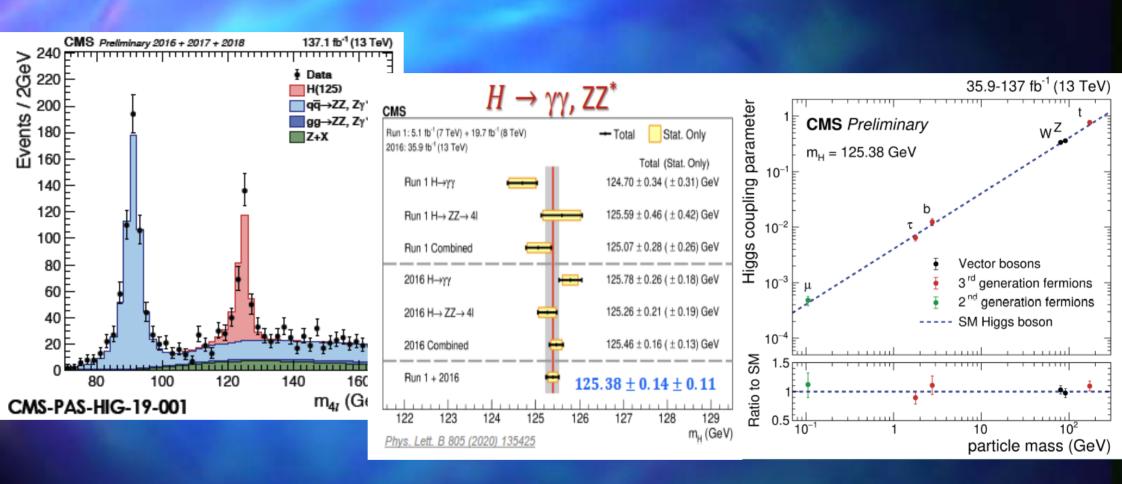
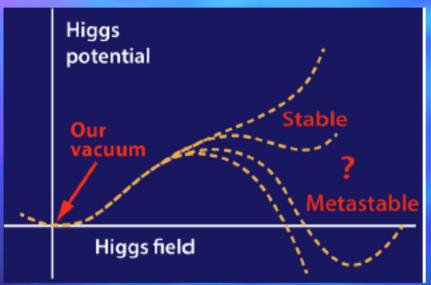


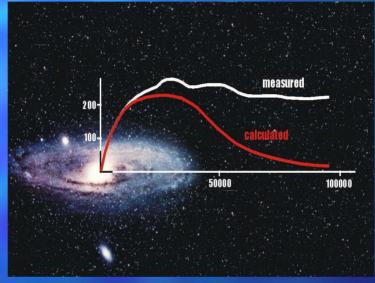
Since the discovery of Higgs

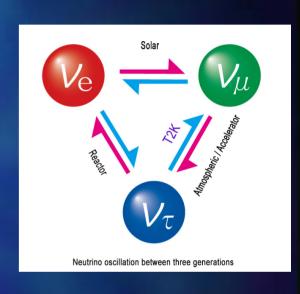


- Higgs mass: 125.38 GeV with 0.1% precision
- Couplings to the SM particles: consistent with the SM predictions
- All consistent with the SM Higgs world

But the real world ... the BSM Higgs(?) world





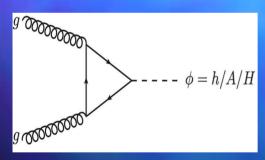


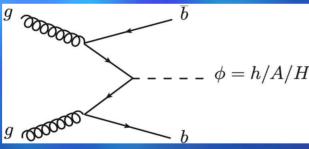
- Unstable Higgs mass, stability of our vacuum depending on Higgs potential
- BSM phenomena
 - Dark matter with gravitational interaction coupled to mass
 - Neutrino mass

