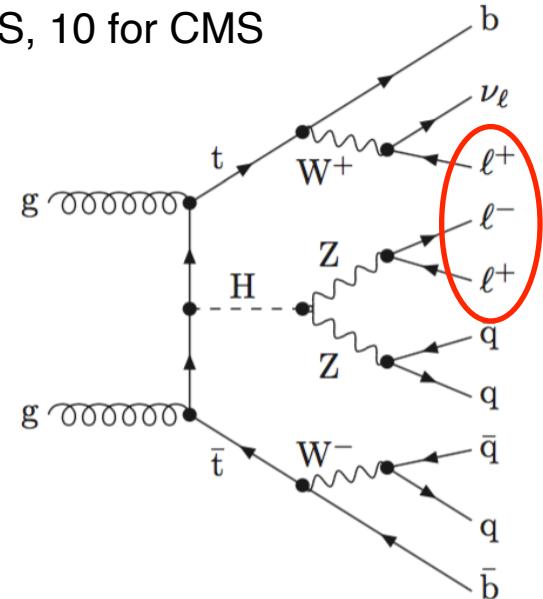
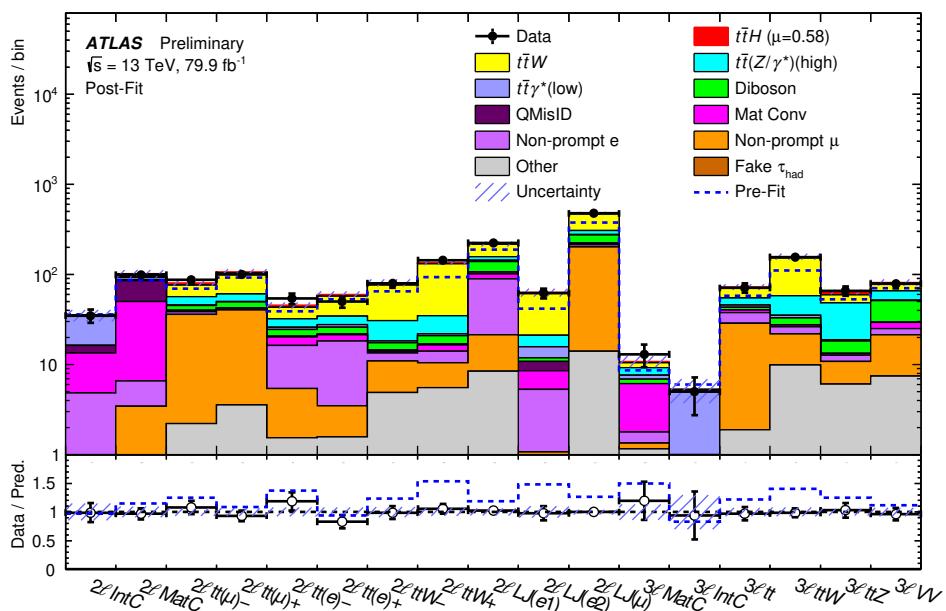
• **pT(H) mismodelling covered with ad-hoc uncertainty derived from inclusive signal region**





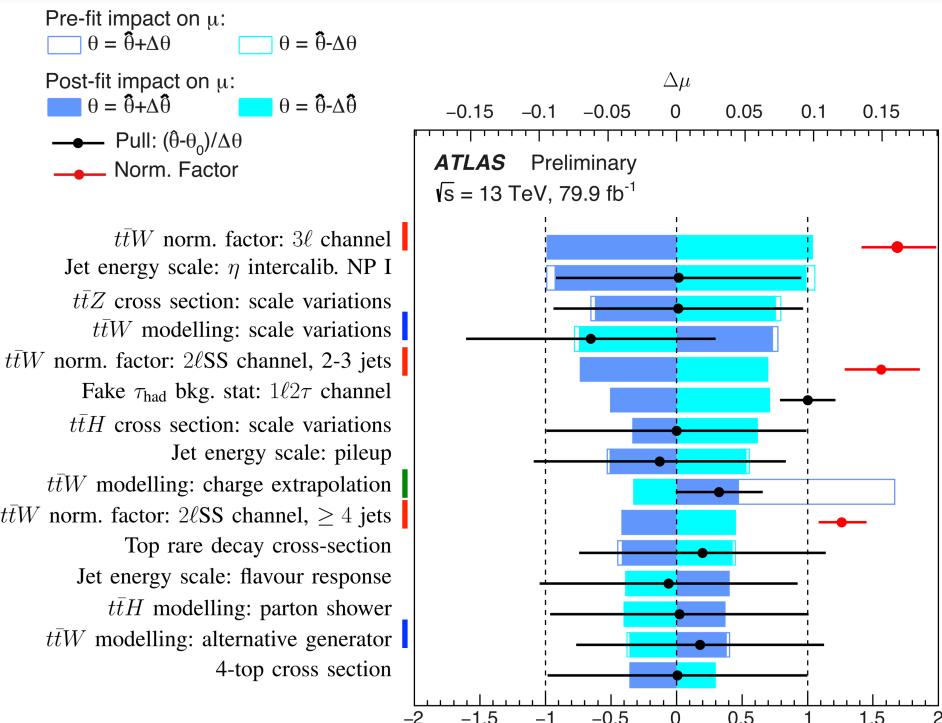
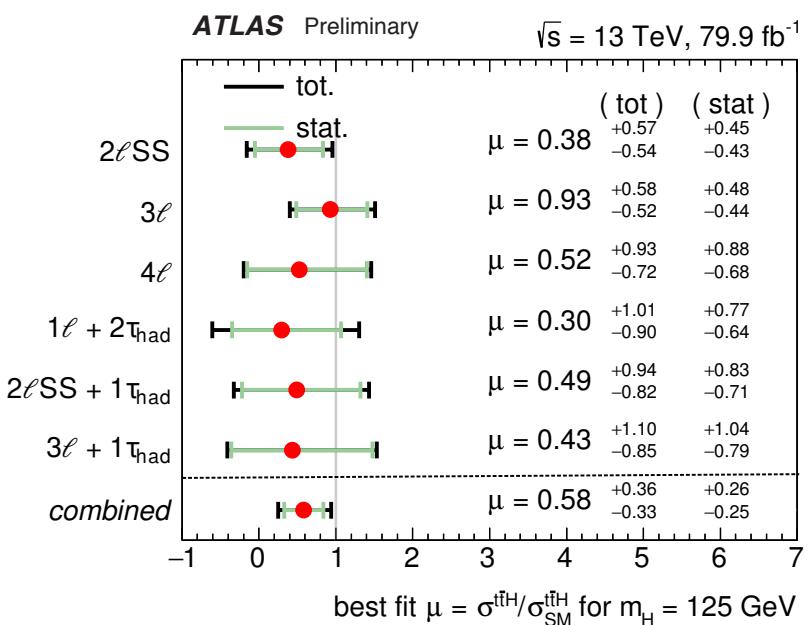
- Good post-fit agreement observed, with **uncertainty dominated by tt+hf modelling systematics**
- Individual STXS signal strengths compatible with SM or $\mu=0$ within 2σ ,** sensitivity beyond $p_T=300 \text{ GeV}$ thanks to boosted categories
- Sensitivity:** 1.3σ observed (3.0σ expected)

- Targets final-state with several leptons + τ_h : 8 channels for ATLAS, 10 for CMS
- Main sources of background:
 - irreducible: ttV, di-boson
 - reducible: non-prompt leptons, fake τ_h , charge mis-ID, conversions (ttbar + t $\gamma\gamma$)
- MVA selections used to separate prompt leptons (from W/Z/ τ decays) from non-prompt leptons (b decays, light hadrons)

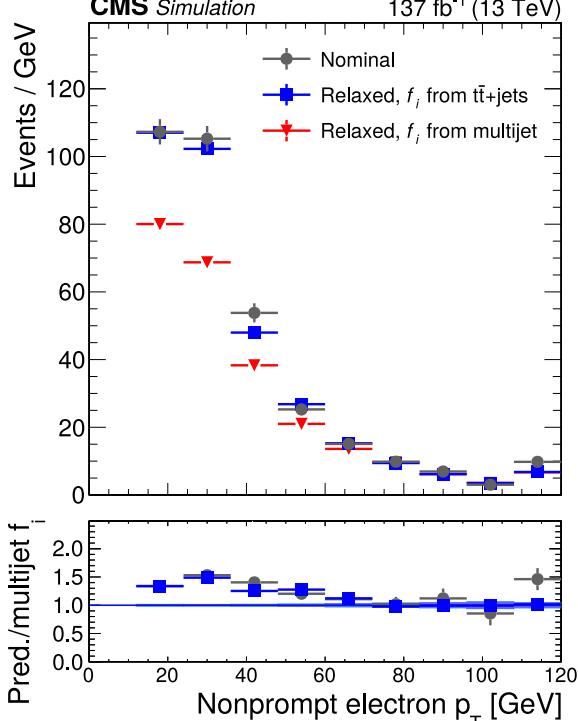


- Subcategories based on lepton charge + flavour + b-jet multiplicity
- ATLAS analysis relies on simulation for background shape + control regions for normalisation
- BDTs used for signal extraction: multi-dimensional binning w/ binary classifiers or multi-classifiers

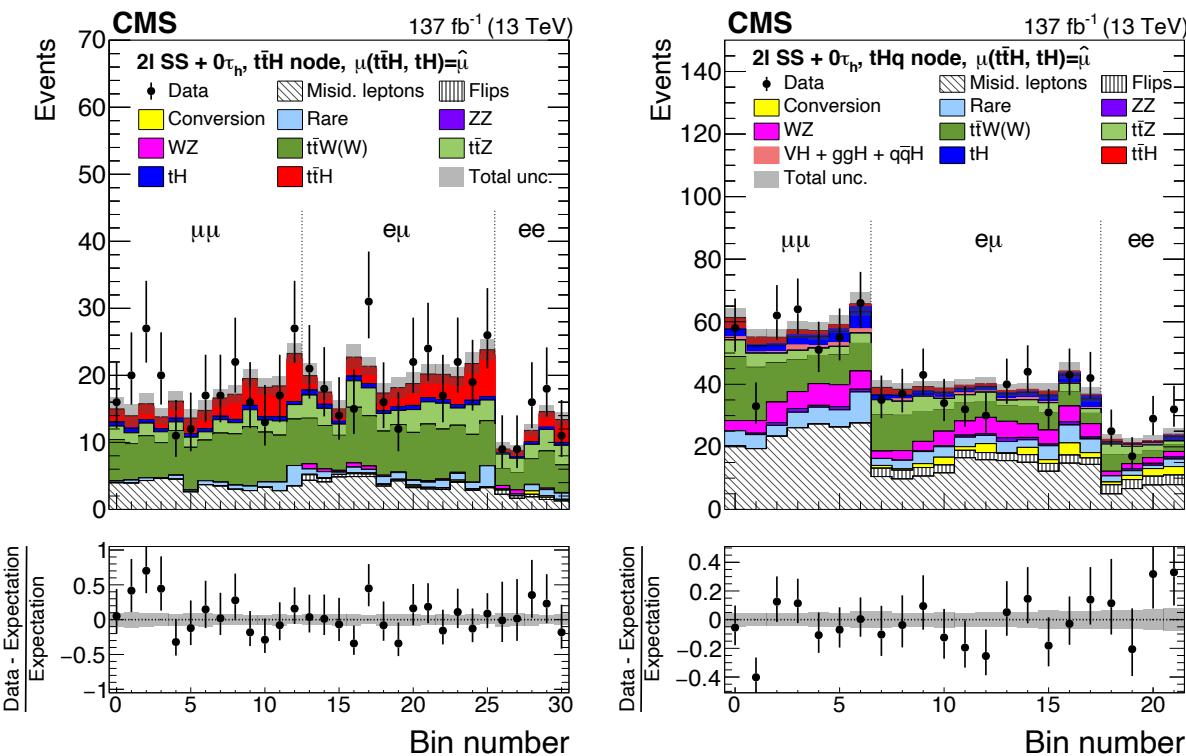
- Challenging modelling of ttW background:
 - several uncorrelated free-floating normalisations factors
 - theoretical uncertainties
 - ad hoc extrapolation uncertainties for charge asymmetry + b-jet multiplicity
- Observed excess in ttW taking into account state-of-the-art QCD and EW corrections ($\sigma(\text{ttW})=727 \text{ fb}$), confirmed w/ several cross-checks



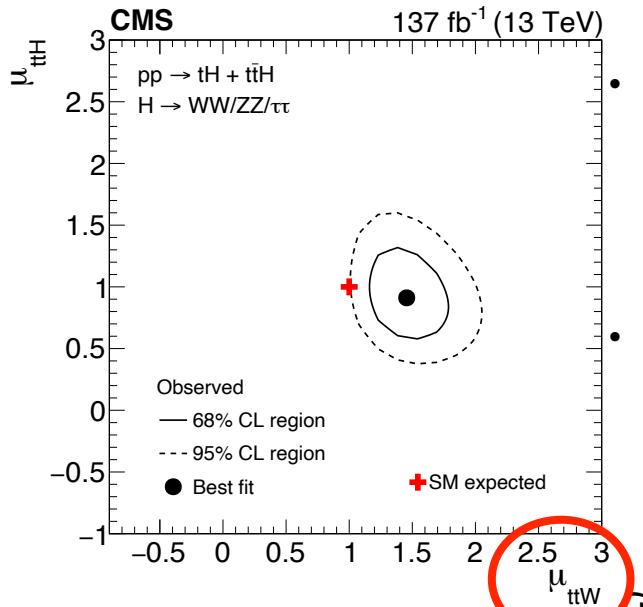
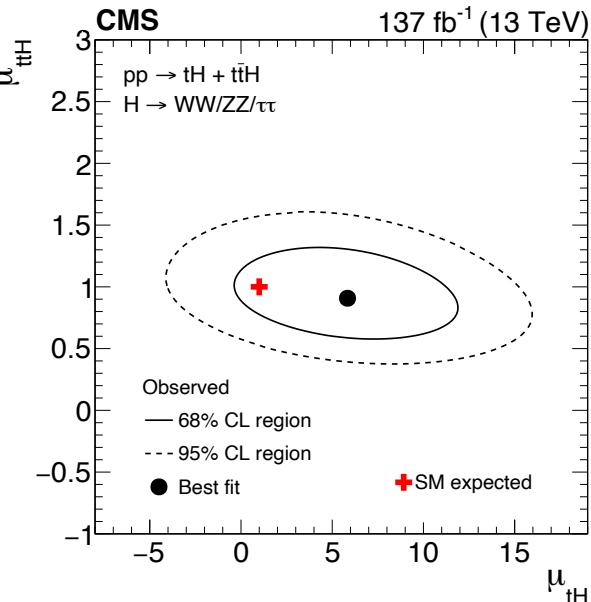
- Systematic uncertainties getting larger than stat. uncertainty:
dominated by ttW modelling + jet energy scale
- Sensitivity: 1.8σ observed (3.1σ expected)



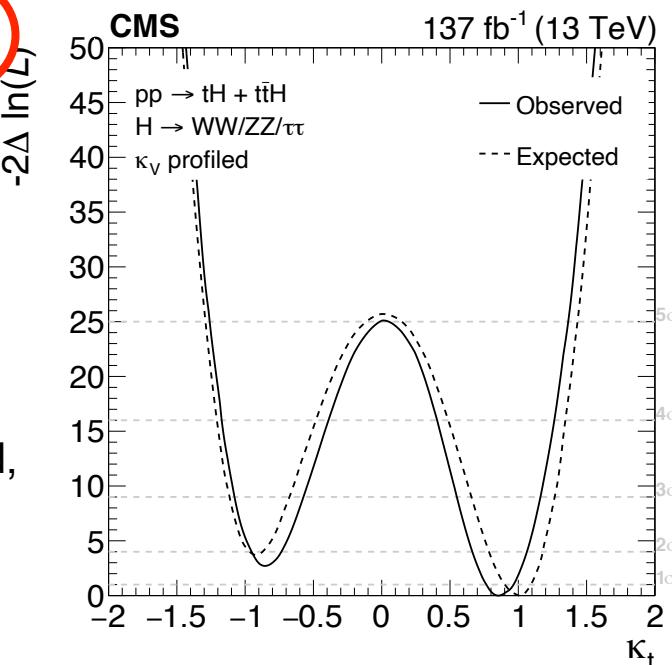
- Misidentified lepton background data-driven estimation** with misID probability method: fake rate measured in data, w/ extrapolation correction + uncertainty
- Irreducible backgrounds constrained with dedicated control regions:** $t\bar{t}Z$ + diboson from events with on-shell Z, $t\bar{t}W$ from ANN multi classifier node



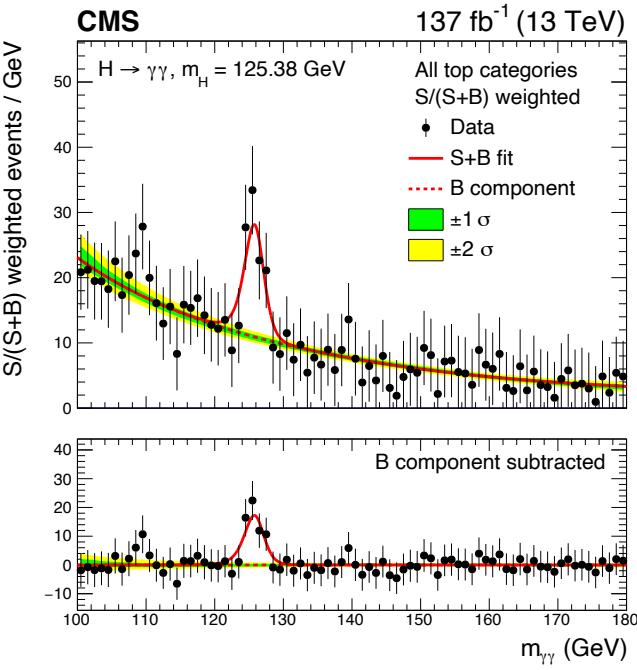
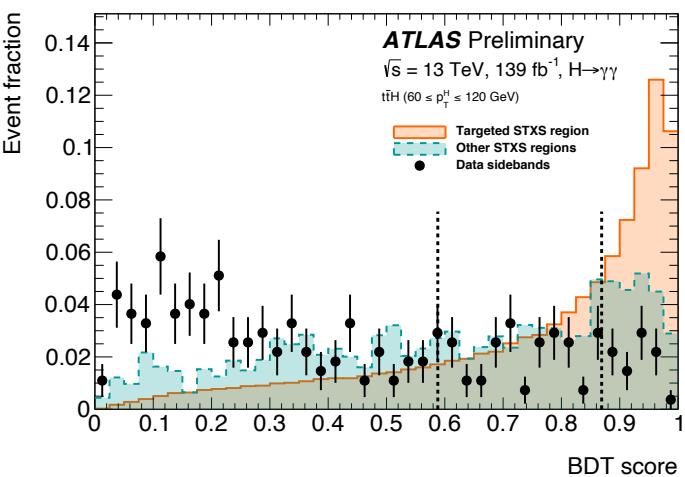
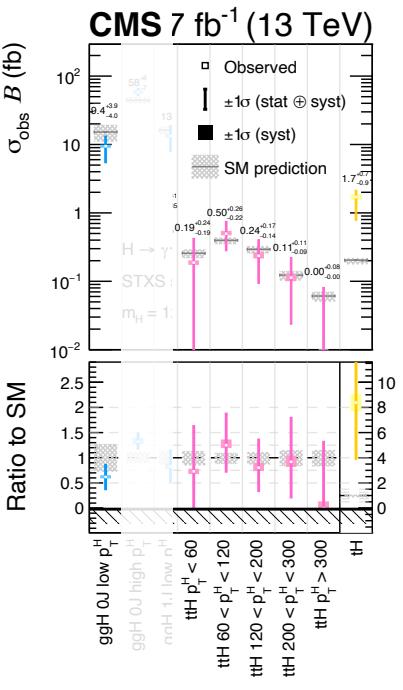
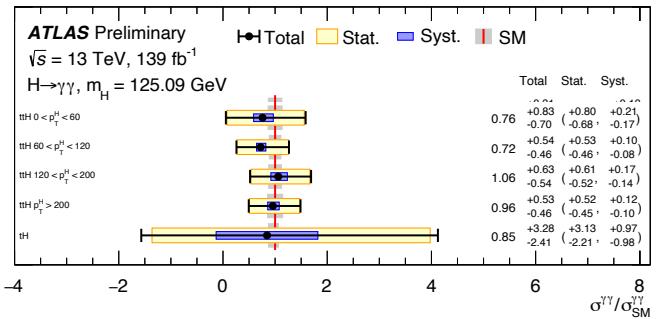
- ANN multiclassifier used for signal extraction**
- Separate $t\bar{t}H$ and tH nodes** in 2I S , 2I S +1 τ_h , 3I categories: exploiting forward jet kinematic

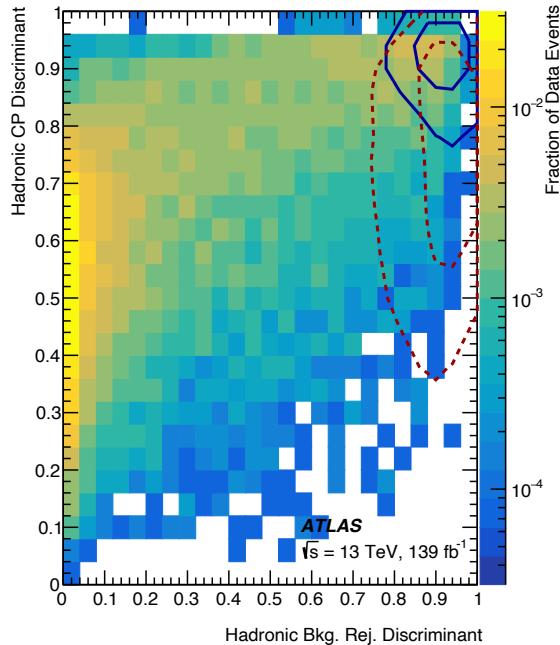


- Signal extraction with uncorrelated signal strengths for ttH, tH, ttW and ttZ
- Similar ttW excess as in ATLAS analysis ($\sigma(\text{ttW})=650 \text{ fb}$)
 $\mu(\text{ttW}) = 1.43 \pm 0.21$



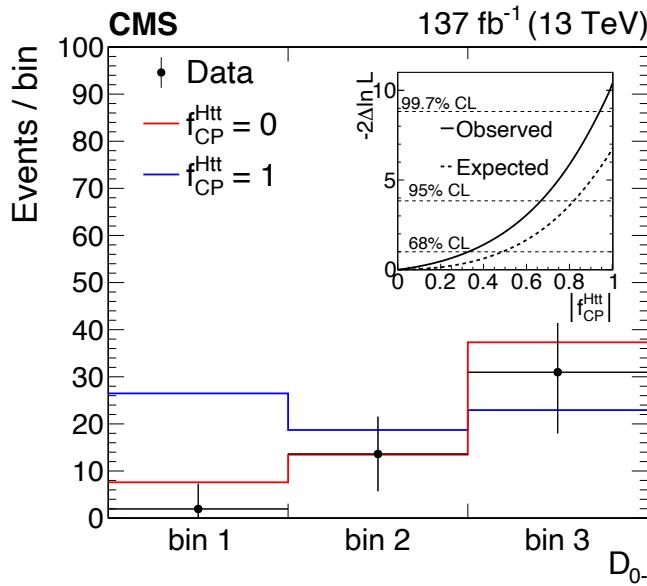
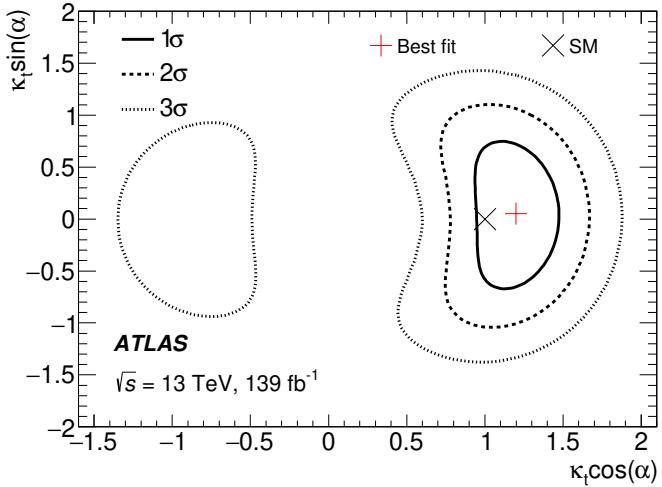
- ttH + tH H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ studied as part of inclusive STXS measurements:** STXS bin assignment handled w/ 44-class multi-classifier BDT (ATLAS) or ttH vs tH DNN (CMS)
- Categories with increasing purity defined with signal vs background BDT**
- Fit of $m(\gamma\gamma)$ used for signal extraction**
- Stat. limited measurements in each ttH bin in agreement with SM**
- Upper limit on tH:**
8 x SM ATLAS
14 x SM CMS (8 exp.)





- Dedicated ttH H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ analyses developed to constrain CP structure of top-Higgs coupling

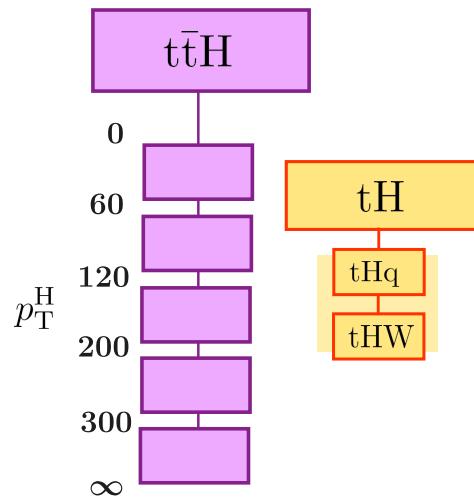
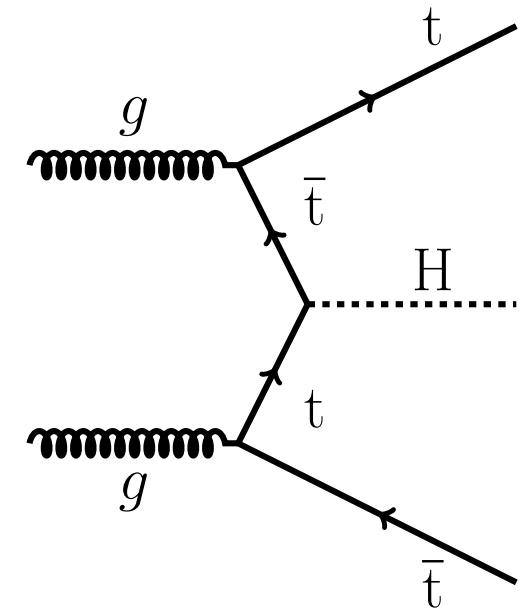
$$\mathcal{L} = - \frac{m_t}{v} \left\{ \bar{\psi}_t \kappa_t [\cos(\alpha) + i \sin(\alpha) \gamma_5] \psi_t \right\} H \quad f_{CP}^{Htt} = \frac{|\tilde{\kappa}_t|^2}{|\kappa_t|^2 + |\tilde{\kappa}_t|^2} \text{ sign}(\tilde{\kappa}_t / \kappa_t)$$
- 2D categories built based on signal vs background BDT as in STXS + CP-even vs CP-odd signal, fit of $m(\gamma\gamma)$
- ttH sensitivity under CP-even SM hypothesis:
 - 5.2 σ obs. (4.4 σ exp.) ATLAS
 - 6.6 σ obs. (4.7 σ exp.) CMS



- CP constraints
 ATLAS:
 Pure CP-odd exclusion 3.9 σ
 $\alpha=180^\circ$ exclusion 2.5 σ
 $|\alpha|<43^\circ$ at 95% CL
 CMS:
 Pure CP-odd exclusion 3.2 σ
 $|\alpha|<55^\circ$ at 95% CL

Conclusion

- Despite **very low cross-section and complex final state, observation of ttH process during Run 2 opened the door for more detailed studies**
- Some final states getting more and more challenging due to **dominant background systematics: ttH H \rightarrow bb and multilepton**
=> can benefit from **dedicated ttbb + ttW background measurements**



- **H \rightarrow gg channel still statistically limited** but already able to perform **detailed STXS pT measurements** together with ttH H \rightarrow bb
- **Structure of top-Higgs coupling** can already be constrained with existing dataset: $\kappa_t = -1$ or **pure CP-odd coupling excluded**
- **Looking ahead for Run 3 and beyond for precision measurements in this production mode**

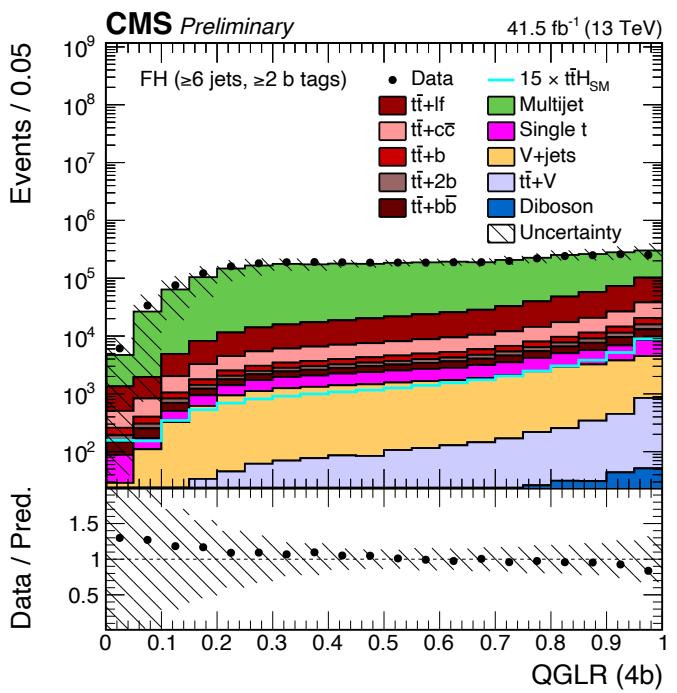
Back-up

- Selections

	FH channel	SL channel	DL channel
Number of leptons	0	1	2
p_T of leptons (e/ μ) [GeV]	—	> 30/29	> 25/25 GeV
p_T of additional leptons [GeV]	< 15	< 15	< 15
$ \eta $ of leptons	< 2.4	< 2.4	< 2.4
Number of jets	≥ 6	≥ 4	≥ 2
p_T of jets [GeV]	> 40	> 30	> 30, 30, 20
$ \eta $ of jets	< 2.4	< 2.4	< 2.4
Number of b-tagged jets	≥ 2	≥ 2	≥ 1
p_T^{miss}	—	> 20 GeV	> 40 GeV

- Data-driven multijet background:
based on quark-gluon likelihood ratio + b-tagging

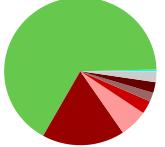
	$N_b \text{ tag} = 2$ $N_b \text{ tag loose} \geq 3$	$N_b \text{ tag} \geq 3$
QGLR > 0.5	CR (to extract distribution)	SR (final analysis)
QGLR < 0.5	Validation CR (to validate distribution)	VR (comparison with data)



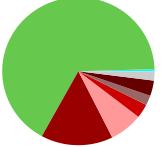


CMS Preliminary

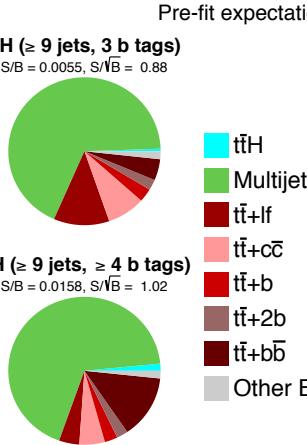
FH (7 jets, 3 b tags)
S/B = 0.0037, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.76



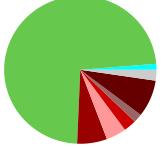
FH (8 jets, 3 b tags)
S/B = 0.0046, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.86



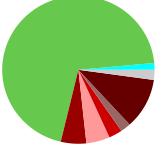
FH (\geq 9 jets, 3 b tags)
S/B = 0.0055, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.88



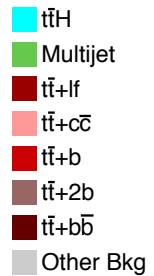
FH (7 jets, \geq 4 b tags)
S/B = 0.0131, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.76



FH (8 jets, \geq 4 b tags)
S/B = 0.0150, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.98



FH (\geq 9 jets, \geq 4 b tags)
S/B = 0.0158, S/ \sqrt{B} = 1.02



Pre-fit expectation

CMS Simulation Preliminary SL (4 jets, \geq 3 b tags) Pre-fit expectation

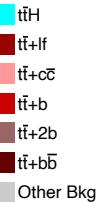
$t\bar{t}+lf$ node
S/B = 0.0018, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.23



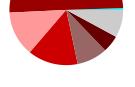
$t\bar{t}+c\bar{c}$ node
S/B = 0.0021, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.15



$t\bar{t}+b$ node
S/B = 0.0029, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.15



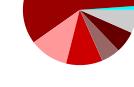
$t\bar{t}+2b$ node
S/B = 0.0053, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.28



$t\bar{t}+bb$ node
S/B = 0.0092, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.33



$t\bar{t}H$ node
S/B = 0.0118, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.76



CMS Simulation Preliminary SL (5 jets, \geq 3 b tags) Pre-fit expectation

$t\bar{t}+lf$ node
S/B = 0.0039, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.42



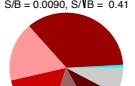
$t\bar{t}+c\bar{c}$ node
S/B = 0.0053, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.31



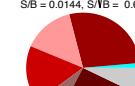
$t\bar{t}+b$ node
S/B = 0.0070, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.33



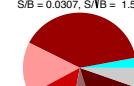
$t\bar{t}+2b$ node
S/B = 0.0090, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.41



$t\bar{t}+bb$ node
S/B = 0.0144, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.60



$t\bar{t}H$ node
S/B = 0.0307, S/ \sqrt{B} = 1.59



CMS Simulation Preliminary SL (6 jets, \geq 3 b tags) Pre-fit expectation

$t\bar{t}+lf$ node
S/B = 0.0077, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.71



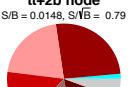
$t\bar{t}+c\bar{c}$ node
S/B = 0.0108, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.58



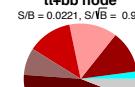
$t\bar{t}+b$ node
S/B = 0.0125, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.54



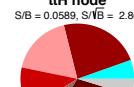
$t\bar{t}+2b$ node
S/B = 0.0148, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.79



$t\bar{t}+bb$ node
S/B = 0.0221, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.95

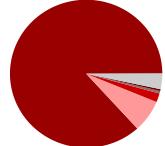


$t\bar{t}H$ node
S/B = 0.0589, S/ \sqrt{B} = 2.86

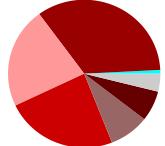


CMS Simulation Preliminary

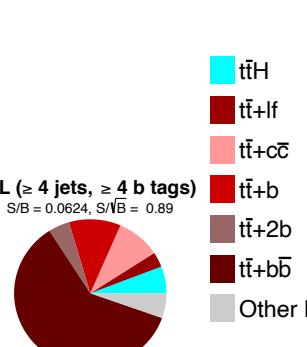
DL (3 jets, 2 b tags)
S/B = 0.0007, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.14



DL (3 jets, 3 b tags)
S/B = 0.0083, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.28



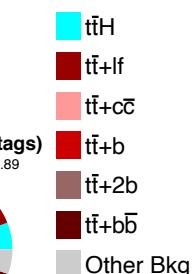
DL (\geq 4 jets, 2 b tags)
S/B = 0.0173, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.88



