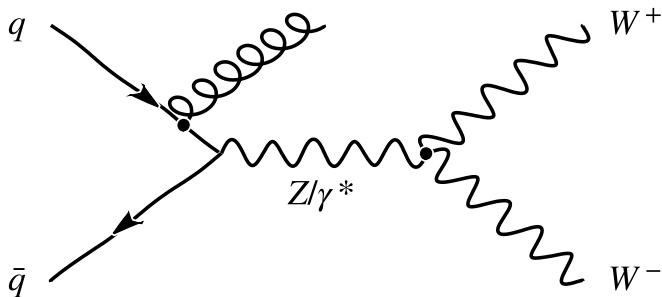


# Differential cross section measurements of $WW + \geq 1$ jets with ATLAS.

Jan KÜchler on behalf of the ATLAS collaboration  
Standard Model at the LHC, 29.04.2021

[arXiv:2103.10319]

# Introduction



[arXiv:2103.10319]

## $WW$ production

...is interesting

- > pQCD and NLO EWK
- > sensitive to aTGC operators

...is well measured

- > Jet veto (large  $t\bar{t}$  background)

⇒ Study  $WW$ +jet production

- > Inclusive:  $\geq 1$  jet
- > Increased sensitivity to linear aTGC effects

# Analysis strategy

## Event selection

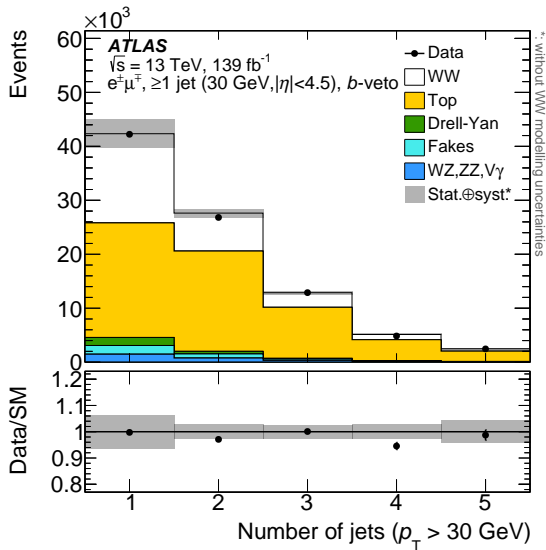
- >  $e^\pm\mu^\mp$ ,  $m(e\mu) > 85$  GeV    DY,  $H \rightarrow WW$
- >  $b$ -jet veto (20 GeV)    Top bkg.
- >  $\geq 1$  jet (35 GeV)

## Background estimate

- > **Top** and **fakes** data-driven
- > **Drell-Yan** and **other diboson** from MC, validated in data

## Correct for detector effects

- > Iterative Bayesian unfolding



# Top background

- > Top background > 60% of selected events
- ⇒ Data-driven estimate
- > Two clean control regions with  $= 1$  and  $= 2$   $b$ -jets

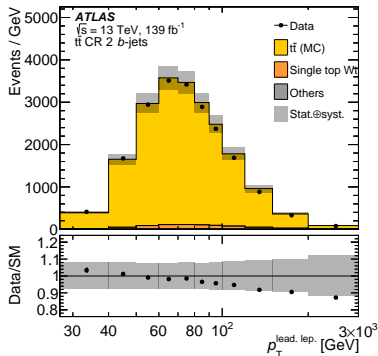
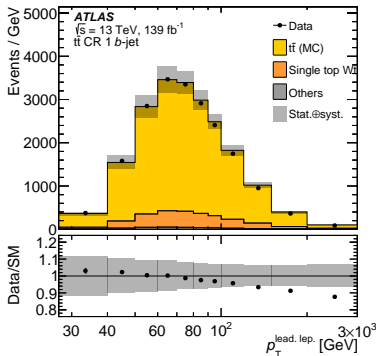
## Data:

$\mathcal{L}\sigma_{t\bar{t}}\varepsilon_{e\mu}$ : total  $t\bar{t}$  events  
 $\varepsilon_b$ :  $b$ -jet finding and tagging efficiency

