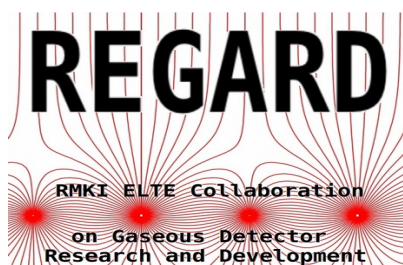


GEM-based TPC system with a self-calibrated drift velocity

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RD51 Mini-week,
15-19 February 2021 (remote)

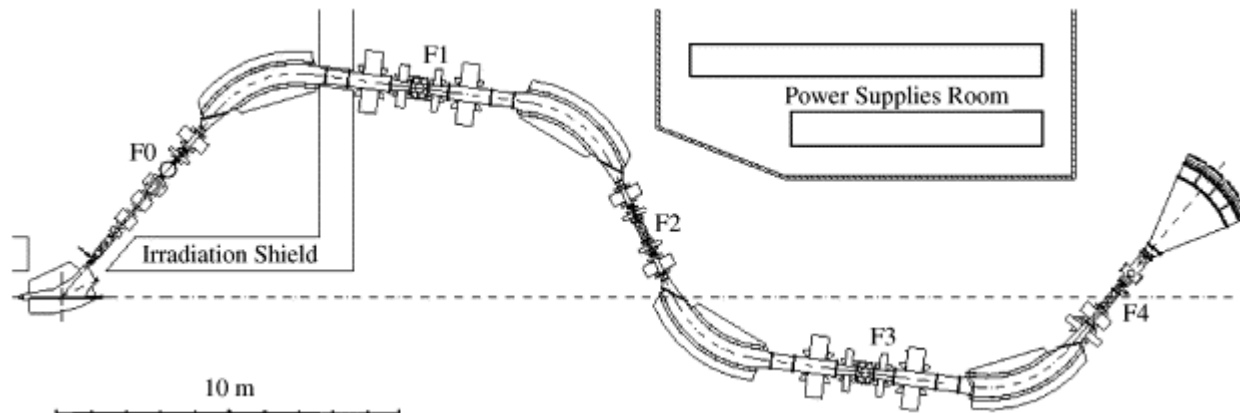


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- Small “classical” TPC using double GEM readout
- Laboratory and beam tests confirming expected behaviour
- High ionization ($Q = +26$) beam test results
- “Twin” or tandem operation: off-time background reduction
- Perpendicular setting: drift velocity online calibration

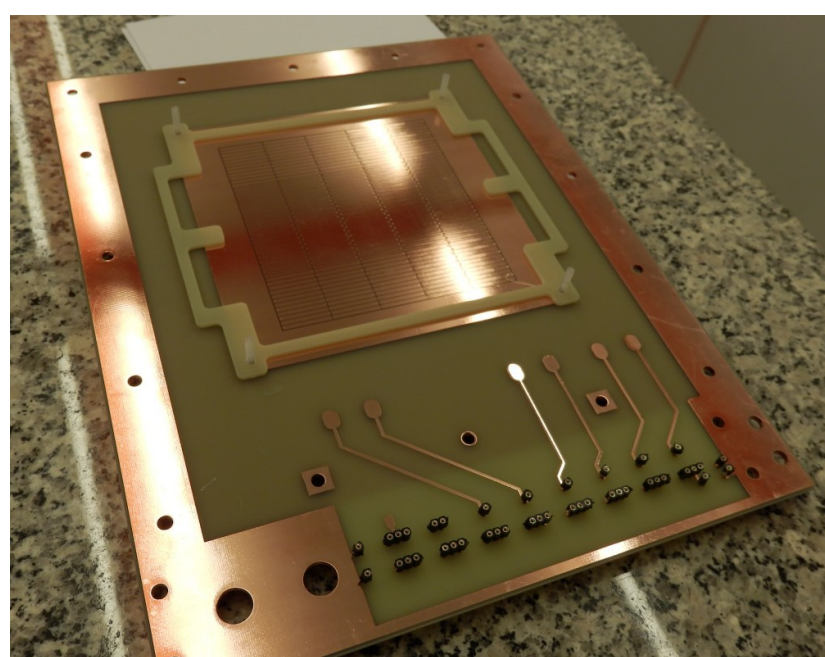
Motivation

- Cooperative activity with Institute of Modern Physics (Lanzhou, China), **Z-identified radioactive beam tagging**, improvement of dE/dx measurement
- **Low material budget, good track position resolution** (0.1mm, angle res. 1mrad), aperture 100mm x 100mm
- **TPC option is attractive**, but high intensity is a challenge (as always were)



