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# MC (QCD) challenges in VBF/VBS

Simon Plätzer  
Particle Physics — University of Vienna

at the  
SM@LHC conference  
Remote | 9 November 2020

A personal selection.

# If fixed order was enough



See talk by Melnikov for VBF related developments

Karlberg — VBSCAN Helsinki meeting  
Additions by Plätzer

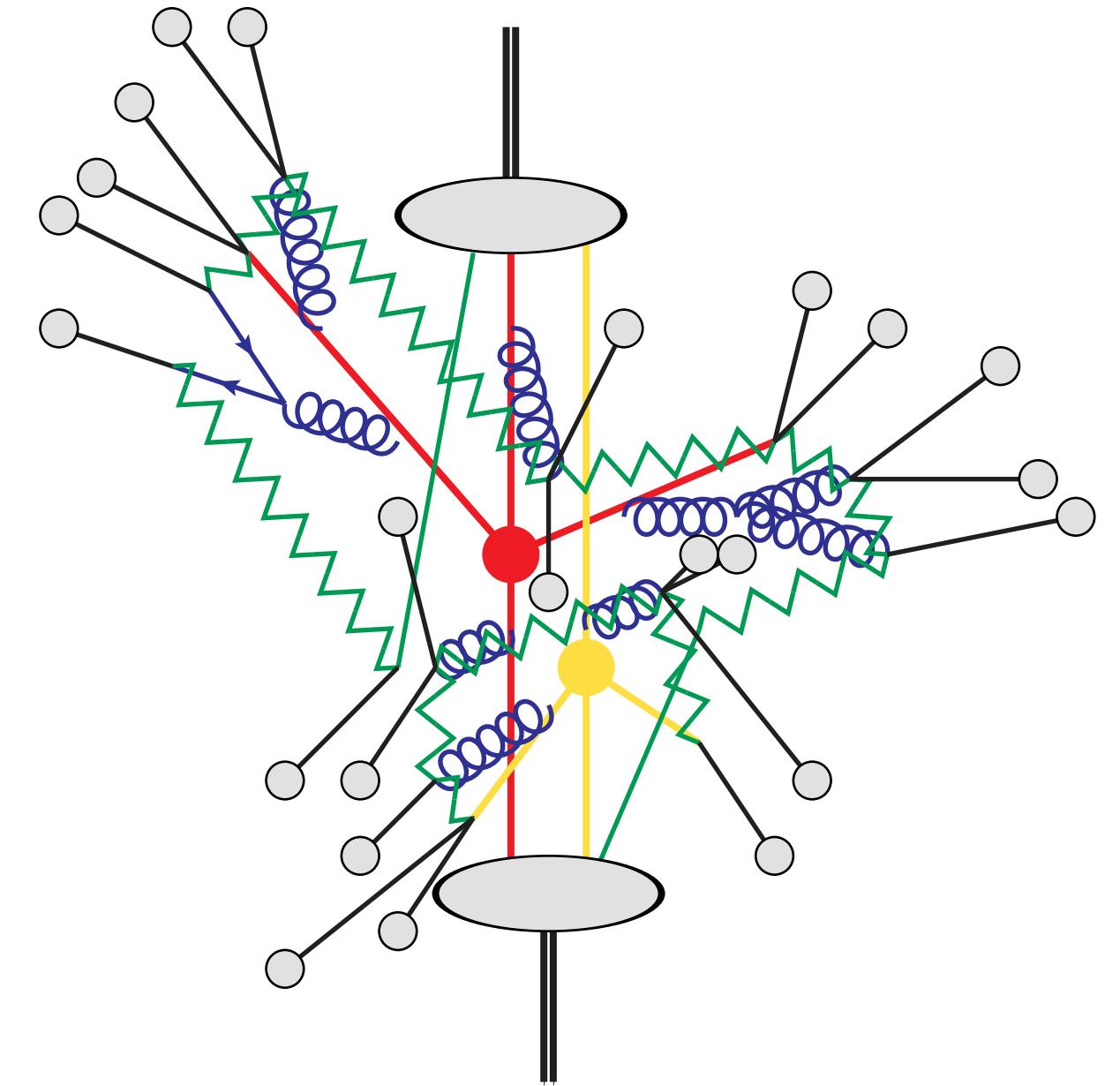
# PP collisions are more complex

QCD description of collider reactions:  
Complexity challenges precision.

Hard partonic scattering:  
NLO QCD routinely

Jet evolution — parton showers:  
NLL sometimes, mostly unclear

Multi-parton interactions  
Hadronization



$$d\sigma \sim d\sigma_{\text{hard}}(Q) \times \text{PS}(Q \rightarrow \mu) \times \text{Had}(\mu \rightarrow \Lambda) \times \dots$$

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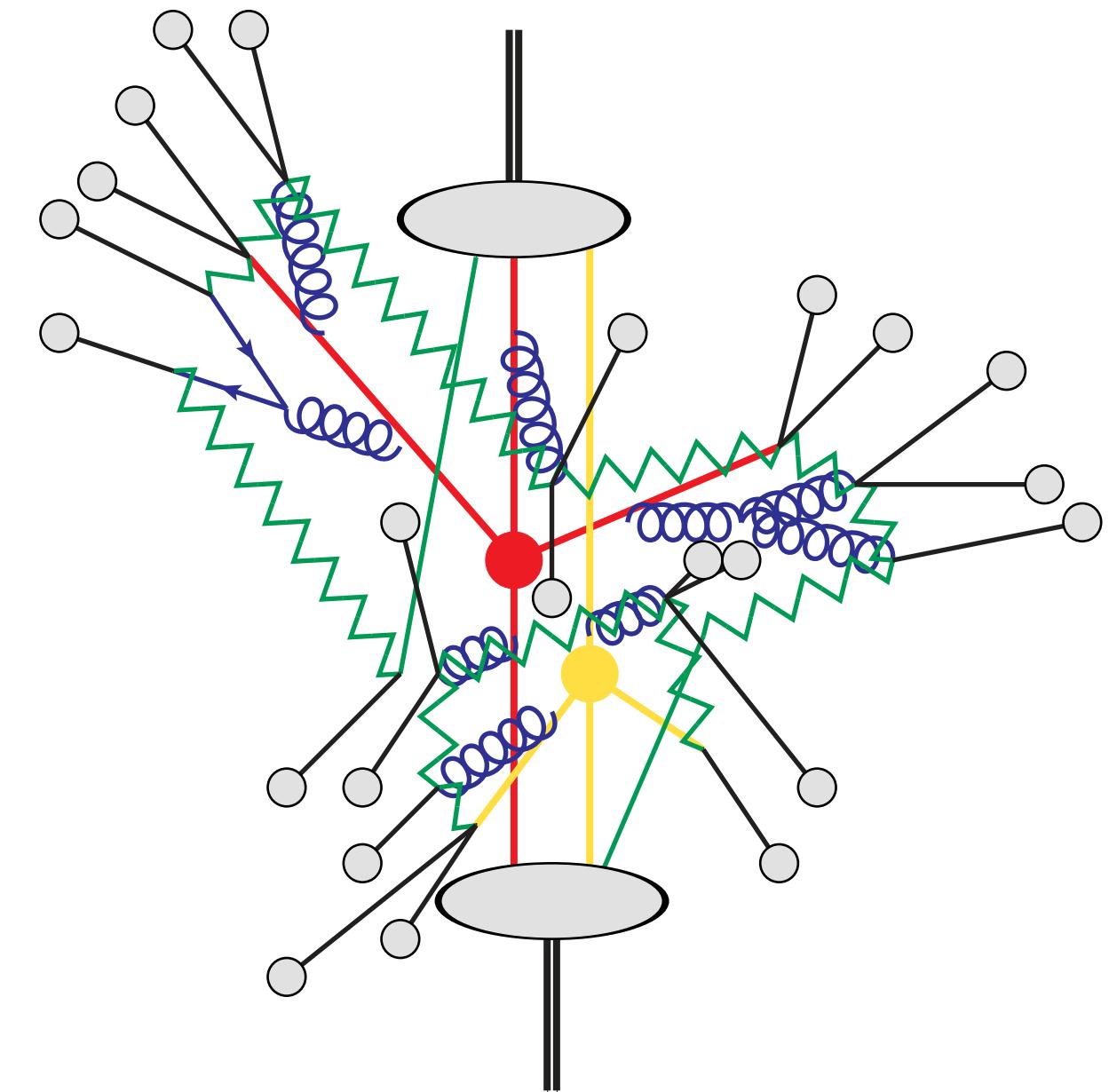
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All challenged  
by VBF/VBS!

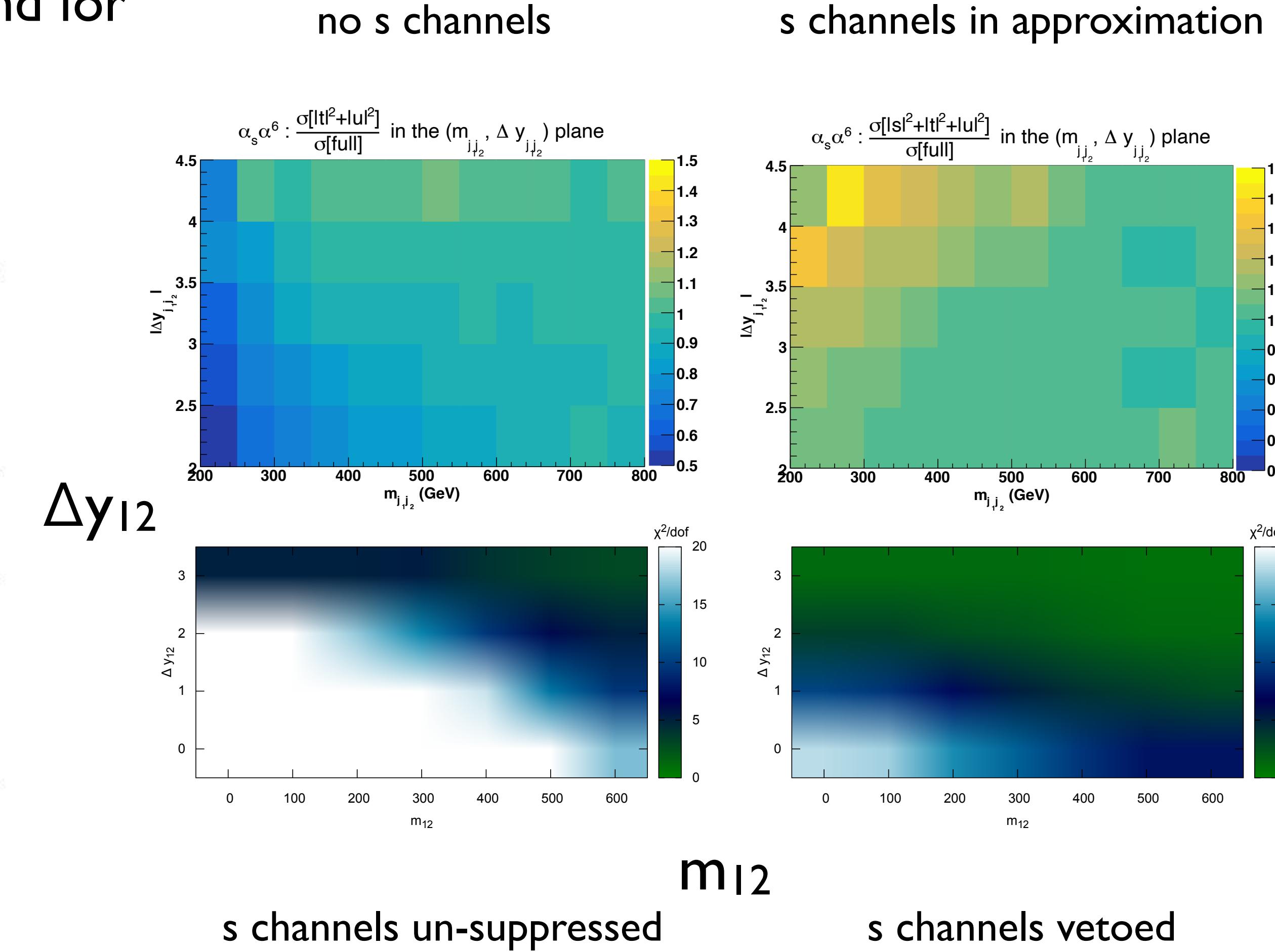
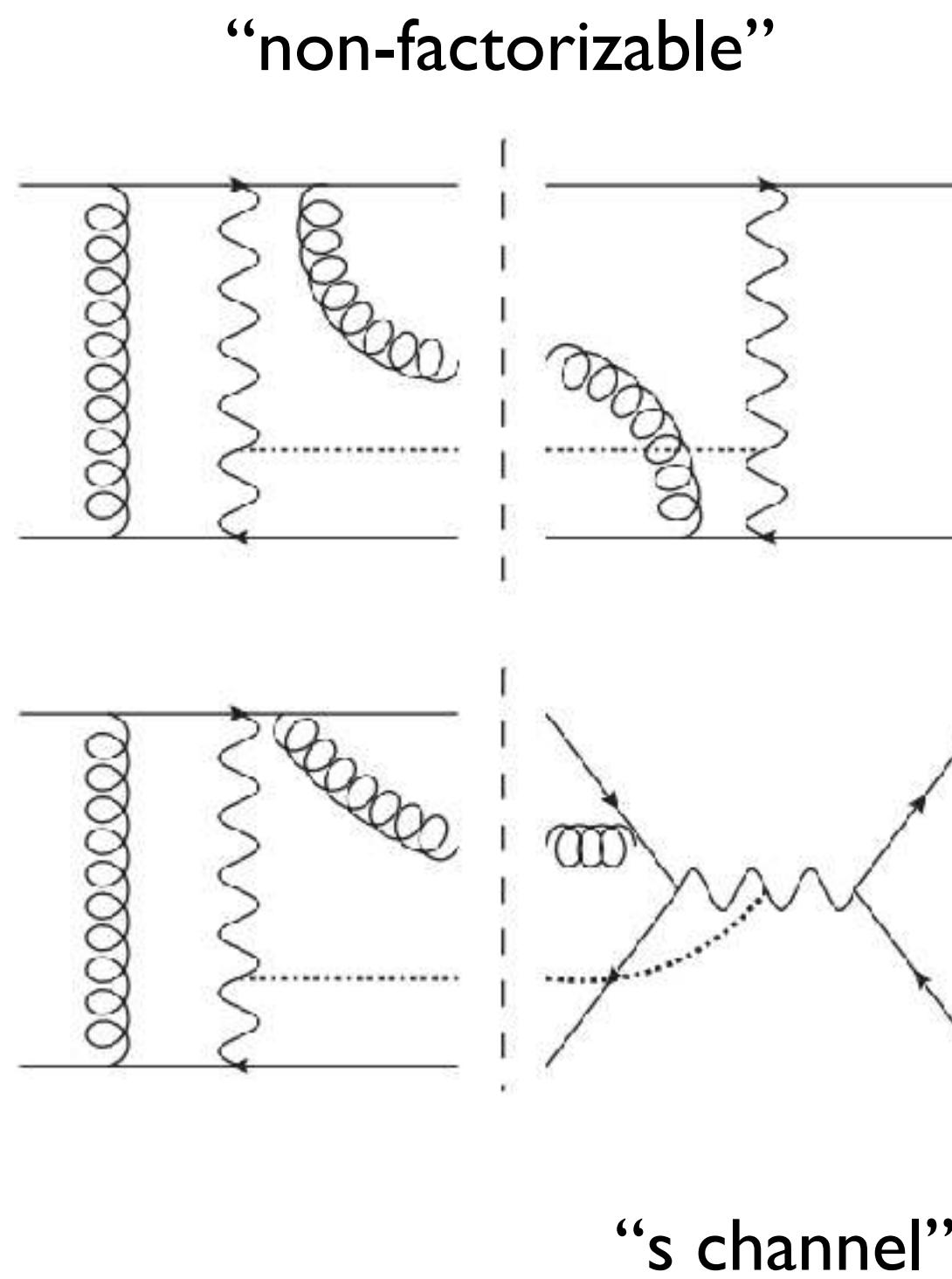
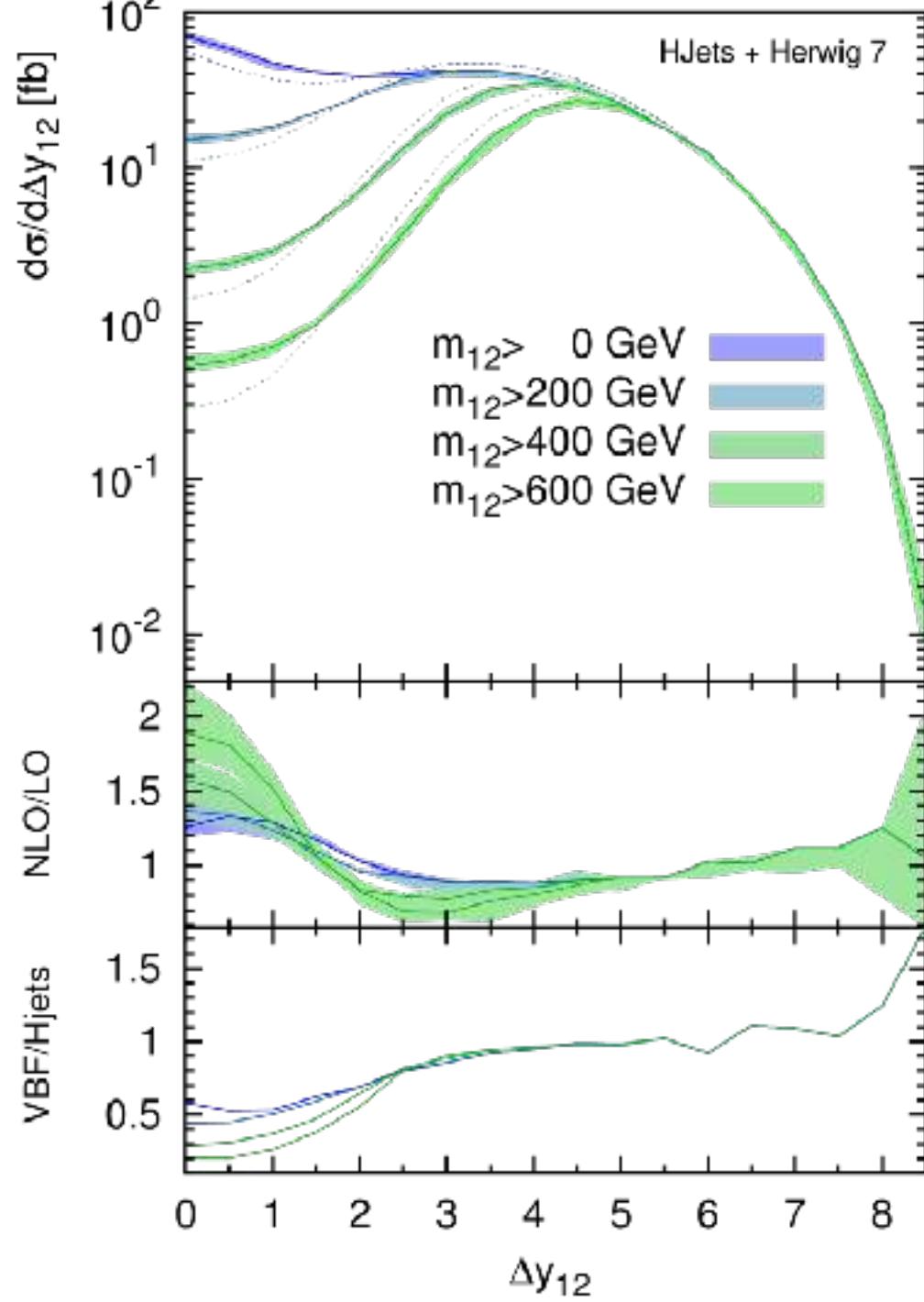


$$d\sigma \sim d\sigma_{\text{hard}}(Q) \times \text{PS}(Q \rightarrow \mu) \times \text{Had}(\mu \rightarrow \Lambda) \times \dots$$

# Fixed order and the VBF approximation

Approximation at NLO: acceptable in tight VBF selection.  
Challenge is in using full calculations throughout, and for  
anomalous couplings etc.