## MC: $b$ -jet correlation

$$C_b = \varepsilon_{bb}/\varepsilon_b^2 \simeq 1$$

- >  $t\bar{t}$  estimated in each bin



from MC,  $\lesssim 10\%$

$$N_{1b}^{t\bar{t}} = N_{1b}^{\text{data}} - \overbrace{N_{1b}^{\text{others}}}^{\text{from MC, } \lesssim 10\%} = \mathcal{L}\sigma_{t\bar{t}}\varepsilon_{e\mu} \cdot 2\varepsilon_b (1 - C_b\varepsilon_b)$$

$$N_{2b}^{t\bar{t}} = N_{2b}^{\text{data}} - N_{2b}^{\text{others}} = \mathcal{L}\sigma_{t\bar{t}}\varepsilon_{e\mu} \cdot C_b\varepsilon_b^2$$

$$\Rightarrow N_{0b}^{t\bar{t}} = \frac{C_b}{4} \frac{\left(N_{1b}^{t\bar{t}} + 2N_{2b}^{t\bar{t}}\right)^2}{N_{2b}^{t\bar{t}}} - N_{1b}^{t\bar{t}} - N_{2b}^{t\bar{t}}$$

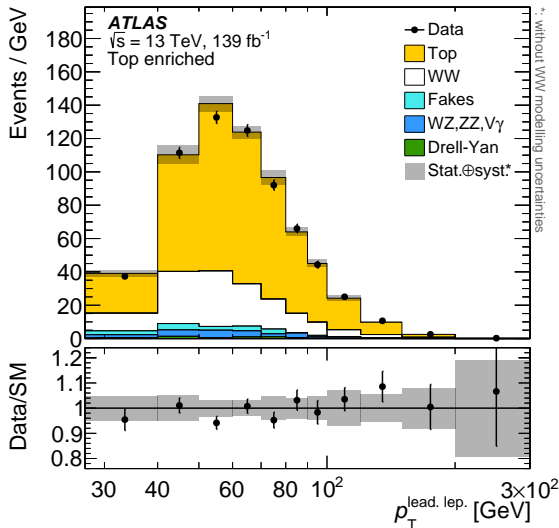
# Top background: validation and uncertainties

## Uncertainties

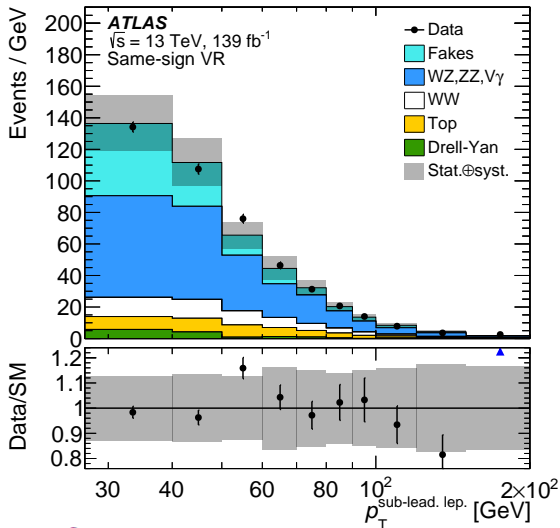
- Modelling uncertainties affect  $C_b$ :  
QCD scale, radiation, generator, parton shower
- Strong reduction of experimental (jet, flavour tagging) and theory uncertainties
- ⇒ 2.8% total uncertainty

## Validation

- Validation with  $b$ -jet veto: subset of SR
- $m_{\ell j} < 140$  GeV and  $\Delta\phi_{e\mu} < \pi/2$
- Good agreement



# Fake lepton background



- Background from fake leptons:  $\sim 3\%$ 
  - Dominated by  $W$ +jets

## Data driven estimate

- Control region with one 'anti-ID' lepton
- Extrapolation factor  $F$  from di-jet events

## Uncertainties

- $F$ : di-jet selection ( $b$ -jets), prompt sub.
- CR: subtraction of prompt leptons (MC)
- ➔  $\sim 40\%$  total uncertainty