DL (\geq 4 jets, \geq 4 b tags)
S/B = 0.0028, S/ \sqrt{B} = 0.53

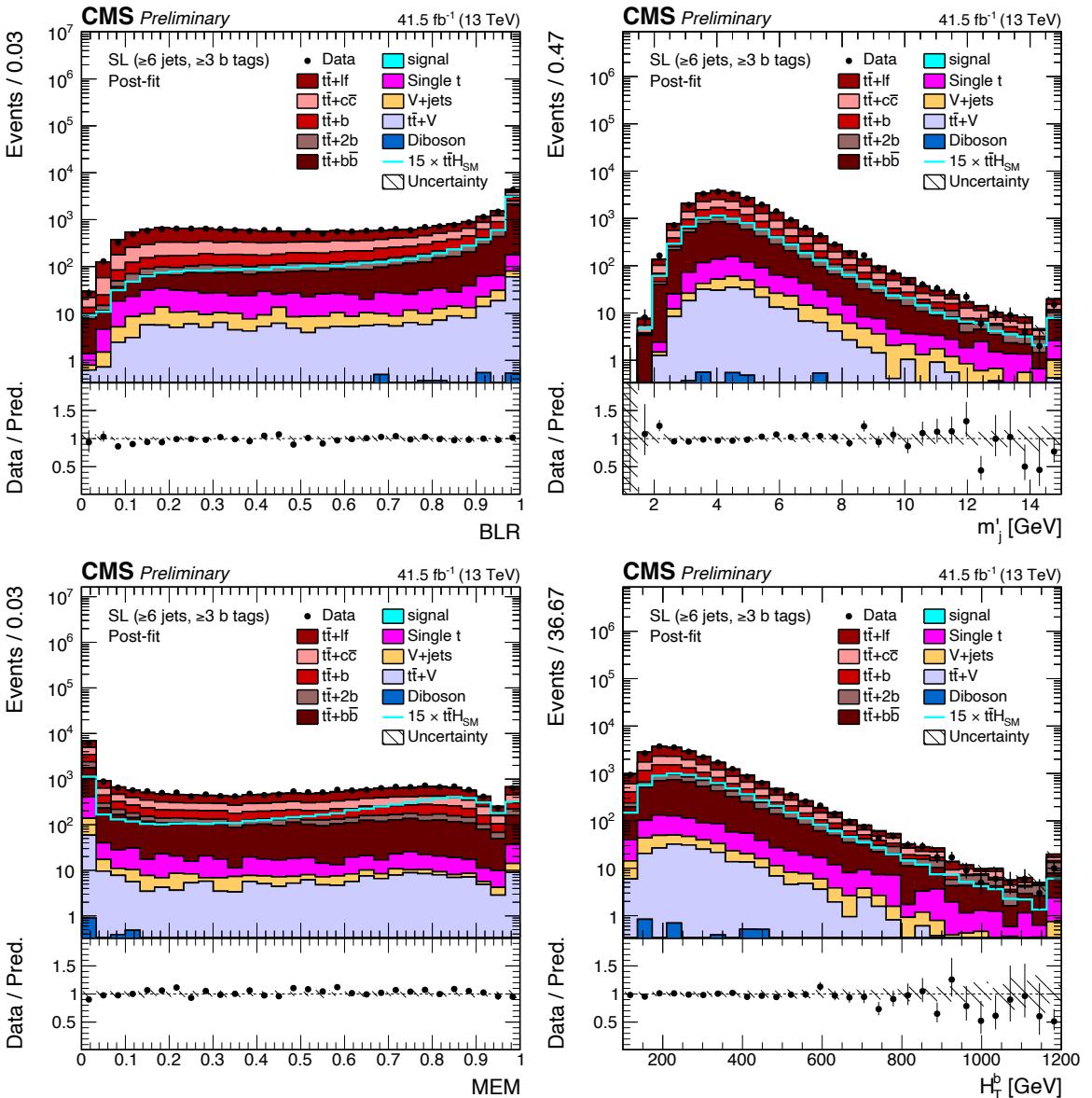


Pre-fit expectation



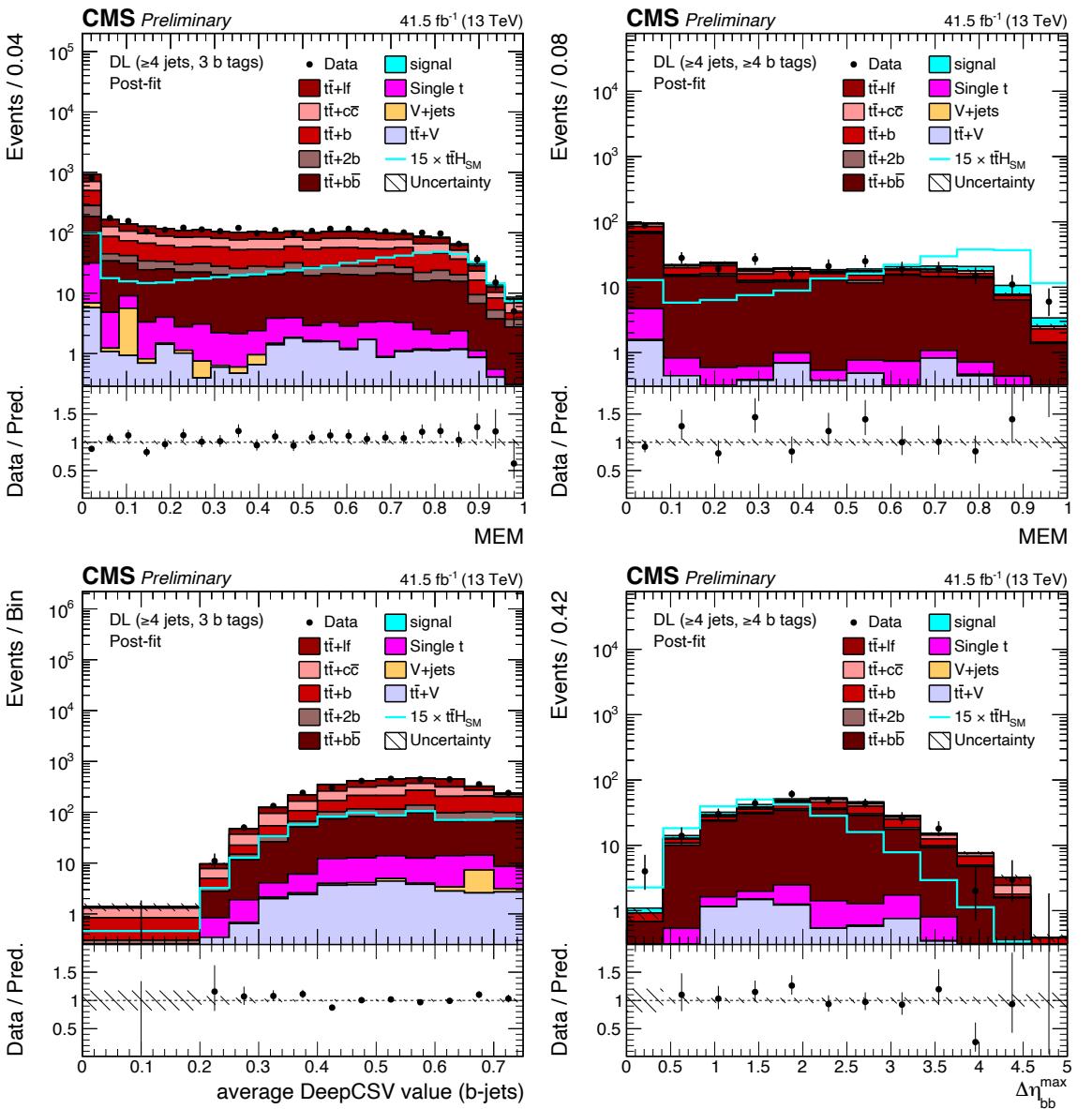


- Representative input variables to ANN used in single-lepton channel



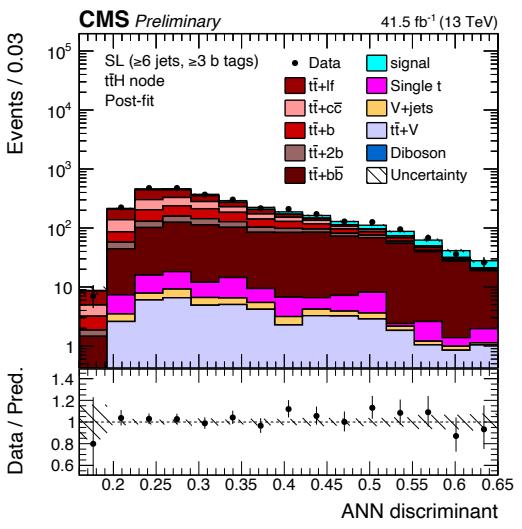
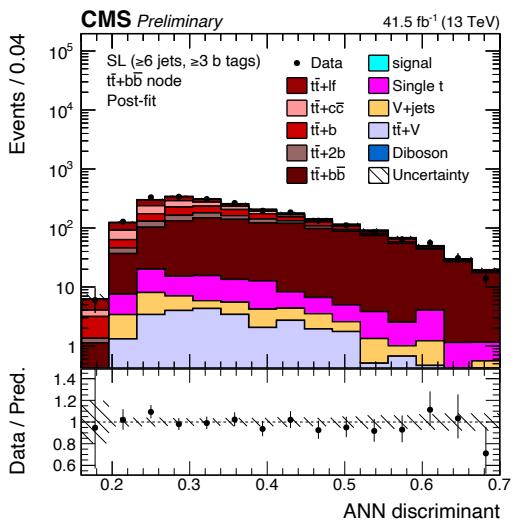
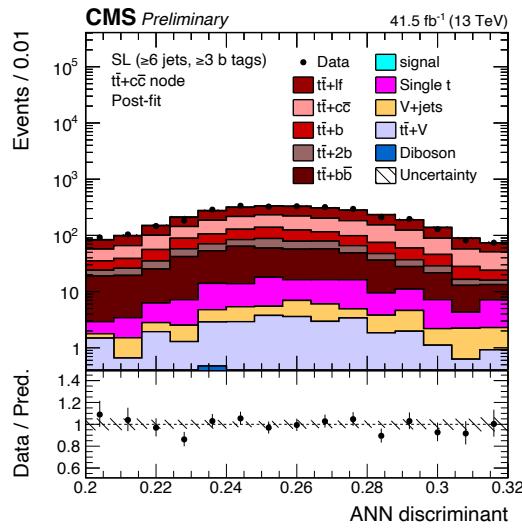
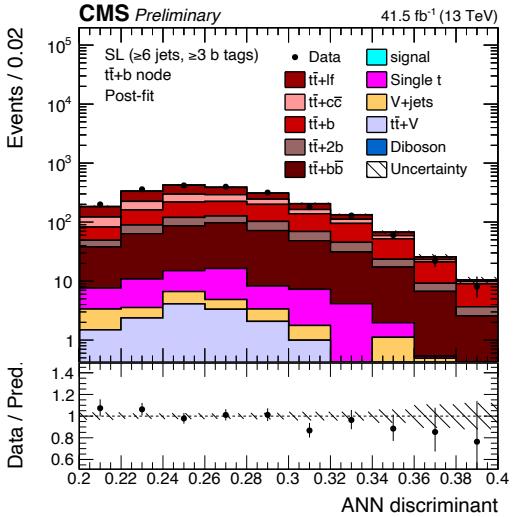
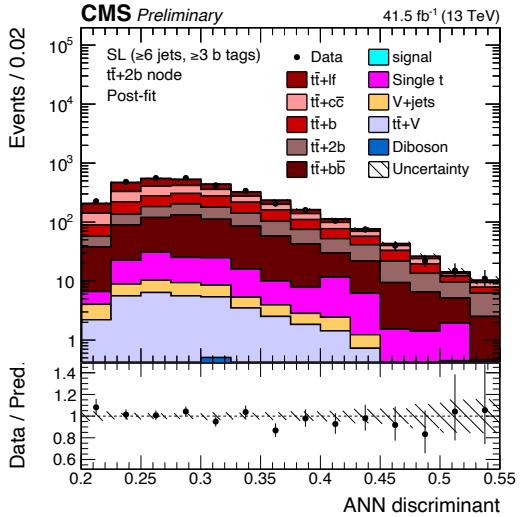
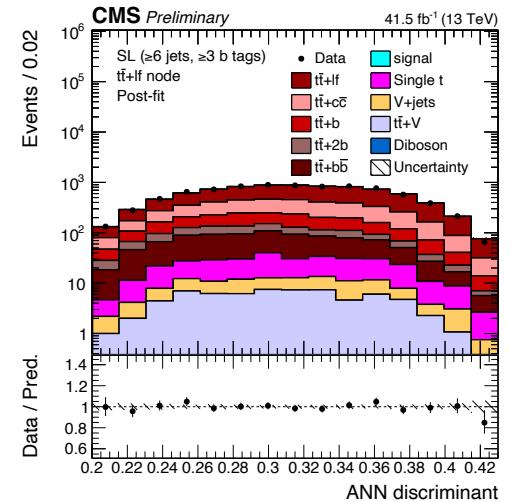


- Representative input variables to BDT used in dilepton channel





- Single-lepton ANN nodes





- Single-lepton + dilepton
input variables 1/2

Variable	Definition	SL (4 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)	SL (5 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)	SL (≥ 6 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)	DL (3 jets, 2 b-tags)	DL (3 jets, 3 b-tags)	DL (≥ 4 jets, 2 b-tags)	DL (≥ 4 jets, 3 b-tags)	DL (≥ 4 jets, ≥ 4 b-tags)
MEM	maxtrix element method discriminant	+	+	+	-	-	-	+	+
BLR	likelihood ratio discriminating between events with 4 b quark jets and 2 b quark jets	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
BLR ^{trans}	$\ln[\text{BLR}/(1 - \text{BLR})]$	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
$p_T(\text{jet 1})$	p_T of the 1. jet, ranked in jet p_T	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
$p_T(\text{jet 3})$	p_T of the 3. jet, ranked in jet p_T	-	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
H_T^b	scalar sum of p_T of b-tagged jets	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	+
$\sum_{\text{ij,lep}} p_T$	scalar sum of p_T of leptons and jets	-	-	-	+	+	-	+	-
N_b^{tight}	number of b-tagged jets at a working point with 0.1% probability of tagging gluon and light-flavour jets	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
$d(\text{jet 4})$	b-tagging discriminant value of 4. jet, ranked in jet p_T	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d_2	2. highest b-tagging discriminant value of all jets	+	+	+	-	-	-	-	-
d_j^{avg}	average b-tagging discriminant value of all jets	+	+	+	+	-	+	+	-
d_b^{avg}	average b-tagging discriminant value of all b-tagged jets	+	+	+	-	+	-	+	+
d_b^{\min}	minimal b-tagging discriminant value of all b-tagged jets	+	+	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\frac{1}{N_b} \sum_b^{N_b} (d - d_b^{\text{avg}})^2$	squared difference between the b-tagged discriminant value of a b-tagged jet and the average b-tagging discriminant values of all b-tagged jets, averaged over all b-tagged jets	+	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
m'_j	sum of the masses of all jets divided by the number of dijet pairs	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
$m_{b,b}^{\text{closest to 125}}$	mass of pair of b-tagged jets closest to 125 GeV	-	+	-	-	+	-	-	-
$m_{\text{lept},b}^{\min \Delta R}$	mass of pair of lepton and b-tagged jet closest in ΔR	-	-	+	-	-	-	-	-
$m_{jj}^{\min \Delta R}$	mass of pair of jets closest in ΔR	-	-	-	+	+	-	-	-
$m_{b,b}^{\min \Delta R}$	mass of pair of b-tagged jets closest in ΔR	-	-	-	+	-	+	+	+



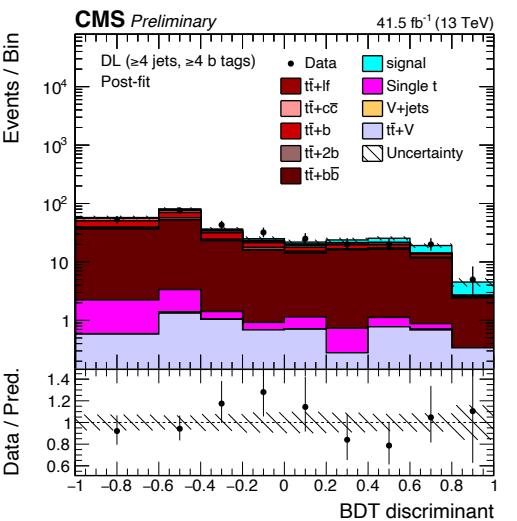
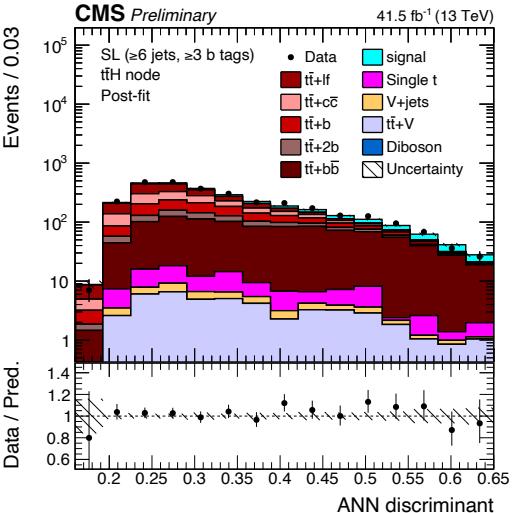
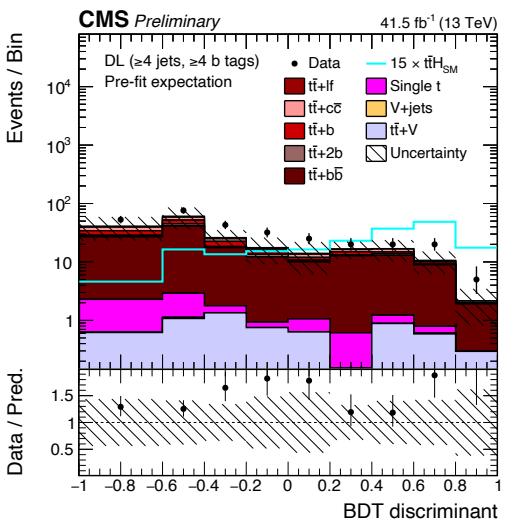
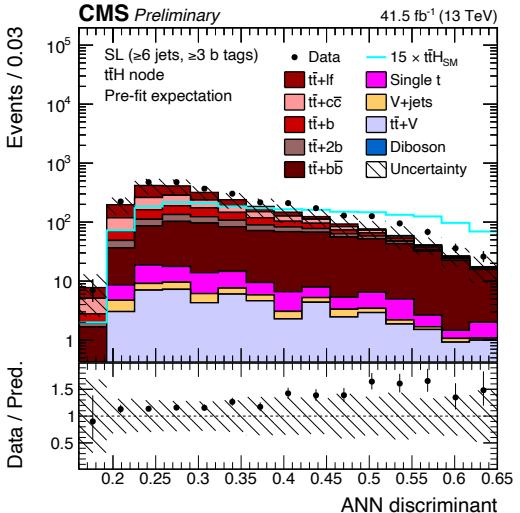
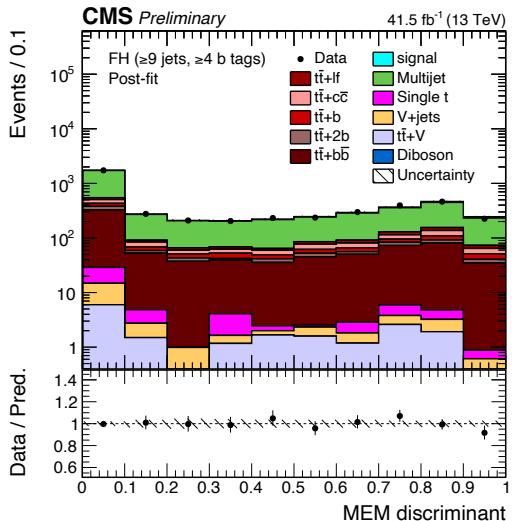
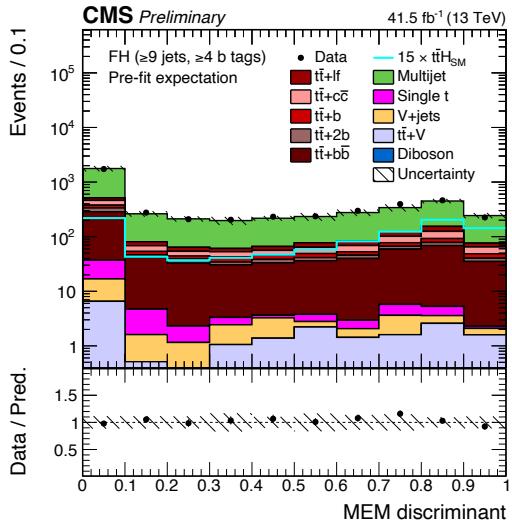
• Single-lepton + dilepton input variables 2/2

Variable	Definition	SL (4 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)		SL (5 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)		SL (≥ 6 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)		DL (3 jets, 2 b-tags)		DL (3 jets, 3 b-tags)		DL (≥ 4 jets, 2 b-tags)		DL (≥ 4 jets, 3 b-tags)		DL (≥ 4 jets, ≥ 4 b-tags)	
		SL	DL	SL	DL	SL	DL	SL	DL	SL	DL	SL	DL	SL	DL	SL	DL
R_1^b	ratio H_1/H_0 of 0th and first Fox-Wolfram moment computed with all b-tagged jets	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$T_{jj}^{\max m}$	twist angle between pair of jets with maximum mass	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$T_{b,b}^{\max m}$	twist angle between pair of b-tagged jets with maximum mass	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
N_{Higgs}^{jj}	multiplicity of dijet pairs with invariant mass between 100 GeV and 140 GeV	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–

Variable	Definition	SL (4 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)	SL (5 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)	SL (≥ 6 jets, ≥ 3 b-tags)	DL (3 jets, 2 b-tags)	DL (3 jets, 3 b-tags)	DL (≥ 4 jets, 2 b-tags)	DL (≥ 4 jets, 3 b-tags)	DL (≥ 4 jets, ≥ 4 b-tags)								
$m_{j,b}^{\min \Delta R}$	mass of pair of jet and b-tagged jet closest in ΔR	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$m_{b,b}^{\text{avg}}$	average mass of all pairs of b-tagged jets	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$m_{b,b}^{\max m}$	mass of pair of b-tagged jets with largest mass	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$m_{jj,j}^{\max p_T}$	mass of tri-jet system with highest p_T	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	+
$p_{T,b,b}^{\min \Delta R}$	sum p_T of pair of closest b-tagged jets	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	+	–	+	–	+	–	+	–	+
$p_{T,j,j}^{\min \Delta R}$	sum p_T of pair of closest jets	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	+	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–
ΔR_{jj}^{\max}	largest ΔR between any two jets	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$\Delta R_{b,b}^{\text{avg}}$	average ΔR between b-tagged jets	–	+	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–
$\Delta R_{jj}^{\text{avg}}$	average ΔR between two jets	–	–	–	–	+	+	+	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$\Delta R_{b,j}^{\text{avg}}$	average ΔR between a jet and a b-tagged jets	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
ΔR_{jj}^{\min}	minimal ΔR between any two jets	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$\Delta R_{b,b}^{\min}$	minimal ΔR between any two b-tagged jets	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$\Delta R_{\text{lep},b}^{\min}$	minimal ΔR between lepton and b-tagged jet	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$\Delta\eta_{jj}^{\max}$	largest $\Delta\eta$ between any two jets	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
$\Delta\eta_{b,b}^{\max}$	largest $\Delta\eta$ between any two b-tagged jets	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
S^i	$\frac{3}{2}(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)$, with λ_i the eigenvalues of the momentum tensor computed with jets	+	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
S^b	$\frac{3}{2}(\lambda_2 + \lambda_3)$, with λ_i the eigenvalues of the momentum tensor computed with b-tagged jets	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
S_T^i	$\frac{2\lambda_2}{\lambda_2 + \lambda_1}$, with λ_i the eigenvalues of the momentum tensor computed with jets	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
C_{lept}	scalar sum of the jet and lepton p_T divided by the sum of the energies of all jets and leptons	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
C^b	scalar sum of the b-tagged jet p_T divided by the sum of the energies of all b-tagged jets	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
H_0	0th Fox-Wolfram moment computed with all jets	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–
R_1	ratio H_1/H_0 of 0th and first Fox-Wolfram moment computed with all jets	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	+	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–



- Final variables used for signal extraction





- **Systematics 1/2**

Source	Type	Remarks
Integrated luminosity	rate	Signal and all backgrounds
Lepton identification/isolation	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
Trigger efficiency	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
Trigger prefiring correction	rate	Signal and all backgrounds
Pileup	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
Jet energy scale	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
Jet energy resolution	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag hf fraction	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag hf stats (linear)	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag hf stats (quadratic)	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag lf fraction	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag lf stats (linear)	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag lf stats (quadratic)	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag charm (linear)	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
b tag charm (quadratic)	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
QGL reweighting	shape	Signal and all backgrounds
TF _{loose} correction	shape	QCD multijet estimate
H _T reweighting	shape	QCD multijet estimate
Multijet normalisation	rate	QCD multijet estimate
Renorm./fact. scales (t \bar{t} H)	rate	Scale uncertainty of NLO t \bar{t} H prediction
Renorm./fact. scales (t \bar{t})	rate	Scale uncertainty of NNLO t \bar{t} prediction
t \bar{t} +hf cross sections	rate	Additional 50% rate uncertainty of t \bar{t} +hf predictions
Renorm./fact. scales (t)	rate	Scale uncertainty of NLO single t prediction
Renorm./fact. scales (V)	rate	Scale uncertainty of NNLO W and Z prediction
Renorm./fact. scales (VV)	rate	Scale uncertainty of NLO diboson prediction

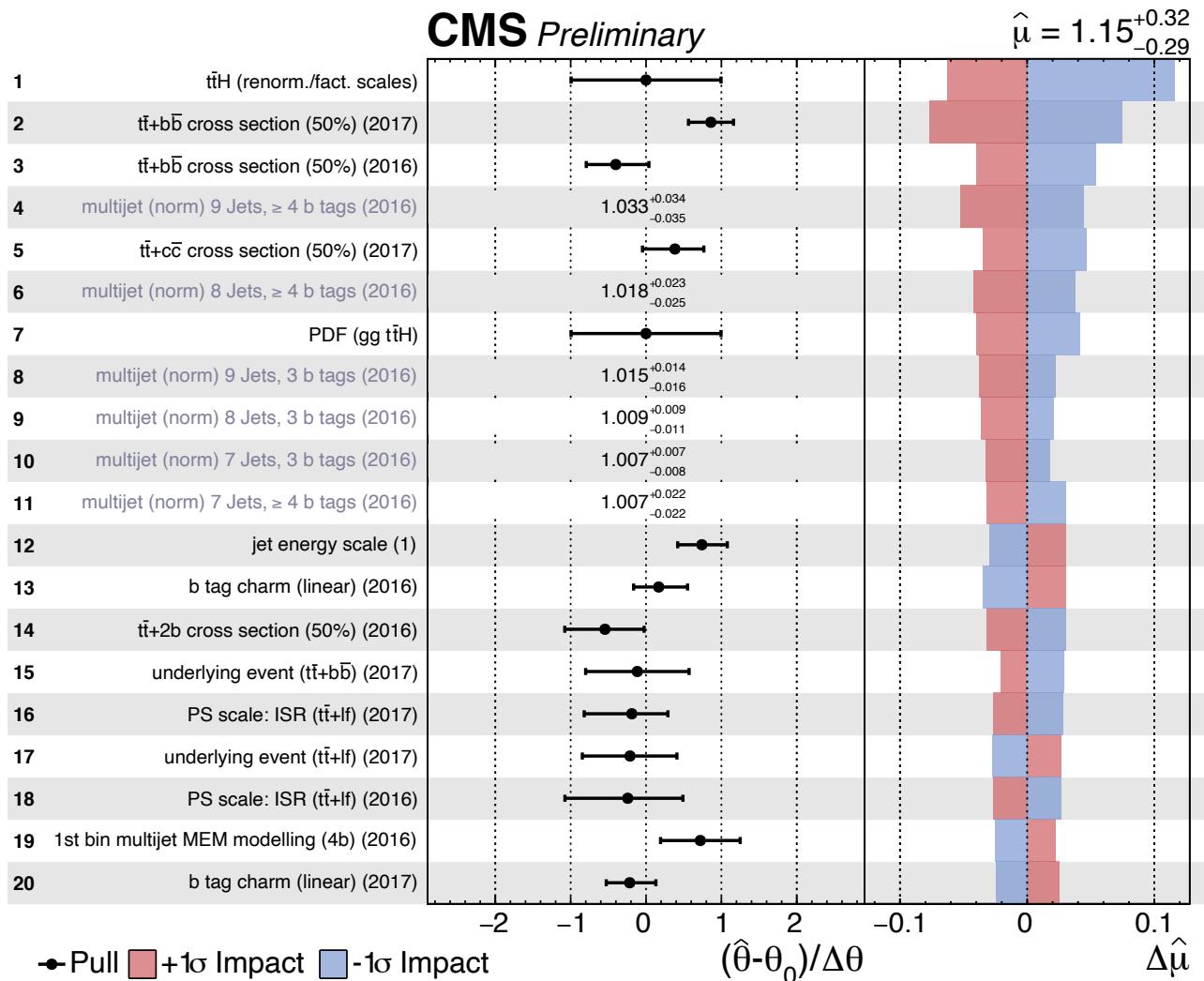


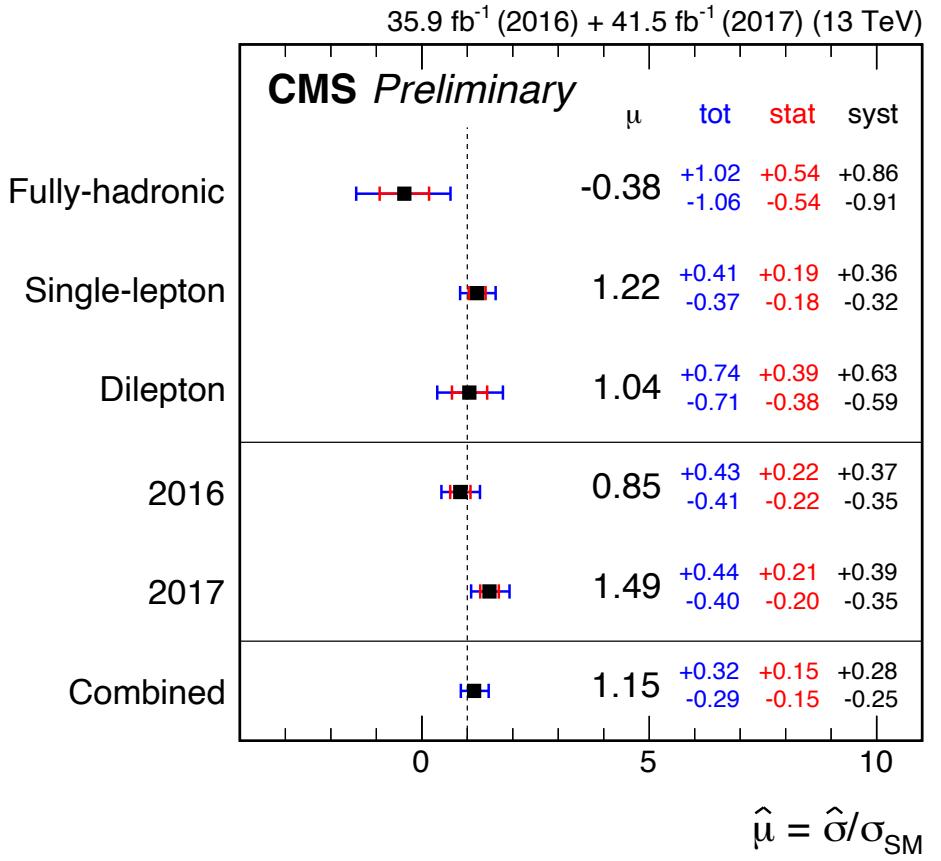
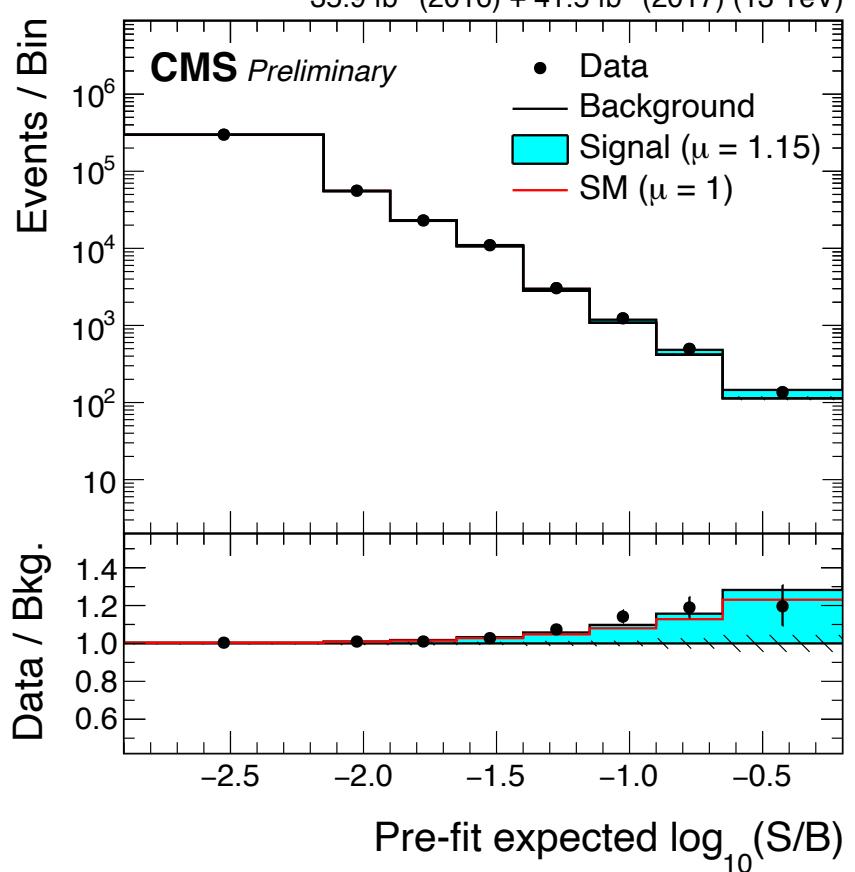
- **Systematics 2/2**