BSM Higgs

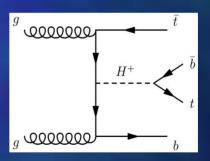
- Many BSM theories predict extended Higgs sector
- Two-Higgs-Doublet models (2HDM) such as in SUSY: five Higgs bosons
 - 2 neutral CP even (h, H), 1 neutral CP odd (A), 2 charged Higgs (H+/-)
 - m_h , m_H , m_A , $m_{H+/-}$ (convention $m_H > m_h$) tan β , mixing angle α
- Triplet model: double charged Higgs bosons (H++/-)

Neutral Higgs Production





Charged Higgs Production



- Production is enhanced by tanβ²
- \triangleright Look for bb, ττ (large coupling) by tanβ

Higher sensitivity with top quark events

Searches for Heavy Neutral Higgs

- > Recent Run 2 results on direct decays of H/A
- Many channels have been explored





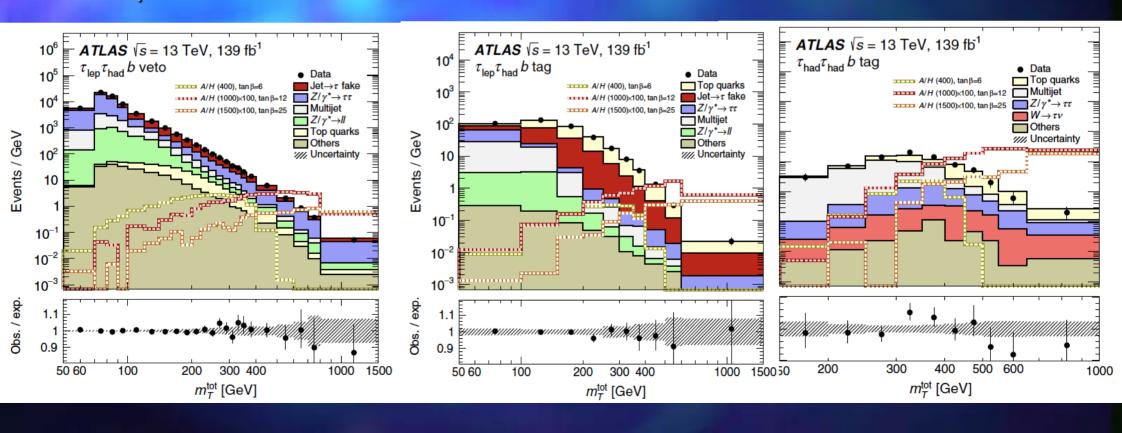
A/H → ττ	<u>arXiv 2002.12223</u>
$A \rightarrow \mu\mu$ (+ b)	JHEP 07 (2019) 117
$bb\;(\phi\tobb)$	<u>arXiv 1907.02749</u>
$X \rightarrow HH \rightarrow WW^{(*)}WW^{(*)}$	JHEP 05 (2019) 124
$X \rightarrow Z/W/H \rightarrow qq\gamma/qq\gamma/bb\gamma$	Phys. Rev. D, 98, 032015
$A \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow IIbb$	Phys. Lett. B, 783, 392-414 (2018)
$H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I / IIvv$	Submitted to EPJC)
$A \rightarrow Zh \rightarrow Ilbb/vvbb$	JHEP 03 (2018) 174
$A \rightarrow WW/WZ \rightarrow Ivqq$	JHEP 03 (2018) 042

$A \rightarrow hZ \rightarrow \tau \tau II$	JHEP 03 (2020) 065
$H \to ZA \to IIbb$	JHEP 03 (2020) 055
$X \rightarrow WW \rightarrow 2l2v / lv2q$	JHEP 03 (2020) 034
$A \to \mu \mu$	Phys. Lett. B, 798, (2019) 134992
$H/A \rightarrow tt$	<u>arXiv 1908.01115</u>
$A \rightarrow Zh$	EPJC, 79, 564 (2019)
$A/H \rightarrow \tau \tau$	JHEP 09 (2018) 007
A/H →bb	JHEP 08 (2018) 113
$X \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4I$ / $2I2q$ / $2I2v$	JHEP 06 (2018) 127