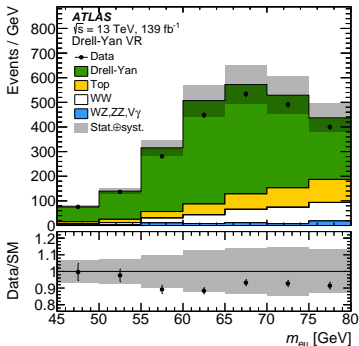
## Validation

- Requiring same-sign leptons

# Minor backgrounds from simulation

**Drell-Yan:  $\sim 2\%$**

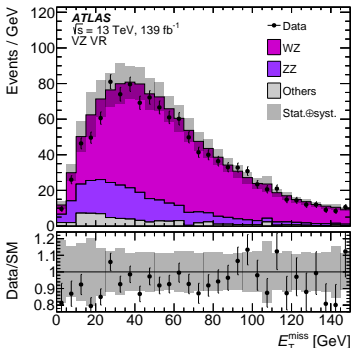
$$Z \rightarrow \tau\tau \rightarrow e\mu + X$$



**VR: low  $m(e\mu)$**

**Diboson  $WZ, ZZ$**

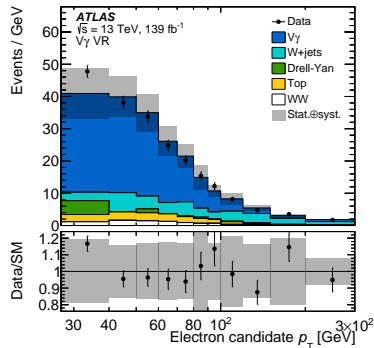
missed lepton(s)



**VR: 3rd lepton req.,  
 $m(\ell\ell) \simeq m_Z$**

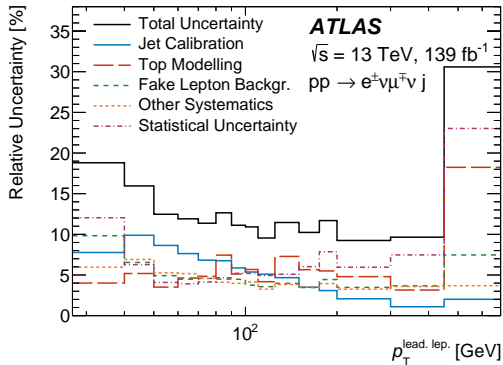
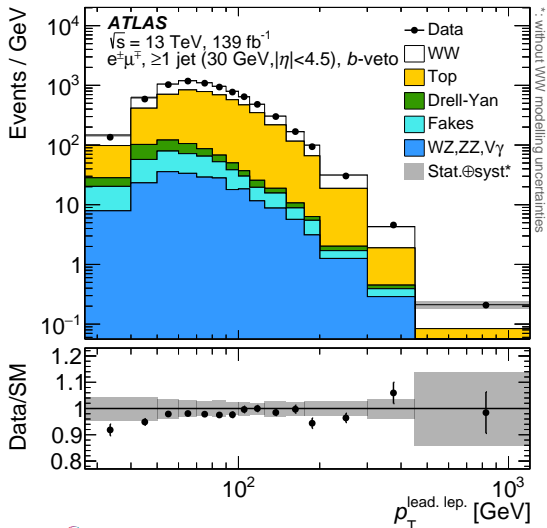
**Diboson  $W\gamma, Z\gamma$**

$\gamma$  mis-reconstructed as  $e$



**VR:  $\gamma$ -like  $e$ -candidate**

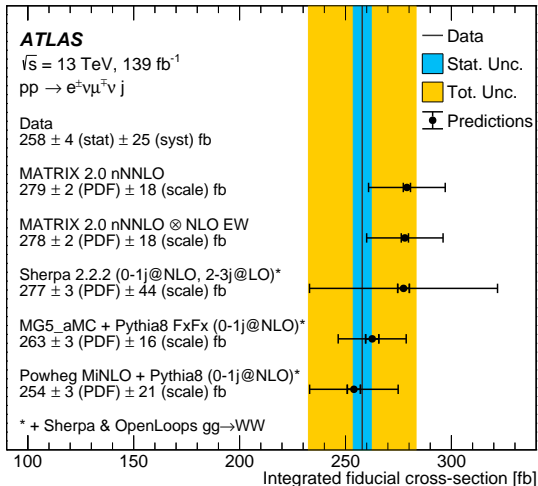
# Detector-level results and uncertainties