[Ballesteros et al. — Eur.Phys.J.C 78 (2018) 8, 671]

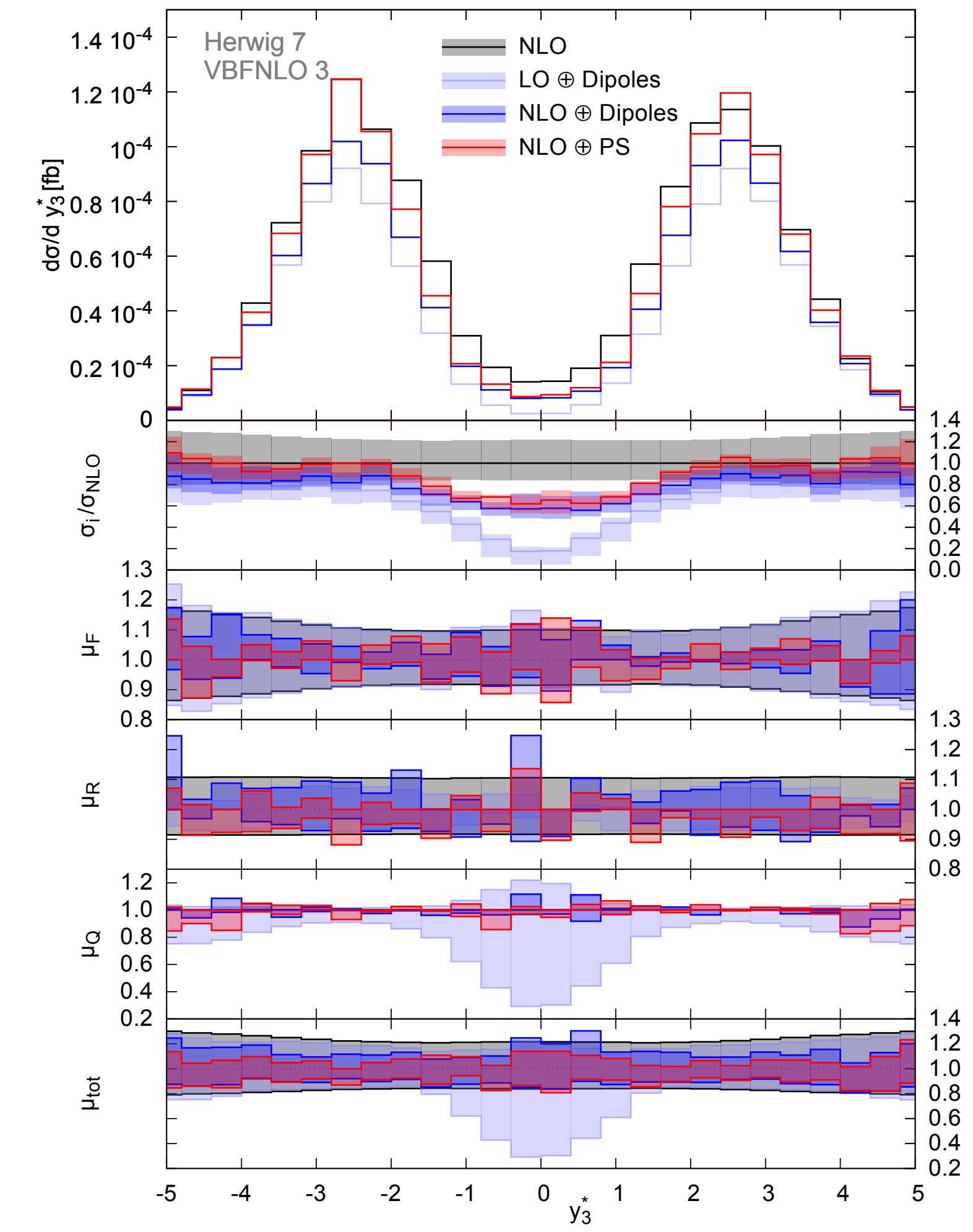
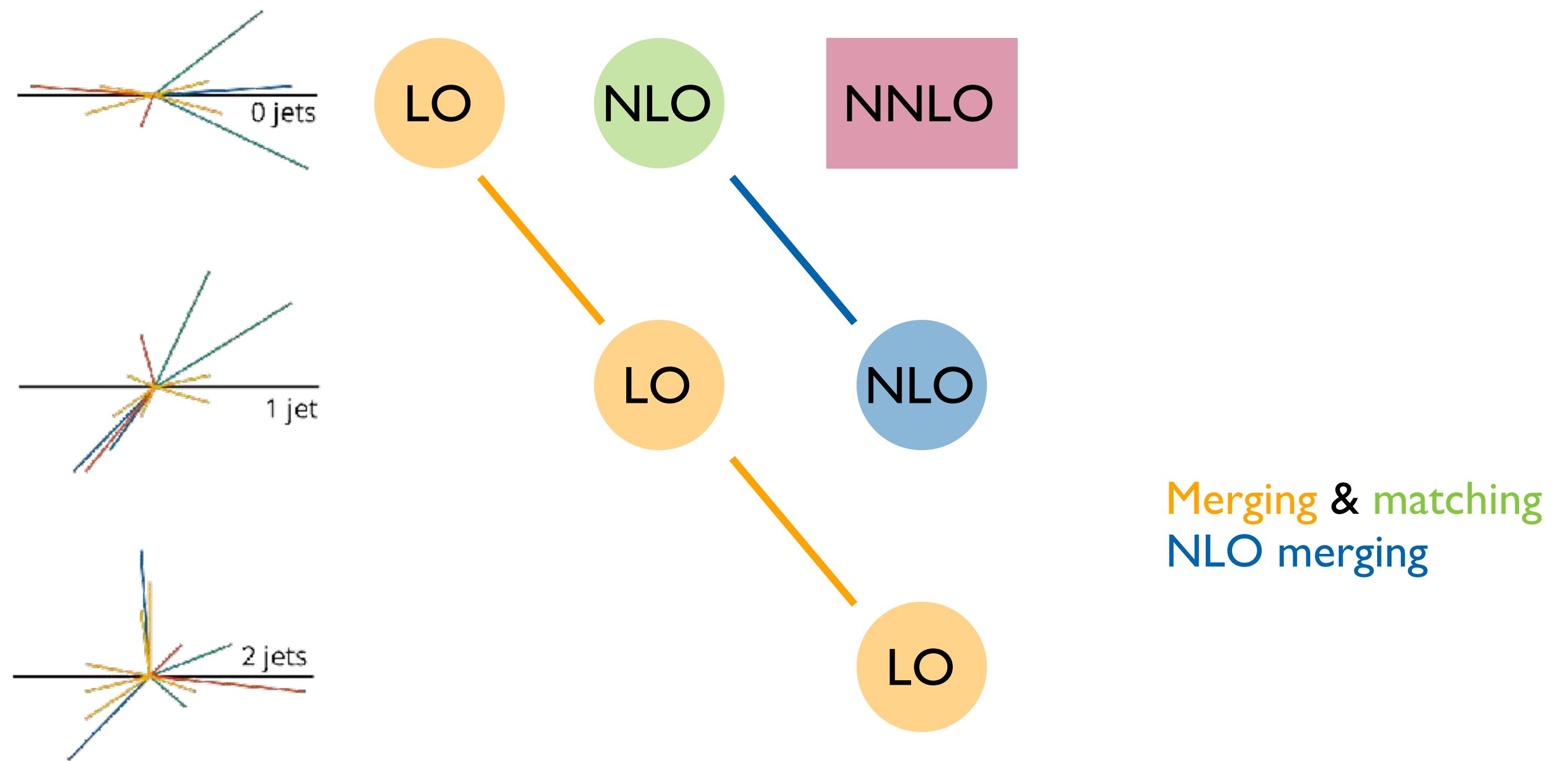


# Challenges for Matching and Merging

Jets at Born level:

- Generation cut uncertainties
- Merging algorithms specifically challenged — solved within modified unitarized merging.

[Bellm, Gieseke, Plätzer — EPJ C78 (2018) 244]

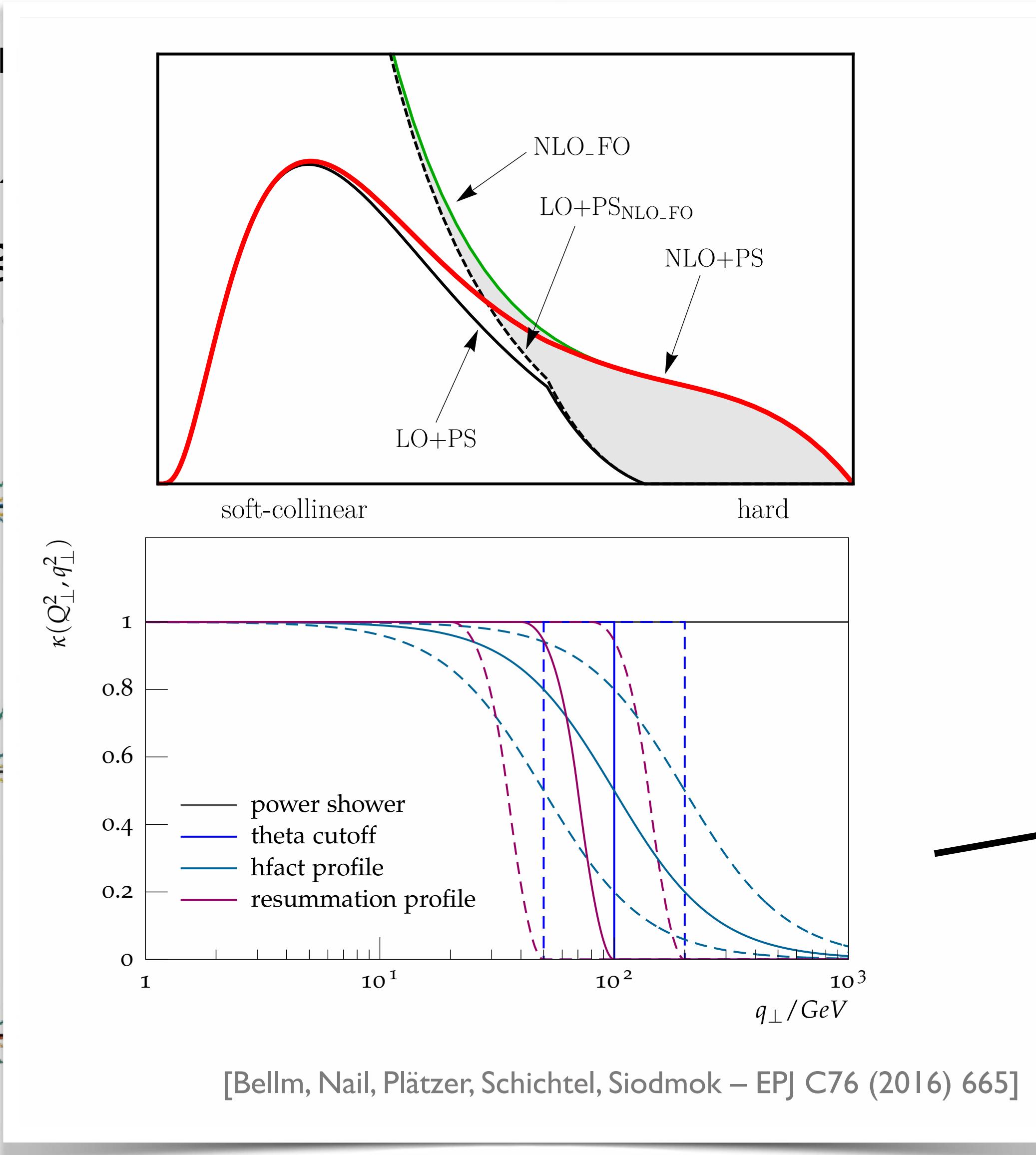


[Rauch, Plätzer — EPJ C77 (2017) 293]

# Challenges for Matching and Merging

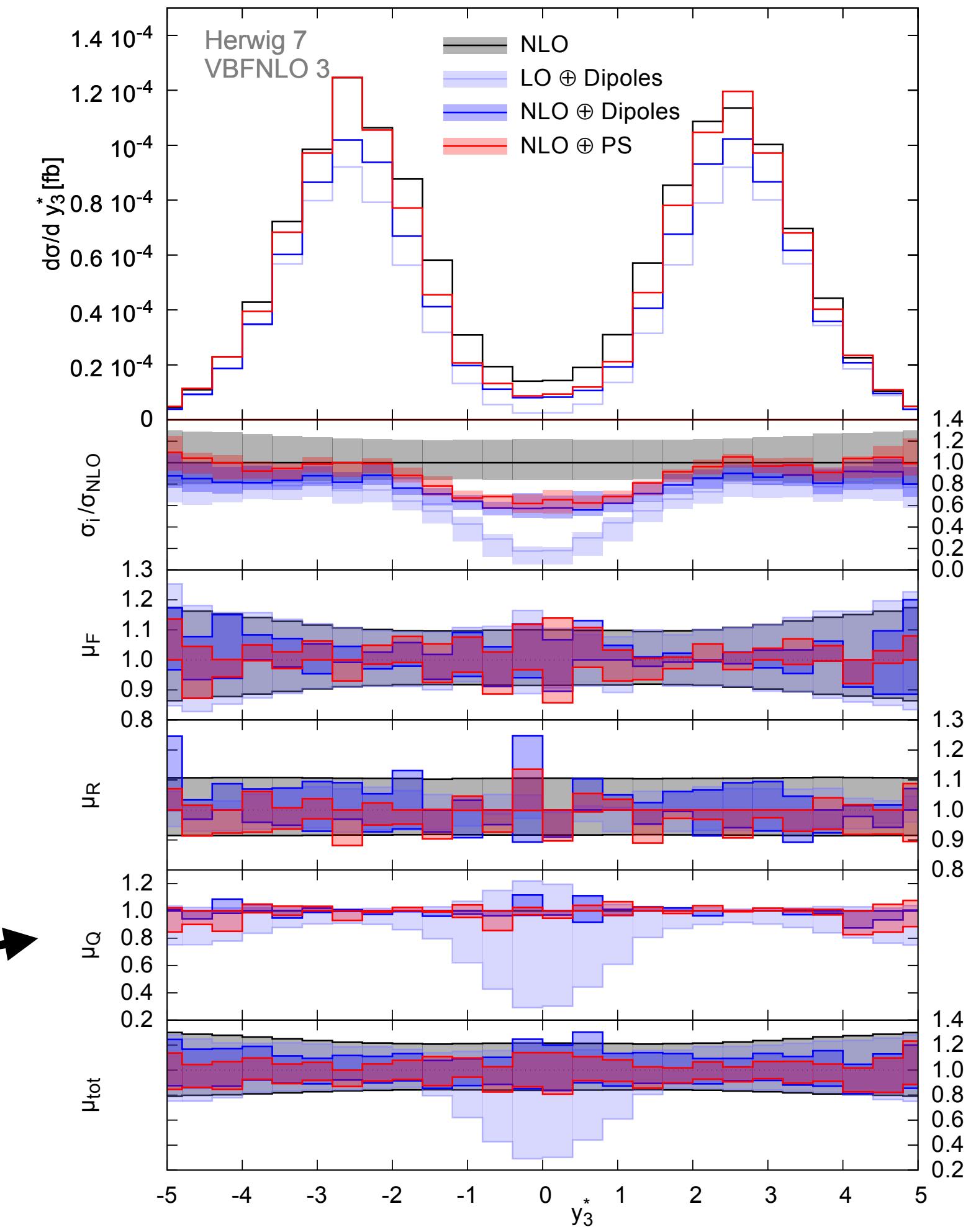
## Jets at Born

- Generation
- Merging
- modification

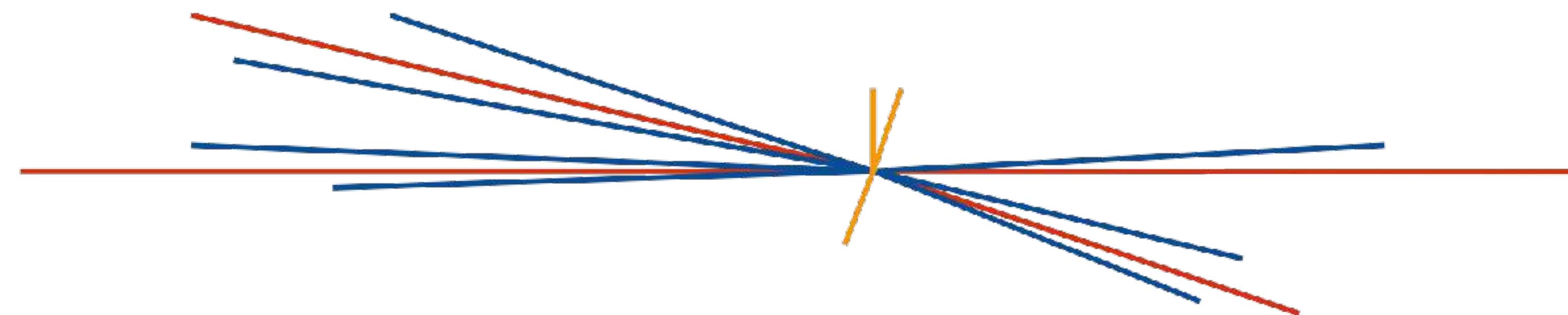


thin  
[EPJ C78 (2018) 244]

matching  
merging

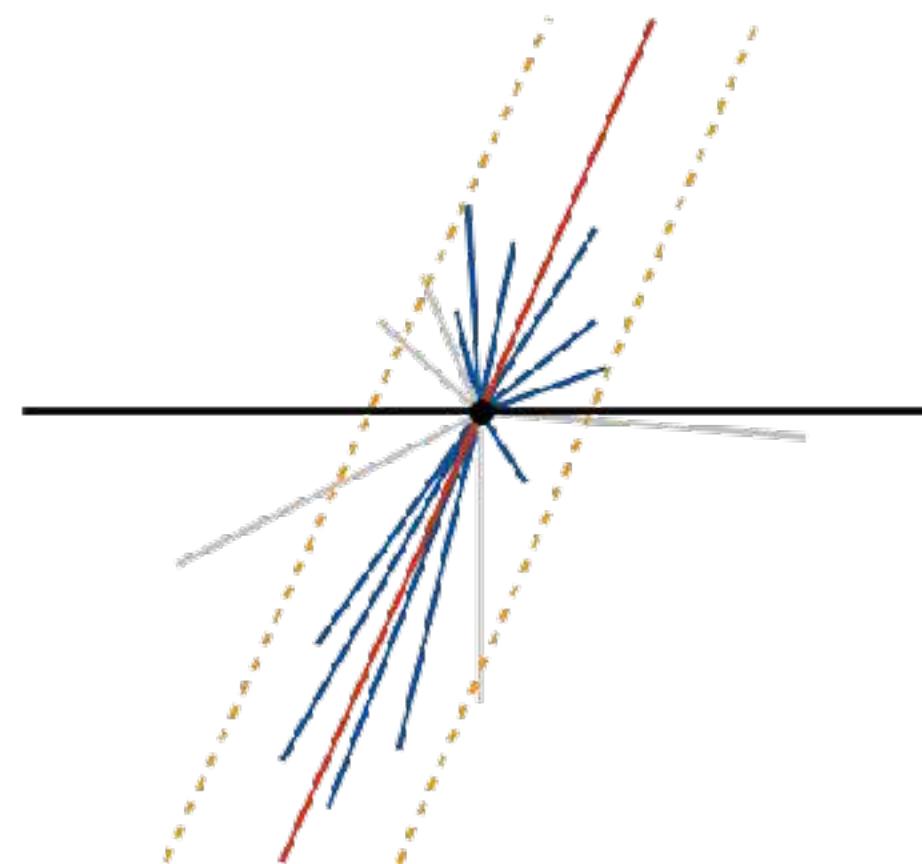


Coherent emission of soft large angle gluons from systems of collinear partons.