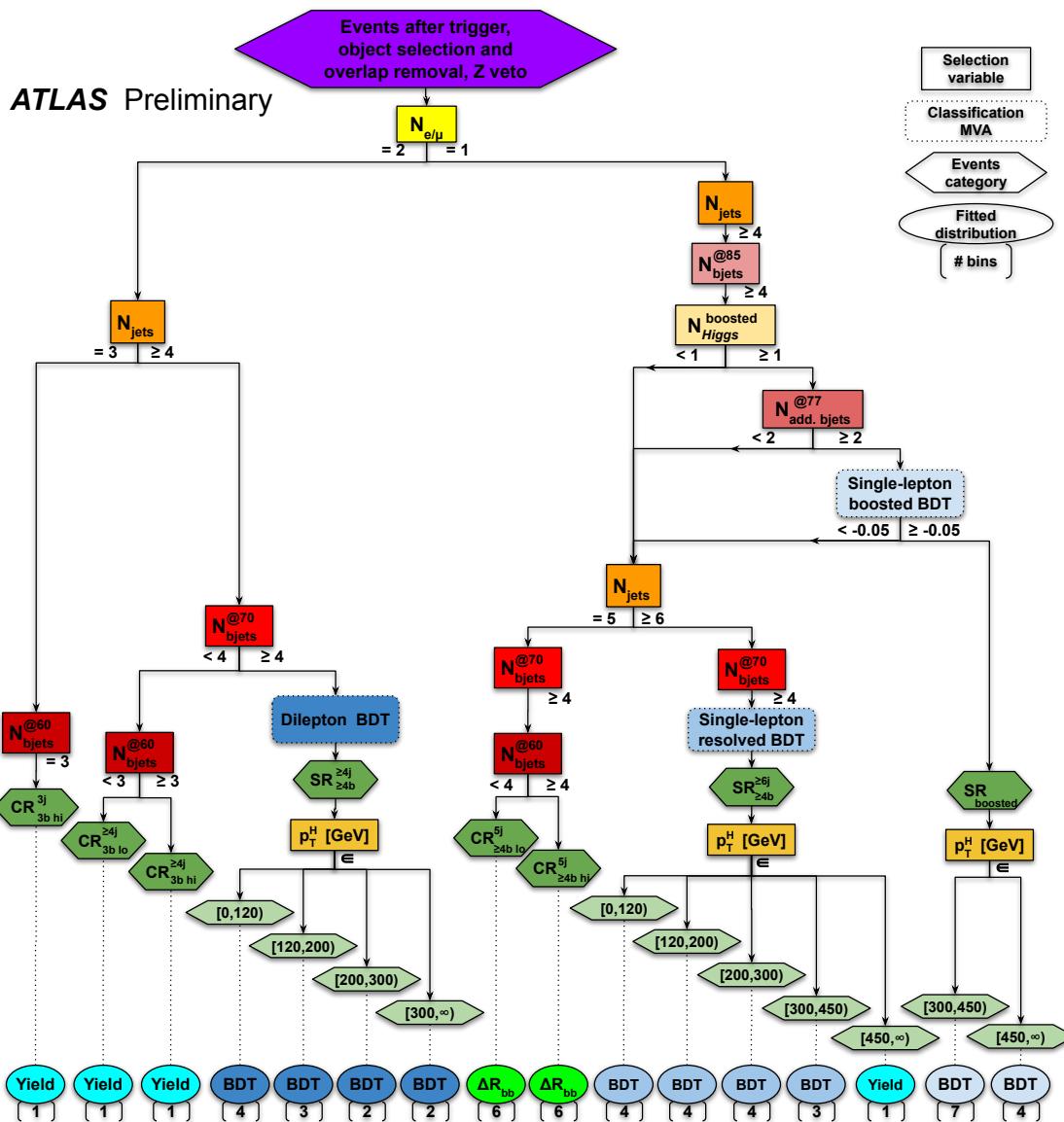
PDF (gg)	rate	PDF uncertainty for gg initiated processes except ttH
PDF (gg ttH)	rate	PDF uncertainty for ttH
PDF (q \bar{q})	rate	PDF uncertainty of q \bar{q} initiated processes (tt+W,W,Z)
PDF (qg)	rate	PDF uncertainty of qg initiated processes (single t)
PDF shape variations (ttH, tt)	shape	Based on the NNPDF replicas, same for ttH and additional jet flavours
μ_R scale (tt)	shape	Renormalisation scale uncertainty of the tt ME generator (POWHEG), same for additional jet flavours
μ_F scale (tt)	shape	Factorisation scale uncertainty of the tt ME generator (POWHEG), same for additional jet flavours
PS scale: ISR (tt)	shape	Initial state radiation uncertainty of the PS (for tt events), same for additional jet flavours
PS scale: FSR (tt)	shape	Final state radiation uncertainty of the PS (for tt events), same for additional jet flavours
ME-PS matching (tt)	rate	NLO ME to PS matching, <i>hdamp</i> [?] (for tt events), independent for additional jet flavours
Underlying event (tt)	rate	Underlying event (for tt events), independent for additional jet flavours
Bin-by-bin event count	shape	Statistical uncertainty of the signal and background prediction due to the limited sample size

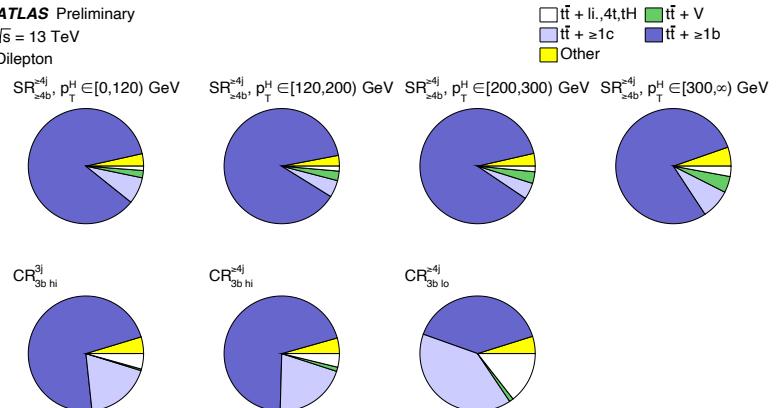
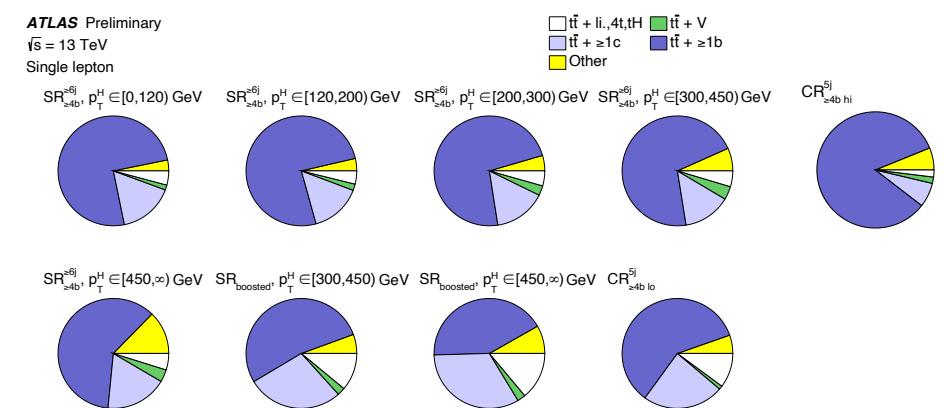
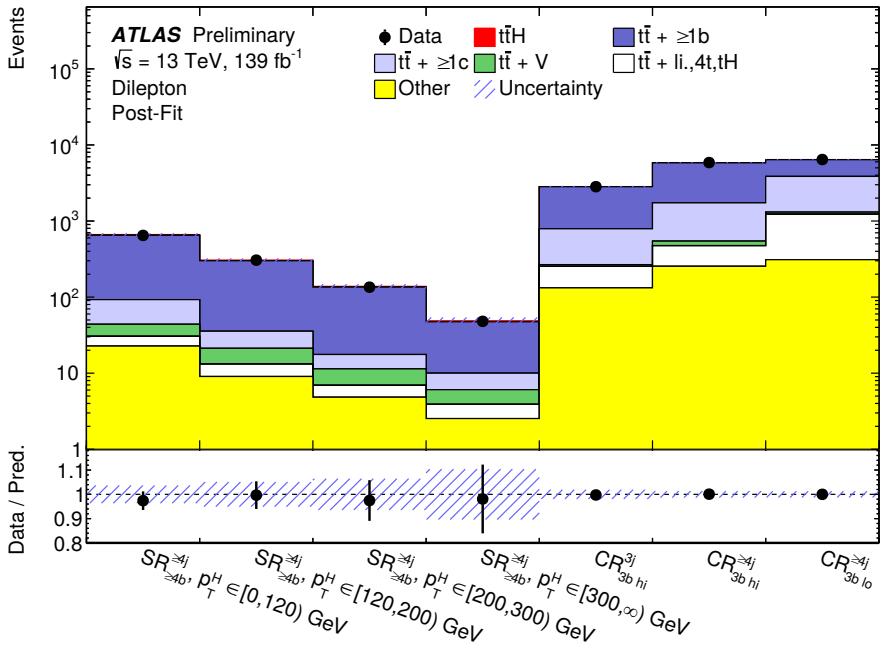
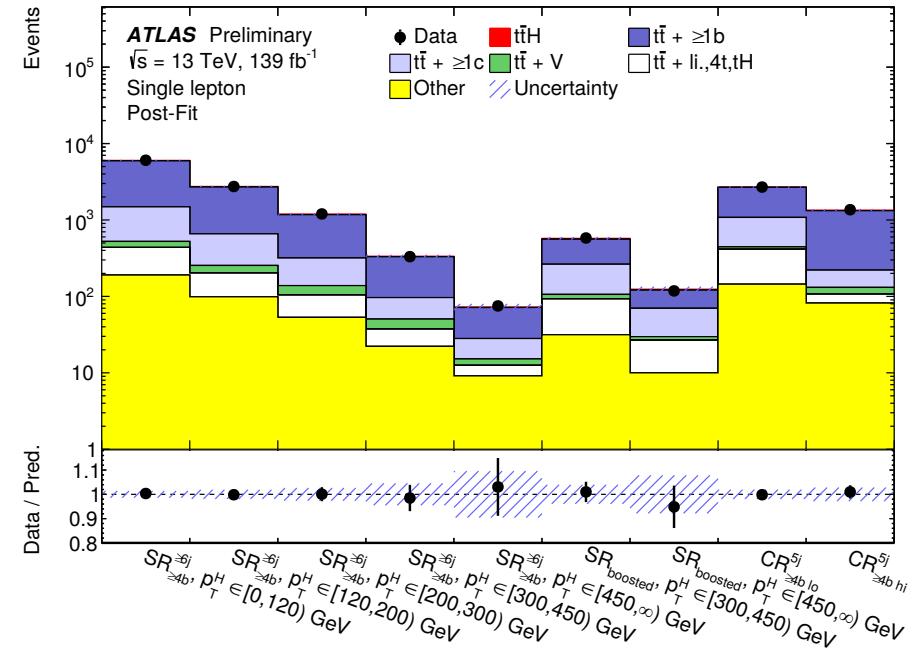


- Systematics

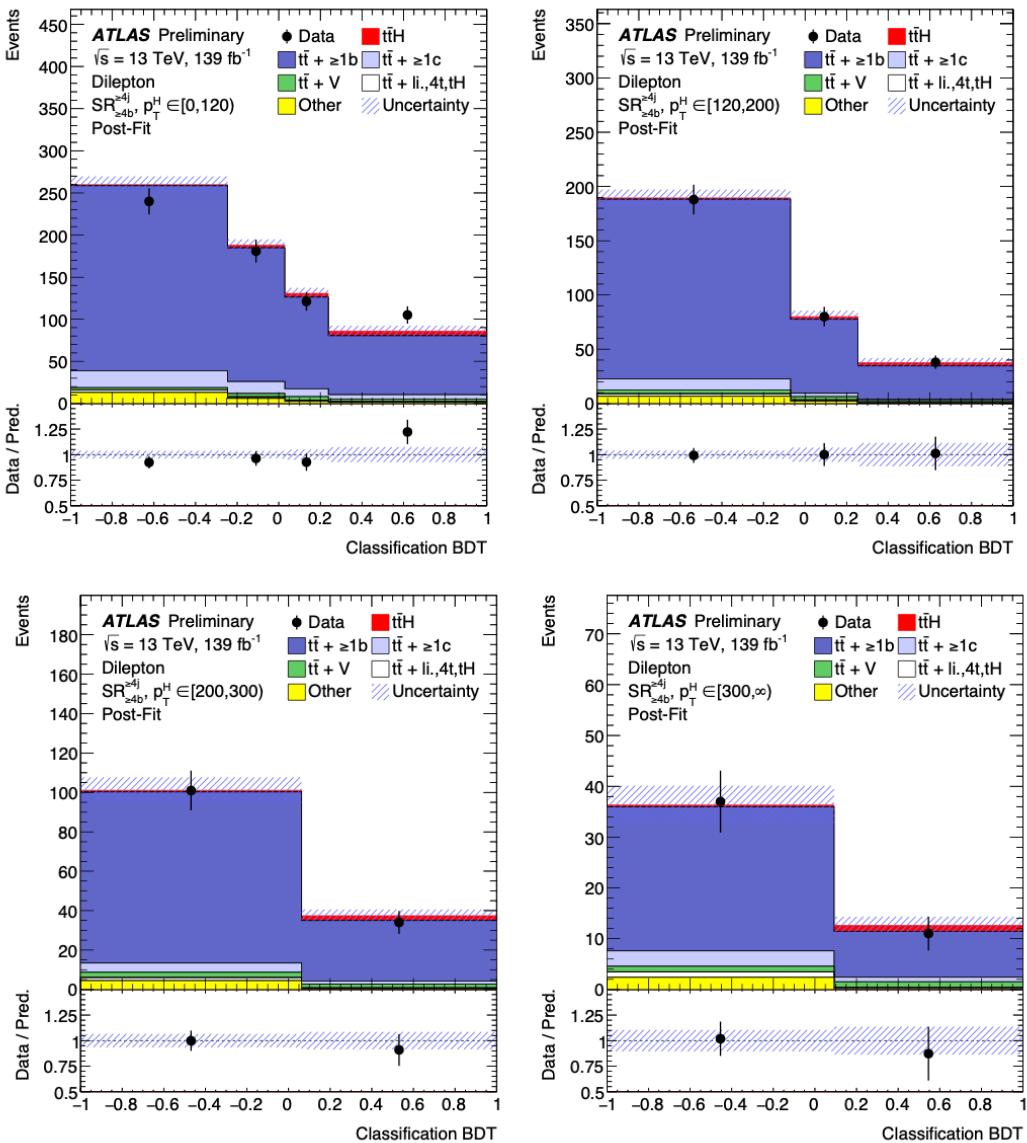




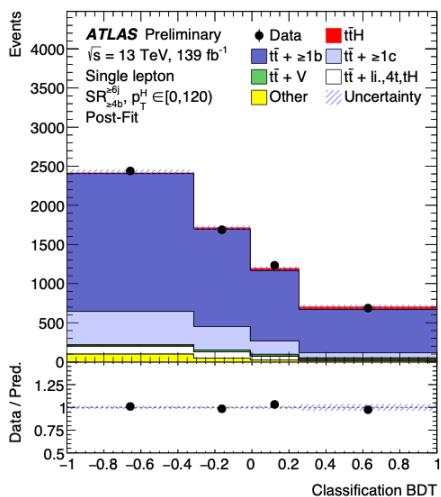




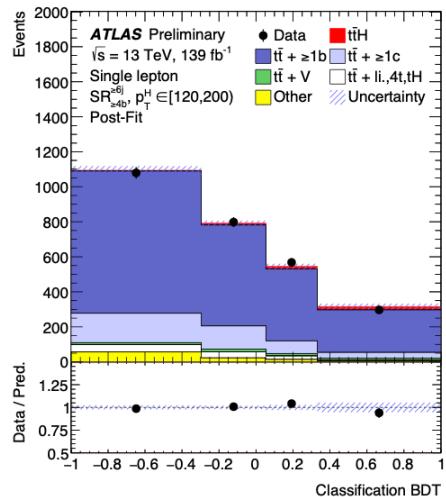
- Dilepton BDT distributions



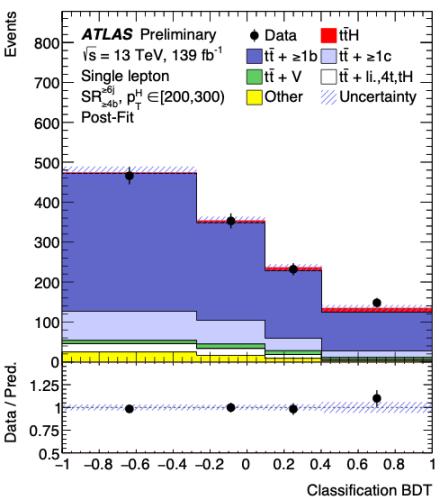
- Single-lepton BDT distributions



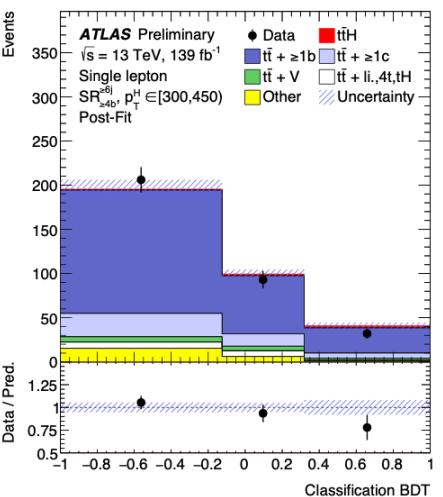
(a)



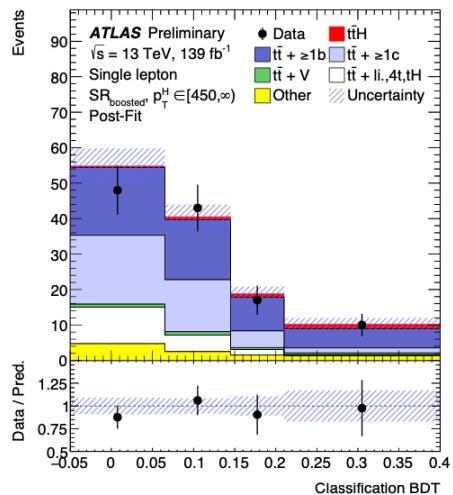
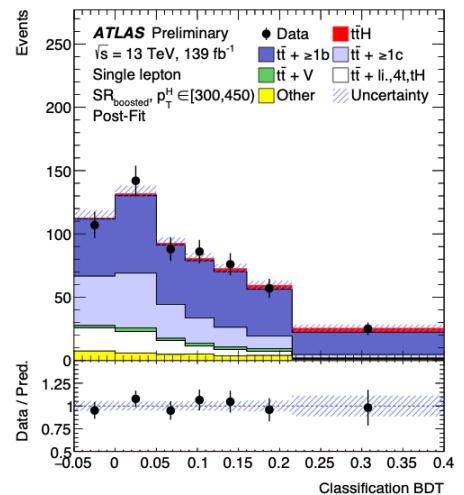
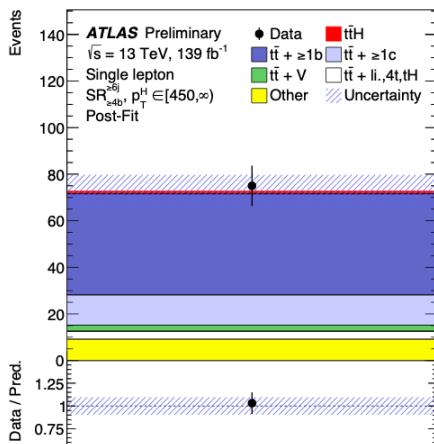
(b)

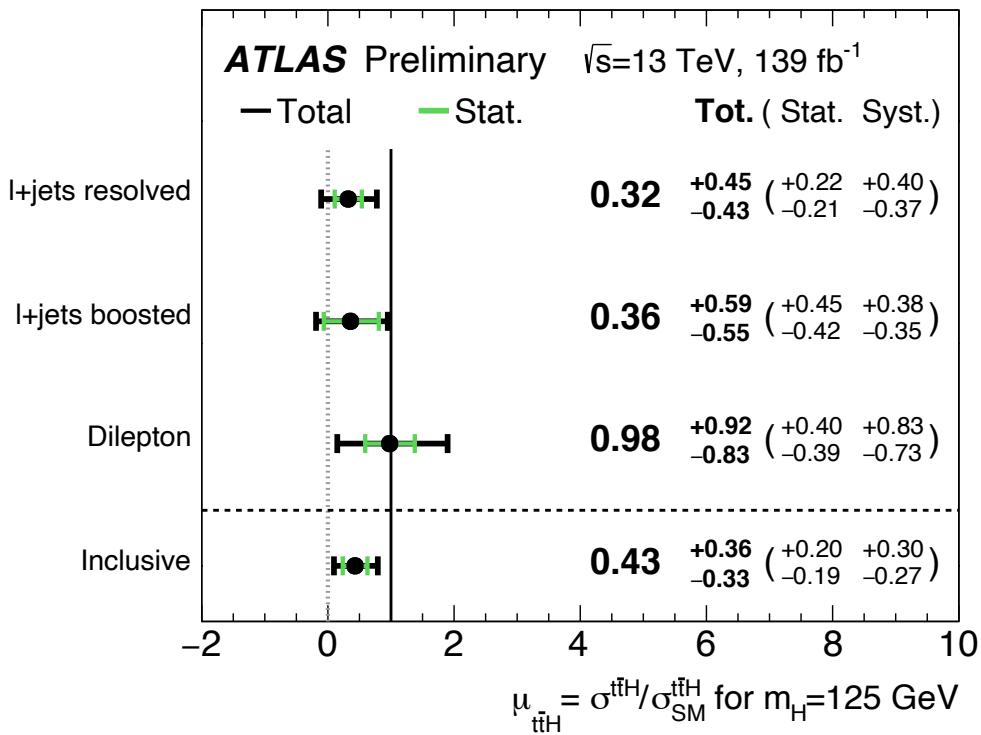
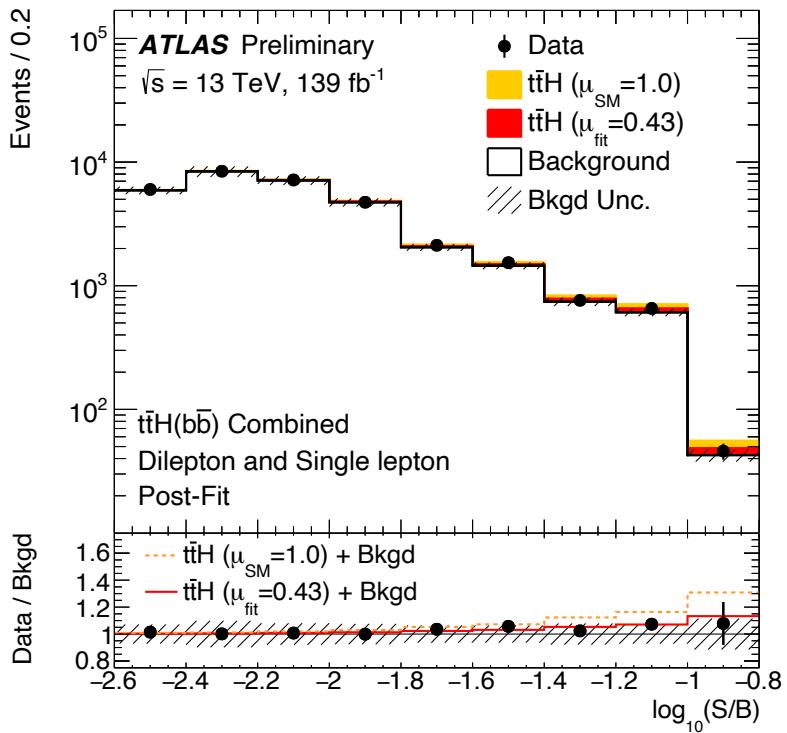


(c)



(d)

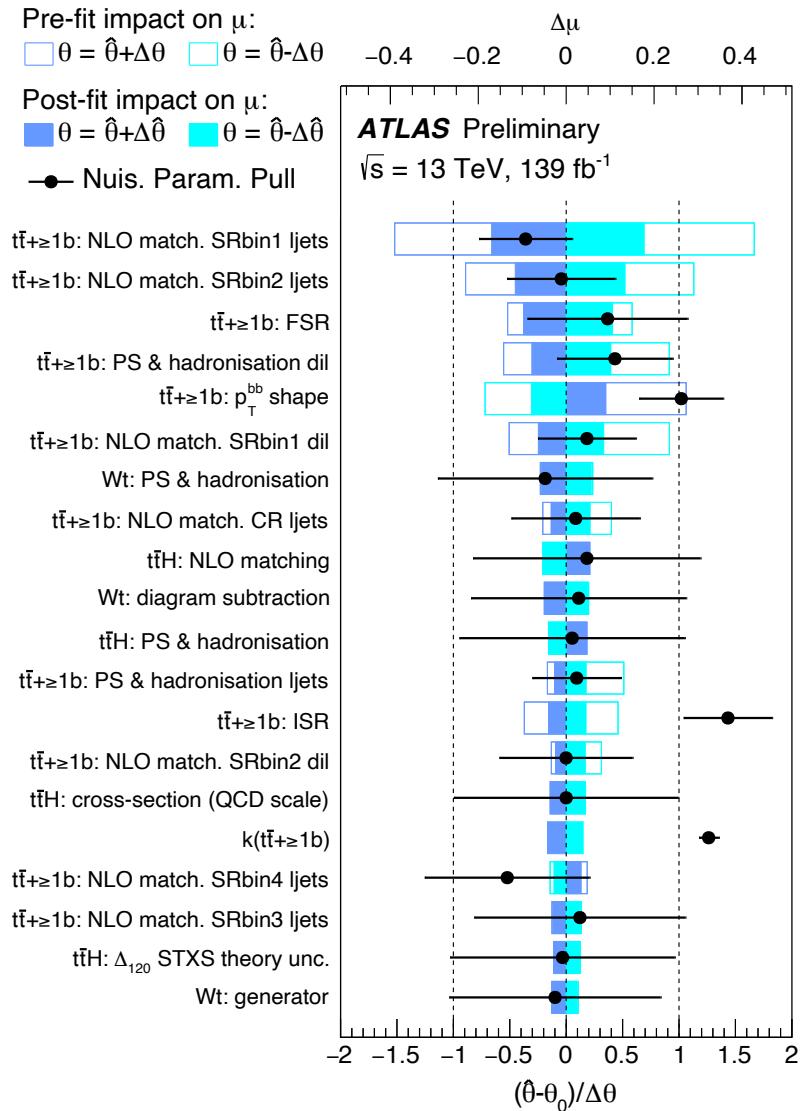




- ttbar samples + systematics

$t\bar{t}$ and single-top				
$t\bar{t}$	POWHEGBox v2	NNPDF3.ONLO	PYTHIA8.230	NNLO+NNLL [45,46,47,48,49,50,51]
	POWHEGBox v2	NNPDF3.ONLO	HERWIG7.04	NNLO+NNLL [45,46,47,48,49,50,51]
	MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO v2.6.0	NNPDF3.ONLO	PYTHIA8.230	NNLO+NNLL [45,46,47,48,49,50,51]
$t\bar{t} + b\bar{b}$	POWHEGBOXRES	NNPDF3.ONL0nf4	PYTHIA8.230	—
	SHERPA v2.2.1	NNPDF3.ONNL0nf4	SHERPA	—
tW	POWHEGBOX v2 [DR]	NNPDF3.ONLO	PYTHIA8.230	NLO+NNLL [52,53]
	POWHEGBOX v2 [DS]	NNPDF3.ONLO	PYTHIA8.230	NLO+NNLL [52,53]
	POWHEGBOX v2 [DR]	NNPDF3.ONLO	HERWIG7.04	NLO+NNLL [52,53]
	MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO v2.6.2 [DR]	CT10NLO	PYTHIA8.230	NLO+NNLL [52,53]
t -channel	POWHEGBOX v2	NNPDF3.ONL0nf4	PYTHIA8.230	NLO [54,55]
	POWHEGBOX v2	NNPDF3.ONL0nf4	HERWIG7.04	NLO [54,55]
	MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO v2.6.2	NNPDF3.ONL0nf4	PYTHIA8.230	NLO [54,55]
s -channel	POWHEGBOX v2	NNPDF3.ONLO	PYTHIA8.230	NLO [54,55]
	POWHEGBOX v2	NNPDF3.ONLO	HERWIG7.04	NLO [54,55]
	MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO v2.6.2	NNPDF3.ONLO	PYTHIA8.230	NLO [54,55]

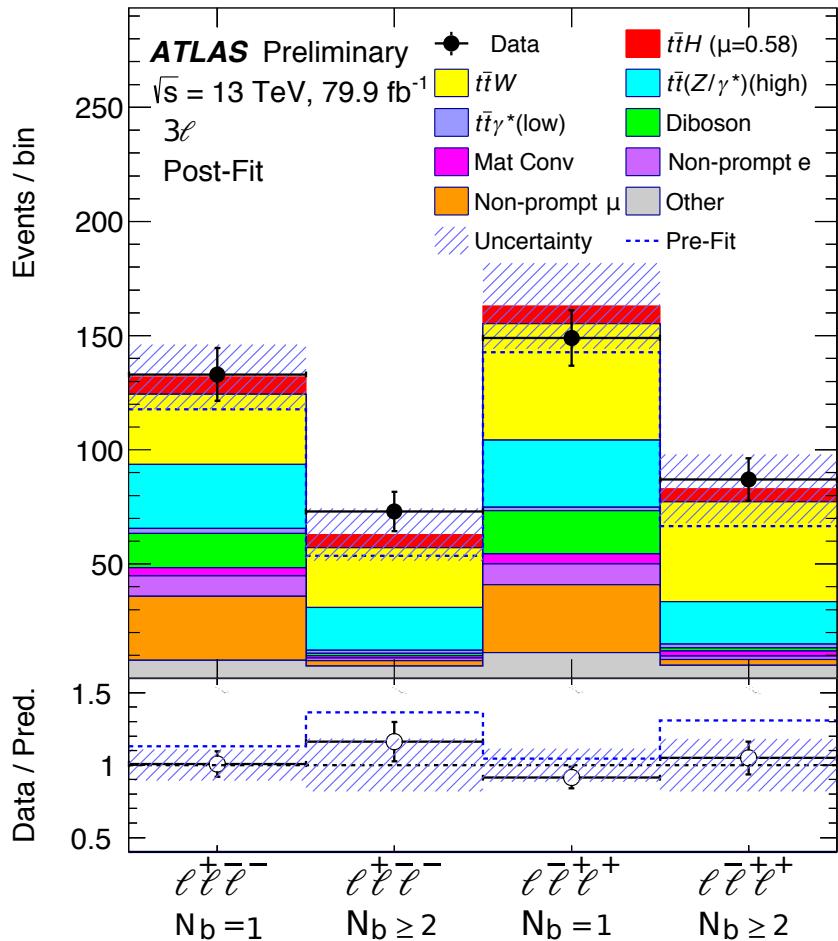
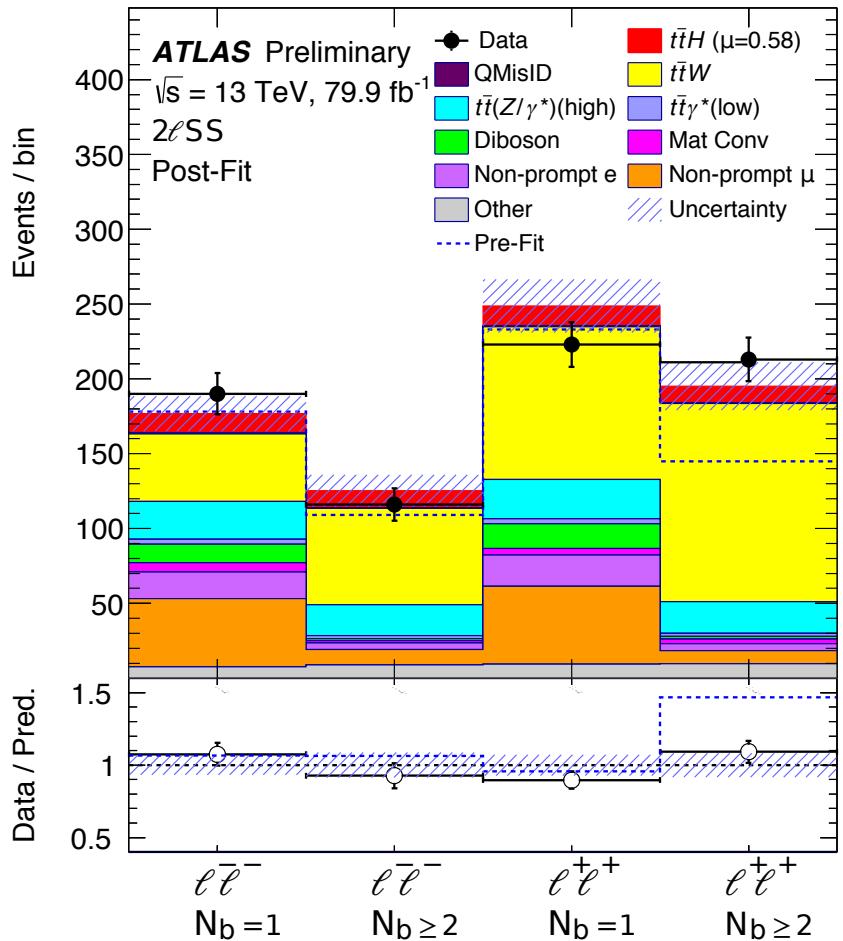
Uncertainty source	Description	Components
$t\bar{t}$ cross-section	$\pm 6\%$	$t\bar{t} + \text{light}$
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ normalisation	Free-floating	$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$ normalisation	$\pm 100\%$	$t\bar{t} + \geq 1c$
NLO matching	MADGRAPH5_aMC@NLO+PYTHIA8 vs. PowhegBox+Pythia8	All
PS & hadronisation	PowhegBox+Herwig7 vs. PowhegBox+Pythia8	All
ISR	Varying α_S^{ISR} (PS), μ_R & μ_F (ME)	in PowhegBoxRes+Pythia8 in PowhegBox+Pythia8
FSR	Varying α_S^{FSR} (PS)	in PowhegBoxRes+Pythia8 in PowhegBox+Pythia8
$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$ fractions	PowhegBox+Herwig7 vs. PowhegBox+Pythia8	$t\bar{t} + 1b/1B, t\bar{t} + \geq 2b$
p_T^{bb} shape	Shape mismodelling measured from data	$t\bar{t} + \geq 1b$



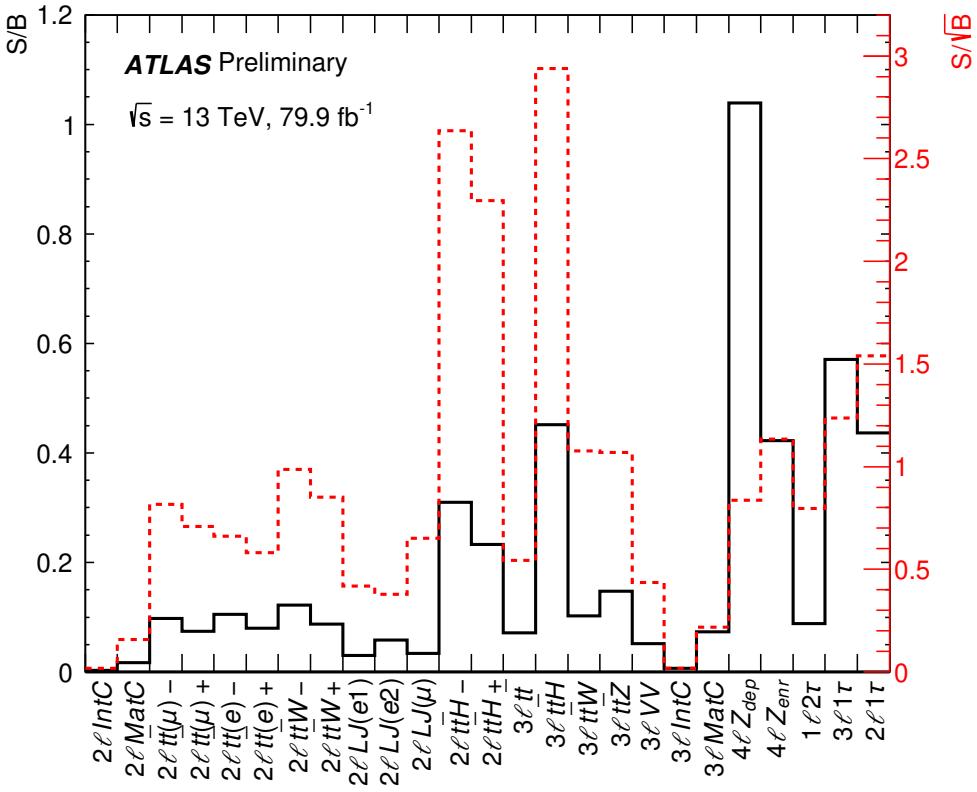
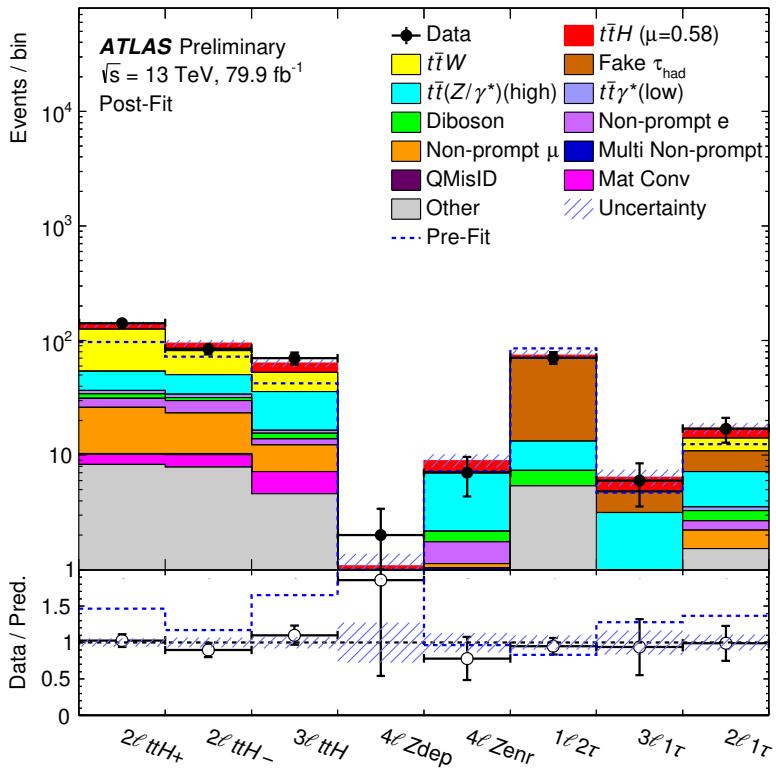
• Selections