- > Data well described by signal and background estimates
- > Dominant uncertainties: jets, top modelling and fakes



# Results: fiducial cross-section



## Fiducial selection requirements

$$p_T^{\ell} > 27 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|\eta^{\ell}| < 2.5$$

$$m_{e\mu} > 85 \text{ GeV}$$

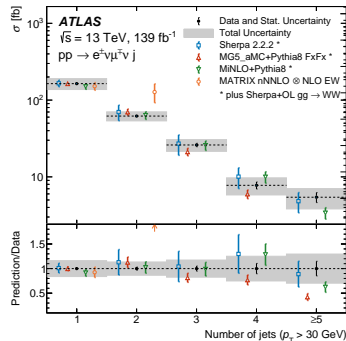
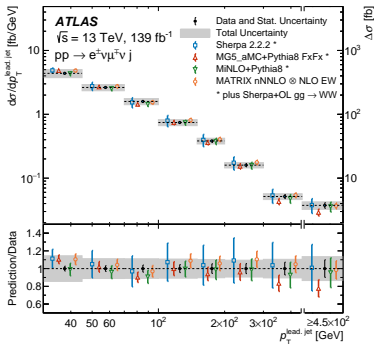
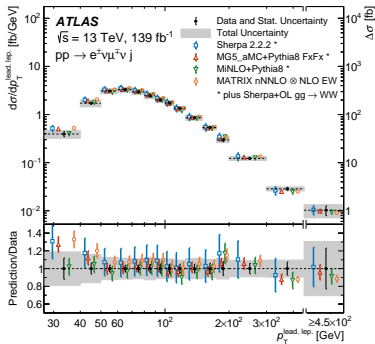
$$p_T^j > 30 \text{ GeV}$$

$$|y^j| < 4.5$$

Results with a fiducial  $b$ -veto available on [\[HEPData\]](#)

- > Using iterative Bayesian unfolding
- > **Good agreement** with fixed order (MATRIX 2.0) and MC+PS (Sherpa, MG5\_aMC@NLO and Powheg MiNLO)

# Results: differential measurements



- > Excellent agreement in differential measurements up to high  $p_T$  and many jets
- > Also: measurements at high jet or lepton  $p_T \rightarrow$  in good agreement

# Summary and conclusions

[arXiv:2103.10319] [HEPData]

- > First jet inclusive measurement of  $WW$ :  $\geq 1$  jet
  - Fiducial and differential cross sections
- > Robust background estimate  $\rightarrow$  small uncertainties
  - Data-driven estimate of dominant  $t\bar{t}$  background:  $b$ -tag counting
  - Data-driven estimate of fake and non-prompt lepton backgrounds
  - Minor backgrounds from simulation, validated with data
- > Unfolded measurement compared to state-of-the-art predictions
- > Excellent agreement of fiducial and differential results
  - Up to high  $p_T$  and large number of jets

EFT interpretation (reduced helicity suppression)  $\rightarrow$  Talk by [\[Thomas Calvet\]](#) tomorrow

# Backup.



# EFT interpretation

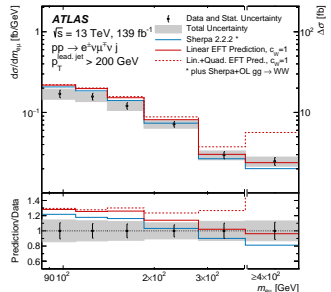
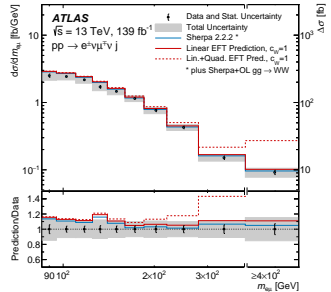
- > SM EFT operator expansion in new physics scale  $\Lambda$ :

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{SMEFT}} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i^{(6)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i^{(6)} + \sum_j \frac{c_j^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_j^{(8)} + \dots$$