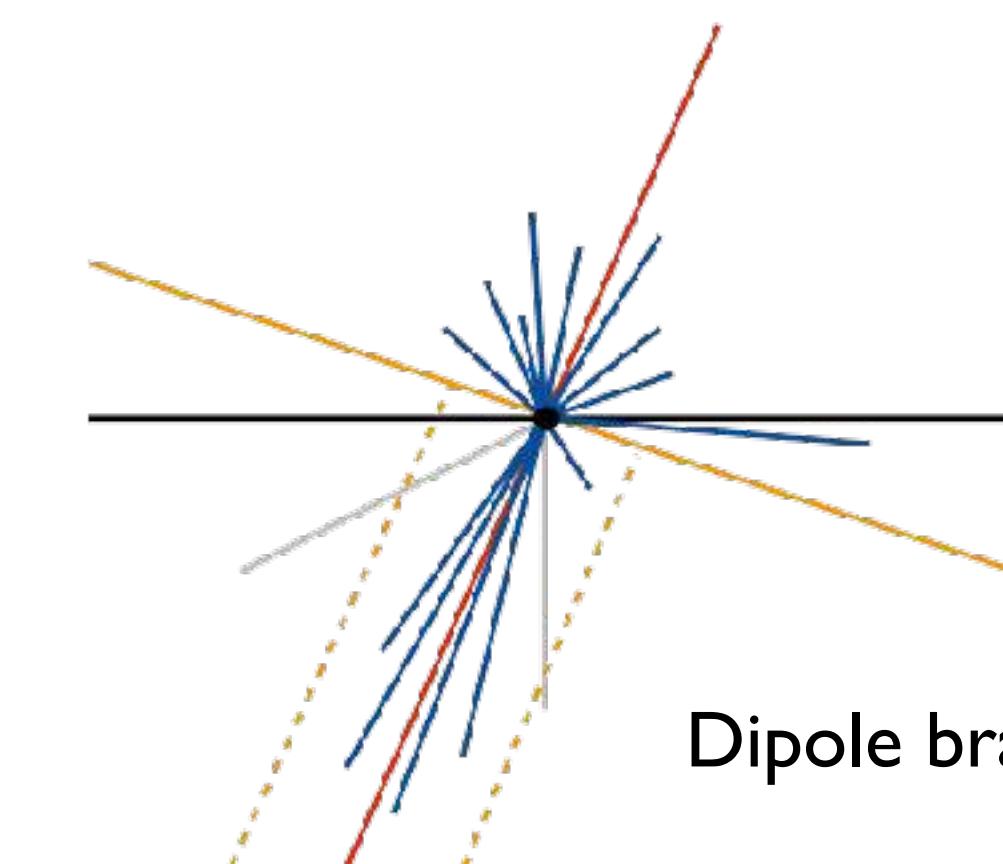
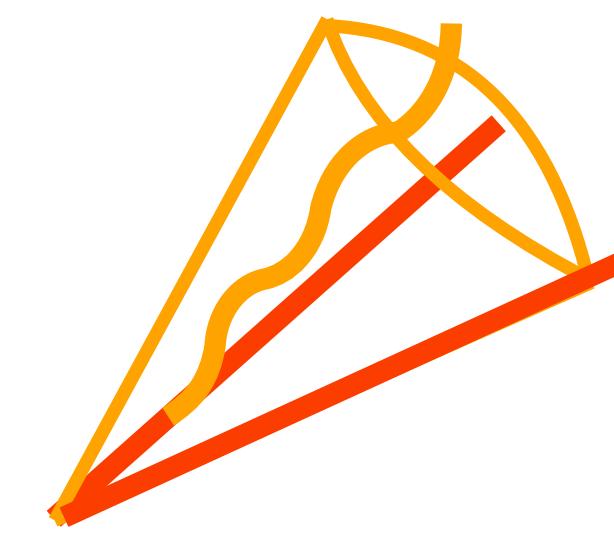


## Parton showers: dipoles vs angular ordered, issues of accuracy.

See Prestel's talk



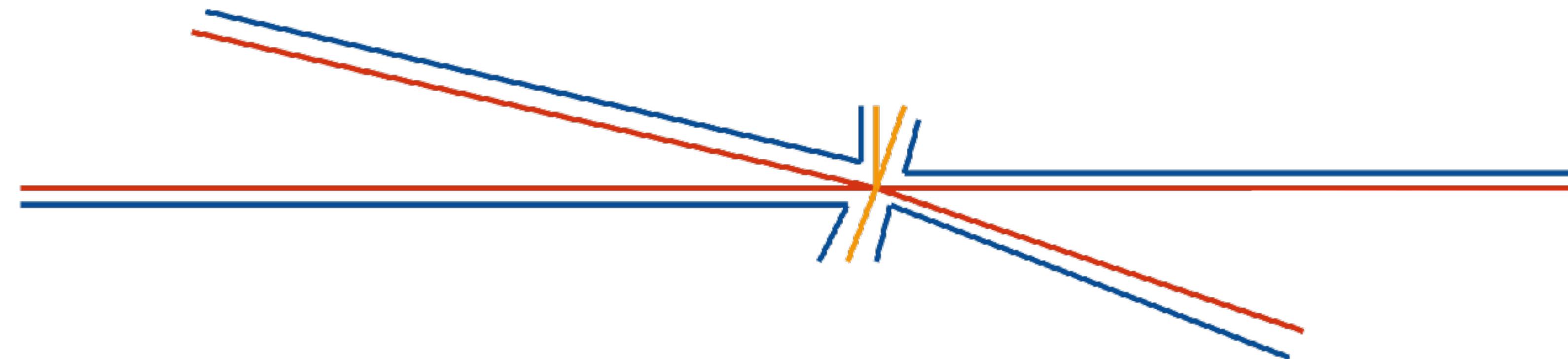
Parton branchings order in angle:  
accurate for global observables.



Dipole branchings order in transverse momentum:  
accurate for non-global observables.

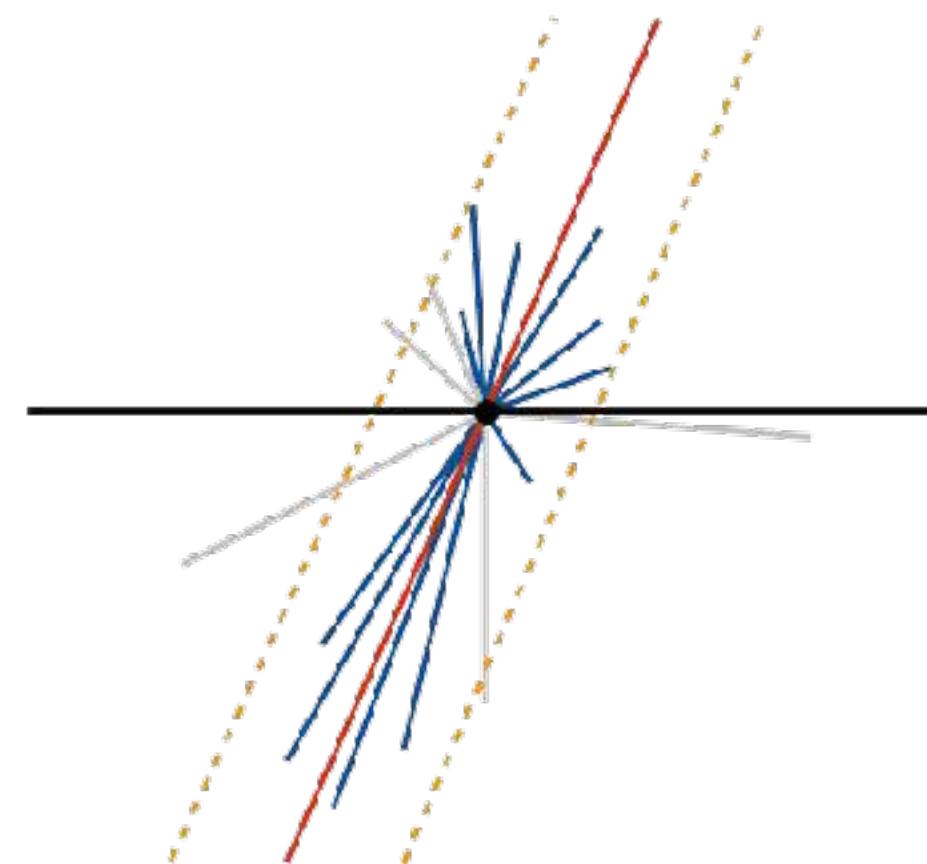
[Salam et al.—JHEP 09 (2018) 033]  
[Forshaw, Holguin, Plätzer – JHEP 09 (2020) 014]

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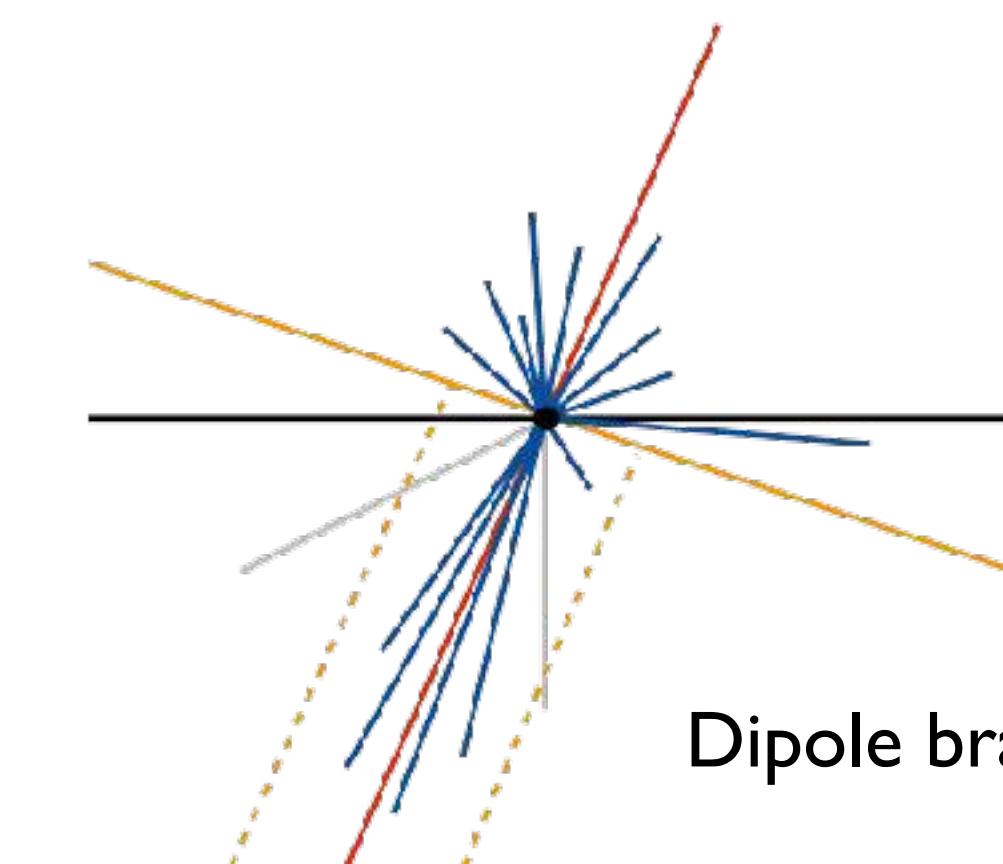
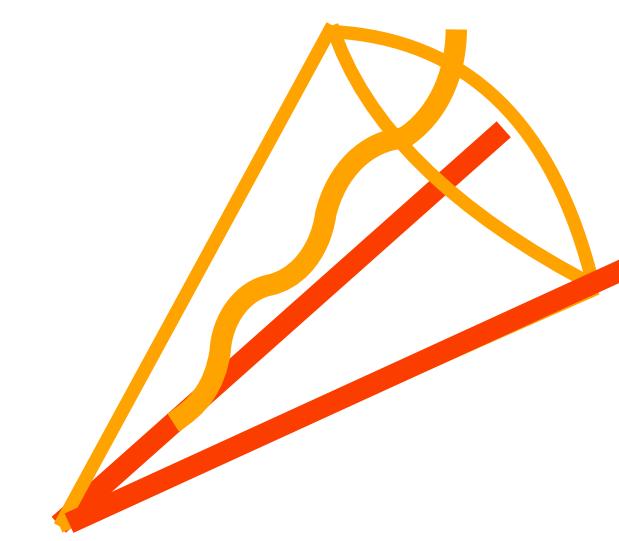


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# Benchmarks for VBF Higgs production

[Jäger, Karlberg, Plätzer, Scheller, Zaro — EPJ C80 (2020) 756]

Jets       $p_{T,j} > 25 \text{ GeV}$        $|\eta_j| < 4.5$       Scale       $\mu_0^2 = \frac{M_H}{2} \sqrt{\left(\frac{M_H}{2}\right)^2 + p_{T,H}^2}$

Baseline: tight VBF selection       $\eta_{j_1} \cdot \eta_{j_2} < 0$        $|\Delta\eta_{j_1 j_2}| > 4.5$        $m_{j_1 j_2} > 600 \text{ GeV}$

Loose selection to test impact of VBF approximation       $|\Delta\eta_{j_1 j_2}| > 1$        $m_{j_1 j_2} > 200 \text{ GeV}$

Plethora of  
matching and  
shower setups

generator	matching	SMC	shower recoil	used in Sec. 4.2
VBFNLO+Herwig7/Matchbox	⊕	HERWIG 7.1.5	global ( $\tilde{q}$ ) / local (dipole)	✓ ( $\tilde{q}$ )
HJets+Herwig7/Matchbox	⊕	HERWIG 7.1.5	global ( $\tilde{q}$ ) / local (dipole)	
MadGraph5_aMC@NLO 2.6.1	⊕	HERWIG 7.1.2	global	✓
MadGraph5_aMC@NLO 2.6.1	⊕	PYTHIA 8.230	global	
POWHEG BOX V2	⊗	PYTHIA 8.240	local (dipole)	✓
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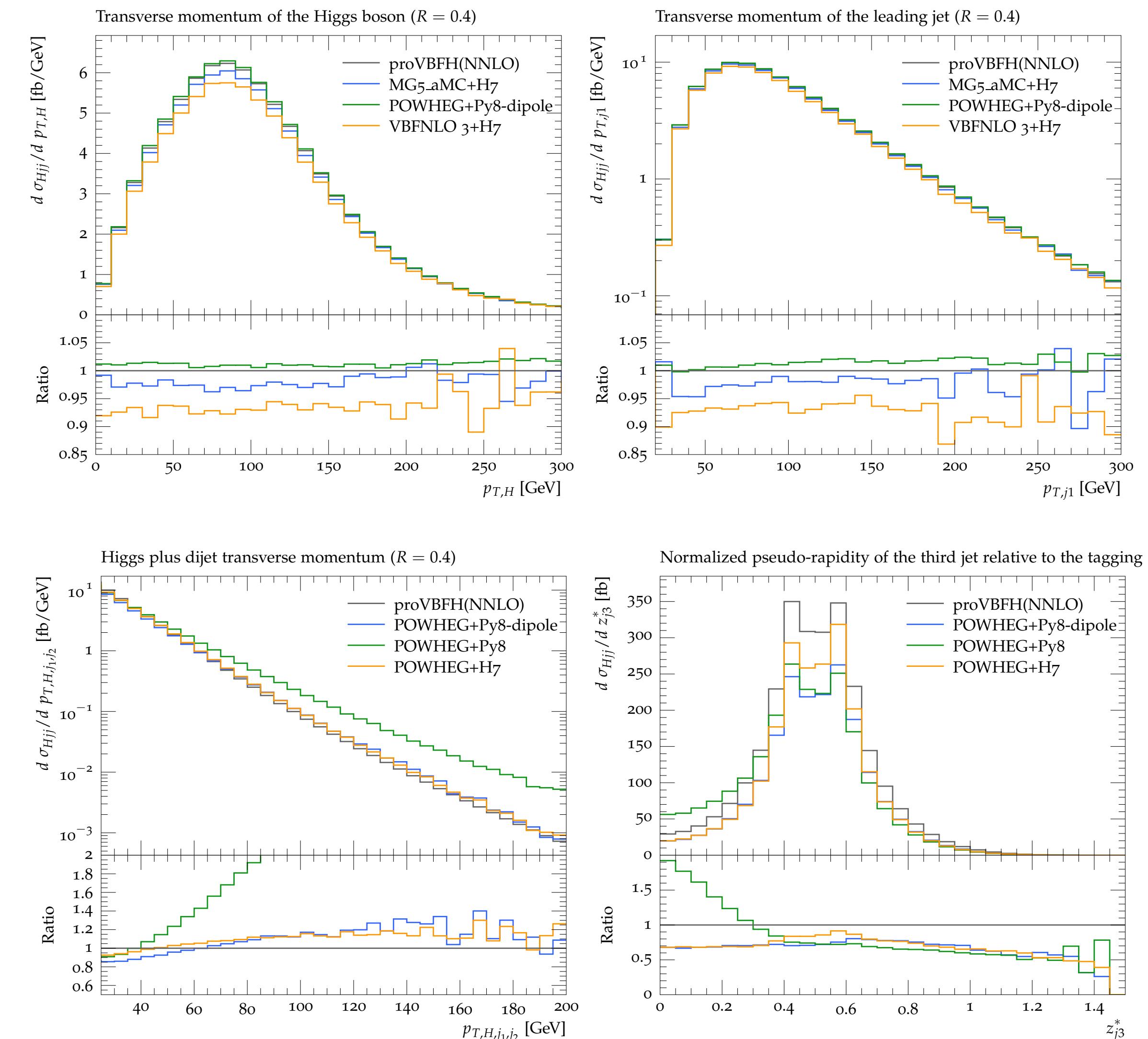
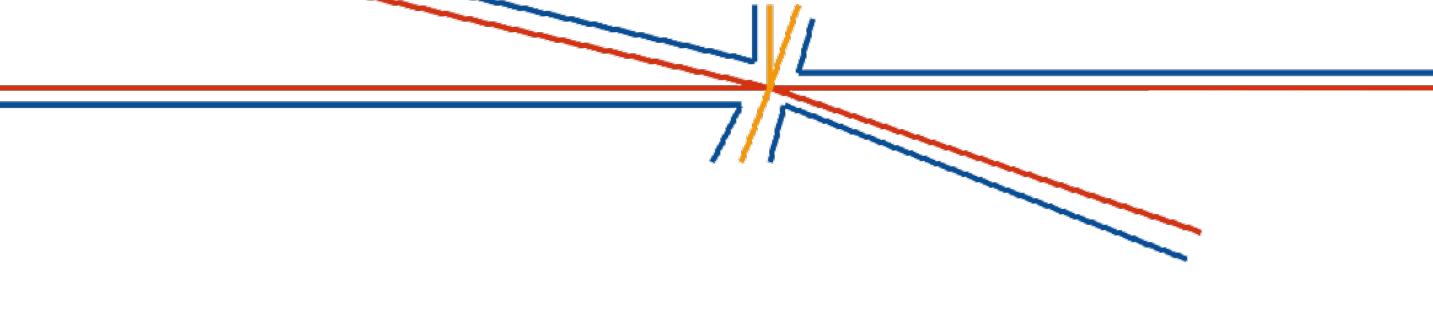
# Comparison between tools