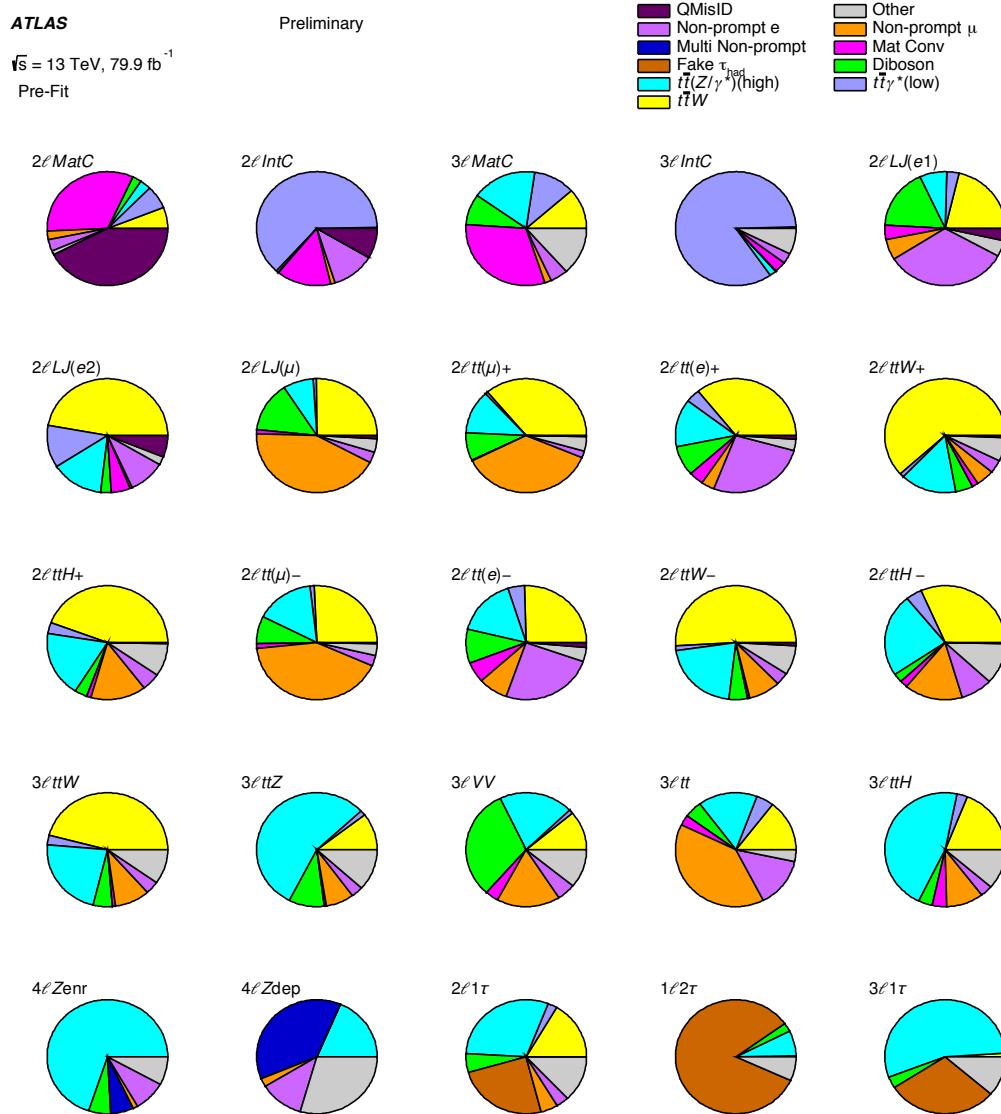
Channel	Selection criteria
Common	$N_{\text{jets}} \geq 2$ and $N_{b\text{-jets}} \geq 1$
2 ℓ SS	<p>Two same-charge (SS) very tight (T^*) leptons, $p_T > 20$ GeV</p> <p>No τ_{had} candidates</p> <p>$m(\ell^+\ell^-) > 12$ GeV for all SF pairs</p> <p>13 categories: enriched with $t\bar{t}H$, $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}$, mat. conv, int. conv., split by lepton flavour, charge, jet and b-jet multiplicity</p>
3 ℓ	<p>Three loose (L) leptons with $p_T > 10$ GeV; sum of light-lepton charges = ± 1</p> <p>Two SS very tight (T^*) leptons, $p_T > 15$ GeV</p> <p>One OS (w.r.t the SS pair) loose-isolated (L^*) lepton, $p_T > 10$ GeV</p> <p>No τ_{had} candidates</p> <p>$m(\ell^+\ell^-) > 12$ GeV and $m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2$ GeV > 10 GeV for all SFOS pairs</p> <p>$m(3\ell) - 91.2$ GeV > 10 GeV</p> <p>7 categories: enriched with $t\bar{t}H$, $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}Z$, VV, $t\bar{t}$, mat. conv, int. conv</p>
4 ℓ	<p>Four loose-isolated (L^*) leptons; sum of light lepton charges = 0</p> <p>$m(\ell^+\ell^-) > 12$ GeV and $m(\ell^+\ell^-) - 91.2$ GeV > 10 GeV for all SFOS pairs</p> <p>$m(4\ell) < 115$ GeV or $m(4\ell) > 130$ GeV</p> <p>2 categories: Zenr (Z-enriched; 1 or 2 SFOS pairs) or Zdep (Z-depleted; 0 SFOS pairs)</p>
1 ℓ 2 τ_{had}	<p>One tight (T) lepton, $p_T > 27$ GeV</p> <p>Two OS τ_{had} candidates</p> <p>At least one tight τ_{had} candidate</p> <p>$N_{\text{jets}} \geq 3$</p>
2 ℓ SS1 τ_{had}	<p>2ℓSS selection, except: One medium τ_{had} candidate</p> <p>$N_{\text{jets}} \geq 4$</p>
3 ℓ 1 τ_{had}	<p>3ℓ selection, except:</p> <p>One medium τ_{had} candidate, of opposite charge to the total charge of the light leptons</p> <p>Two SS tight (T) leptons</p>

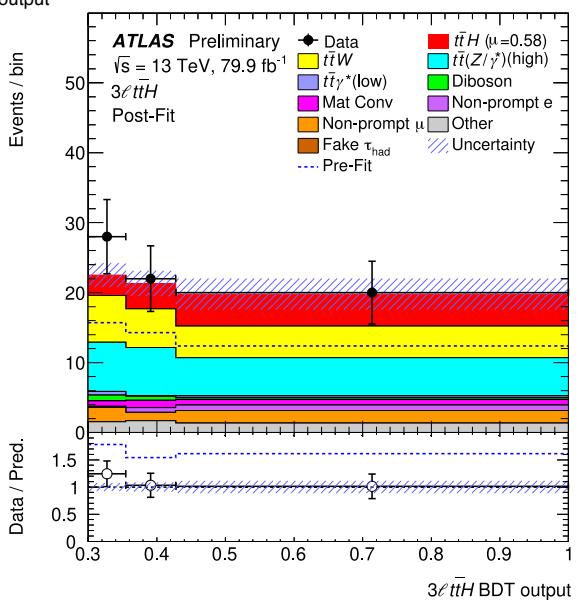
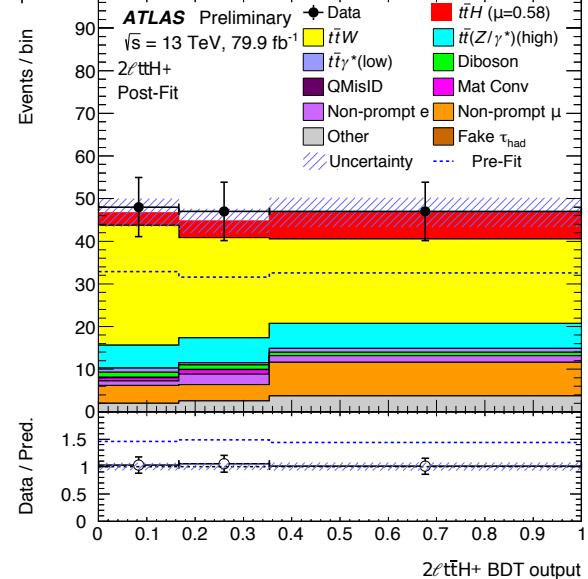
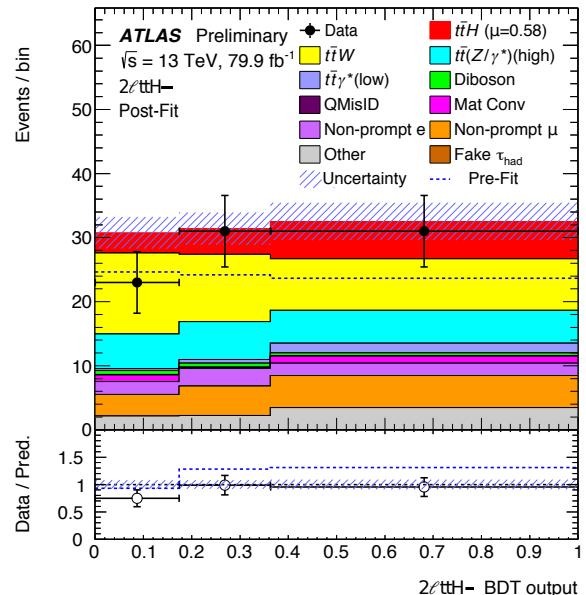
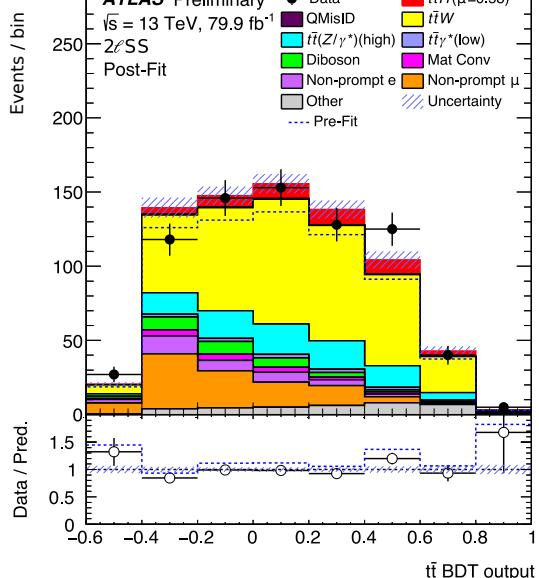
- b-jet multiplicity + lepton charge asymmetry



• Signal regions







• BDT outputs

- **Systematics**

Uncertainty source	$\Delta\hat{\mu}$	
Jet energy scale and resolution	+0.13	-0.13
$t\bar{t}(Z/\gamma^*)$ (high mass) modelling	+0.09	-0.09
$t\bar{t}W$ modelling (radiation, generator, PDF)	+0.08	-0.08
Fake τ_{had} background estimate	+0.07	-0.07
$t\bar{t}W$ modelling (extrapolation)	+0.05	-0.05
$t\bar{t}H$ cross section	+0.05	-0.05
Simulation sample size	+0.05	-0.05
$t\bar{t}H$ modelling	+0.04	-0.04
Other background modelling	+0.04	-0.04
Jet flavour tagging and τ_{had} identification	+0.04	-0.04
Other experimental uncertainties	+0.03	-0.03
Luminosity	+0.03	-0.03
Diboson modelling	+0.01	-0.01
$t\bar{t}\gamma^*$ (low mass) modelling	+0.01	-0.01
Charge misassignment	+0.01	-0.01
Template fit (non-prompt leptons)	+0.01	-0.01
Total systematic uncertainty	+0.25	-0.22
Intrinsic statistical uncertainty	+0.23	-0.22
$t\bar{t}W$ normalisation factors	+0.10	-0.10
Non-prompt leptons normalisation factors (HF, material conversions)	+0.05	-0.05
Total statistical uncertainty	+0.26	-0.25
Total uncertainty	+0.36	-0.33



• Selections 1/3

Selection step	$2\ell\text{SS} + 0\tau_h$	$2\ell\text{SS} + 1\tau_h$
Targeted ttH decay	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow bqq'$ with $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq'$	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow bqq'$ with $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu\tau_h\nu$
Targeted tH decays	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu,$ $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq$	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu,$ $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \ell\tau_h + \nu's$
Trigger	Single- and double-lepton triggers	
Lepton p_T	$p_T > 25 / 15 \text{ GeV}$	$p_T > 25 / 15 \text{ GeV (e) or } 10 \text{ GeV (\mu)}$
Lepton η	$ \eta < 2.5 \text{ (e) or } 2.4 \text{ (\mu)}$	
$\tau_h p_T$	—	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
$\tau_h \eta$	—	$ \eta < 2.3$
τ_h identification	—	very loose
Charge requirements	2 SSleptons and charge quality requirements	2 SSleptons and charge quality requirements $\sum_{\ell, \tau_h} q = \pm 1$
Multiplicity of central jets	≥ 3 jets	≥ 3 jets
b tagging requirements	≥ 1 tight b-tagged jet or ≥ 2 loose b-tagged jets	
Missing transverse momentum	$L_D > 30 \text{ GeV}^\dagger$	
Dilepton invariant mass	$ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z > 10 \text{ GeV}^\ddagger \text{ and } m_{\ell\ell} > 12 \text{ GeV}$	
Selection step	$3\ell + 0\tau_h$	$3\ell + 1\tau_h$
Targeted ttH decays	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow b\ell\nu$ with $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu qq'$ $t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow bqq'$ with $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu$ $t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow bqq'$ with $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq' \text{ or } \ell\ell\nu\nu$ $t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu$	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow b\ell\nu$ with $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu\tau_h\nu$
Targeted tH decays	—	
Trigger	Single-, double- and triple-lepton triggers	
Lepton p_T	$p_T > 25 / 15 / 10 \text{ GeV}$	
Lepton η	$ \eta < 2.5 \text{ (e) or } 2.4 \text{ (\mu)}$	
$\tau_h p_T$	—	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
$\tau_h \eta$	—	$ \eta < 2.3$
τ_h identification	—	very loose
Charge requirements	$\sum_\ell q = \pm 1$	$\sum_{\ell, \tau_h} q = 0$
Multiplicity of central jets	≥ 2 jets	
b tagging requirements	≥ 1 tight b-tagged jet or ≥ 2 loose b-tagged jets	
Missing transverse momentum	$L_D > 0 / 30 / 45 \text{ GeV}^\ddagger$	
Dilepton invariant mass	$m_{\ell\ell} > 12 \text{ GeV and } m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z > 10 \text{ GeV}^\S$	
Four-lepton invariant mass	$m_{4\ell} > 140 \text{ GeV}^\P$	—

[†] A complete description of this requirement can be found in the main text.

[‡] Applied to all SFOS lepton pairs and to pairs of electrons of SS charge.

[§] Applied to all SFOS lepton pairs.

[¶] If the event contains two SFOS pairs of leptons that pass the loose lepton selection criteria.



• Selections 2/3

Selection step	$0\ell + 2\tau_h$	$1\ell + 1\tau_h$
Targeted ttH decays	$t \rightarrow b\bar{q}q'$, $t \rightarrow b\bar{q}q'$ with $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \tau_h\nu\tau_h\nu$	$t \rightarrow b\bar{q}q'$, $t \rightarrow b\bar{q}q'$ with $H \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu\tau_h\nu$
Trigger	Double- τ_h trigger	Single-lepton and lepton+ τ_h triggers
Lepton p_T	—	$p_T > 30$ (e) or 25 GeV (μ)
Lepton η	—	$ \eta < 2.1$
$\tau_h p_T$	$p_T > 40$ GeV	$p_T > 30$ GeV
$\tau_h \eta$	loose	medium
τ_h identification	$\sum_{\tau_h} q = 0$	$\sum_{\ell, \tau_h} q = 0$
Charge requirements		≥ 4 jets
Multiplicity of central jets		≥ 1 tight b-tagged jet or ≥ 2 loose b-tagged jets
b tagging requirements		
Dilepton invariant mass		$m_{\ell\ell} > 12$ GeV
Selection step	$1\ell + 2\tau_h$	$2\ell + 2\tau_h$
Targeted ttH decays	$t \rightarrow b\bar{l}\nu$, $t \rightarrow b\bar{q}q'$ with $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow \tau_h\nu\tau_h\nu$	$t \rightarrow b\bar{l}\nu$, $t \rightarrow b\bar{l}\nu$ with $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow \tau_h\nu\tau_h\nu$
Trigger	Single-lepton and lepton+ τ_h triggers	Single- and double-lepton triggers
Lepton p_T	$p_T > 30$ (e) or 25 GeV (μ)	$p_T > 25 / 10 (15)$ GeV (e)
Lepton η	$ \eta < 2.1$	$ \eta < 2.5$ (e) or 2.4 (μ)
$\tau_h p_T$	$p_T > 30 / 20$ GeV	$p_T > 20$ GeV
$\tau_h \eta$	$ \eta < 2.1$	$ \eta < 2.3$
τ_h identification	medium	medium
Charge requirements	$\sum_{\ell, \tau_h} q = \pm 1$	$\sum_{\ell, \tau_h} q = 0$
Multiplicity of central jets	≥ 3 jets	≥ 2 jets
b tagging requirements	≥ 1 tight b-tagged jet or ≥ 2 loose b-tagged jets	
Missing transverse momentum	—	$L_D > 0 / 30 / 45$ GeV [†]
Dilepton invariant mass		$m_{\ell\ell} > 12$ GeV

[†]A complete description of this requirement can be found in the main text.



- Selections 3/3

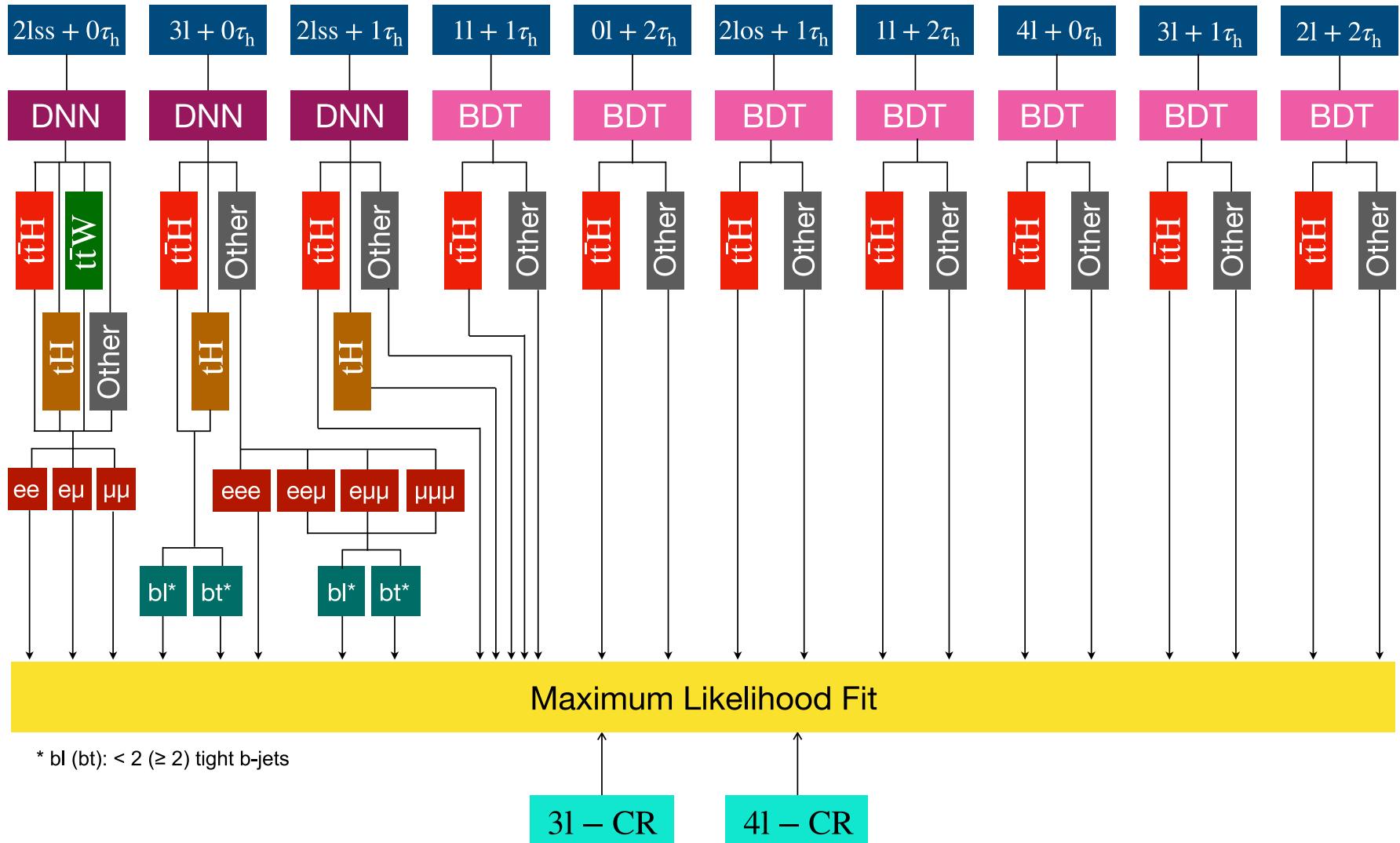
Selection step	$2\ell\text{OS} + 1\tau_h$	$4\ell + 0\tau_h$
Targeted ttH decays	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow bqq'$ with $H \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^- \rightarrow \ell\nu\nu\tau_h\nu$	$t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow b\ell\nu$ with $H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ $t \rightarrow b\ell\nu, t \rightarrow b\ell\nu$ with $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow \ell\ell qq'$ or $\ell\ell\nu\nu$
Trigger	Single- and double-lepton triggers	Single-, double- and triple-lepton triggers
Lepton p_T	$p_T > 25 / 15 \text{ GeV (e) or } 10 \text{ GeV (\mu)}$	$p_T > 25 / 15 / 15 / 10 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton η	$ \eta < 2.5 \text{ (e) or } 2.4 \text{ (\mu)}$	—
$\tau_h p_T$	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	—
$\tau_h \eta$	$ \eta < 2.3$	—
τ_h identification	tight	—
Charge requirements	$\sum_\ell q = 0$ and $\sum_{\ell, \tau_h} q = \pm 1$	$\sum_\ell q = 0$
Multiplicity of central jets	≥ 3 jets	≥ 2 jets
b tagging requirements	≥ 1 tight b-tagged jet or ≥ 2 loose b-tagged jets	
Missing transverse momentum	$L_D > 30 \text{ GeV}^\dagger$	$L_D > 0 / 30 / 45 \text{ GeV}^\ddagger$
Dilepton invariant mass	$m_{\ell\ell} > 12 \text{ GeV}$	$ m_{\ell\ell} - m_Z > 10 \text{ GeV}^\$$ and $m_{\ell\ell} > 12 \text{ GeV}$ $m_{4\ell} > 140 \text{ GeV}^\P$
Four-lepton invariant mass	—	

[†] Only applied to events containing two electrons.

[‡] A complete description of this requirement can be found in the main text.

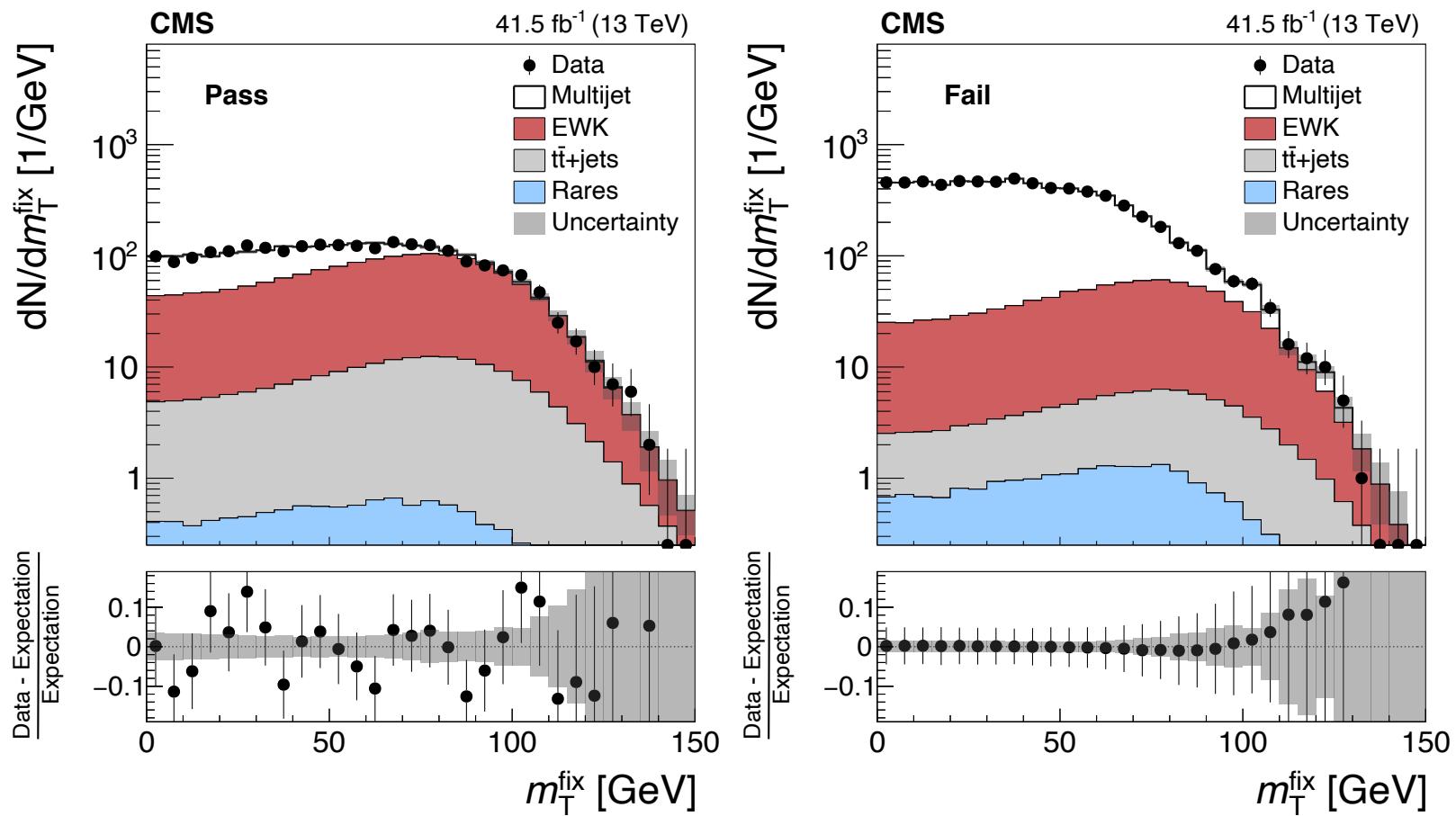
[§] Applied to all SFOS lepton pairs.

[¶] If the event contains two SFOS pairs of leptons passing the loose lepton selection criteria.

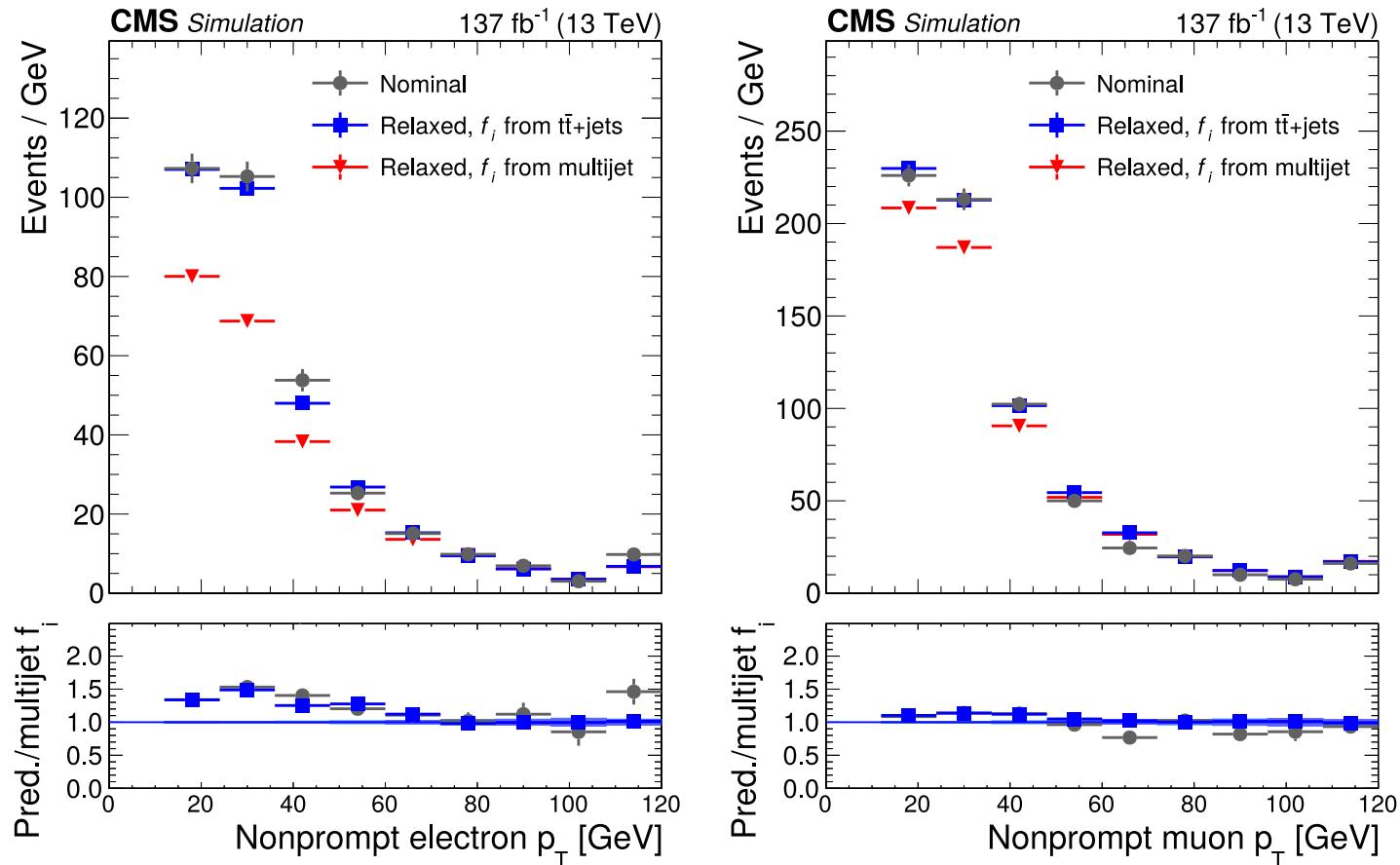




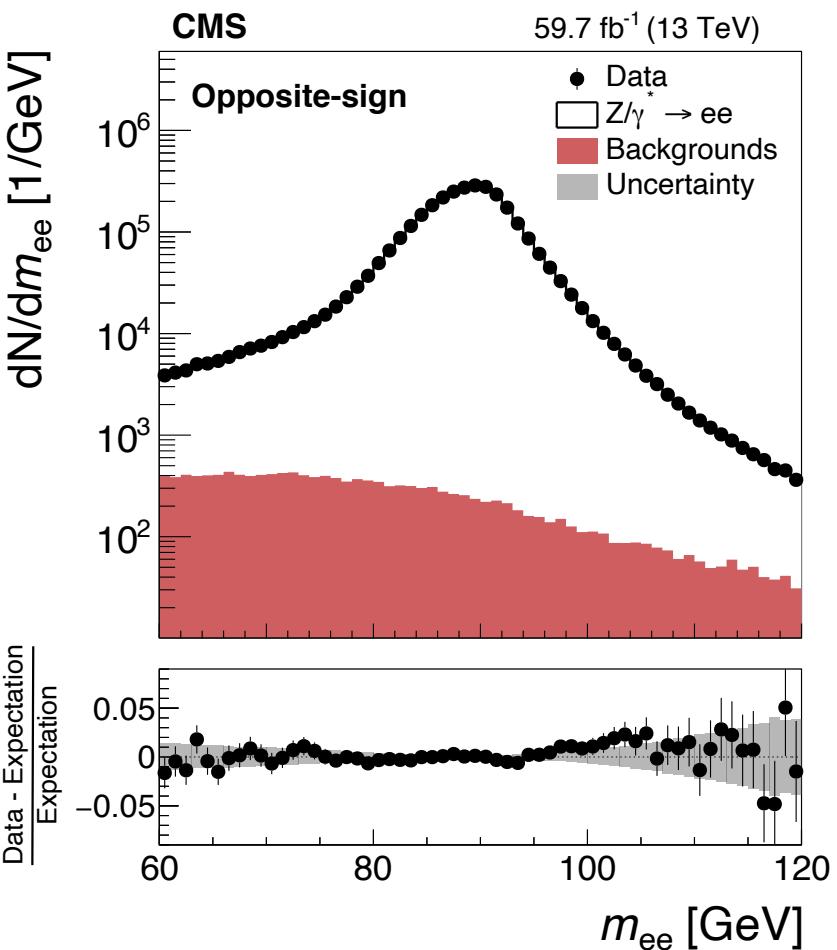
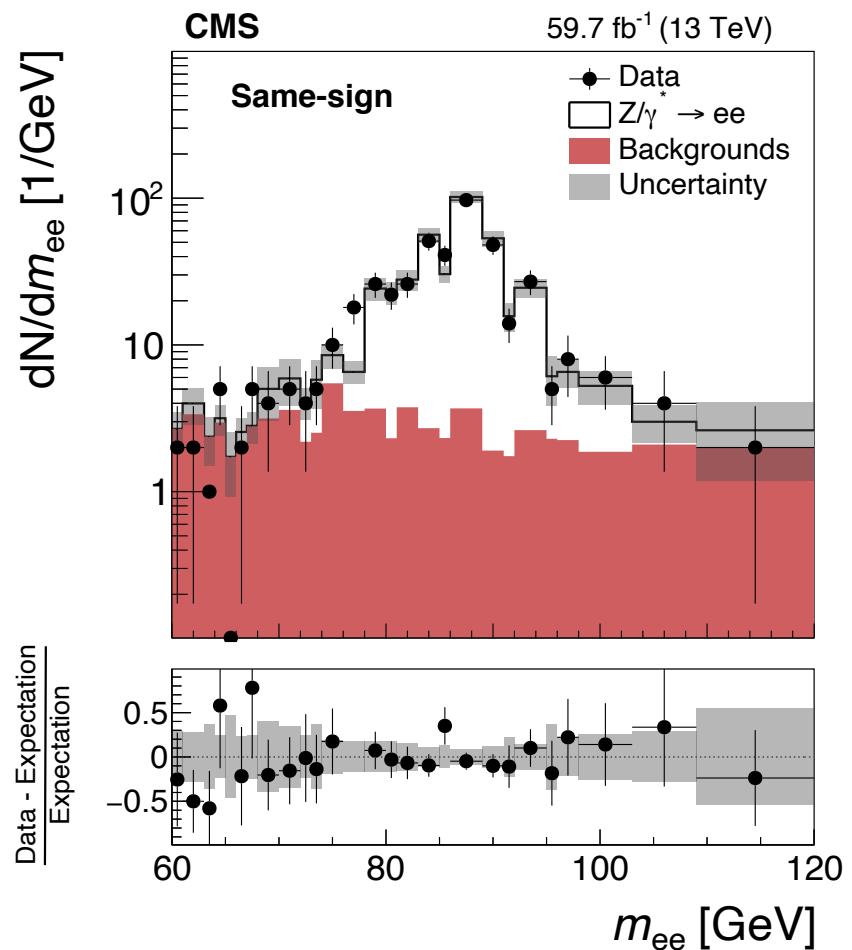
- Lepton fake rate measurement from multijet data