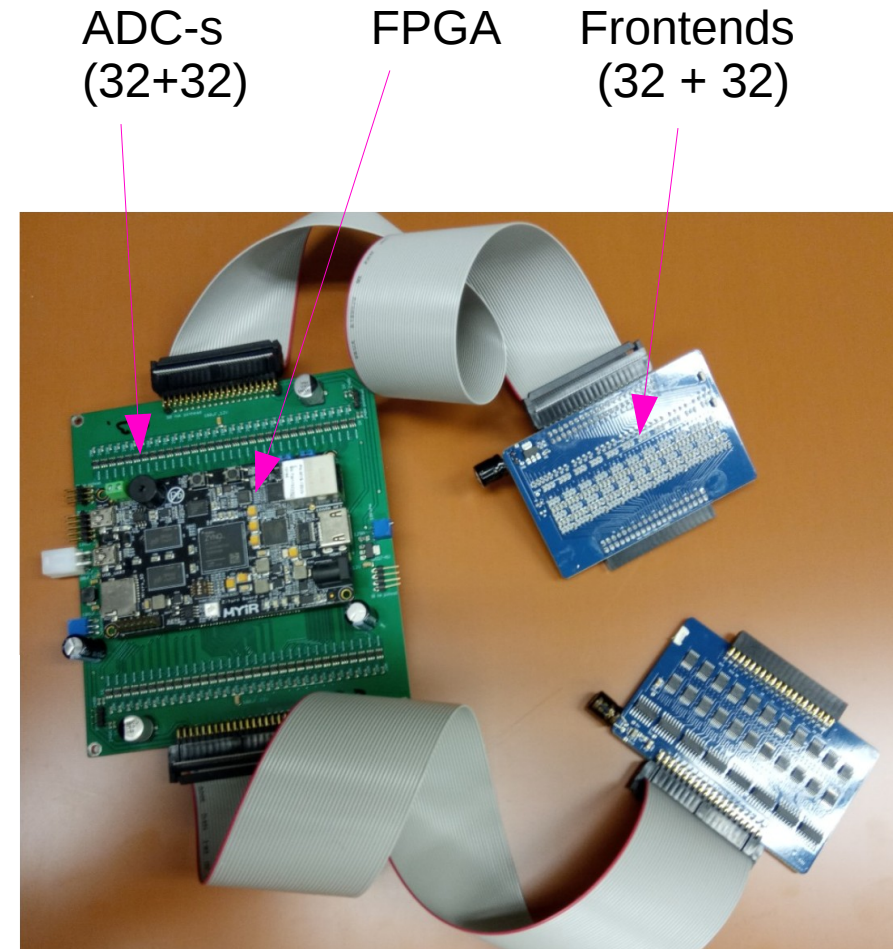
Detector construction

- Standard 10cm GEM-s, double on a resistor chain
- 5 pad rows, 64pads/row (1.2mm x 18mm)
- Field cage: 2mm pitch Cu strips printed on Kapton



Readout system

- Custom designed tabletop readout system for the small TPC: FPGA-s directly controlling 3MS/s ADC-s (12 bit, around 10bit effective), will need to improve
- Front-ends custom design standard CMOS, 1 microsec shaping (compatible with ADC-s)
- FPGA-s (Zynq) run the ADC-s continuously, then internal ARM transfers data to PC using Ethernet
- Triggering: external, free-running or threshold