Neutral Higgs, $\phi(H/A) \rightarrow \tau \tau$

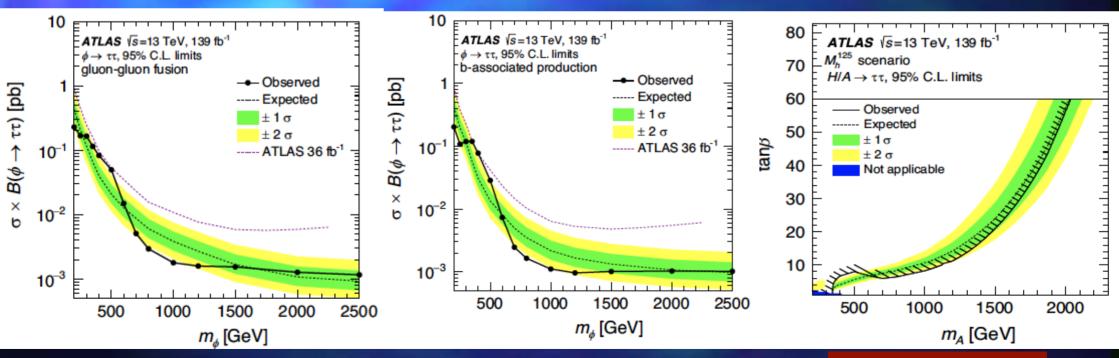
- New ATLAS full Run 2 result with 139 fb⁻¹
- > $\tau_{\rm lep} \tau_{\rm had}$ (e/ μ trigger) and $\tau_{\rm had} \tau_{\rm had}$ (τ trigger) channels: b-veto and b-tag category
- \triangleright BDT to distinguish jet from τ , or el μ from τ
- Higher sensitivity due to increased luminosity, improved tau ID and optimization





Neutral Higgs, $\phi(H/A) \rightarrow \tau \tau$

- The data are in good agreement with the background
- But small excess observed at m=400 GeV, in the data:
 2.2σ (ggF), 2.7σ (bbH) at m=400 GeV
- \triangleright Set limits on σ x B and and m_A vs tan β

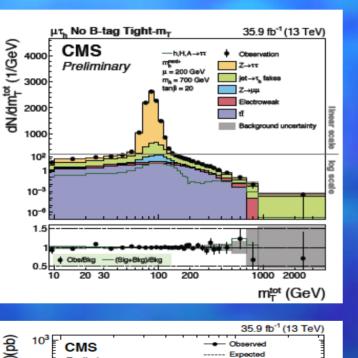


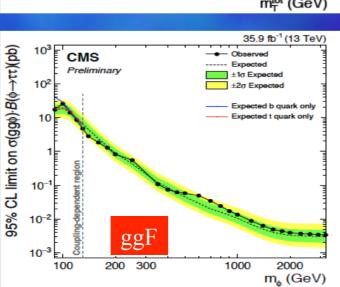


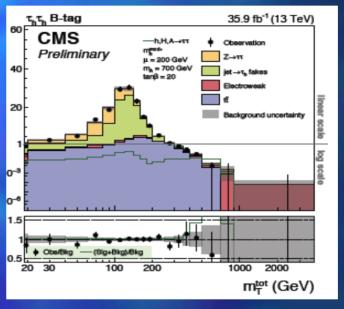
Neutral Higgs, $\phi(H/A) \rightarrow \tau \tau$

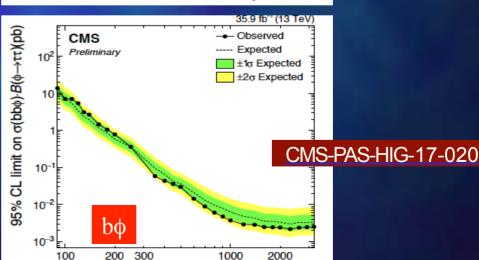
- > The earlier CMS results with 2016 data (35.9 fb⁻¹)
- No excess observed. Updated results with the full Run 2 data?