[Jäger, Karlberg, Plätzer, Scheller, Zaro — EPJ C80 (2020) 756]

Different setups agree well in tight VBF selection, if colour flow respected.

Herwig seems somewhat less ‘jetty’, but all consistent within 10%, shapes of hard spectra not altered.

Pythia global recoil not compatible with other results. Pythia dipole recoil NLO matching only available via Powheg.



# Shower Variations and Jet Radius Dependence

[Jäger, Karlberg, Plätzer, Scheller, Zaro — EPJ C80 (2020) 756]

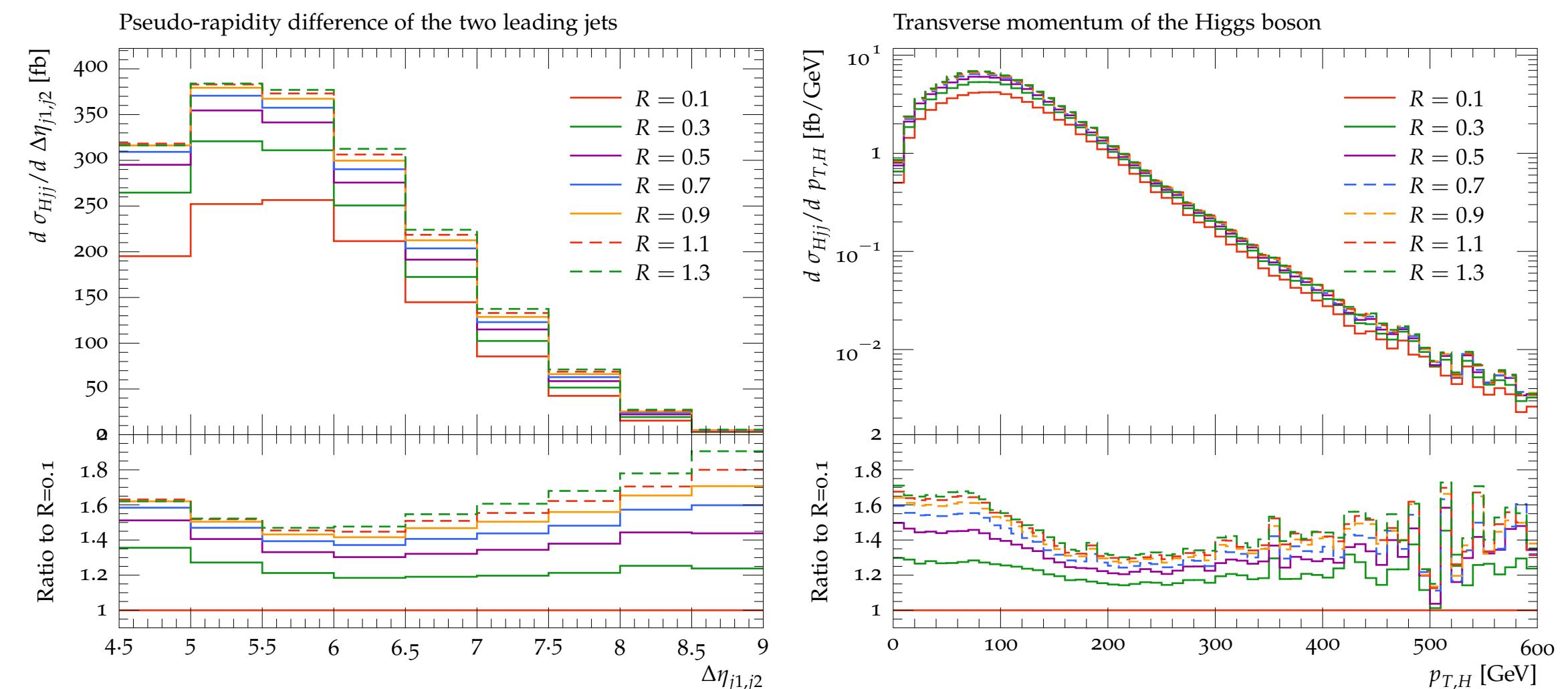
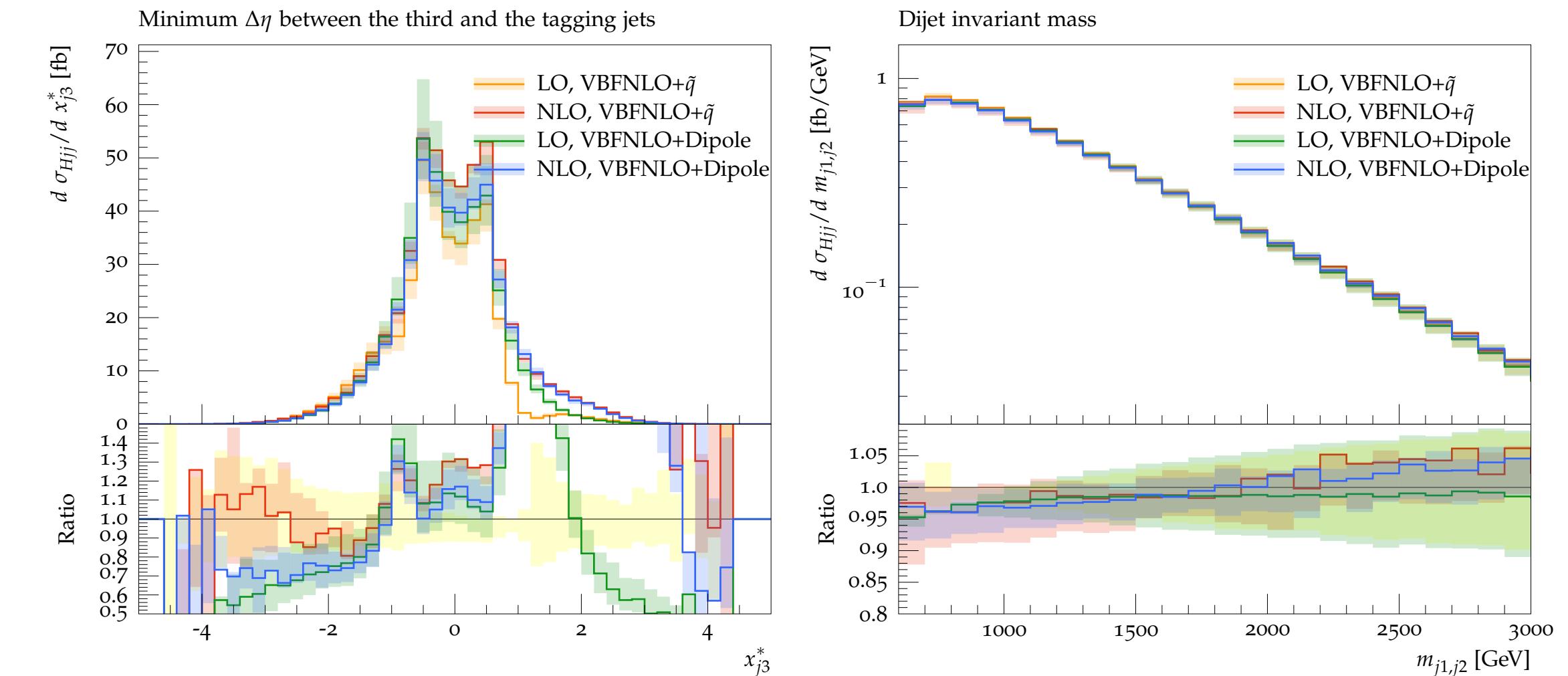
Still significant shower variations shedding light on jet activity after showering, otherwise distributions stable at NLO+PS.

More careful investigation of shower scale profiles and cut migration needed.

Jet radius dependence shows expected perturbative behaviour.

Need to confront with perturbative variations and soft QCD.

Perturbative scales and R see LH jet study  
[Bellm et al. — EPJ C80 (2020) 93]



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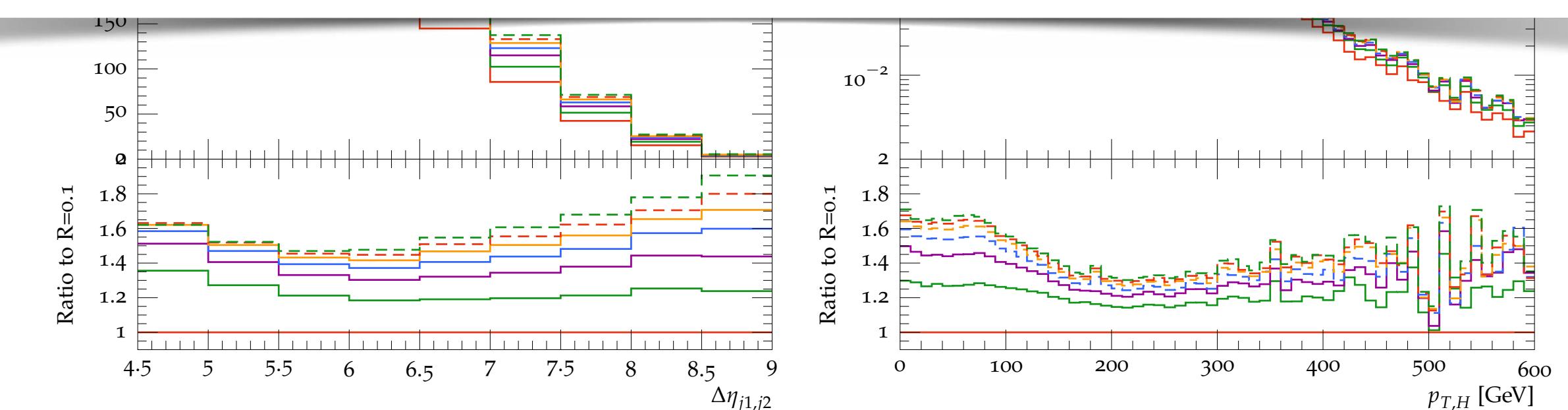
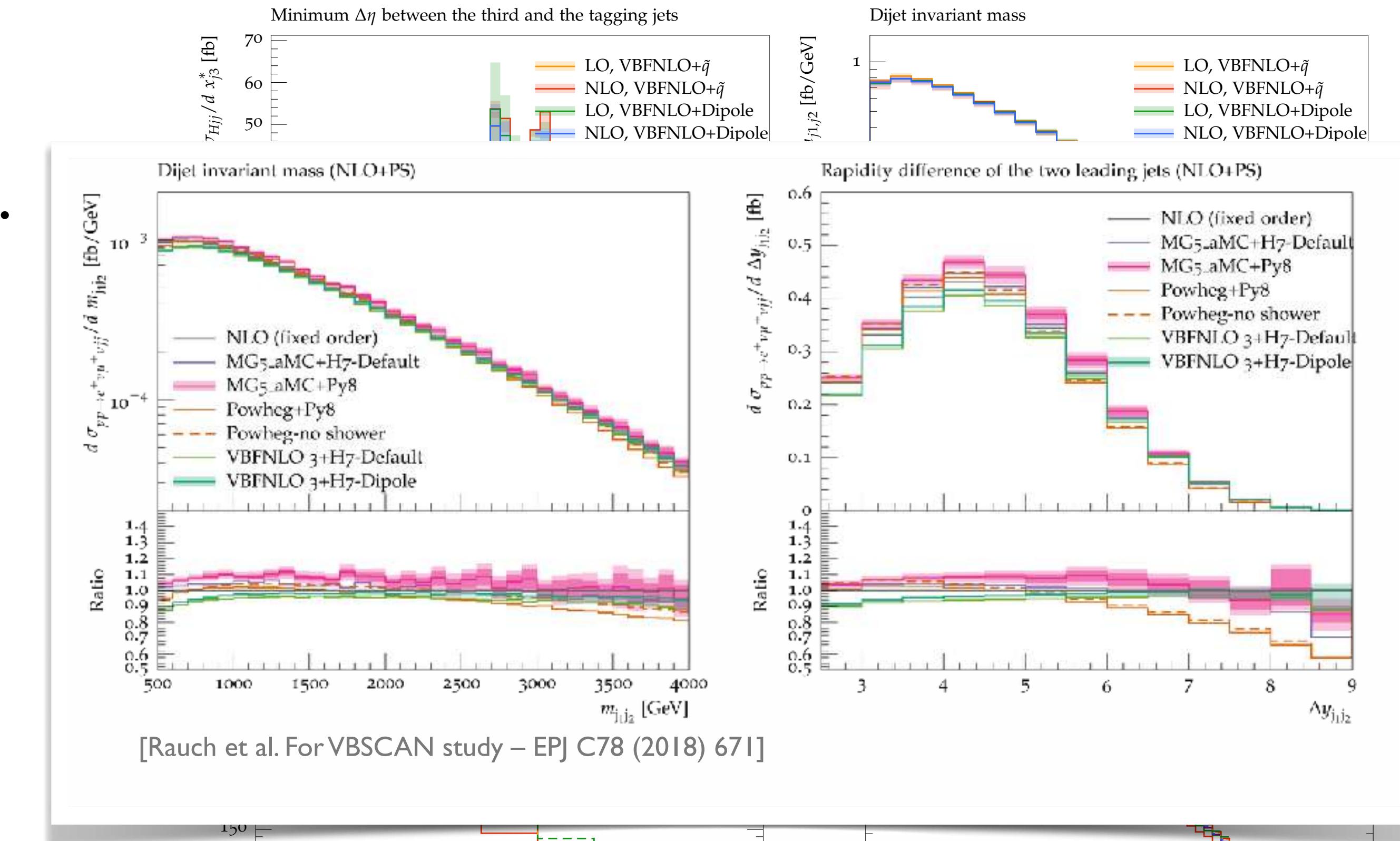
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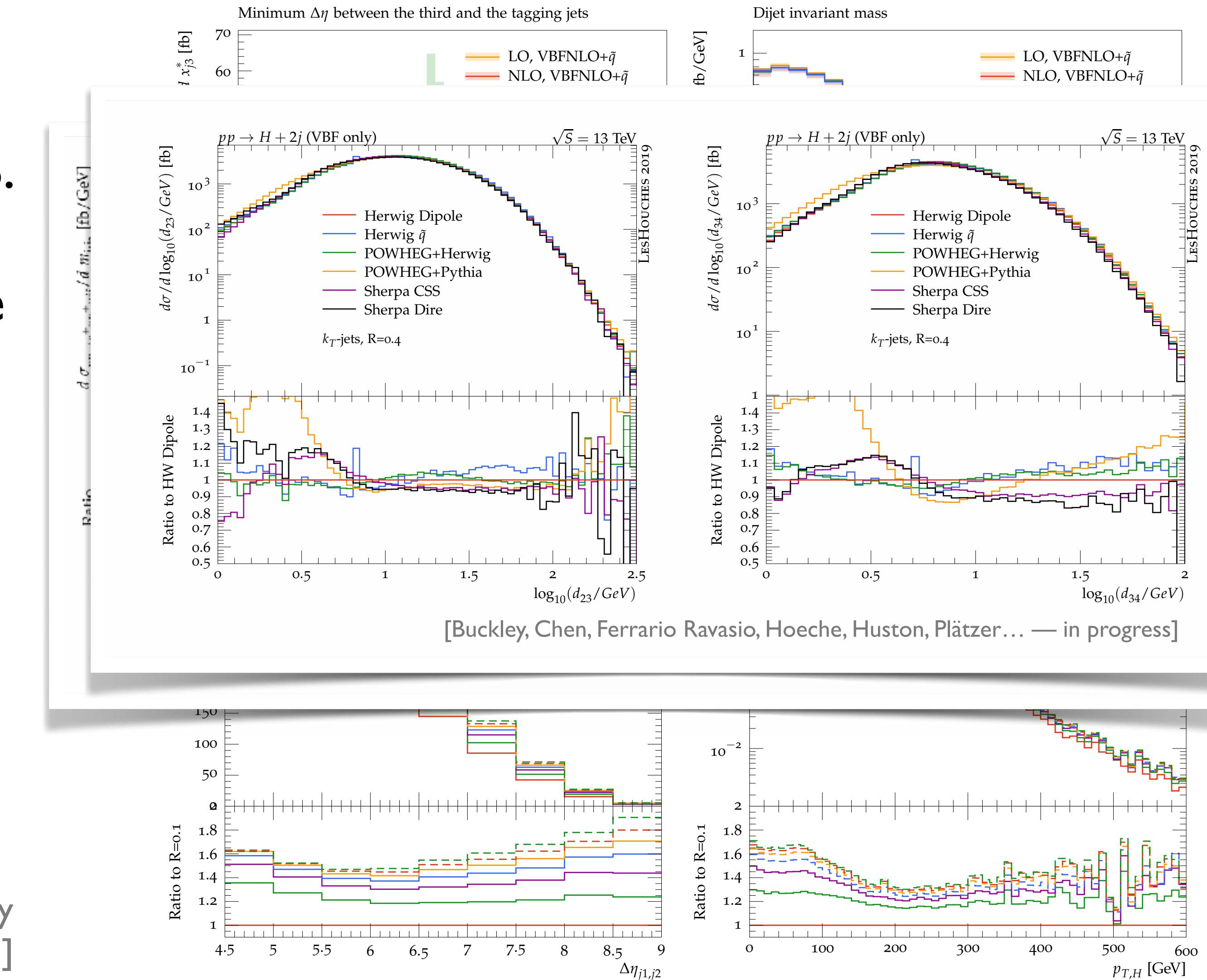
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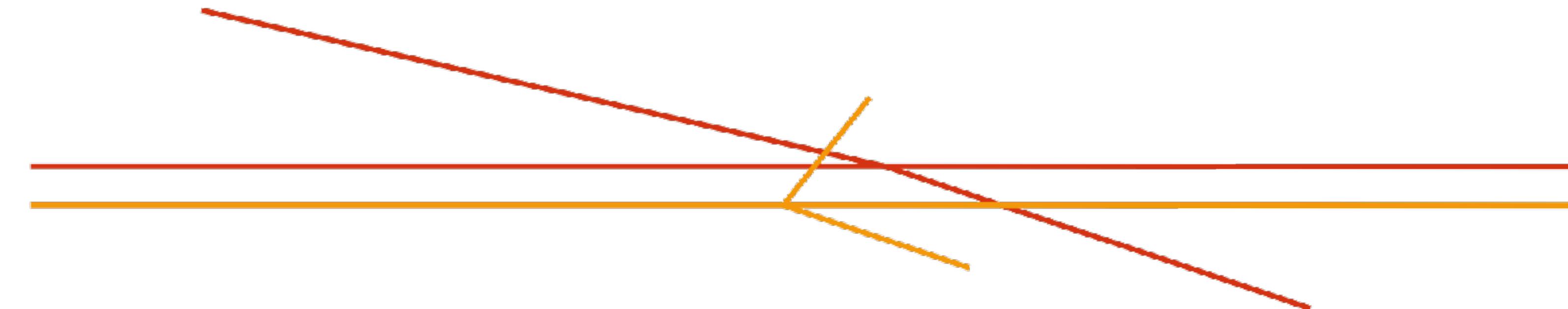
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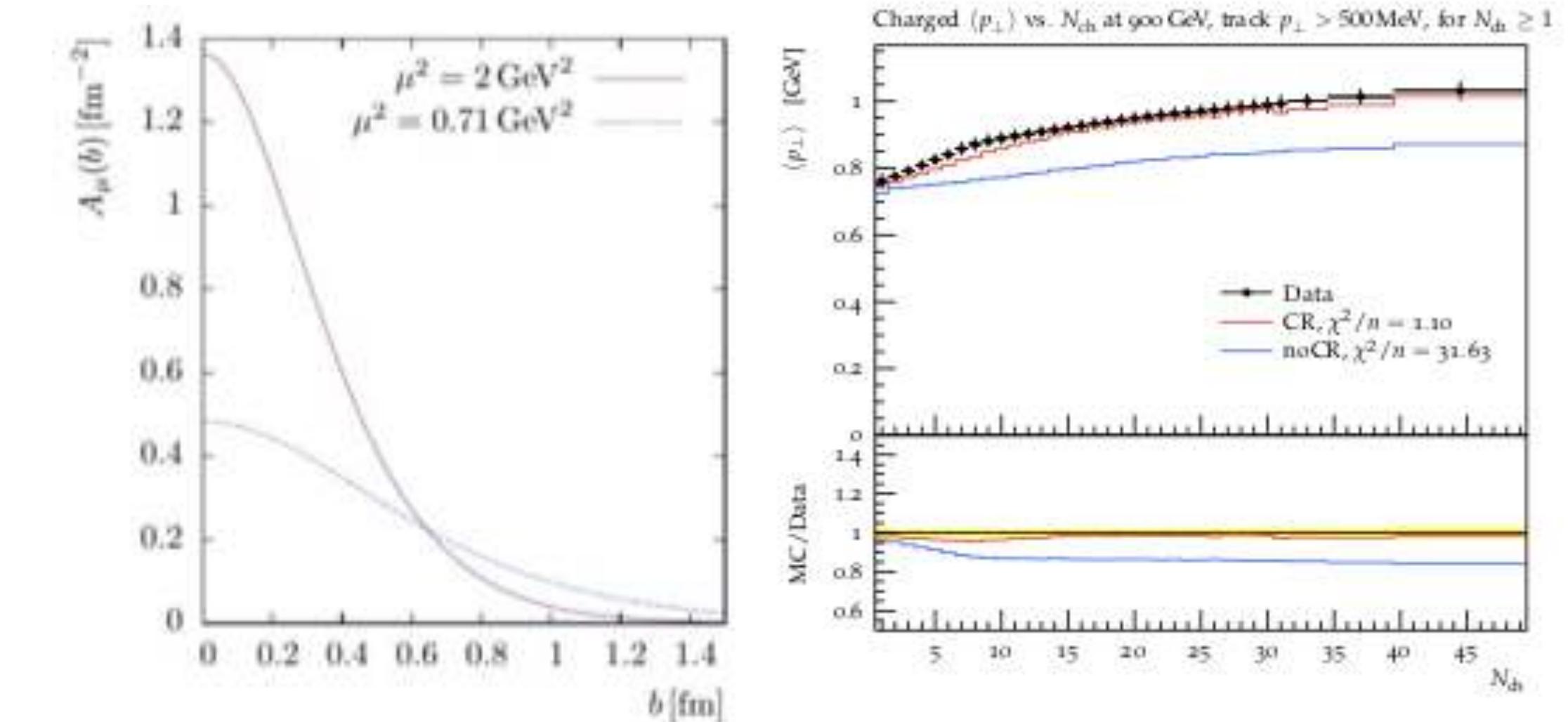
[Buckley, Chen, Ferrario Ravasio, Hoeche, Huston, Plätzer... — in progress]