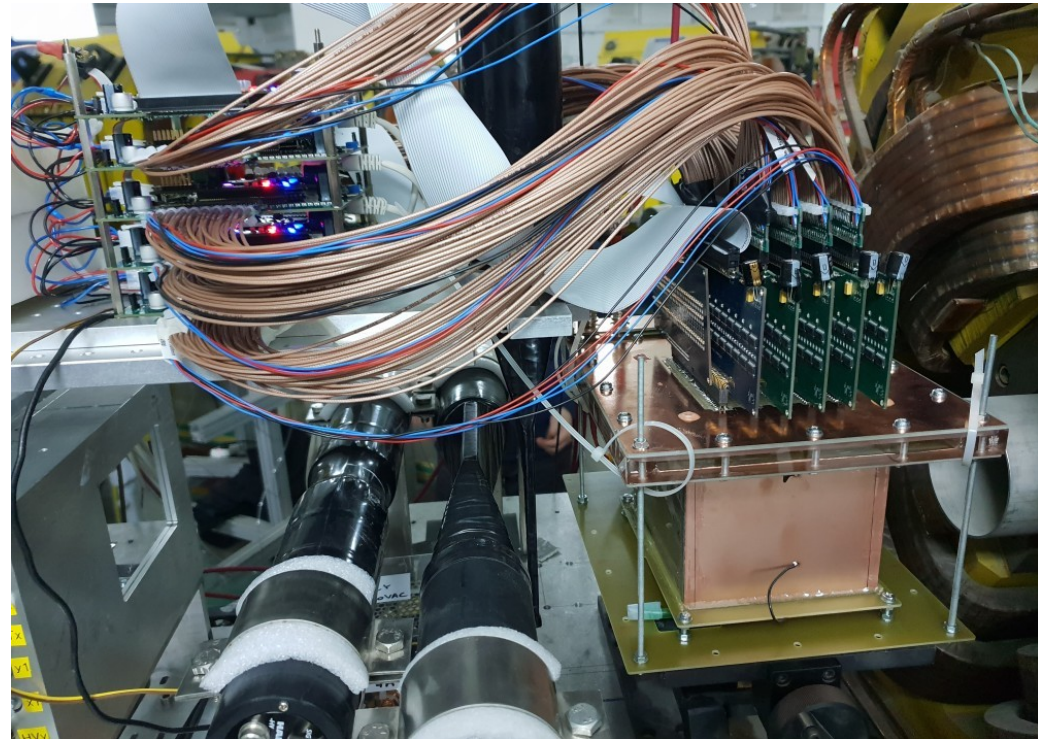
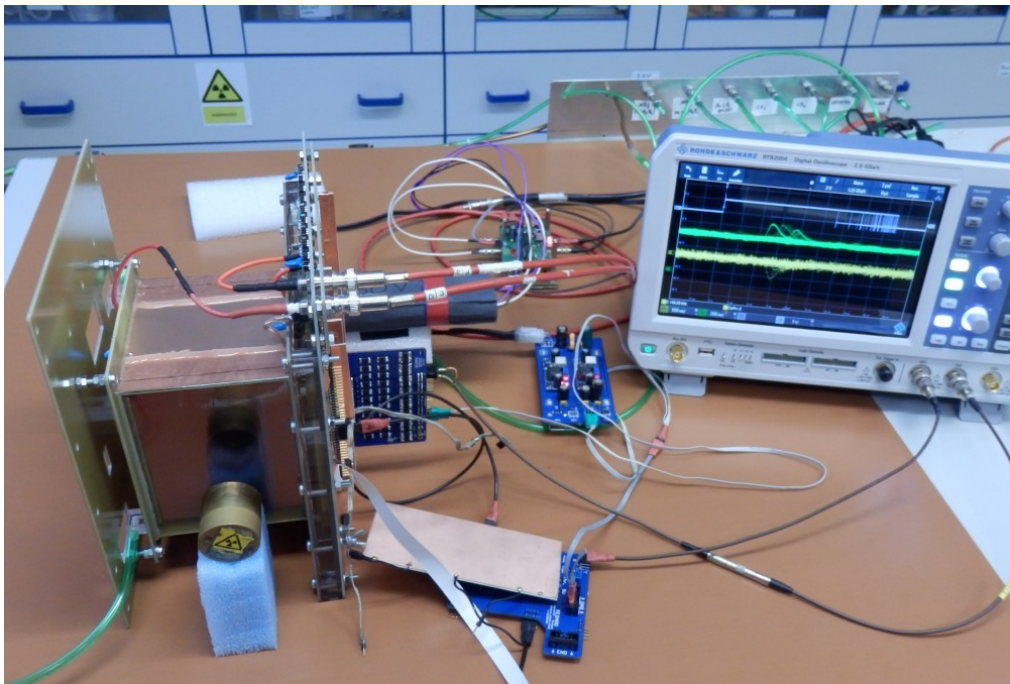


Lab and beam measurements

- Double GEM, safely sensitive to MIP (beta)
- Gain reduced for high ionization beam test

Lab setup with Sr-90

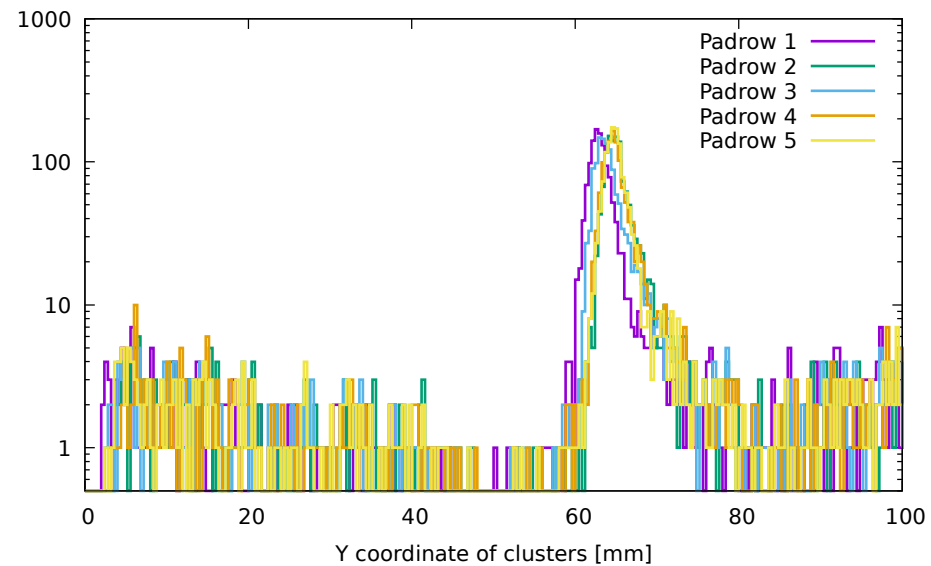
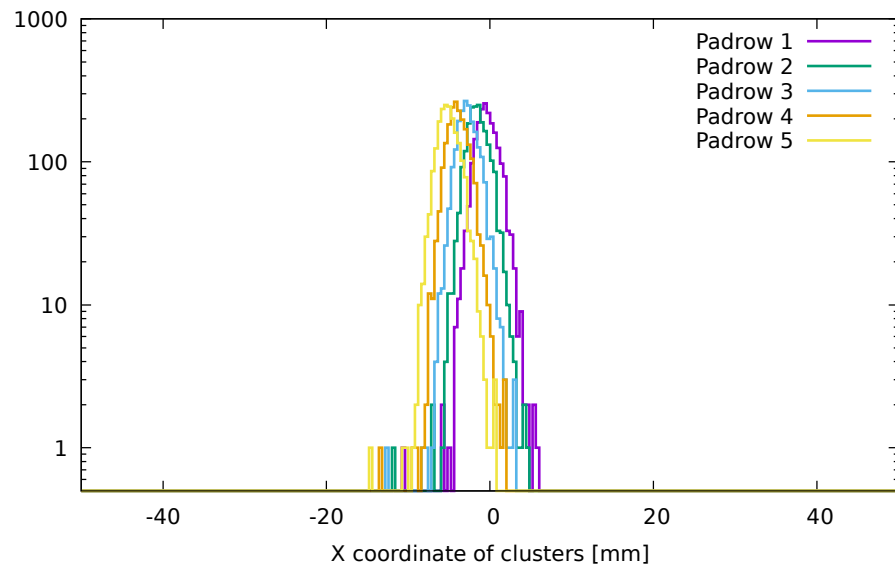
Beam testing at IMP