 $\mathcal{T}_{\mathsf{had}} \mathcal{T}_{\mathsf{had}}$







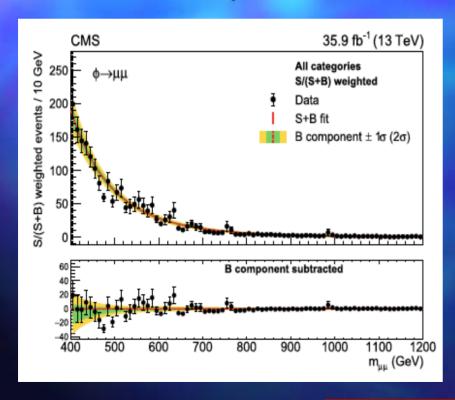


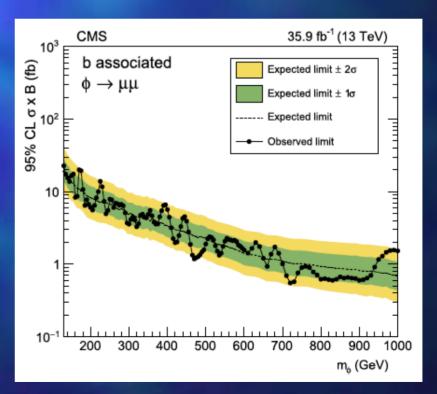
m, (GeV)



H/A→µµ

- \triangleright Favor high tan β in hMSSM (though τ is stronger)
- \triangleright But some models favor μ and much better mass resolution than τ
- 36 fb⁻¹ results from ATLAS and CMS: b-veto and b-tag category
- Single μ triggers: lower pt cut (20~26 GeV) with isolation, higher pt cut (50 GeV) without isolation
- \triangleright Set model independent limits on $\sigma \times B$