- > Contribution to observables:

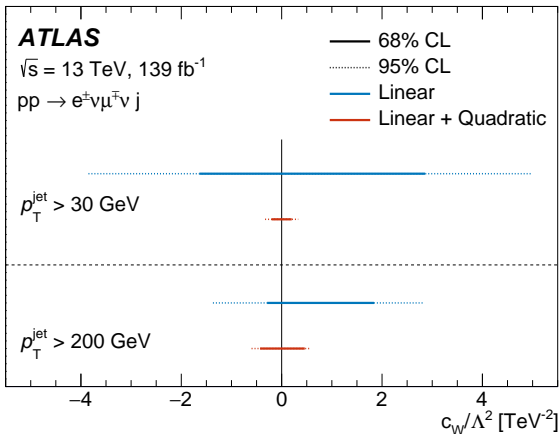
$$|\mathcal{M}_{\text{SMEFT}}|^2 = |\mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}|^2 + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} 2\Re(\mathcal{M}_i \mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}}) + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

- > Not all  $\Lambda^{-4}$  contributions known  $\rightarrow$  sensitivity to interference important
- > Interference with aTGC operators suppressed in diboson production (different dominant helicities for SM and BSM)
- > Requirement of hard jet allows for additional helicity configurations, reduced suppression



# EFT interpretation

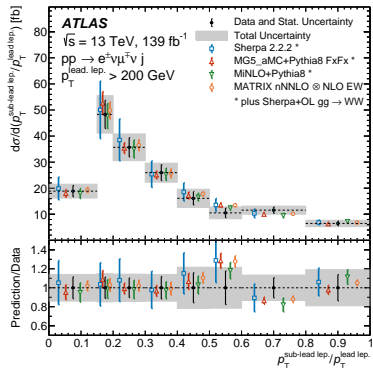
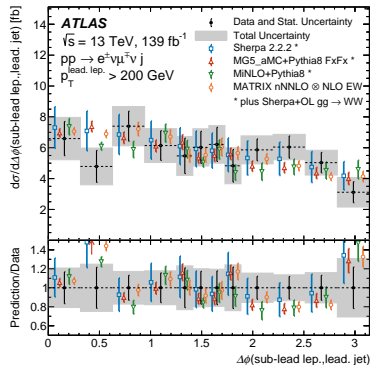
- > EFT fit to unfolded cross sections
- > Full covariance of measurement + nuisance parameters for signal theory uncertainties
- ⇒ Results compatible with SM



- > Increased sensitivity to linear terms with 200 GeV jet requirement, but quadratic term dominant

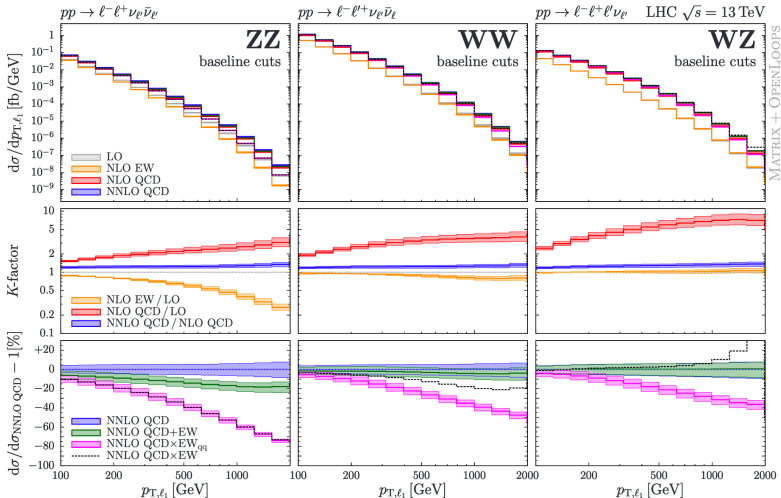
# Measurement at high leading lepton $p_T$

- > ‘Giant  $K$ -factors’ at high  $p_T$  in inclusive  $WW$  production
- >  $W$ +jets like with extra  $W$  emission
- > Measure in region with  $p_T^{\text{lead. lep.}} > 200 \text{ GeV}$