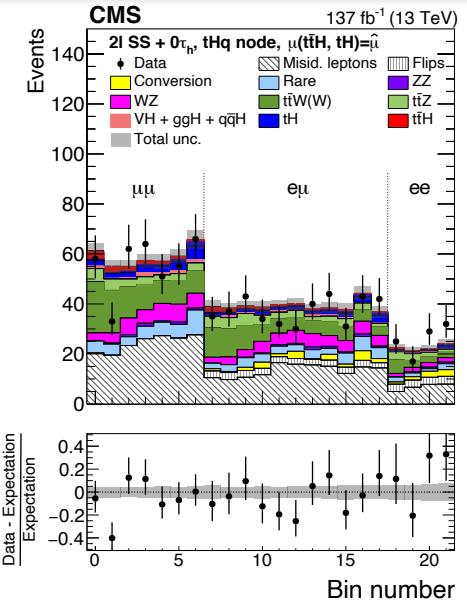
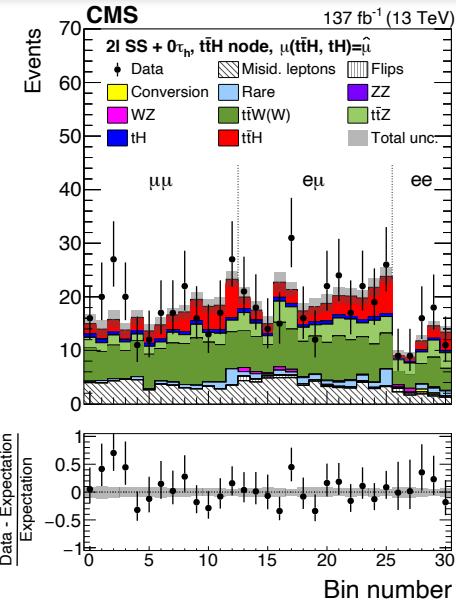


- Lepton fake rate measurement from multijet data

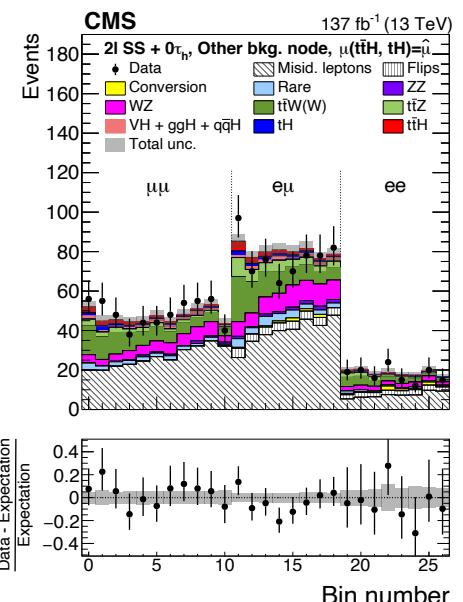
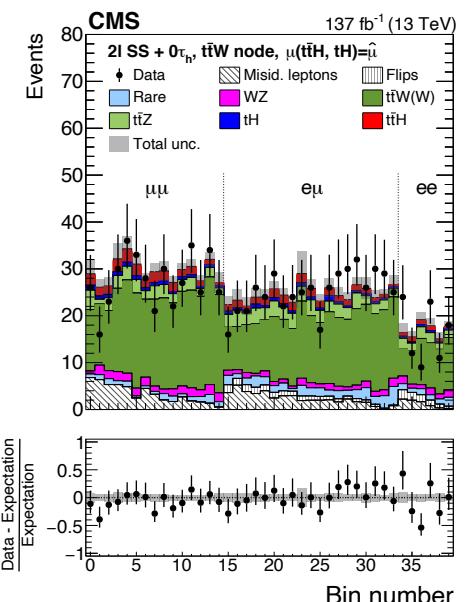


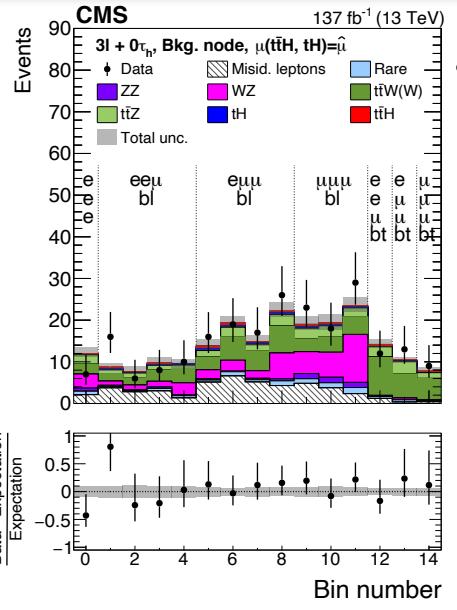
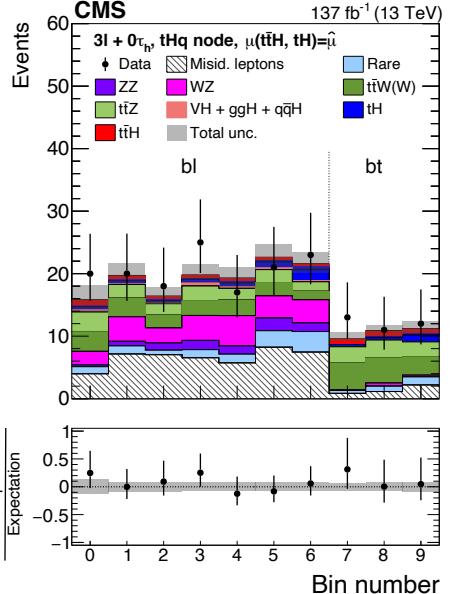
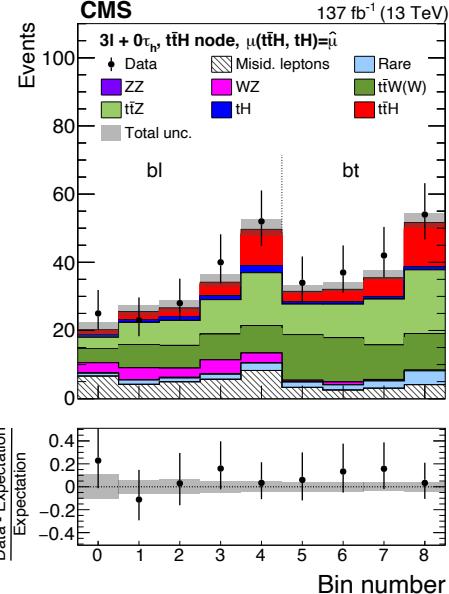
- Charge flip measurement



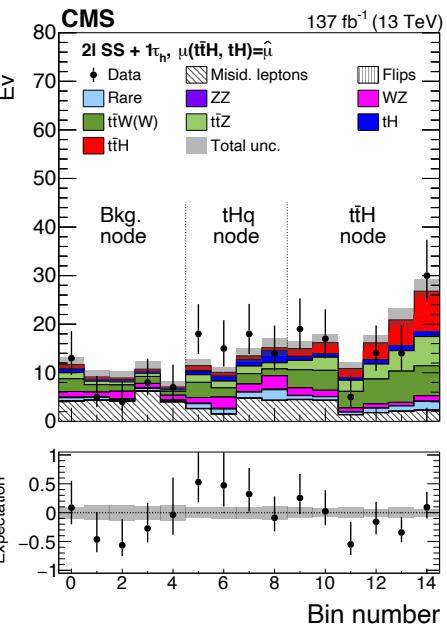


- **2ISS ANN output nodes**

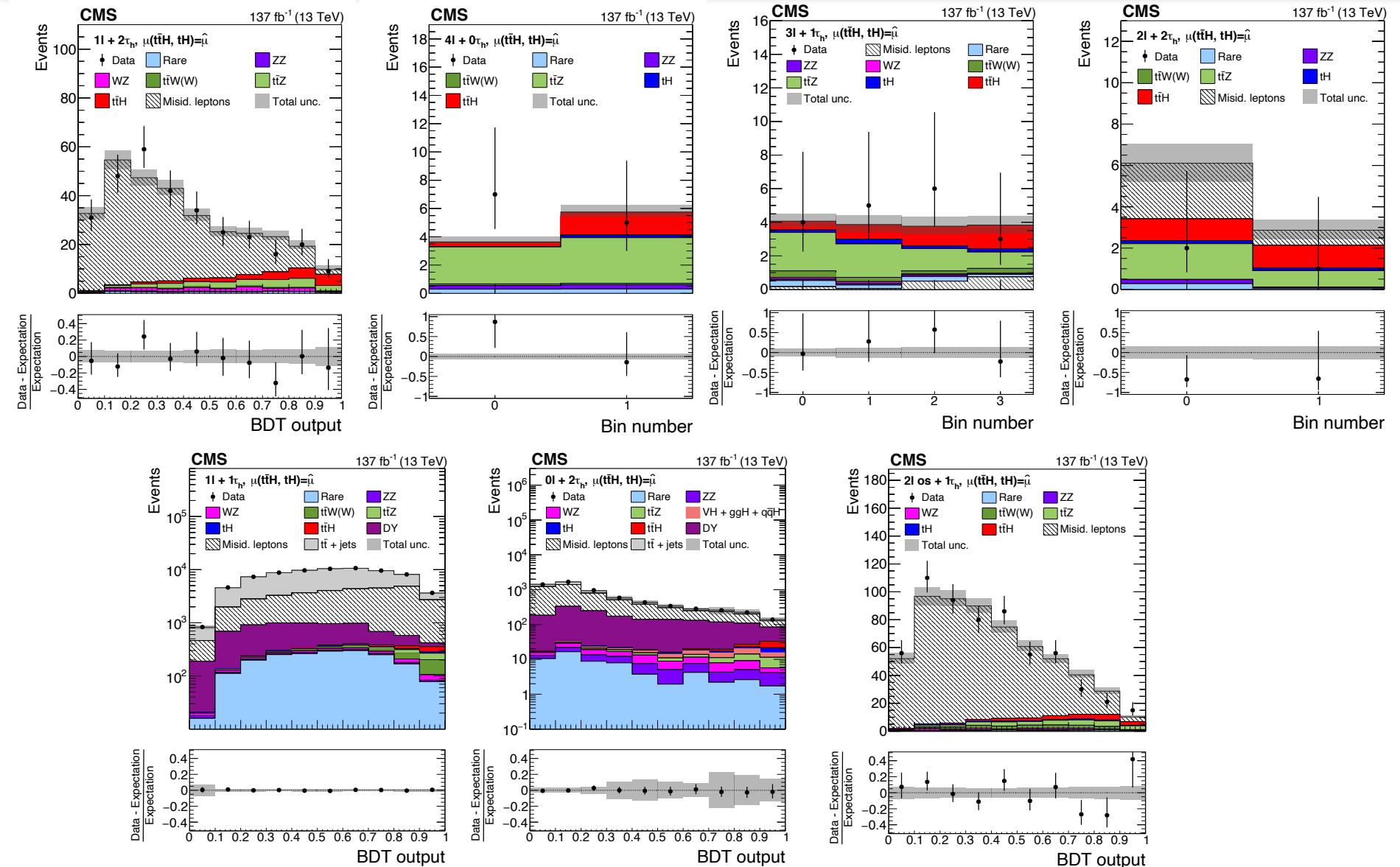




- 3I ANN output nodes

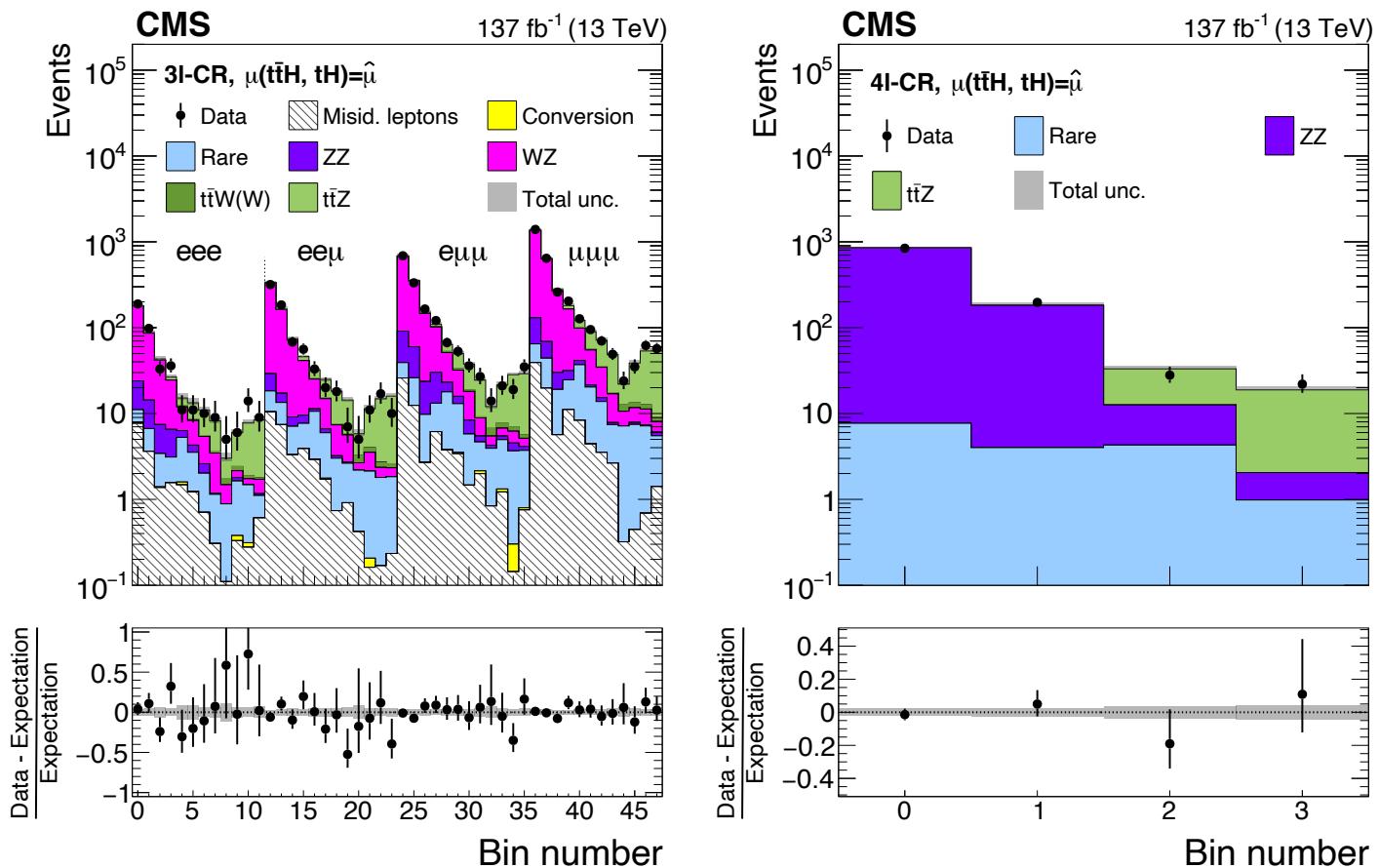


- 2ISS+1 τ ANN output nodes





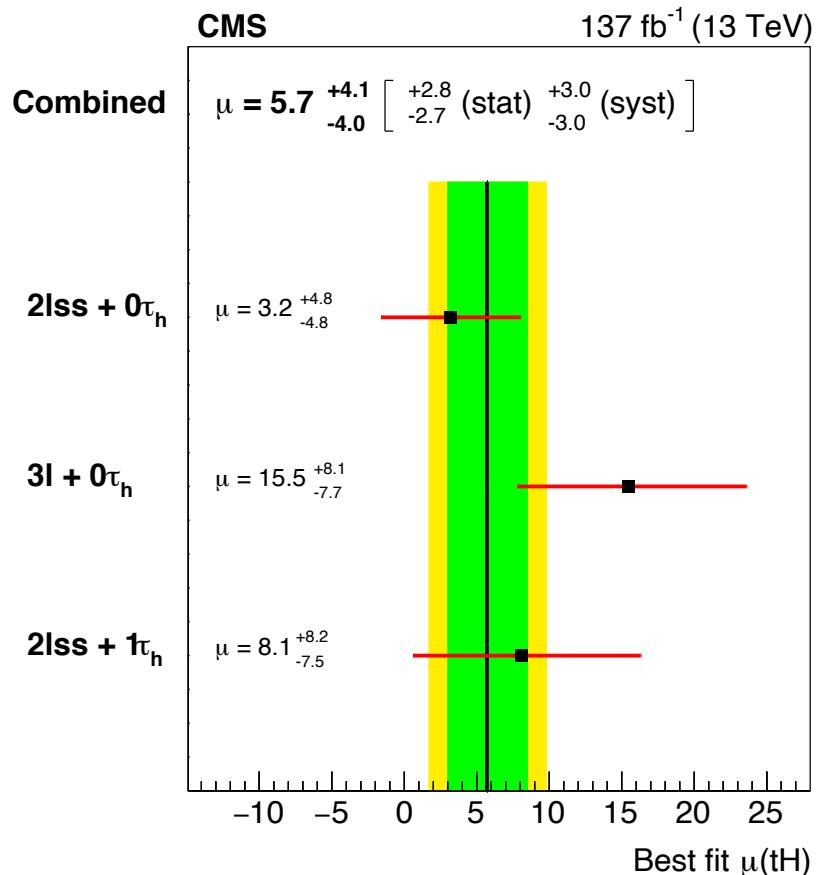
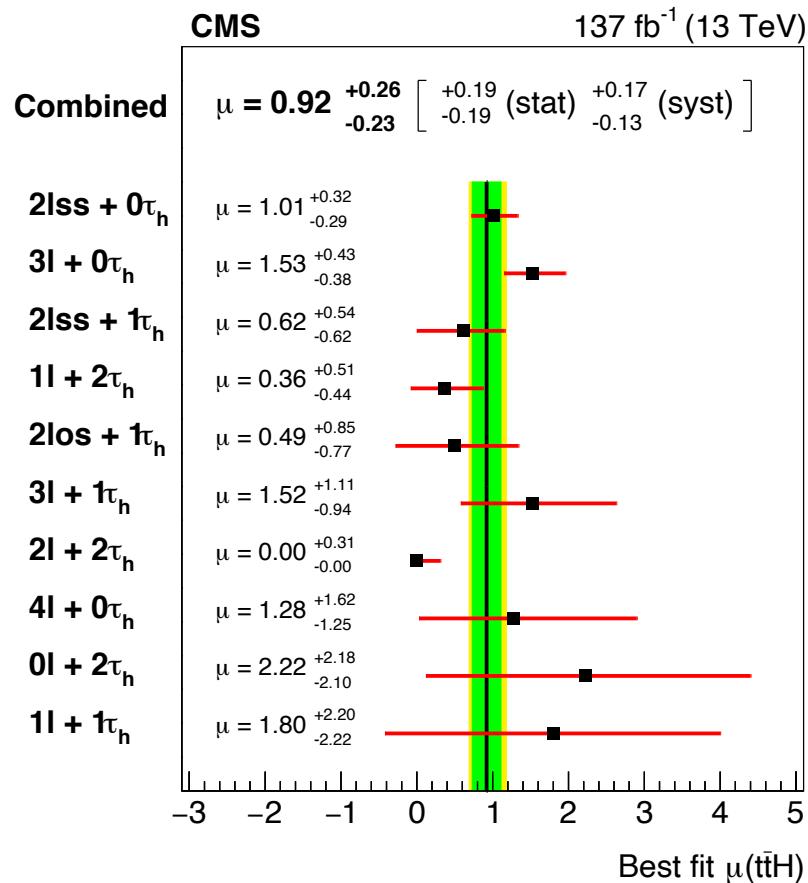
- Control regions

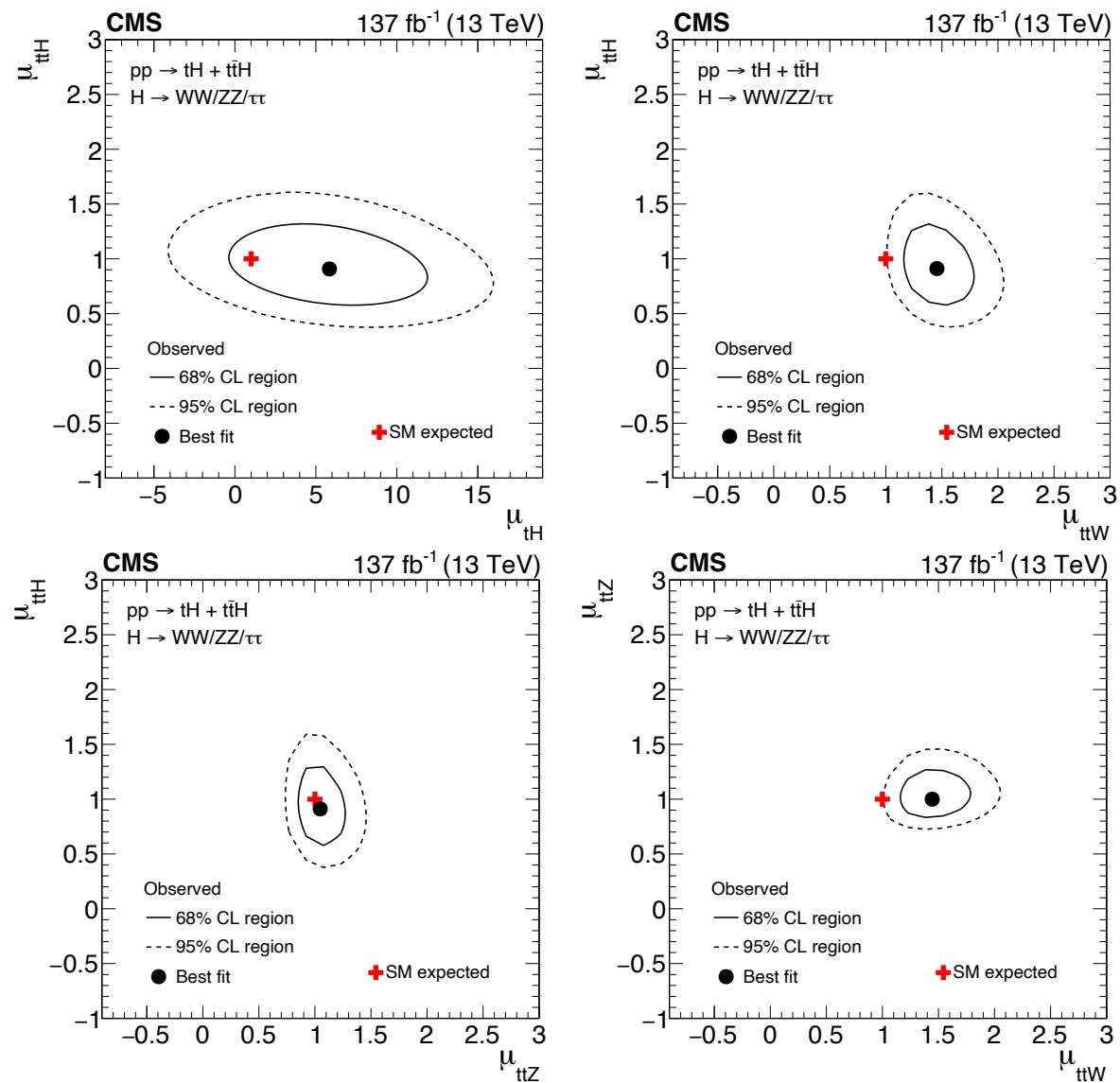


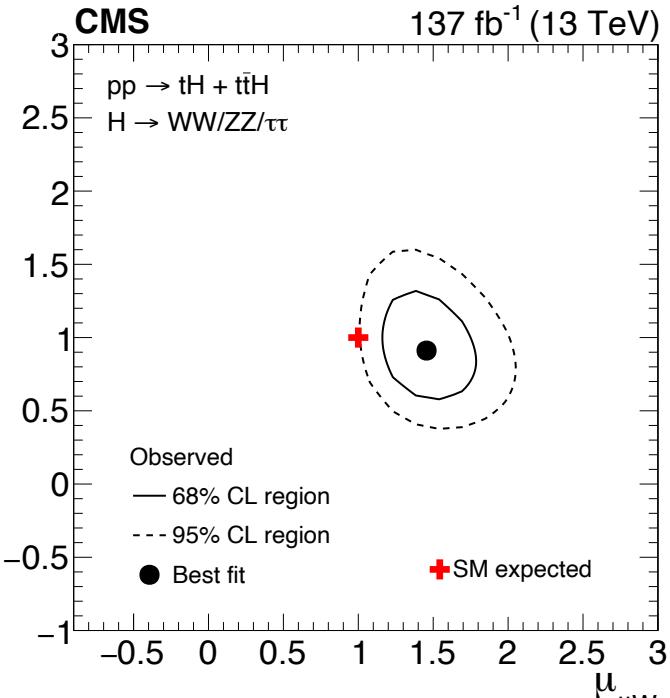


• Systematics

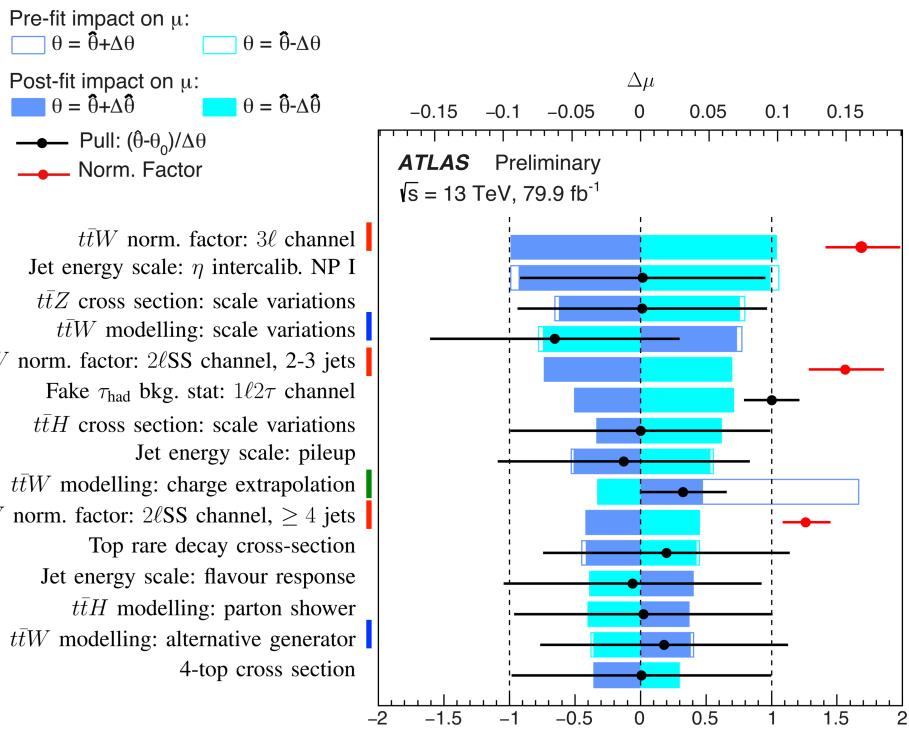
Source	$\Delta\mu_{t\bar{t}H}/\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$ [%]	$\Delta\mu_{tH}/\mu_{tH}$ [%]	$\Delta\mu_{t\bar{t}W}/\mu_{t\bar{t}W}$ [%]	$\Delta\mu_{t\bar{t}Z}/\mu_{t\bar{t}Z}$ [%]
Trigger efficiency	2.3	8.1	1.2	1.9
e, μ reconstruction and identification efficiency	2.9	7.1	1.7	3.2
τ_h identification efficiency	4.6	9.1	1.7	1.3
b tagging efficiency and mistag rate	3.6	13.6	1.3	2.9
Misidentified leptons and flips	6.0	36.8	2.6	1.4
Jet energy scale and resolution	3.4	8.3	1.1	1.2
MC sample and sideband statistical uncertainty	7.1	27.2	2.4	2.3
Theory-related sources	4.6	18.2	2.0	4.2
Normalization of MC-estimated processes	13.3	12.3	13.9	11.3
Integrated luminosity	2.2	4.6	1.8	3.1
Statistical uncertainty	20.9	48.0	5.9	5.8





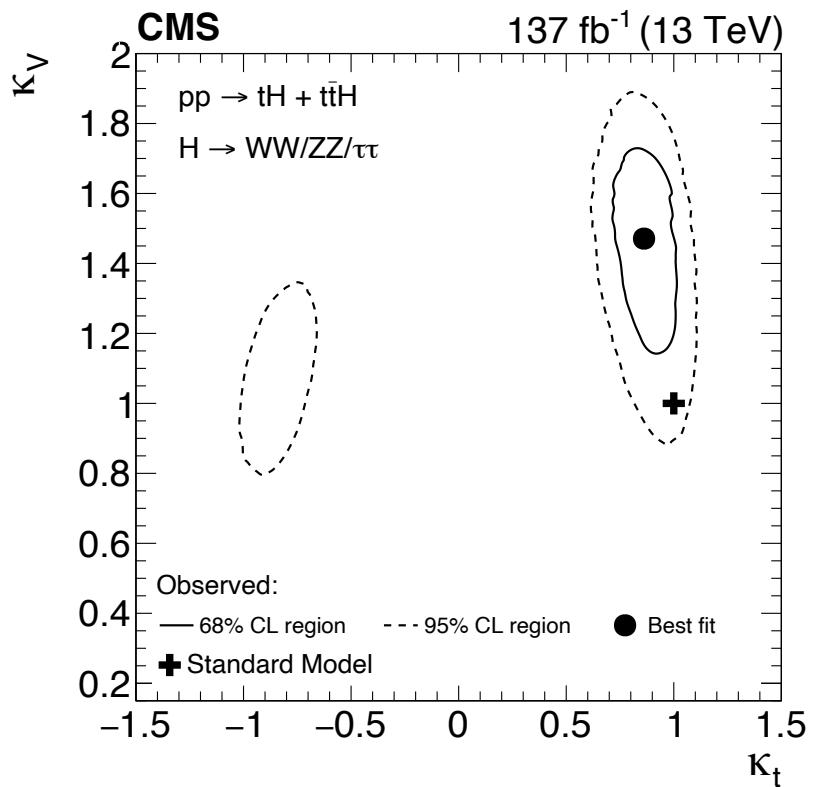
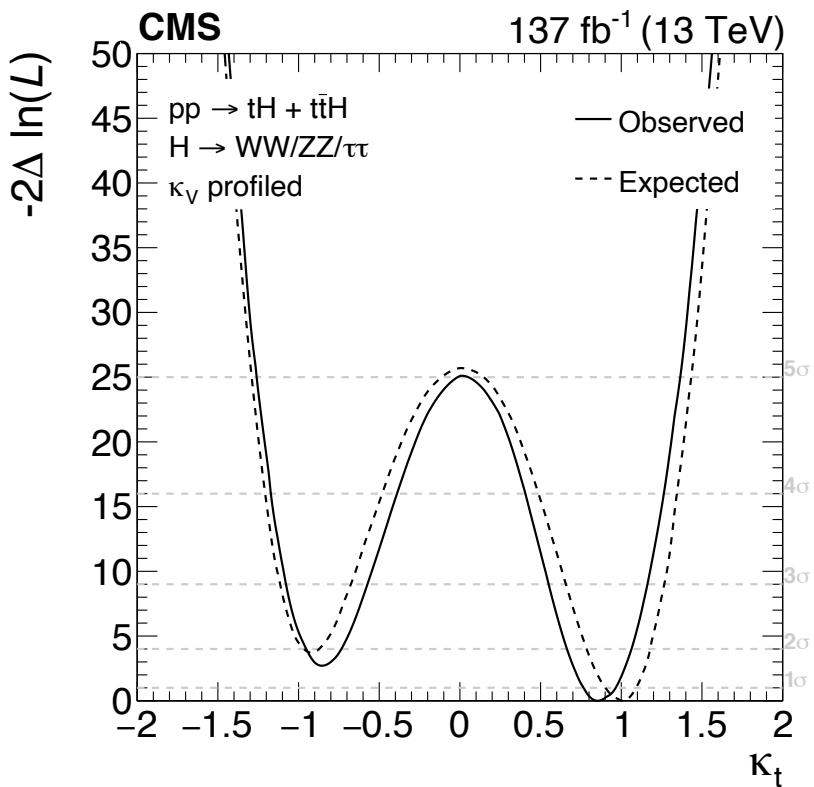


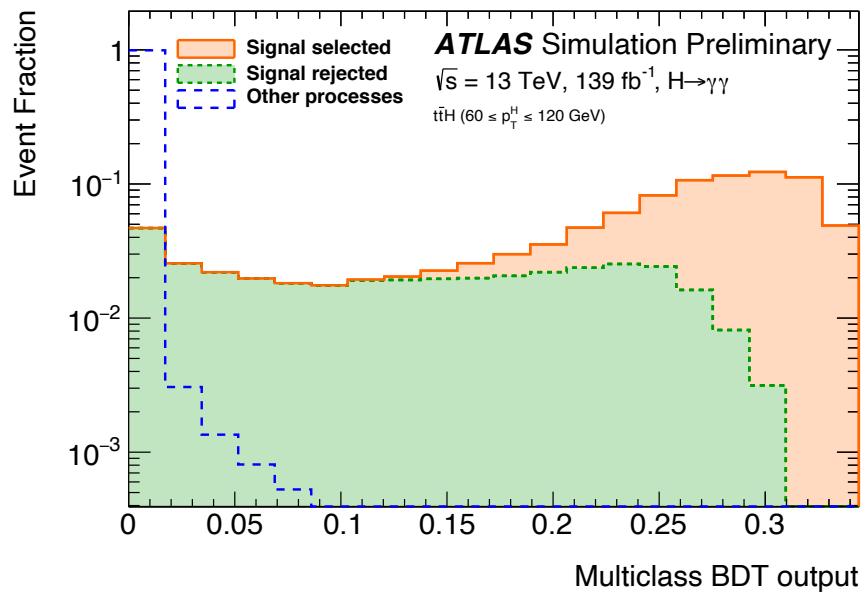
$$\mu(\text{ttW}) = 1.43 \pm 0.21$$



$$\text{Inclusive } \mu(\text{ttW}) = 1.39 \pm 0.17$$

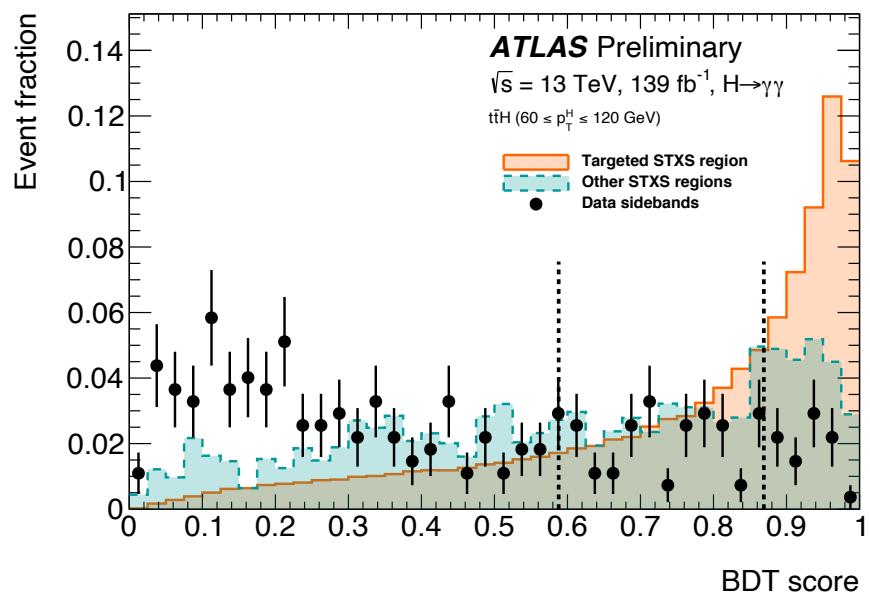
- Different ttW cross-sections used for ATLAS + CMS:** ATLAS used state-of-the art corrections from ttW+1-jet diagrams, scale factor 1.09 for nominal cross-section ($601 \pm 76 \text{ fb}$)
<https://arxiv.org/abs/1711.02116>