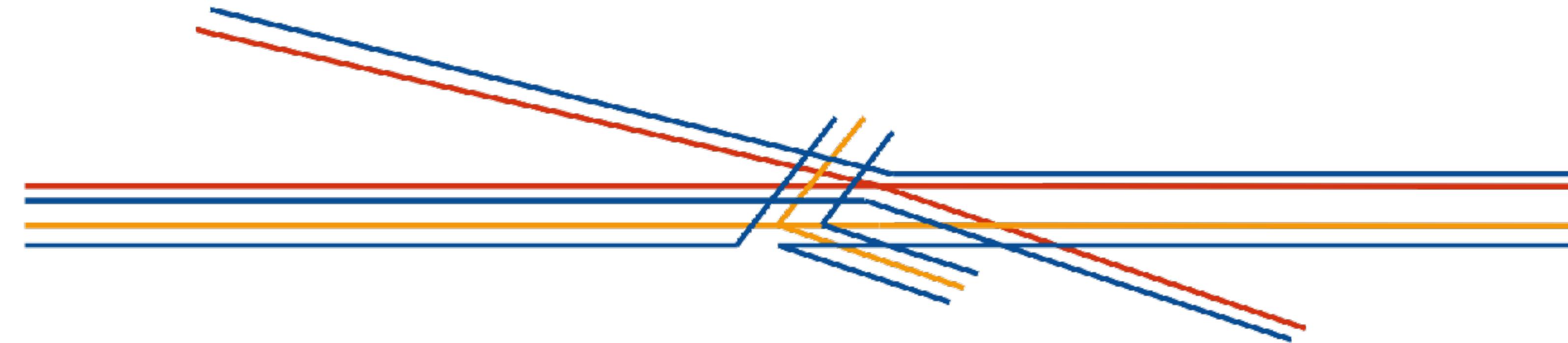
Assume some matter distribution in the proton, and effective multiplicity distribution of additional scatters.

Colour reconnection crucial to describe MinBias and UE data: lack of knowledge about colour correlations.

[Gieseke, Kirchgaesser, Plätzer – EPJ C 78 (2018) 99]



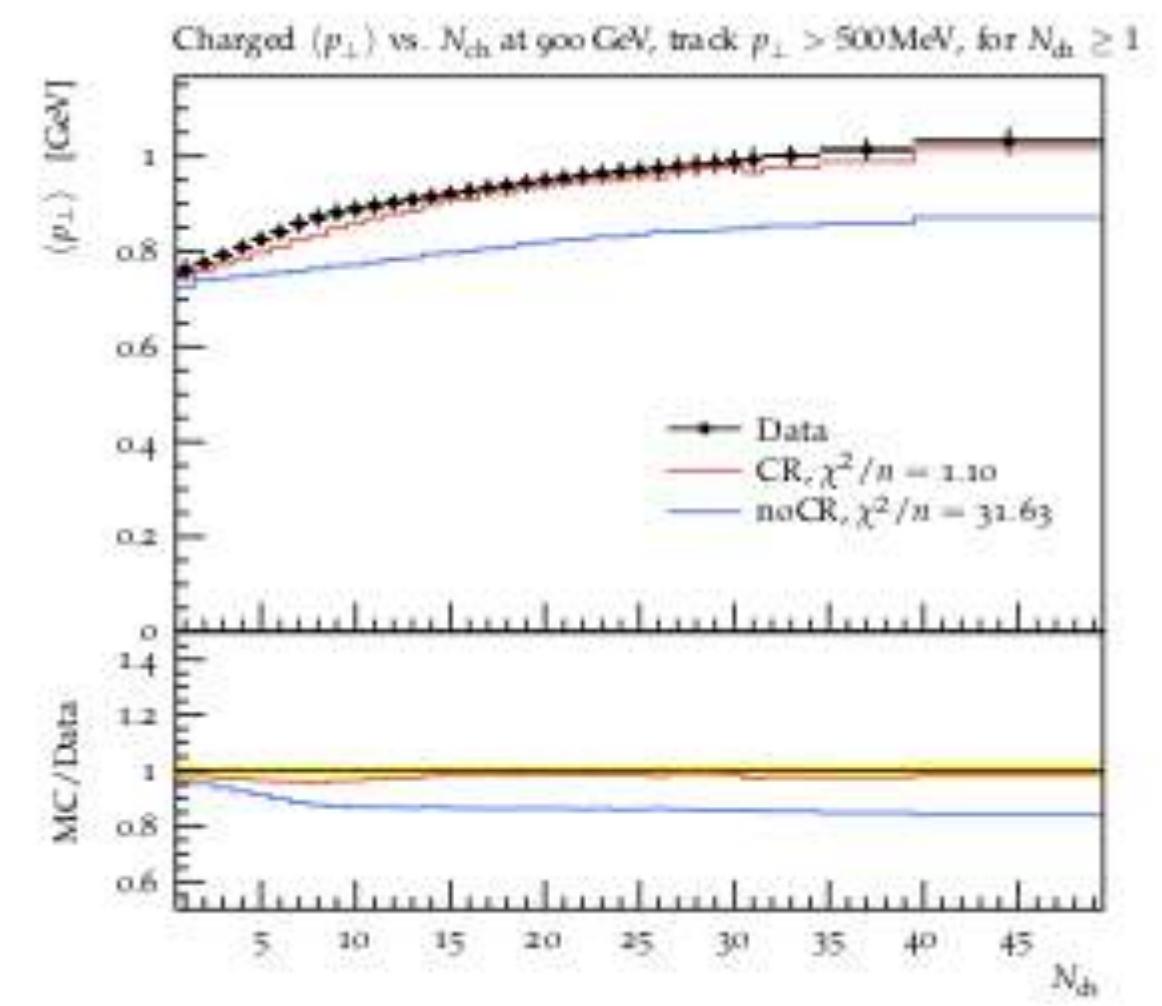
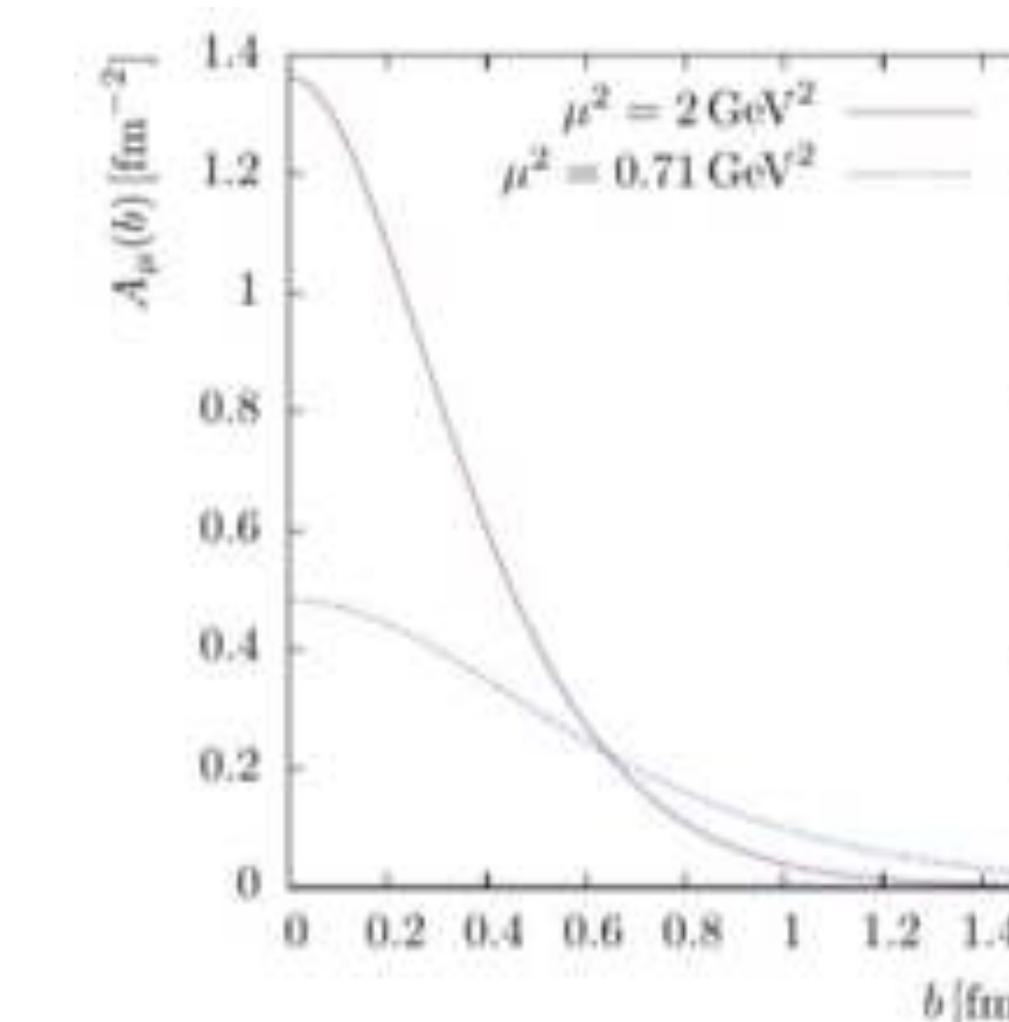
[Gieseke, Röhr, Siodmok – EPJ C 72 (2012) 2225]