- > Good description even for sub-leading lepton close to a jet, and imbalanced leptons
- > Sensitivity to giant  $K$ -factors requires fully inclusive selection ( $\geq 0$  jets)

# Giant $K$ -factors



JHEP 2002 (2020) 087



# Object and event selection

Selection	Criteria
Lepton $p_T$	$> 27 \text{ GeV}$
Lepton $\eta$	$ \eta  < 2.47$ and not $1.37 <  \eta  < 1.52$ (electron) $ \eta  < 2.5$ (muon)
Lepton identification	<b>TightLH</b> (electron), <b>Medium</b> (muon)
Lepton isolation	<b>Gradient</b> (electron), <b>Tight_FixedRad</b> (muon)
Lepton impact parameter	$ d_0/\sigma_{d_0}  < 5, 3$ (electron, muon) $ z_0 \cdot \sin \theta  < 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Jet selection	$p_T > 30 \text{ GeV}$ , $ \eta  < 4.5$
$b$ -jet selection	$p_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$ , $ \eta  < 2.5$ , DL1r (85% eff. WP)
Lepton selection	1 electron and 1 muon of opposite charge, no additional lepton with $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$ , Loose isolation, and LooseLH (electron) / Loose (muon) identification
Number of jets	$\geq 1$
Number of $b$ -jets	0
$m_{e\mu}$	$> 85 \text{ GeV}$
High $p_T^{\text{lead. jet}}$ selection	$p_T^{\text{lead. jet}} > 200 \text{ GeV}$

# Simulated samples

Process	Generator	Parton shower	Matrix element $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_S)$	Normalization
$q\bar{q} \rightarrow WW$	SHERPA 2.2.2	SHERPA	NLO (0–1 jet), LO (2–3 jets)	Generator <sup>†</sup>
$gg \rightarrow WW$	SHERPA 2.2.2	SHERPA	LO (0–1 jet)	Generator
$t\bar{t}$	POWHEG-BOX v2	PYTHIA 8	NLO	NNLO+NNLL
$Wt$	POWHEG-BOX v2	PYTHIA 8	NLO	NLO+NNLL
$Z$ +jets	SHERPA 2.2.1	SHERPA	NLO (0–2 jets), LO (3–4 jets)	NNLO
$WZ, ZZ$	SHERPA 2.2.2	SHERPA	NLO (0–1 jet), LO (2–3 jets)	Generator <sup>†</sup>
$W\gamma, Z\gamma$	SHERPA 2.2.8	SHERPA	NLO (0–1 jet), LO (2–3 jets)	Generator <sup>†</sup>
$VVV$	SHERPA 2.2.2	SHERPA	NLO (0–1 jet), LO (2–3 jets)	Generator <sup>†</sup>

<sup>†</sup>: The cross-section calculated by SHERPA is found to be in good agreement with the NNLO result .

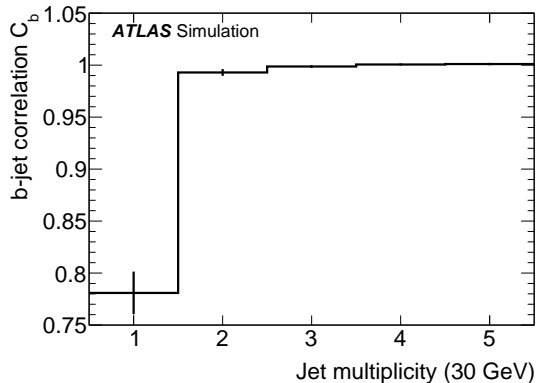
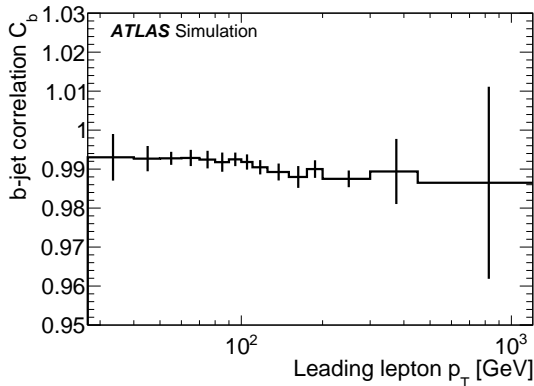
## Breakdown of uncertainties