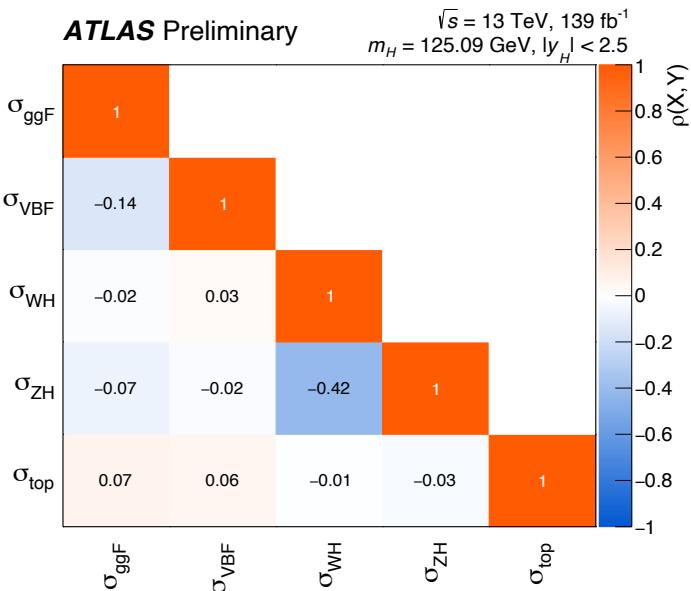
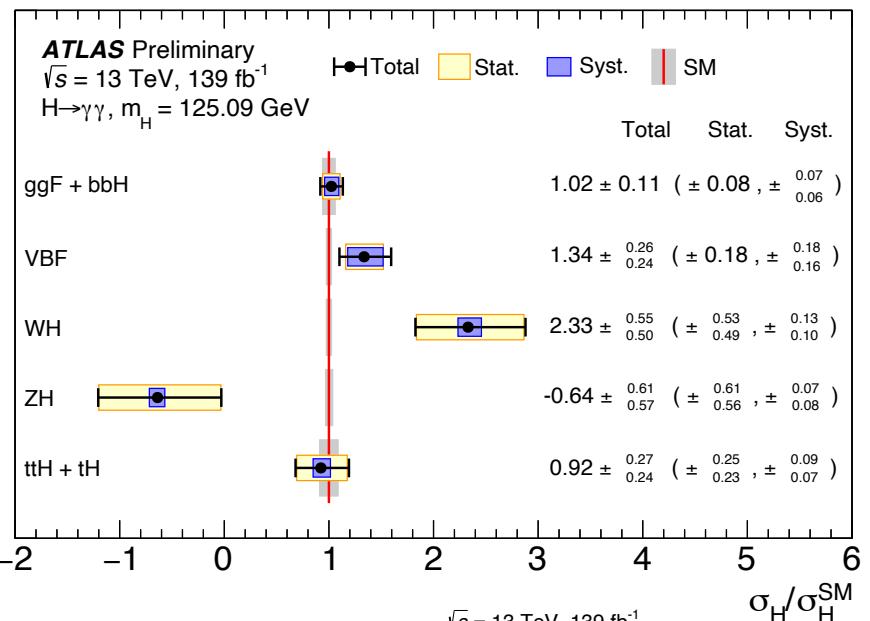
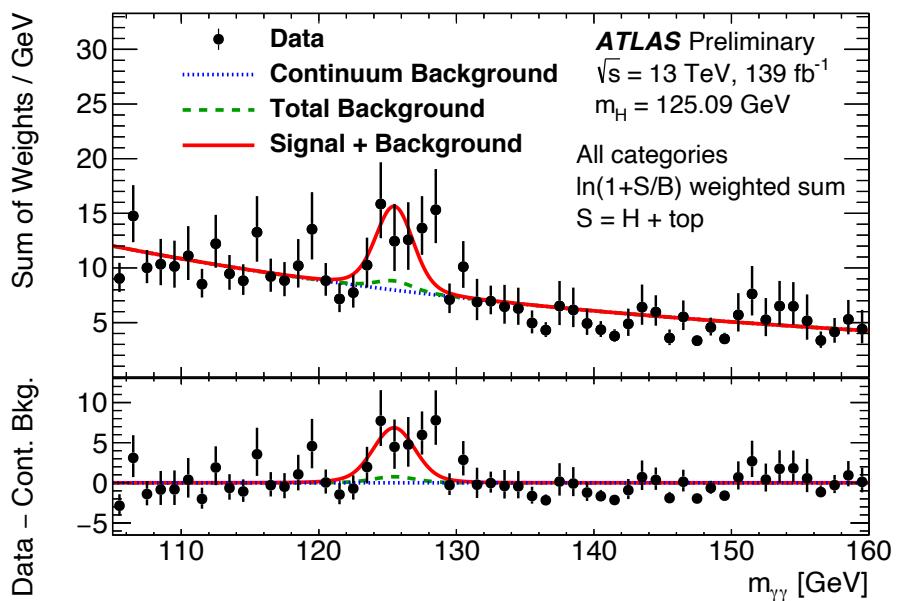


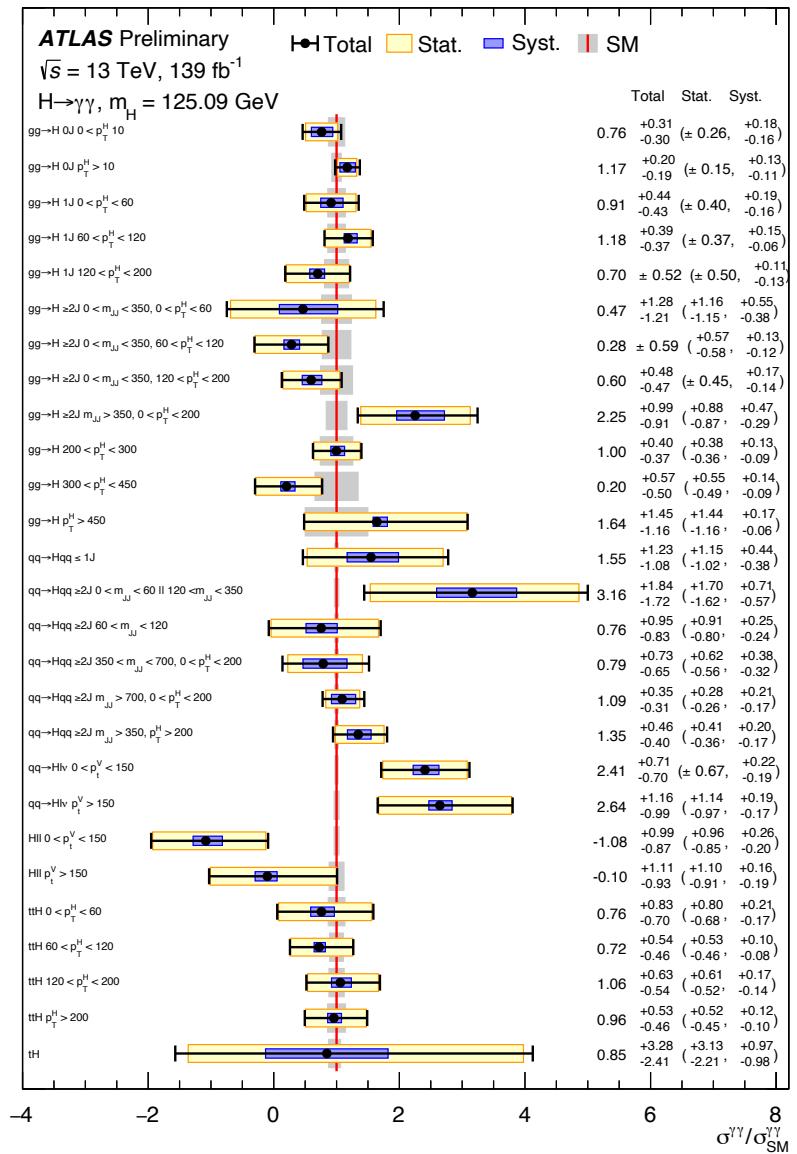
- ttH vs background BDT

- ttH STXS BDT multi-classifier

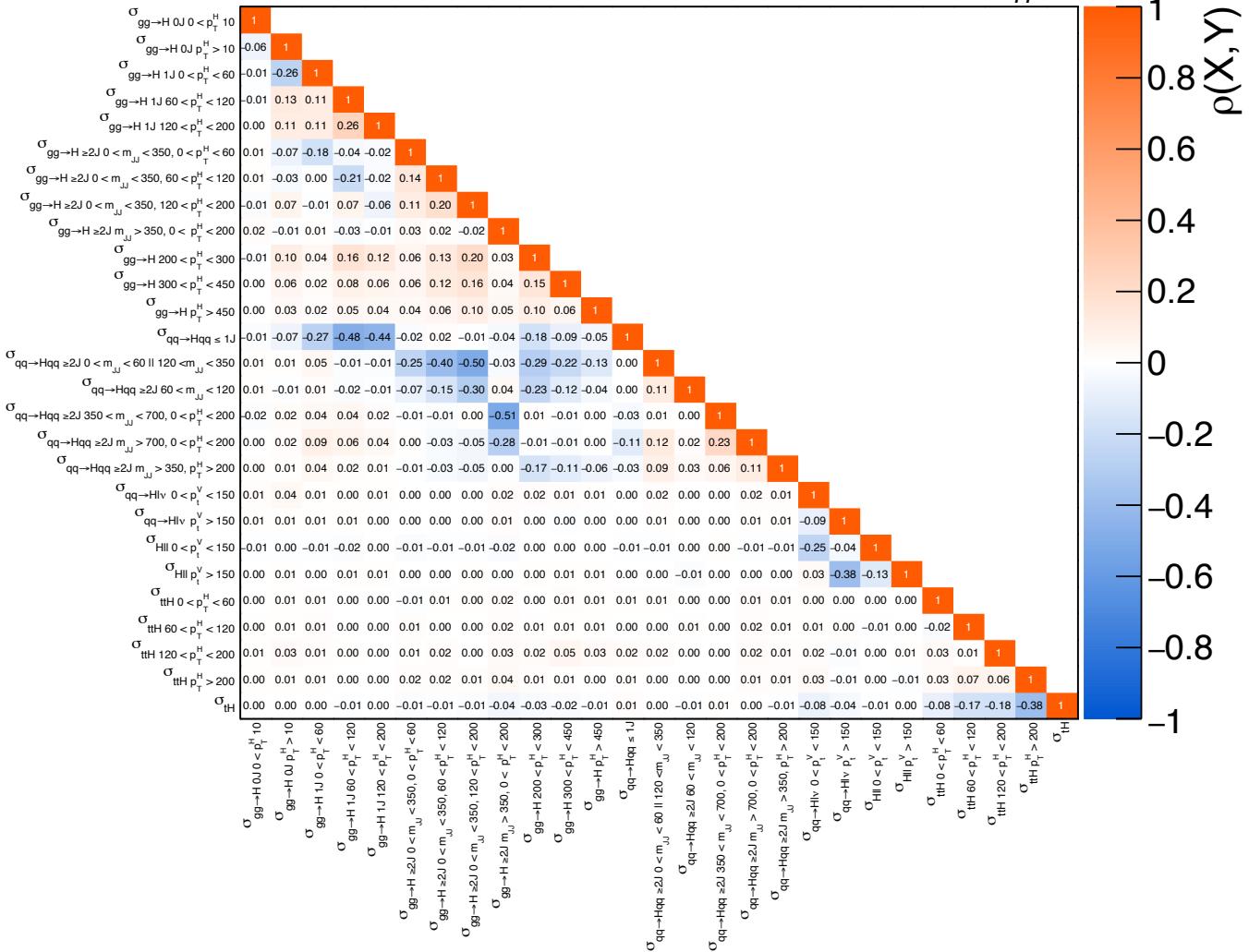


STXS regions	Multi-class BDT	STXS regions	Binary BDT
$gg \rightarrow H$	di-photon p_T and absolute rapidity;	individual STXS regions from $gg \rightarrow H$ or $qq' \rightarrow Hqq'$	Multi-class BDT variables, and $\Delta\phi, \Delta\eta$ between the 2 photons ($\Delta\phi_{\gamma\gamma}, \Delta\eta_{\gamma\gamma}$); Number of electrons and muons; $E_T^{miss}, \sum E^T, E_T^{miss}$ significance, and E_T^{miss} azimuthal angle computed from hardest vertex;
$qq' \rightarrow Hqq'$	p_T , mass, $\Delta y, \Delta\phi, \Delta\eta$ between the 2 jets; p_T , mass of $\gamma\gamma + j$ and $\gamma\gamma + jj$, $\Delta y, \Delta\phi$ between $\gamma\gamma$ and jj , minimum ΔR between jets and photons, mass of the sum of all jets;		$\gamma\gamma \vec{p}_T$ projected to its thrust axis ($p_T^{\gamma\gamma}$); Half difference between di-photon η and sum η of leading 2 jets (η^{Zep}); $\phi_{\gamma\gamma}^* = \tan\left(\frac{\pi - \Delta\phi_{\gamma\gamma} }{2}\right) \sqrt{1 - \tanh^2\left(\frac{\Delta\eta_{\gamma\gamma}}{2}\right)}$ $\cos\theta_{\gamma\gamma}^* = \left \frac{(E^{\gamma_1} + p_z^{\gamma_1}) \cdot (E^{\gamma_2} - p_z^{\gamma_2}) - (E^{\gamma_1} - p_z^{\gamma_1}) \cdot (E^{\gamma_2} + p_z^{\gamma_2})}{m_{\gamma\gamma} + \sqrt{(m_{\gamma\gamma}^2 + (p_T^{\gamma\gamma})^2)}} \right $
$qq \rightarrow H\ell\nu$	di-lepton p_T , di-e or di- μ mass, E_T^{miss}, p_T of lepton + E_T^{miss} ; p_T, η, ϕ , mass of top candidates; Number of jets, barrel jets ($ \eta < 2.5$), b-jets and leptons;	WH STXS regions combined	$p_T/m_{\gamma\gamma}, \eta, \phi$ of 2 leading photons; p_T, η, ϕ of 2 leading leptons; E_T^{miss}, E_T^{miss} significance, E_T^{miss} azimuthal angle;
$qq \rightarrow H\ell\ell$	leading jet p_T , sum p_T of all jets $\sum E^T, E_T^{miss}$ significance; Average interaction per crossing, number of primary vertices	ZH STXS regions combined	Whether or not the E_T^{miss} built from di-photon vertex is larger than that built from the hardest vertex by more than 30 GeV; di-lepton mass, and transverse mass of lepton + E_T^{miss}
$t\bar{t}H$		$t\bar{t}H$ STXS regions combined	p_T, η, ϕ of 2 leading photons; p_T, η, ϕ and B-tagging scores of 6 leading jets; E_T^{miss}, E_T^{miss} significance, E_T^{miss} azimuthal angle;
tH		$tWH, tHqb$	Top reconstruction BDT scores

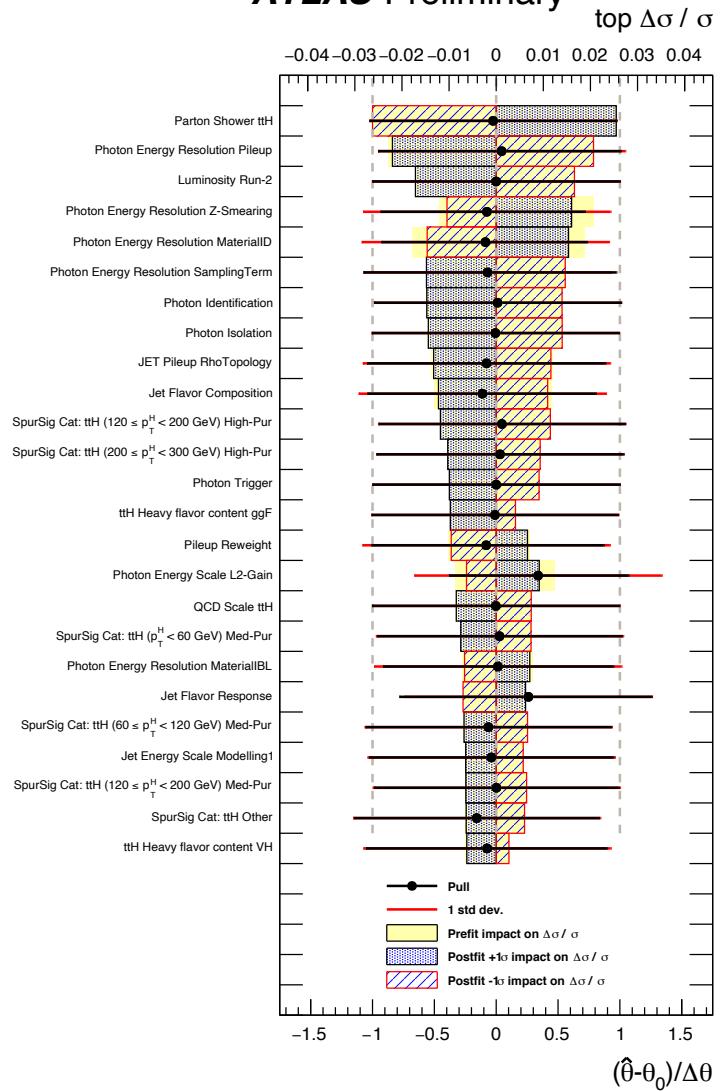




ATLAS Preliminary

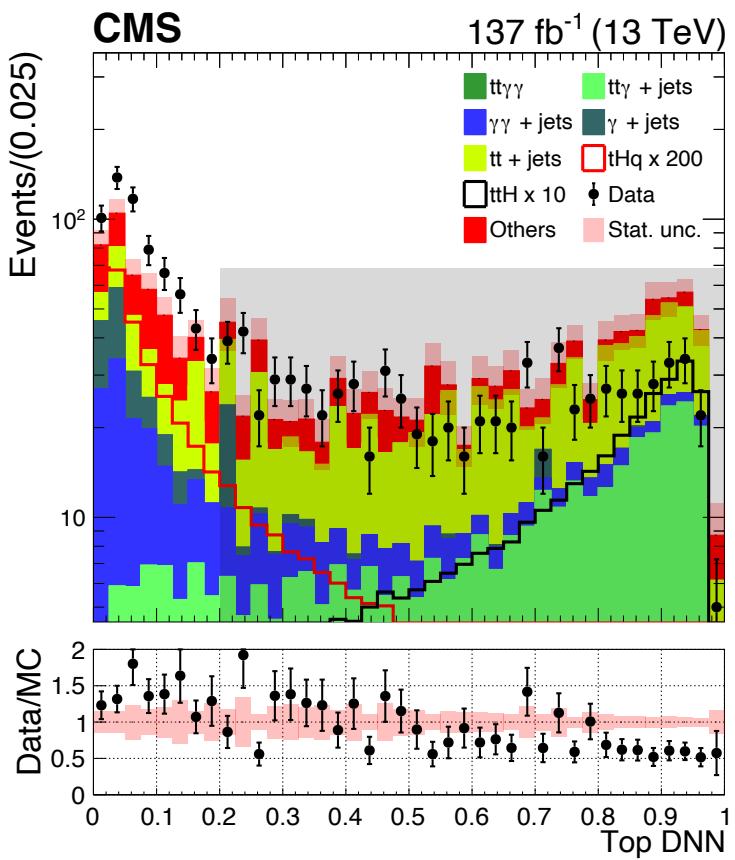
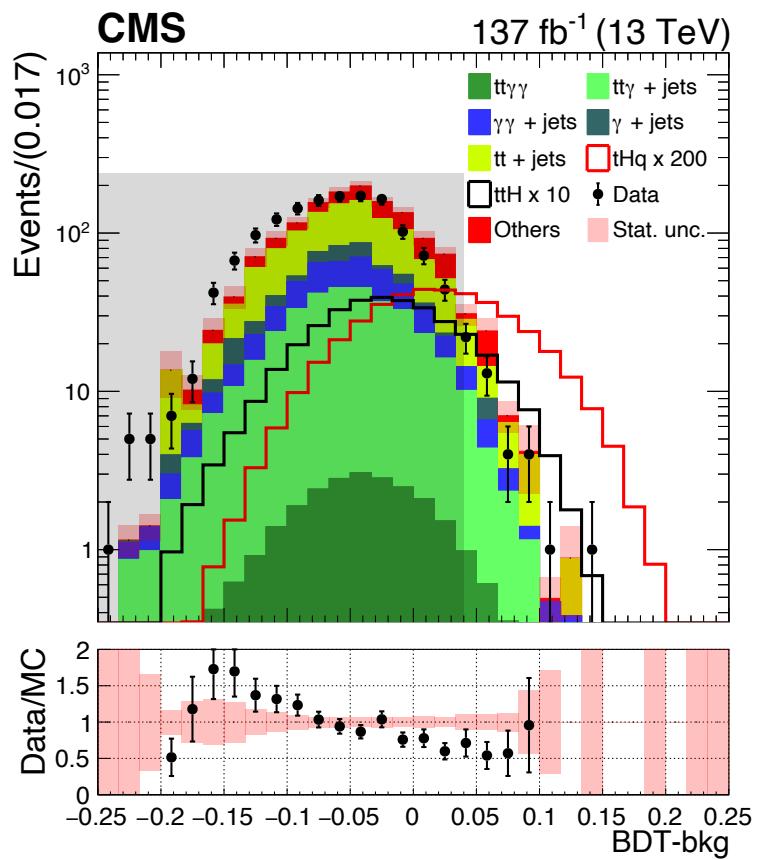
 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}, 139 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
 $m_H = 125.09 \text{ GeV}, |\eta_H| < 2.5$


ATLAS Preliminary





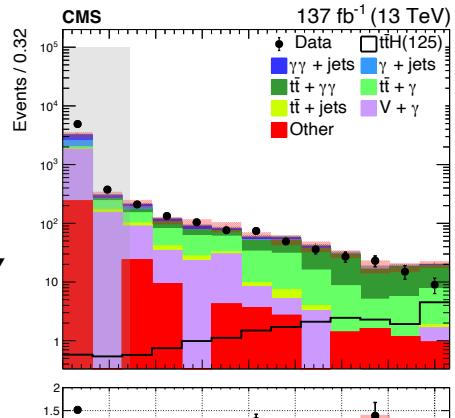
- BDT bkg = ttH + tH vs background
- Top DNN = ttH vs tH



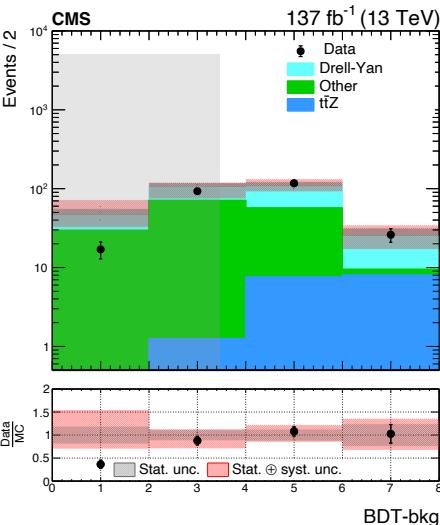
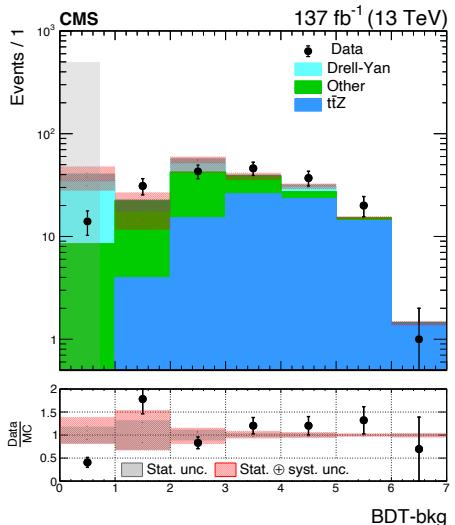
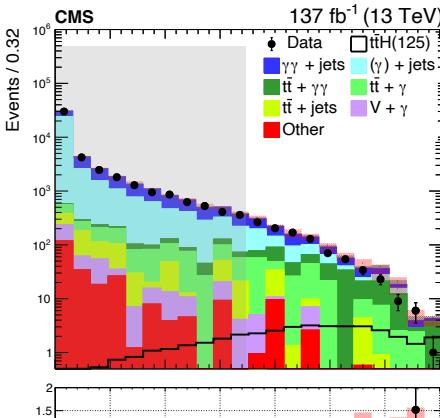
$100 < m(\gamma\gamma) < 120 \text{ GeV}$
 or $130 < m(\gamma\gamma) < 190 \text{ GeV}$

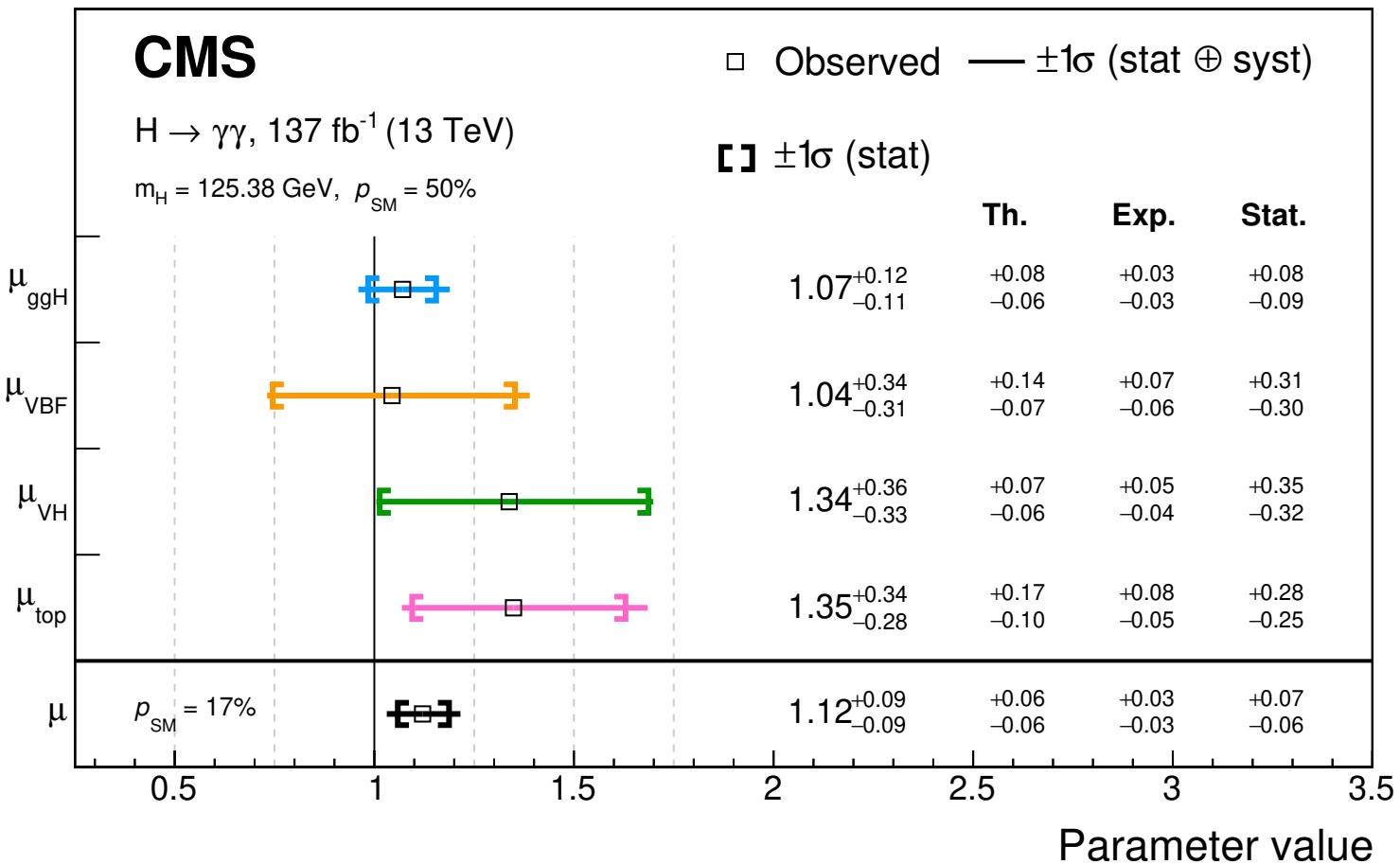
$ttZ Z \rightarrow ee$
control region

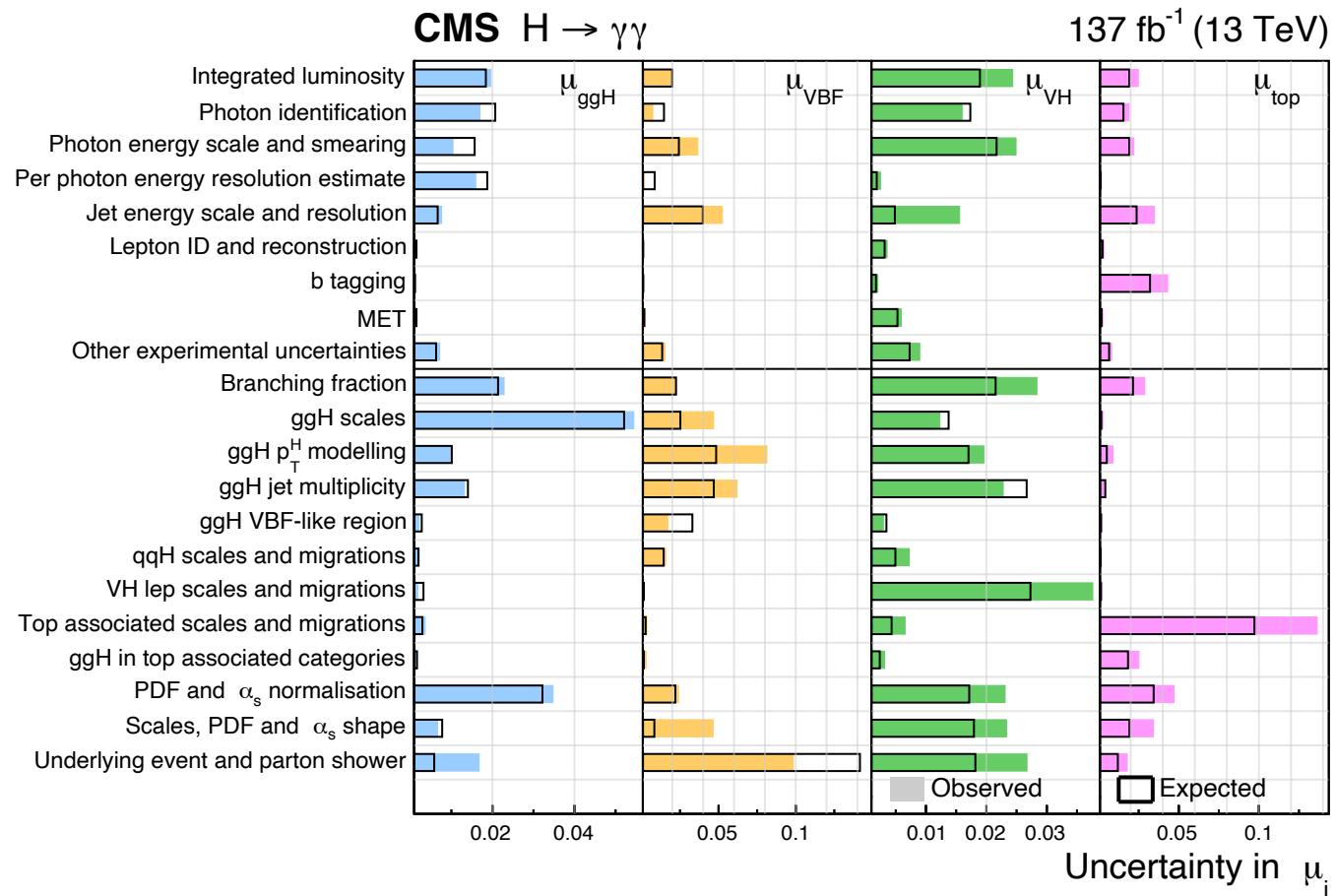
ttH leptonic

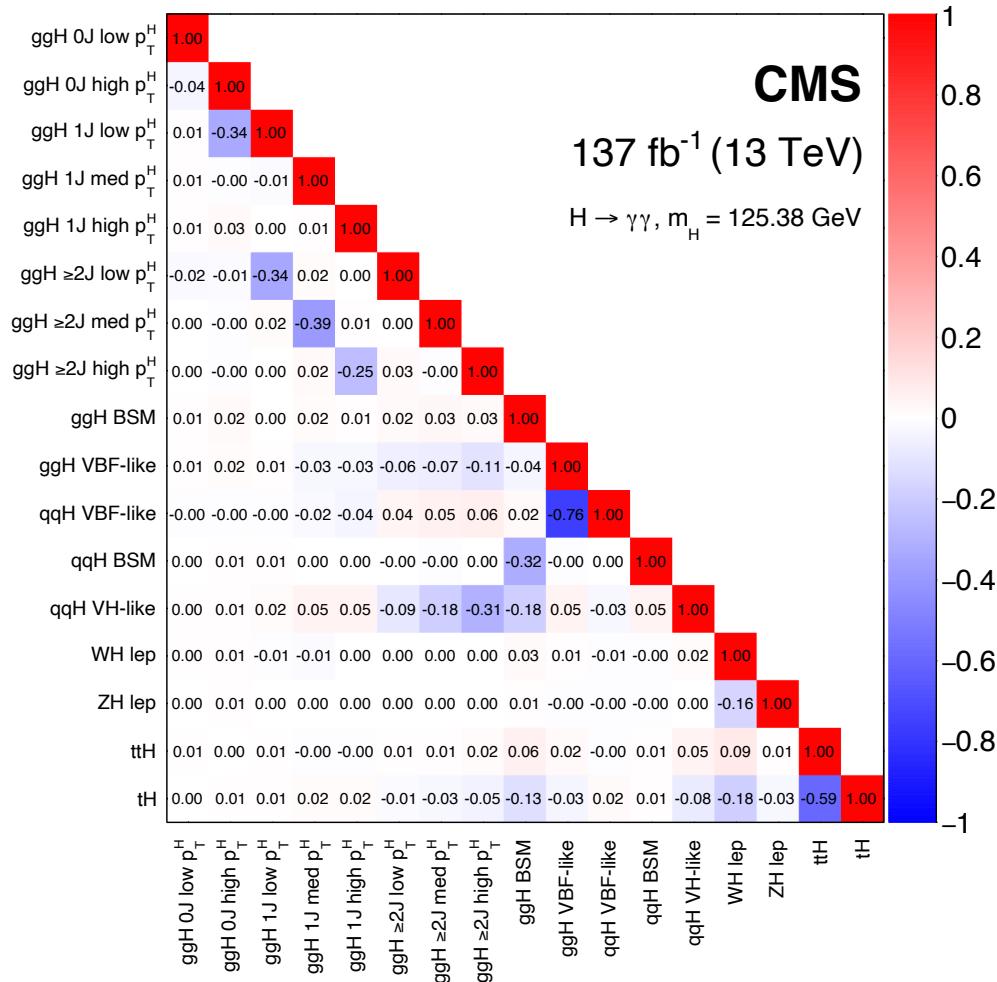


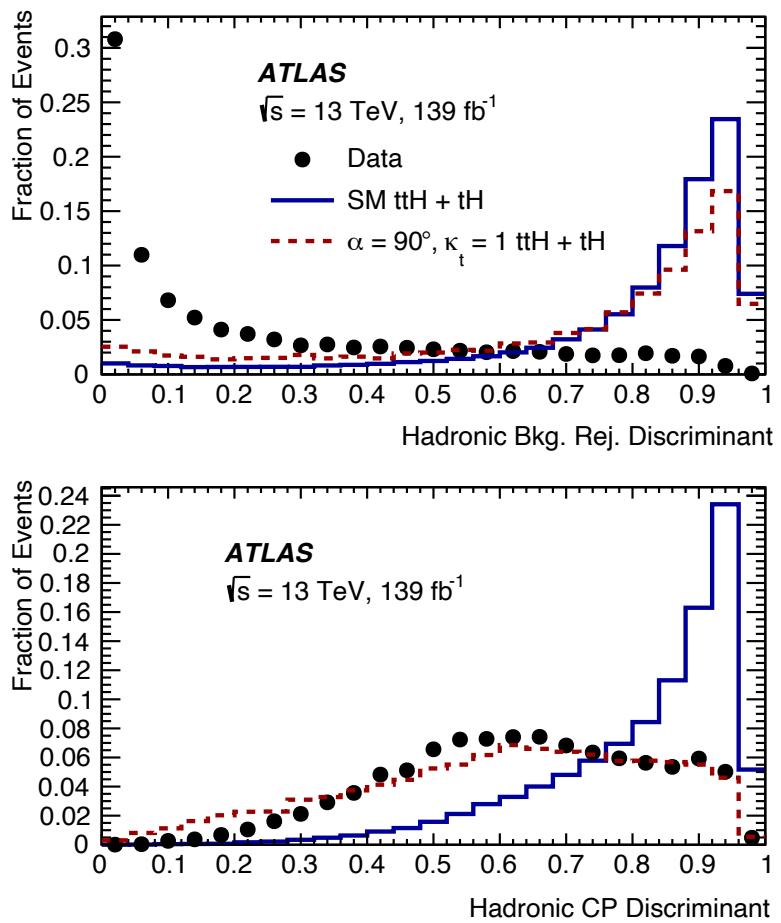
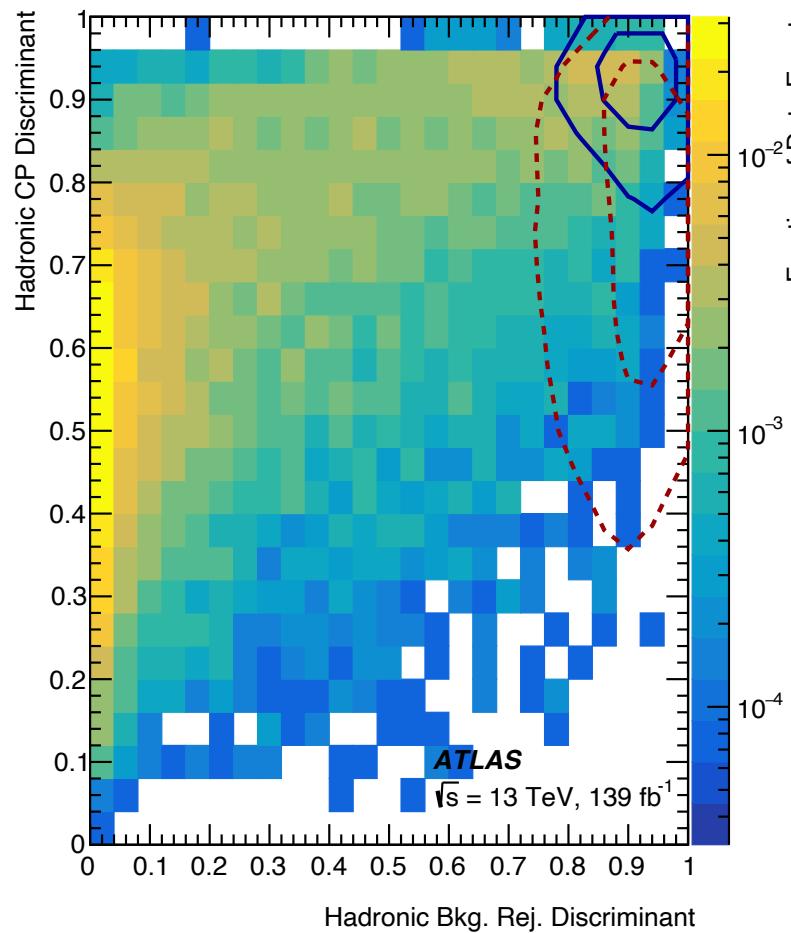
ttH hadronic