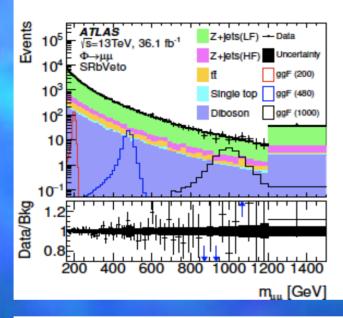


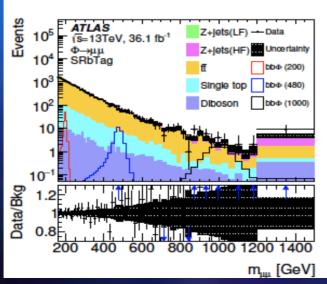


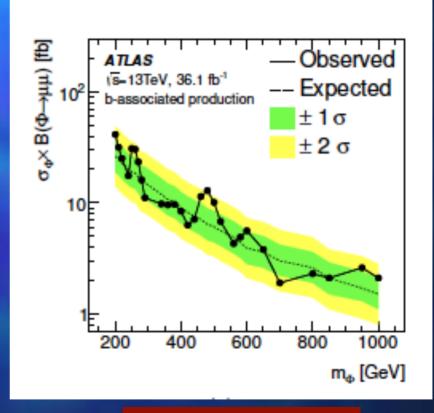


H/A→µµ

> ATLAS result : b-veto and b-tag category





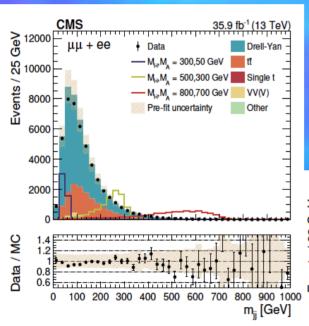


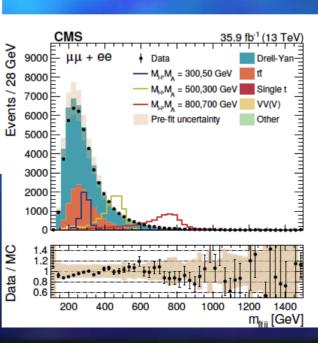
JHEP 07 (2019) 117



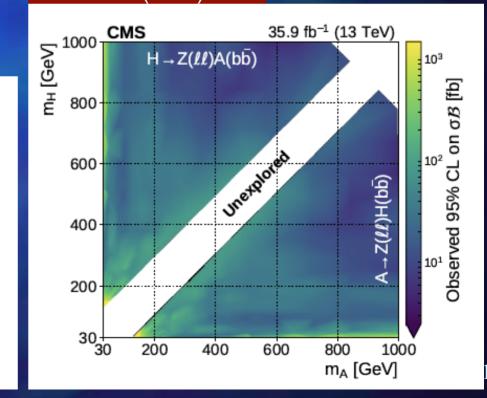
$H \rightarrow ZA (or A \rightarrow ZH) \rightarrow Ilbb$

- CMS assumes m_H > m_A scenario:
 In alignment limit (m_h = 125 GeV), branching of H to ZA is largest
- \triangleright Dilepton + bb final state: $Z \rightarrow II$ for clean, $A \rightarrow bb$ for large branching ratio
- Use m_{IIII} and m_{II}





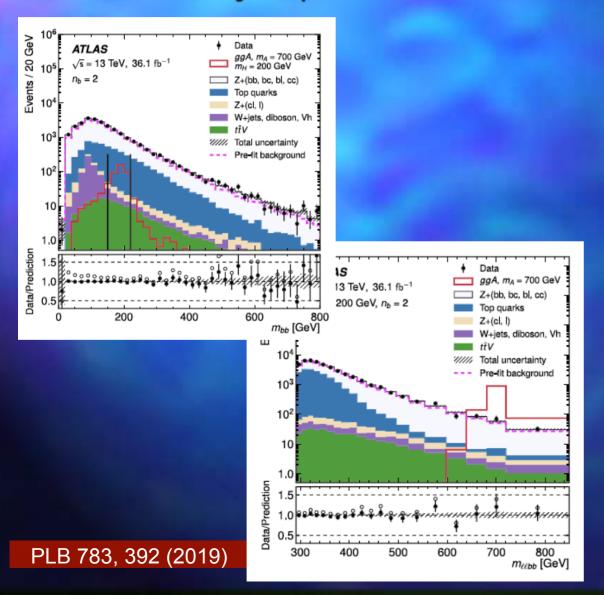
JHEP 03 (2020) 055

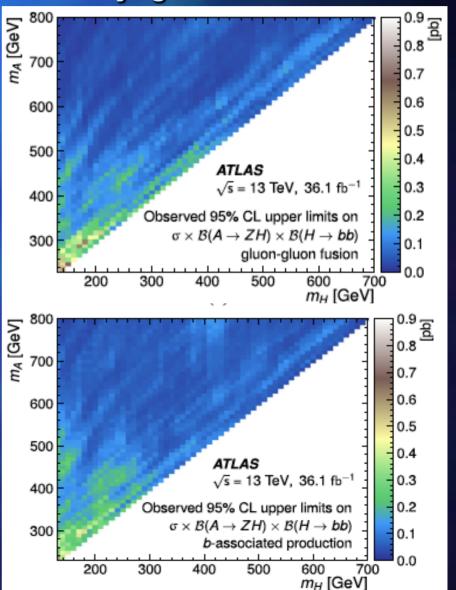




$A \rightarrow ZH \rightarrow IIbb$

ATLAS uses m_A > m_H: motivated by requirement for electroweak baryogenesis in 2HDM