Uncertainty source	Relative effect
Total uncertainty	10%
Signal region statistical uncertainty	1.1%
Data-driven background and MC statistics	1.2%
Jet calibration	6.3%
Top modelling	4.5%
Fake-lepton background	4.3%
Signal modelling	2.7%
Other background	2.3%
Flavour tagging	2.3%
Luminosity	1.9%
Other systematic uncertainties	0.6%

## Breakdown of selected events

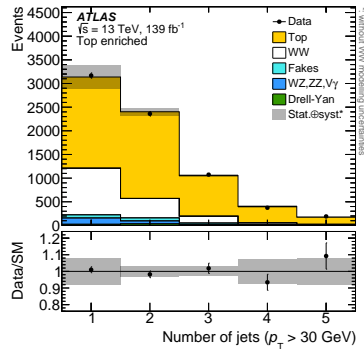
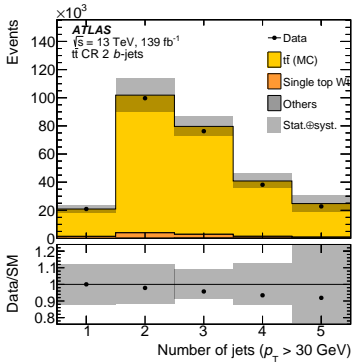
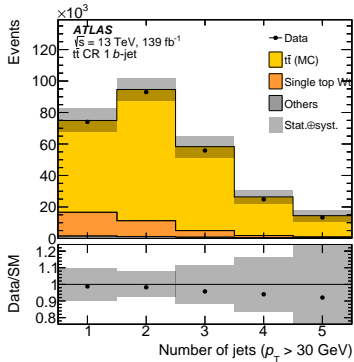
	Signal region		$p_T^{\text{lead. jet}} > 200 \text{ GeV}$	
Data	89 239		5825	
Total SM	91 600 $\pm$ 2500		5980 $\pm$ 150	
$WW$	28 100 $\pm$ 1200	31%	2480 $\pm$ 60	42%
Total bkg.	63 500 $\pm$ 1800	69%	3500 $\pm$ 140	58%
Top	55 800 $\pm$ 1500	61%	3030 $\pm$ 110	51%
Drell–Yan	2200 $\pm$ 700	2%	66 $\pm$ 9	1%
Fake leptons	2700 $\pm$ 1100	3%	140 $\pm$ 70	2%
$WZ, ZZ, V\gamma$	2800 $\pm$ 500	3%	270 $\pm$ 70	4%

## Top estimate: $b$ -jet correlation

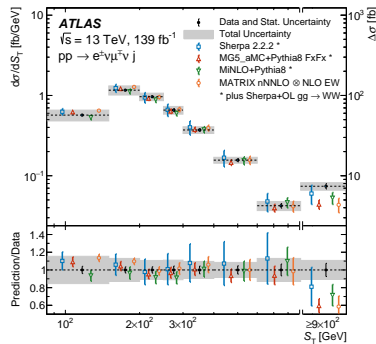
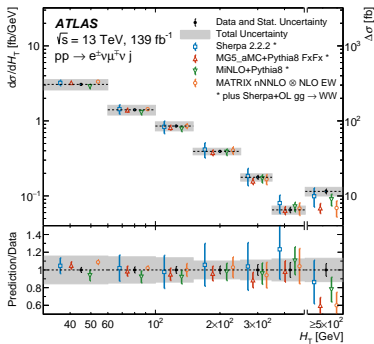
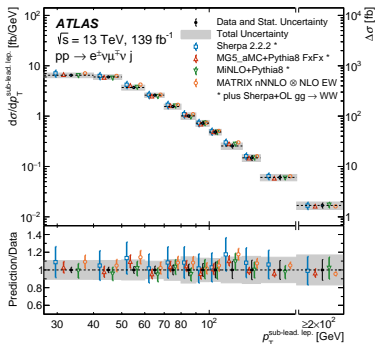


$$C_b = \frac{\varepsilon_{bb}}{\varepsilon_b^2} = \frac{4N_{MC}^{t\bar{t}} N_{2b,MC}^{t\bar{t}}}{\left(N_{1b,MC}^{t\bar{t}} + 2 \cdot N_{2b,MC}^{t\bar{t}}\right)^2}$$