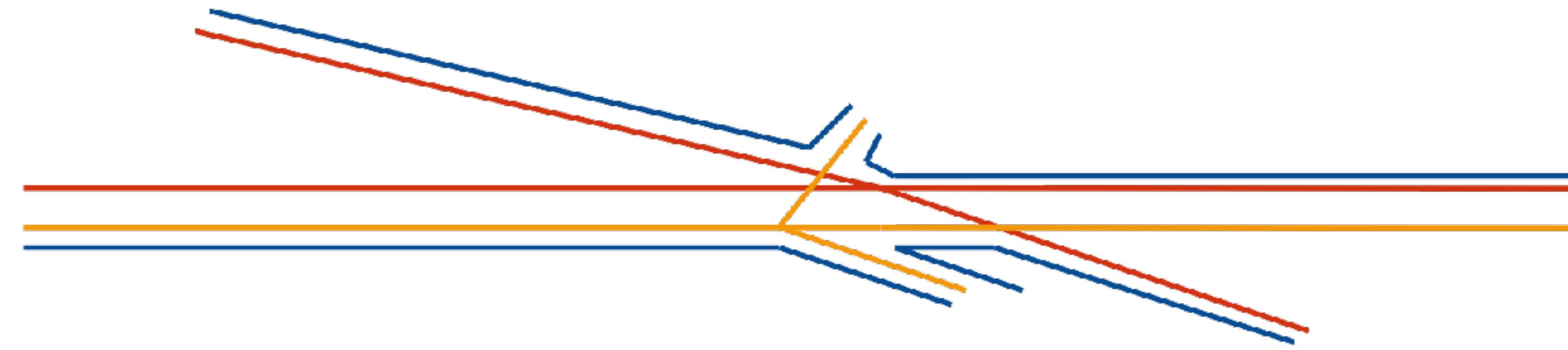
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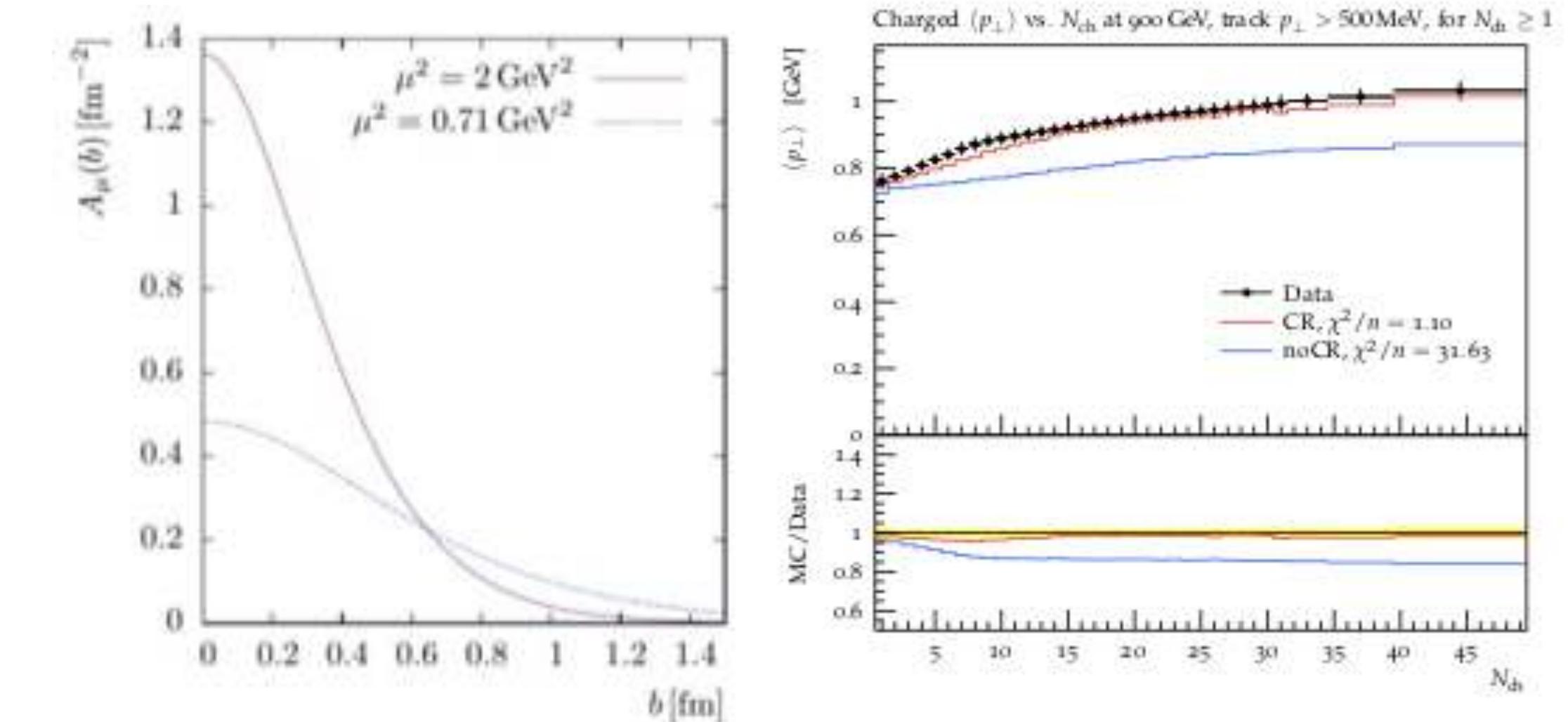
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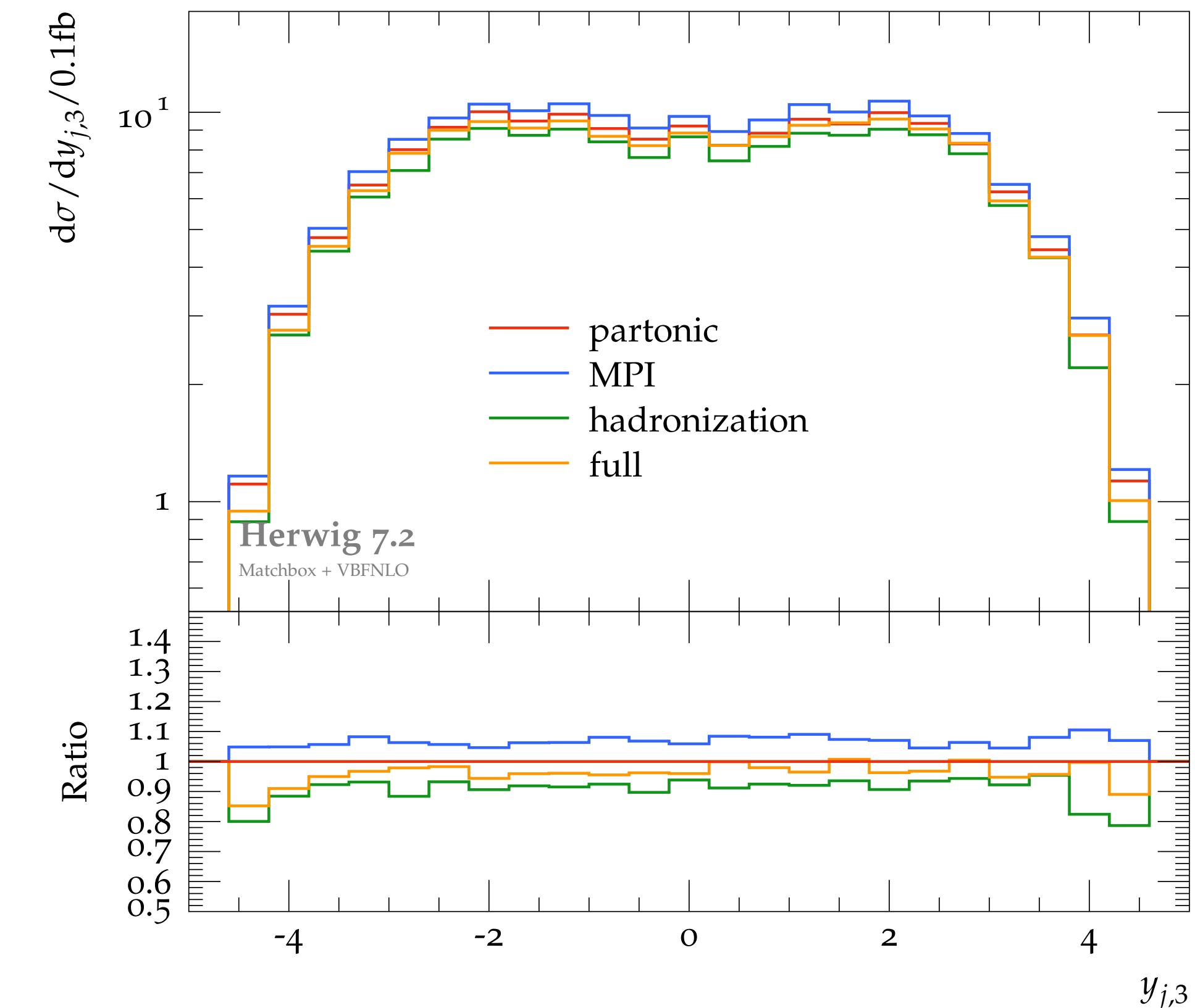
Soft QCD effects are not absent: significant impact on interjet activity and jet shapes.

On/off exercise will only hint at their relative importance.

## Questions to be raised:

- Quantify impact (and how certain that is)
- Determine interplay with perturbative variations and models
- Watch out for lack of perturbative dynamics beyond current NLO+PS

[Bittrich, Kirchgaesser, Papaefstathiou, Plätzer, Todt — in progress]



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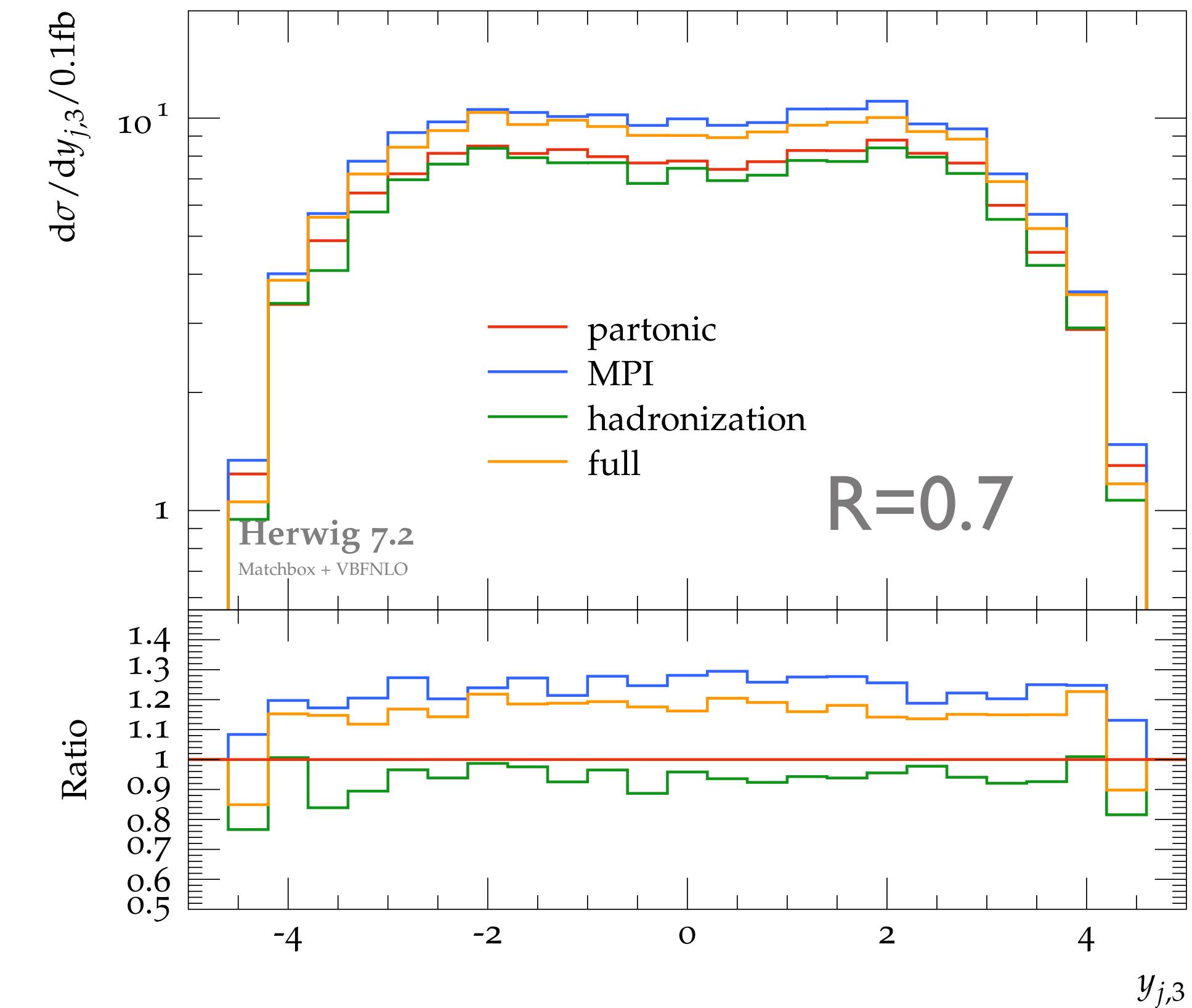
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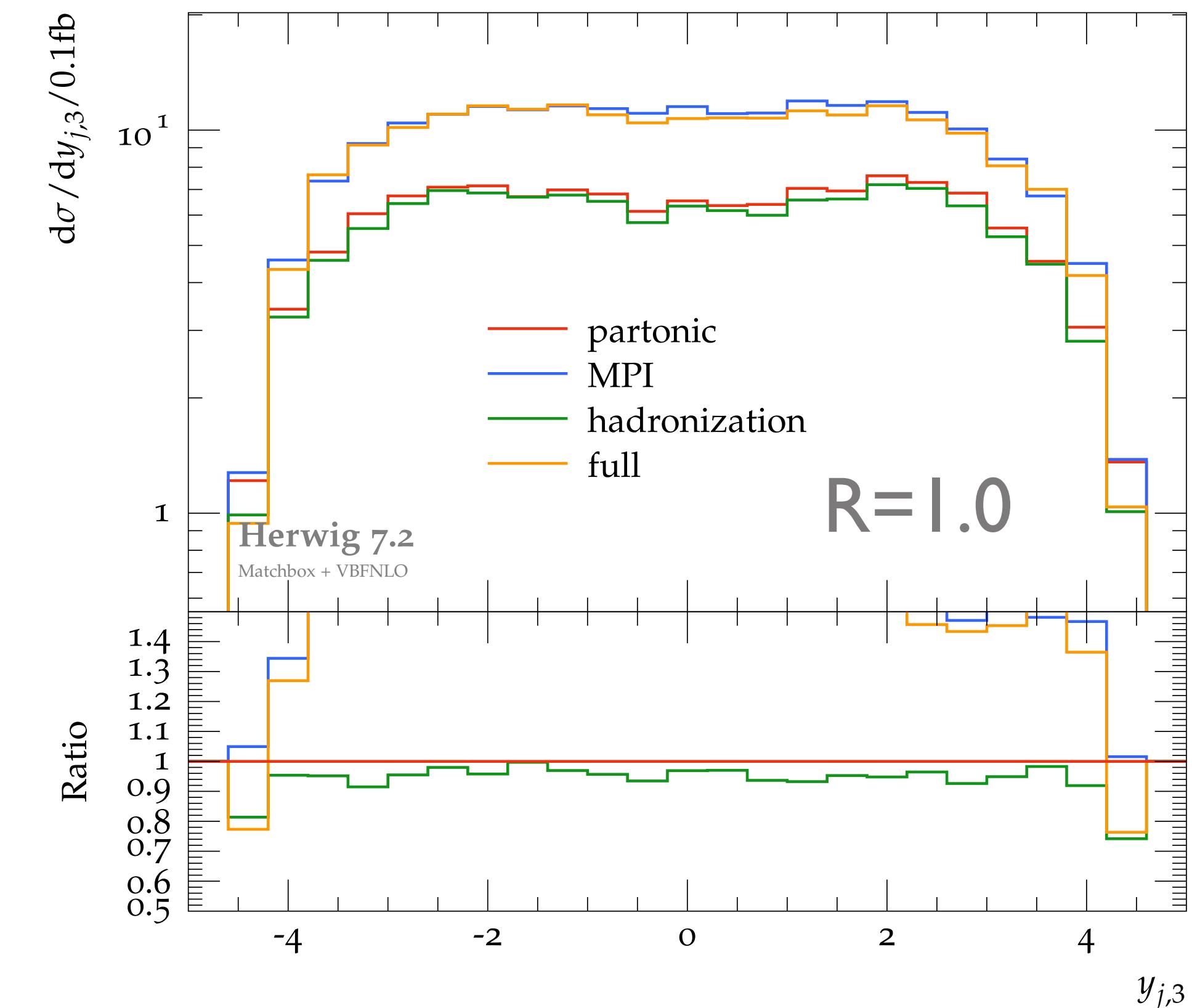
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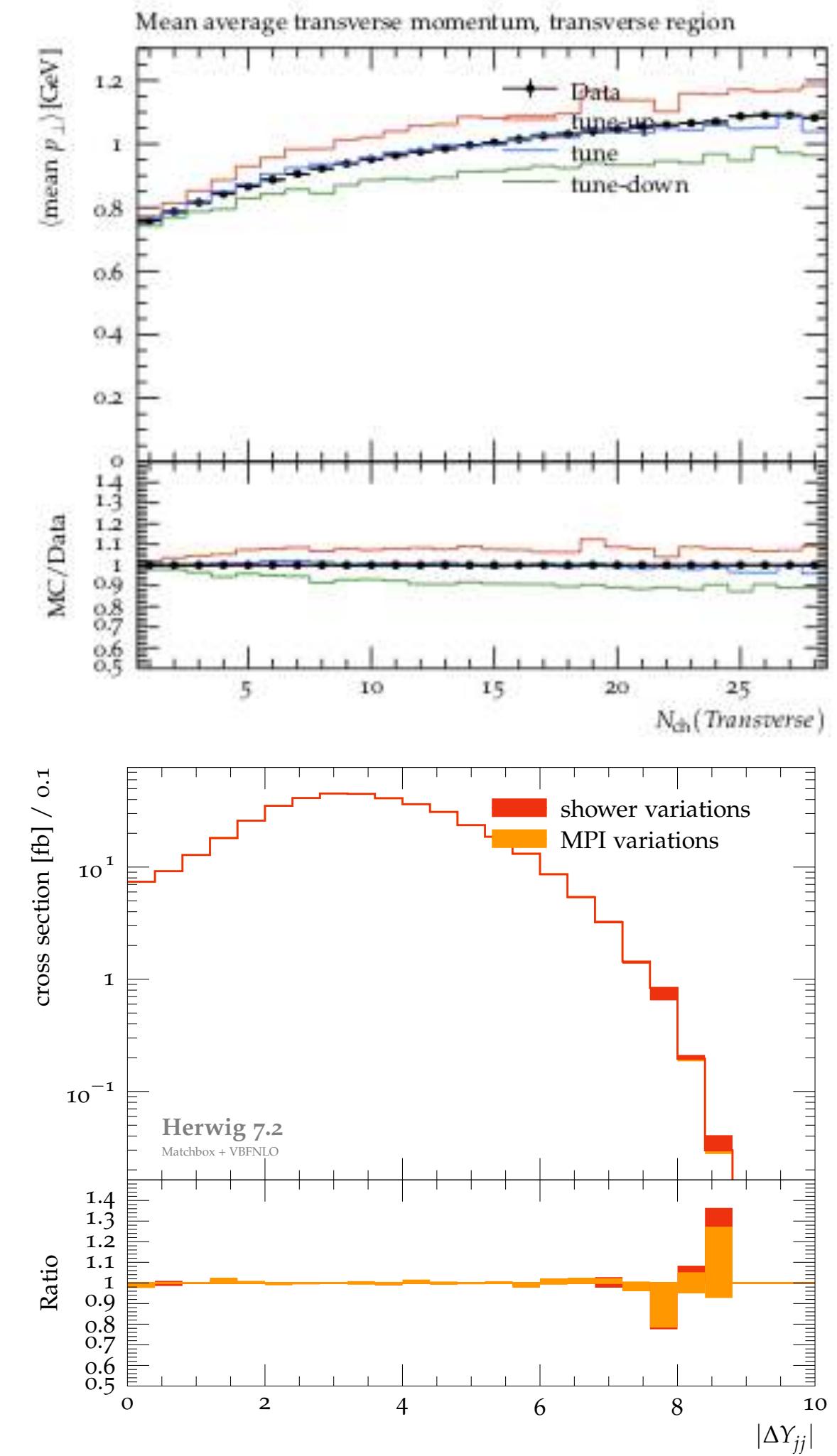
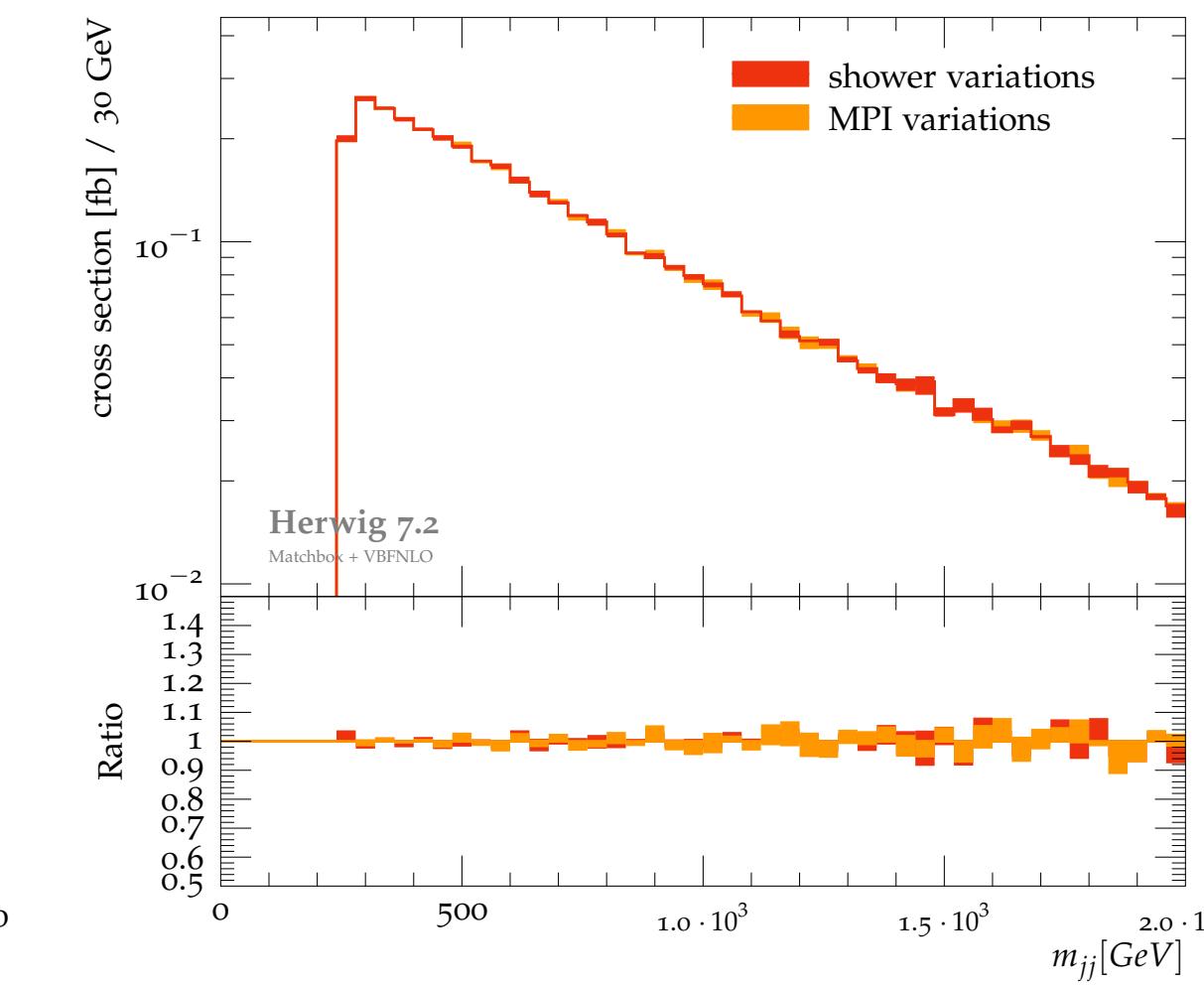
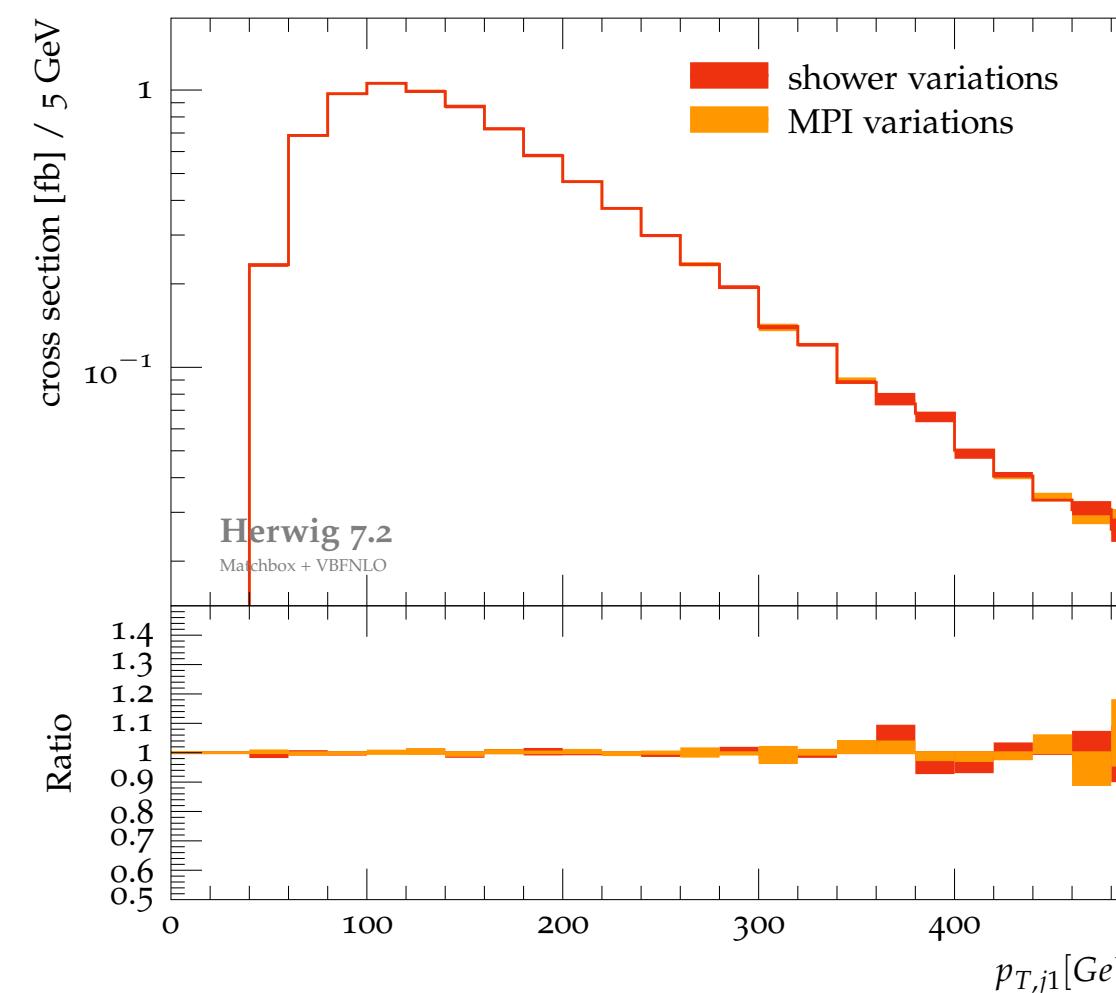
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## Strategy