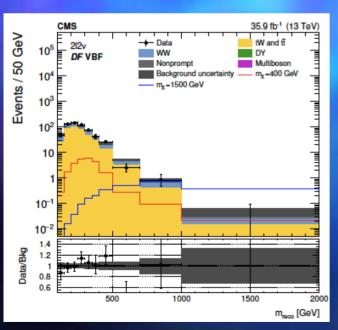


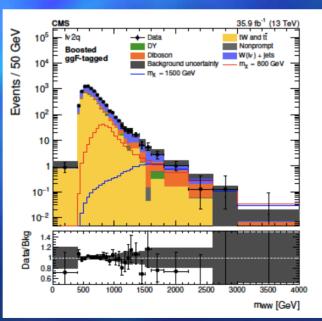


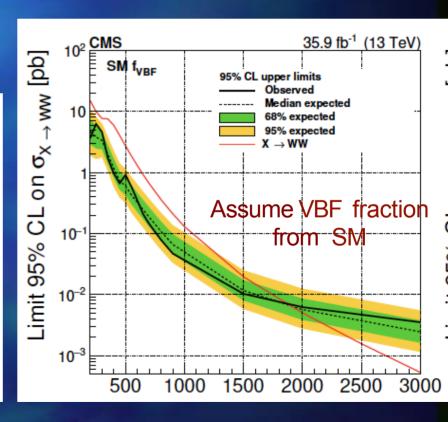


$H\rightarrow WW (\rightarrow 212 \nu, 1\nu qq)$

- ggF and VBF category
- Same flavor (SF) & different-flavor (DF) 2I (2I2 ν)
- \triangleright Resolved & boosted hadronic W (I ν qq)
- > Reco. Invariant mass m_{reco} (2l2 ν) and H invariant mass m_{ww} (I ν qq) as final discriminants



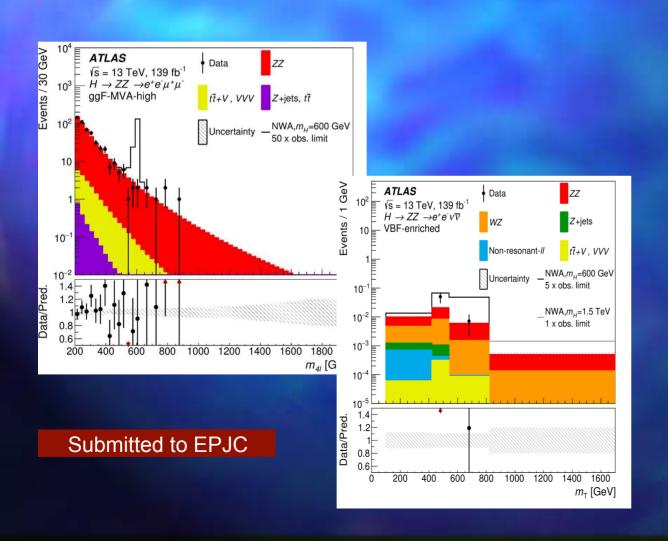


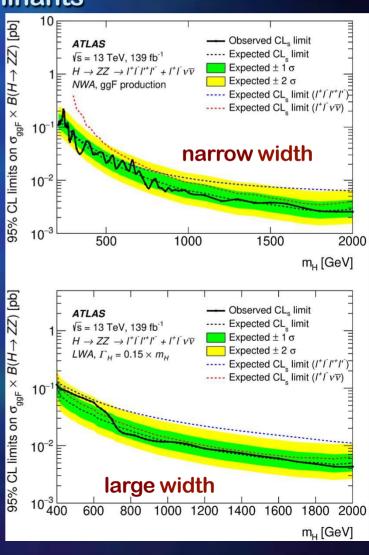




$H \rightarrow ZZ (\rightarrow 4I, 2I2 \nu)$

- ggF and VBF category
- Consider narrow and large widths
- Mass m_{reco} (4I) and mass m_T (2I2 ν qq) as final discriminants





Searches for charged Higgs

- > Two single charged Higgs in 2HDM
- Other models extend to Higgs triplet: double charged Higgs





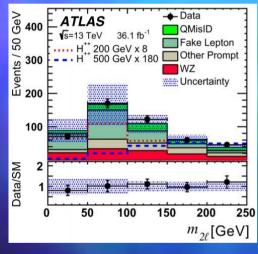
H++H → 4W	EPJC 79, 58 (2019)
H⁺ → tb	JHEP 11 (2018) 085
$H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$	JHEP 09 (2018) 139
H++H → 4I	EPJC 78 119 (2018)