Tracking performance: confirmed excellent



- Well defined tracks of Kr beam (+26 ionization)
(Low intensity case, high intensity inconclusive)



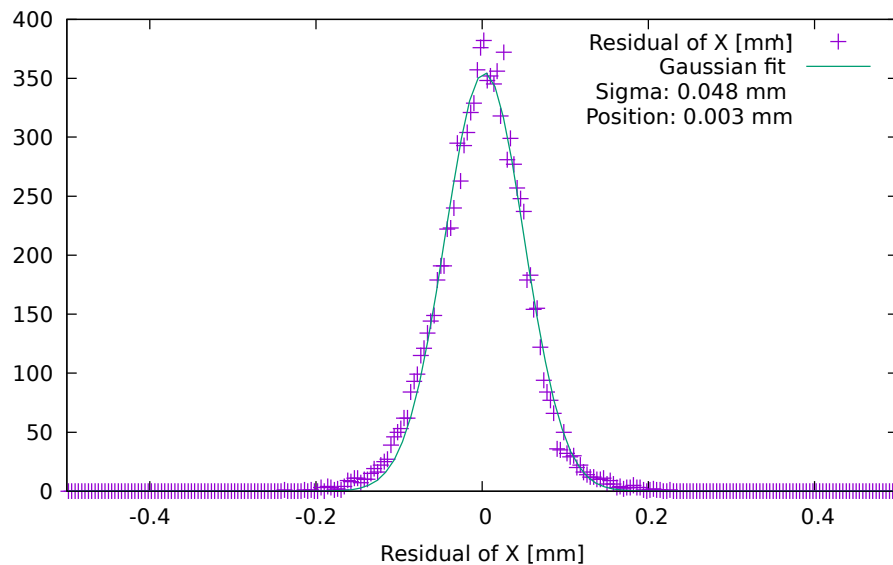
Work done by G. Galgóczi, see "A GEM based TPC for beam monitoring". JINST Proc. 15 , C08027 (2020)

Position resolution (from track residual)

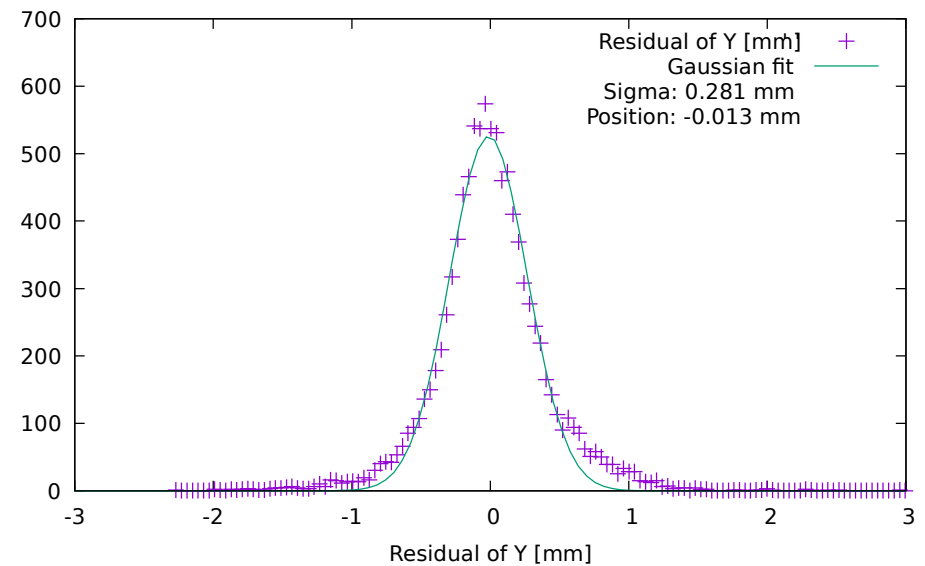


- With the present readout, position resolution:

Pad direction 48 micron



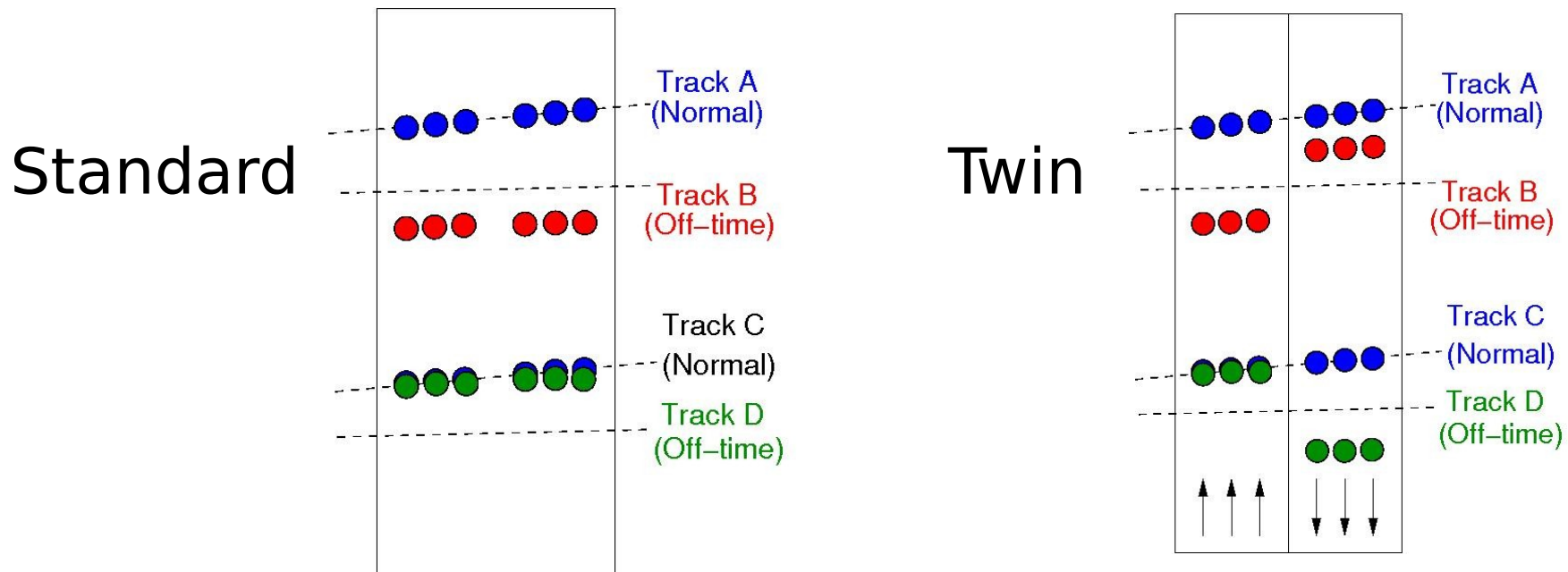
Drift direction 280 micron



G. Galgóczi, JINST Proc. 15 , C08027 (2020)

Improvement possibility: “Twin configuration”

- See the work from Francisco Garcia for Super-FRS, earlier in the “Sextant” detector (Legou et al 2007)



F. Garcia et al:

GEM-TPC Prototype for Beam Diagnostics of Super-FRS in NUSTAR Experiment – FAIR (2009)

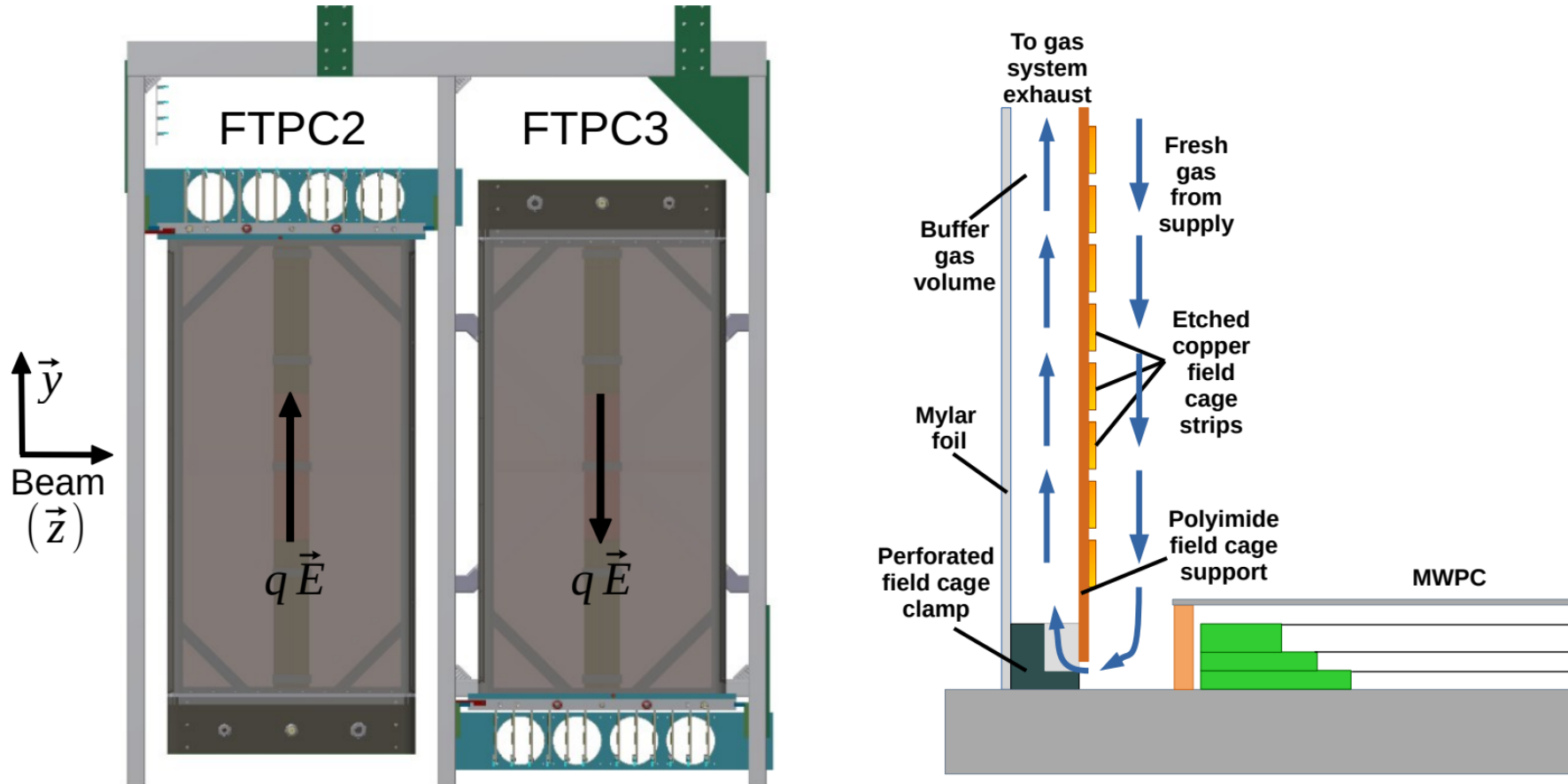
Super-FRS GEM-TPC Prototype Development Based on n-Xyter Asic for the FAIR Facility (2012)