- Vary colour reconnection and MPI parameters to stay within  $\sim 10\%$  agreement of typical tuning observables
- Vary perturbative scales, specifically shower hard scale
- Full NLO+PS study including shower variations

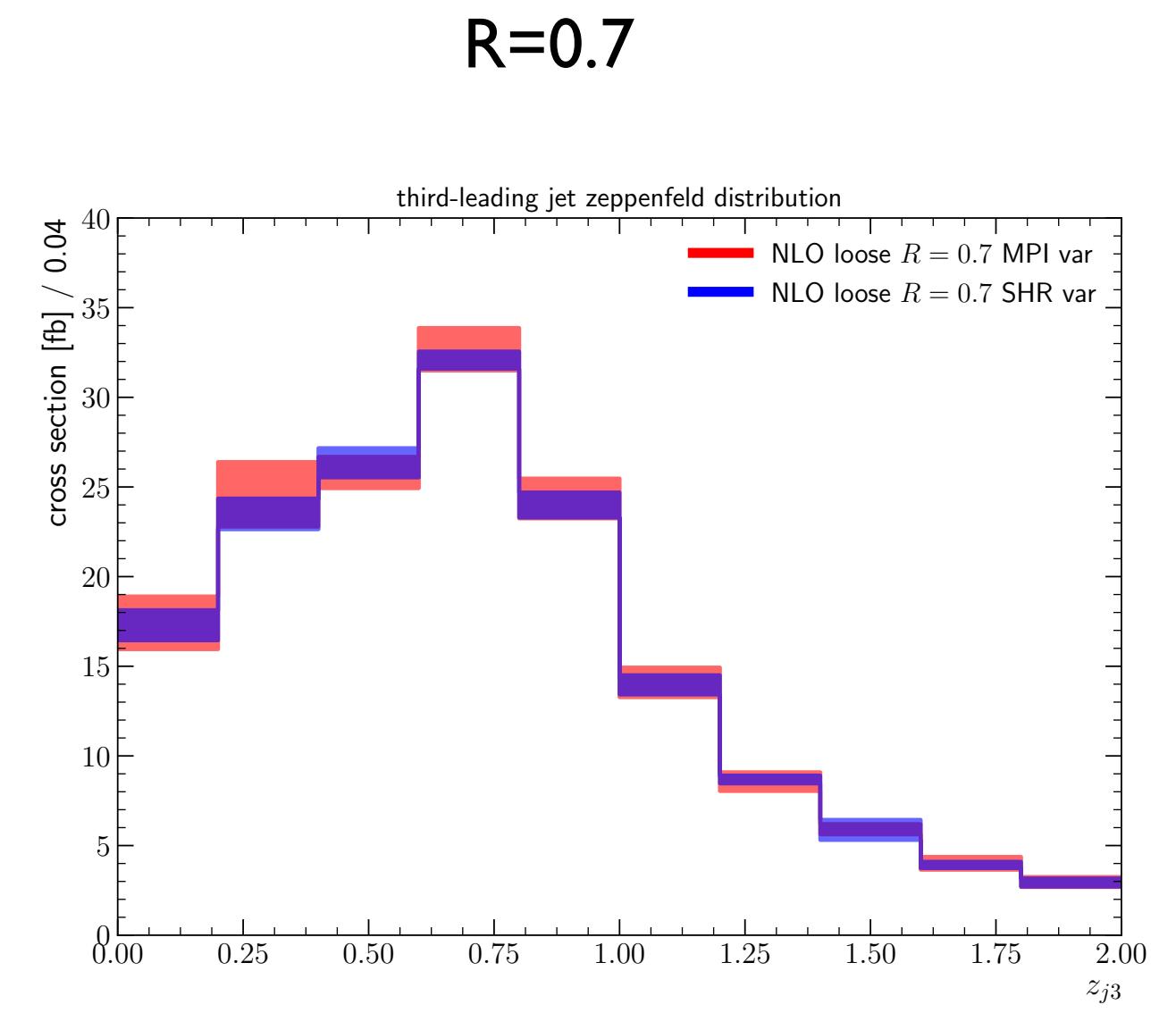
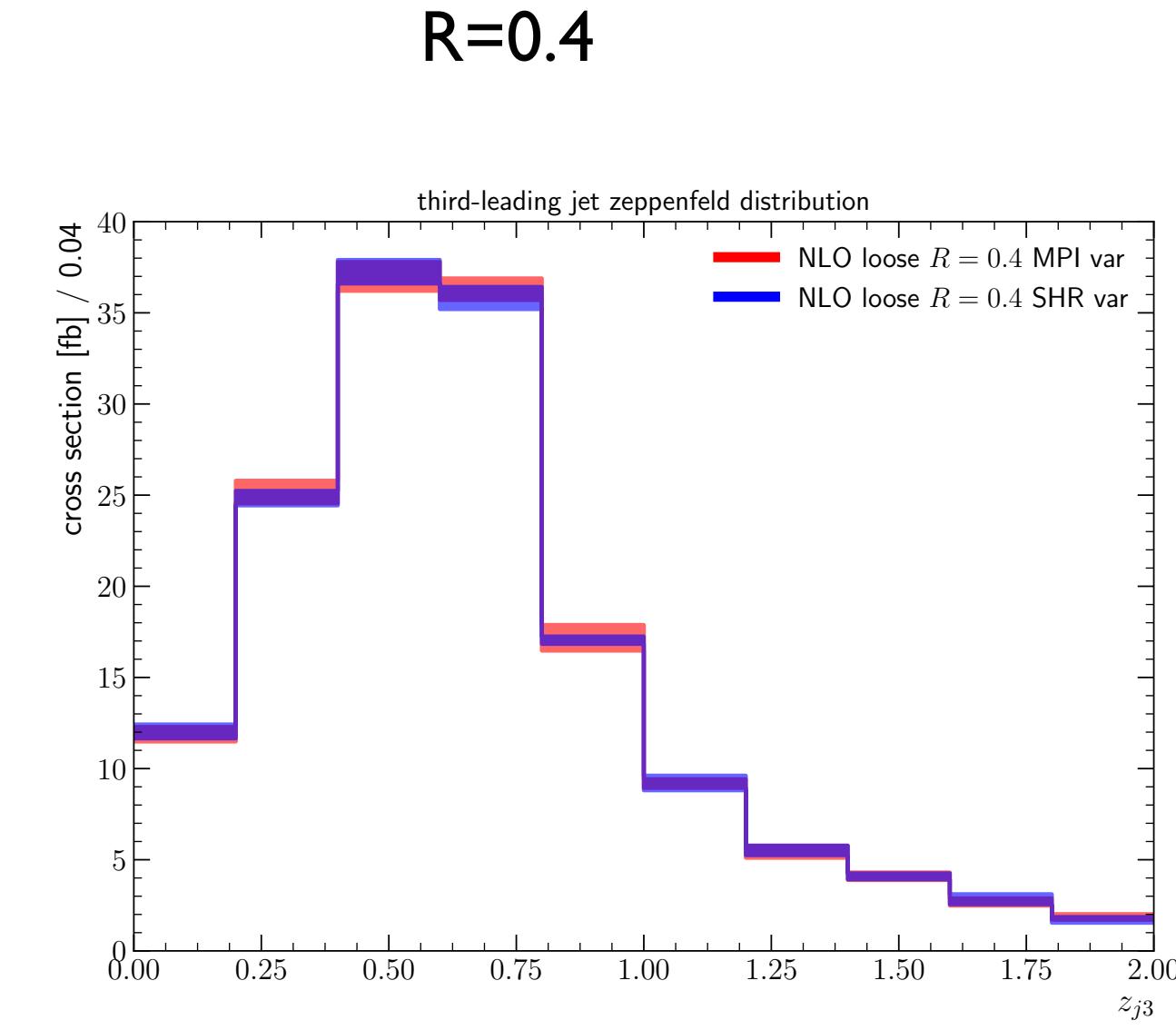
Tagging jet distributions mostly stable



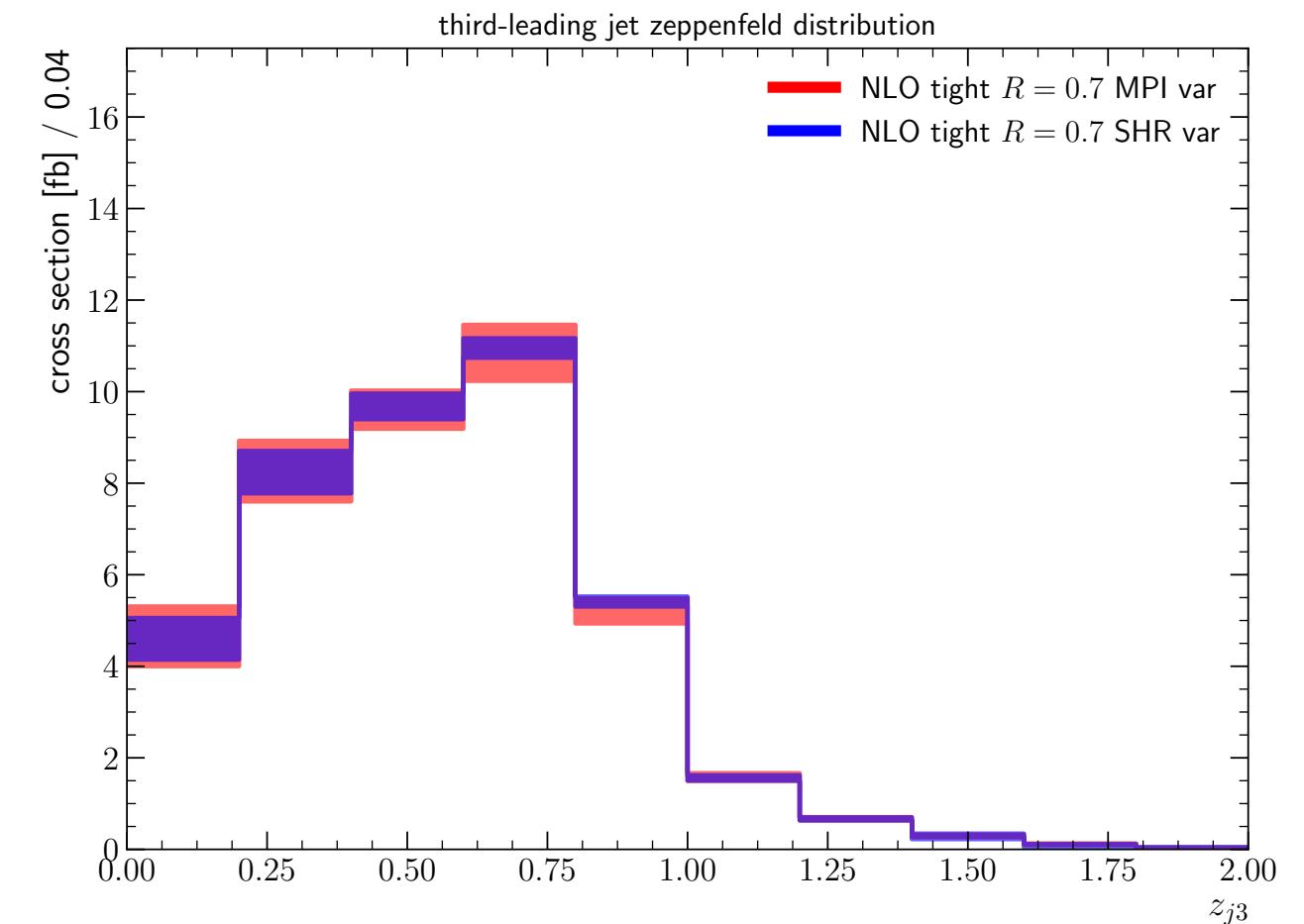
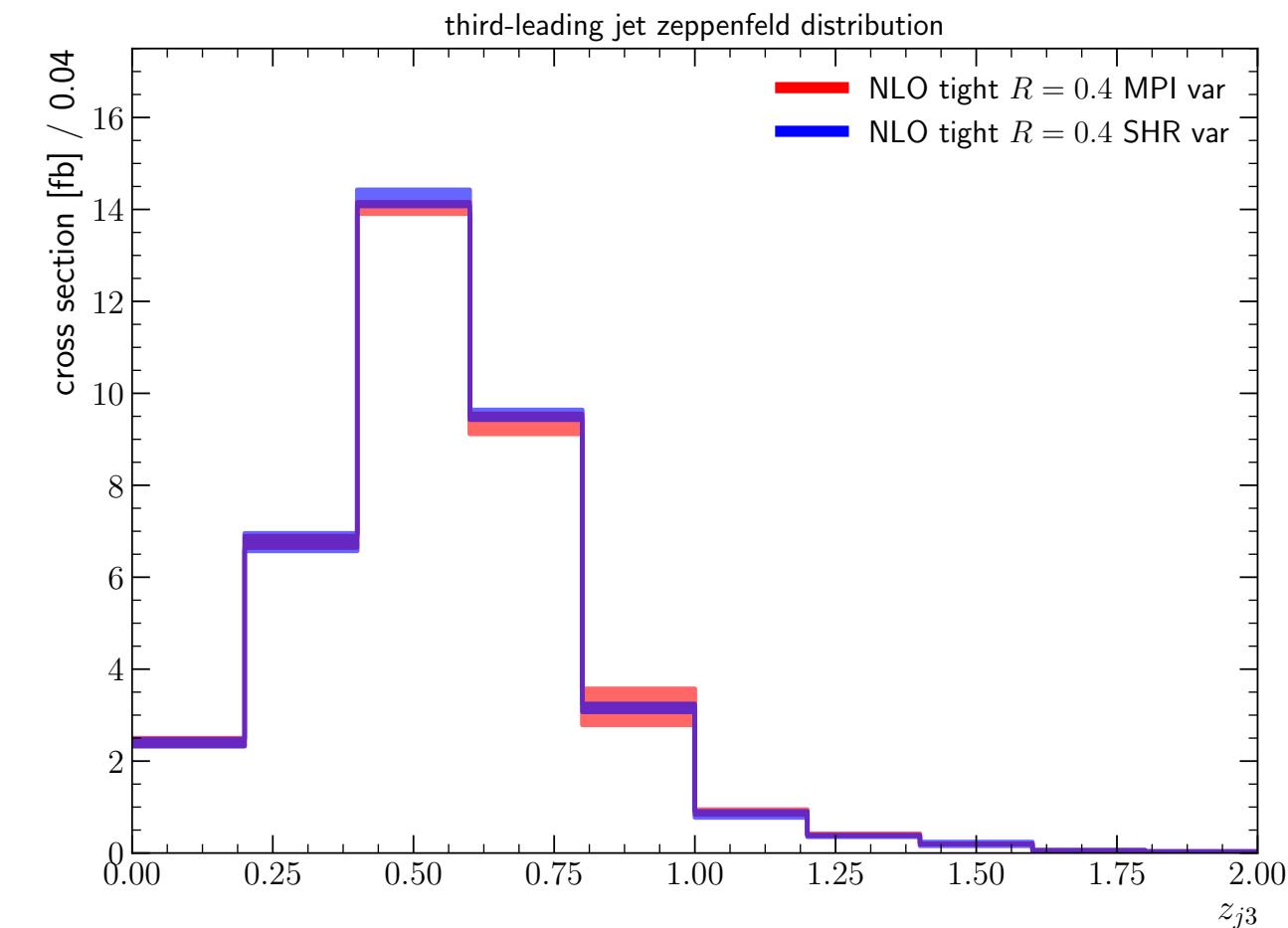
# Model variations

Third jet Zeppenfeld  
variable between  
perturbative and MPI  
variations.