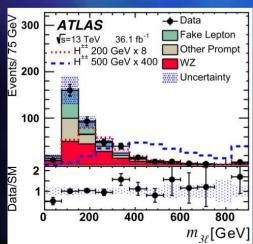
H ⁺ → tb (hadronic)	arXiv 2001.07763
H⁺ → tb	JHEP 01 (2020) 096
$H^+ \rightarrow \tau \nu$	JHEP 07 (2019) 142
H ⁺ → cb	JHEP 11 (2018) 115
$H^+ \rightarrow WA$	PRL 123 (2019) 131802
H++H → 41	EPJC 78 199 (2018)

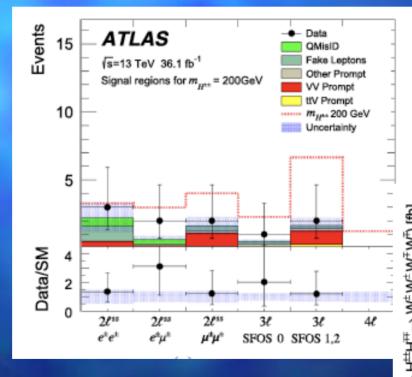


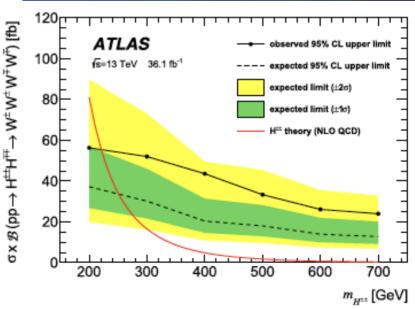
H++/-- > WW

- Doubly charged H arise in Type II seesaw models
- With non-zero neutrino mass, H⁺⁺ predominantly decay to WW
- Final states of leptons, MET and Jets (21 (same sign), 31, 41
- Exclude up to 220 GeV







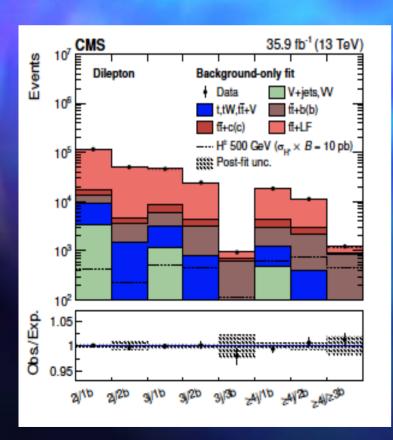


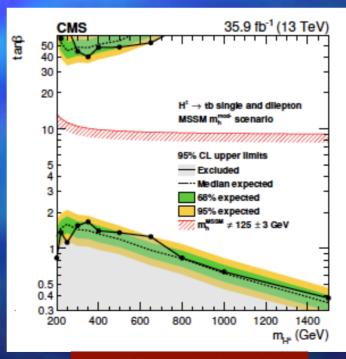


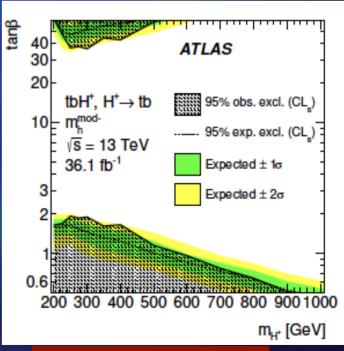
Heavy H⁺→tb



- H⁺ to tb produced in association with tb
- Final state: leptons, jets, b-jets, MET
- ATLAS: BDT train for each signal mass in each signal region
- CMS: BDT train for single lepton in each signal, DNN for dilepton,