Twin GEM-TPC prototype (HGB4) beam test at GSI and Jyväskylä

Tandem TPC for the NA61 experiment at CERN

A. László et al JINST 15 (2020) p07013

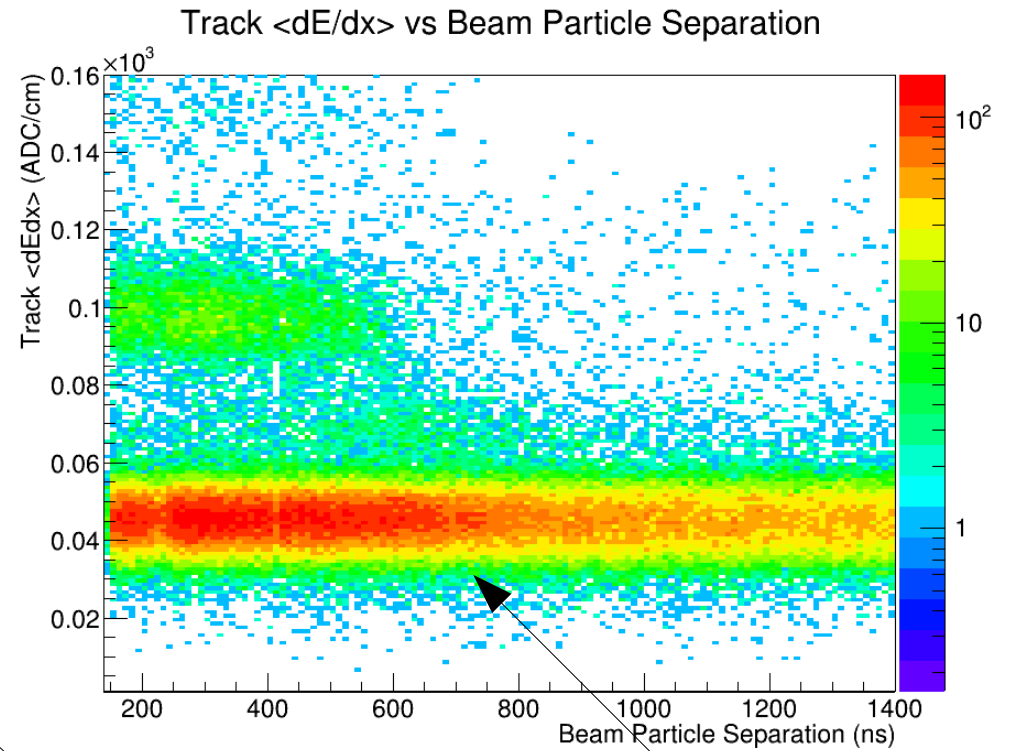
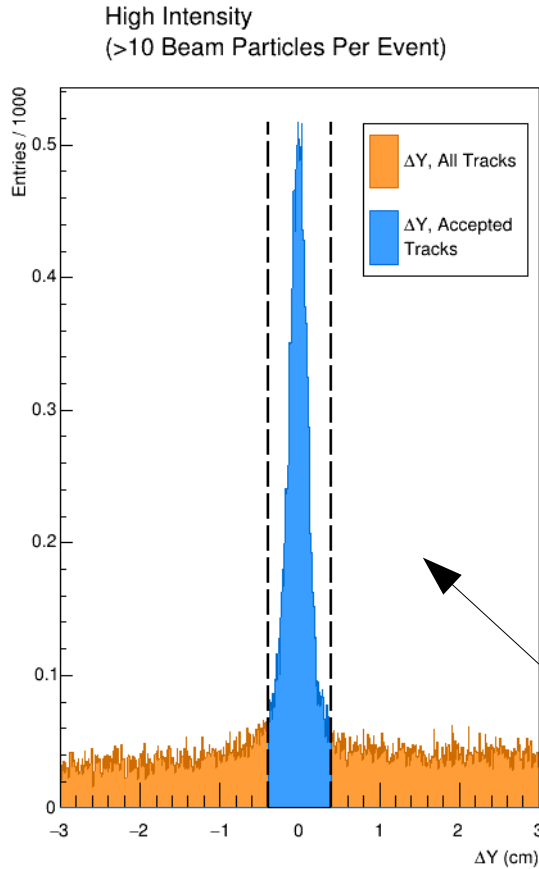
- TPC units and field cage setup (MWPC based integrated to NA61 existing system):



