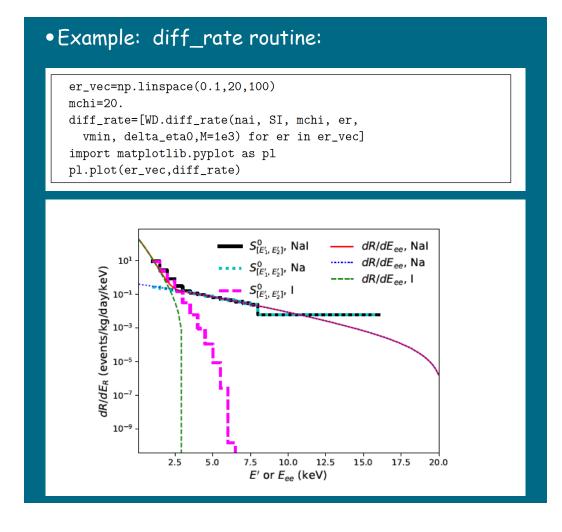
arXiv: 2106.06207



WimPyDD: an object-oriented Python code for WIMP-nucleus scattering direct detection in virtually any scenario

Dr. Gaurav Tomar (Technical University of Munich)

- WimPyDD calculates accurate predictions for the expected rate in WIMP direct detection experiments
- WimPyDD works in the framework of Galilean-invariant non-relativistic effective field theory and can be matched to any high-energy model of particle dark matter
- WimPyDD handles different scenario:
 - 1- inelastic scattering
 - 2- WIMP of arbitrary spin
 - 3- Generic velocity distribution of WIMP
 - 4- Annual modulation effect
- The scattering amplitude: $\frac{1}{2j_{\chi}+1}\frac{1}{2j_{T}+1}|\mathcal{M}_{T}|^{2}=\frac{4\pi}{2j_{T}+1}\times\\ \sum_{\tau,\tau'}\sum_{k}R_{k}^{\tau\tau'}\begin{bmatrix}c_{j}^{\tau},(v_{T}^{\perp})^{2},\frac{q^{2}}{m_{N}^{2}}\end{bmatrix}W_{Tk}^{\tau\tau'}(y)$ Dark Matter Nuclear Physics
- WimPyDD factorizes the expected rate calculation into three parts:
- i- Wilson coefficients of the effective theory
- ii- The detector response functions (acceptance, energy resolution, response to nuclear recoils etc.)
- iii- Halo-function



Codes	EFT Interaction s	Arbitrary DM spin	Inelastic scattering	Velocity Distribution flexibility	DAMA modul ation
DarkSUS Y	V	×	×	V	×
MicrOME GAs	×	×	×	Limited: Maxwellian, SHM++	×
GAMBIT /DDcalc	√	×	×	√	×
WIMpy_ NREFT	Limited: O1-O11	×	×	Limited: Maxwellian	×
Dmdd	×	×	×	Limited: Maxwellian	×
MadDM	×	×	×	Limited: Maxwellian	×
WimPyDD	√	√	√	√	√