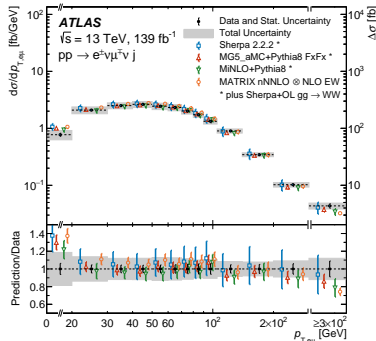
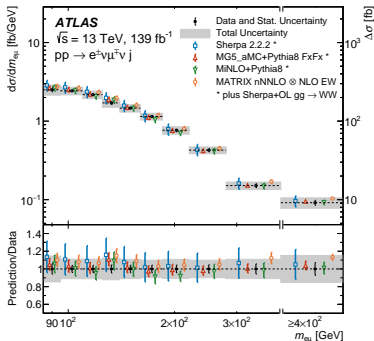
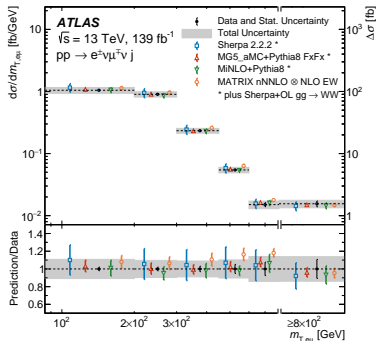
# Top estimate: jet multiplicity



# Results: differential measurements

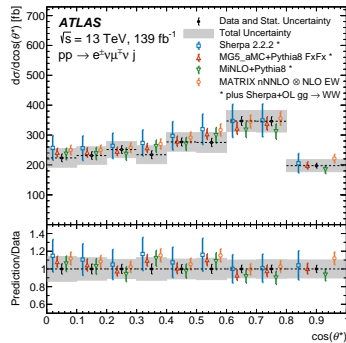
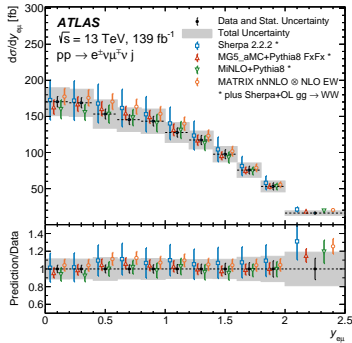
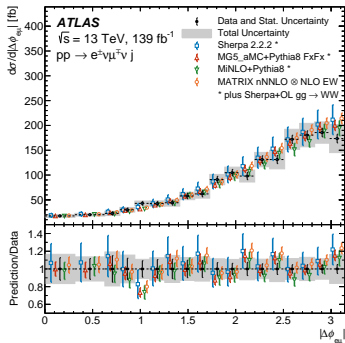


# Results: differential measurements

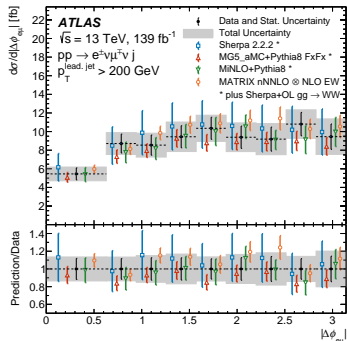
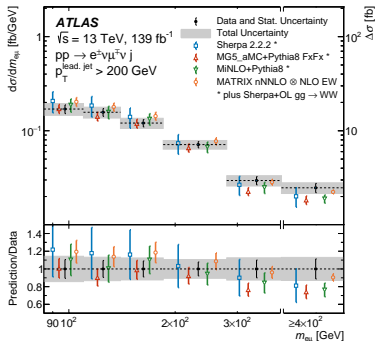




# Results: differential measurements



# Results: differential measurements



# Results: differential measurements