- Integrated field cage + gas vol. (18um thick copper strips etched on 75um thick polyimide foil)
- Exhaust gas washes out a gas buffer volume around chamber (50um thick Mylar foil)

- 43 tracking points (177cm tracking length)
- Tandem cut based out-of-time rejection works down to 600ns particle separation.
- (~ 50usec drift time over ~1 m)

Measurement at beam spot: 300kHz rate over 1 – 2 cm² area



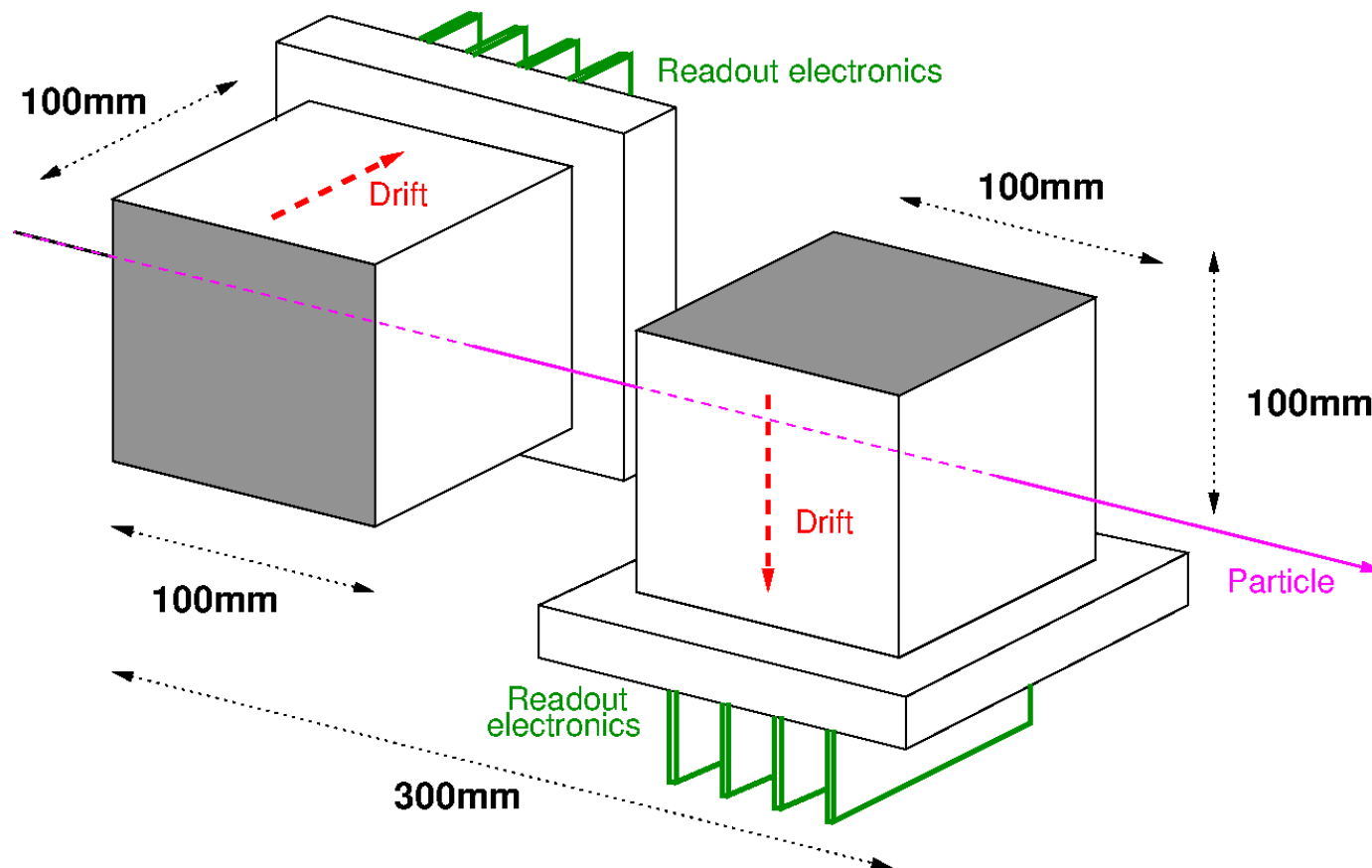
Separation in drift direction

Beam particles!