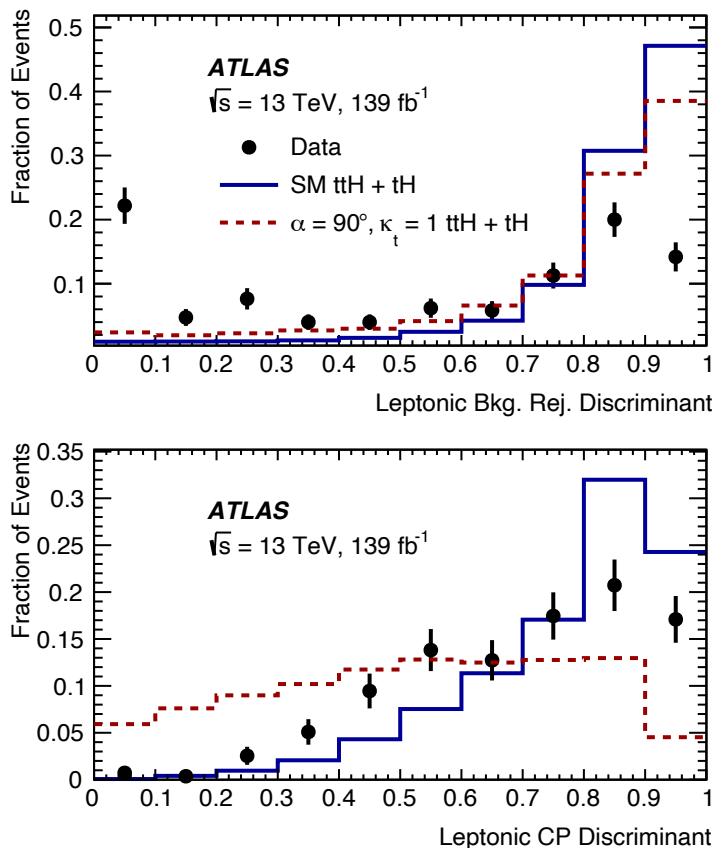
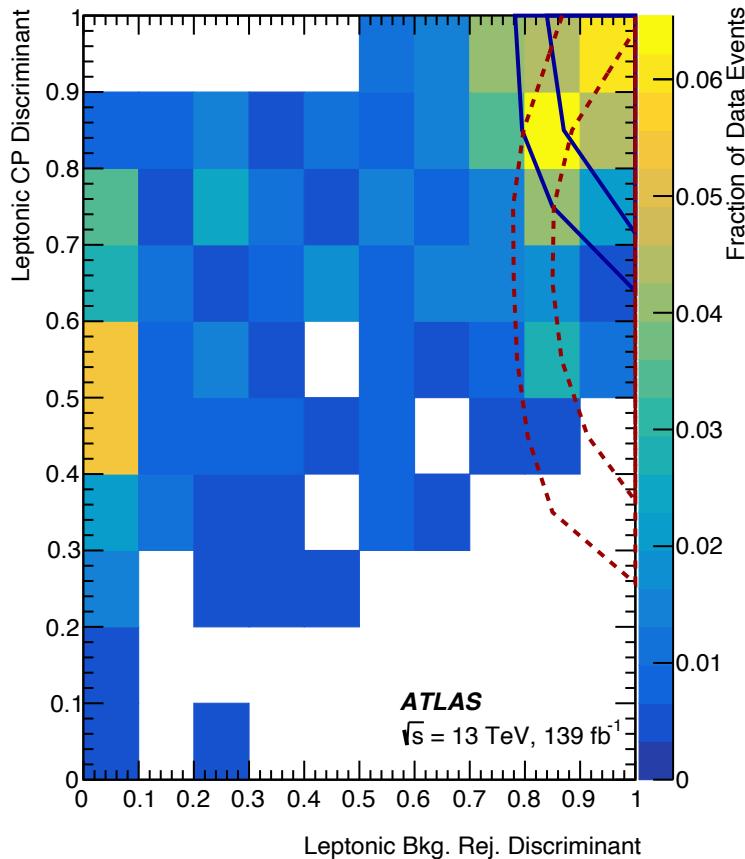


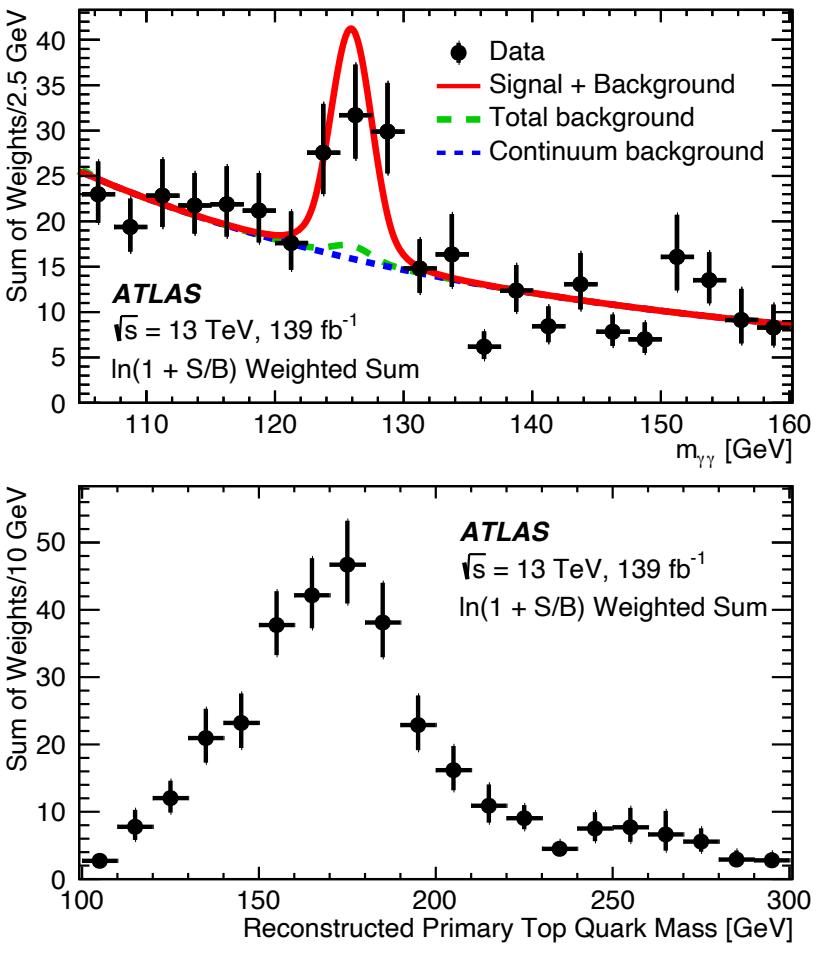
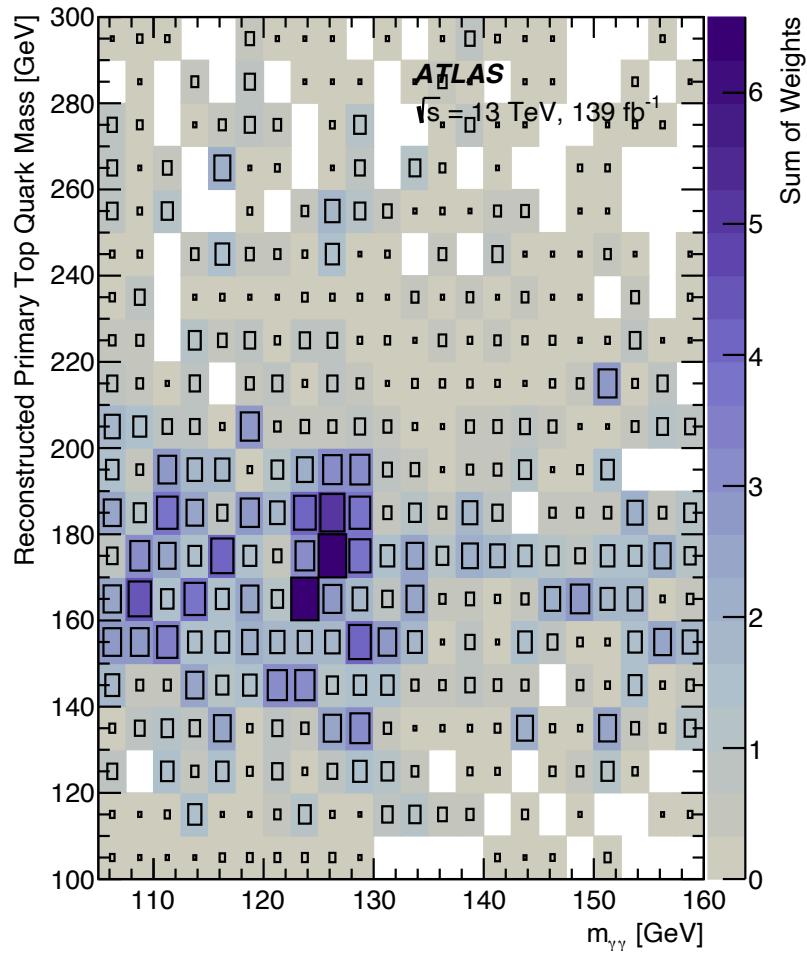


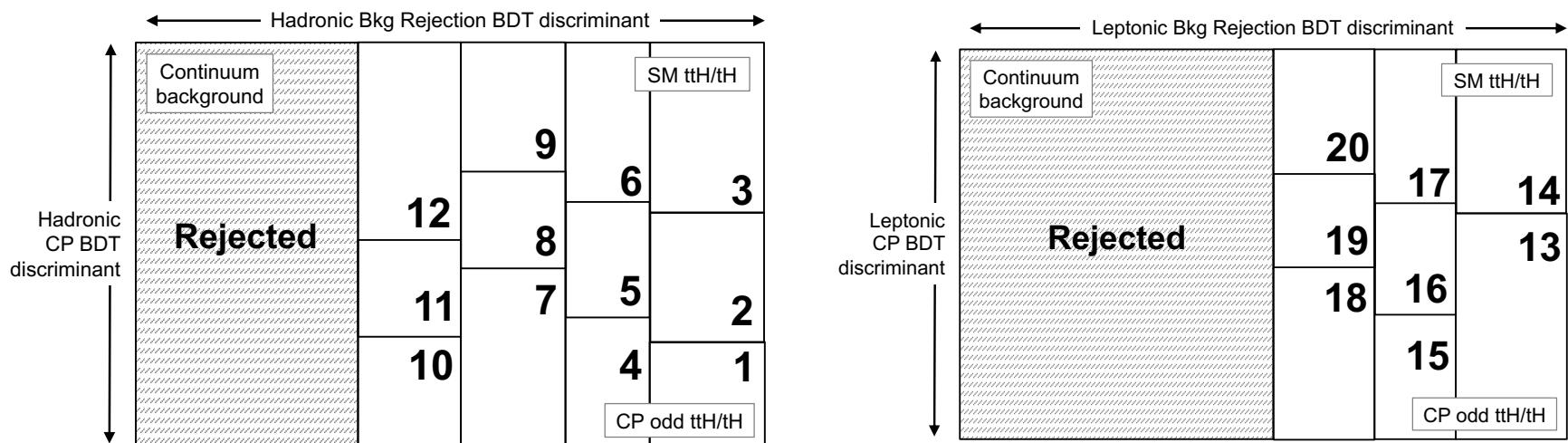


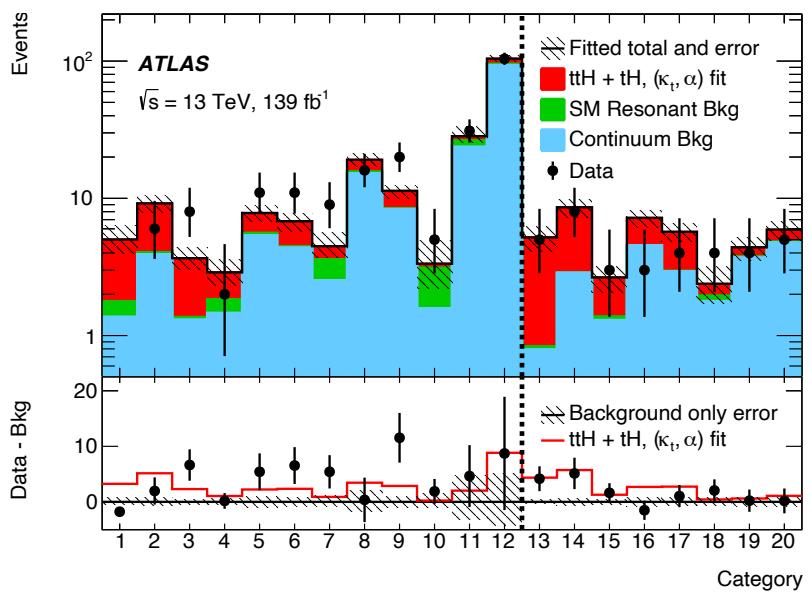
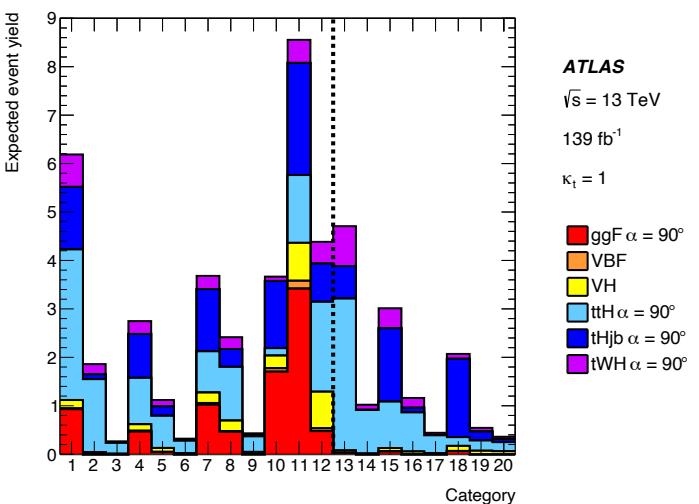
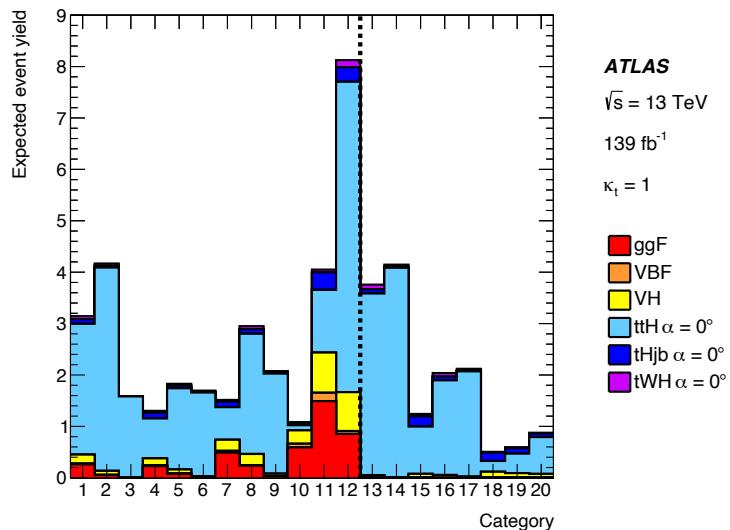




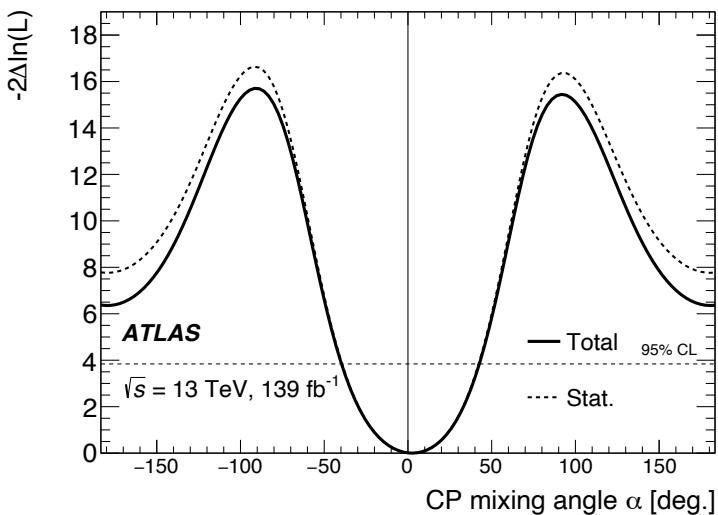
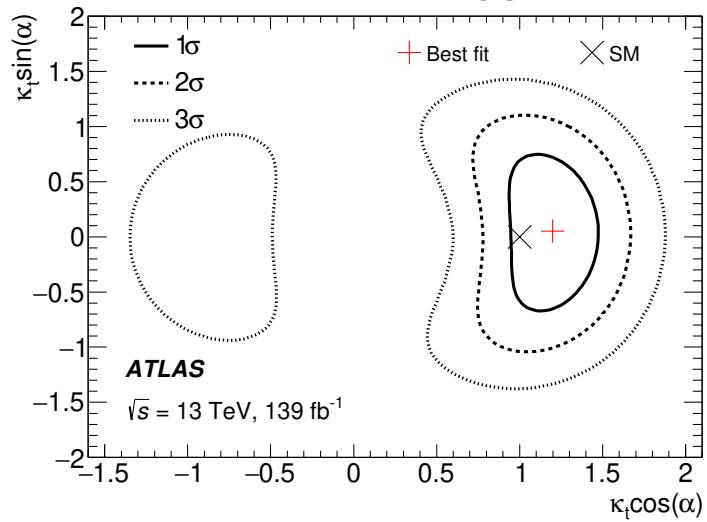




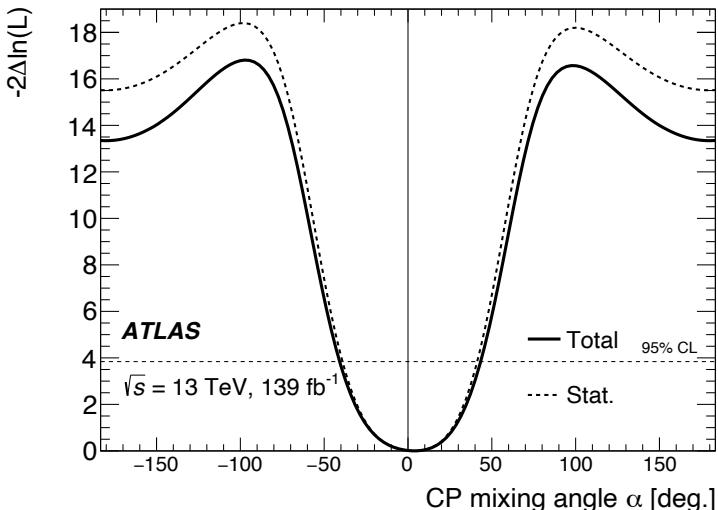
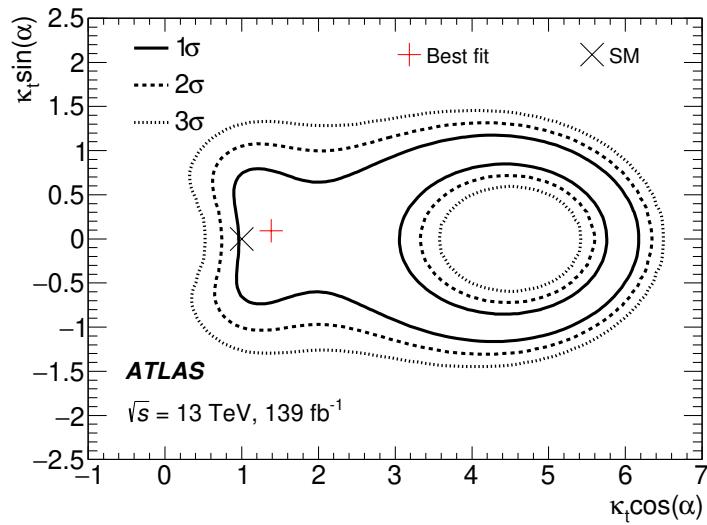


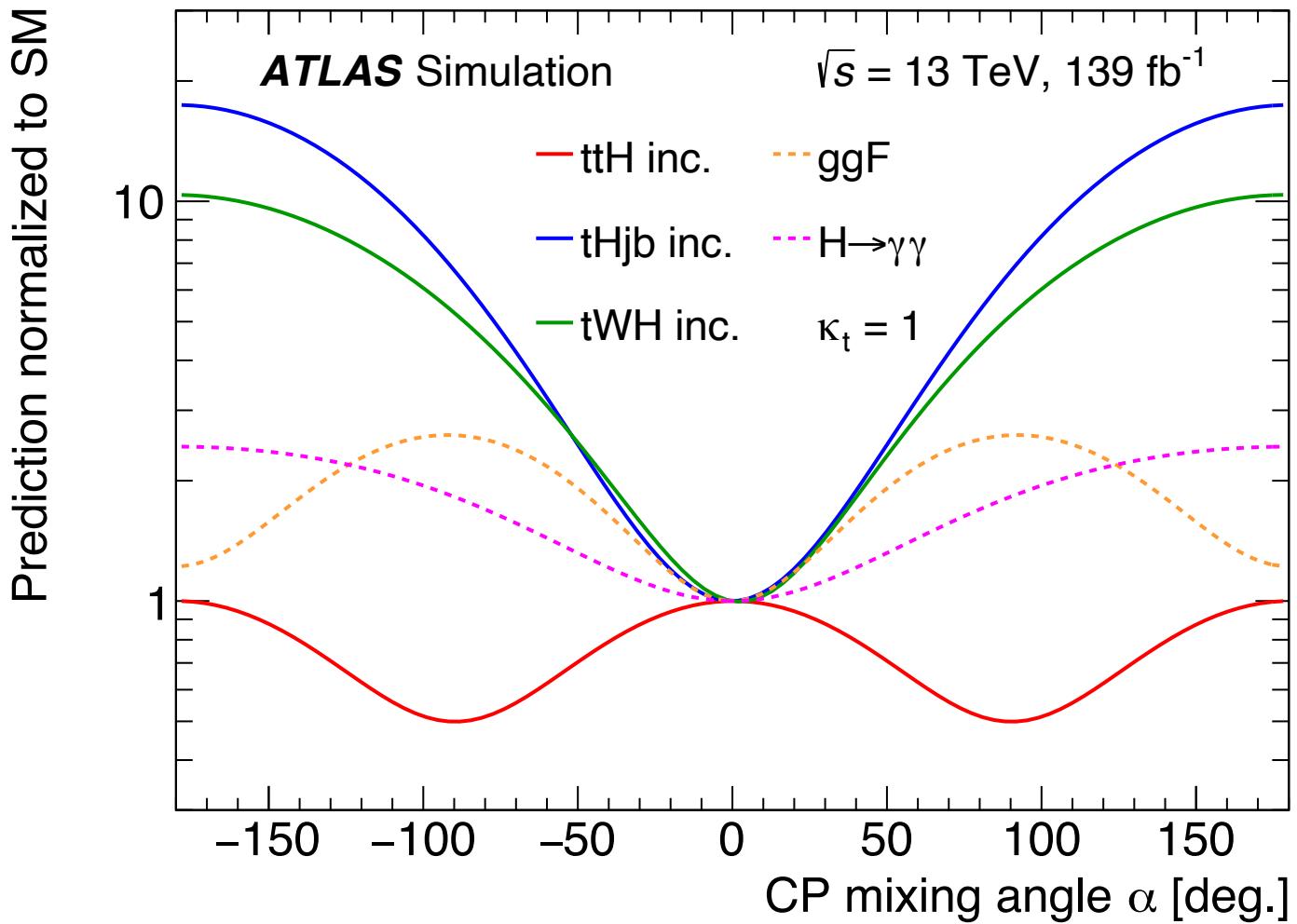


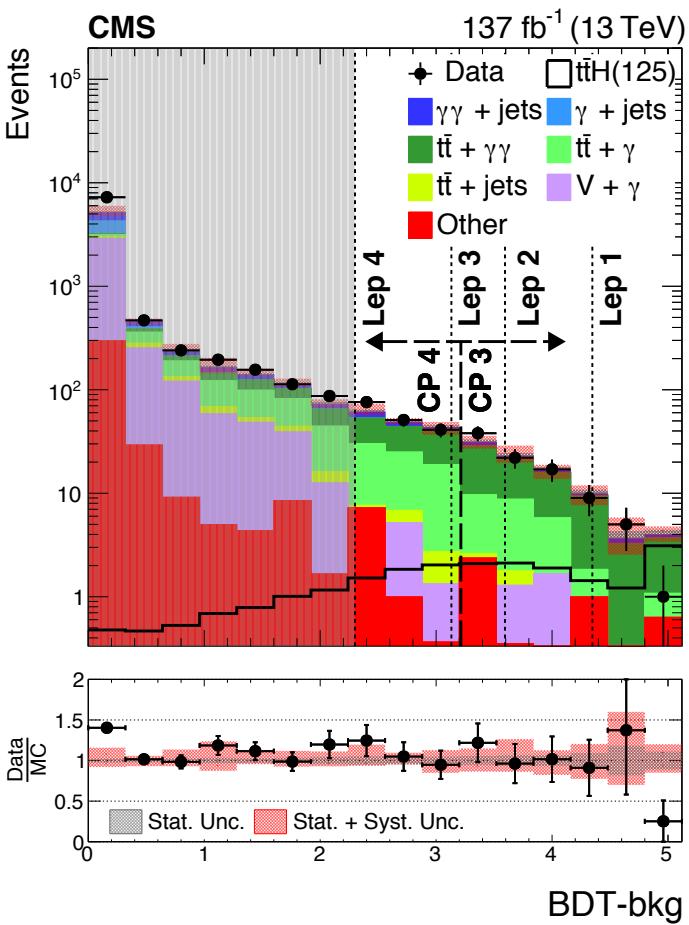
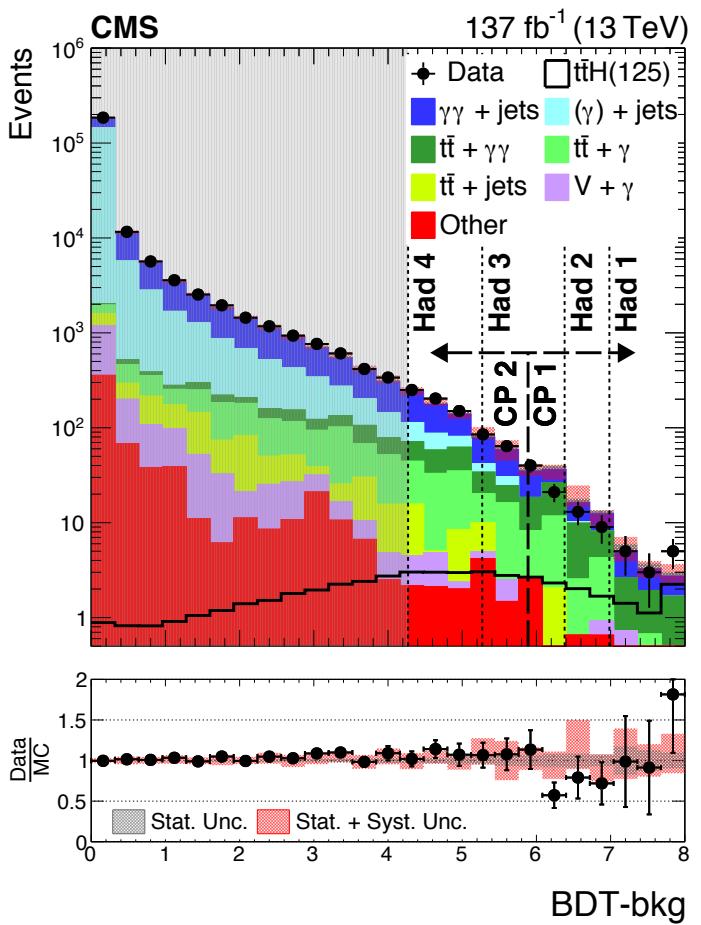
- Gluon and photon effective Higgs couplings constrained with other H $\rightarrow\gamma\gamma$ prod. modes

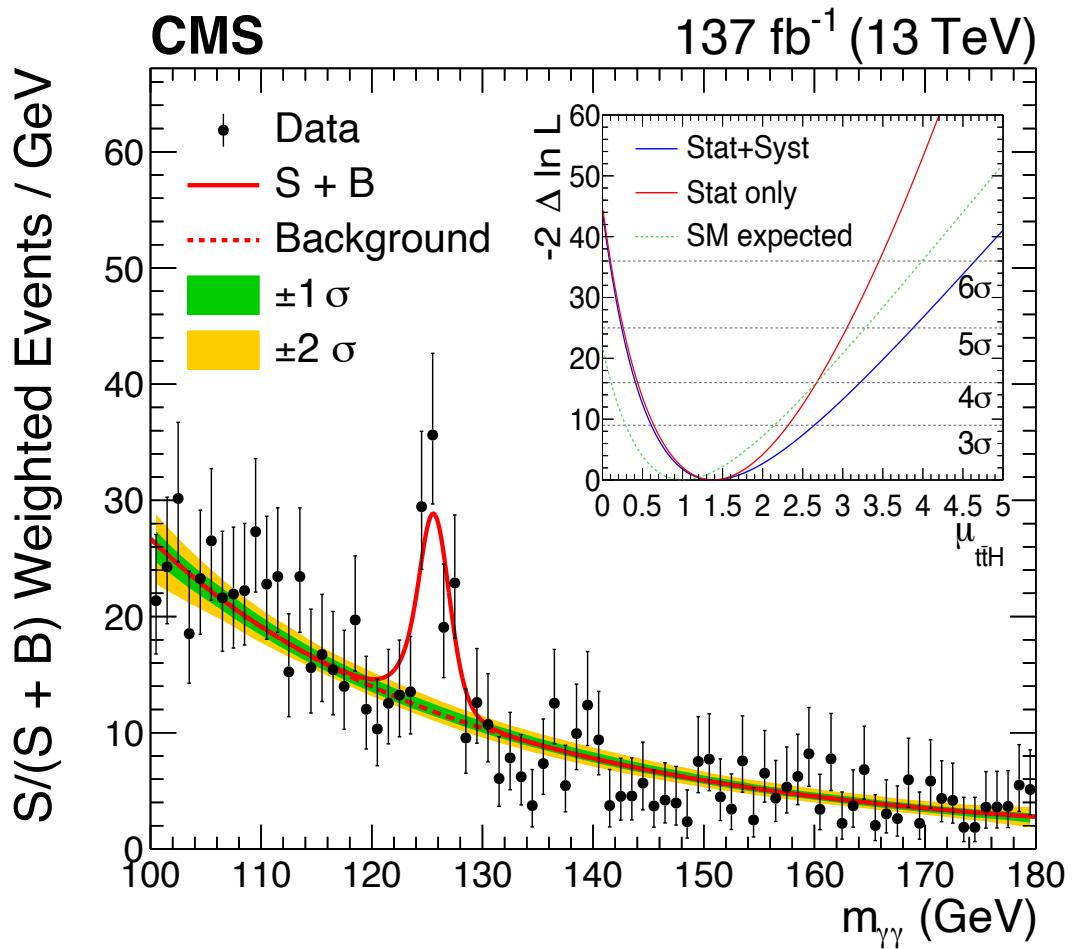


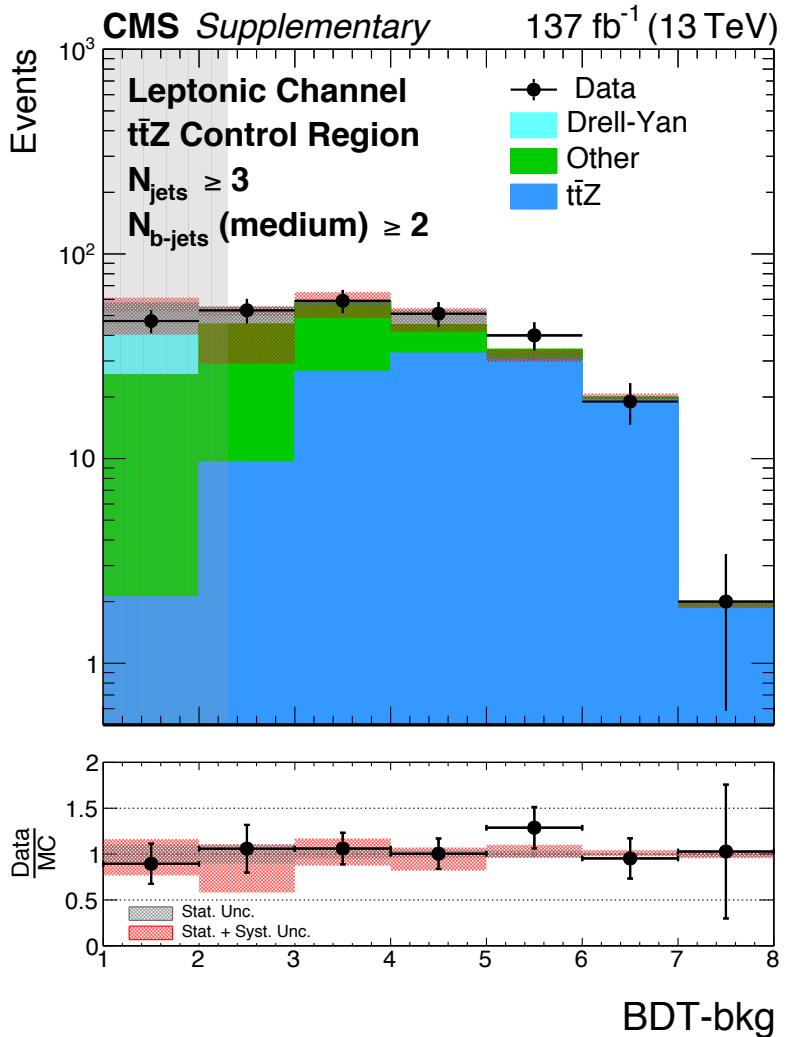
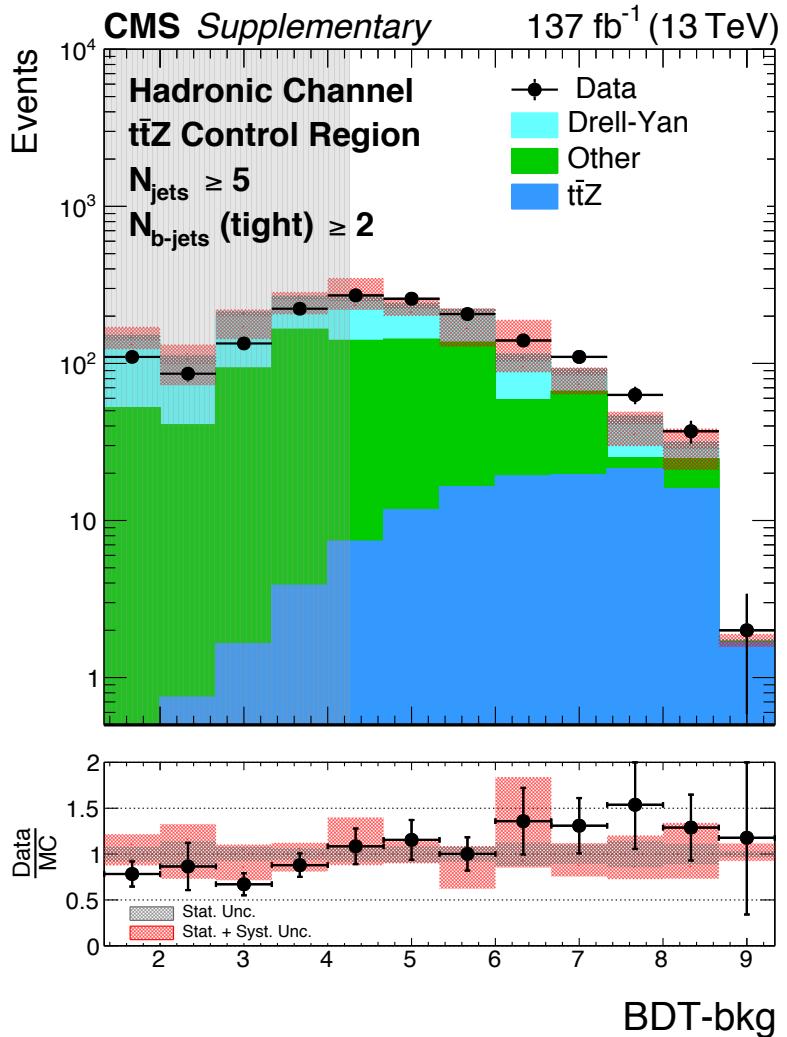
- Gluon and photon effective Higgs couplings parametrised vs κ_t and α