Loose selection



Tight selection



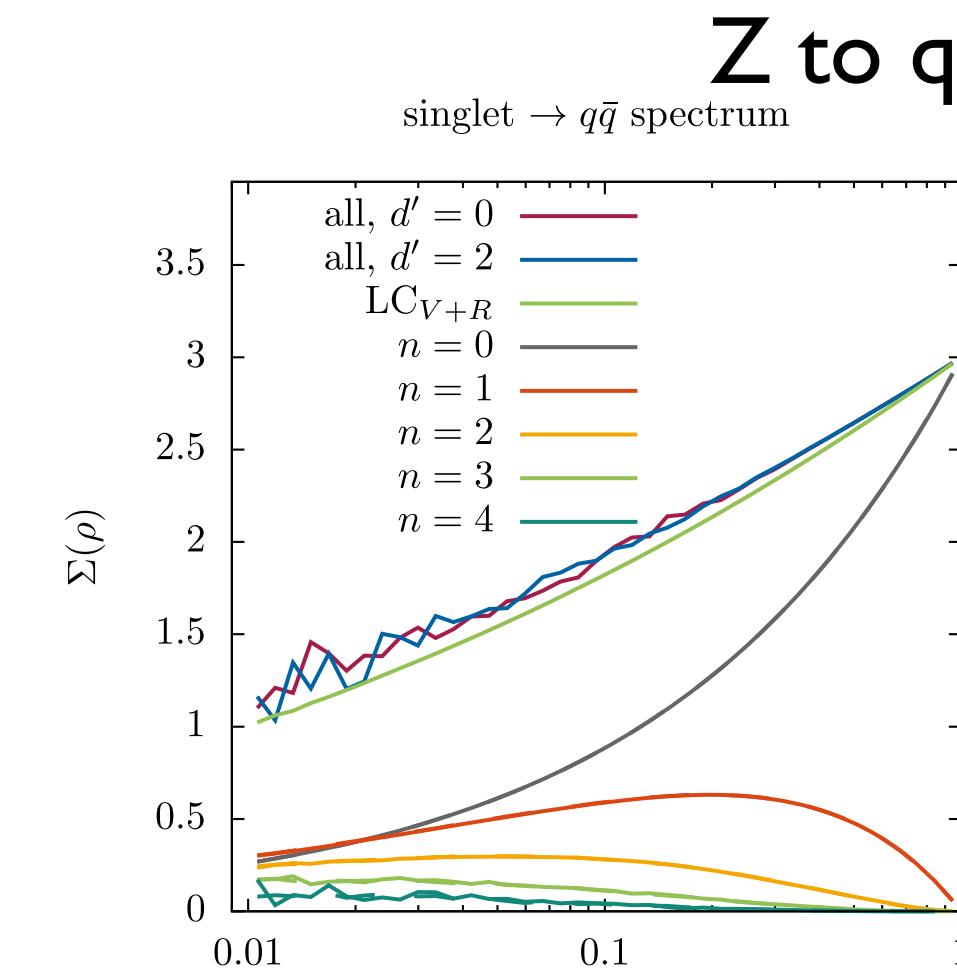
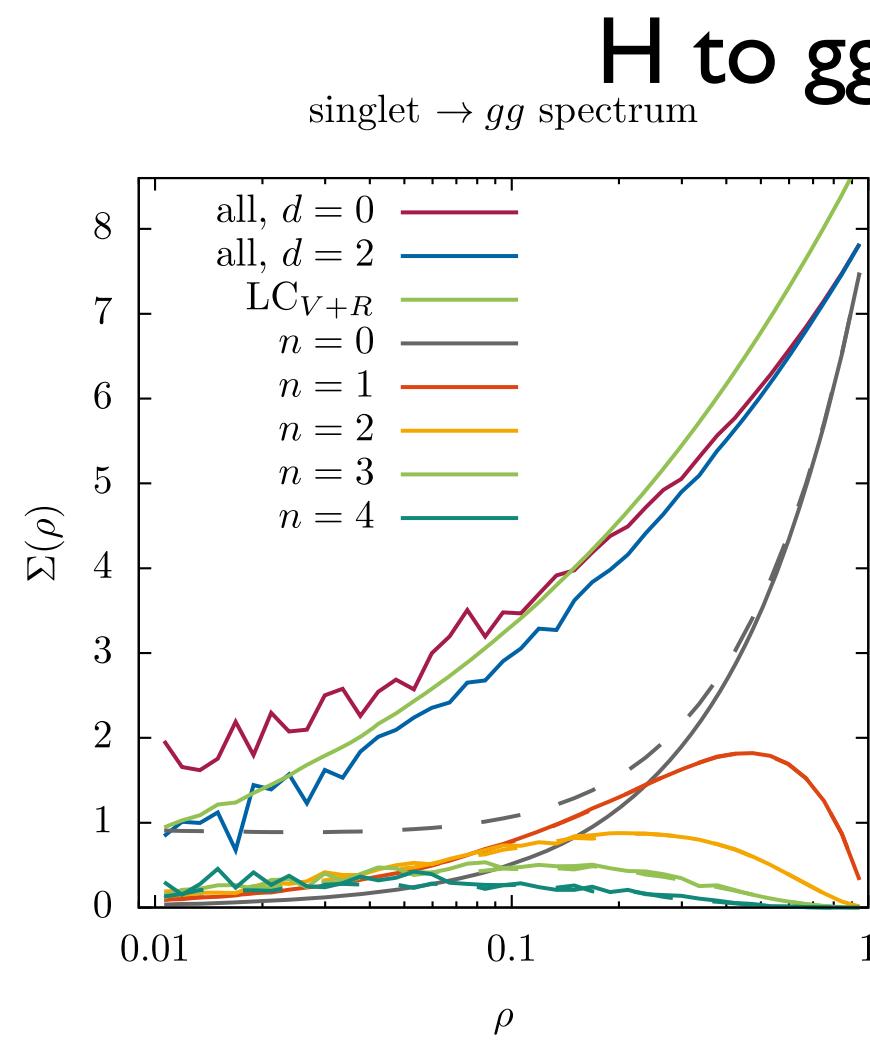
# Jet vetos & Non-global Observables

[Liu, Melnikov, Penin]  
Jet vetos beyond leading-N and Glauber phases  
require amplitude level evolution.

[Forshaw, Holguin, Plätzer – JHEP 1908 (2019) 145]

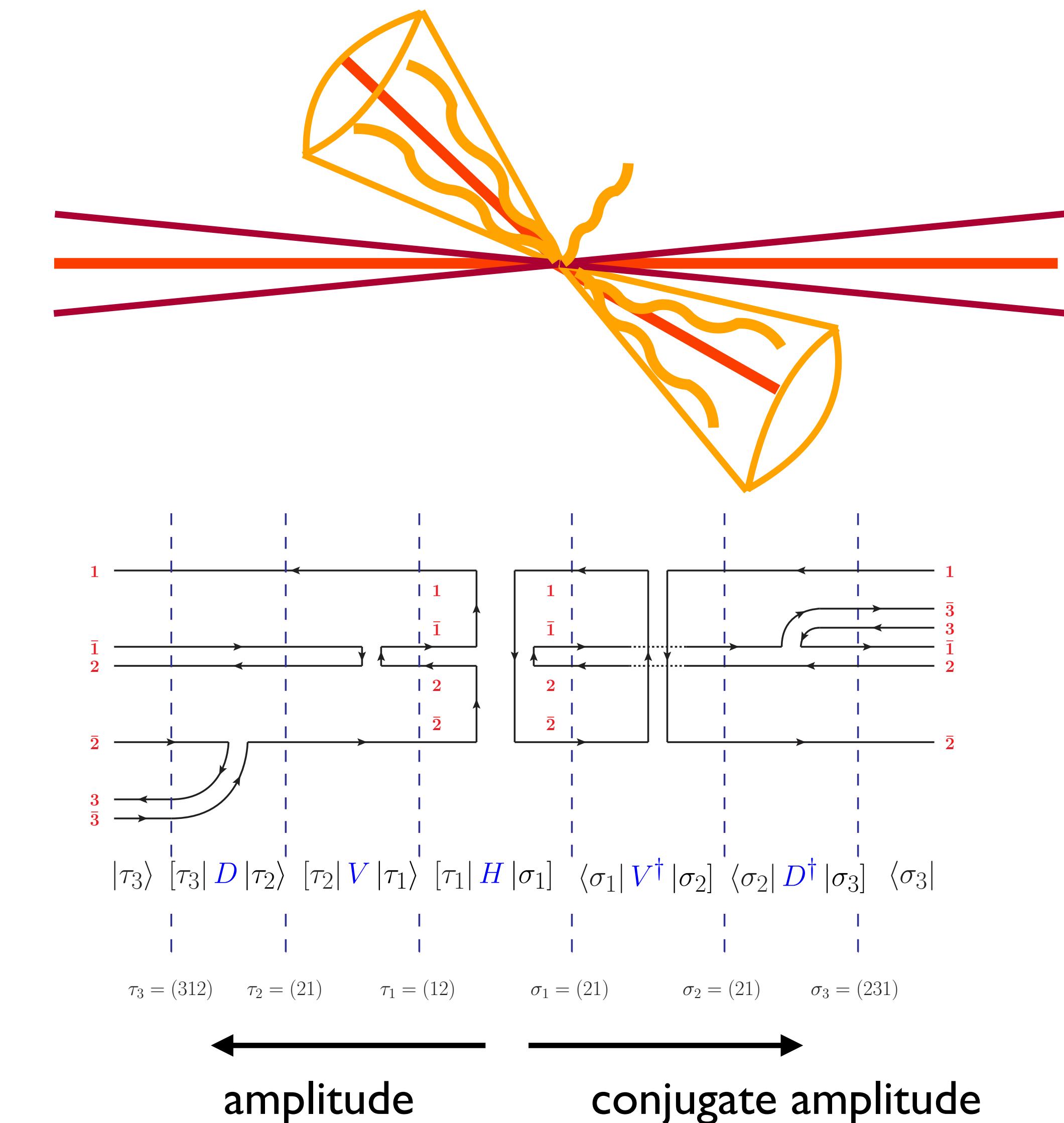
Recent results on jet vetos from CVolver  
on jet vetos in e+e- collisions.

[De Angelis, Forshaw, Plätzer — PRL 126 (2021) 11]



Complementary approach through Langevin  
dynamics, but not in form of an event generator.

[Hatta et al. — Nucl.Phys.B 962 (2021) 115273]



NLO+PS tools are in good shape for VBF and VBS, though uncertainties remain at the 10% level in between different algorithms for hard spectra.

Shower accuracy remains an open question at the interplay of global & non-global observables — initial conditions and recoils crucial.

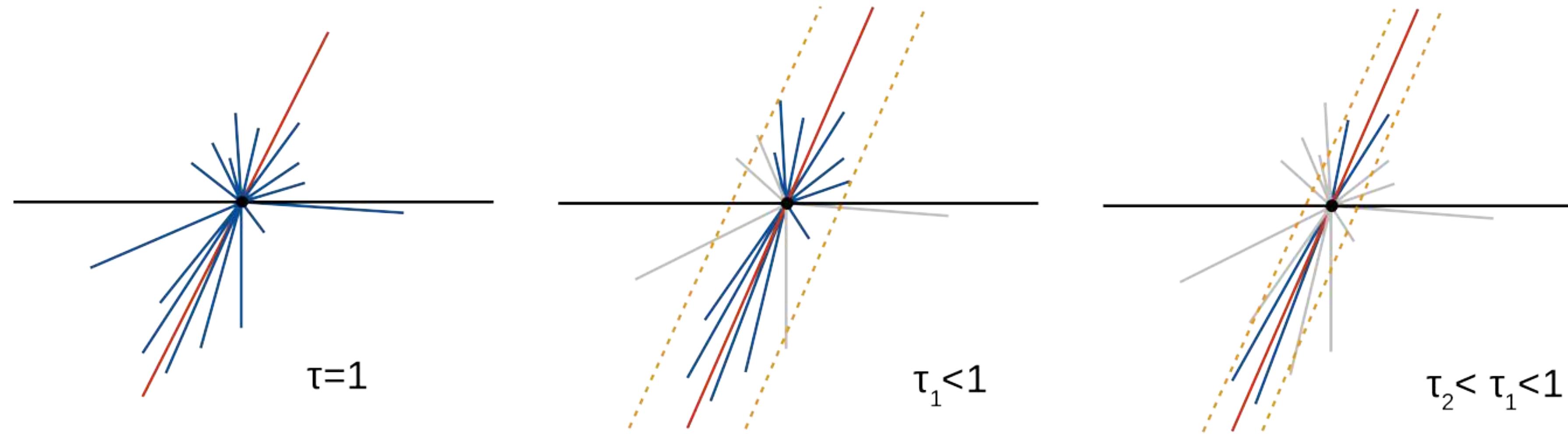
VBF approximation is under control for a tight selections, but can become significant impact for loose(r) selections — that not meaning ‘inclusive’.

Perturbative variations at this level now need to be confronted with soft QCD effects from multi-parton interactions and hadronization.

Significant development towards subleassing-N effects and account of interferences.  
Challenges in hard process definition: electroweak showers?

# Thank you!

# Coherent branching



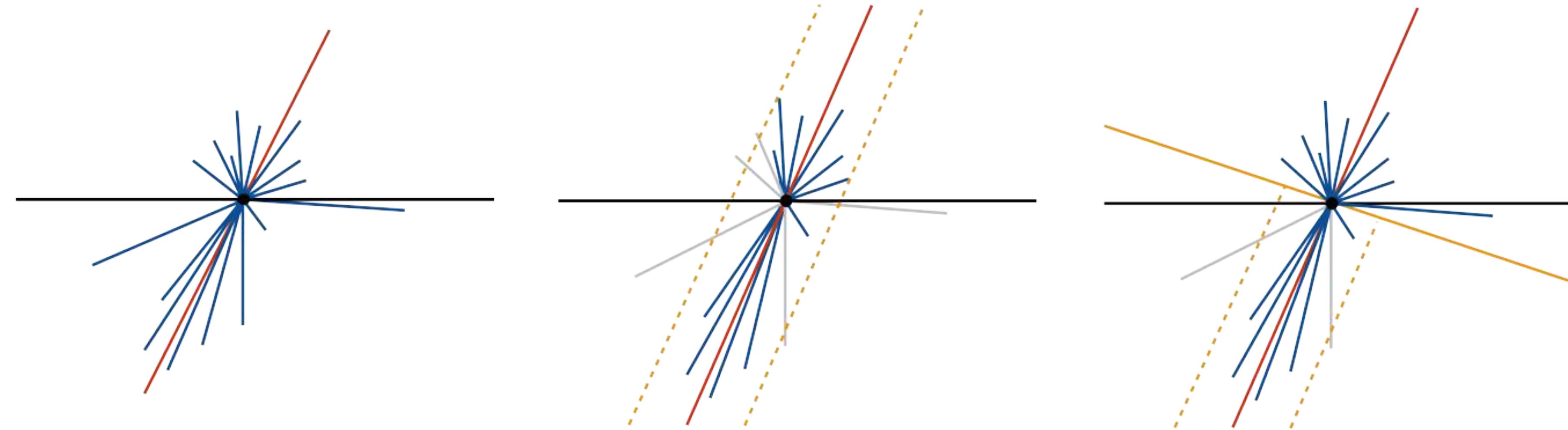
Resummation of observables which  
globally measure deviations from 2-jet limit.

[ $n$  jets in large- $N$  limit]  
Initial conditions & kinematics crucial to  
get large-angle soft radiation right.

$$P_{qq}[\alpha_s, z] = \frac{\alpha_s C_F}{2\pi} \frac{1+z^2}{1-z} = \frac{\alpha_s C_F}{2\pi} \left[ \frac{2}{1-z} - (1+z) \right]$$

$$\frac{d\tilde{q}^2}{\tilde{q}^2} dz \frac{2}{1-z} \sim \frac{n \cdot \bar{n}}{n \cdot q_i \ q_i \cdot n} \frac{d^3 k_i}{2E_i}$$

# Non-global Observables



No global measure of deviation from jet configuration:  
Coherent branching fails, full complexity of amplitudes strikes back.

If non-global bit is isolated can use **dipole cascades** to resum in the large- $N$  limit.