JINST 15 (2020) p07013.

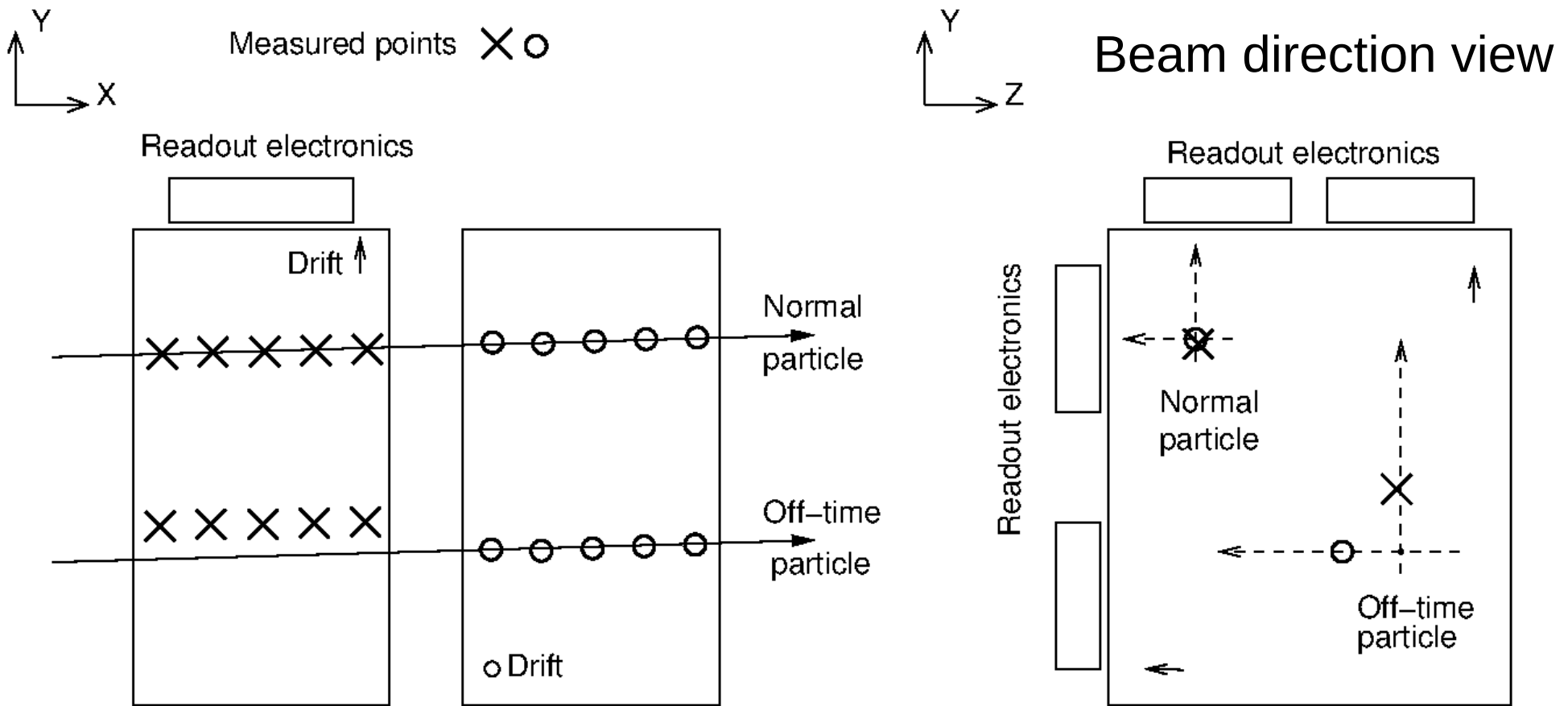
Perpendicular configuration: self-calibrating drift velocity

- Rotate two TPC-s by 90deg (not 180 as “Twin”)



Perpendicular configuration: self-calibrating drift velocity

- Rotate two TPC-s by 90deg (not 180 as “Twin”)



- Double GEM-based TPC works well from MIP to high ionization (limiting is the front end dynamic range)
- “Twin configuration”: nice possibility of background suppression from off-time, developed for Super-FRS (F. Garcia et al), also applied at NA61 (A. Laszlo et al)
- Perpendicular configuration: simplified drift velocity calibration, minimal external information needed
- Plan for an RD51 beam testing (if managable)

Backup: resistor chain



- Resistor chain: designed such that two input voltages used (U_{GEM} and U_{drift})
- Resistor values related to geometry, therefore field matching is automatic (no need for supply on field cage resistor chain bottom)

Backup: field cage and gas envelope

- Low-material-budget
direction : beam dir
perpendicular : solid-wall support
- Double wall : field cage + gas cage
flow from active vol
-> inbetween cages -> exhaust
low contamination even
with sigle gas line and low
flow