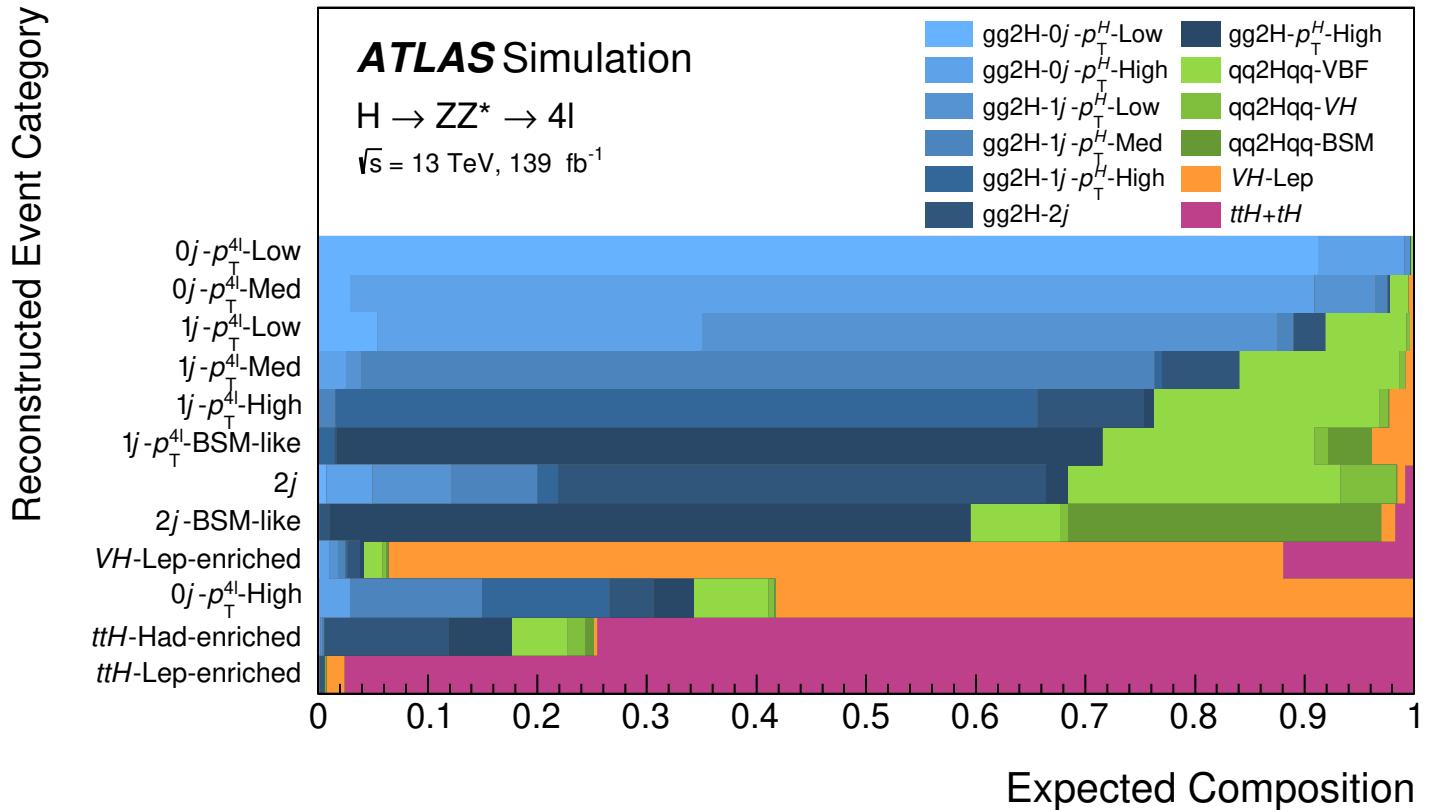




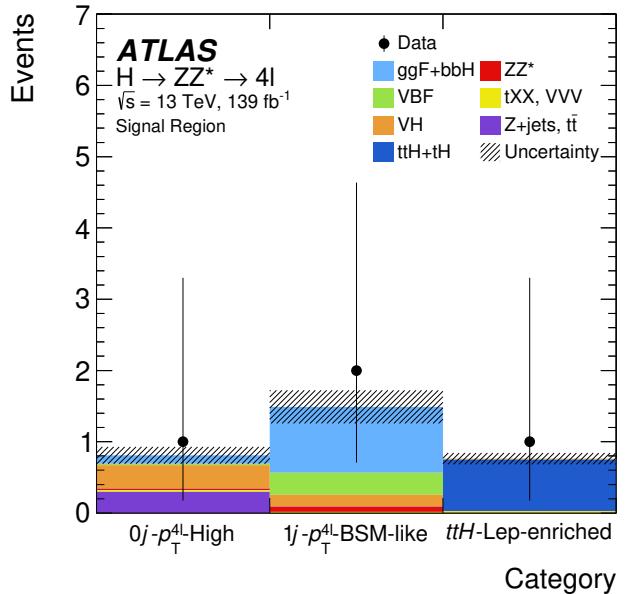
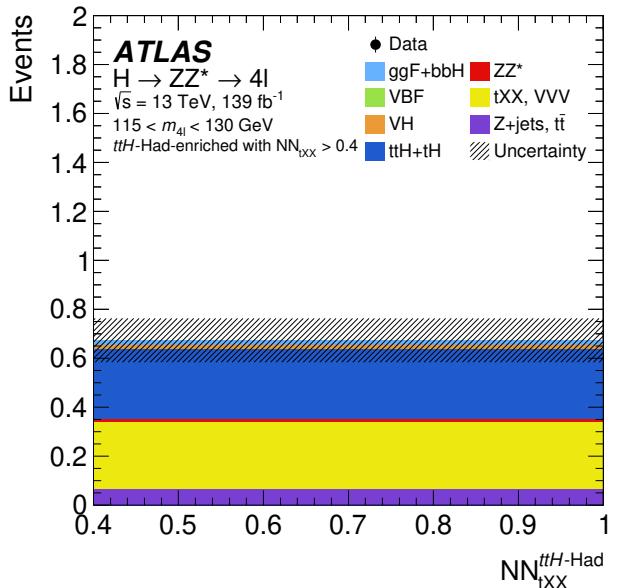
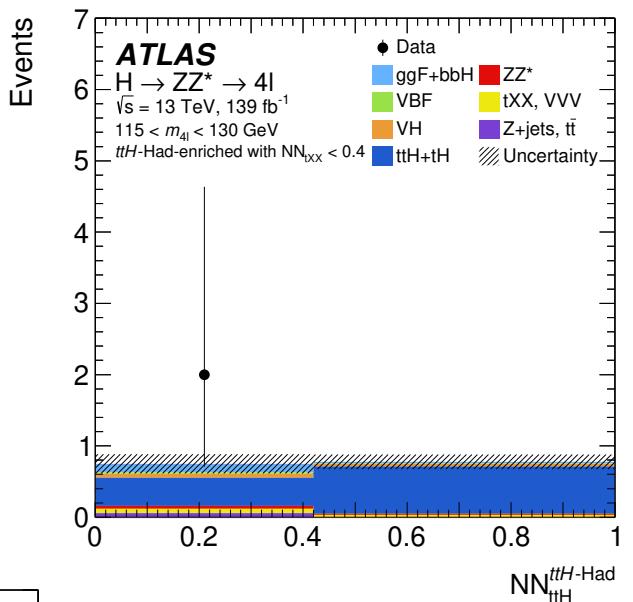




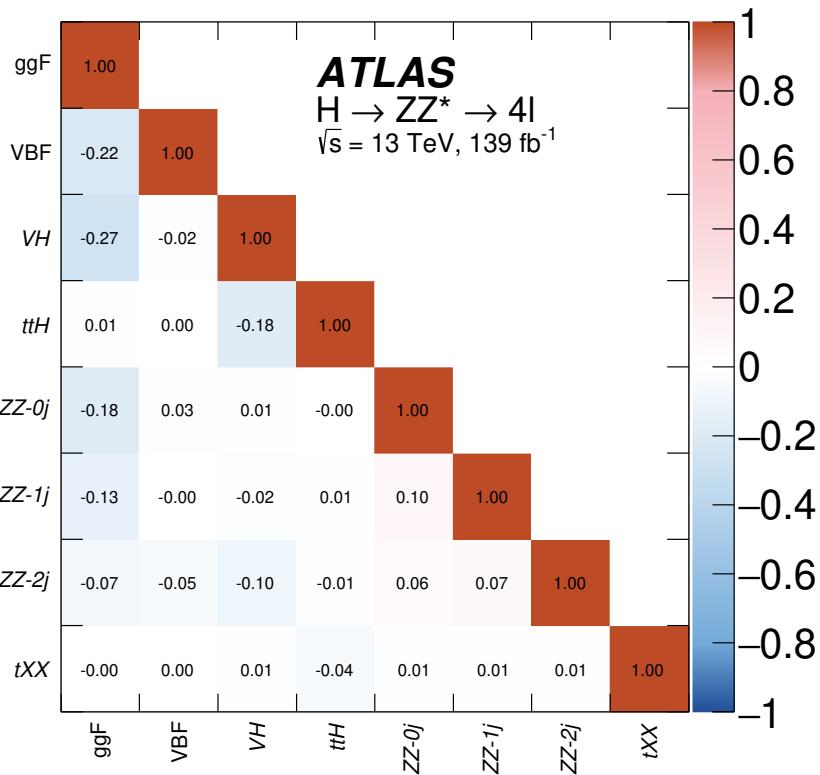
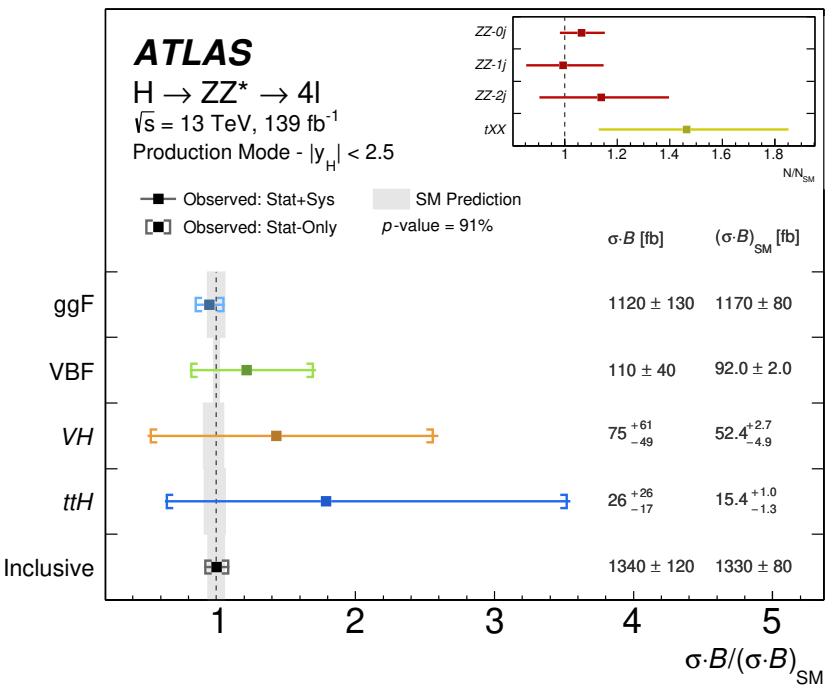


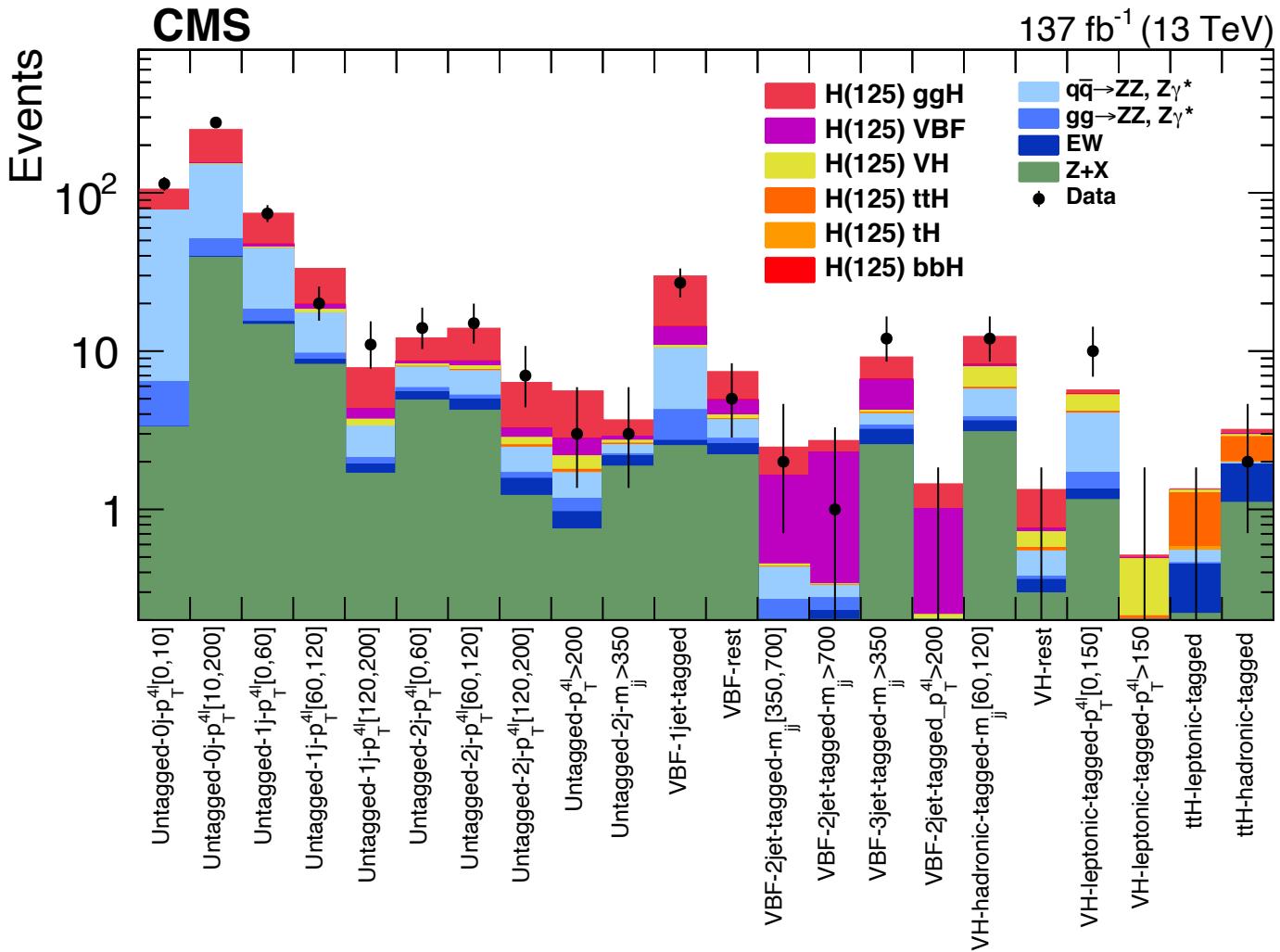


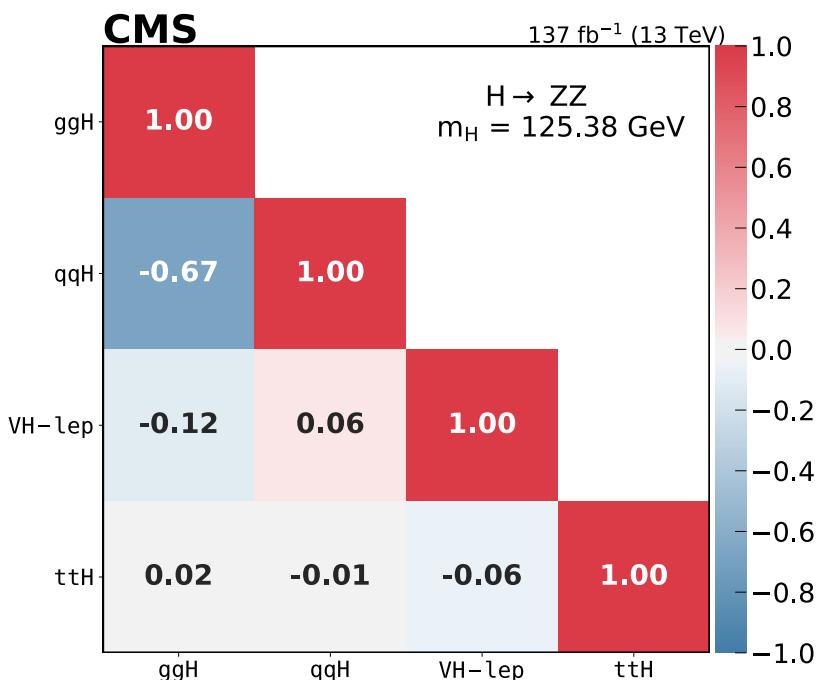
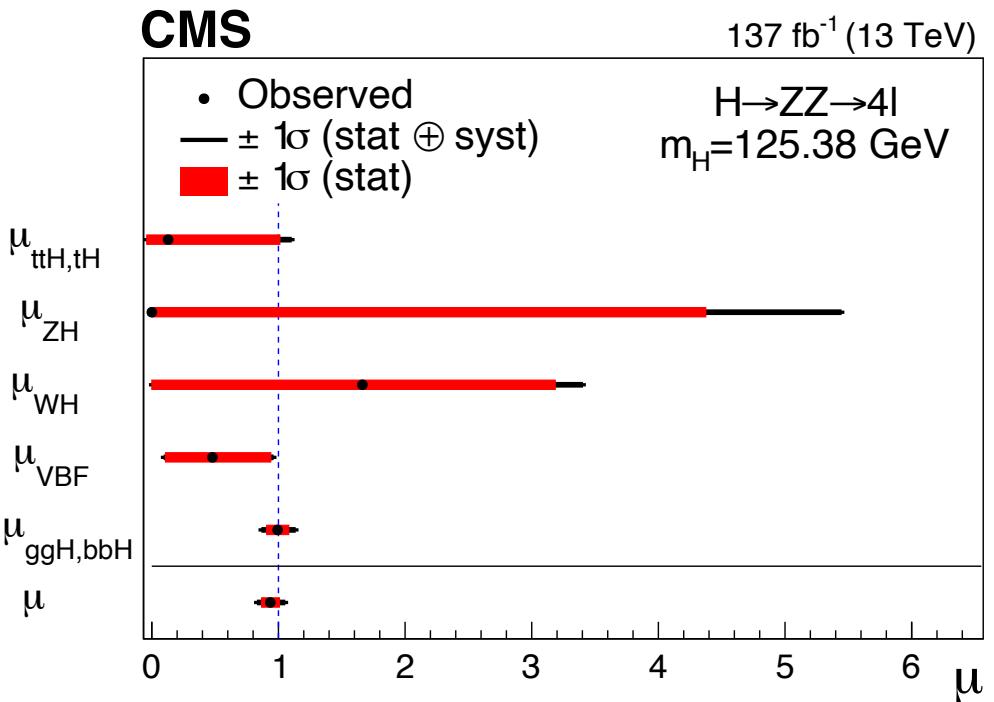
- NN multi-classifier used with ggF, ttH and tXX nodes for ttH-had category

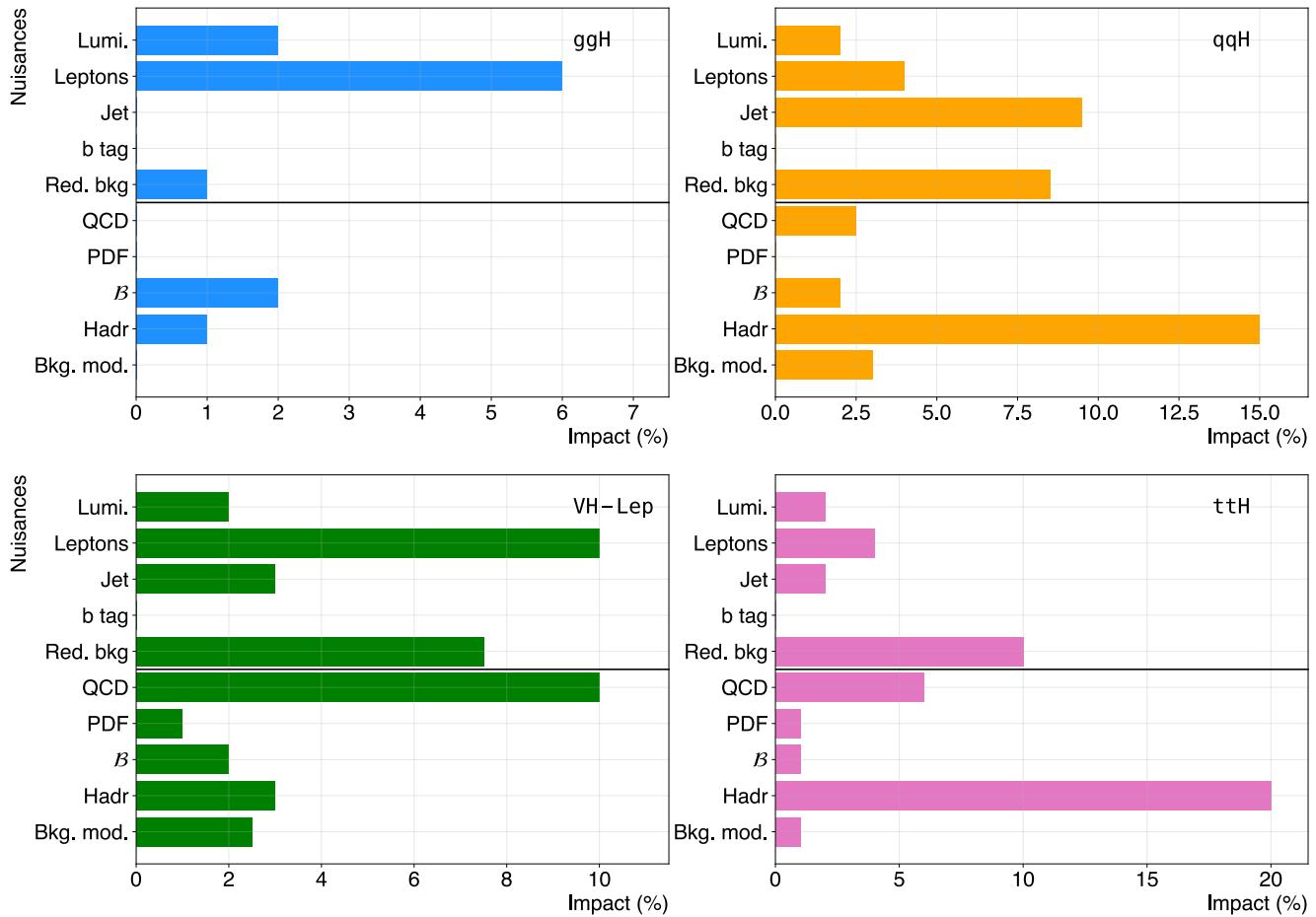


- Cut-and-count for ttH-lep category









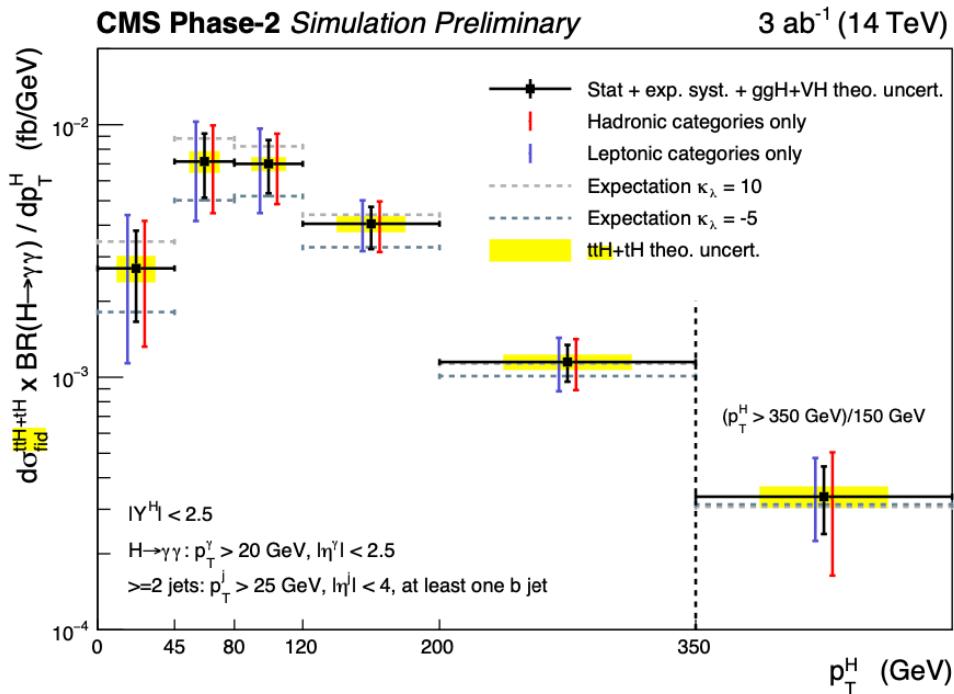


Fig. 18: The expected p_T^H differential $\text{ttH} + \text{tH}$ cross sections times branching ratio, along with their uncertainties [161]. The error bars on the black points include the statistical uncertainty, the experimental systematic uncertainties and the theoretical uncertainties related to the ggH and VH contamination, which is subtracted in the fit. The cross section for $p_T^H > 350 \text{ GeV}$ is scaled by the width of the previous bin. The expected $\text{ttH} + \text{tH}$ cross sections for anomalous values of the Higgs boson self-coupling ($\kappa_\lambda = 10$ and $\kappa_\lambda = -5$) are shown by the horizontal dashed lines.

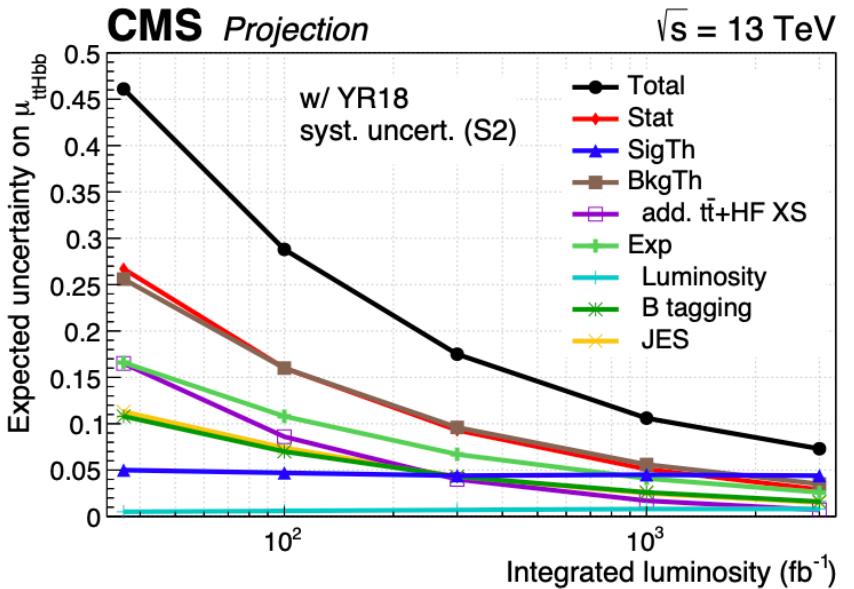
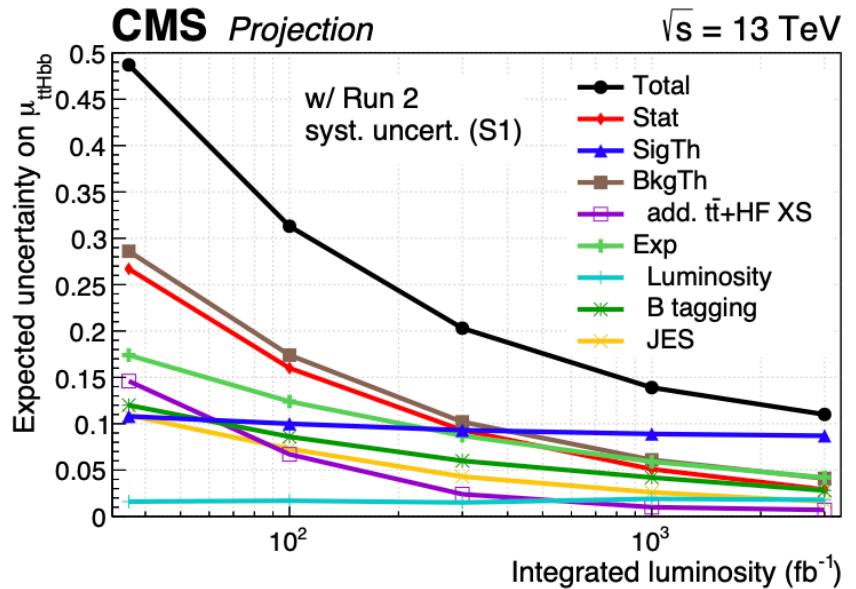


Fig. 19: Expected uncertainties on the $t\bar{t}H$ signal strength in the $H \rightarrow b\bar{b}$ channel as a function of the integrated luminosity under the S1 (left) and S2 (right) scenarios at CMS. Shown are the total uncertainty (black) and contributions of different groups of uncertainties. Results with 35.9 fb^{-1} are intended for comparison with the projections to higher luminosities and differ in parts from [166] for consistency with the projected results: uncertainties due to the limited number of MC events have been omitted and the assumptions in S1/S2 on the theory uncertainties are applied.

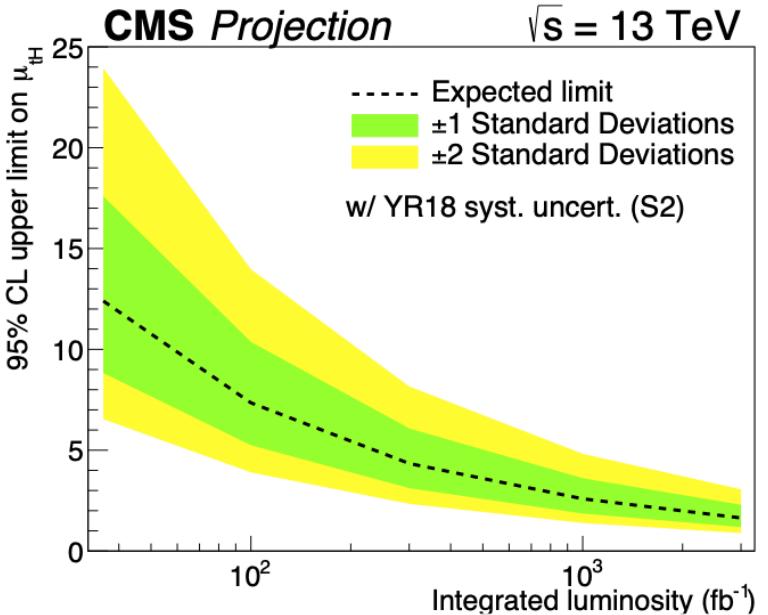
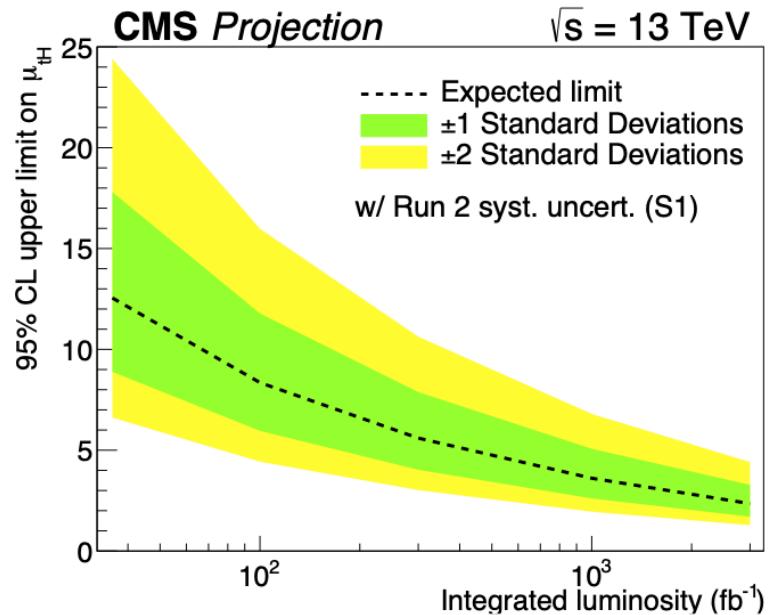


Fig. 22: The variation of expected upper limit on μ_{tH} with integrated luminosity for two projection scenarios S1 (with Run 2 systematic uncertainties [171]) and S2 (with YR18 systematic uncertainties).