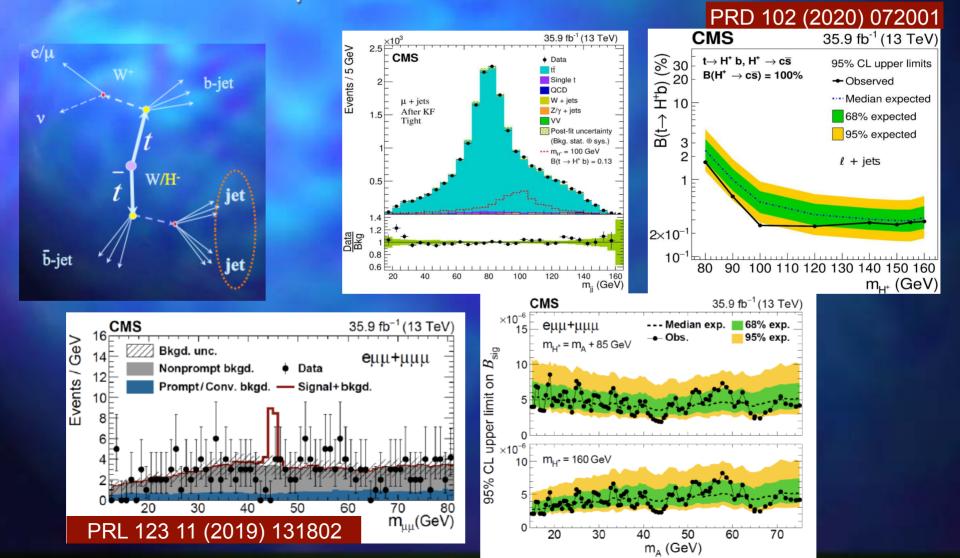
900000

a Q000000



Light H⁺→τν, cb, WA

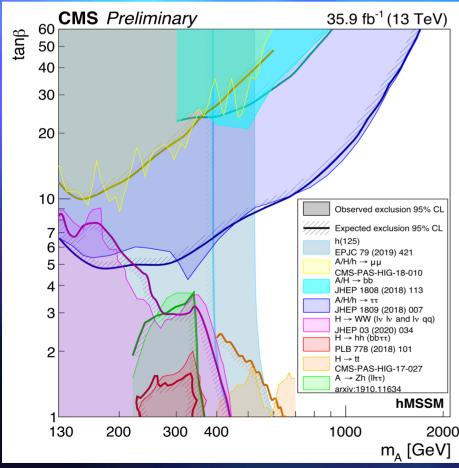
- Search for H⁺→τν, cs, cb, WA(→μμ) from top quark decays in tt events
- Look for a second peak in dijet system (cs, cb) using top kinematic fitter
- Look fro additional peak in dimuon invariant mass for A

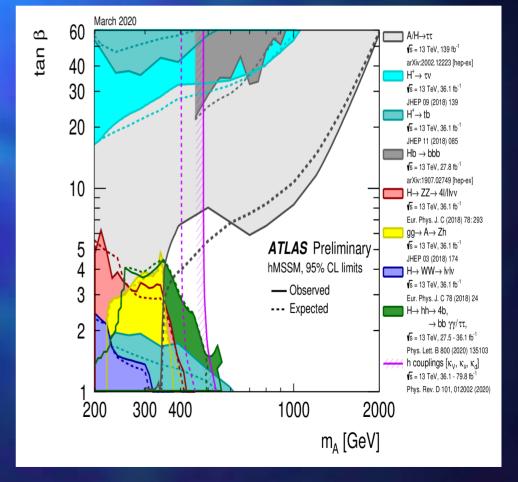


Summary of BSM Higgs Searches









Summary

- Hunting BSM Higgs boson at the LHC have been extensively and vigorously done in many different channels.
- So far, no evidence of BSM Higgs. Expect to get results using the full Run 2 data with improved sensitivities in many different channels
- ► LHC Run 3 will be started from Feb 2022, with expected data of 170~190 fb⁻¹ (6 month delay due to Covid-19)
- Higgs potential at LHC in many ways is GREAT.

